



October 20, 1997

Alex Gaeta
Peerless Stages
2040 Castro Street
Oakland, California 94612

9/17/98 Spoke w/ A Gaeta re UST removal.
YES UST were removed. Rpt was probably sent to R Weston. Found

Re: **Subsurface Investigation Report**
Peerless Stages
2026 Brush Street
Oakland, California
Cambria #126-721

- why could high detection limit be
- why no soil/GW samples from SBI

Dear Mr. Gaeta:

Cambria Environmental Technology, Inc. (Cambria) is pleased to present the results of the subsurface investigation conducted on October 3, 1997 at the site referenced above. The investigation objective was to determine the existence of hydrocarbons in soil and ground water near the underground storage tanks (USTs). A site summary and the results of our investigation are presented below.

SITE DESCRIPTION

The site is located at the northwest corner of the intersection of Brush Street and 20th Street in Oakland, California. The site is currently an operating bus yard. The site is bounded to the north and west by residential properties.

One 1,000-gallon gasoline UST and one 10,000-gallon diesel UST and associated dispensers are located in the central western portion of the property. One 100-gallon used oil aboveground storage tank is located in the northern portion of the site, behind the shop (Figure 1).

PREVIOUS INVESTIGATIONS

Cambria contacted the City of Oakland Fire Department. The Fire Prevention office did not have any records documenting storage tank or underground piping work at the site.

CAMBRIA
ENVIRONMENTAL
TECHNOLOGY, INC.
465TH STREET,
OAKLAND,
CALIFORNIA
94612
TEL: 420-0700
FAX: 420-9170

INVESTIGATION PROCEDURES

Cambria based the proposed boring locations on UST location and an estimated ground water flow direction toward the south to southwest. Upon arrival at the site, the boring locations were modified to accommodate bus repair. The planned boring location near the used oil tank was not accessible.

Boring locations are shown in Figure 1. Cambria's standard field procedures for Geoprobe® borings are included as Attachment A.

Soil Borings

Personnel Present: Geologist Josh Bergstrom directed the field sampling, working under the supervision of California Professional Engineer Owen Ratchye.

Permit: Permit #97WRI48 was obtained for the borings from the Alameda County Public Works Agency. A copy of the permit is included in Attachment B.

Drilling Company: Vironex of Hayward, California (C-57 License #705927).

Drilling Date: October 3, 1997.

Drilling Methods: Geoprobe® (hydraulic push with roto-hammer).

Number of Borings: Five (SB-1 to SB-5).

Boring Depths: 20 to 22 ft. Boring logs are included in Attachment C.

Ground Water Depths: Ground water was first encountered in each of the soil borings at approximately 15 to 17 ft depth. Static water level was 10 to 12 ft depth in borings SB-2 and SB-4.

Sediment Lithology: The site subsurface consists of clayey silts of low estimated permeability with silty sand intervals of low to medium estimated permeability to approximately 11 to 15 ft depth which is underlain by silty sands of low to moderate estimated permeability to the total explored depth of 22 ft (Attachment C).

Chemical Analyses: Two water samples and two soil samples were selected for analysis. The selected samples were analyzed for total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline (TPHg) and total petroleum hydrocarbons as diesel (TPHd) using modified EPA Method 8015, and benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes (BTEX) using EPA Method 8020. One water sample was also analyzed for purgeable halocarbons using EPA Method 8010. Laboratory analytic results are summarized in Tables 1 and 2 and presented in Attachment D.

Soil Disposal: Approximately 6 gallons of soil cuttings were stockpiled on site.

Backfill Method: Boring locations were backfilled with cement grout to match the existing grade.

INVESTIGATION RESULTS

Hydrocarbon Distribution in Soil

Horizontal Definition: Field screening methods noted hydrocarbon concentrations in soil samples taken from approximately 15 ft depth in borings SB-1 and SB-4. Hydrocarbons were not detected in the soil samples submitted, which were from borings SB-2 and SB-3. These two borings define the extents of hydrocarbons in soil to the southeast of the USTs. No signs of hydrocarbons were detected in soil samples taken from boring SB-2.

Vertical Definition: Field indicators of hydrocarbons were only noted in soil samples collected between 14 to 18 ft depth.

