March 17, 1998

Mr. Barney M.Chan Alameda County Health Care Services Agency Department of Environmental Health 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway Alameda, CA 94502



Subject:

Transmittal of Annual Groundwater Monitoring Report Seabreeze Yacht Center 280 Sixth Avenue Oakland

Dear Mr. Chan:

Enclosed please find Baseline Environmental Consulting's Annual Groundwater Monitoring Report for the former Seabreeze Yacht Center. This report documents the results of sampling monitoring wells MW-SB2 - MW-SB5 for total extractable petroleum hydrocarbons (TEPH) as diesel with silica gel cleanup. The results indicate that TEPH was not detected (<50 ug/l) in any of the five monitoring wells. In addition, the duplicate sample taken from (downgradient) well MW-SB3 confirms that TEPH was not detected.

We plan on resampling the monitoring wells in January 1999.

If you have any questions, please contact me at 272-1467.

Sincerely,

Diane Heinze, P.E.

Associate Environmental Scientist

encl: Baseline Annual Groundwater Monitoring Report dated February 25, 1998

cc w/encl: Derek Lee, RWQCB

cc w/out encl: Rhodora Del Rosario, Baseline Environmental

Jonathon Redding, Fitzgerald, Abbott & Beardsley

Michele Heffes Mark O'Brien Neil Werner

COPY

BASELINE

ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTING

25 February 1998 S9171-C1

Ms. Diane Heinze Port of Oakland Environmental Department 530 Water Street Oakland, California 94607

Subject: Annual Groundwater Monitoring Report, January 1998, Former Seabreeze Yacht Center, Inc. Site, 280 6th Avenue, Oakland, California

Dear Ms. Heinze:

This report documents the groundwater sampling activities performed on 26 and 28 January 1998 at the former Seabreeze Yacht Center, Inc. Site (Site), located at 280 6th Avenue, California (Figure 1). The groundwater monitoring was conducted in accordance with the 2 September 1997 letter from Alameda County Health Care Services Agency, Department of Environmental Health (County) to the Port. The County approved the Port's request to: 1) modify the groundwater monitoring network to include only monitoring wells MW-SB2, MW-SB3, MW-SB4, and MW-SB5; 2) perform groundwater monitoring on an annual basis; and 3) analyze collected groundwater samples for total extractable petroleum hydrocarbons (TEPH) as diesel, with a silica gel cleanup. The County required the Port to conduct groundwater monitoring during the first quarter of each year, for an unspecified period.

FIELD ACTIVITIES, JANUARY 1998

On 26 January 1998, the presence of free product was checked and water levels were measured in the monitoring network wells (MW-SB2, MW-SB3, MW-SB4 and MW-SB5) and monitoring well PW-2 using a dual-interface probe. Water levels were measured and recorded to the nearest one-hundredth of a foot. The dual-interface probe was decontaminated after each use by washing in a trisodium phosphate (TSP) solution and rinsing with deionized water. A sheen or free product was not observed in any of the wells.

On 26 January 1988, the monitoring network wells were purged of at least three well casing volumes. The wells were slowly purged using a peristaltic pump with new, disposable polyethylene tubing lowered inside the wells after water level measurements were obtained (the portion of tubing attached to the pump was of silicone; the remaining sections of the tubing were of polyethylene). Electrical conductivity, pH, and temperature parameters of the purge

BASELINE

Ms. Diane Heinze 25 February 1998 Page 2

water were monitored during purging. Stable parameter readings were obtained from wells MW-4 and MW-5; however, the electrical conductivity readings from the purge water from wells MW-2 and MW-3 did not stabilize after the removal of at least four and five well volumes, respectively. Additional well volumes could not be collected because the recharge rate was too slow to allow removal of additional well volumes. Dissolved oxygen readings of the groundwater from each well were collected after purging activities.

The water levels in all the monitoring wells did not recover to 80 percent of their original water levels on 26 January 1998. Therefore, groundwater samples were collected (28 January 1998) after sufficient water was available in all the wells. Groundwater samples were collected using new disposable polyethylene bailers. The groundwater samples were placed in sample bottles; the sample bottles were labeled and stored in a cooler containing blue ice.

The groundwater samples were submitted under chain-of-custody protocol to Curtis and Tompkins of Berkeley and were analyzed for TEPH as diesel (EPA Method 8015M). Prior to the TEPH analysis, the samples were subjected to a silica gel cleanup (EPA Method 3630). The groundwater sampling forms, documenting sampling activities, are included in Attachment A and the chain-of-custody form is included in Attachment B.

One drum, containing purge and decontamination water, was generated from the January 1998 sampling activities. The drum was labeled and stored on-site for future off-site disposal (conducted by the Port).

ANALYTICAL RESULTS

The analytical results are summarized in Table 1 and the laboratory report is presented in Attachment B. TEPH as diesel was not identified in any of the samples collected from the monitoring network wells above the laboratory reporting limit of 0.05 mg/L.

A quality control review of the laboratory report was conducted by BASELINE; the corresponding quality control checklist is provided in Attachment C. In summary, the samples were analyzed within an appropriate time frame, the field and laboratory quality control results were reported within laboratory specified recovery limits, and the analytical results for the duplicate groundwater sample (MW-SB3A) were consistent with the original sample results (MW-SB3). However, the method blank sample (laboratory sample) contained 0.067 mg/L of a hydrocarbon reported to be heavier than diesel. The laboratory indicated that the method blank sample result should not affect the data quality since the collected samples did not contain diesel above the laboratory reporting limit.

