







MATTHEW ROORIQUEZ SECRETARY FOR ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

State Water Resources Control Board

JAN 1 4 2014

Pacific Coast Bldg. Products, Inc. Attn: Normita Callison 10600 White Rock Road Rancho Cordova, CA 95670 Alameda County

JAN 2 1 2014

Environmental Health

www.waterboards.ca.gov

UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK (UST) CASE, REMEDIAL ACTION COMPLETION CERTIFICATION: CASE RO0000514/CLAIM NO. 2343 PACIFIC SUPPLY, 1735 24TH STREET, OAKLAND, CA 94604

Dear Normita Callison:

This letter confirms the completion of site investigation and corrective action for the underground storage tank(s) located at the above-described location. Thank you for your cooperation throughout this investigation. Your willingness and promptness in responding to our inquiries concerning the underground storage tank(s) are greatly appreciated.

Based on information in the above-referenced file and with the provision that the information provided to this Agency was accurate and representative of site conditions, this Agency finds that the site investigation and corrective action carried out at your underground storage tank(s) site is in compliance with the requirements of subdivisions (a) and (b) of Section 25296.10 of the Health and Safety Code and with corrective action regulations adopted pursuant to Section 25299.3 of the Health and Safety Code and that no further action related to the petroleum release(s) at the site is required. This notice is issued pursuant to subdivision (h) of Section 25296.10 of the Health and Safety Code.

Claims for reimbursement of corrective action costs submitted to the Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Fund more than 365 days after the date of this letter of issuance or activation of the Fund's Letter of Commitment, whichever occurs later, will not be reimbursed unless one of the following exceptions applies:

 Claims are submitted pursuant to Section 25299.57, subdivision (k) (reopened UST case); or,

FELICIA MARCUS, CHAIR | THOMAS HOWARD, EXECUTIVE OFFICER

1001 | Street, Sacramento, CA 95814 | Mailing Address: P.O. Box 100, Sacramento, Ca 95812-0100 |

• Submission within the timeframe was beyond the claimant's reasonable control, ongoing work is required for closure that will result in the submission of claims beyond that time period, or that under the circumstances of the case, it would be unreasonable or inequitable to impose the 365-day time period.

Please contact Robert Trommer at (916) 341-5684 if you have any questions regarding this matter.

Sincerely,

James Maughan, Acting Deputy Director —Division of Financial Assistance

Attachment: Case Closure Summary

cc: Mr. Cherie McCaulou San Francisco Bay Regional Water Quality Control Board 1515 Clay Street, Suite 1400 Oakland, CA 94612

> Ms. Mary Rose Cassa San Francisco Bay Regional Water Quality Control Board 1515 Clay Street, Suite 1400 Oakland, CA 94612

Ms. Donna L. Drogos Alameda County Environmental Health 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway, 2nd Floor Alameda, CA 94502-6577

Mr. Keith Nowell Alameda County Environmental Health 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway, 2nd Floor Alameda, CA 94502-6577

Brunsing Associates, Inc. Ms. Sarah Lockwood 5468 Skyline Blvd., Suite 201 Santa Rosa, CA 95403





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State Water Resources Control Board

UST CASE CLOSURE REVIEW SUMMARY REPORT

Agency Information

Agency Name: Alameda County	Address: 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway,
Environmental Health (Count	y) Alameda, CA 94502-6577
Agency Caseworker: Keith Nowell	Case No.: RO0000514

Case Information

USTCF Claim No: 2343	Global ID: T0600101039
Site Name: Pacific Supply	Site Address: 1735 24 th Street,
	Oakland, CA 94604
Responsible Party (RP): PCBP Properties, Inc.	Address: 1735 24 th Street,
	Oakland, CA 94604
USTCF Expenditures to Date: \$554,536	Number of Years Case Open: 24

URL: http://geotracker.waterboards.ca.gov/profile_report.asp?global_id=T0600101039