Hydrocarbon Distribution in Ground Water

Gasoline and diesel range hydrocarbons were detected in sample SB-4, and gasoline range hydrocarbons were detected in sample SB-2. Purgeable halocarbons were not detected in ground water sample SB-4.

Mr. Alex Gaeta
October 20, 1997

CAMBRIA

DISCUSSION

Based on the information stated above, Cambria recommends the following actions.

Lead Agency Submittals: An *Underground Storage Tank Unauthorized Release Form* (Form 5) should be submitted to the local lead agency along with a copy of this investigation report. The Alameda County Department of Environmental Health is the lead agency for the site area, and can be contacted to obtain a Form 5.

Additional Data: Additional analyses of soil samples would more completely define the horizontal extent of hydrocarbons in soil.

Soil Disposal: If the soil stockpiled on site is hazardous, it must be disposed of within 90 days from the sampling date. Because the samples analyzed do not adequately represent the stockpiled soil, the stockpile should be sampled and analyzed for TPHg, TPHd, BTEX, and total lead. Upon review of this analytical data, Cambria will recommend soil handling options.

LIMITATIONS

Services provided hereunder were performed in accordance with current and professionally accepted environmental consulting principles and practices. The interpretations, conclusions, and recommendations presented reflect professional opinion based on these practices. No other warranty, expressed or implied, is made.

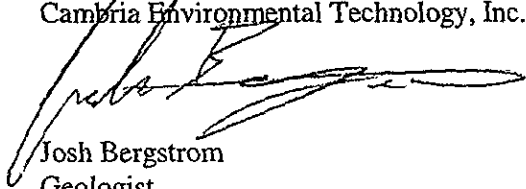
Mr. Alex Gaeta
October 20, 1997

CAMBRIA


CLOSING

We appreciate the opportunity to provide services to Peerless Stages, Inc. Please call if you have any questions or comments, or if we can be of further assistance.

Sincerely,
Cambria Environmental Technology, Inc.