BASELINE

Ms. Diane Heinze 25 February 1998 Page 3

GROUNDWATER FLOW DIRECTION

Recently collected and historic groundwater elevation data are summarized in Table 2. The groundwater elevation data collected on 26 January1998 were used to develop groundwater elevation contours (Figure 2). The general groundwater flow direction is toward the east.

Should you have any questions, or need further information, please contact us at your convenience.

Sincerely,

Yane Nordhav

Principal

Reg. Geologist #4009

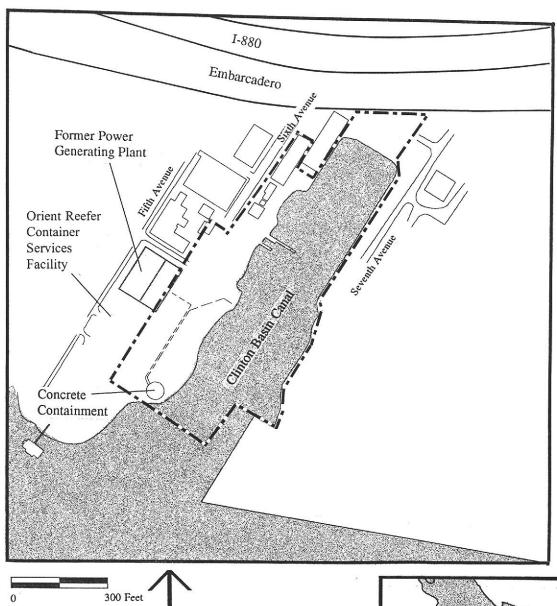
YN:RD:cr Attachments

S9171-C1.298.wpd

Rhodora Del Rosaneza

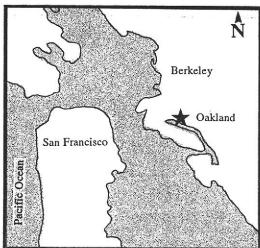
Rhodora Del Rosario

Civil Engineer





--- Seabreeze Yacht Center



Seabreeze Yacht Center Oakland, California

BASELINE

MONITORING WELL LOCATIONS AND GROUNDWATER CONTOUR, 26 JANUARY 1998

Figure 2

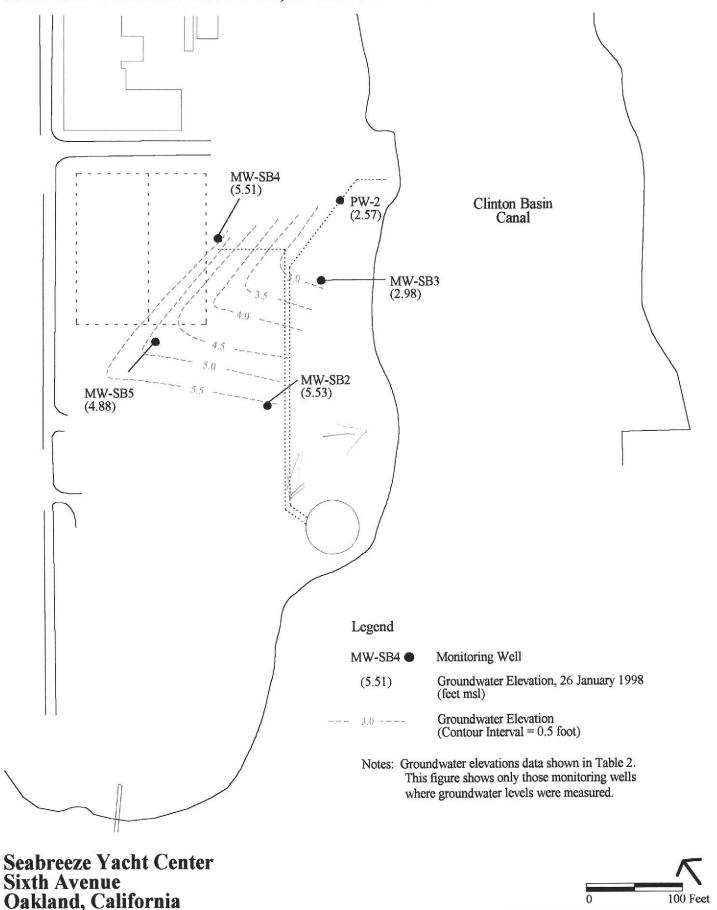


TABLE 1 ANALYTICAL RESULTS Seabreeze Yacht Center, Oakland, California (mg/L)