Summarv

The Low-Threat Underground Storage Tank (UST) Case Closure Policy (Policy) contains general and media-specific criteria, and cases that meet those criteria are appropriate for closure pursuant to the Policy. This case meets all of the required criteria of the Policy. A summary evaluation of compliance with the Policy is shown in Attachment 1: Compliance with State Water Board Policies and State Law. The Conceptual Site Model upon which the evaluation of the case has been made is described in Attachment 2: Summary of Basic Case Information (Conceptual Site Model). Highlights of the case follow:

An unauthorized leak was reported in January 1988 following the removal of one UST. Soil vapor extraction was conducted between December 1993 and June 1996, which removed 6,550 pounds of total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline (TPHg). Approximately 151,089 gallons of contaminated groundwater were removed from the subsurface. According to groundwater data, water quality objectives have been achieved or have nearly been achieved for all constituents except for benzene.

The petroleum release is limited to the shallow soil and groundwater. No public supply wells regulated by the California Department of Public Health or surface water bodies are located within 1,000 feet of projected plume boundary. No other water supply wells were identified within 1,000 feet of the projected plume boundary in files reviewed. Water is provided to water users near the Site by the East Bay Municipal Utilities Department. The affected groundwater is not currently being used as a source of drinking water and it is highly unlikely that the affected groundwater will be used as a source of drinking water or in the foreseeable future. Other designated beneficial uses of impacted groundwater are not threatened and it is highly unlikely that they will be considering these factors in the context of the site setting. Remaining petroleum hydrocarbon constituents are limited, stable and concentrations declining.

CHARLES R. HOPPIN, CHAIRMAN | THOMAS HOWARD, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Corrective actions have been implemented and additional corrective actions are not necessary. Any remaining petroleum hydrocarbon constituents do not pose significant risk to human health, safety or the environment.

Rationale for Closure under the Policy

- General Criteria: The case meets all eight Policy general criteria.
- Groundwater: The case meets Policy Criterion 1 by Class 2. The contaminant plume that exceeds water quality objectives is less than 250 feet in length. There is no free product. The nearest water supply well or surface water body is greater than 1,000 feet from the defined plume boundary. The dissolved concentration of benzene is less than 3,000 µg/L and the dissolved concentration of methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE) is less than 1,000 µg/L. The strong downward trend in downgradient well MW-2 suggest this plume is degrading.
- Vapor Intrusion to Indoor Air: The case meets Policy Criterion 2a by Scenario 3a. The maximum benzene groundwater concentration is less than 100 µg/L. The minimum depth to groundwater is greater than 5 feet, which is overlain by soil containing less than 100 mg/kg of TPHg. There are no structures above either the groundwater plume or residual soil contamination.
- Direct Contact and Outdoor Air Exposure: The case meets Policy Criterion 3b. A professional assessment of site-specific risk from exposure shows exposure shows that maximum concentrations of petroleum constituents in soil will have no significant risk of adversely affecting human health. The Site is paved preventing direct exposure. Confirmation soil samples collected in 2004 between 6.5 and 8 feet below ground surface (bgs) were below Policy Table 1 commercial/industrial thresholds. Soil vapor extraction was conducted for 2.5 years and was discontinued when extraction rates dropped precipitously, evidence all significant shallow residual hydrocarbons have been removed.

Objections to Closure and Responses

The County objects to UST case closure because:

- The extent of contamination has not been adequately defined.
- RESPONSE: Further investigation is unlikely to alter the current conceptual site model.
- Indoor vapor migration threat must be assessed.
 - <u>RESPONSE</u>: The case meets Policy Criterion 2a by Scenario 3a. The maximum benzene groundwater concentration is less than 100 µg/L. The minimum depth to groundwater is greater than 5 feet. No site structures exist where vapors could concentrate or threaten public health.
- Active remediation is necessary to control plume migration.
- <u>RESPONSE</u>: No active remediation has been required by Alameda County since 1996. Groundwater trends suggest water quality objectives will be achieved without further remediation. This case meets the Policy, including the requirement that the plume must be stable or decreasing in areal extent. The Policy does not require that requisite level of water quality be met at the time of case closure; it specifies compliance with cleanup goals and objectives within a reasonable time frame.

