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Alameda County Environmental Health Stacie H. Frerichs Team Lead Marketing Business Unit

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December 3, 2010

Alameda County Environmental Health 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway, Suite 250 Alameda, CA 94502-6577

Re: Chevron Facility #_9-4930____

Address: 3369 Castro Valley Boulevard, Castro Valley, California_

I have reviewed the attached report titled <u>Soil Vapor Quality Evaluation and Request for Case</u>

Closure and dated December 3 2010.

I agree with the conclusions and recommendations presented in the referenced report. The information in this report is accurate to the best of my knowledge and all local Agency/Regional Board guidelines have been followed. This report was prepared by Conestoga-Rovers & Associates, upon whose assistance and advice I have relied.

This letter is submitted pursuant to the requirements of California Water Code Section 13267(b)(1) and the regulating implementation entitled Appendix A pertaining thereto.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Sincerely,

Stacie H. Frerichs Project Manager

5H Frencho

Enclosure: Report



10969 Trade Center Drive Rancho Cordova, California 95670

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www.CRAworld.com

December 3, 2010

Reference No. 611967

Mr. Mark Detterman, P.G., C.E.G. Alameda County Environmental Health 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway, Suite 250 Alameda, California 94502-6577

Re: Soil Vapor Quality Evaluation and Request for Case Closure

Former Chevron Service Station 9-4930

3369 Castro Valley Boulevard Castro Valley, California LOP Case No. RO0000416

Dear Mr. Detterman:

Conestoga-Rovers & Associates (CRA) has prepared this *Soil Vapor Quality Evaluation and Request for Case Closure* on behalf of Chevron Environmental Management Company (Chevron) presenting the results of the recent investigation at the site referenced above. In a letter dated January 26, 2009 (Attachment A), Alameda County Environmental Health (ACEH) requested an evaluation of potential vapor intrusion concerns at the site, as well as further evaluation of the vertical extent of impacted soil in the area of previous over-excavation confirmation soil sample OX-25-10' (collected in 1993), prior to consideration for case closure. To evaluate shallow soil vapor quality, CRA installed and sampled soil vapor wells VP-1 through VP-3 at the site. To further evaluate the vertical extent of petroleum hydrocarbons in soil, the boring for well VP-1 was extended to 15 feet below grade (fbg) for the collection of soil samples. The work was performed in general accordance with the March 24, 2009 *Work Plan for Additional Investigation* (work plan). Presented below are the site description and background, details and results of the investigation, and our conclusions and recommendations.

SITE DESCRIPTION AND BACKGROUND

The site is a former Chevron gasoline service station located on the southeast corner of the intersection of Castro Valley Boulevard and Wilbeam Avenue (Figure 1), and is currently occupied by a one-story commercial structure and associated parking and landscaping areas. The building is currently occupied by a Chipotle restaurant and 1st United Services Credit Union; former occupants have also included a Boston Market restaurant. The site is located in a mixed commercial and residential area and is bounded by Castro Valley Boulevard to the north, Wilbeam Avenue to the west, an apartment building and associated parking area to the south, and a commercial building (Pet Food Express) and associated parking area to the east. An auto

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December 3, 2010 2 Reference No. 611967

repair facility and former Leaking Underground Storage Tank (LUST) case (Sal's Foreign Car Service) is located across Wilbeam Avenue to the west of the site.

The site appears to have first been occupied by a service station as early as 1957; the original station facilities included four fuel underground storage tanks (USTs) in the northeast portion of the site, a station building in the central portion of the site, a used-oil UST adjacent to the southwest corner of the station building, and two dispenser islands on the northern side of the site. Based on historical aerial photographs, sometime between 1968 and 1980 the station was reconfigured including the removal of the five USTs, the two dispenser islands, and the station building. A new station building/car wash facility (Valley Car Wash) was constructed in the northern portion of the site, and three 10,000-gallon, fiberglass, gasoline USTs and two dispenser islands were installed on the western side of the site. Underground wastewater reclamation tanks associated with the car wash were also installed. A former residential property to the south appeared to be incorporated as part of the new station. In 1993, the station was demolished and all aboveground and belowground facilities were removed, and the site subsequently was a vacant lot. By 1996, the existing building had been constructed. Current and former site facilities are presented on Figure 2.

Environmental investigation has been ongoing at the site since 1992. Prior to the current investigation, work has included the drilling of borings B-1 through B-10, H-1 through H-6, GP-1 through GP-4, CPT-1, and CPT-2; and the installation of monitoring wells MW-1 through MW-4. Extensive remedial excavation and confirmation sampling was performed during station demolition in 1993. Wells MW-1 through MW-4 were destroyed in September 2006 with ACEH approval. A summary of the previous environmental work is included as Attachment B. The approximate well and boring locations are presented on Figures 2 and 3.

CRA previously submitted the February 8, 2008 Case Closure Request, in which case closure was requested based on low-risk conditions. However, in the January 26, 2009 letter, ACEH requested that prior to consideration for case closure, further evaluation of the vertical extent of impacted soil be performed in the area of previous sample OX-25-10′. This sample reportedly was collected at 10 fbg and contained total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline (TPHg) and benzene at 5,100 milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg) and 3.9 mg/kg, respectively. However, as discussed in the March 29, 2009 work plan, based on the information presented in the June 5, 1993 Tank/Line Removal and Over-Excavation Report that documented the over-excavation activities, it appears that additional soil may have been removed following the collection of sample OX-25-10′ as the final depth of excavation ranged from 11 to 15 fbg; therefore, this sample may not have actually represented what remained at the site. In addition, ACEH requested an evaluation of soil vapor quality and potential vapor intrusion issues for site occupants. In the March 24, 2009 work plan, the installation and sampling of three shallow soil vapor wells was proposed to evaluate potential vapor intrusion concerns. To further evaluate



December 3, 2010 3 Reference No. 611967

the vertical extent of impacted soil, one of the vapor well borings would be drilled to approximately 15 fbg for the collection of deeper soil samples.

INVESTIGATION ACTIVITIES

CRA installed and sampled vapor wells VP-1 through VP-3 to evaluate shallow soil vapor quality at the site; the boring for well VP-1 was drilled to a depth of approximately 15 fbg to further evaluate the vertical extent of impacted soil in this area. Well VP-1 was located to the east of the existing building in the area of the first-generation fuel USTs, and wells VP-2 and VP-3 were located to the south of the existing building in the area of the former station building and the second-generation gasoline USTs/dispensers, respectively. The approximate well locations are shown on Figure 2. The details of the investigation are presented in the following sections. The drilling and well installation work was performed on October 18 and 19, 2010; and the vapor wells were sampled on October 27, 2010. Fieldwork was performed by CRA Staff Scientist Chris Benedict under the supervision of James Kiernan, P.E.

Drilling Activities

Prior to drilling, CRA obtained Permit No. 2010-0727 from Alameda County Public Works Agency for the vapor wells. A copy of the permit is included as Attachment C. Drilling activities were performed by PeneCore Drilling (C-57 License 906899) of Woodland, California, under the supervision of CRA.

The boring for well VP-1 was advanced to approximately 6 fbg using a 3-inch diameter hand auger, then to a total depth of approximately 15 fbg using truck-mounted direct push equipment. The borings for wells VP-2 and VP-3 were advanced to the total depth of approximately 6 fbg using the hand auger. Soil samples were obtained continuously from the borings for logging and observation purposes. Below 6 fbg in boring VP-1, the soil samples were collected using a macro-core sampler containing a 5-foot acetate liner hydraulically driven into undisturbed soil at the bottom of the borehole at each interval. The soil encountered in the borings was logged in accordance with American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) D-2488 protocols, and generally consisted of gravelly fill material (likely placed during the 1993 excavation activities). In boring VP-1, the fill was encountered to approximately 9 fbg, followed by clay to 15 fbg. Groundwater was not encountered in any of the borings. Copies of the boring logs are included in Attachment C. Soil samples were screened in the field for the presence of organic vapors using a photo-ionization detector (PID) and visually observed for any evidence of petroleum hydrocarbon impact. The PID measurements are also presented on the boring logs. CRA's standard field procedures are included as Attachment D.



December 3, 2010 4 Reference No. 611967

Soil Sampling and Laboratory Analysis

No evidence of impact was observed in the borings, and elevated concentrations of organic vapors were not detected using the PID. Therefore, soil samples were collected from borings VP-2 and VP-3 at approximately 5.5 fbg for laboratory analysis using the hand auger; the samples were collected in stainless-steel liners. Soil samples were collected of native soil from boring VP-1 at approximately 10, 12.5, and 15 fbg by cutting the acetate liner at the appropriate interval. The samples were capped using Teflon tape and plastic end caps, labeled, placed in an ice-chilled cooler, and transported under chain-of-custody to Lancaster Laboratories, Inc. (Lancaster) in Lancaster, Pennsylvania, for analysis. The soil samples were analyzed for TPHg by EPA Method 8015B; and benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylenes (BTEX) and methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) by EPA Method 8260B.

Soil Vapor Well Installation

Prior to the construction of vapor well VP-1, the borehole was backfilled with hydrated bentonite to approximately 6 fbg. Soil vapor wells VP-1 through VP-3 were constructed with ¼-inch diameter Nylaflow® tubing connected to a 1½-inch-long micro-porous stainless steel diffuser. The diffuser (screen) was placed in the wells at approximately 5.4 to 5.5 fbg. Monterey Sand #2/12 was used as a filter pack from 6 fbg to 4.5 inches above the top of the screen. Three inches of dry, granular bentonite was placed above the sand pack topped with hydrated bentonite gel to approximately 2 fbg. The remainder of the annular space was filled with neat Portland cement to approximately 1 fbg. The tubing exiting the well was capped, and well boxes were installed flush to grade and equipped with traffic-rated lids. Well construction diagrams are shown on the boring logs (Attachment C).

Soil Vapor Sampling and Laboratory Analysis

Soil vapor samples were collected from VP-1 through VP-3 in 1-liter Summa™ canisters. A field duplicate sample (Dupe) was also collected from VP-2 at the same time as the original sample. The samples were collected in general accordance with the Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) January 28, 2003 *Advisory-Active Soil Gas Investigations* guidance document. CRA's standard field procedures are included in Attachment D.

In accordance with the DTSC guidance, leak testing was performed during sampling. Helium was used as the leak check compound to evaluate if significant ambient air was entering the canisters during sampling. To perform the leak testing, a plastic shroud was placed over the sampling apparatus and wellhead and was filled with helium during sample collection. The helium concentration within the shroud was monitored using a helium detector and was maintained between 10 and 20 percent. Copies of the vapor sampling field data sheets are included in Attachment D.



December 3, 2010 5 Reference No. 611967

The soil vapor samples were kept at ambient temperature and submitted under chain-of-custody to Air Toxics Ltd. in Folsom, California, for analysis. The three soil vapor samples and the duplicate sample were analyzed for TPHg by EPA Method TO-3 and BTEX and MTBE by EPA Method TO-15. To evaluate the data quality, the samples were additionally analyzed for helium (leak check compound), oxygen, carbon dioxide, and methane by ASTM Method D-1946.

Investigation-Derived Waste

Soil cuttings and decontamination rinsate generated during drilling activities were temporarily stored in a 55-gallon steel drum, and sampled for disposal purposes. On October 19, 2010, the drum was removed from the site by Integrated Wastestream Management (IWM) of San Jose, California, and transported to Vasco Road Landfill in Livermore, California for disposal.

SOIL SAMPLE ANALYTICAL RESULTS

No TPHg, BTEX, or MTBE was detected in the soil samples collected from borings VP-2 and VP-3. TPHg (16 mg/kg) and benzene (0.0008 mg/kg) were only detected in the sample collected at 10 fbg from boring VP-1. Trace concentrations of MTBE (0.0006 mg/kg or 0.0007 mg/kg) were detected in all three of the samples collected from boring VP-1. The soil sample analytical results are presented in Table 1. Please note that errors were found in the cumulative soil table previously submitted with the February 8, 2008 Case Closure Request; therefore, Table 1 includes all (corrected) historical soil sample analytical results. A copy of the laboratory report and chain-of-custody documentation is included as Attachment E.

SOIL VAPOR SAMPLE ANALYTICAL RESULTS

As mentioned above, a field duplicate sample was collected simultaneously with the original sample from VP-2 to further evaluate data quality. The duplicate sample analytical results are not included in the following discussion, as similar concentrations within an acceptable range were detected in both samples. Please refer to Attachment E for the duplicate sample analytical results.

TPHg was detected in the samples collected from VP-1 through VP-3 at concentrations of 440 micrograms per cubic meter ($\mu g/m^3$), 20,000 $\mu g/m^3$, and 1,400 $\mu g/m^3$, respectively. BTEX and MTBE generally were not detected in the samples with the exception of benzene at 4.8 $\mu g/m^3$ in the sample collected from VP-1.



December 3, 2010 6 Reference No. 611967

No helium or methane was detected in any of the samples and the detected oxygen and carbon dioxide concentrations were consistent with subsurface levels. Furthermore, a leak test on the aboveground sampling connections was initially performed by creating a test vacuum using the purge canister. A constant vacuum was maintained for at least 10 minutes prior to sample collection, indicating significant leaks were not occurring. Therefore, the samples appear to be representative of subsurface conditions and the results are assumed to be valid.

The soil vapor analytical results were compared to the shallow soil gas environmental screening levels (ESLs) associated with vapor intrusion concerns at commercial or industrial sites (Table E); established by the San Francisco Bay Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) in May 2008. The ESLs are for use as screening levels in determining if further evaluation is warranted, in prioritizing areas of concern, in establishing cleanup goals, and in estimation of potential health risks. As stated by the RWQCB, the ESLs are considered to be conservative. The presence of a chemical at a concentration above an ESL does not necessarily indicate that adverse impacts to human health or the environment are occurring; exceeding ESLs indicates that the potential for impacts may exist and that additional evaluation may be needed. Under most circumstances, the presence of a chemical in soil, groundwater, or soil gas at concentrations below the corresponding ESL can be assumed to not pose a significant, long-term (chronic) threat to human health and the environment.

The detected TPHg concentrations did not exceed the ESL of $29,000 \,\mu g/m^3$, and the benzene concentration detected in VP-1 was well below the ESL of $280 \,\mu g/m^3$. The soil vapor sample analytical results are presented in Table 2. Copies of the laboratory reports and chain-of-custody documentation are included in Attachment E.

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

CRA installed and sampled wells VP-1 through VP-3 to evaluate soil vapor quality and potential vapor intrusion issues at the site. Deeper soil samples were also collected from boring VP-1 to further evaluate the vertical extent of impacted soil in the area of previous sample OX-25-10′. Only a low concentration of TPHg and trace concentrations of benzene and MTBE were detected in the soil sample collected at 10 fbg from boring VP-1. Petroleum hydrocarbons generally were not detected in the deeper soil samples collected at 12.5 fbg and 15 fbg from boring VP-1 with the exception of trace concentrations of MTBE. Therefore, based on the analytical results, the vertical extent of hydrocarbons in soil in this area has been adequately defined. No further investigation appears warranted.

TPHg was detected in all the soil vapor samples; and a low concentration of benzene was detected in the sample collected from VP-1. The detected concentrations did not exceed the



December 3, 2010 7 Reference No. 611967

respective commercial ESLs and therefore do not appear to pose a significant threat to human health. No further investigation appears warranted.

Based on the results of this investigation and the discussion of the site conditions and the RWQCB low-risk criteria previously presented in the February 8, 2008 *Case Closure Request*, this site still qualifies as a low-risk groundwater case. Please note that in previous correspondence (letter to Chevron dated January 11, 2006 and e-mail to Cambria Environmental Technology, Inc. [now CRA] on April 14, 2005), ACEH concurred that no further investigation and case closure were warranted. Therefore, CRA, on behalf of Chevron, respectfully requests approval for case closure.



December 3, 2010 8 Reference No. 611967

We appreciate your assistance on this project and look forward to your reply. If you have any questions or need any additional information, please contact Mr. James Kiernan at (916) 889-8917.

Sincerely,

CONESTOGA-ROVERS & ASSOCIATES

Christopher J. Benedict

James P. Kiernan, P.E.

CB/jm/3 Encl.