		Met	als ¹	Total Ex	tractable Hydro	carbons ²
Sample ID	Sample Date	Lead	Copper	Diesel	Bunker C	Motor Oil
PW-2	02/02/95 03/06/95 07/01/96 09/16/96 12/11/96 03/14/97 06/20/97 01/28/98	0.0043 <0.003 <0.003 ¹⁰ 0.0101 ¹⁰ 0.00401 ¹⁰ 	 <0.01 <0.005 ¹¹ <0.003 ¹¹ <0.003 ¹¹	 1.7 ^{3,4} <0.049 <0.05 0.11 ¹³ <0.05 <0.05	 4.4 ^{3,4} <0.3 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5	 1.1 ^{3,4} <0.25 <0.25 <0.25
MW-SB2	04/09/91 04/19/91 01/10/94 12/26/94 03/06/95 07/01/96 09/16/96 ⁹ 12/11/96 03/14/97 06/20/97 01/28/98	<0.06 ⁷ <0.07 <0.10 ⁷ <0.0048 ⁸ <0.003 <0.003 ¹⁰ 0.00855 ¹⁰ 0.00314 ¹⁰ 	<0.02 ⁸ 0.0481 <0.02 ⁸ 0.014 ⁸ 0.055 <0.005 ¹¹ 0.00354 ¹¹ <	 16.0 ^{3,4} <0.05 <0.05 0.16 ¹³ 0.061 0.15 <0.05 ¹⁵	 28.0 ^{3,4} <0.3 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5	4.9 ^{3,4} <0.25 <0.25 <0.25
MW-SB2A	03/06/95 07/01/96 09/16/96	<0.003 <0.003 ¹⁰	 0.065 <0.005 ¹¹	18.0 ^{3,4,5} 0.17 ⁶ 0.17	33.0 ^{3,4,5} <0.3 ⁴ <0.5 ⁴	<25.0 ^{3,4,5} <0.25
MW-SB3	03/06/95 07/01/96 09/16/96 12/11/96 03/14/97 06/20/97 01/28/98	 0.0036 <0.003 ¹⁰ <0.003 ¹⁰ <0.003 ¹⁰ 	<0.01 <0.005 ¹¹ <0.003 ¹¹ 0.00529 ¹¹	4.5 ^{3,4} <0.049 <0.05 ³ 0.19 ¹³ 0.085 ¹⁴ 0.15 <0.05 ¹⁵	5.8 ^{3,4} <0.3 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5	1.5 ^{3,4} 0.28 ³ <0.25 <0.25
MW-SB3A	06/20/97 01/28/98			0.11 < 0.05 ¹⁵		
MW-SB4	03/03/95 07/01/96 09/16/96 12/11/96 03/14/97 06/20/97 01/28/98	 0.014 <0.003 ¹⁰ 0.00465 ¹⁰ 0.00519 ¹⁰ 	 0.013 <0.005 ¹¹ 0.00674 ¹¹ <0.003 ¹¹ 	4.5 ³ <0.049 <0.05 0.12 ¹³ <0.05 0.11 <0.05 ¹⁵	3.0 ³ <0.3 <0.5 <0.5 <0.5	0.66 ³ <0.25 <0.25 <0.25

Table 1 continued

The state of the s		Metals ¹		Total Extractable Hydrocarbons ²		
Sample ID	Sample Date	Lead	Copper	Diesel	Bunker C	Motor Oil
MW-SB5	03/06/95			15.0 ^{3,4}	34.03,4	8.1 ^{3,4}
	07/01/96	0.0031	0.012	< 0.049	<0.3	
	09/16/96	< 0.00310	< 0.00511	0.143,12	<0.5	< 0.25
	12/11/96	0.0034410	< 0.00311	0.1613	<0.5	< 0.25
	03/14/97	< 0.00310	0.0031811	0.29	<0.5	< 0.25
	06/20/97			0.27		
	01/28/98		·	< 0.0515		
MW-SB5A	03/06/95			15.0 ^{3,4,5}	31.03,4,5	6.93,4,5
	12/11/96	< 0.00310	< 0.00311	0.081^{13}	<0.5	< 0.25
	03/14/97	< 0.00310	< 0.00311	0.22	<0.5	<0.25

Notes: <x.x

= analyte not identified above laboratory reporting limit of x.x.

X.X

= concentrations reported at or above laboratory reporting limit.

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= no analysis performed.

MW-SB2A = duplicate sample of MW-SB2.

MW-SB3A = duplicate sample of MW-SB3.

MW-SB5A = duplicate sample of MW-SB5.

Refer to Figure 2 for well locations.

Laboratory reports for the January 1998 sampling event are included in Attachment B.

- Analytical Method EPA 6010A, unless otherwise noted.
- Analytical Method California DOHS, LUFT Manual (EPA 8015M). Samples were subjected to silica gel cleanup (EPA Method 3630) prior to analysis, unless otherwise noted.
- ³ Sample chromatogram does not resemble hydrocarbon standard.
- ⁴ Samples were not subjected to silica gel cleanup prior to analysis.
- 5 Duplicate sample centrifuged prior to TEPH analyses.
- ⁶ Sample exhibited fuel pattern which did not resemble standard.
- Analyzed using EPA Method 7420.
- 8 Analyzed using EPA Method 7210.
- Sample also analyzed for mercury, arsenic, cadmium, chromium, iron, nickel, silver, and zinc. All metals were reported below the corresponding laboratory reporting limits except for iron, which was identified at 0.13 mg/L.
- Analyzed using EPA method 7421. Sample filtered by the laboratory prior to analysis.
- Analyzed using EPA Method 7211. Sample filtered by the laboratory prior to analysis.
- Laboratory indicated that miscellaneous peaks were present in the diesel range.
- The laboratory indicated that the analyte was also found in the corresponding method blank at a concentration of 0.063 mg/L as well as in the sample, verifying laboratory contamination. The sample chromatographic pattern matched that of the laboratory contaminant reported in the method blank. Therefore, the reported concentration is a false positive concentration.
- The laboratory indicated that the chromatographic pattern of the sample matches a known laboratory contaminant. Based on telephone correspondence with Mr. Ron Chu of PACE, the laboratory contaminant may be due to contamination of the silica gel used to clean up the sample prior to analysis.
- The corresponding method blank sample (laboratory sample) contained 0.067 mg/L of a hydrocarbon reported to be heavier than diesel. The laboratory indicated that the method blank sample result should not affect the data quality since the collected samples did not contain diesel above the laboratory reporting limit.