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Pacific Supply 1735 24th Street, Oakland Claim No. 2343

Recommendation for Closure

Based on available information, residual petroleum hydrocarbons at the Site do not pose a significant risk to human health, safety, or the environment, and the case meets the requirements of the Policy. Accordingly, the Fund Manager recommends that the case be closed. The State Water Board is conducting public notification as required by the Policy. Alameda County has the regulatory responsibility to supervise the abandonment of monitoring wells.

Usa Babcock Lisa Babcock, P.G. 3939, C.E.G. 1235

PREPARED BY: Kirk Larson, P.G.

ATTACHMENT 1: COMPLIANCE WITH STATE WATER BOARD POLICIES AND STATE LAW

The case complies with the State Water Resources Control Board policies and state law. Section 25296.10 of the Health and Safety Code requires that sites be cleaned up to protect human health, safety, and the environment. Based on available information, any residual petroleum constituents at the site do not pose significant risk to human health, safety, or the environment.

The case complies with the requirements of the Low-Threat Underground Storage Tank (UST) Case Closure Policy as described below.¹

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Is corrective action consistent with Chapter 6.7 of the Health and Safety Code and implementing regulations? The corrective action provisions contained in Chapter 6.7 of the Health and Safety Code and the implementing regulations govern the entire corrective action process at leaking UST sites. If it is determined, at any stage in the corrective action process, that UST site closure is appropriate, further compliance with corrective action requirements is not necessary. Corrective action at this site has been consistent with Chapter 6.7 of the Health and Safety Code and implementing regulations and, since this case meets applicable case-closure requirements, further corrective action is not necessary, unless the activity is necessary for case closure.	⊠ Yes □ No
Have waste discharge requirements or any other orders issued pursuant to Division 7 of the Water Code been issued at this case?	🗆 Yes 🗷 No
If so, was the corrective action performed consistent with any order?	□ Yes □ No ⊠ NA
<u>General Criteria</u> General criteria that must be satisfied by all candidate sites:	
Is the unauthorized release located within the service area of a public water system?	🗷 Yes 🗆 No
Does the unauthorized release consist only of petroleum?	⊠ Yes □ No
Has the unauthorized ("primary") release from the UST system been stopped?	🗵 Yes 🗆 No
Has free product been removed to the maximum extent practicable?	⊠ Yes □ No □ NA
Has a conceptual site model that assesses the nature, extent, and mobility of the release been developed?	⊠ Yes □ No

¹ Refer to the Low-Threat Underground Storage Tank Case Closure Policy for closure criteria for low-threat petroleum UST sites.

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Has secondary source been removed to the extent practicable?	⊠ Yes ⊡ No
Has soil or groundwater been tested for MTBE and results reported in accordance with Health and Safety Code Section 25296.15?	⊠ Yes □ No
Nuisance as defined by Water Code section 13050 does not exist at the site?	⊠ Yes □ No
Are there unique site attributes or site-specific conditions that demonstrably increase the risk associated with residual petroleum constituents?	□ Yes ⊠ No
Media-Specific Criteria	······································
Candidate sites must satisfy all three of these media-specific criteria:	
1. Groundwater:	
To satisfy the media-specific criteria for groundwater, the contaminant plume that	
exceeds water quality objectives must be stable or decreasing in areal extent,	
and meet all of the additional characteristics of one of the five classes of sites:	
	•
Is the contaminant plume that exceeds water quality objectives stable or decreasing in areal extent?	⊠ Yes ⊡ No ⊡ NA
or decreasing in arear extent?	
Does the contaminant plume that exceeds water quality objectives meet	I Yes □ No □ NA
all of the additional characteristics of one of the five classes of sites?	
If YES, check applicable class: □ 1 ⊠ 2 □ 3 □ 4 □ 5	· · ·
For sites with releases that have not affected groundwater, do mobile	🗆 Yes 🗆 No 🗷 NA
constituents (leachate, vapors, or light non-aqueous phase liquids)	
contain sufficient mobile constituents to cause groundwater to exceed	
the groundwater criteria? 2. Petroleum Vapor Intrusion to Indoor Air:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
The case is considered low-threat for vapor intrusion to indoor air if site-specific	
conditions satisfy all of the characteristics of one of the three classes of sites (a	
through c) or if the exception for active commercial fueling facilities applies.	
Is the site an active commercial petroleum fueling facility?	🗆 Yes 🗷 No
Exception: Satisfaction of the media-specific criteria for petroleum vapor intrusion to indoor air is not required at active commercial petroleum fueling facilities,	
except in cases where release characteristics can be reasonably believed to	
pose an unacceptable health risk.	
a Do sito sposifio conditions at the values of the state	
 a. Do site-specific conditions at the release site satisfy all of the applicable characteristics and criteria of scenarios 1 through 3 or all 	⊠Yes ⊡ No ⊡ NA
of the applicable characteristics and criteria of scenario 4?	
If YES, check applicable scenarios: $\Box 1 \Box 2 \boxtimes 3 \Box 4$	

