

# RECEIVED

10:10 am, May 18, 2009

Alameda County

Environmental Health



Atlantic Richfield Company (a BP affiliated company)

P.O. Box 1257 San Ramon, CA 94583 Phone: (925) 275-3801 Fax: (925) 275-3815

May 15, 2009

Re: Feasibility Study and Corrective Action Plan Former BP Station #11133 2220 98<sup>th</sup> Avenue Oakland, California ACEH Case #RO0000403

"I declare, that to the best of my knowledge at the present time, that the information and/or recommendations contained in the attached document are true and correct."

Submitted by:

Sail Supple

Paul Supple Environmental Business Manager

#### **Prepared for:**

Mr. Paul Supple Environmental Business Manager Atlantic Richfield Company P.O. Box 1257 San Ramon, California 94583

#### FEASIBILITY STUDY AND CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN Former BP Station #11133

2220 98<sup>th</sup> Avenue Oakland, California

#### **Prepared by:**

BROADBENT & ASSOCIATES, INC. ENGINEERING, WATER RESOURCES & ENVIRONMENTAL 1324 Mangrove Ave., Suite 212 Chico, California 95926 (530) 566-1400 www.broadbentinc.com

May 15, 2009

Project No. 06-88-656



May 15, 2009

Project No. 06-88-656

Atlantic Richfield Company P.O. Box 1257 San Ramon, CA 94583 Submitted via ENFOS

Attn.: Mr. Paul Supple

Re: Feasibility Study and Corrective Action Plan, Former BP Station #11133 2220 98<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Oakland, California; ACEH Case #RO0000403

Dear Mr. Supple:

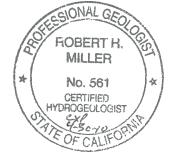
Broadbent & Associates, Inc. (BAI) is pleased to submit this *Feasibility Study and Corrective Action Plan* for Former BP Station #11133 (herein referred to as Station #11133) located at 2220 98<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Oakland, California (Site). This report was prepared in response to a directive letter from Mr. Paresh Khatri of Alameda County Environmental Health (ACEH) dated January 16, 2009.

Should you have questions or require additional information, please do not hesitate to contact us at (530) 566-1400.

Sincerely, BROADBENT & ASSOCIATES, INC.

Matthew G. Herrick, P.G., C.HG. Senior Hydrogeologist

Robert H. Miller, P.G., C.HG. Principal Hydrogeologist



- Enclosures
- cc: Mr. Paresh Khatri, Alameda County Environmental Health (Submitted via ACEH ftp site) Ms. Shelby Lathrop, ConocoPhillips, 76 Broadway, Sacramento, California 95818 Electronic copy uploaded to GeoTracker

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0	INTRO	ODUCTION	1
2.0	BACK	GROUND INFORMATION	1
3.0	SITE (	GEOLOGY AND HYDROGEOLOGY	6
4.0	RISK	ASSESSMENT	7
	4.1 Sit	e Conceptual Exposure Model	7
		posure Pathways	
	4.3 Ri	sk Assessment Status	8
5.0	FEAS	BILITY STUDY	8
	5.1	Screening of Remediation Technologies	8
		5.1.1 No Action	
		5.1.2 Excavation	9
		5.1.3 Bioventing	9
		5.1.4 Soil Vapor Extraction	10
		5.1.5 Dual-Phase Extraction and Treatment	10
		5.1.6 In-Situ Chemical Oxidation	11
		5.1.7 Enhanced Bioremediation	12
		5.1.8 Air Sparging	12
		5.1.9 In-Well Air Stripping	13
		5.1.10 Bioslurping	
		5.1.11 Ground-Water Extraction and Treatment	
		5.1.12 Monitored Natural Attenuation	
		5.1.13 Hydrofracturing	
		5.1.14 Thermal Treatment	
	5.2	Alternatives Evaluation and Costs	
	5.3	Recommended Remedial Alternative	19
6.0		RECTIVE ACTION PLAN	
	6.1	Nitrate/Sulfate Pilot Study Work Plan	
		6.1.1 Introduction	
		6.1.2 Nitrate/Sulfate Demand Calculations	
		6.1.3 Nitrate/Sulfate Solution Addition	
		6.1.4 Tracer Test	
		6.1.5 Ground-Water Monitoring/Sampling Plan	
	6.2	Injection Well Installation	
	6.3	Cleanup Levels and Goals	
	6.4	Closure Requirements	24
7.0	CLOS	URE	24
8.0	REFE	RENCES	24