Josh Bergstrom
Geologist



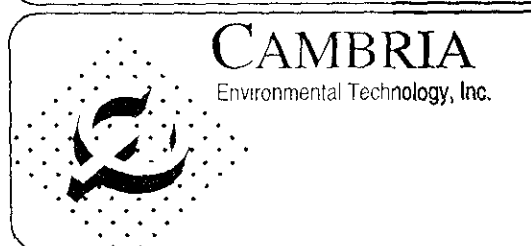
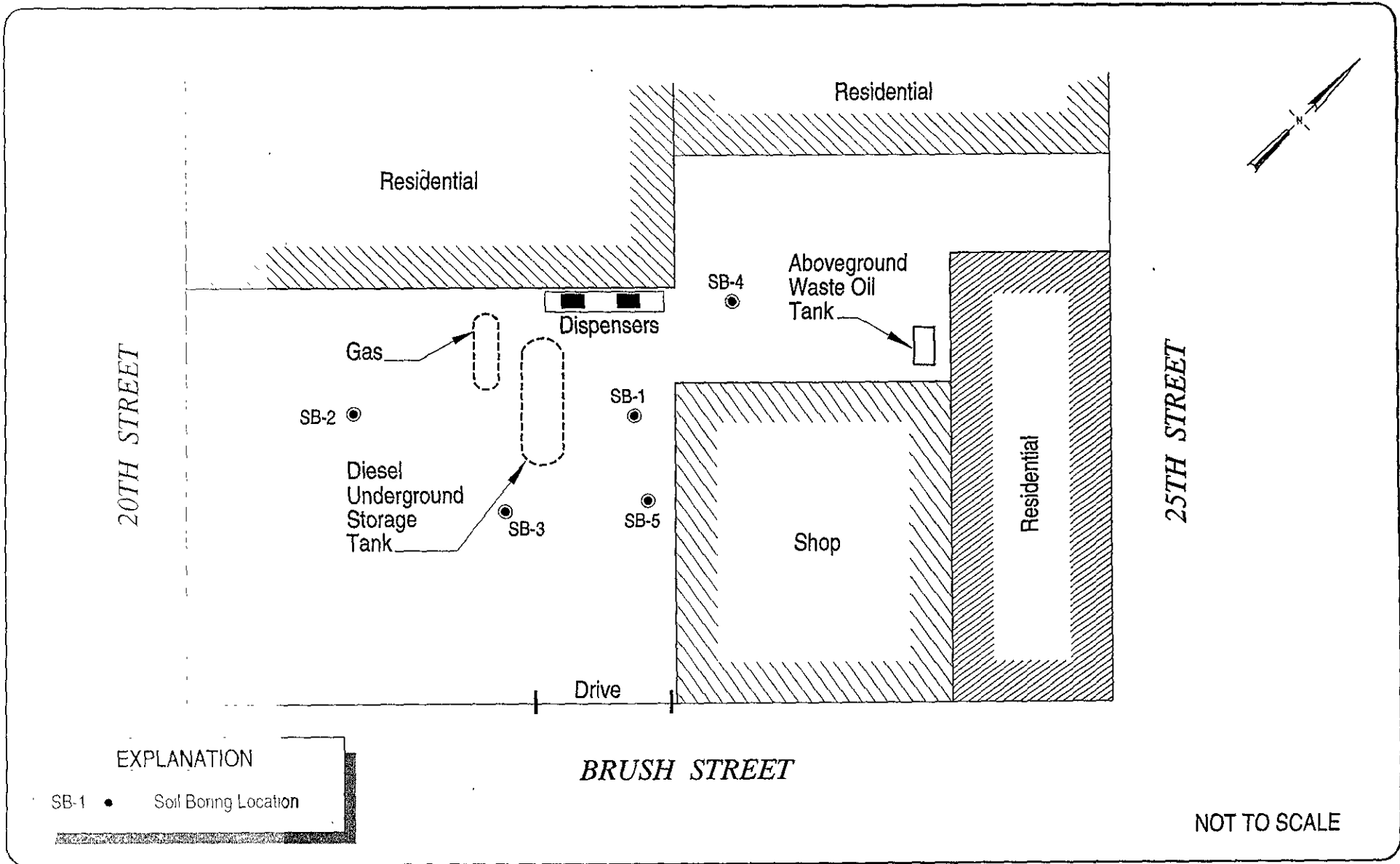
Owen Ratchye, P. E.
Project Engineer



- Attachments: A - Standard Field Procedures for Geoprobe® Sampling
B - Drilling Permit
C - Soil Boring Logs
D - Laboratory Analytic Results

cc: Gardner Kent, Green Tortoise Bus Lines, 949 Broadway Avenue, San Francisco, California 94133
Robert Kitay, Aqua Sciences Engineers, 2411 Old Crow Canyon Road, San Ramon, California 94583

F:\PROJECT\MISC\Green Tort\Report.wpd



Peerless Stages
2026 Brush Street
Oakland, CA

F:\PROJECT\MISC\GREENTORT\FIGURES\SOIL-LOC.DWG

Soil Boring Locations
October 3, 1997

FIGURE
1

Table 1. Soil and Ground Water Analytic Data - Peerless Stages, 2026 Brush Street, Oakland, California

Sample ID	Units	Date Collected	TPHg	TPHd	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes
Soil Samples:								
SB-3, 16'	mg/kg	10/03/97	<1.0	<1.0	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
SB-5, 15.5'	mg/kg	10/03/97	<1.0	<1.0	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
Water Samples:								
SB-2	ug/L	10/03/97	<50	310 a	<0.5	0.70	<0.5	0.91
SB-4	ug/L	10/03/97	120 b	58,000 a,c	<0.5	1.8	0.50	3.7

Abbreviations/Notes:

TPHg = Total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline by modified EPA method 8015.
 Benzene, ethylbenzene, toluene, xylenes by EPA method 8020.

a = oil range compounds are significant

b = strongly aged gasoline or diesel range compounds are significant

c = gasoline range compounds are significant

No volatile organic compounds detected in ground water sample SB-4 by EPA method 8010.

Soil samples reported in milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg). Water samples reported micrograms per liter (ug/L).

CAMBRIA

ATTACHMENT A

Standard Field Procedures for Geoprobe® Sampling

STANDARD FIELD PROCEDURES FOR GEOPROBE® SAMPLING

This document describes Cambria Environmental Technology's standard field methods for Geoprobe® soil and ground water sampling. These procedures are designed to comply with Federal, State and local regulatory guidelines. Specific field procedures are summarized below.