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,	b.	Has a site-specific risk assessment for the vapor intrusion pathway been conducted and demonstrates that human health is protected to the satisfaction of the regulatory agency?	□Yes □No ⊠NA
	c.	As a result of controlling exposure through the use of mitigation measures or through the use of institutional or engineering controls, has the regulatory agency determined that petroleum vapors migrating from soil or groundwater will have no significant risk of adversely affecting human health?	⊡ Yes ⊡ No ⊠ NA
-	Th	Direct Contact and Outdoor Air Exposure: e case is considered low-threat for direct contact and outdoor air exposure ite-specific conditions satisfy one of the three classes of sites (a through	
	a.	Are maximum concentrations of petroleum constituents in soil less than or equal to those listed in Table 1 for the specified depth below ground surface (bgs)?	□ Yes □ No ⊠ NA
	b.	Are maximum concentrations of petroleum constituents in soil less than levels that a site specific risk assessment demonstrates will have no significant risk of adversely affecting human health?	⊠ Yes □ No □ NA
	C.	As a result of controlling exposure through the use of mitigation measures or through the use of institutional or engineering controls, has the regulatory agency determined that the concentrations of petroleum constituents in soil will have no significant risk of adversely affecting human health?	□ Yes □ No ⊠ NA

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ATTACHMENT 2: SUMMARY OF BASIC CASE INFORMATION (Conceptual Site Model)

Site Location/History

- This Site is located at 1735 24th Street in Oakland and is a paved parking lot.
- The Site is bound by 24th Street to the northeast, a warehouse to the northwest and southwest and Willow Street to the southeast.
- A Site map showing the location of the former USTs, monitoring wells, and site features is
 provided at the end of this closure review summary.
- Nature of Contaminants of Concern: Petroleum hydrocarbons only.
- Source: UST system.
- Date reported: January 1988.
- Status of Release: UST removed.
- Free Product: None reported.

Tank Information

-	Tank No.	Size in Gallons	Contents	Closed in Place/ Removed/Active	Date
	1	1,000	Gasoline	Removed	May 87

Receptors

- GW Basin: Santa Clara Valley East Bay Plain,
- Beneficial Uses: Municipal and Domestic Supply.
- Land Use Designation: Aerial photograph available on GeoTracker suggests commercial land use in the vicinity of the Site.
- Public Water System: East Bay Municipal Utilities District.
- Distance to Nearest Supply Well: According to data available in GeoTracker, there are no
 public supply wells regulated by California Department of Public Health or other supply
 wells within 1,000 feet of the projected plume boundary. No other water supply wells were
 identified within 1,000 feet of the projected plume boundary in files reviewed.
- Distance to Nearest Surface Water: There is no identified surface water within 1,000 feet of the projected plume boundary.

Geology/Hydrogeology

- Stratigraphy: The Site is underlain by interbedded and intermixed gravel, sand, silt and clay.
- Maximum Sample Depth: 10 feet bgs.
- Minimum Groundwater Depth: 5.83 feet bgs at monitoring well VRW-2.
- Maximum Groundwater Depth: 8.01 feet bgs at monitoring well VRW-9.
- Current Average Depth to Groundwater: Approximately 8 feet bgs.
- Saturated Zones(s) Studied: Approximately 6 20 feet bgs.
- Groundwater Flow Direction: North northwest with an average gradient of 0.004 feet/foot (January 2012).