#### TABLES

- 1 Summary of Ground-Water Monitoring Data, Station 11133, Oakland, CA
- 2 Summary of Fuel Additives Analytical Data, Station 11133, Oakland, CA
- 3 Historical Ground-Water Flow Direction and Gradient, Station 11133, Oakland, CA
- 4- Bio-Degradation Parameters, Station 11133, Oakland, CA
- 5- Nitrate Injection Calculations Based on Mass Flux Approach, Station 11133, Oakland, CA
- 6- Sulfate Injection Calculations Based on Mass Flux Approach, Station 11133, Oakland, CA
- 7- Monthly Ground-Water Monitoring/Sampling Plan for Nitrate/Sulfate Addition, Station 11133, Oakland, CA

#### DRAWINGS

- 1 Site Location Map, Station 11133, Oakland, CA
- 2 Ground-Water Elevation Contour and Analytical Summary Map 6 January 2009, Station 11133, Oakland, CA
- 3 Site Map with Proposed Injection Well Location, Station 11133, Oakland, CA

#### **APPENDICES**

- A Recent Regulatory Correspondence
- B Historical Soil & Ground-Water Data
- C Soil Boring and Well Construction Logs
- D Geologic Cross-Sections

# 1.0 INTRODUCTION

On behalf of the Atlantic Richfield Company, RM - a BP affiliated company, Broadbent & Associates, Inc. (BAI) has prepared this Feasibility Study and Corrective Action Plan for Former BP Service Station No. 11133, located at 2220 98<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Oakland, California (Site). This report was prepared in response to the request within the January 16, 2009 directive letter from Alameda County Environmental Health (ACEH). The directive letter specifically requested the preparation of a Feasibility Study and Corrective Action Plan to evaluate possible cleanup alternatives for the Site. A copy of the ACEH letter is provided in Appendix A. This report includes discussions on the site background and previous environmental activities, regional and Site geology and lithology, discussion of various remediation technologies and the recommended alternative, Work Plan for initiation of pilot scale remedial activities, and cleanup levels and goals.

The April 30, 2009 *Addendum Soil and Ground-Water Investigation Work Plan* was submitted to the ACEH. The Work plan proposed for the installation of three soil borings along the south side of Bancroft Avenue and collection of grab ground-water samples to further characterize the potential migration of contaminants. A response from the ACEH has yet to be received.

#### 2.0 BACKGROUND INFORMATION

The Property is currently a vacant lot located at the southeastern corner of 98<sup>th</sup> Avenue and Bancroft Avenue in Oakland. The land use in the immediate vicinity of the Site is mixed commercial and residential. The property consists of a flat lot covered with gravel, soil, concrete, and low lying vegetation. A site vicinity map is provided in Drawing 1. BP acquired the facility from Mobil Oil Corporation in 1989. In January 1994, BP transferred the property to TOSCO Marketing Company (now known as ConocoPhilips) and has not operated the facility since that time. TOSCO ceased gasoline retail operations at the Site in 1999.

In June 1987, Kaprealian Engineering, Inc. (Kaprealian) removed one 10,000-gallon, one 8,000-gallon, and one 5,000-gallon single walled steel gasoline underground storage tanks (USTs) from the southwestern portion of the Site. Soil samples (A1, A2, B1, B2, and C1) were collected from the base of the tank cavity at depths of approximately 13.5 to 14 feet below ground surface (bgs). A summary of analytical results from this investigation are provided in Appendix B.

In May 1988, three ground-water monitoring wells (MW-1, MW-2, and MW-3) were installed on-site. Well locations, boring and well construction logs, and soil and ground-water analytical data from the installation activities are provided in Appendices B and C.

In January 1990, Alton Geosciences (Alton) oversaw the advancement of eight soil borings to various depths ranging between 16 and 35 feet bgs and the installation of eight temporary wells (TW-1 through TW-8) at the Site. Temporary wells TW-2 and TW-3 were installed off-site. The respective temporary wells were installed as part of a Supplemental Site Investigation to conduct a qualitative ground water survey. Soil samples were not collected for laboratory analysis from the well borings. Well locations and laboratory analytical data from this investigation are provided in Appendix B.

In May and June 1990, Alton oversaw the advancement of five soil borings and the installation of four ground-water monitoring wells (AW-1 through AW-4) and one recovery well (RW-1).