TABLE 2
GROUNDWATER ELEVATION DATA
Seabreeze Yacht Center, Oakland, California

Well	Date	Time	Surface Elevation (msl)	TOC Elevation (msl)	Depth to Groundwater (feet)	Groundwater Elevation (msl)
PW-2 ¹	02/15/95 ²		5.56	6.57	4.60	1.97
	03/03/95	9:10			3.90	2.67
	06/28/96	7:37			3.83	2.74
	09/16/96	8:54			4.19	2.38
	12/11/96	10:10			3.64	2.93
	03/12/97	9:00			4.08	2.49
	06/18/97	9:08			3.45	3.12
	01/26/98	10:43			4.0	2.57
MW-SB23	04/19/91	11:09	6.2	7.18	5.38	1.8
	07/09/91	11:04			3.7	3.48
	01/10/94	12:31			3.08	4.1
	01/26/94	13:40			1.63	5.5
	11/14/94	7:30			4.8	2.38
	11/14/94	11:05			4.76	2.42
	11/14/94	14:14			4.73	2.45
	11/28/94	9:00			2.85	4.33
	03/03/95	8:50			2.84	4.34
	06/28/96	7:40			3.76	3.42
	09/16/96	9:01			4.30	2.88
	12/11/96	11:15			2.00	5.18
	03/12/97	9:02			3.48	3.70
	06/18/97	9:10			3.94	3.24
	01/26/98	10:02			1.65	5.53
MW-SB3 ³	11/14/94	7:25	6.0	8.10	8.23	-0.13
1.1.1. 525	11/14/94	11:00			8.14	-0.04
	11/14/94	14:12			8.07	0.03
	11/28/94	8:53			6.32	1.78
	12/06/94	8:37			6.15	1.95
	03/03/95	8:40			6.78	1.32
	06/28/96	7:35			5.46	2.64
	09/16/96	8:55			5.78	2.32
	12/11/96	10:32			5.31	2.79
	03/12/97	9:05			6.03	2.07
	06/18/97	9:12			5.50	2.60
	01/26/98	9:20			5.12	2.98
MW-SB4 ⁴	11/28/94	9:02	6.6	6.39	1.05	5.34
141 AA -2014	03/03/95	8:35	0.0	0.57	0.90	5.49
	06/28/96	8:28			3.16	3.23
	09/16/96	8:52			2.85	3.54
	12/11/96	9:28			0.65	5.74
	03/12/97	9:28			2.53	3.86
	1	9:07			3.10	3.29
	06/18/97	Į.				
	01/26/98	10:30			0.88	5.51

Table 2 continued

Well	Date	Time	Surface Elevation (msl)	TOC Elevation (msl)	Depth to Groundwater (feet)	Groundwater Elevation (msl)
MW-SB5 ⁴	11/28/94	8:40	6.9	6.30	6.32	-0.02
	03/03/95	9:00			2.54	3.76
	06/28/96	8:45			2.43	3.87
	09/16/96	10:15			2.52	3.78
	12/11/96	14:12			3.09	3.21
	03/12/97	9:11			2.42	3.88
	06/18/97	8:56			2.32	3.98
	01/26/98	14:10			1.42	4.88

Notes: 11/14/94: High tide 9:21; Low tide 15:50.

11/28/94: High tide 7:46.

02/15/95: High tide 5:14 and 18:03; Low tide 23:34.

03/03/95: High tide 13:14; Low tide 7:03.

06/28/96: High tide 11:41 and 22:32; Low tide 4:35 and 16:09. 09/16/96: High tide 2:57 and 14:57; Low tide 8:23 and 21:07. 12/11/96: High tide 1:02 and 11:47; Low tide 5:35 and 18:30. 03/12/97: High tide 2:17 and 15:02; Low tide 8:23 and 20:29. 06/18/97: High tide 12:18 and 23:07; Low tide 5:15 and 16:49.

01/26/98: High tide 10:10; Low tide 4:00 and 16:57.

-- = No data.

msl = Feet above mean sea level.

TOC = Top of casing.

Refer to Figure 2 for well locations.

- Well survey conducted by Bates & Bailey 2/8/95.
- ² Groundwater elevation measured by SOMA; all other elevations measured by BASELINE.
- ³ Well survey conducted by Bates & Bailey 11/18/94.
- Well survey conducted by Bates & Bailey 11/28/94.

ATTACHMENT A GROUNDWATER SAMPLING FORMS

Project no.:	S9171-C1	Well no.:	MW-SB2	Date: 1/26/98
Project name:	Seabreeze Yacht Center	_ Depth of well from	TOC (feet): 11.0	
Location:	280 6th Avenue	Well diameter (inch): 2	
	Oakland, CA	Screened interval from	om TOC (feet): 3-11	
Recorded by:	WKS	TOC elevation (feet): <u>7.18</u>	
Weather:	Cloudy, showers	Water level from TO	OC (feet): 1.65	Time: 10:02
Precip in past		Product level from 7	ΓΟC (feet): None	Time: 10:02
5 days (inch):	0.75	Water level measure	ement: Dual in	nterface probe

VOLUME OF WATER TO BE REMOVED BEFORE SAMPLING:

[(11.0 ft) - (1.65 ft)] × (0.083 ft)² × 3.14 × 7.48 = Well depth Water level Well radius

1.5 gallons in one well volume4.5 gallons in 3 well volumes6.0 total gallons removed

CALIBRATION:

	Temp		
	<u>Time</u>	(° C)	pН
Calibration Standard:		, 	7.00/10.01
Before Purging:	9:20	13.0	7.00/10.01
After Purging:	14:45	14.8	7.20/10.15