Figure 1 Vicinity Map Figure 2 Site Plan

Figure 3 Extended Site Plan

Table 1 Current and Historical Soil Sample Analytical Results

Table 2 Soil Vapor Sample Analytical Results

Attachment A ACEH Letter Dated January 26, 2009

Attachment B Summary of Environmental Investigation and Remediation

Attachment C Well Permit and Boring Logs

Attachment D Standard Field Procedures and Vapor Sampling Field Data Sheets

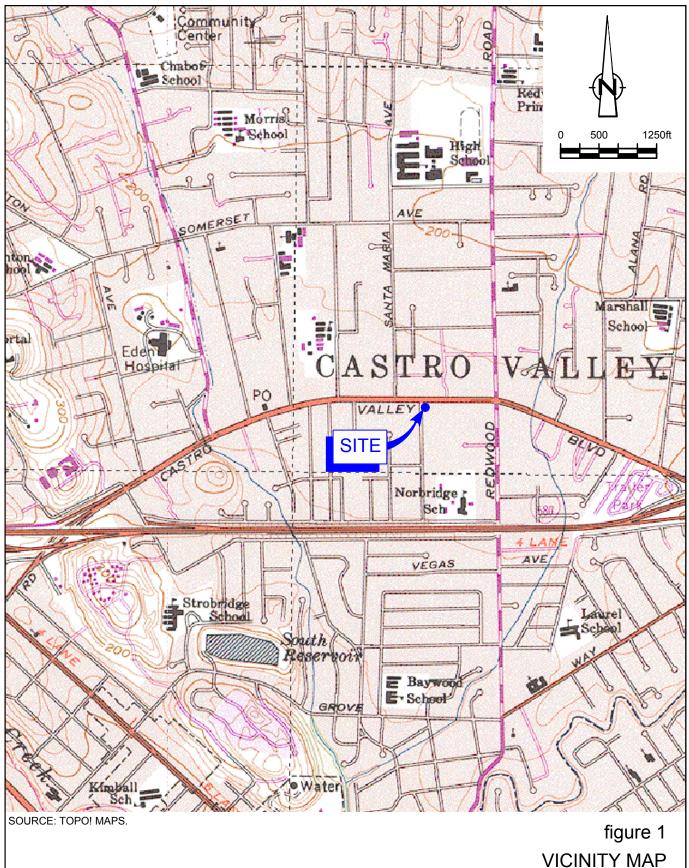
Attachment E Laboratory Reports

cc: Ms. Stacie Frerichs, Chevron (*electronic copy*)

Ms. Anna Counelis and Ms. Tula Gallanes c/o Mr. Robert Young, Esq.,

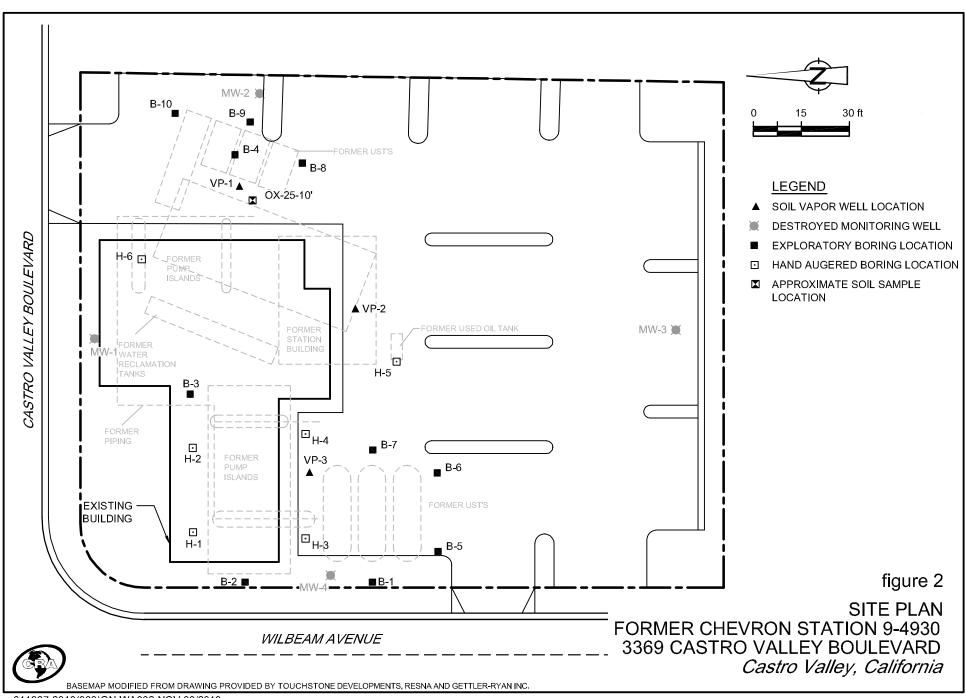
Berding & Weil LLP

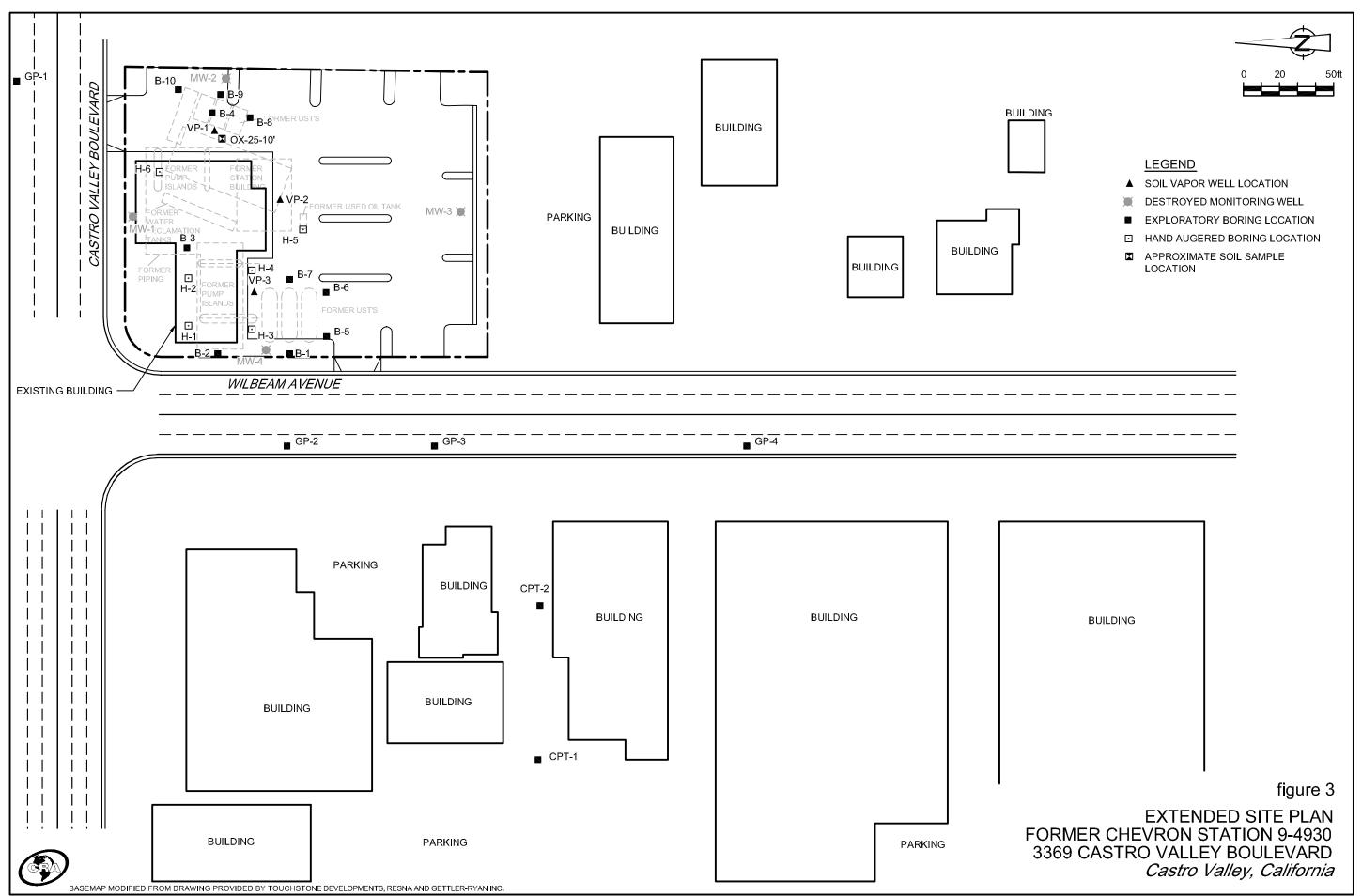
FIGURES



CHEVRON SERVICE STATION 9-4930 3369 CASTRO VALLEY BOULEVARD Castro Valley, California







TABLES

Boring/ Sample ID	Sample Depth (fbg)	Sample Date	TOG	ТРНа	трнд	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes	МТВЕ	HVOCs	SVOCs	Lead	Cd	Cr	Ni	Zn
			•				Conc	entrations repo	rted in mill	igrams pe	r kilogram	(mg/kg)					→
UST Removal	Confirmation	Samples															
SE-9'	9	3/10/93			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005								
SW-6'	6	3/10/93			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005								
WS-9'	9	3/10/93			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005								
ES-6'	6	3/10/93			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005								
EN-9'	9	3/10/93			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.014	0.024								
NE-6'	6	3/10/93			430	0.056	0.64	7.7	33								
NW-8'	8	3/10/93			620	0.15	0.75	11	53				<5				
WN-6'	6	3/10/93			240	< 0.05	0.57	4.9	4								
Pipe Trench C	Confirmation S	Samples															
V-1	2	3/10/93			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005								
P-1	2.5	3/10/93			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005								
P-2	2.5	3/10/93			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005								
P-3	2.5	3/10/93			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005								
P-4	2.5	3/10/93			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005								
P-5	3	3/10/93			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.014								
P-6	3	3/10/93			<1	0.02	0.02	< 0.005	< 0.005								
P-7	3	3/10/93			<1	< 0.005	0.018	< 0.005	0.019								
P-8	3	3/10/93			14	0.39	2.3	0.32	1.8								
P-9-5'	5	3/10/93			1.5	0.074	0.007	0.007	0.011				7				
P-10-4.5'	4.5	3/10/93			720	2.3	17	9	49				6				
P-11-5'	5	3/10/93			3.0	0.079	0.01	0.025	0.03				6				
P-12-6'	6	3/10/93			1.6	< 0.005	0.011	0.036	0.007				6				
Waste Water I																	
WWR-1-9'	9	3/15/93	<50	<10	8	< 0.003	0.019	0.078	0.36		ND		10	<1	28	29	48
WWR-2-9'	9	3/15/93	<50	<10	230	< 0.05	0.17	2.2	4.5		ND		5	<1	31	31	100
WWR-3-12'	12	3/15/93	<50	<10	<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.009		ND		5	<1	26	32	41
WWR-4-12'	12	3/15/93	<50	<10	<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.009		ND		6	<1	33	28	46

Boring/ Sample ID	Sample Depth (fbg)	Sample Date	TOG	TPHd	ТРНд	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes	MTBE	HVOCs	SVOCs	Lead	Cđ	Cr	Ni	Zn
•	, , ,		•				Conc	entrations repo	rted in mill	ligrams pe	er kilogram	(mg/kg)					→
LICT Organ Est	cavation Confi	umation Cam	• •1 00														
OX-1-6'					340	< 0.25	0.33	1.1	15								
OX-1-6' OX-2-9'	6 9	3/19/93 3/19/93			97	<0.25	<0.10	4.4 1.8	15 9								
OX-2-9' OX-3-11'	9 11				9 7 < 1	0.026	<0.10										
OX-3-11'	11 11	3/22/93			11	0.026	0.30	0.006 0.31	<0.015 1.0								
OX-4-11 OX-5-5'	5	3/22/93				< 0.005		< 0.005	< 0.015								
OX-5-5' OX-6-10.5'	5 10.5	3/22/93			<1 <1	<0.005	<0.005 <0.005	<0.005	<0.015								
OX-6-10.5	7	3/22/93 3/22/93			11	<0.005	0.005	<0.005	0.015		ND						
OX-7-7 OX-8-2'	2	3/25/93	 		4	0.023	0.045	0.031	0.36		ND						
OX-9-7'	7	3/25/93	<50		990	<0.1	2.1	8	43								
OX-10-8'	8	3/26/93			110	< 0.025	0.14	0.39	1.3								
OX-11-13'	13	3/26/93			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.015								
OX-12-9'	9	3/26/93			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.015								
OX-13-13'	13	3/30/93			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.015								
OX-14-9'	9	4/2/93			340	< 0.05	0.18	5.8	28								
OX-15-5'	5	4/2/93	<50	2	<1	< 0.005	0.008	< 0.005	< 0.015		ND	ND ^a	6	<1	22	21	39
OX-16-5'	5	4/7/93			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.015								
OX-17-10 [']	10	4/7/93			290	< 0.1	0.65	4.6	21								
OX-18-15'	15	4/9/93			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.015								
OX-19-8'	8	4/9/93			760	0.5	4	17	76								
OX-20-10'	10	4/9/93			74	0.032	0.18	2.2	1.8								
OX-21-12'	12	4/9/93			850	2.6	14	17	80								
OX-22-15'	15	4/19/93			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.015								
OX-23-8'	8	4/19/93			160	< 0.025	0.29	2.2	4.2								
OX-24-131	13	4/19/93			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.015								
OX-25-10'	10	4/19/93			5,100	3.9	6.6	77	360								
OX-26-11'	11	4/20/93			510	0.59	3.6	9.7	51								
OX-27-11'	11	4/20/93			310	0.3	0.98	4.9	18								
OX-28-14'	14	4/22/93			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.015								
OX-29-13'	13	4/22/93			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.015								
OX-30-10'	10	4/22/93			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.015								
OX-31-13'	13	4/22/93			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.015								
OX-32-10'	10	4/22/93			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.015								
OX-33-13'	13	4/22/93			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.015								
OX-34-8'	8	4/28/93			89	< 0.005	0.15	1.5	3.1								
OX-35-11'	11	4/28/93			8	< 0.005	0.011	0.15	0.31								

Boring/ Sample ID	Sample Depth (fbg)	Sample Date	TOG	TPHd	ТРНд	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes	МТВЕ	HVOCs	SVOCs	Lead	Cd	Cr	Ni	Zn
			←				Conc	entrations repo	rted in mill	ligrams pe	er kilogram	(mg/kg)					→
OX-36-8'	8	4/28/93			18	< 0.005	0.065	0.34	0.86								
OX-37-11'	11	4/28/93			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.015								
OX-38-6'	6	4/28/93			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.015								
OX-39-4'	4	4/30/93			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.015								
OX-40-8'	8	4/30/93			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.015								
OX-41-14'	14	4/30/93			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	<0.005	< 0.015								
OX-42-14'	14	4/30/93			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.015								
OX-44-8'	8	5/3/93			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.015								
T-1-13'	13	4/20/93			1,600	0.98	18	34	140								
Stockpile Sam			,			.0.00=	.0.00=	0.006	.0.045								
CSP-1A-D		3/24/93			<1	<0.005	<0.005	0.006	<0.015								
CSP-2A-D		3/24/93			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	<0.005	< 0.015								
CSP-3A-D		3/24/93			<1	< 0.005	<0.005	<0.005	< 0.015								
CSP-4A-D		4/13/93			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	<0.005	< 0.015								
CSP-5A-D		4/13/93			<1	< 0.005	<0.005	<0.005	< 0.015								
CSP-6A-D		4/13/93			<1	< 0.005	<0.005	<0.005	< 0.015								
CSP-7A-D		5/3/93			<1	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	< 0.015								
CSP-8A-D		5/3/93			<1	<0.005 <0.005	<0.005	<0.005	< 0.015								
CSP-9A-D CSP-10A-D	 	5/3/93			<1 <1	<0.005	<0.005 <0.005	<0.005 <0.005	<0.015 <0.015								
CSP-11A-D		5/3/93 5/4/93			<1	< 0.005	<0.003	<0.005	<0.015								
CSP-11A-D		5/4/93			<1	< 0.005	<0.02	<0.005	<0.015								
C31-12A-D		3/4/93			\ 1	~ 0.003	NO.02	<0.003	\0.013								
Exploratory as	nd Well Borin	gs															
B-1	6	11/24/92			79	< 0.1	0.087	1.0	1.9								
	11.25	11/24/92			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005								
B-2	11.25	11/24/92			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005								
D.O.		44 (24 (22			0.6	+0.00 5	10 0 05	0.06									
B-3	10.25	11/24/92			96	<0.025	<0.025	0.063	3.5								
B-4	11.5	11/24/92			2,500	<0.5	5.1	20	130								
B-5	10.75	11/24/92			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005								
D.	40.6	44 /04 /05				·0.00=	·0.00=	.0.005	.0.00=								
B-6	10.6	11/24/92			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005								

Boring/ Sample ID	Sample Depth (fbg)	Sample Date	TOG	ТРНа	трнд	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes	МТВЕ	HVOCs	SVOCs	Lead	Cđ	Cr	Ni	Zn
			←				Conc	entrations repo	rted in mill	igrams pe	r kilogram	(mg/kg)					→
B-7	10.75	11/24/92			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005								
7.0	40.				•			=									
B-8	10.5	11/24/92			36	< 0.05	0.056	0.47	1.4								
B-9	5.5	11/24/92			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.01								
	11	11/24/92			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005								
B-10	11.5	11/24/92			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	<0.005	<0.005								
D-10	11.5	11/24/92			\1	<0.003	<0.003	<0.005	<0.005								
H-1	5.5	11/24/92			<1	<0.005	<0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005								
11.0		11 /04 /00			-1	<0.005	<0.00F	40.00F	<0.00F								
H-2	5.5	11/24/92			<1	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005								
H-3	5.5	11/24/92			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005								
***		11/2//22															
H-4	1	11/24/92			<1	<0.005	< 0.005	<0.005	< 0.005								
H-5	5.5	11/24/92	57	<10	<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005								
	10.5	11/24/92	<50	<10	15	< 0.005	0.014	0.043	0.027		ND						
H-6	5.5	11/24/92			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	<0.005	< 0.005								
П-0	3.3	11/24/92			\1	<0.003	<0.003	<0.005	<0.005								
B-11 (MW-1)	6	10/25/93			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.015								
D 40 (1 0 4 0)	5 0	10/05/00			-11	40.00 5	10.005	10.005	40.01E								
B-12 (MW-2)	5.8 8	10/25/93 10/25/93			<1 100	<0.005 <0.05	<0.005 0.18	<0.005 0.45	<0.015 3.6								
		,,				****		5.25									
B-13 (MW-3)	5.8	10/25/93			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.015								
	8	10/25/93			<1	< 0.005	<0.005	< 0.005	< 0.015								
B-14 (MW-4)	6	10/25/93			530	< 0.25	0.48	4.5	18								
, ,																	
GP-3	5	1/25/96			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005								
	10	1/25/96			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005								
	15	1/25/96			<1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005								

TABLE 2 Page 1 of 1

SOIL VAPOR SAMPLE ANALYTICAL RESULTS FORMER CHEVRON STATION 9-4930 3369 CASTRO VALLEY BOULEVARD CASTRO VALLEY, CALIFORNIA

Sample ID	Date Sampled	ТРНд	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	m,p- Xylenes	o-Xylenes	MTBE	Oxygen	Helium	Carbon Dioxide	Methane
		•	Concentratio	ons reporte	d in micrograms	s per cubic	meter (µg/m³	·)	•	Reported in	percent —	
VP-1	10/27/10	440	4.8	<4.6	<5.2	<5.2	<5.2	<4.4	17	<0.12	2.8	<0.00024
VP-2	10/27/10	20,000	<43	<51	<58	<58	<58	<48	16	<0.13	4.3	<0.00027
VP-3	10/27/10	1,400	<4.0	<4.7	<5.5	<5.5	<5.5	<4.5	19	<0.13	1.9	<0.00025
Dupe	10/27/10	21,000	<43	<51	<58	<58	<58	<48	16	<0.13	4.4	<0.00027
Commerci	ial ESL	29,000	280	180,000	3,300	58,	000 ^a	31,000				

Abbreviations and Methods:

TPHg = Total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline by EPA Method TO-3

Benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes by EPA Method TO-15 $\,$

MTBE = Methyl tertiary butyl ether by EPA Method TO-15

Oxygen, helium, carbon dioxide and methane by ASTM Method D-1946 $\,$

< = Not detected at or above stated laboratory reporting limit

Dupe = Field duplicate sample of VP-2

ESL = Environmental Screening Level for shallow soil gas associated with vapor intrusion concerns at commercial/industrial sites-RWQCB May 2008 (Table E)

a = ESL is for total xylenes

ATTACHMENT A ACEH LETTER DATED JANUARY 26, 2009

ALAMEDA COUNTY **HEALTH CARE SERVICES**

DAVID J. KEARS, Agency Director



AGENCY

FEB 0.5 2009

CRA

Received

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ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SERVICES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway, Suite 250 Alameda, CA 94502-6577 (510) 567-6700 FAX (510) 337-9335

January 26, 2009

Stacie Hartung-Frerichs Chevron Environmental Management Company 6001 Bollinger Canyon Road, K-2200 San Ramon, CA 94583

Subject: Fuel Leak Case No. R00000416 and GeoTracker Global ID T0600100137, Chevron #9-4930 / Valley Car Wash, 3369 Castro Valley Boulevard, Castro Valley, CA 94546

Dear Ms. Hartung-Frerichs:

Alameda County Environmental Health (ACEH) staff has reviewed the case file for the abovereferenced site including the recently submitted document entitled, "Subsurface Investigation Report and Closure Request," dated December 3, 2007, which was prepared by Conestoga-Rovers & Associates (CRA) for the subject site. According to CRA, two (CPT-1 and CPT-2) of the proposed three borings were advanced to delineate the petroleum hydrocarbon contaminant plume off-site. Total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) as gasoline (g) and methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) were detected at maximum concentrations of 140 µg/L and 17 µg/L, respectively in "grab" groundwater samples collected from CPT-2. Based on the analytical results from the offsite borings and historical groundwater monitoring data collected from site monitoring wells, CRA has requested case closure for the subject site.