Ionitoring Well Inform	ation	and the second	
Well Designation	Date Installed	Screen Interval (feet bgs)	Depth to Water (feet bgs) (07/16/12)
MW-1	Oct 88	10-20	7.52
MW-2	Oct 88	10-20	7.05
MW-3	Oct 88	10-20	7.71
VRW-1	Aug 93	4-19	7.40
VRW-2	Aug 93	4-19	7.00
VRW-3	Aug 93	4-19	7.60
VRW-4	Aug 93	4-19	7.17
VRW-5	Aug 93	4-19	
VRW-6	Aug 93	4-19	7.35
VRW-7	Aug 93	4-19	7.57
VRW-8	Aug 93	4-19	7.56
VRW-9	Aug 93	4-19	· · · ·

Remediation Summary

- Free Product: Free product has not been documented in GeoTracker. •
- Soil Excavation: Unknown.
- In-Situ Soil/Groundwater Remediation: Soil vapor extraction was conducted between December 1993 and June 1996, which removed 6,550 pounds of TPHg. Approximately 151,089 gallons of contaminated groundwater were removed.

oncentrations of Petroleum Constituents in Soil Mo

Constituent	Maximum 0-5 feet bgs* [mg/kg and (Date)]	Maximum 5-10 feet bgs [mg/kg and (Date)]
Benzene	NA	<2.5 (07/21/04)
Ethylbenzene	NA	25 (07/21/04)
Naphthalene	NA	NA
PAHs	NA	NA NA

NA: Not Analyzed, Not Applicable or Data Not Available

mg/kg: milligrams per kilogram, parts per million

<: Not detected at or above stated reporting limit

PAHs: Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons

*Post remediation samples not collected

Sample	Sample Date	TPHg (µg/L)	Benzene (µg/L)	Toluene (µg/L)	Ethyl- Benzene (µg/L)	Xylenes (μg/L)	MTBE (µg/L)	TBA (µg/L)
MW-1	07/29/12	<50	<0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	<1	<10
MW-2	07/29/12	2,100	2.98	2.01	<0.5	3.7	1.36	<10
MW-3	07/29/12	320	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	4	1.24	130
VRW-1	07/29/12	330	0.9	<0.5	< 0.5	0.76	<1	<10
VRW-2	07/29/12	670	3.36	< 0.5	<0.5	1.26	2.44	<10
VRW-3	07/29/12	180	<0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	<0,5	<1	<10
VRW-4	07/29/12	980	68.1	3.66	3.14	11.1	<1	<10
VRW-6	07/29/12	360	1.02	<0.5	<0.5	0.78	<1	796
VRW-7	07/29/12	300	1.53	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<1	113
VRW-8	07/29/12	2,400	19.1	4.32	< 0.5	7.15	<1	98
VRW-9	07/29/12	780	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	1.41	<1	.73
WQOs	M mi	50 ^a	1	150	300	1,750	5	1,200 ^a

Most Recent Concentrations of Petroleum Constituents in Groundwater

NA: Not Analyzed, Not Applicable or Data Not Available µg/L: micrograms per liter, parts per billion

<: Not detected at or above stated reporting limit

TPHg: Total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline

MTBE: Methyl tert-butyl ether

TBA: Tert-butyl alcohol

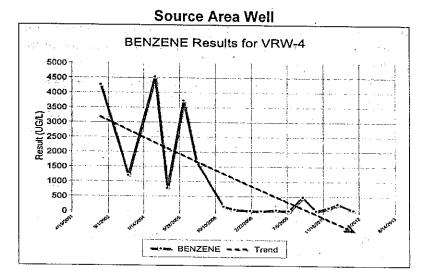
WQOs: Water Quality Objectives, Region 2 Basin Plan

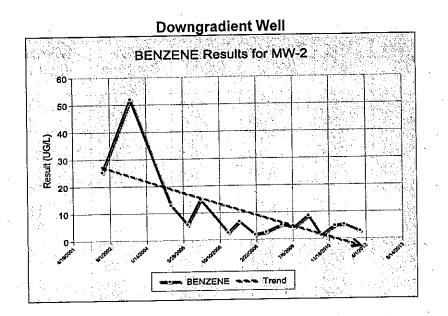
--: Region 2 Basin Plan has no numeric WQO for TPHg

*: California Department of Public Health, Response Level

Groundwater Trends:

• The Site has been monitored since 1988. Benzene trends are shown below: Source Area (VRW-4) and Downgradient (MW-2).