Objectives

Soil samples are collected to characterize subsurface lithology, assess whether the soils exhibit obvious hydrocarbon or other compound vapor odor or staining, estimate ground water depth and quality and to submit samples for chemical analysis.

Soil Classification/Logging

All soil samples are classified according to the Unified Soil Classification System by a trained geologist or engineer working under the supervision of a California Registered Geologist (RG) or a Certified Engineering Geologist (CEG). The following soil properties are noted for each soil sample:

- Principal and secondary grain size category (i.e., sand, silt, clay or gravel)
- Approximate percentage of each grain size category,
- Color,
- Approximate water or separate-phase hydrocarbon saturation percentage,
- Observed odor and/or discoloration,
- Other significant observations (i.e., cementation, presence of marker horizons, mineralogy), and
- Estimated permeability.

Soil Sampling

Geoprobe® soil samples are collected from borings driven using hydraulic push technologies. A minimum of one and one half ft of the soil column is collected for every five ft of drilled depth. Additional soil samples can be collected near the water table and at lithologic changes. Samples are collected using samplers lined with polyethylene or brass tubes driven into undisturbed sediments at the bottom of the borehole. The ground surface immediately adjacent to the boring is used as a datum to measure sample depth. The horizontal location of each boring is measured in the field relative to a permanent on-site reference using a measuring wheel or tape measure.

Drilling and sampling equipment is steam-cleaned or washed prior to drilling and between borings to prevent cross-contamination. Sampling equipment is washed between samples with trisodium phosphate or an equivalent EPA-approved detergent.

Sample Storage, Handling and Transport

Sampling tubes chosen for analysis are trimmed of excess soil and capped with Teflon® tape and plastic end caps. Soil samples are labeled and stored at or below 4°C on either crushed or dry ice, depending upon local regulations. Samples are transported under chain-of-custody to a State-certified analytic laboratory.

Field Screening

After a soil sample has been collected, soil from the remaining tubing is placed inside a sealed plastic bag and set aside to allow hydrocarbons to volatilize from the soil. After ten to fifteen minutes, a portable GasTech® or photoionization detector measures volatile hydrocarbon vapor concentrations in the bag's headspace, extracting the vapor through a slit in the plastic bag. The measurements are used along with the field observations, odors, stratigraphy and ground water depth to select soil samples for analysis.

Grab Ground Water Sampling

Ground water samples are collected from the open borehole using bailers, advancing disposable Tygon® tubing into the borehole and extracting ground water using a diaphragm pump, or using a hydro-punch style sampler with a bailer or tubing. The ground water samples are decanted into the appropriate containers supplied by the analytic laboratory. Samples are labeled, placed in protective foam sleeves, stored on crushed ice at or below 4°C, and transported under chain-of-custody to the laboratory.

Duplicates and Blanks

Blind duplicate water samples are usually collected only for monitoring well sampling programs, at a rate of one blind sample for every 10 wells sampled. Laboratory-supplied trip blanks accompany samples collected for all sampling programs to check for cross-contamination caused by sample handling and transport. These trip blanks are analyzed if the internal laboratory quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) blanks contain the suspected field contaminants. An equipment blank may also be analyzed if non-dedicated sampling equipment is used.

Grouting

If the borings are not completed as wells, the borings are filled to the ground surface with cement grout poured or pumped through a tremie pipe.

CAMBRIA

ATTACHMENT B

Drilling Permit



ALAMEDA COUNTY PUBLIC WORKS AGENCY

WATER RESOURCES SECTION

991 TURNER COURT, SUITE 300, HAYWARD, CA 94545-2651
PHONE (510) 670-5273 ANDREAS GODEREY FAX (510) 670-5261
(510) 670-5245 ALVIN KAN

DRILLING PERMIT APPLICATION

FOR APPLICANT TO COMPLETE

FOR OFFICE USE

LOCATION OF PROJECT 2026 Brush St.,
Oakland, R. 20th St.