In March 1993, three 10,000-gallon underground storage tanks (USTs) were removed from the site. Approximately 7,500 cubic yards of soil was disposed of off-site to Redwood Landfill, Inc. in Novato, California. The excavation was backfilled with 800 cubic yards of segregated "clean" stockpiled soil with the remainder of the excavation backfilled with 2-inch drain rock and aggregate base rock. Over-excavation confirmation soil samples detected a maximum TPH-g and benzene concentration of 5,100 mg/kg and 3.9 mg/kg, respectively in soil sample OX-25-10'. collected at 10 feet bgs, immediately southwest of the former USTs. These concentrations are significantly above the Regional Water Quality Control Board's (RWQCB) Environmental Screening Levels (ESLs) for TPH-g and benzene of 83 mg/kg and 0.044 mg/kg, respectively, indicating that the site poses a potential risk to human health and the environment. ACEH is aware that a RBCA evaluation was conducted for the site with 0.6 mg/kg as an upper 95% confidence limit concentration for benzene. However, ACEH is concerned that porous material was used to backfill the excavation increasing the potential for contaminant volatilization to indoor air, especially since the SSTL is above the ESL, which recommends collection of subsurface or sub-slab vapor samples to evaluate such risk. Therefore, ACEH cannot consider case closure for the subject site at this time. This decision to deny closure is subject to appeal to the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB), pursuant to Section 25299.39.2(b) of the Health and Safety Code (Thompson-Richter Underground Storage Tank Reform Act - Senate Bill 562). Please contact the SWRCB Underground Storage Tank Program at (916) 341-5851 for information regarding the appeal process.

Ms. Hartung-Frerichs RO0000416 January 26, 2009, Page 2

ACEH request that you address the following technical comments and send us the technical work plan and reports requested below.

TECHNICAL COMMENTS

- 1. Contaminant Source Area Characterization As mentioned above, TPH-g and benzene were detected at concentrations of 5,100 mg/kg and 3.9 mg/kg, respectively in soil sample OX-25-10', collected at 10 feet bgs, immediately southwest of the former USTs. Although the lateral extent of soil contamination appears delineated by the confirmation sidewall soil samples, the vertical extent of the soil contamination appears uncharacterized at this time. Please propose a scope of work to address the above-mentioned concerns and submit a work plan, due by the date specified below.
- 2. Potential Contaminant Volatilization to Indoor Air Significantly elevated concentration of TPH-g (5,100 mg/kg) and benzene (3.9 mg/kg) remain in place at the subject site. These concentrations are significantly above the RWQCB's ESL for TPH-g and benzene of 83 mg/kg and 0.044 mg/kg, respectively, indicating that the site poses a potential risk to human health and the environment. Furthermore, porous materials (i.e. 2-inch drain rock and aggregate base rock) were used to backfill the majority of the excavation. Please propose a scope of work to address the above-mentioned concerns and submit a work plan, due by the date specified below. Also include figures that illustrate previous sampling locations and site features (i.e. location of both generations of USTs, piping runs, station building, etc.) in relation to current site structures.

Once all data gaps have been addressed, the case closure evaluation for the site can proceed forward.

TECHNICAL REPORT REQUEST

Please submit technical reports to ACEH (Attention: Steven Plunkett), according to the following schedule:

March 27, 2009 – Soil and Water Investigation Work Plan

These reports are being requested pursuant to California Health and Safety Code Section 25296.10. 23 CCR Sections 2652 through 2654, and 2721 through 2728 outline the responsibilities of a responsible party in response to an unauthorized release from a petroleum UST system, and require your compliance with this request.

ELECTRONIC SUBMITTAL OF REPORTS

ACEH's Environmental Cleanup Oversight Programs (LOP and SLIC) require submission of reports in electronic form. The electronic copy replaces paper copies and is expected to be used for all public information requests, regulatory review, and compliance/enforcement activities. Instructions for submission of electronic documents to the Alameda County Environmental

Ms. Hartung-Frerichs RO0000416 January 26, 2009, Page 3

requirements for electronic submittal of information to the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) GeoTracker website. In September 2004, the SWRCB adopted regulations that require electronic submittal of information for all groundwater cleanup programs. For several years, responsible parties for cleanup of leaks from underground storage tanks (USTs) have been required to submit groundwater analytical data, surveyed locations of monitoring wells, and other data to the GeoTracker database over the Internet. Beginning July 1, 2005, these same reporting requirements were added to Spills, Leaks, Investigations, and Cleanup (SLIC) sites. Beginning July 1, 2005, electronic submittal of a complete copy of all reports for all sites is required in GeoTracker (in PDF format). Please visit the SWRCB website for more information on these requirements (http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/ust/electronic_submittal/report_rqmts.shtml.

PERJURY STATEMENT

All work plans, technical reports, or technical documents submitted to ACEH must be accompanied by a cover letter from the responsible party that states, at a minimum, the following: "I declare, under penalty of perjury, that the information and/or recommendations contained in the attached document or report is true and correct to the best of my knowledge." This letter must be signed by an officer or legally authorized representative of your company. Please include a cover letter satisfying these requirements with all future reports and technical documents submitted for this fuel leak case.

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION & CONCLUSIONS/RECOMMENDATIONS

The California Business and Professions Code (Sections 6735, 6835, and 7835.1) requires that work plans and technical or implementation reports containing geologic or engineering evaluations and/or judgments be performed under the direction of an appropriately registered or certified professional. For your submittal to be considered a valid technical report, you are to present site specific data, data interpretations, and recommendations prepared by an appropriately licensed professional and include the professional registration stamp, signature, and statement of professional certification. Please ensure all that all technical reports submitted for this fuel leak case meet this requirement.

UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK CLEANUP FUND

Please note that delays in investigation, later reports, or enforcement actions may result in your becoming ineligible to receive grant money from the state's Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Fund (Senate Bill 2004) to reimburse you for the cost of cleanup.

AGENCY OVERSIGHT

If it appears as though significant delays are occurring or reports are not submitted as requested, we will consider referring your case to the Regional Board or other appropriate agency, including the County District Attorney, for possible enforcement actions. California Health and Safety Code, Section 25299.76 authorizes enforcement including administrative action or monetary penalties of up to \$10,000 per day for each day of violation.

Ms. Hartung-Frerichs RO0000416 January 26, 2009, Page 4

If you have any questions, please call me at (510) 777-2478 or send me an electronic mail message at paresh.khatri@acgov.org.

Sincerely,

^baresh Ċ. Khatri

Hazardous Materials Specialist

Steven Plunkett

Hazardous Materials Specialist

Donna L. Drogos, PE

Supervising Hazardous Materials Specialist

Enclosure: ACEH Electronic Report Upload (ftp) Instructions

CC:

Brian P. Carey, Conestoga-Rovers & Associates, 2000 Opportunity Drive, Suite 110, Roseville,

CA 95678 Donna Drogos, ACEH

Steven Plunkett, ACEH

File

Alameda County Environmental Cleanup Oversight Programs (LOP and SLIC)

ISSUE DATE: July 5, 2005

REVISION DATE: December 16, 2005

PREVIOUS REVISIONS: October 31, 2005

SECTION: Miscellaneous Administrative Topics & Procedures

SUBJECT: Electronic Report Upload (ftp) Instructions

Effective January 31, 2006, the Alameda County Environmental Cleanup Oversight Programs (LOP and SLIC) require submission of all reports in electronic form to the county's ftp site. Paper copies of reports will no longer be accepted. The electronic copy replaces the paper copy and will be used for all public information requests, regulatory review, and compliance/enforcement activities.

REQUIREMENTS

- Entire report including cover letter must be submitted to the ftp site as a single portable document format (PDF) with no password protection. (Please do not submit reports as attachments to electronic mail.)
- It is preferable that reports be converted to PDF format from their original format, (e.g., Microsoft Word) rather than scanned.
- Signature pages and perjury statements must be included and have either original or electronic signature.
- Do not password protect the document. Once indexed and inserted into the correct electronic case file, the
 document will be secured in compliance with the County's current security standards and a password.
 Documents with password protection will not be accepted.
- Each page in the PDF document should be rotated in the direction that will make it easiest to read on a computer monitor.
- Reports must be named and saved using the following naming convention:

RO#_Report Name_Year-Month-Date (e.g., RO#5555_WorkPlan_2005-06-14)

Additional Recommendations

A separate copy of the tables in the document should be submitted by e-mail to your Caseworker in **Excel** format. These are for use by assigned Caseworker only.

Submission Instructions

- 1) Obtain User Name and Password:
 - Contact the Alameda County Environmental Health Department to obtain a User Name and Password to upload files to the ftp site.
 - i) Send an e-mail to dehloptoxic@acgov.org

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- ii) Send a fax on company letterhead to (510) 337-9335, to the attention of Alicia Lam-Finneke.
- b) In the subject line of your request, be sure to include "ftp PASSWORD REQUEST" and in the body of your request, include the Contact Information, Site Addresses, and the Case Numbers (RO# available in Geotracker) you will be posting for.
- 2) Upload Files to the ftp Site
 - a) Using Internet Explorer (IE4+), go to ftp://alcoftp1.acgov.org
 - (i) Note: Netscape and Firefox browsers will not open the FTP site.
 - b) Click on File, then on Login As.
 - c) Enter your User Name and Password. (Note: Both are Case Sensitive.)
 - d) Open "My Computer" on your computer and navigate to the file(s) you wish to upload to the ftp site.
 - e) With both "My Computer" and the ftp site open in separate windows, drag and drop the file(s) from "My Computer" to the ftp window.
- 3) Send E-mail Notifications to the Environmental Cleanup Oversight Programs
 - a) Send email to dehloptoxic@acgov.org notify us that you have placed a report on our ftp site.
 - b) Copy your Caseworker on the e-mail. Your Caseworker's e-mail address is the entire first name then a period and entire last name at acgov.org. (e.g., firstname.lastname@acgov.org)
 - c) The subject line of the e-mail must start with the RO# followed by **Report Upload**. (e.g., Subject: RO1234 Report Upload)

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ATTACHMENT B

SUMMARY OF ENVIRONMENTAL INVESTIGATION AND REMEDIATION

SUMMARY OF ENVIRONMENTAL INVESTIGATION AND REMEDIATION FORMER CHEVRON STATION 9-4930

November 1992 Subsurface Investigation and Area Well Survey

In November 1992, RESNA Industries, Inc. (RESNA) advanced exploratory borings B-1 through B-10 to depths of 11 or 15 feet below grade (fbg) and hand-augered borings H-1 through H-6 at the site to evaluate soil and groundwater quality. Groundwater was encountered in the borings at depths of 11 to 12 fbg. One or two soil samples were collected at various depths from each boring and analyzed for total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline (TPHg) and benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes (BTEX). Low concentrations of TPHg (up to 96 milligrams per kilogram [mg/kg]) were detected in soil samples collected from borings B-1, B-3, B-8, and H-5; low concentrations of toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes (up to 3.5 mg/kg) were also detected. An elevated concentration of TPHg (2,500 mg/kg) was detected in the soil sample collected at 11.5 fbg from boring B-4 drilled in the former location of the first-generation underground storage tanks (USTs); toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes (up to 130 mg/kg) were also detected. Benzene was not detected in any of the soil samples. The soil samples collected at 5.5 and 10.5 fbg from H-5, located adjacent to a former used-oil UST, were additionally analyzed for TPH as diesel (TPHd) and total oil and grease (TOG); the sample collected at 10.5 fbg was also analyzed for halogenated volatile organic compounds (HVOCs). TOG was detected at 57 mg/kg in the sample collected at 5.5 fbg; TPHd was not detected in either of the samples, and HVOCs were not detected in the 10.5 fbg sample. Groundwater samples were also collected from borings B-1 through B-4 and analyzed for TPHg and BTEX. Elevated concentrations of TPHg (ranging from 2,700 [B-1] to 23,000 micrograms per liter [µg/L] [B-3]) and lower concentrations of benzene (ranging from 23 [B-2] to 800 µg/L [B-3]) were detected in the four groundwater samples. Toluene (up to 120 μ g/L), ethylbenzene (up to 1,000 μ g/L), and xylenes (up to $2,000 \,\mu\text{g/L}$) were also detected in all four of the samples.

RESNA also conducted a well survey that identified 58 wells within a ½-mile radius of the site. The closest identified domestic water supply well was located approximately 1,500 feet west of the site. Two other facilities with known leaking USTs were also identified between the site and the domestic well. No municipal water wells were identified within the search radius. Further details of the investigation were presented in RESNA's December 16, 1992 Report-Subsurface Environmental Investigation.

February to May 1993 Station Demolition

In February 1993, the service station building and car wash facility were demolished. In March 1993, three 10,000-gallon, fiberglass, gasoline USTs, associated piping, and the car wash waste water reclamation tanks (WWRTs) were removed. Eight soil samples were collected by Touchstone Developments (Touchstone) at depths of 6 to 9 fbg from the sidewalls of the UST excavation and analyzed for TPHg and BTEX. TPHg (up to 620 mg/kg) was only detected in three of the samples; low concentrations of BTEX (up to 53 mg/kg) were detected in four of the samples. A groundwater sample collected from the UST excavation (H2O-PIT) contained TPHg and benzene at 3,900 μ g/L and 180 μ g/L, respectively; low concentrations of toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes (up to 380 μ g/L) were also detected; lead was not detected. Thirteen soil samples (P-1 through P-12 and V-1) were collected at depths of 2 to 6 fbg beneath the product piping; TPHg (up to 720 mg/kg) and BTEX (up to 49 mg/kg) were detected in several of the samples. Four soil samples (WWR-1 through WWR-4) were also collected at depths of

CRA 611967 (3)-ATTB

9 or 12 fbg from the WWRT excavation and analyzed for TPHg, TPHd, BTEX, TOG, HVOCs, and metals. TPHg (up to 230 mg/kg) and BTEX (up to 4.5 mg/kg) were only detected in two of the samples; benzene, TOG, TPHd, and HVOCs were not detected in any of the samples; and the detected metals concentrations were consistent with background levels. Several rounds of over-excavation and confirmation soil sampling were performed from March to May 1993 to remove impacted soil. As a result, the majority of the site was excavated to depths ranging from 11 to 15 fbg. Approximately 7,500 cubic yards of soil were excavated and disposed offsite during the work. The final confirmation soil samples collected from the over-excavation indicated that no significant hydrocarbon mass remained in soil. Approximately 800 cubic yards of excavated soil that did not contain any contamination was used as backfill; and approximately 500 cubic yards of soil was transported offsite and used as fill material. The remainder of the excavation was backfilled with drain rock and aggregate base. Further details of the work were presented in Touchstone's *Tank/Line Removal and Over-excavation Report* dated June 5, 1993.

October 1993 Subsurface Investigation

In October 1993, RESNA installed monitoring wells MW-1 through MW-4 (borings B-11 through B-14) to a maximum depth of 21.5 fbg. One or two soil samples were collected at various depths from each well boring and analyzed for TPHg and BTEX. TPHg was only detected in the soil samples collected at 8 fbg from the boring for well MW-2 (100 mg/kg) and at 6 fbg from the boring for well MW-4 (530 mg/kg); low concentrations of toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes (up to 18 mg/kg) were also detected. The initial groundwater samples collected from wells MW-1 through MW-4 contained TPHg at 1,000 μ g/L, 5,600 μ g/L, 110 μ g/L, and 640 μ g/L, respectively; benzene was only detected in the groundwater samples collected from wells MW-1 (11 μ g/L), MW-2 (140 μ g/L), and MW-4 (6.7 μ g/L). Further details of the investigation were presented in RESNA's December 13, 1993 *Report-Additional Subsurface Environmental Investigation*.

February 1994 Well Sampling

In February 1994, wells MW-1 through MW-4 were re-sampled. TPHg and benzene were detected in wells MW-1, MW-2, and MW-4 at concentrations up to 820 μ g/L and 41 μ g/L, respectively. The samples were also analyzed for HVOCs. Tetrachloroethene (PCE) was detected in all the wells at concentrations up to 400 μ g/L; trichloroethene (TCE) was detected in wells MW-1, MW-3, and MW-4 at concentrations up to 51 μ g/L; and 1,2-Dichloroethene (1,2-DCE) was detected in wells MW-1 (0.8 μ g/L) and MW-4 (13 μ g/L).