Wells AW-1 and RW-1 were installed on-site and the remaining wells were installed off-site. Boring and well construction logs, well locations and laboratory analytical data are provided in Appendices B and C. In July 1990, pump test and slug test activities were conducted at the Site, during which, approximately 100 gallons of product/water was pumped from recovery well RW-1 to control the migration of free product at the Site and appropriately disposed off-site.

In February and March 1991, as part of a Phase III-Supplemental Site Investigation Study, Alton oversaw the advancement of four soil borings (SBA-5 through SBA-8) which were converted into four ground-water monitoring wells (AW-5 through AW-8). Wells AW-5 and AW-6 were installed on-site while wells AW-7 and AW-8 were installed off-site. Boring and well construction logs and analytical data relating to this study are provided in Appendices B and C.

In March 1992, RESNA oversaw the advancement of three soil borings B-9 through B-11 in which three vapor extraction wells VW-1 through VW-3 were installed, respectively. A total of five soil samples were collected during the well installations. Ground-water samples were not collected from VW-1 through VW-3. Soil analytical data and boring logs from the well installation activities are provided in Appendices B and C.

In April 1992, a vapor extraction test (VET) was conducted on-site using vapor extraction wells VW-1 through VW-3 to evaluate the feasibility of using vapor extraction as a remedial alternative at the Site. Based on the estimated effective radius of influence calculated from the VET, soil vapor extraction was identified as a feasible remedial option for the Site. Soil vapor analytical data is provided in Appendix B. Also in April 1992, RESNA installed a GRS passive floating product removal system in RW-1 and initiated a program to manually remove the product collected by the system on a monthly basis.

In 1994, a SVE and ground-water treatment system was installed on-site and began operating in November 1994. The SVE and treatment system was initially connected to eight vapor extraction wells (VW-1 through VW-3 and VEW-4 through VEW-8) and recovery well RW-1. Vapor extraction wells VEW-4 through VEW-8 were installed in 1994 as part of the remediation system installed on-site. However, the drilling and installation activities associated with VEW-4 through VEW-8 are not on file and it is not known if soil or ground-water samples were collected from the respective borings. Vapor extraction well VEW-9 was installed and connected to the SVE and treatment system in April 1996. Analytical data associated with vapor well VWE-9 is provided in Appendices B.

Based upon available records, the SVE and ground-water treatment systems each operated intermittently until December 1998. Based on available operational data for the SVE system, as of December 27, 1995, a total of approximately 13,495.8 pounds of hydrocarbons had been removed from soils by the system. Based on available operational data for the ground-water treatment system, as of December 14, 1998, a total of approximately 344.4 pounds of hydrocarbons had been removed from on-site ground-water by the system and a total of approximately 166,358 gallons were removed. System analytical and operational data are provided in Appendix B.

In 1994, EMCON collected supplemental soil boring samples at the Site. However, a report documenting the investigation results could not be found on file.

In December 1996, Alisto drilled soil boring AW-9 to further delineate the extent of petroleum hydrocarbon contamination off-site. Soil boring AW-9 was converted to monitoring well AW-9. Soil samples were collected during soil boring installation activities. Well AW-9 was subsequently included in the ongoing ground-water monitoring program. Analytical data and boring and well construction logs from this installation are provided in Appendices B and C.

In October 1998, Gettler-Ryan, Inc. (GR) oversaw the removal of two 10,000-gallon and one 12,000-gallon USTs and associated product piping. No holes or cracks were observed in the tanks following removal. After the removal of the USTs and product piping, four tank-pit sidewall soil samples (SW-1 through SW-4) from approximately 12.0 feet bgs, two tank-pit ground-water samples (Water-1 and Water-2), and eight product piping soil samples (P1 through P8) from approximately 3.5 feet bgs were collected and analyzed. Approximately 655.40 tons of soil was excavated and removed from the Site during UST and product piping removal activities. Sampling locations and analytical data from this investigation are provided in Appendices B and C.

In May 2000, Newfields, Inc. (Newfields) performed a risk-based corrective action (RBCA) evaluation for the Site using Oakland and ASTM RBCA processes. The residual gasoline and diesel constituent concentrations in on-site soils and ground water were initially compared to concentrations presented in the Oakland RBCA Tier 1 and Tier 2 look-up tables, whose values are based on conservative, generic exposure and modeling parameters, resulting in conservative risk-based screening levels. Where Site conditions exceeded Oakland RBCA Tier 1 and Tier 2 levels, those conditions were further assessed under the Oakland RBCA Tier 3 analysis. The Tier 3 analysis replaces some of the conservative, generic assumptions of Tiers 1 and 2 with data that is representative of actual Site conditions, thereby providing a more accurate representation of existing and potential future risks. Accordingly, the results of the Oakland RBCA Tier 3 evaluation indicated that the residual levels of petroleum hydrocarbons in on-site soils and ground water were below City of Oakland and US EPA acceptable cancer risks and non-cancer risk levels. It was thereby concluded that on-site soil and ground-water conditions should not pose a risk to current and future on-site workers or off-site residents.