PERMIT NUMBER 97WR148
WELL NUMBER _____
APN _____

California Coordinate System _____ N. Accuracy _____ N.
CCN _____ N. CCE _____ N.
APN _____

PERMIT CONDITIONS

Circled Permit Requirements Apply

CLIENT
Name Peerless Stages
Address 2026 Brush St. Phone 510-944-1373
City Oakland Zip 94609

- (A) GENERAL
 1. A permit application should be submitted so as to arrive at the ACPWA office five days prior to proposed starting date.
 2. Submit to ACPWA within 60 days after completion of permitted work the original Department of Water Resources Water Well Drillers Report or equivalent for well projects, or drilling logs and location sketch for geotechnical program.
 3. Permit is void if project not begun within 90 days of approval date.

APPLICANT
Name Cambria Environmental Tech.
Name Sean Bergstrom Fax 510-470-9170
Address 1144 65th St. Suite 2 Phone 510-470-3315
City Oakland Zip 94619

- B. WATER SUPPLY WELLS
 1. Minimum surface seal thickness is two inches of cement grout placed by trowel.
 2. Minimum seal depth is 30 feet for municipal and industrial wells or 20 feet for domestic and irrigation wells unless a lower depth is specially approved.

TYPE OF PROJECT

Well Construction		Geotechnical Investigation	
Catche Protection	<input type="checkbox"/>	General	<input type="checkbox"/>
Water Supply	<input type="checkbox"/>	Contamination	<input type="checkbox"/>
Monitoring	<input type="checkbox"/>	Well Destruction	<input type="checkbox"/>

- C. GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELLS INCLUDING PIEZOMETERS
 1. Minimum surface seal thickness is two inches of cement grout placed by trowel.
 2. Minimum seal depth for monitoring wells is the maximum depth practicable or 20 feet.

PROPOSED WATER SUPPLY WELL USE

New Domestic	<input type="checkbox"/>	Replacement Domestic	<input type="checkbox"/>
Municipal	<input type="checkbox"/>	Irrigation	<input type="checkbox"/>
Industrial	<input type="checkbox"/>	Other	<input type="checkbox"/>

- (B) GEOTECHNICAL
Backfill bore hole with compacted cuttings or heavy bentonite and upper two feet with compacted material. In areas of known or suspected contamination, grouted cement grout shall be used in place of compacted cuttings.

DRILLING METHOD:

Mud Rotary	<input type="checkbox"/>	Air Rotary	<input type="checkbox"/>	Auger	<input type="checkbox"/>
Cable	<input type="checkbox"/>	Other	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		

- X. CATHODIC
Fill hole above grade zone with concrete placed by trowel.
- F. WELL DESTRUCTION
See attached.
- G. SPECIAL CONDITIONS

DRILLER'S LICENSE NO. 657-705-927

WELL PROJECTS

Drill Hole Diameter	_____ in.	Maximum	<u>7 geoprobes</u>
Casing Diameter	_____ in.	Depth	_____ ft
Surface Seal Depth	_____ ft.	Number	<u>10-15 ft</u>

GEOTECHNICAL PROJECTS

Number of Borings	_____	Maximum	<u>1 1/4 inch dia.</u>
Hole Diameter	_____ in.	Depth	_____ ft.

ESTIMATED STARTING DATE 10/6/97
ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE 10/15/97

APPROVED [Signature] DATE 10/3/97

I hereby agree to comply with all requirements of this permit and Alameda County Ordinance No. 73-69.

APPLICANT'S SIGNATURE [Signature] DATE 10/30/97
(Cambria)

CAMBRIA

ATTACHMENT C

Soil Boring Logs

Address: 2026

SB-

MW-

Project Number:
Geologist: JB

Boring Location: ~~see map~~ shop-side of tanks
Drilling Method: hydraulic push

Date: 10/3/97
Time: 9:15

Depth (ft)	Sample Interval	Time/Blow Cnt.	Well Const.	USC Class.	Soil Type and Comments	Color	Pen. Resist.	Moisture	Odor	Percentages				Plasticity	Permeability
										Clay	Silt	Sand	Gravel		
0					Concrete 2-81										
5					organics	dk brn	loose	damp	—	15	80	5		VL	Low
10					organics	tan grey	stiff			25	65	10		M	L
15					SW organics	grn	stiff	damp	mild	5	15	80		VL	Low
20					@ 18.5	grn brn	loose	wet	—	5	15	80		VL	M

WHEEL & Peerless STAGES
 Address: 2026 Brush St.