EC (<u>umho/cm)</u> 10,000 8,000 8,000

FIELD MEASUREMENTS:

	Temp		EC	Cumulative Gallons	
<u>Time</u>	Temp <u>(° C)</u>	рH	(µmho/cm)	Removed	Appearance
Woods to sale as			MATERIAL SERVICES	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	
10:06	16.0	6.89	11,000	0.25	Clear with black particulate matter
10:10	13.6	6.87	3,250	1.5	Clear with black particulate matter
10:19	15.4	6.81	10,000	4.5	Clear with black particulate matter
10:22	15.9	6.84	10,000	5.5	Clear with black particulate matter
10:24	16.3	6.76	13,000	6.0	Clear with black particulate matter
10.25 W	ell Dumned D	27.7			

10:25 Well Pumped Dry

Note: Recharge rate too slow to allow 80% recharge in all wells on 1/26/98. Sample collected 1/28/98, after all wells had recharged to within 80%.

DO meter calibration:	9.80 mg/L @ 16°C	Time: 9:37
DO result (after purging w	ell, mg/L): 0.98	Time: 10:24
Water level after purging p	prior to sampling (feet): 1.67	Time: 13:00 (1/28/98)
Appearance of sample:	Clear	Time: 13:00 (1/28/98)
Duplicate/blank number:	None	Time:
Purge method:	Peristaltic pump	
Sampling equipment:	Disposable polyethylene bailer VOC attachment: None required	1
Sample containers:	One 1-liter amber glass	9
Sample analyses:	TEPH as diesel Laboratory: Curtis & Tom	pkins
Decontamination method:	TSP and water, DI water rinse Rinsate disposal: On-site drum (MW-SB2 to 5)

\$9171C1.gw198.xls (2/19/98)

Project no.:	S9171-C1	Well no.: MW-SB3	Date: 1/26/98
Project name:	Seabreeze Yacht Center	_ Depth of well from TOC (feet):	11.06
Location:	280 6th Avenue	Well diameter (inch):	2
	Oakland, CA	Screened interval from TOC (feet):	4.86-11.06
Recorded by:	WKS	TOC elevation (feet):	8.10
Weather:	Cloudy, showers	Water level from TOC (feet):	5.12 Time: 9:20
Precip in past		Product level from TOC (feet):	None Time: 9:20
5 days (inch):	0.75	Water level measurement:	Dual interface probe

VOLUME OF WATER TO BE REMOVED BEFORE SAMPLING:

[(11.06 ft) - (5.12 ft)] × (0.083 ft)² × 3.14 × 7.48 = $\frac{0.9}{2}$ Well depth Water level Well radius $\frac{2}{2}$

2.9 gallons in one well volume
2.9 gallons in 3 well volumes
5.0 total gallons removed

CALIBRATION:

		Temp		E
	Time	(° C)	pН	(umh
Calibration Standard:			7.00/10.01	/ 10,0
Before Purging:	9:20	13.0	7.00/10.01	8,0
After Purging:	14:45	14.8	7.20/10.15	\ 8,0

(<u>umho/cm)</u> 10,000 8,000 8,000

FIELD MEASUREMENTS:

Temp EC Gallons Time (°C) pH (umho/cm) Removed Appearance	<u>ice</u>
9;29 14.8 6.94 / 10,000 1.5 Clear with black partic	ulate matter
9:35 15.2 6.94 11,000 2.0 Clear with black partic	ulate matter
9:40 15.8 6.84 13,000 / 3.0 Clear with black partic	culate matter
9:45 17.0 6.79 19,000 4.0 Clear with black partic	culate matter
9:51 Well Pumped Dry 5.0 Clear with black parti	culate matter

Note: Recharge rate too slow to allow 80% recharge in all wells on 1/26/98. Sample collected 1/28/98, after all wells had recharged to within 80%.

DO meter calibration:	9.85 mg/L @ 16°C		Time: 9:37
DO result (after purging w	ell, mg/L): 1.0		Time: 9:45
Water level after purging	prior to sampling (feet): 6.35		Time: 12:40 (1/28/98)
Appearance of sample:	Clear		Time: 12:45 (1/28/98)
Duplicate/blank number:	MW-SB3A		Time: 10:20 (1/28/98)
Purge method:	Peristaltic pump		-
Sampling equipment:	Disposable polyethylene bailer	VOC attachment:	None required
Sample containers:	One 1-liter amber glass		*
Sample analyses:	TEPH as diesel	Laboratory:	Curtis & tompkins
Decontamination method:	TSP and water, DI water rinse	Rinsate disposal:	On-site drum (MW-SB2 to 5)

S9171C1.gw198.xls (2/20/98)

Project no.:	S9171-C1	Well no.: MW-SB4		Date: 1/26/98
Project name:	Seabreeze Yacht Center	Depth of well from TOC (feet):	14.75	
Location:	280 6th Avenue	Well diameter (inch):	2	
	Oakland, CA	Screened interval from TOC (feet)): 2.55-14.75	
Recorded by:	WKS	TOC elevation (feet):	6.39	
Weather:	Cloudy, showers	Water level from TOC (feet):	0.88	Time: 10:30
Precip in past		Product level from TOC (feet):	None	Time: 10:30
5 days (inch):	0.75	Water level measurement:	Dual interfac	e probe

VOLUME OF WATER TO BE REMOVED BEFORE SAMPLING:

[(14.75 ft) - (0.88 ft)] × (0.083 ft)² × 3.14 × 7.48 = $\frac{2.3}{6.9}$ Well depth Water level Well radius $\frac{6.9}{6.9}$