In December 2000, Newfields submitted a revised RBCA evaluation for the Site to ACEH incorporating agency feedback and further detailing previously provided information. However, the conclusions remained the same as in the May 2000 RBCA for the Site.

In compliance with regulatory requests and feedback on the December 2000 Newfields RBCA evaluation, a supplemental investigation was conducted in October 2001 by Cambria to assess inhalation potential exposure risks from residual subsurface hydrocarbon concentrations particularly to off-site residents. As part of the supplemental investigation, six soil borings (B-1 through B-6) were drilled in the eastern and southeastern property boundaries and soil, soil vapor, and ground-water samples were collected from the respective borings and analyzed. Two soil samples each were collected from borings B-1, B-2, B-3, B-5, and B-6, and four soil samples, including a duplicate, was collected from B-4 at depths ranging between 4.5 to 19.5 feet bgs. Three soil vapor samples were collected from each boring B-1 through B-6 at five foot depth intervals between five and 15 feet bgs. One ground-water sample was collected from each

boring B-1 through B-6. Sample locations, analytical data, and boring logs, from this investigation are provided in Appendices B and C.

In May 2002, Montgomery Watson Harza (MWH) performed a revised RBCA evaluation for the Site using Oakland and ASTM Tier 1 through Tier 3 RBCA values. The purpose of the report was to evaluate whether petroleum hydrocarbon constituents detected in soil, soil vapor, and ground water at the Site presented a potential health risk to current and future on-site workers, and off-site residents. This revised RBCA evaluation primarily incorporated the October 2001 supplemental investigation soil, soil vapor, and ground-water analytical results to adequately evaluate potential exposure risks to the residential properties adjacent to the Site. The risks to off-site residents were addressed by the soil vapor data collected adjacent to the off-site residential structures, as soil vapor data is considered more representative of potential off-site residential exposures than soil or ground-water data. The results of the respective RBCA evaluation indicated that the theoretical upper-bound incremental lifetime cancer risks and non-cancer hazard indices associated with levels of Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH), benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes (BTEX), and methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE) in on-site soils and ground water were below acceptable levels. Accordingly, it was concluded that no further action was necessary for the protection of human health at the Site.

In October 2004, URS conducted a one-mile radius well survey for the Site. A review of the State of California Department of Water Resources (DWR) files and Environmental Data Resources, Inc. (EDR) files identified 11 domestic wells, seven irrigation wells, and one industrial well located within a one-mile radius of the Site. Fifteen well logs provided by DWR did not include addresses and therefore, those well locations could not be determined. Nine of the identified domestic wells and four irrigation wells were located approximately 0.75 miles down-gradient from the Site. However, no wells were identified within a 2,000 foot radius of the Site. Two former leaking UST sites with closed regulatory status were identified within 2,000 feet of the Site, but available records did not indicate the presence of monitoring wells in association with the two sites. According to the San Francisco Regional Water Quality Control Board "East Bay Plain Groundwater Basin Beneficial Use Evaluation Report", Figures 16 and 17, June 1999, there is one irrigation and one industrial shallow well (less than 100 feet bgs), and one deep irrigation well (greater than 100 feet bgs) located within 0.5 miles of the Site. Based on the sensitive receptor and well survey results, URS concluded that no sensitive receptors including wells were identified within a distance of the Site where the hydrocarbon impacted soil and ground water from the Site could likely pose a threat.