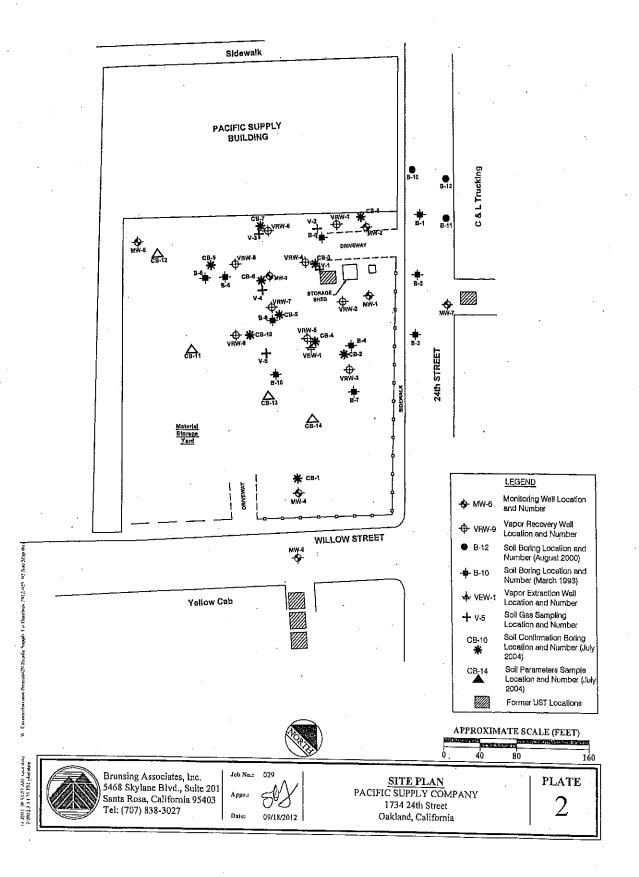




Evaluation of Current Risk

- Estimate of Hydrocarbon Mass in Soil: None reported.
- Soil/ Groundwater tested for methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE): Yes, see table above.
- Oxygen Concentrations in Soil Vapor: None reported.
- Plume Length: <250 feet, projected plume boundary.
- Plume Stable or Degrading: Yes.
- Contaminated Zone(s) Used for Drinking Water: No.
- Groundwater Risk from Residual Petroleum Hydrocarbons: The case meets the Policy Criterion 1 by Class 2. The contaminant plume that exceeds water quality objectives is less than 250 feet in length. There is no free product. The nearest water supply well or surface water body is greater than 1,000 feet from the projected plume boundary. The dissolved concentration of benzene is less than 3,000 µg/L and the dissolved concentration of MTBE is less than 1,000 µg/L. The strong downward trend in downgradient well MW-2 suggest this plume is degrading.
- Indoor Vapor Risk from Residual Petroleum Hydrocarbons: The case meets Policy Criterion 2a by Scenario 3a. The maximum benzene groundwater concentration is less than 100 µg/L. The minimum depth to groundwater is greater than 5 feet, which is overlain by soil containing less than 100 mg/kg of TPHg. No structures above either the groundwater plume or residual soil contamination.
- Direct Contact Risk from Residual Petroleum Hydrocarbons: The case meets Policy Criterion 3b. A professional assessment of site-specific risk from exposure shows exposure shows that maximum concentrations of petroleum constituents in soil will have no significant risk of adversely affecting human health. The Site is paved preventing direct exposure. Confirmation soil samples collected in 2004 between 6.5 and 8 feet bgs were below Table 1 thresholds. Soil vapor extraction was conducted for 2.5 years and was discontinued when extraction rates dropped precipitously, evidence that all significant shallow residual hydrocarbons have been removed.

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