January 1996 Subsurface Investigation

In January 1996, Pacific Environmental Group, Inc. (PEG) advanced offsite borings GP-1 through GP-4 to further evaluate the extent of petroleum hydrocarbons in groundwater. Boring GP-1 was located in Castro Valley Boulevard and borings GP-2 through GP-4 were located in Wilbeam Avenue. Soil samples were collected at depths of 5, 10, and 15 fbg from borings GP-3 and GP-4 and analyzed for TPHg and BTEX, which were not detected. Groundwater samples were also collected from borings GP-1 and GP-2 and analyzed for TPHg and BTEX. The groundwater sample collected from boring GP-2 contained TPHg at 1,600 μ g/L, benzene at 9.6 μ g/L, and low concentrations of toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes (up to 190 μ g/L). TPHg and BTEX were not detected in the groundwater sample collected from boring GP-1. Further details of this investigation were presented in PEG's April 18, 1996 *Soil and Groundwater*

CRA 611967 (3)-ATTB 2

Investigation report.

July 1996 Tier 2 Risk-Based Corrective Action (RBCA) Analysis

In July 1996, Chevron Research and Technology Company (CRTC) performed a Tier 2 RBCA evaluation for the site. The results indicated that the estimated risks for potential future onsite workers and residents were within the acceptable range of 1×10^{-6} to 1×10^{-4} , and the representative concentrations for the chemicals of concern were all less than the estimated site-specific target levels (SSTLs), with the exception of benzene in soil (potential exposure by future onsite residents to indoor air).

May 2001 Confirmation Groundwater Sampling

In May 2001, Gettler-Ryan Inc. (G-R) performed a confirmation groundwater sampling event at the site to confirm the dissolved petroleum hydrocarbon plume was limited, adequately defined, stable, and concentrations had shown a general decreasing trend over time. Groundwater samples were collected from wells MW-1 through MW-4 and analyzed for TPHg, BTEX, the five fuel oxygenates, 1,2-Dichloroethane (1,2-DCA), ethylene dibromide (EDB), methanol, and ethanol. TPHg was only detected in wells MW-1 through MW-3 (up to 230 $\mu g/L$). Benzene was only detected in wells MW-1 (1.5 $\mu g/L$), MW-2 (3 $\mu g/L$), and MW-4 (0.63 $\mu g/L$). Methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) was also only detected in wells MW-1 (2.1 $\mu g/L$), MW-2 (26 $\mu g/L$), and MW-3 (2.4 $\mu g/L$). Toluene, ethylbenzene, xylenes, the remaining fuel oxygenates, 1,2-DCA, EDB, methanol, and ethanol were not detected in any of the wells.

September 2006 Well Destruction

In September 2006, Cambria Environmental Technology, Inc. (Cambria [now CRA]) destroyed wells MW-1 through MW-4 with Alameda County Environmental Health (ACEH) approval.

September 2007 Subsurface Investigation

In September 2007, CRA supervised the drilling of cone penetrometer test (CPT) borings CPT-1 and CPT-2 offsite to evaluate the downgradient (southwest) extent of petroleum hydrocarbons in groundwater. The borings were drilled to approximately 35 fbg. Groundwater samples were collected at depths of 15 fbg and 32 fbg from CPT-1 and 15 fbg, 21 fbg, and 34 fbg from CPT-2 and analyzed for TPHg, BTEX, fuel oxygenates, 1,2-DCA, and EDB. No soil samples were collected for laboratory analysis. TPHg was only detected in the samples collected at 21 fbg and 34 fbg from CPT-2 (130 μ g/L and 140 μ g/L, respectively). MTBE was detected in the samples collected at 32 fbg from CPT-1 (6 μ g/L), and at 15, 21, and 34 fbg from CPT-2 (2 μ g/L, 17 μ g/L, and 17 μ g/L, respectively). BTEX, other fuel oxygenates, 1,2-DCA, and EDB were not detected in any of the groundwater samples. Based on the analytical results, the downgradient extent of impacted groundwater appeared to have been adequately defined. Further details of the investigation were presented in CRA's December 3, 2007 Subsurface Investigation Report and Closure Request.

3

CRA 611967 (3)-ATTB

ATTACHMENT C WELL PERMIT AND BORING LOGS

Alameda County Public Works Agency - Water Resources Well Permit



399 Elmhurst Street Hayward, CA 94544-1395 Telephone: (510)670-6633 Fax:(510)782-1939

Application Approved on: 10/07/2010 By jamesy

Permit Numbers: W2010-0727 Permits Valid from 10/18/2010 to 10/20/2010

Application Id: 1286484326778 City of Project Site:Castro Valley

Site Location: 3369 Castro Valley Blvd, Castro Valley, CA

Project Start Date: 10/18/2010 Completion Date:10/20/2010

Assigned Inspector: Contact John Shouldice at (510) 670-5424 or johns@acpwa.org

Applicant: Conestoga-Rovers Associates - Chris Benedict Phone: 916-889-8900

10969 Trade Center Dr, Ste 107, Rancho Cordova, CA 95670

Property Owner: Tula Gallanes & Anna Counelis

109 Casa Vieja Place, Orinda, CA 94563

Client: Phone: --

6001 Bollinger Canyon Rd, San Ramon, CA 94583

Total Due: \$265.00

Phone: --

Receipt Number: WR2010-0337 Total Amount Paid: \$265.00

Payer Name : Conestoga Rovers Associates Paid By: CHECK PAID IN FULL

Works Requesting Permits:

Remediation Well Construction-Vapor Remediation Well - 3 Wells

Driller: Penecore - Lic #: 906899 - Method: Hand Work Total: \$265.00

Specifications

Permit #	Issued Date	Expire Date	Owner Well Id	Hole Diam.	Casing Diam.	Seal Depth	Max. Depth
W2010- 0727	10/07/2010	01/16/2011	VP1	3.25 in.	0.25 in.	0.50 ft	6.00 ft
W2010- 0727	10/07/2010	01/16/2011	VP2	3.25 in.	0.25 in.	0.50 ft	6.00 ft
W2010- 0727	10/07/2010	01/16/2011	VP3	3.25 in.	0.25 in.	0.50 ft	6.00 ft

Specific Work Permit Conditions

- 1. Permittee shall assume entire responsibility for all activities and uses under this permit and shall indemnify, defend and save the Alameda County Public Works Agency, its officers, agents, and employees free and harmless from any and all expense, cost, liability in connection with or resulting from the exercise of this Permit including, but not limited to, properly damage, personal injury and wrongful death.
- 2. Permittee, permittee's contractors, consultants or agents shall be responsible to assure that all material or waters generated during drilling, boring destruction, and/or other activities associated with this Permit will be safely handled, properly managed, and disposed of according to all applicable federal, state, and local statutes regulating such. In no case shall these materials and/or waters be allowed to enter, or potentially enter, on or off-site storm sewers, dry wells, or waterways or be allowed to move off the property where work is being completed.
- 3. Compliance with the well-sealing specifications shall not exempt the well-sealing contractor from complying with appropriate State reporting-requirements related to well construction or destruction (Sections 13750 through 13755 (Division 7, Chapter 10, Article 3) of the California Water Code). Contractor must complete State DWR Form 188 and mail original to the Alameda County Public Works Agency, Water Resources Section, within 60 days. Including permit number and site map.
- 4. Applicant shall submit the copies of the approved encroachment permit to this office within 60 days.

Alameda County Public Works Agency - Water Resources Well Permit

- 5. Minimum seal depth (Neat Cement Seal) is 2 feet below ground surface (BGS).
- 6. Minimum surface seal thickness is two inches of cement grout placed by tremie
- 7. Copy of approved drilling permit must be on site at all times. Failure to present or show proof of the approved permit application on site shall result in a fine of \$500.00.
- 8. Prior to any drilling activities onto any public right-of-ways, it shall be the applicants responsibilities to contact and coordinate a Underground Service Alert (USA), obtain encroachment permit(s), excavation permit(s) or any other permits required for that City or to the County and follow all City or County Ordinances. It shall also be the applicants responsibilities to provide to the Cities or to Alameda County a Traffic Safety Plan for any lane closures or detours planned. No work shall begin until all the permits and requirements have been approved or obtained.
- 9. Applicant shall contact John Shouldice for an inspection time at 510-670-5424 at least five (5) working days prior to starting, once the permit has been approved. Confirm the scheduled date(s) at least 24 hours prior to drilling.

BORING/WELL LOG



Conestoga-Rovers & Associates 10969 Trade Center Drive Suite 107 Rancho Cordova, CA 95670 Telephone: (916) 889-8900

Fax: (916) 889-8999

BORING/WELL NAME CLIENT NAME Chevron Environmental Management Co. VP-1 JOB/SITE NAME 9-4930 **DRILLING STARTED** 18-Oct-10 DRILLING COMPLETED 18-Oct-10 LOCATION 3369 Castro Valley Boulevard, Castro Valley, CA 611967 WELL DEVELOPMENT DATE (YIELD) NA **PROJECT NUMBER DRILLER** PeneCore Drilling **GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION** Not Surveyed DRILLING METHOD Hand-Auger/Direct Push TOP OF CASING ELEVATION Not Surveyed 5.375 to 5.5 fbg BORING DIAMETER _ 3.25 inch/2 inch SCREENED INTERVAL LOGGED BY C. Benedict DEPTH TO WATER (First Encountered) J. Kiernan, PE# C68498 REVIEWED BY **DEPTH TO WATER (Static)** NA **REMARKS**

CONTACT DEPTH (fbg) GRAPHIC LOG PID (ppm) BLOW EXTENT U.S.C.S. DEPTH (fbg) SAMPLE LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION WELL DIAGRAM 3" Asphalt 0.3 FILL: Silty GRAVEL with sand; brown; dry. Concrete Color change to grey at 1.25 fbg. Portland Type 1/11 WELL LOG (PID) I:\PROJEC-2\6-CHAR\61--\6119-\611967\611967-3\611967-3\611967-BORING LOGS.GPJ DEFAULT.GDT 11/15/10 1/4"-inner diam. Nylaflow® tubing Hvdrated Bentonite Gel 3" Dry Granular Bentonite 0 1 1/2" stainless steel diffuser Monterey Sand #2/12

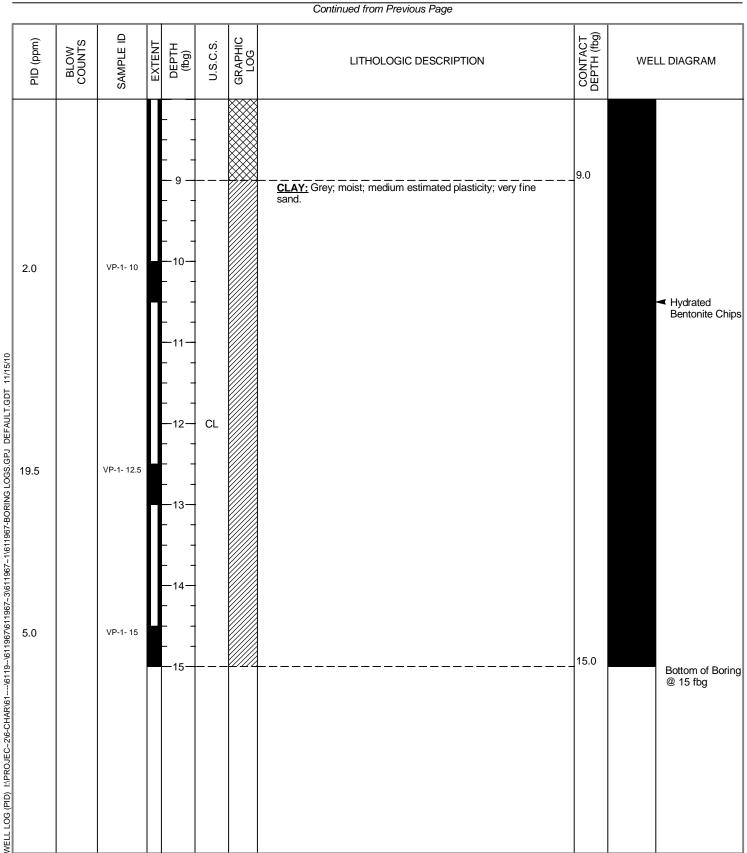
BORING/WELL LOG

PAGE 2 OF 2



Conestoga-Rovers & Associates 10969 Trade Center Drive Suite 107 Rancho Cordova, CA 95670 Telephone: (916) 889-8900 Fax: (916) 889-8999

BORING/WELL NAME VP-1 **CLIENT NAME** Chevron Environmental Management Co. JOB/SITE NAME 9-4930 **DRILLING STARTED** 18-Oct-10 DRILLING COMPLETED 18-Oct-10 **LOCATION** 3369 Castro Valley Boulevard, Castro Valley, CA



BORING/WELL LOG



REMARKS

Conestoga-Rovers & Associates 10969 Trade Center Drive Suite 107 Rancho Cordova, CA 95670 Telephone: (916) 889-8900

Fax: (916) 889-8999

BORING/WELL NAME VP-2 **CLIENT NAME** Chevron Environmental Management Co. JOB/SITE NAME 9-4930 **DRILLING STARTED** 3369 Castro Valley Boulevard, Castro Valley, CA LOCATION 611967 PROJECT NUMBER **DRILLER** PeneCore Drilling **GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION** DRILLING METHOD Hand-auger SCREENED INTERVAL BORING DIAMETER _ 3.25 inch LOGGED BY C. Benedict J. Kiernan, PE# C68498 REVIEWED BY **DEPTH TO WATER (Static)**

19-Oct-10 DRILLING COMPLETED 19-Oct-10 WELL DEVELOPMENT DATE (YIELD) NA Not Surveyed TOP OF CASING ELEVATION Not Surveyed 5.375 to 5.5 fbg DEPTH TO WATER (First Encountered) NA NA

CONTACT DEPTH (fbg) GRAPHIC LOG PID (ppm) BLOW U.S.C.S. EXTENT DEPTH (fbg) SAMPLE LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION WELL DIAGRAM 3" Asphalt 0.3 FILL: GRAVEL with silt and sand; brown; moist. Concrete Portland Type 1/11 WELL LOG (PID) I:\PROJEC-2\6-CHAR\61--\6119-\611967\611967-3\611967-3\611967-BORING LOGS.GPJ DEFAULT.GDT 11/15/10 1/4"-inner diam. Nylaflow® tubing Hydrated Bentonite Gel 3" Dry Granular Bentonite 0 VP-2- 5.5 1 1/2" stainless steel diffuser Monterey Sand #2/12 Bottom of Boring @ 6 fbg

PAGE 1 OF

BORING/WELL LOG



REMARKS

Conestoga-Rovers & Associates 10969 Trade Center Drive Suite 107 Rancho Cordova, CA 95670 Telephone: (916) 889-8900 Fax: (916) 889-8999

CLIENT NAME Chevron Environmental Management Co. JOB/SITE NAME 9-4930 3369 Castro Valley Boulevard, Castro Valley, CA LOCATION 611967 **PROJECT NUMBER DRILLER** PeneCore Drilling DRILLING METHOD Hand-auger BORING DIAMETER _ 3.25 inch LOGGED BY C. Benedict J. Kiernan, PE# C68498 REVIEWED BY

BORING/WELL NAME VP-3 **DRILLING STARTED** 19-Oct-10 DRILLING COMPLETED 19-Oct-10 WELL DEVELOPMENT DATE (YIELD) NA **GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION** Not Surveyed TOP OF CASING ELEVATION Not Surveyed SCREENED INTERVAL 5.375 to 5.5 fbg DEPTH TO WATER (First Encountered) NA **DEPTH TO WATER (Static)** NA

CONTACT DEPTH (fbg) GRAPHIC LOG PID (ppm) BLOW U.S.C.S. EXTENT DEPTH (fbg) SAMPLE LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION WELL DIAGRAM 3" Asphalt 0.3 FILL: GRAVEL with sand; light brown; moist. Concrete Portland Type 1/11 WELL LOG (PID) I:\PROJEC-2\6-CHAR\61--\6119-\611967\611967-3\611967-3\611967-BORING LOGS.GPJ DEFAULT.GDT 11/15/10 1/4"-inner diam. Nylaflow® tubing Hydrated Bentonite Gel 3" Dry Granular Bentonite 0 VP-3- 5.5 1 1/2" stainless steel diffuser Monterey Sand #2/12 Bottom of Boring @ 6 fbg PAGE 1 OF

ATTACHMENT D
STANDARD FIELD PROCEDURES AND VAPOR SAMPLING FIELD DATA SHEETS

STANDARD FIELD PROCEDURES FOR HAND-AUGER SOIL BORINGS

This document describes Conestoga-Rovers & Associates standard field methods for drilling and sampling soil borings using a hand-auger. These procedures are designed to comply with Federal, State and local regulatory guidelines. Specific field procedures are summarized below.

Objectives

Soil samples are collected to characterize subsurface lithology, assess whether the soils exhibit obvious hydrocarbon or other compound vapor odor or staining, estimate ground water depth and quality and to submit samples for chemical analysis.

Soil Classification/Logging

All soil samples are classified according to the Unified Soil Classification System by a trained geologist or engineer working under the supervision of a California Professional Geologist (PG) or a Certified Engineering Geologist (CEG). The following soil properties are noted for each soil sample:

- Principal and secondary grain size category (i.e. sand, silt, clay or gravel)
- Approximate percentage of each grain size category,
- Color.
- Approximate water or product saturation percentage,
- Observed odor and/or discoloration,
- Other significant observations (i.e. cementation, presence of marker horizons, mineralogy), and
- Estimated permeability.

Soil Boring and Sampling

Hand-auger borings are typically drilled using a hand-held bucket auger to remove soil to the desired sampling depth. Samples are collected using lined split-barrel or equivalent samplers driven into undisturbed sediments beyond the bottom of the augered hole. The vertical location of each soil sample is determined using a tape measure. All sample depths use the ground surface immediately adjacent to the boring as a datum. The horizontal location of each boring is measured in the field from an onsite permanent reference using a measuring wheel or tape measure.

Augering and sampling equipment is steam-cleaned prior to drilling and between borings to prevent cross-contamination. Sampling equipment is washed between samples with trisodium phosphate or an equivalent EPA-approved detergent.

Sample Storage, Handling and Transport

Sampling tubes chosen for analysis are trimmed of excess soil and capped with Teflon tape and plastic end caps. Soil samples are labeled and stored at or below 4°C on either crushed or dry ice, depending upon local regulations. Samples are transported under chain-of-custody to a State-certified analytic laboratory.