2.3 gallons in one well volume6.9 gallons in 3 well volumes7.5 total gallons removed

CALIBRATION:

		Temp		EC
	<u>Time</u>	(° C)	<u>pH</u>	/ (umho/cn
Calibration Standard:	1==		7.00/10.01	/ 10,000
Before Purging:	9:20	13.0	7.00/10.01	8,000/
After Purging:	14:45	14.8	7.20/10.15	8,000
5 5				

FIELD MEASUREMENTS:

				Cumulative	
	Temp		EC	Gallons	
<u>Time</u>	(° C)	<u>pH</u>	(µmho/cm)	Removed	<u>Appearance</u>
10:43	15.1	7.54	1,300	2.5	Clear
10:46	14.5	7.46	1,100	3.5	Clear
10:49	14.1	7.47	1,000	4.5	Clear
10:55	14.0	7.43	1,000	7.5	Clear

Note: Recharge rate too slow to allow 80% recharge in all wells on 1/26/98. Sample collected 1/28/98, after all wells had recharged to within 80%.

DO meter calibration:	9.85 mg/L @ 16°C				Time:
DO result (after purging w	ell, mg/L): 0.75				Time: 10:55
Water level after purging p	orior to sampling (feet):	0.88			Time: 9:45 (1/28/98)
Appearance of sample:	Clear				Time: 9:45 (1/28/98)
Duplicate/blank number:	None				Time:
Purge method:	Peristaltic pump				
Sampling equipment:	Disposable polyethylene bai	ler	VOC attachment:	None required	
Sample containers:	One 1-liter amber glass				
Sample analyses:	TEPH as diesel		Laboratory:	Curtis & Tomp	okins
Decontamination method:	TSP and water, DI water rin	se	Rinsate disposal:	On-site drum (M	fW-SB2 to 5)

\$9171C1.gw198.xls (2/20/98)

Project no.:		S9171-C1		Well no.:	MW-SB5		Date: 1/26/98
Project name:	F 2	Seabreeze Yach	t Center	Depth of we	ell from TOC (feet):	14.75	
Location:		280 6th Avenue		Well diame	ter (inch):	2	
_		Oakland, CA		Screened in	terval from TOC (fee	et): 2.55-14.75	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Recorded by:	5	WKS		TOC elevati	× 1000	6.30	15
Weather:		Cloudy, showers	3	65	from TOC (feet):	1.42	Time: 14:10
Precip in past		Cloudy, showers	3			***************************************	Time: 14:10
		0.55			el from TOC (feet):	None	
5 days (inch):_		0.75		Water level	measurement:	Dual interfac	ce probe
VOLUME OF	WATER TO	BE REMOVED I	BEFORE SAI	MPLING:			
]	[(14.75 :	ft) - (1.42 ft)]	× (0.083	$ft)^2 \times 3.14 \times$	7.48 =	2.2 gallons in on	ie well volume
	Well depth	Water level	Well radius	S	-	6.6 gallons in 3	well volumes
						7.0 total gallons	removed
CALIBRATIO	N:						E
				Temp		EC	
			<u>Time</u>	(° C)	<u>pH</u>	(µmho/cm)
	on Standard:				7.00/10.01	10,000	
	ore Purging: ter Purging:		9:20 14:45	13.0 14.8	7.00/10.01 7.20/10.15	8,000 8,000	ž.
FIELD MEASU	JREMENTS:						
					Cumulative		
-	Temp			EC	Gallons	2	
<u>Time</u>	(° C)	<u>pH</u>	(µmh	<u>io/cm)</u>	Removed	Appearance	
14:08	17.5	6.84	/ 23.	500	1.0	Light amber	color
14:13	16.0	6.81	I .	000	2.0	Light amber	
14:18	15.7	6.77	21,	500	3.0	Light amber	color
14:23	16.1	6.79	\ 22,	,000	4.0	Light amber	color
14:28	17.2	6.83		500	5.0	Clear	6 6
14:37	17.6	6.84		,000	7.0	Clear	
		oo slow to allow 8 rged to within 80°		e in all wells	on 1/26/98. Sample	collected 1/28/98	3, after all
DO meter calib	bration:	9.8 mg/L @ 16°	С				Time:
DO result (afte							Time: 14:37
		prior to sampling	(feet):	1.44			Time: 13:35 (1/28/98)
Appearance of		Light amber col	or				Time: 13:40 (1/28/98)
Duplicate/blan		None					Time:
Purge method:		Peristaltic pump					
Sampling equi	•	Disposable poly		ler	_VOC attachment:	None require	ed
Sample contain		One 1-liter ambe	er glass				
Sample analys		TEPH as diesel	DI .		Laboratory:	Curtis & Tor	
Decontaminati	ion method:	TSP and water,	DI water ring	se	Rinsate disposal:	On-site drum	(MW-SB2 to 5)

ATTACHMENT B LABORATORY REPORTS



Curtis & Tompkins, Ltd., Analytical Laboratories, Since 1878

2323 Fifth Street, Berkeley, CA 9471O, Phone (510) 486-0900

ANALYTICAL REPORT

Prepared for:

Baseline Environmental 5900 Hollis St. Ste. D Emeryville, CA 94608

Date: 12-FEB-98

Lab Job Number: 132181 Project ID: S9171-C1

Location: Seabreeze, Port of Oakland

Reviewed by: Damara Moore

Reviewed by:

This package may be reproduced only in its entirety.