SB-2

MW-

Project Number:

Boring Location: down gradient of tanks Date: 10/3/97

Geologist: JB

Drilling Method:

Time: 11:10

Depth (ft)	Sample Interval	Time/Blow Cnt.	Well Const.	USC Class.	Soil Type and Comments	Color	Pen. Resist.	Moisture	Odor	Percentages				Plasticity	Permeability
										Clay	Silt	Sand	Gravel		
0					Asphalts										
5					organics	brn tan	stiff				15	75	10	LM	L
1		60 ppm			organics	tan	stiff moist				15	75	10	M	L
1		80 ppm			@ 14'	tan	soft				10	80	10	L	M
1		80 ppm				tan	soft damp				10	85	5	LM	L
2						brn	soft wet				15	10	75	LM	L
25					bkg OVA = 20 ppm										
30					Water recharged in temp. screen to ~ 10' bgs.										
35															

Address: 2026 Brush St.

SB-3

MW-

Project Number:

Boring Location:

K-g-adj. of tanks

Date: 10/3/97

Geologist: JB

Drilling Method:

Time: 12:20

Depth (ft)	Sample Interval	Time/Blow Cnt.	Well Const.	USC Class.	Soil Type and Comments	Color	Pen. Resist.	Moisture	Odor	Percentages				Plasticity	Permeability	
										Clay	Silt	Sand	Gravel			
					concrete - 6"											
5						light brown	loose	damp	-		15	80	5		VL	M
						brn	soft		-		10	30	60		L	LM
1					organics	tan	stiff				25	70	5		M	L
						brn	loose	damp	-		5	15	80		L	M
							in sand pocket	slight								
2						brn	soft	wet	-		15	10	75		LM	L

Address: 2026 Brush St., Oakland

SB-4

MW-

Project Number:

Boring Location: down-grad. of W.O.

Date: 10/3/97

Geologist: SB

Drilling Method:

Time: 1:20

Depth (ft)	Sample Interval	Time/Blow Cnt.	Well Const.	USC Class.	Soil Type and Comments	Color	Pen. Resist.	Moisture	Odor	Percentages				Plasticity	Permeability
										Clay	Silt	Sand	Gravel		
					Asphalt										
0-5						blk, brn	loose	damp	—	15	80	5		UL	M
5-10						brn, tan	stiff		←	15	75	10		LM	L
10-15					organics	tan w/ green	hard	stiff	—	20	75	5		LM	L
15-20					organics	green	loose	moist	mild	5	30	65		L	LM
20-21						green	loose	wet	mild	5	10	85		UL	M
21-22						brn	loose	wet	—	5	10	85		UL	M
25-30					Water recharged to ~ 12' bgs in temp. screen.										

Client: Peerless Stages
 Address: 2026 Brush St.

SB-5

MW-

Project Number:
 Geologist: JB

Boring Location: NE corner of tanks
 Drilling Method:

Date: 10/3/97
 Time: 3:00

Depth (ft)	Sample Interval	Time/Blow Cnt.	Well Const.	USC Class.	Soil Type and Comments	Color	Pen. Resist.	Moisture	Odor	Percentages				Plasticity	Permeability
										Clay	Silt	Sand	Gravel		
					concrete - 8"										
						blk, brn loose damp				20	75	5		L	M
5						brn stiff				10	40	50		L	L
10					organics	brn tan stiff				10	70	20		L	L
15					organics	lt brn stiff				10	40	50		L	LM
20					no recovery	brn loose				5	40	55			M

CAMBRIA

ATTACHMENT D

Laboratory Analytic Results



McCAMPBELL ANALYTICAL INC.