Field Screening

One of the remaining tubes is partially emptied leaving about one-third of the soil in the tube. The tube is capped with plastic end caps and set aside to allow hydrocarbons to volatilize from the soil. After ten to fifteen minutes, a portable photoionization detector (PID) measures volatile hydrocarbon vapor concentrations in the tube headspace, extracting the vapor through a slit in the cap. PID measurements are used along with the field observations, odors, stratigraphy and ground water depth to select soil samples for analysis.

Water Sampling

Water samples, if they are collected from the boring, are collected from the open borehole using bailers. The ground water samples are decanted into the appropriate containers supplied by the analytic laboratory. Samples are labeled, placed in protective foam sleeves, stored on crushed ice at or below 4°C, and transported under chain-of-custody to the laboratory.

Duplicates and Blanks

Blind duplicate water samples are collected usually collected only for monitoring well sampling programs, at a rate of one blind sample for every 10 wells sampled. Laboratory-supplied trip blanks accompany samples collected for all sampling programs to check for cross-contamination caused by sample handling and transport. These trip blanks are analyzed if the internal laboratory QA/QC blanks contain the suspected field contaminants. An equipment blank may also be analyzed if non-dedicated sampling equipment is used.

Grouting

The borings are filled to the ground surface with cement grout poured or pumped through a tremie pipe.

Waste Handling and Disposal

Soil cuttings from drilling activities are usually stockpiled onsite on top of and covered by plastic sheeting. At least four individual soil samples are collected from the stockpiles for later compositing at the analytic laboratory. The composite sample is analyzed for the same constituents analyzed in the borehole samples. Soil cuttings are transported by licensed waste haulers and disposed in secure, licensed facilities based on the composite analytic results.

Ground water removed during sampling and/or rinsate generated during decontamination procedures are stored onsite in sealed 55-gallon drums. Each drum is labeled with the drum number, date of generation, suspected contents, generator identification and consultant contact. Disposal of the water is based on the analytic results for the well samples. The water is either pumped out using a vacuum truck for transport to a licensed waste treatment/disposal facility or the individual drums are picked up and transported to the waste facility where the drum contents are removed and appropriately disposed.

I:\misc\Templates\SOPs\Hand Auger Borings.doc

STANDARD FIELD PROCEDURES FOR SOIL VAPOR PROBE INSTALLATION AND SAMPLING

VAPOR POINT METHODS

This document describes Conestoga-Rovers & Associates' standard field methods for soil vapor sampling. These procedures are designed to comply with Federal, State and local regulatory guidelines. Specific field procedures are summarized below.

Objectives

Soil vapor samples are collected and analyzed to assess whether vapor-phase subsurface contaminants pose a threat to human health or the environment.

Shallow Soil Vapor Point Installation

The shallow soil vapor point method for soil vapor sampling utilizes a hand auger or drill rig to advance a boring for the installation of a soil vapor sampling point. Once the boring is hand augered to the final depth, a probe, connected with Swagelok fittings to nylon or Teflon tubing of ¼-inch outer-diameter, is placed within 12-inches of number 2/16 filter sand (Figure A). A 12-inch layer of dry granular bentonite is placed on top of the filter pack. Pre-hydrated granular bentonite is then poured to fill the borehole. The tube is coiled and placed within a wellbox finished flush to the surface. Soil vapor samples will be collected no sooner than 48 hours after installation of the soil vapor points to allow adequate time for representative soil vapors to accumulate. Soil vapor sample collection will not be scheduled until after a minimum of three consecutive precipitation-free days and irrigation onsite has ceased. Figure B shows the soil vapor sampling apparatus. A measured volume of air will be purged from the tubing using a different Summa purge canister. Immediately after purging, soil vapor samples will be collected using the appropriate size Summa canister with attached flow regulator and sediment filter. The soil vapor points will be preserved until they are no longer needed for risk evaluation purposes. At that time, they will be destroyed by extracting the tubing, hand augering to remove the sand and bentonite, and backfilling the boring with neat cement. The boring will be patched with asphalt or concrete, as appropriate.

Sampling of Soil Vapor Points

Samples will be collected using a SUMMATM canister connected to sampling tubing at each vapor point. Prior to collecting soil vapor samples, the initial vacuum of the canisters is measured and recorded on the chain-of-custody. The vacuum of the SUMMATM canister is used to draw the soil vapor through the flow controller until a negative pressure of approximately 5-inches of Hg is observed on the vacuum gauge and recorded on

the chain-of-custody. The flow controllers should be set to 100-200 ml/minute. Field duplicates should be collected for every day of sampling and/or for every 10 samples collected.

Prior to sample collection, stagnant air in the sampling apparatus should be removed by purging approximately 3 purge volumes. The purge volume is defined as the amount of air within the probe and tubing.

In accordance with the DTSC Advisory-Active Soil Gas Investigations guidance document, dated January 28, 2003, leak testing needs to be performed during sampling. Helium is recommended, although shaving cream is acceptable.

Vapor Sample Storage, Handling, and Transport

Samples are stored and transported under chain-of-custody to a state-certified analytic laboratory. Samples should never be cooled due to the possibility of condensation within the canister.

STANDARD FIELD PROCEDURES FOR SOIL BORING AND MONITORING WELL INSTALLATION

This document presents standard field methods for drilling and sampling soil borings and installing, developing and sampling groundwater monitoring wells. These procedures are designed to comply with Federal, State and local regulatory guidelines. Specific field procedures are summarized below.

SOIL BORINGS

Objectives

Soil samples are collected to characterize subsurface lithology, assess whether the soils exhibit obvious hydrocarbon or other compound vapor or staining, and to collect samples for analysis at a State-certified laboratory. All borings are logged using the Unified Soil Classification System by a trained geologist working under the supervision of a California Professional Geologist (PG).

Soil Boring and Sampling

Soil borings are typically drilled using hollow-stem augers or direct-push technologies such as the Geoprobe®. Soil samples are collected at least every five ft to characterize the subsurface sediments and for possible chemical analysis. Additional soil samples are collected near the water table and at lithologic changes. Samples are collected using lined split-barrel or equivalent samplers driven into undisturbed sediments at the bottom of the borehole.

Drilling and sampling equipment is steam-cleaned prior to drilling and between borings to prevent cross-contamination. Sampling equipment is washed between samples with trisodium phosphate or an equivalent EPA-approved detergent.

Sample Analysis

Sampling tubes chosen for analysis are trimmed of excess soil and capped with Teflon tape and plastic end caps. Soil samples are labeled and stored at or below 4° C on either crushed or dry ice, depending upon local regulations. Samples are transported under chain-of-custody to a State-certified analytic laboratory.

Field Screening

One of the remaining tubes is partially emptied leaving about one-third of the soil in the tube. The tube is capped with plastic end caps and set aside to allow hydrocarbons to volatilize from the soil. After ten to fifteen minutes, a portable volatile vapor analyzer measures volatile hydrocarbon vapor concentrations in the tube headspace, extracting the vapor through a slit in the cap. Volatile vapor analyzer measurements are used along with the field observations, odors, stratigraphy and groundwater depth to select soil samples for analysis.

Water Sampling

Water samples, if they are collected from the boring, are either collected using a driven Hydropunch® type sampler or are collected from the open borehole using bailers. The groundwater samples are decanted into the appropriate containers supplied by the analytic laboratory. Samples are labeled, placed in protective foam sleeves, stored on crushed ice at or below 4°C, and transported under chain-of-custody to the laboratory. Laboratory-supplied trip blanks accompany the samples and are analyzed to check for cross-contamination. An equipment blank may be analyzed if non-dedicated sampling equipment is used.

Grouting

If the borings are not completed as wells, the borings are filled to the ground surface with cement grout poured or pumped through a tremie pipe.

MONITORING WELL INSTALLATION, DEVELOPMENT AND SAMPLING

Well Construction and Surveying

Groundwater monitoring wells are installed to monitor groundwater quality and determine the groundwater elevation, flow direction and gradient. Well depths and screen lengths are based on groundwater depth, occurrence of hydrocarbons or other compounds in the borehole, stratigraphy and State and local regulatory guidelines. Well screens typically extend 10 to 15 feet below and 5 feet above the static water level at the time of drilling. However, the well screen will generally not extend into or through a clay layer that is at least three feet thick.

Well casing and screen are flush-threaded, Schedule 40 PVC. Screen slot size varies according to the sediments screened, but slots are generally 0.010 or 0.020 inches wide. A rinsed and graded sand occupies the annular space between the boring and the well screen to about one to two feet above the well screen. A two feet thick hydrated bentonite seal separates the sand from the overlying sanitary surface seal composed of Portland type I, II cement.

Well-heads are secured by locking well-caps inside traffic-rated vaults finished flush with the ground surface. A stovepipe may be installed between the well-head and the vault cap for additional security.

The well top-of-casing elevation is surveyed with respect to mean sea level and the well is surveyed for horizontal location with respect to an onsite or nearby offsite landmark.

Well Development

Wells are generally developed using a combination of groundwater surging and extraction. Surging agitates the groundwater and dislodges fine sediments from the sand pack. After about ten minutes of surging, groundwater is extracted from the well using bailing, pumping and/or reverse air-lifting through an eductor pipe to remove the sediments from the well. Surging and extraction continue until at least ten well-casing volumes of groundwater are extracted and the sediment volume in the groundwater is negligible. This process usually occurs prior to installing the sanitary surface seal to ensure sand pack stabilization. If development occurs after surface seal installation, then development occurs 24 to 72 hours after seal installation to ensure that the Portland cement has set up correctly.

All equipment is steam-cleaned prior to use and air used for air-lifting is filtered to prevent oil entrained in the compressed air from entering the well. Wells that are developed using air-lift evacuation are not sampled until at least 24 hours after they are developed.

Groundwater Sampling

Depending on local regulatory guidelines, three to four well-casing volumes of groundwater are purged prior to sampling. Purging continues until groundwater pH, conductivity, and temperature have stabilized. Groundwater samples are collected using bailers or pumps and are decanted into the appropriate containers supplied by the analytic laboratory. Samples are labeled, placed in protective foam sleeves, stored on crushed ice at or below 4°C, and transported under chain-of-custody to the laboratory. Laboratory-supplied trip blanks accompany the samples and are analyzed to check for cross-contamination. An equipment blank may be analyzed if non-dedicated sampling equipment is used.

Waste Handling and Disposal

Soil cuttings from drilling activities are usually stockpiled onsite and covered by plastic sheeting. At least three individual soil samples are collected from the stockpiles and composited at the analytic laboratory. The composite sample is analyzed for the same constituents analyzed in the borehole samples in addition to any analytes required by the receiving disposal facility. Soil cuttings are transported by licensed waste haulers and disposed in secure, licensed facilities based on the composite analytic results.

Groundwater removed during development and sampling is typically stored onsite in sealed 55-gallon drums. Each drum is labeled with the drum number, date of generation, suspected contents, generator identification and consultant contact. Upon receipt of analytic results, the water is either pumped out using a vacuum truck for transport to a licensed waste treatment/disposal facility or the individual drums are picked up and transported to the waste facility where the drum contents are removed and appropriately disposed.

SOIL VAPOR SAMPLING DATA SHEET

Soil Vapor Sampli	ng Point ID: √P~(Date:	10/27/10
Job/Site Name:	9-4930 CASTROVALLEY	_Technician:	C. Benedict
Project No.	611967	PM:	J. Kiernan
Site Address:	3369 CASTROVALLES	1 BLVD	
		-	
Vapor Sampling A	pparatus Pressure Testing		
Time	Vacuum Reading	Unit	Comments
823	-29	in/Ha	FAIL
830	124	Fm/Hs	FAIL
854	-26	1	
904	-24		PASS
•			
	-		
Purge Volume			
=	olume: ~ loomL		
	1		
Time	Flow	Volume	PID Reading
905	147 mymin	N/00 mL	
Sample Collection			
Flow Control Orific	e Setting: 167 m/mi.	Summa Canister	ID: 9516
Summa Canister Siz	ze:/	Analysis:	
Time - Begin		Time - End	
Sampling	Canister Vacuum	Sampling	Canister Vacuum
904	-21	912	-7
Notes: He 1/2 ~	15%		
	•		

SOIL VAPOR SAMPLING DATA SHEET

Soil Vapor Sampli	ng Point ID: VP-Z/DURE	Date:	10/27/10
Job/Site Name:	9-4930 CASTED VALLEY	Technician:	C. Benedict
Project No.	611967	PM:	J. Kiernan
Site Address:	336 9 CASTED VALLEY	BLUD.	

Vapor Sampling A	pparatus Pressure Testing		
Time	Vacuum Reading	Unit	Comments
921	-28	in/Ita	
931	B .	, ,	PAS
			3
			·
	,		
Purge Volume	·	1	
Calculated Purge V	olume WOOLL		
F	T		
Time	Flow	Volume	PID Reading
932	167 ml/min	100x2	
			·
Sample Collection			,
	e Setting: 167 Mc/min	Summa Canister I	ID: 11834/36414
Summa Canister Siz	/ 1	Analysis:	
Time - Begin		Time - End	
Sampling	Canister Vacuum	Sampling	Canister Vacuum
935	-29 14/2	942	-8,1/4.
Notes: 40% =	1 1c-0/-	· ·	' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '
110/	<u> </u>		
<u> </u>		<u>.</u>	
	<u>-</u>		

SOIL VAPOR SAMPLING DATA SHEET

Soil Vapor Samp	ling Point ID: V °- }	Date:	10/27/0			
Job/Site Name:	9-4930 CASEDVALLEY	Technician:	C. Benedict			
Project No.	61967	_PM:	J. Kiernan			
Site Address:	3344 CASTROVALLRY	BLVQ				
Vapor Sampling	Apparatus Pressure Testing					
Time	Vacuum Reading	Unit	Comments			
952	-27.5	inlus				
453 1003	-27.5 -27.5	s'ully	PAS			
Purge Volume						
_	Volume: ~100aL					
	<u> </u>	77 1	DID D. II			
Time	Flow 147 m/mn	Volume	PID Reading			
1005	147 mm	100 mL				
	-					
		-				
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
			<u> </u>			
Sample Collection	, .		1001			
	ice Setting: 167 nt/min	Summa Canist	er ID: 1371			
Summa Canister S	Size:	Analysis:				
Time - Begin Sampling	Canister Vacuum	Time - End Sampling	Canister Vacuum			
1006	-29	1015	-7			
Notes:	1 = 186h					
-(12)		<u>-</u>				
.	···	•				
·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>				
	-					

ATTACHMENT E LABORATORY REPORTS



2425 New Holland Pike, PO Box 12425, Lancaster, PA 17605-2425 •717-656-2300 Fax:717-656-2681 • www.lancasterlabs.com

ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Prepared by:

Prepared for:

Lancaster Laboratories 2425 New Holland Pike Lancaster, PA 17605-2425 Chevron c/o CRA Suite 107 10969 Trade Center Drive Rancho Cordova CA 95670

October 29, 2010

Project: 94930

Submittal Date: 10/21/2010 Group Number: 1217434 PO Number: 94930 Release Number: MTI State of Sample Origin: CA

Client Sample Description	Lancaster Labs (LLI) #
VP-1-S-10-101018 Grab Soil	6118636
VP-1-S-12.5-101018 Grab Soil	6118637
VP-1-S-15-101018 Grab Soil	6118638
VP-2-S-5.5-101019 Grab Soil	6118639
VP-3-S-5.5-101019 Grab Soil	6118640

The specific methodologies used in obtaining the enclosed analytical results are indicated on the Laboratory Sample Analysis Record.

ELECTRONIC Chevron c/o CRA Attn: CRA EDD

COPY TO

ELECTRONIC Chevron c/o CRA Attn: James Kiernan

COPY TO



2425 New Holland Pike, PO Box 12425, Lancaster, PA 17605-2425 •717-656-2300 Fax: 717-656-2681 • www.lancasterlabs.com

Questions? Contact your Client Services Representative Natalie R Luciano at (717) 656-2300 Ext. 1881

Respectfully Submitted,

Tracy A. Cole Tracy A. Cole Senior Specialist



2425 New Holland Pike, PO Box 12425, Lancaster, PA 17605-2425 •717-656-2300 Fax: 717-656-2681 • www.lancasterlabs.com

Page 1 of 1

Sample Description: VP-1-S-10-101018 Grab Soil

Facility# 94930 MTI# 611967 CRAW

3369 Castro Valley-Castro Valley T0600100137 VP-1

LLI Sample # SW 6118636 LLI Group # 1217434 Account # 11997

Project Name: 94930

Collected: 10/18/2010 08:35 by CB Chevron c/o CRA

Suite 107

 Submitted: 10/21/2010 08:50
 10969 Trade Center Drive

 Reported: 10/29/2010 14:40
 Rancho Cordova CA 95670

CV110

CAT No.	Analysis Name		CAS Number	As Received Result	As Received Method Detection Limit*	As Received Limit of Quantitation	Dilution Factor
GC/MS	Volatiles	SW-846	8260B	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	
10950	Benzene		71-43-2	0.0008	0.0005	0.005	1.01
10950	Ethylbenzene		100-41-4	N.D.	0.001	0.005	1.01
10950	Methyl Tertiary Bu	tyl Ether	1634-04-4	0.0007	0.0005	0.005	1.01
10950	Toluene		108-88-3	N.D.	0.001	0.005	1.01
10950	Xylene (Total)		1330-20-7	N.D.	0.001	0.005	1.01
GC Vol	latiles	SW-846	8015B modified	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	
01725	TPH-GRO N. CA soil	C6-C12	n.a.	16	1	1	24.85

General Sample Comments

State of California Lab Certification No. 2501

All QC is compliant unless otherwise noted. Please refer to the Quality Control Summary for overall QC performance data and associated samples.