Laboratory Number: 132181

Client: Baseline Environmental

Location: Seabreeze, Port of Oakland

Project #: **S9171-C1**

Case Narrative

This hardcopy data package contains sample results and batch QC for five water samples which were received from the above referenced project on January 29th, 1998. All samples were received cold and intact. All samples were treated with silica gel prior to analysis.

TEH by EPA 8015 modified: Contamination was present in the method blank extracted with batch 38903. However, as the samples analyzed with this batch had no detected diesel-range hydrocarbons present, the high bias should not affect the quality of the data. No other analytical problems were encountered.



TEH-Tot Ext Hydrocarbons

Client: Baseline Environmental

Project#: S9171-C1

Location: Seabreeze, Port of Oakland

Analysis Method: EPA 8015M

Prep Method:

EPA 3520

Sample # Client ID	Batch #	Sampled	Extracted	Analyzed	Moisture
132181-001 MW-SB2	38903	01/28/98	02/02/98	02/05/98	
132181-002 MW-SB3	38903	01/28/98	02/02/98	02/05/98	
132181-003 MW-SB3A	38903	01/28/98	02/02/98	02/05/98	
132181-004 MW-SB4	38903	01/28/98	02/02/98	02/05/98	

Matrix: Water

Analyte Diln Fac:	Units	132181-001 1	132181-002 1	132181-003 1	132181-004 1
Diesel C12-C22	ug/L	<50	<50	<50	<50
Surrogate					
Hexacosane	%REC	100	95	95	98



TEH-Tot Ext Hydrocarbons

Client: 1

Baseline Environmental

Project#: S9171-C1

Location: Seabreeze, Port of Oakland

Analysis Method: EPA 8015M

Prep Method:

EPA 3520

Sample #	Client ID	Batch #	Sampled	Extracted	Analyzed	Moisture
132181-005	MW-SB5	38903	01/28/98	02/02/98	02/05/98	

Matrix: Water

Analyte Diln Fac:	Units	132181-005 1	
Diesel C12-C22	ug/L	<50	
Surrogate			
Hexacosane	%REC	95	

RELEIVED

FEB 1 9 1998

Lab #: 132181

BATCH QC REPORT

Curtis & TompkinsfLtql.

BACELINE

TEH-Tot Ext Hydrocarbons

Client: Baseline Environmental

Analysis Method: EPA 8015M

Project#: S9171-C1

Prep Method:

EPA 3520

Location: Seabreeze, Port of Oakland

METHOD BLANK

Water Matrix:

Prep Date:

02/02/98

Batch#: 38903 Analysis Date:

02/06/98

Units: ug/L Diln Fac: 1

MB Lab ID: QC63538

Analyte	Result	
Diesel C12-C22	67 YH	
Surrogate	%Rec	Recovery Limits
Hexacosane	95	53-136

Y = Sample chromatogram does not resemble indicated standard.

H = Sample chromatogram is heavier than indicated standard.



BATCH QC REPORT



TEH-Tot Ext Hydrocarbons

Client: Baseline Environmental Analysis Method: EPA 8015M

Project#: S9171-C1

Prep Method:

Location: Seabreeze, Port of Oakland

EPA 3520

BLANK SPIKE/BLANK SPIKE DUPLICATE

Matrix: Water Prep Date:

02/02/98

Batch#: 38903

Analysis Date:

02/06/98

Units: ug/L Diln Fac: 1

BS Lab ID: QC63539

Analyte	Spike Added	BS	%Rec	# Limits
Diesel C12-C22	2475 1	833	71	58-110
Surrogate	%Rec	Limits		
Hexacosane	94	53-136		

BSD Lab ID: QC63540

Analyte	Spike Added	BSD	%Rec #	Limits	RPD #	Limit
Diesel C12-C22	2475	2272	89	58-110	22	25
Surrogate	%Rec	Limit	.s			
Hexacosane	104	53-13	6		et .	a

[#] Column to be used to flag recovery and RPD values with an asterisk

^{*} Values outside of QC limits

RPD: 1 out of 1 outside limits

Spike Recovery: 0 out of 2 outside limits

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

Turn-around Time Lab

ance Curtis & Tompkins BASELINE Contact Person Rhodora Del Rosario

BASELINE 5900 Hollis Street, Suite D Emeryville, CA 94608

(510) 420-8686						,												1
Project No. S9171 - C1	Project Nam Sea breeze			6 ⁷⁴ 2	ive	Analys	1 1										147 g	
Samplers: (Signature)	Milian				·	Wild Sile sel den	th BTX&	il case	 	Metals	pa			-				
Sample ID No. Station	Date	Time	Media	Depth	No. of Contain- ers	TEH	(IPH with BTX&E) Oil & G	Motor Oil	PNAs	Title 22 Metals	10tal Lead	<u> </u>					Remarks/ Composite	Detec- tion Limits
MW-SB3 MW-SB3A MW-SB3A MW-SB4 MW-SB5	1-28-98	13:00 12:45 12:50 13:10 13:40	Water		I lite Anh.	X X X X												
Relinquished by: (Signature) Date / Time Received by: (Signature)						(Signature)				Date / Time //29/98 11:00				Conditions of Samples Upon Arrival at Laboratory:				
Relinquished by: (Signature) Date Time -29-98 11:00 -29-98 11:00			ne	Received by: (Signature) Received by: (Signature)					Date / Time Date / Time				Remarks: Please Provide Chromologous Samples stoled over night in cooler publishing Blue tea Facker Send invoice directly to Port of Oakland; attn Diame					