110 Second Avenue South, #D7, Pacheco, CA 94553
Telephone: 510-798-1620 Fax: 510-798-1622
<http://www.mccampbell.com> E-mail: main@mccampbell.com

Cambria Environmental Technology 1144 65 th Street, Suite C Oakland, CA 94608	Client Project ID: Peerless Stages	Date Sampled: 10/03/97
		Date Received: 10/03/97
	Client Contact: Josh Bergstrom	Date Extracted: 10/03/97
	Client P.O:	Date Analyzed: 10/05/97

Gasoline Range (C6-C12) Volatile Hydrocarbons as Gasoline*, with Methyl tert-Butyl Ether* & BTEX*
EPA methods 5030, modified 8015, and 8020 or 602; California RWQCB (SF Bay Region) method GCFH(5030)

Lab ID	Client ID	Matrix	TPH(g)*	MTBE	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes	% Recovery Surrogate
81540	SB-3, 16'	S	ND	--	ND	ND	ND	ND	100
81547	SB-5, 15.5'	S	ND	--	ND	ND	ND	ND	99
81548	SB-2	W	ND,i	--	ND	0.70	ND	0.91	106
81549	SB-4	W	120,g,i	--	ND	1.8	0.50	3.7	103
Reporting Limit unless otherwise stated; ND means not detected above the reporting limit	W		50 ug/L	5.0	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	
	S		1.0 mg/kg	0.05	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	

* water and vapor samples are reported in ug/L, wipe samples in ug/wipe, soil and sludge samples in mg/kg, and all TCLP and SPLP extracts in ug/L.

* cluttered chromatogram; sample peak coelutes with surrogate peak

The following descriptions of the TPH chromatogram are cursory in nature and McCampbell Analytical is not responsible for their interpretation: a) unmodified or weakly modified gasoline is significant, b) heavy or gasoline range compounds are significant (aged gasoline?), c) lighter gasoline range compounds (the most mobile fraction) are significant, d) gasoline range compounds having broad chromatographic peaks are significant, biologically altered gasoline?, e) TPH pattern that does not appear to be derived from gasoline (?), f) one to a few isolated peaks present, g) strongly aged gasoline or diesel range compounds are significant, h) lighter than water (immiscible) solvent is present, i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~ 5 vol. % sediment, j) no recognizable pattern.



McCAMPBELL ANALYTICAL INC.

110 Second Avenue South, #D7, Pacheco, CA 94553
Telephone: 510-798-1620 Fax: 510-798-1622
<http://www.mccampbell.com> E-mail: main@mccampbell.com

Cambria Environmental Technology 1144 65 th Street, Suite C Oakland, CA 94608	Client Project ID: Peerless Stages	Date Sampled: 10/03/97
		Date Received: 10/03/97
	Client Contact: Josh Bergstrom	Date Extracted: 10/03/97
	Client P.O.:	Date Analyzed: 10/03/97

Diesel Range (C10-C23) Extractable Hydrocarbons as Diesel *

EPA methods modified 8015, and 3550 or 3510; California RWQCB (SF Bay Region) method GCFID(3550) or GCFID(3510)

Lab ID	Client ID	Matrix	TPH(d) ¹	% Recovery Surrogate
81540	SB-3, 16'	S	ND	105
81547	SB-5, 15.5'	S	ND	105
81548	SB-2	W	310,g,i	108
81549	SB-4	W	58,000,d,g,i	108
Reporting Limit unless otherwise stated; ND means not detected above the reporting limit	W	50 ug/L		
	S	1.0 mg/kg		

* water and vapor samples are reported in ug/L, wipe samples in ug/wipe, soil and sludge samples in mg/kg, and all TCLP / STLC / SPLP extracts in ug/L

* cluttered chromatogram resulting in coeluted surrogate and sample peaks, or, surrogate peak is on elevated baseline, or, surrogate has been diminished by dilution of original extract.

The following descriptions of the TPH chromatogram are cursory in nature and McCampbell Analytical is not responsible for their interpretation: a) unmodified or weakly modified diesel is significant, b) diesel range compounds are significant, no recognizable pattern, c) aged diesel is significant, d) gasoline range compounds are significant, e) medium boiling point pattern that does not match diesel (?), f) one to a few isolated peaks present, g) oil range compounds are significant, h) higher than water immovable fraction is present, i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~5 vol % sediment.



McCAMPBELL ANALYTICAL INC.