CAT No.	Analysis Name	Method	Trial#	Batch#	Analysis Date and Ti	me	Analyst	Dilution Factor
00374	GC/MS - Bulk Sample Prep	SW-846 5030A	1	201029522681	10/22/2010	11:00	Larry E Bevins	n.a.
00374	GC/MS - Bulk Sample Prep	SW-846 5030A	2	201029522681	10/22/2010	11:00	Larry E Bevins	n.a.
06646	GC/MS HL Bulk Sample Prep	SW-846 5030A	1	201029522681	10/22/2010	10:45	Larry E Bevins	n.a.
10950	BTEX/MTBE 8260 Soil	SW-846 8260B	1	B103011AA	10/28/2010	09:20	Kathrine K Muramatsu	1.01
01150	GC - Bulk Soil Prep	SW-846 5030A	1	201029522681	10/22/2010	10:45	Larry E Bevins	n.a.
01725	TPH-GRO N. CA soil C6-C12	SW-846 8015B modified	1	10295A33A	10/22/2010	22:38	Marie D John	24.85



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Page 1 of 1

Sample Description: VP-1-S-12.5-101018 Grab Soil

Facility# 94930 MTI# 611967 CRAW

3369 Castro Valley-Castro Valley T0600100137 VP-1

LLI Sample # SW 6118637

LLI Group # 1217434 Account # 11997

Project Name: 94930

Collected: 10/18/2010 08:36 by CB Chevron c/o CRA

Suite 107

 Submitted: 10/21/2010 08:50
 10969 Trade Center Drive

 Reported: 10/29/2010 14:40
 Rancho Cordova CA 95670

CV112

CAT No.	Analysis Name		CAS Number	As Received Result	As Received Method Detection Limit*	As Received Limit of Quantitation	Dilution Factor
GC/MS	Volatiles	SW-846	8260B	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	
10950	Benzene		71-43-2	N.D.	0.0005	0.005	0.99
10950	Ethylbenzene		100-41-4	N.D.	0.001	0.005	0.99
10950	Methyl Tertiary Bu	utyl Ether	1634-04-4	0.0006	0.0005	0.005	0.99
10950	Toluene		108-88-3	N.D.	0.001	0.005	0.99
10950	Xylene (Total)		1330-20-7	N.D.	0.001	0.005	0.99
GC Vol	latiles	SW-846	8015B modified	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	
01725	TPH-GRO N. CA soil	l C6-C12	n.a.	N.D.	1	1	24.53

General Sample Comments

State of California Lab Certification No. 2501

All QC is compliant unless otherwise noted. Please refer to the Quality Control Summary for overall QC performance data and associated samples.

CAT No.	Analysis Name	Method	Trial#	Batch#	Analysis Date and Ti	me	Analyst	Dilution Factor
00374	GC/MS - Bulk Sample Prep	SW-846 5030A	1	201029522681	10/22/2010	11:00	Larry E Bevins	n.a.
00374	GC/MS - Bulk Sample Prep	SW-846 5030A	2	201029522681	10/22/2010	11:00	Larry E Bevins	n.a.
06646	GC/MS HL Bulk Sample Prep	SW-846 5030A	1	201029522681	10/22/2010	10:48	Larry E Bevins	n.a.
10950	BTEX/MTBE 8260 Soil	SW-846 8260B	1	B103011AA	10/28/2010	04:50	Kathrine K Muramatsu	0.99
01150	GC - Bulk Soil Prep	SW-846 5030A	1	201029522681	10/22/2010	10:49	Larry E Bevins	n.a.
01725	TPH-GRO N. CA soil C6-C12	SW-846 8015B modified	1	10295A33A	10/22/2010	23:15	Marie D John	24.53



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Page 1 of 1

Sample Description: VP-1-S-15-101018 Grab Soil

Facility# 94930 MTI# 611967 CRAW

3369 Castro Valley-Castro Valley T0600100137 VP-1

LLI Sample # SW 6118638 LLI Group # 1217434 Account # 11997

Project Name: 94930

Collected: 10/18/2010 08:37 by CB Chevron c/o CRA

Suite 107

 Submitted: 10/21/2010 08:50
 10969 Trade Center Drive

 Reported: 10/29/2010 14:40
 Rancho Cordova CA 95670

CV115

CAT No.	Analysis Name		CAS Number	As Received Result	As Received Method Detection Limit*	As Received Limit of Quantitation	Dilution Factor
GC/MS	Volatiles	SW-846	8260B	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	
10950	Benzene		71-43-2	N.D.	0.0005	0.005	0.97
10950	Ethylbenzene		100-41-4	N.D.	0.001	0.005	0.97
10950	Methyl Tertiary Bu	utyl Ether	1634-04-4	0.0007	0.0005	0.005	0.97
10950	Toluene		108-88-3	N.D.	0.001	0.005	0.97
10950	Xylene (Total)		1330-20-7	N.D.	0.001	0.005	0.97
GC Vol	latiles	SW-846	8015B modified	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	
01725	TPH-GRO N. CA soil	l C6-C12	n.a.	N.D.	1.0	1.0	25.77

General Sample Comments

State of California Lab Certification No. 2501

All QC is compliant unless otherwise noted. Please refer to the Quality Control Summary for overall QC performance data and associated samples.

CAT No.	Analysis Name	Method	Trial#	Batch#	Analysis Date and Ti	me	Analyst	Dilution Factor
00374	GC/MS - Bulk Sample Prep	SW-846 5030A	1	201029522681	10/22/2010	11:00	Larry E Bevins	n.a.
00374	GC/MS - Bulk Sample Prep	SW-846 5030A	2	201029522681	10/22/2010	11:00	Larry E Bevins	n.a.
06646	GC/MS HL Bulk Sample Prep	SW-846 5030A	1	201029522681	10/22/2010	10:51	Larry E Bevins	n.a.
10950	BTEX/MTBE 8260 Soil	SW-846 8260B	1	B103011AA	10/28/2010	05:13	Kathrine K Muramatsu	0.97
01150	GC - Bulk Soil Prep	SW-846 5030A	1	201029522681	10/22/2010	10:51	Larry E Bevins	n.a.
01725	TPH-GRO N. CA soil C6-C12	SW-846 8015B modified	1	10295A33A	10/22/2010	23:52	Marie D John	25.77



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Page 1 of 1

Sample Description: VP-2-S-5.5-101019 Grab Soil

Facility# 94930 MTI# 611967 CRAW

3369 Castro Valley-Castro Valley T0600100137 VP-2

LLI Sample # SW 6118639 LLI Group # 1217434 Account # 11997

Project Name: 94930

Collected: 10/19/2010 08:30 by CB Chevron c/o CRA

Suite 107

 Submitted: 10/21/2010 08:50
 10969 Trade Center Drive

 Reported: 10/29/2010 14:40
 Rancho Cordova CA 95670

CV2-5

CAT No.	Analysis Name		CAS Number	As Received Result	As Received Method Detection Limit*	As Received Limit of Quantitation	Dilution Factor
GC/MS	Volatiles	SW-846	8260B	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	
10950	Benzene		71-43-2	N.D.	0.0005	0.005	0.96
10950	Ethylbenzene		100-41-4	N.D.	0.001	0.005	0.96
10950	Methyl Tertiary But	yl Ether	1634-04-4	N.D.	0.0005	0.005	0.96
10950	Toluene		108-88-3	N.D.	0.001	0.005	0.96
10950	Xylene (Total)		1330-20-7	N.D.	0.001	0.005	0.96
GC Vol	latiles	SW-846	8015B modified	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	
01725	TPH-GRO N. CA soil	C6-C12	n.a.	N.D.	1.0	1.0	25.88

General Sample Comments

State of California Lab Certification No. 2501

All QC is compliant unless otherwise noted. Please refer to the Quality Control Summary for overall QC performance data and associated samples.

CAT No.	Analysis Name	Method	Trial#	Batch#	Analysis Date and Tir	me	Analyst	Dilution Factor
00374	GC/MS - Bulk Sample Prep	SW-846 5030A	1	201029522681	10/22/2010	11:00	Larry E Bevins	n.a.
00374	GC/MS - Bulk Sample Prep	SW-846 5030A	2	201029522681	10/22/2010	11:00	Larry E Bevins	n.a.
06646	GC/MS HL Bulk Sample Prep	SW-846 5030A	1	201029522681	10/22/2010	10:54	Larry E Bevins	n.a.
10950	BTEX/MTBE 8260 Soil	SW-846 8260B	1	B103011AA	10/28/2010	05:36	Kathrine K Muramatsu	0.96
01150	GC - Bulk Soil Prep	SW-846 5030A	1	201029522681	10/22/2010	10:54	Larry E Bevins	n.a.
01725	TPH-GRO N. CA soil C6-C12	SW-846 8015B modified	1	10295A33A	10/23/2010	00:29	Marie D John	25.88



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Page 1 of 1

Sample Description: VP-3-S-5.5-101019 Grab Soil

Facility# 94930 MTI# 611967 CRAW

3369 Castro Valley-Castro Valley T0600100137 VP-3

LLI Sample # SW 6118640 LLI Group # 1217434 Account # 11997

Project Name: 94930

Collected: 10/19/2010 07:55 by CB Chevron c/o CRA

Suite 107

 Submitted: 10/21/2010 08:50
 10969 Trade Center Drive

 Reported: 10/29/2010 14:40
 Rancho Cordova CA 95670

CV3-5

CAT No.	Analysis Name		CAS Number	As Received Result	As Received Method Detection Limit*	As Received Limit of Quantitation	Dilution Factor
GC/MS	Volatiles	SW-846	8260B	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	
10950	Benzene		71-43-2	N.D.	0.0005	0.005	1
10950	Ethylbenzene		100-41-4	N.D.	0.001	0.005	1
10950	Methyl Tertiary But	yl Ether	1634-04-4	N.D.	0.0005	0.005	1
10950	Toluene		108-88-3	N.D.	0.001	0.005	1
10950	Xylene (Total)		1330-20-7	N.D.	0.001	0.005	1
GC Vol	latiles	SW-846	8015B modified	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	
01725	TPH-GRO N. CA soil	C6-C12	n.a.	N.D.	1.0	1.0	25.25

General Sample Comments

State of California Lab Certification No. 2501

All QC is compliant unless otherwise noted. Please refer to the Quality Control Summary for overall QC performance data and associated samples.

CAT No.	Analysis Name	Method	Trial#	Batch#	Analysis Date and Time	Analyst	Dilution Factor
00374	GC/MS - Bulk Sample Prep	SW-846 5030A	1	201029522681	10/22/2010 11:	00 Larry E Bevins	n.a.
00374	GC/MS - Bulk Sample Prep	SW-846 5030A	2	201029522681	10/22/2010 11:	00 Larry E Bevins	n.a.
06646	GC/MS HL Bulk Sample Prep	SW-846 5030A	1	201029522681	10/22/2010 10:	57 Larry E Bevins	n.a.
10950	BTEX/MTBE 8260 Soil	SW-846 8260B	1	B103011AA	10/28/2010 05:	58 Kathrine K Muramatsu	1
01150	GC - Bulk Soil Prep	SW-846 5030A	1	201029522681	10/22/2010 10:	57 Larry E Bevins	n.a.
01725	TPH-GRO N. CA soil C6-C12	SW-846 8015B modified	1	10295A33A	10/23/2010 01:	06 Marie D John	25.25



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Page 1 of 2

Quality Control Summary

Client Name: Chevron c/o CRA Group Number: 1217434

Reported: 10/29/10 at 02:40 PM

Matrix QC may not be reported if site-specific QC samples were not submitted. In these situations, to demonstrate precision and accuracy at a batch level, a LCS/LCSD was performed, unless otherwise specified in the method.

Laboratory Compliance Quality Control

Analysis Name	Blank <u>Result</u>	Blank MDL**	Blank <u>LOO</u>	Report <u>Units</u>	LCS %REC	LCSD %REC	LCS/LCSD <u>Limits</u>	RPD	RPD Max
Batch number: B103011AA	Sample nu	umber(s): 6	118636-61	18640					
Benzene	N.D.	0.0005	0.005	mg/kg	91	89	80-120	2	30
Ethylbenzene	N.D.	0.001	0.005	mg/kg	92	93	80-120	0	30
Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether	N.D.	0.0005	0.005	mg/kg	97	97	74-121	1	30
Toluene	N.D.	0.001	0.005	mg/kg	89	89	80-120	0	30
Xylene (Total)	N.D.	0.001	0.005	mg/kg	93	94	80-120	1	30
Batch number: 10295A33A	Sample nu	umber(s): 6	118636-61	18640					
TPH-GRO N. CA soil C6-C12	N.D.	1.0	1.0	mg/kg	89	78	67-119	14	30

Sample Matrix Quality Control

Unspiked (UNSPK) = the sample used in conjunction with the matrix spike Background (BKG) = the sample used in conjunction with the duplicate

RPD

Surrogate Quality Control

Surrogate recoveries which are outside of the QC window are confirmed unless attributed to dilution or otherwise noted on the Analysis Report.

Analysis Name: VOCs by 8260B - Solid

Batch number: B103011AA

	Dibromofluoromethane	1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	Toluene-d8	4-Bromofluorobenzene
6118636	98	94	100	94
6118637	104	99	99	87
6118638	105	99	98	86
6118639	107	105	94	85
6118640	108	102	99	85
Blank	104	104	96	90
LCS	102	105	99	99

*- Outside of specification

- **-This limit was used in the evaluation of the final result for the blank
- (1) The result for one or both determinations was less than five times the LOQ.
- (2) The unspiked result was more than four times the spike added.



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Page 2 of 2

Quality Control Summary

Group Number: 1217434 Client Name: Chevron c/o CRA

Reported: 10/29/10 at 02:40 PM

Surrogate Quality Control

LCSD MS	101 98	101 94	100 104	99 95
Limits:	71-114	70-109	70-123	70-111
	Name: TPH-GRO N. umber: 10295A33A Trifluorotoluene-F	CA soil C6-C12		
6118636 6118637 6118638 6118639 6118640	80 76 77 73 75			

89 LCSD 78

Blank

Limits: 61-122

81

^{*-} Outside of specification

^{**-}This limit was used in the evaluation of the final result for the blank

⁽¹⁾ The result for one or both determinations was less than five times the LOQ.

⁽²⁾ The unspiked result was more than four times the spike added.

Chevron California Region Analysis Request/Chain of Custody

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717	Where quality is a science.	_

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VP-1-15			15	1		<u> </u>	837		X	·	1	X	X.	ļ	ļ .	ļ		\perp			\perp	—				
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Explanation of Symbols and Abbreviations

The following defines common symbols and abbreviations used in reporting technical data:

RL N.D.	Reporting Limit none detected	BMQL MPN	Below Minimum Quantitation Level Most Probable Number
TNTC	Too Numerous To Count	CP Units	cobalt-chloroplatinate units
IU	International Units	NTU	nephelometric turbidity units
umhos/cm	micromhos/cm	ng	nanogram(s)
С	degrees Celsius	F	degrees Fahrenheit
meq	milliequivalents	lb.	pound(s)
g	gram(s)	kg	kilogram(s)
ug	microgram(s)	mg	milligram(s)
ml	milliliter(s)	I	liter(s)
m3	cubic meter(s)	ul	microliter(s)

- < less than The number following the sign is the <u>limit of quantitation</u>, the smallest amount of analyte which can be reliably determined using this specific test.
- > greater than
- J estimated value The result is ≥ the Method Detection Limit (MDL) and < the Limit of Quantitation (LOQ).
- ppm parts per million One ppm is equivalent to one milligram per kilogram (mg/kg), or one gram per million grams. For aqueous liquids, ppm is usually taken to be equivalent to milligrams per liter (mg/l), because one liter of water has a weight very close to a kilogram. For gases or vapors, one ppm is equivalent to one microliter of gas per liter of gas.

Increasic Ovelitions

ppb parts per billion

Dry weightbasis
Results printed under this heading have been adjusted for moisture content. This increases the analyte weight concentration to approximate the value present in a similar sample without moisture. All other results are reported on an as-received basis.

U.S. EPA CLP Data Qualifiers:

	Organic Qualifiers		Inorganic Qualifiers
Α	TIC is a possible aldol-condensation product	В	Value is <crdl, but="" th="" ≥idl<=""></crdl,>
В	Analyte was also detected in the blank	Ε	Estimated due to interference
С	Pesticide result confirmed by GC/MS	M	Duplicate injection precision not met
D	Compound quantitated on a diluted sample	N	Spike sample not within control limits
Ε	Concentration exceeds the calibration range of	S	Method of standard additions (MSA) used
	the instrument		for calculation
N	Presumptive evidence of a compound (TICs only)	U	Compound was not detected
Р	Concentration difference between primary and	W	Post digestion spike out of control limits
	confirmation columns >25%	*	Duplicate analysis not within control limits
U	Compound was not detected	+	Correlation coefficient for MSA < 0.995
X,Y,Z	Defined in case narrative		

Analytical test results meet all requirements of NELAC unless otherwise noted under the individual analysis.

Measurement uncertainty values, as applicable, are available upon request.

Ormania Ovalitiana

Tests results relate only to the sample tested. Clients should be aware that a critical step in a chemical or microbiological analysis is the collection of the sample. Unless the sample analyzed is truly representative of the bulk of material involved, the test results will be meaningless. If you have questions regarding the proper techniques of collecting samples, please contact us. We cannot be held responsible for sample integrity, however, unless sampling has been performed by a member of our staff. This report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of the laboratory.

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Mr. Chris Benedict Conestoga-Rovers Associates (CRA) 10969 Trade Center Dr

Suite 107

11/9/2010

Rancho Cordova CA 95670

Project Name: 9-4930 Castro Valley

Project #: 611967

Workorder #: 1010577C

Dear Mr. Chris Benedict

The following report includes the data for the above referenced project for sample(s) received on 10/27/2010 at Air Toxics Ltd.

The data and associated QC analyzed by Modified TO-3 are compliant with the project requirements or laboratory criteria with the exception of the deviations noted in the attached case narrative.

Thank you for choosing Air Toxics Ltd. for your air analysis needs. Air Toxics Ltd. is committed to providing accurate data of the highest quality. Please feel free to contact the Project Manager: Karen Lopez at 916-985-1000 if you have any questions regarding the data in this report.