ATTACHMENT C QUALITY CONTROL CHECKLIST

Quality Control Checklist for Review of Laboratory Report

Job No.: <u>S9171-C1</u>	Site: Seabreeze Site
Laboratory: Curtis and Tompkins	Laboratory Report No: 132181
Report Date: 12 February 1998	BASELINE Review By: RPD

		Yes	No	NA
	NERAL QUESTIONS scribe "no" responses below in "comments" section)			
1.	Are the units in the laboratory report appropriate and consistent throughout the report? (e.g., mg/L for liquids, μ g/kg vs. mg/kg)	Х		\bigotimes
2.	Are the detection limits appropriate based on the intended use of the data?	Х		\otimes
3a.	Are detection limits appropriate based on the analysis performed? (i.e., not elevated due to dilution effects)	Х		\bigotimes
3b.	If no, is an explanation provided? (If no, call the lab for an explanation).			X
4a.	Were the samples analyzed within the appropriate holding time? (generally 2 weeks for volatiles, and up to 6 months for metals)	х		\bigotimes
4b.	If no, was it flagged in the report?			X
5.	Was the lab report signed and dated as being reviewed by the laboratory director, QA manager, or other appropriate personnel?	х		\bigotimes
6.	Are the results consistent with previous analytical results from the site? (Contact the lab if results do not appear to be consistent with previous results and request review/reanalysis of data, as appropriate.)	х		
7a.	Do the chromatograms confirm quantitative laboratory results? (petroleum hydrocarbons)			х
7b.	Do the chromatograms confirm laboratory notes, if present? (e.g., sample exhibits lighter hydrocarbon than standard).			Х
QA	QC QUESTIONS			
Fiel	d/Laboratory Quality Control			
8.	Are field blanks reported as "ND"? (groundwater samples) A field blank is a sample of DI water which is prepared in the field using the same collection and handling procedures as the other samples collected, and used to demonstrate that the sampling procedure has not contaminated the sample.			Х
9.	Are trip blanks reported as "ND"? (groundwater samples/volatiles analyses) A trip blank is a sample of contaminant-free matrix placed in an appropriate container by the laboratory and transported with field samples collected. Provides information regarding positive interferences introduced during sample transport, storage, preservation, and analysis. The sample is NOT opened in the field.			Х
10.	Are duplicate samples results consistent with the original sample? (groundwater samples) Field duplicates consist of two independent samples collected at the same sampling location during a single sampling event. Used to evaluate precision of analytical data and sampling technique. (Differences between the duplicate and sample results may also be attributed to environmental variability.)	x		

	Yes	No	NA				
Batch Quality Control (Samples are batched together by matrix [soil or water] and analyses requested. A batch generally contains 20 or fewer samples of the same matrix type, and is prepared using the same reagents, standards, procedures, and time frame. QC samples are run with each batch to assess performance of the entire measurement process.							
11a. Are all sample QA/QC limits within laboratory control limits?	X		X				
11b. If exceedances of lab QC goals were identified, were they flagged in the report?			Х				
11c. If exceedances of lab QC goals were identified, were any corrective actions made by the laboratory? (Call lab to verify)			X				
12. Are method blanks for the analytical method(s) below laboratory reporting limits? A method blank is run for each analytical batch. Used to assess laboratory contamination and prevent false positive results. Method blanks should be "ND." However, common laboratory contaminants include acetone, methylene chloride, diethylhexyl phthalate, and di-n-octyl phthalate.		X see below	$\overset{\times}{\otimes}$				
13. Are laboratory control samples (LCS) and LCS duplicate (LCSD) within laboratory limits? Limits should be provided on the report. LCS is a reagent blank spiked with a representative selection of target analyte(s) and prepared in same manner as samples analyzed. The LCS should be spiked with the same analytes at the same concentrations as the matrix spike (below). The LCS is free of interferences from the sample matrix and demonstrates the ability of the laboratory instruments to recover the target analytes, especially if the MS/MSD fails QC goals. Accuracy (recovery information) is generally reported as % spike recovery; precision (reproducibility of results) between LCS and LCSD is generally reported as relative percent difference (RPD). LCS/LCSD can be run in addition to, or in lieu of, matrix QC data (if insufficient sample material is available) - BS/BSD samples.	/ X						
14. Are the Matrix QC data (e.g., MS/MSD) within laboratory limits? Limits should be provided on laboratory report. The lab selects a sample and analyses a spike and spike duplicate of that sample. Alternatively, the lab can analyze a duplicate, and spike of a sample, if the sample is expected to contain target analytes. Matrix QC data is used to obtain precision and accuracy information; this information is reported in the same manner as LCS/LCSD.		NOT ANA- LYZED	$\overset{\otimes}{\otimes}$				
Sample Quality Control							
15. Are the surrogate spikes reported within the laboratory's acceptable recovery limits? A surrogate is a non-target analyte, which is similar in chemical structure as the analyte(s) being analyzed for. The surrogate is not commonly found in environmental samples. A known concentration of the surrogate is spiked into the sample or QA "sample" prior to extraction or sample preparation. Results are usually reported as % recovery of the spike. Used to evaluate the lab's accuracy of individual samples for volatiles including EPA Methods 8240, 8260, 8270, 8220, 8080, 8010, and 8015M. Failure to meet lab's acceptance limits results in rebatching and reanalysis of the sample. Repeated failure indicates that the sample result may be biased or is not amenable to analysis by the method used.	x f						

Comments:

The method blank contained concentrations above the laboratory reporting limit. However, the laboratory indicated that the high bias due to the method blank results should not affect the data quality since the samples did NOT contain diesel-range hydrocarbons above the laboratory reporting limit.