110 Second Avenue South, #D7, Pacheco, CA 94553
Telephone : 510-798-1620 Fax : 510-798-1622
http://www.mccampbell.com E-mail: main@mccampbell.com

Cambria Environmental Technology 1144 65 th Street, Suite C Oakland, CA 94608	Client Project ID: Peerless Stages	Date Sampled: 10/03/97
		Date Received: 10/03/97
	Client Contact: Jesh Bergstrom	Date Extracted: 10/03/97
	Client P.O.:	Date Analyzed: 10/03/97

Volatile Halocarbons

EPA method 601 or 8010

Lab ID	81549		
Client ID	SB-4		
Matrix	W		
Compound	Concentration		
Bromodichloromethane	ND		
Bromoform ^(b)	ND		
Bromomethane	ND		
Carbon Tetrachloride ^(d)	ND		
Chlorobenzene	ND		
Chloroethane	ND		
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether ^(e)	ND		
Chloroform ^(f)	ND		
Chloromethane	ND		
Dibromochloromethane	ND		
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND		
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND		
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND		
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND		
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND		
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND		
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND		
cis 1,2-Dichloroethene	ND		
trans 1,2-Dichloroethene	ND		
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND		
cis 1,3-Dichloropropene	ND		
trans 1,3-Dichloropropene	ND		
Methylene Chloride ^(d)	ND		
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND		
Tetrachloroethene	ND		
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND		
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND		
Trichloroethane	ND		
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND		
Vinyl Chloride ^(g)	ND		
% Recovery Surrogate	102		
Comments	j		

* water and vapor samples and all TCLP & SPLP extracts are reported in ug/L, soil and sludge samples in ug/kg, wipe samples in ug/wipe

Reporting limit unless otherwise stated: water/TCLP/SPLP extracts, ND<0.5ug/l ; soils and sludges, ND<5ug/kg; wipes, ND<0.2ug/wipe

ND means not detected above the reporting limit; N/A means analyte not applicable to this analysis

(b) tribromomethane; (c) tetrachloromethane; (d) (2-chloroethoxy) ethane; (e) trichloromethane; (f) dichloromethane; (g) chloroethane; (h) lighter than water immiscible sheen is present; (i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~5 vol % solvent; (j) sample diluted due to high organic content

McCAMPBELL, ANALYTICAL

110 END AVENUE, # 107
PACIFIC, CA 94088

(510) 700-1020

FAX (510) 700-8008

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

TURN AROUND TIME: 24 HOURS 48 HOURS 5-DAYS

REPORT TO: Josh Bergstrom BILL TO: Cambridge
 COMPANY: Cambridge Environmental Technology
1144 65th St., Suite C
Oakland, CA 94608
 TEL: 510-420-0700 FAX: 420-9170
 PROJECT NUMBER: _____ PROJECT NAME: Pearlberg Senges
 PROJECT LOCATION: 2026 Brush St, Oakland SAMPLER SIGNATURE: [Signature]

ANALYSIS REQUEST

SAMPLE ID	LOCATION	SAMPLING		CONTAINER	TYPE CONTAINER	MATRIX					METHOD PRESERVED		ANALYSIS REQUEST	REMARKS	
		DATE	TIME			WATER	SLURRY	ASB	SLURRY	OTHER	MC	MG			OTHER
SB-1, 9.5'		10/3				X									hold
SB-1, 15'						X									hold
SB-1, 19'						X									hold
SB-2, 5'						X									hold
SB-2, 9'						X									hold
SB-2, 11'						X									hold
SB-2, 15'						X									hold
SB-2, 20'						X									hold
SB-3, 5'						X									hold
SB-3, 10'						X									hold
SB-3, 16'						X									hold
SB-3, 20'						X									hold

REC'D BY: [Signature]
 REC'D BY: [Signature]
 REC'D BY: _____

DATE	TIME	RECEIVED BY
10/3	6:50	<u>[Signature]</u> 819
DATE	TIME	RECEIVED BY
10-3	6:15	<u>[Signature]</u> MJE
DATE	TIME	RECEIVED BY LABORATORY

REMARKS: ICE/GOOD CONDITION/HEAD SPACE ABSENT
 PRESERVATION APPROPRIATE CONTAINERS
 VOALS & METALS OTHER