Regards,

Karen Lopez

Project Manager

Karenfopez



WORK ORDER #: 1010577C

Work Order Summary

CLIENT: Mr. Chris Benedict BILL TO: Mr. Chris Benedict

Conestoga-Rovers Associates (CRA) Conestoga-Rovers Associates (CRA)

10969 Trade Center Dr 10969 Trade Center Dr

Suite 107 Suite 107

Rancho Cordova, CA 95670 Rancho Cordova, CA 95670

PHONE: 916-889-8925 **P.O.** # 611967-299

FAX: 916-889-8999 **PROJECT** # 611967 9-4930 Castro Valley

DATE RECEIVED: 10/27/2010 **CONTACT:** Karen Lopez **DATE COMPLETED:** 11/01/2010

			RECEIPT	FINAL
FRACTION #	NAME	<u>TEST</u>	VAC./PRES.	PRESSURE
01A	VP-1	Modified TO-3	5.0 "Hg	15 psi
02A	VP-2	Modified TO-3	7.5 "Hg	15 psi
03A	VP-3	Modified TO-3	6.0 "Hg	15 psi
04A	DUPE	Modified TO-3	7.5 "Hg	15 psi
05A	Lab Blank	Modified TO-3	NA	NA
06A	LCS	Modified TO-3	NA	NA
06AA	LCSD	Modified TO-3	NA	NA

CERTIFIED BY:

Linda d. Fruman

DATE: 11/09/10

Laboratory Director

Certfication numbers: CA NELAP - 02110CA, LA NELAP/LELAP - AI 30763, NY NELAP - 11291, UT NELAP - 9166389892, AZ Licensure AZ0719

Name of Accrediting Agency: NELAP/Florida Department of Health, Scope of Application: Clean Air Act,

Accreditation number: E87680, Effective date: 07/01/09, Expiration date: 06/30/11 Air Toxics Ltd. certifies that the test results contained in this report meet all requirements of the NELAC standards

This report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of Air Toxics Ltd.

180 BLUE RAVINE ROAD, SUITE B FOLSOM, CA - 95630 (916) 985-1000 . (800) 985-5955 . FAX (916) 985-1020



LABORATORY NARRATIVE Modified TO-3 Conestoga-Rovers Associates (CRA) Workorder# 1010577C

Four 1 Liter Summa Canister (100% Certified) samples were received on October 27, 2010. The laboratory performed analysis for volatile organic compounds in air via modified EPA Method TO-3 using gas chromatography with flame ionization detection. The method involves concentrating up to 200 mL of sample. The concentrated aliquot is then dry purged to remove water vapor prior to entering the chromatographic system. The TPH (Gasoline Range) results are calculated using the response factor of Gasoline. A molecular weight of 100 is used to convert the TPH (Gasoline Range) ppmv result to ug/m3.

Method modifications taken to run these samples are summarized in the table below. Specific project requirements may over-ride the ATL modifications.

Requirement	TO-3	ATL Modifications
Daily Calibration Standard Frequency	Prior to sample analysis and every 4 - 6 hrs	Prior to sample analysis and after the analytical batch = 20 samples</td
Initial Calibration Calculation	4-point calibration using a linear regression model	5-point calibration using average Response Factor
Initial Calibration Frequency	Weekly	When daily calibration standard recovery is outside 75 - 125 %, or upon significant changes to procedure or instrumentation
Moisture Control	Nafion system	Sorbent system
Minimum Detection Limit (MDL)	Calculated using the equation DL = A+3.3S, where A is intercept of calibration line and S is the standard deviation of at least 3 reps of low level standard	40 CFR Pt. 136 App. B
Preparation of Standards	Levels achieved through dilution of gas mixture	Levels achieved through loading various volumes of the gas mixture

Receiving Notes

There were no receiving discrepancies.

Analytical Notes

Gasoline range hydrocarbons reported in the samples VP-2 and DUPE were quantified by a response factor derived from a commercial Gasoline standard. A single peak in the associated samples elutes in the TPH gasoline Range between C8 to C9 range and contributes to the TPH Gasoline results.



Definition of Data Qualifying Flags

Seven qualifiers may have been used on the data analysis sheets and indicate as follows:

- B Compound present in laboratory blank greater than reporting limit.
- J Estimated value.
- E Exceeds instrument calibration range.
- S Saturated peak.
- Q Exceeds quality control limits.
- U Compound analyzed for but not detected above the detection limit.
- M Reported value may be biased due to apparent matrix interferences.

File extensions may have been used on the data analysis sheets and indicates as follows:

- a-File was requantified
- b-File was quantified by a second column and detector
- r1-File was requantified for the purpose of reissue



Summary of Detected Compounds MODIFIED EPA METHOD TO-3 GC/FID

Client Sample ID: VP-1 Lab ID#: 1010577C-01A

	Rpt. Limit	Amount	Rpt. Limit	Amount	
Compound	(ppmv)	(ppmv)	(ug/m3)	(ug/m3)	
TPH (Gasoline Range)	0.060	0.11	250	440	

Client Sample ID: VP-2 Lab ID#: 1010577C-02A

Compound	Rpt. Limit (ppmv)	Amount (ppmv)	Rpt. Limit (ug/m3)	Amount (ug/m3)	
TPH (Gasoline Range)	0.067	5.0	280	20000	

Client Sample ID: VP-3 Lab ID#: 1010577C-03A

	Rpt. Limit	Amount	Rpt. Limit	Amount
Compound	(ppmv)	(ppmv)	(ug/m3)	(ug/m3)
TPH (Gasoline Range)	0.063	0.35	260	1400

Client Sample ID: DUPE Lab ID#: 1010577C-04A

	Rpt. Limit	Amount	Rpt. Limit	Amount	
Compound	(ppmv)	(ppmv)	(ug/m3)	(ug/m3)	
TPH (Gasoline Range)	0.067	5.2	280	21000	



Client Sample ID: VP-1 Lab ID#: 1010577C-01A

MODIFIED EPA METHOD TO-3 GC/FID

File Name: Dil. Factor:	d102915 2.42		te of Collection: 10/2 te of Analysis: 10/29	
	Rpt. Limit	Amount	Rpt. Limit	Amount

Compound	Rpt. Limit	Amount	Rpt. Limit	Amount
	(ppmv)	(ppmv)	(ug/m3)	(ug/m3)
TPH (Gasoline Range)	0.060	0.11	250	440

Container Type: 1 Liter Summa Canister (100% Certified)

Surrogates	%Recovery	Limits
Fluorobenzene (FID)	107	75-150



Client Sample ID: VP-2 Lab ID#: 1010577C-02A

MODIFIED EPA METHOD TO-3 GC/FID

File Name: Dil. Factor:	d102916 2.69		e of Collection: 10/2 e of Analysis: 10/29	
Compound	Rpt. Limit (ppmv)	Amount (ppmv)	Rpt. Limit (ug/m3)	Amount (ug/m3)
TPH (Gasoline Range)	0.067	5.0	280	20000

-	•	•	Method
Surrogates		%Recovery	Limits
Fluorobenzene (FID)		108	75-150



Client Sample ID: VP-3 Lab ID#: 1010577C-03A

MODIFIED EPA METHOD TO-3 GC/FID

File Name:	d102917			llection: 10/27/10 10:15:00	
Dil. Factor:	2.52			alysis: 10/29/10 06:28 PM	
Compound	Rpt. Limit	Amount	Rpt. Limit	Amount	
	(ppmv)	(ppmv)	(ug/m3)	(ug/m3)	
TPH (Gasoline Range)	0.063	0.35	260	1400	

Surrogates	%Recovery	Limits
Fluorobenzene (FID)	101	75-150



Fluorobenzene (FID)

Client Sample ID: DUPE Lab ID#: 1010577C-04A

MODIFIED EPA METHOD TO-3 GC/FID

File Name: Dil. Factor:	d102918 2.69	Date of Collection: 10/27/10 Date of Analysis: 10/29/10 07:01 PM		
Compound	Rpt. Limit (ppmv)	Amount (ppmv)	Rpt. Limit (ug/m3)	Amount (ug/m3)
TPH (Gasoline Range)	0.067	5.2	280	21000
Container Type: 1 Liter Summ Surrogates	a Canister (100% Certified) %Recovery		Method Limits

108

75-150



Client Sample ID: Lab Blank Lab ID#: 1010577C-05A

MODIFIED EPA METHOD TO-3 GC/FID

File Name: Dil. Factor: Compound	d102904 1.00	Date of Collection: NA Date of Analysis: 10/29/10 09:24 AM		
	Rpt. Limit (ppmv)	Amount (ppmv)	Rpt. Limit (ug/m3)	Amount (ug/m3)
TPH (Gasoline Range)	0.025	Not Detected	100	Not Detected
Container Type: NA - Not App	licable			
Surrogates		%Recovery		Method Limits
Fluorobenzene (FID)		106		75-150



Client Sample ID: LCS Lab ID#: 1010577C-06A

MODIFIED EPA METHOD TO-3 GC/FID

File Name: d102903 Date of Collection: NA

Dil. Factor: 1.00 Date of Analysis: 10/29/10 08:38 AM

Compound %Recovery

TPH (Gasoline Range) 91

Container Type: NA - Not Applicable

Surrogates%RecoveryMethod
LimitsFluorobenzene (FID)10675-150



Client Sample ID: LCSD Lab ID#: 1010577C-06AA

MODIFIED EPA METHOD TO-3 GC/FID

File Name: d102919 Date of Collection: NA

Dil. Factor: 1.00 Date of Analysis: 10/29/10 07:55 PM

Compound %Recovery

TPH (Gasoline Range) 93

Container Type: NA - Not Applicable

Surrogates%RecoveryMethod
LimitsFluorobenzene (FID)11075-150



Mr. Chris Benedict Conestoga-Rovers Associates (CRA) 10969 Trade Center Dr

Suite 107

11/9/2010

Rancho Cordova CA 95670

Project Name: 9-4930 Castro Valley

Project #: 611967

Workorder #: 1010577A

Dear Mr. Chris Benedict

The following report includes the data for the above referenced project for sample(s) received on 10/27/2010 at Air Toxics Ltd.

The data and associated QC analyzed by Modified TO-15 are compliant with the project requirements or laboratory criteria with the exception of the deviations noted in the attached case narrative.

Thank you for choosing Air Toxics Ltd. for your air analysis needs. Air Toxics Ltd. is committed to providing accurate data of the highest quality. Please feel free to contact the Project Manager: Karen Lopez at 916-985-1000 if you have any questions regarding the data in this report.

Regards,

Karen Lopez

Project Manager

Karenfopez



WORK ORDER #: 1010577A

Work Order Summary

CLIENT: Mr. Chris Benedict BILL TO: Mr. Chris Benedict

Conestoga-Rovers Associates (CRA) Conestoga-Rovers Associates (CRA)

10969 Trade Center Dr 10969 Trade Center Dr

Suite 107 Suite 107

Rancho Cordova, CA 95670 Rancho Cordova, CA 95670

PHONE: 916-889-8925 **P.O.** # 611967-299

FAX: 916-889-8999 PROJECT # 611967 9-4930 Castro Valley

DATE RECEIVED: 10/27/2010 **CONTACT:** Karen Lopez **DATE COMPLETED:** 11/09/2010

			RECEIPT	FINAL
FRACTION #	NAME	<u>TEST</u>	VAC./PRES.	PRESSURE
01A	VP-1	Modified TO-15	5.0 "Hg	15 psi
02A	VP-2	Modified TO-15	7.5 "Hg	15 psi
03A	VP-3	Modified TO-15	6.0 "Hg	15 psi
04A	DUPE	Modified TO-15	7.5 "Hg	15 psi
05A	Lab Blank	Modified TO-15	NA	NA
05B	Lab Blank	Modified TO-15	NA	NA
05C	Lab Blank	Modified TO-15	NA	NA
06A	CCV	Modified TO-15	NA	NA
06B	CCV	Modified TO-15	NA	NA
06C	CCV	Modified TO-15	NA	NA
07A	LCS	Modified TO-15	NA	NA
07AA	LCSD	Modified TO-15	NA	NA
07B	LCS	Modified TO-15	NA	NA
07BB	LCSD	Modified TO-15	NA	NA
07C	LCS	Modified TO-15	NA	NA
07CC	LCSD	Modified TO-15	NA	NA

CERTIFIED BY:

Sinda d. Fruman

DATE: <u>11/09/10</u>

Laboratory Director

Certfication numbers: CA NELAP - 02110CA, LA NELAP/LELAP - AI 30763, NY NELAP - 11291, UT NELAP - 9166389892, AZ Licensure AZ0719

Name of Accrediting Agency: NELAP/Florida Department of Health, Scope of Application: Clean Air Act, Accreditation number: E87680, Effective date: 07/01/09, Expiration date: 06/30/11

Air Toxics Ltd. certifies that the test results contained in this report meet all requirements of the NELAC standards

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180 BLUE RAVINE ROAD, SUITE B FOLSOM, CA - 95630 (916) 985-1000 . (800) 985-5955 . FAX (916) 985-1020



LABORATORY NARRATIVE EPA Method TO-15 Conestoga-Rovers Associates (CRA) Workorder# 1010577A

Four 1 Liter Summa Canister (100% Certified) samples were received on October 27, 2010. The laboratory performed analysis via modified EPA Method TO-15 using GC/MS in the full scan mode.

This workorder was independently validated prior to submittal using 'USEPA National Functional Guidelines' as generally applied to the analysis of volatile organic compounds in air. A rules-based, logic driven, independent validation engine was employed to assess completeness, evaluate pass/fail of relevant project quality control requirements and verification of all quantified amounts.

Receiving Notes

There were no receiving discrepancies.

Analytical Notes

Dilution was performed on samples VP-2 and DUPE due to the presence of high level non-target species.

Definition of Data Qualifying Flags

Eight qualifiers may have been used on the data analysis sheets and indicates as follows:

- B Compound present in laboratory blank greater than reporting limit (background subtraction not performed).
 - J Estimated value.
 - E Exceeds instrument calibration range.
 - S Saturated peak.
 - Q Exceeds quality control limits.
 - U Compound analyzed for but not detected above the reporting limit.
 - UJ- Non-detected compound associated with low bias in the CCV
 - N The identification is based on presumptive evidence.

File extensions may have been used on the data analysis sheets and indicates as follows:

a-File was requantified

b-File was quantified by a second column and detector

r1-File was requantified for the purpose of reissue



Summary of Detected Compounds MODIFIED EPA METHOD TO-15 GC/MS FULL SCAN

Client Sample ID: VP-1 Lab ID#: 1010577A-01A

	Rpt. Limit	Amount	Rpt. Limit	Amount	
Compound	(ppbv)	(ppbv)	(ug/m3)	(ug/m3)	
Benzene	1.2	1.5	3.9	4.8	

Client Sample ID: VP-2

Lab ID#: 1010577A-02A

No Detections Were Found.

Client Sample ID: VP-3

Lab ID#: 1010577A-03A

No Detections Were Found.

Client Sample ID: DUPE

Lab ID#: 1010577A-04A

No Detections Were Found.



Client Sample ID: VP-1 Lab ID#: 1010577A-01A

MODIFIED EPA METHOD TO-15 GC/MS FULL SCAN

File Name:	3102930	Date of Collection: 10/27/10 9:12:00 AM
Dil. Factor:	2.42	Date of Analysis: 10/29/10 10:53 PM

Compound	Rpt. Limit (ppbv)	Amount (ppbv)	Rpt. Limit (ug/m3)	Amount (ug/m3)
Methyl tert-butyl ether	1.2	Not Detected	4.4	Not Detected
Benzene	1.2	1.5	3.9	4.8
Toluene	1.2	Not Detected	4.6	Not Detected
Ethyl Benzene	1.2	Not Detected	5.2	Not Detected
m,p-Xylene	1.2	Not Detected	5.2	Not Detected
o-Xylene	1.2	Not Detected	5.2	Not Detected

Surrogates	%Recovery	Method Limits
Toluene-d8	101	70-130
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	100	70-130
4-Bromofluorobenzene	102	70-130



Client Sample ID: VP-2 Lab ID#: 1010577A-02A

MODIFIED EPA METHOD TO-15 GC/MS FULL SCAN

File Name:	6110207	Date of Collection: 10/27/10 9:47:00 AM
Dil. Factor:	26.9	Date of Analysis: 11/2/10 01:03 PM

Compound	Rpt. Limit (ppbv)	Amount (ppbv)	Rpt. Limit (ug/m3)	Amount (ug/m3)
Methyl tert-butyl ether	13	Not Detected	48	Not Detected
Benzene	13	Not Detected	43	Not Detected
Toluene	13	Not Detected	51	Not Detected
Ethyl Benzene	13	Not Detected	58	Not Detected
m,p-Xylene	13	Not Detected	58	Not Detected
o-Xylene	13	Not Detected	58	Not Detected

		Wethod	
Surrogates	%Recovery	Limits	
Toluene-d8	94	70-130	
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	100	70-130	
4-Bromofluorobenzene	103	70-130	



Client Sample ID: VP-3 Lab ID#: 1010577A-03A

MODIFIED EPA METHOD TO-15 GC/MS FULL SCAN

File Name:	3110112	Date of Collection: 10/27/10 10:15:00 A
Dil. Factor:	2.52	Date of Analysis: 11/1/10 02:27 PM

Compound	Rpt. Limit (ppbv)	Amount (ppbv)	Rpt. Limit (ug/m3)	Amount (ug/m3)
Methyl tert-butyl ether	1.3	Not Detected	4.5	Not Detected
Benzene	1.3	Not Detected	4.0	Not Detected
Toluene	1.3	Not Detected	4.7	Not Detected
Ethyl Benzene	1.3	Not Detected	5.5	Not Detected
m,p-Xylene	1.3	Not Detected	5.5	Not Detected
o-Xylene	1.3	Not Detected	5.5	Not Detected

Surrogates	%Recovery	Method Limits
Toluene-d8	99	70-130
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	101	70-130
4-Bromofluorobenzene	100	70-130



Client Sample ID: DUPE Lab ID#: 1010577A-04A

MODIFIED EPA METHOD TO-15 GC/MS FULL SCAN

File Name:	6110208	Date of Collection: 10/27/10
Dil. Factor:	26.9	Date of Analysis: 11/2/10 01:36 PM

Compound	Rpt. Limit (ppbv)	Amount (ppbv)	Rpt. Limit (ug/m3)	Amount (ug/m3)
Methyl tert-butyl ether	13	Not Detected	48	Not Detected
Benzene	13	Not Detected	43	Not Detected
Toluene	13	Not Detected	51	Not Detected
Ethyl Benzene	13	Not Detected	58	Not Detected
m,p-Xylene	13	Not Detected	58	Not Detected
o-Xylene	13	Not Detected	58	Not Detected

Surrogates	%Recovery	Method Limits
Toluene-d8	95	70-130
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	101	70-130
4-Bromofluorobenzene	100	70-130



Client Sample ID: Lab Blank Lab ID#: 1010577A-05A

MODIFIED EPA METHOD TO-15 GC/MS FULL SCAN

File Name:	3102907d	Date of Collection: NA
Dil. Factor:	1.00	Date of Analysis: 10/29/10 10:51 AM

Compound	Rpt. Limit (ppbv)	Amount (ppbv)	Rpt. Limit (ug/m3)	Amount (ug/m3)
Methyl tert-butyl ether	0.50	Not Detected	1.8	Not Detected
Benzene	0.50	Not Detected	1.6	Not Detected
Toluene	0.50	Not Detected	1.9	Not Detected
Ethyl Benzene	0.50	Not Detected	2.2	Not Detected
m,p-Xylene	0.50	Not Detected	2.2	Not Detected
o-Xylene	0.50	Not Detected	2.2	Not Detected

Surrogates	%Recovery	Method Limits
Toluene-d8	99	70-130
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	101	70-130
4-Bromofluorobenzene	100	70-130



Client Sample ID: Lab Blank Lab ID#: 1010577A-05B

MODIFIED EPA METHOD TO-15 GC/MS FULL SCAN

File Name:	3110107	Date of Collection: NA
Dil. Factor:	1.00	Date of Analysis: 11/1/10 11:32 AM

Compound	Rpt. Limit (ppbv)	Amount (ppbv)	Rpt. Limit (ug/m3)	Amount (ug/m3)
Methyl tert-butyl ether	0.50	Not Detected	1.8	Not Detected
Benzene	0.50	Not Detected	1.6	Not Detected
Toluene	0.50	Not Detected	1.9	Not Detected
Ethyl Benzene	0.50	Not Detected	2.2	Not Detected
m,p-Xylene	0.50	Not Detected	2.2	Not Detected
o-Xylene	0.50	Not Detected	2.2	Not Detected

		Wethod	
Surrogates	%Recovery	Limits	
Toluene-d8	98	70-130	
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	101	70-130	
4-Bromofluorobenzene	103	70-130	



Client Sample ID: Lab Blank Lab ID#: 1010577A-05C

MODIFIED EPA METHOD TO-15 GC/MS FULL SCAN

File Name:	6110206	Date of Collection: NA
Dil. Factor:	1.00	Date of Analysis: 11/2/10 12:19 PM

Compound	Rpt. Limit (ppbv)	Amount (ppbv)	Rpt. Limit (ug/m3)	Amount (ug/m3)
Methyl tert-butyl ether	0.50	Not Detected	1.8	Not Detected
Benzene	0.50	Not Detected	1.6	Not Detected
Toluene	0.50	Not Detected	1.9	Not Detected
Ethyl Benzene	0.50	Not Detected	2.2	Not Detected
m,p-Xylene	0.50	Not Detected	2.2	Not Detected
o-Xylene	0.50	Not Detected	2.2	Not Detected

		Wethod	
Surrogates	%Recovery	Limits	
Toluene-d8	97	70-130	
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	101	70-130	
4-Bromofluorobenzene	104	70-130	



Client Sample ID: CCV Lab ID#: 1010577A-06A

MODIFIED EPA METHOD TO-15 GC/MS FULL SCAN

File Name:	3102902	Date of Collection: NA
Dil. Factor:	1.00	Date of Analysis: 10/29/10 08:46 AM

Compound	%Recovery
Methyl tert-butyl ether	92
Benzene	101
Toluene	98
Ethyl Benzene	102
m,p-Xylene	105
o-Xylene	101

Surrogates	%Recovery	Method Limits
Toluene-d8	106	70-130
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	102	70-130
4-Bromofluorobenzene	112	70-130



Client Sample ID: CCV Lab ID#: 1010577A-06B

MODIFIED EPA METHOD TO-15 GC/MS FULL SCAN

File Name:	3110102	Date of Collection: NA
Dil. Factor:	1.00	Date of Analysis: 11/1/10 08:58 AM

Compound	%Recovery
Methyl tert-butyl ether	100
Benzene	108
Toluene	106
Ethyl Benzene	110
m,p-Xylene	112
o-Xylene	111

		Wethod	
Surrogates	%Recovery	Limits	
Toluene-d8	107	70-130	
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	102	70-130	
4-Bromofluorobenzene	107	70-130	



Client Sample ID: CCV Lab ID#: 1010577A-06C

MODIFIED EPA METHOD TO-15 GC/MS FULL SCAN

File Name:	6110202	Date of Collection: NA
Dil. Factor:	1.00	Date of Analysis: 11/2/10 10:08 AM

Compound	%Recovery
Methyl tert-butyl ether	84
Benzene	105
Toluene	101
Ethyl Benzene	103
m,p-Xylene	104
o-Xylene	105

Surrogates	%Recovery	Method Limits
Toluene-d8	100	70-130
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	98	70-130
4-Bromofluorobenzene	109	70-130



Client Sample ID: LCS Lab ID#: 1010577A-07A

MODIFIED EPA METHOD TO-15 GC/MS FULL SCAN

File Name:	3102903	Date of Collection: NA
Dil. Factor:	1.00	Date of Analysis: 10/29/10 09:16 AM

Compound	%Recovery
Methyl tert-butyl ether	94
Benzene	100
Toluene	95
Ethyl Benzene	106
m,p-Xylene	109
o-Xylene	105

Surrogates	%Recovery	Method Limits
Toluene-d8	104	70-130
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	99	70-130
4-Bromofluorobenzene	110	70-130



Client Sample ID: LCSD Lab ID#: 1010577A-07AA

MODIFIED EPA METHOD TO-15 GC/MS FULL SCAN

File Name:	3102904	Date of Collection: NA
Dil. Factor:	1.00	Date of Analysis: 10/29/10 09:39 AM

Compound	%Recovery
Methyl tert-butyl ether	100
Benzene	101
Toluene	97
Ethyl Benzene	107
m,p-Xylene	111
o-Xylene	107

		wethod	
Surrogates	%Recovery	Limits	
Toluene-d8	105	70-130	
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	100	70-130	
4-Bromofluorobenzene	109	70-130	



Client Sample ID: LCS Lab ID#: 1010577A-07B

MODIFIED EPA METHOD TO-15 GC/MS FULL SCAN

File Name: 3110103 Date of Collection: NA
Dil. Factor: 1.00 Date of Analysis: 11/1/10 09:34 AM

Compound	%Recovery
Methyl tert-butyl ether	96
Benzene	100
Toluene	95
Ethyl Benzene	107
m,p-Xylene	110
o-Xylene	107

Surrogates	%Recovery	Method Limits
Toluene-d8	104	70-130
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	98	70-130
4-Bromofluorobenzene	104	70-130



Client Sample ID: LCSD Lab ID#: 1010577A-07BB

MODIFIED EPA METHOD TO-15 GC/MS FULL SCAN

File Name:	3110104	Date of Collection: NA
Dil. Factor:	1.00	Date of Analysis: 11/1/10 09:57 AM

Compound	%Recovery
Methyl tert-butyl ether	103
Benzene	99
Toluene	96
Ethyl Benzene	107
m,p-Xylene	111
o-Xylene	107

остано туротти постъррновия		Method	
Surrogates	%Recovery	Limits	
Toluene-d8	105	70-130	
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	104	70-130	
4-Bromofluorobenzene	109	70-130	



Client Sample ID: LCS Lab ID#: 1010577A-07C

MODIFIED EPA METHOD TO-15 GC/MS FULL SCAN

File Name: 6110203 Date of Collection: NA
Dil. Factor: 1.00 Date of Analysis: 11/2/10 10:44 AM

Compound	%Recovery
Methyl tert-butyl ether	85
Benzene	106
Toluene	100
Ethyl Benzene	108
m,p-Xylene	109
o-Xylene	108

Surrogates	%Recovery	Method Limits
Toluene-d8	102	70-130
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	99	70-130
4-Bromofluorobenzene	109	70-130



Client Sample ID: LCSD Lab ID#: 1010577A-07CC

MODIFIED EPA METHOD TO-15 GC/MS FULL SCAN

File Name:	6110204	Date of Collection: NA
Dil. Factor:	1.00	Date of Analysis: 11/2/10 11:10 AM

Compound	%Recovery
Methyl tert-butyl ether	84
Benzene	105
Toluene	97
Ethyl Benzene	105
m,p-Xylene	105
o-Xylene	106

		wetnoa	
Surrogates	%Recovery	Limits	
Toluene-d8	100	70-130	
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	100	70-130	
4-Bromofluorobenzene	107	70-130	



11/9/2010 Mr. Chris Benedict Conestoga-Rovers Associates (CRA) 10969 Trade Center Dr Suite 107 Rancho Cordova CA 95670

Project Name: 9-4930 Castro Valley

Project #: 611967 Workorder #: 1010577B

Dear Mr. Chris Benedict

The following report includes the data for the above referenced project for sample(s) received on 10/27/2010 at Air Toxics Ltd.

The data and associated QC analyzed by Modified ASTM D-1946 are compliant with the project requirements or laboratory criteria with the exception of the deviations noted in the attached case narrative.

Thank you for choosing Air Toxics Ltd. for your air analysis needs. Air Toxics Ltd. is committed to providing accurate data of the highest quality. Please feel free to contact the Project Manager: Karen Lopez at 916-985-1000 if you have any questions regarding the data in this report.

Regards,

Karen Lopez

Project Manager

<arenfopez



WORK ORDER #: 1010577B

Work Order Summary

CLIENT: Mr. Chris Benedict

Conestoga-Rovers Associates (CRA)

10969 Trade Center Dr

Suite 107

Rancho Cordova, CA 95670

PHONE: 916-889-8925

FAX: 916-889-8999

DATE RECEIVED: 10/27/2010 **DATE COMPLETED:** 11/09/2010 **BILL TO:** Mr. Chris Benedict

Conestoga-Rovers Associates (CRA)

10969 Trade Center Dr

Suite 107

Rancho Cordova, CA 95670

P.O. # 611967-299

PROJECT # 611967 9-4930 Castro Valley

CONTACT: Karen Lopez

			RECEIPT	FINAL
FRACTION #	NAME	<u>TEST</u>	VAC./PRES.	PRESSURE
01A	VP-1	Modified ASTM D-1946	5.0 "Hg	15 psi
02A	VP-2	Modified ASTM D-1946	7.5 "Hg	15 psi
03A	VP-3	Modified ASTM D-1946	6.0 "Hg	15 psi
04A	DUPE	Modified ASTM D-1946	7.5 "Hg	15 psi
05A	Lab Blank	Modified ASTM D-1946	NA	NA
05B	Lab Blank	Modified ASTM D-1946	NA	NA
06A	LCS	Modified ASTM D-1946	NA	NA
06AA	LCSD	Modified ASTM D-1946	NA	NA

CERTIFIED BY:

Sinda d. Fruman

DATE:

11/09/10

Laboratory Director

Certfication numbers: CA NELAP - 02110CA, LA NELAP/LELAP- AI 30763, NY NELAP - 11291, UT NELAP - 9166389892, AZ Licensure AZ0719

Name of Accrediting Agency: NELAP/Florida Department of Health, Scope of Application: Clean Air Act,

Accreditation number: E87680, Effective date: 07/01/09, Expiration date: 06/30/11

Air Toxics Ltd. certifies that the test results contained in this report meet all requirements of the NELAC standards

This report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of Air Toxics Ltd.

180 BLUE RAVINE ROAD, SUITE B FOLSOM, CA - 95630 (916) 985-1000 . (800) 985-5955 . FAX (916) 985-1020



LABORATORY NARRATIVE Modified ASTM D-1946 Conestoga-Rovers Associates (CRA) Workorder# 1010577B

Four 1 Liter Summa Canister (100% Certified) samples were received on October 27, 2010. The laboratory performed analysis via Modified ASTM Method D-1946 for Methane and fixed gases in air using GC/FID or GC/TCD. The method involves direct injection of 1.0 mL of sample.

On the analytical column employed for this analysis, Oxygen coelutes with Argon. The corresponding peak is quantitated as Oxygen.

Method modifications taken to run these samples are summarized in the table below. Specific project requirements may over-ride the ATL modifications.

Requirement	ASTM D-1946	ATL Modifications
Calibration	A single point calibration is performed using a reference standard closely matching the composition of the unknown.	A 3-point calibration curve is performed. Quantitation is based on a daily calibration standard which may or may not resemble the composition of the associated samples.
Reference Standard	The composition of any reference standard must be known to within 0.01 mol % for any component.	The standards used by ATL are blended to a >/= 95% accuracy.
Sample Injection Volume	Components whose concentrations are in excess of 5 % should not be analyzed by using sample volumes greater than 0.5 mL.	The sample container is connected directly to a fixed volume sample loop of 1.0 mL on the GC. Linear range is defined by the calibration curve. Bags are loaded by vacuum.
Normalization	Normalize the mole percent values by multiplying each value by 100 and dividing by the sum of the original values. The sum of the original values should not differ from 100% by more than 1.0%.	Results are not normalized. The sum of the reported values can differ from 100% by as much as 15%, either due to analytical variability or an unusual sample matrix.
Precision	Precision requirements established at each concentration level.	Duplicates should agree within 25% RPD for detections > 5 X's the RL.

Receiving Notes

There were no receiving discrepancies.



Analytical Notes

There were no analytical discrepancies.

Definition of Data Qualifying Flags

Seven qualifiers may have been used on the data analysis sheets and indicate as follows:

- B Compound present in laboratory blank greater than reporting limit.
- J Estimated value.
- E Exceeds instrument calibration range.
- S Saturated peak.
- Q Exceeds quality control limits.
- U Compound analyzed for but not detected above the detection limit.
- M Reported value may be biased due to apparent matrix interferences.

File extensions may have been used on the data analysis sheets and indicates as follows:

- a-File was requantified
- b-File was quantified by a second column and detector
- r1-File was requantified for the purpose of reissue



Summary of Detected Compounds NATURAL GAS ANALYSIS BY MODIFIED ASTM D-1946

Client Sample ID: VP-1 Lab ID#: 1010577B-01A

	Rpt. Limit	Amount
Compound	(%)	(%)
Oxygen	0.24	17
Carbon Dioxide	0.024	2.8

Client Sample ID: VP-2

Lab ID#: 1010577B-02A

	Rpt. Limit	Amount	
Compound	(%)	(%)	
Oxygen	0.27	16	
Carbon Dioxide	0.027	4.3	

Client Sample ID: VP-3

Lab ID#: 1010577B-03A

	Rpt. Limit	Amount	
Compound	(%)	(%)	
Oxygen	0.25	19	
Carbon Dioxide	0.025	1.9	

Client Sample ID: DUPE

Lab ID#: 1010577B-04A

	Rpt. Limit	Amount
Compound	(%)	(%)
Oxygen	0.27	16
Carbon Dioxide	0.027	4.4



Client Sample ID: VP-1 Lab ID#: 1010577B-01A

NATURAL GAS ANALYSIS BY MODIFIED ASTM D-1946

File Name:	9102812	Date of Collection: 10/27/10 9:12:00 AM
Dil. Factor:	2.42	Date of Analysis: 10/28/10 01:35 PM

	Rpt. Limit	Amount
Compound	(%)	(%)
Oxygen	0.24	17
Methane	0.00024	Not Detected
Carbon Dioxide	0.024	2.8
Helium	0.12	Not Detected



Client Sample ID: VP-2 Lab ID#: 1010577B-02A

NATURAL GAS ANALYSIS BY MODIFIED ASTM D-1946

File Name:	9102813	Date of Collection: 10/27/10 9:47:00 AM
Dil. Factor:	2.69	Date of Analysis: 10/28/10 02:08 PM

	Rpt. Limit	Amount
Compound	(%)	(%)
Oxygen	0.27	16
Methane	0.00027	Not Detected
Carbon Dioxide	0.027	4.3
Helium	0.13	Not Detected



Client Sample ID: VP-3 Lab ID#: 1010577B-03A

NATURAL GAS ANALYSIS BY MODIFIED ASTM D-1946

File Name:	9102814	Date of Collection: 10/27/10 10:15:00 A
Dil. Factor:	2.52	Date of Analysis: 10/28/10 02:37 PM

	Rpt. Limit	Amount
Compound	(%)	(%)
Oxygen	0.25	19
Methane	0.00025	Not Detected
Carbon Dioxide	0.025	1.9
Helium	0.13	Not Detected



Client Sample ID: DUPE Lab ID#: 1010577B-04A

NATURAL GAS ANALYSIS BY MODIFIED ASTM D-1946

File Name:	9102815	Date of Collection: 10/27/10
Dil. Factor:	2.69	Date of Analysis: 10/28/10 03:25 PM

	Rpt. Limit	Amount
Compound	(%)	(%)
Oxygen	0.27	16
Methane	0.00027	Not Detected
Carbon Dioxide	0.027	4.4
Helium	0.13	Not Detected



Client Sample ID: Lab Blank Lab ID#: 1010577B-05A

NATURAL GAS ANALYSIS BY MODIFIED ASTM D-1946

File Name:	9102804	Date of Collect	etion: NA
Dil. Factor:	1.00	Date of Analys	sis: 10/28/10 09:22 AM
		Rpt. Limit	Amount
Compound		(%)	(%)

Oxygen0.10Not DetectedMethane0.00010Not DetectedCarbon Dioxide0.010Not Detected

Calbon blokide 0.010 Not beledit



Client Sample ID: Lab Blank Lab ID#: 1010577B-05B

NATURAL GAS ANALYSIS BY MODIFIED ASTM D-1946

File Name:	9102803b	Date of Colle	ection: NA
Dil. Factor:	1.00	Date of Anal	ysis: 10/28/10 08:50 AM
		Rpt. Limit	Amount
Compound		(%)	(%)
Helium		0.050	Not Detected



Client Sample ID: LCS Lab ID#: 1010577B-06A

NATURAL GAS ANALYSIS BY MODIFIED ASTM D-1946

File Name:	9102802	Date of Collection: NA
Dil. Factor:	1.00	Date of Analysis: 10/28/10 07:58 AM

Compound	%Recovery
Oxygen	100
Methane	97
Carbon Dioxide	98
Helium	95



Client Sample ID: LCSD Lab ID#: 1010577B-06AA

NATURAL GAS ANALYSIS BY MODIFIED ASTM D-1946

File Name:	9102826	Date of Collection: NA
Dil. Factor:	1.00	Date of Analysis: 10/28/10 08:54 PM

Compound	%Recovery
Oxygen	99
Methane	95
Carbon Dioxide	99
Helium	96