In October 2004, URS conducted an underground utility survey to identify potential migration pathways and conduits in order to assess the probability of petroleum hydrocarbon plume migration. The underground utilities identified during this survey included sanitary sewer lines, storm drains, East Bay Municipal Utility District (EBMUD) water lines, Pacific Gas and Electric (PG&E) lines, and trench lines associated with the former onsite remediation system. Underground utilities of potential concern identified where trenching extending to approximate depths of less than 4-5 feet bgs associated with the former on-site remediation system and sanitary sewer lines running directly beneath the south to southwestern portion and north to northwestern portion of the Site at approximate depths of 4 to 4.5 feet bgs. All other identified underground utilities were off-site and the underground utilities down-gradient of the Site do not extend beyond a maximum depth of approximately 6.5 feet bgs. Historically, the depth to

ground water beneath the Site and in the immediate vicinity has ranged from 6.77 to 28.51 feet bgs (between April 1991 and July 2004) and has recently ranged from approximately 7.85 to 22.11 feet bgs (between July 2000 and present), fluctuating seasonally. Accordingly, since the maximum approximate depths of the identified on-site and off-site underground utilities are above the typical average and occasional historic highs of the depth to groundwater at the Site and the immediate vicinity, the identified underground utilities are unlikely to act as significant preferential conduits for dissolved hydrocarbon migration. Additionally, since no wells were identified within 2,000 feet of the Site, the potential for off-site wells acting as preferential conduits for dissolved hydrocarbon plume migration was not of concern.

In July and September 2005, URS conducted a soil and water investigation in order to further delineate the contaminant plume and perform a preferential pathway evaluation. Plume delineation included advancing two soil boring pairs (SB-1 and SB-2), which included one soil boring and one Hydropunch<sup>®</sup> boring at each location. The boring pair SB-1 was advanced to assess the extent of dissolved or free-phase hydrocarbons and evaluate the potential for off-site contaminant migration to the southeast, in front of the neighboring residence. The boring pair SB-2 was advanced to assess the extent of dissolved hydrocarbons cross-gradient of wells AW-5 and AW-6. The preferential pathway evaluation included the advancement of two soil borings (SB-3 and SB-4) along the sanitary sewer line running beneath the north and northwestern section of the Site at approximately 6.5 to 7 feet bgs to assess the potential of the sanitary sewer line acting as a preferential pathway for contaminant migration. In addition, the three existing down-gradient vapor extraction wells (VEW-4, VEW-5, and VEW-8), which are located in the vicinity of the sanitary sewer line on the Site, were sampled. A ground-water sample could not be collected from well VEW-5 due to dry conditions. A total of 22 soil samples and two groundwater samples were collected from borings SB-1 through SB-4. Results of the investigation indicated LPAPL was not migrating to the east/southeast and northeast beneath the neighboring residences and the sanitary sewer did not appear to be acting as a preferential pathway even during seasons of high ground water. Boring locations, analytical data, a geologic cross-section and boring logs from this investigation are provided in Appendices B, C, and D.

On July 8, 2005, URS submitted the *Nitrate/Sulfate Feasibility Study Work Plan*. The Work Plan was not approved by the ACEH until December 20, 2007. For various reasons documented in past transmittals to the ACEH, nitrate/sulfate addition work activities were never initiated.

Free product has been observed on-site in wells MW-1 and RW-1. Approximately 0.70 gallons of free product has been removed from well MW-1 and free product has not been observed in MW-1 since 1999. Approximately 161.29 gallons of free product has been removed from well RW-1 and free product has not been observed in RW-1 since 2001. Historic free product removal data are provided in Appendix B.

To date, a total of 23 ground-water monitoring and extraction wells have been installed at the Site and in the Site vicinity. These include 13 ground-water monitoring wells, seven of which are on-site (MW-1, MW-2, MW-3, AW-1, AW-5, AW-6, and RW-1) and six off-site (AW-2, AW-3, AW-4, AW-7, AW-8, and AW-9). Well RW-1 was installed as a dual extraction and monitoring well. There are eight on-site vapor extraction wells (VW-1 through VW-3 and VEW-4 through VEW-8) and one off-site extraction well (VEW-9). A quarterly ground-water monitoring program was initiated in April 1991 and is ongoing with a modified sampling

schedule. Since the first quarter of 2001, the monitoring program at the Site began operating on a semi-annual basis. Monitoring of off-site wells AW-7, AW-8 and AW-9 was discontinued in 1998. Monitoring of on-site well MW-2 and off-site well AW-3 was discontinued in 2000. Currently, wells MW-1, MW-3, AW-1, AW-2, AW-4, AW-5, AW-6, and RW-1 are monitored semi-annually (first and third quarters). Historic free product removal and ground-water analytical data are provided in Appendix B and Tables 1-4.

# 3.0 SITE GEOLOGY AND HYDROGEOLOGY

According to the *East Bay Plain Groundwater Basin Beneficial Use Evaluation Report* (California Regional Water Quality Control Board – San Francisco Bay Region/SFRWQCB, June 1999), the Site is located within the Oakland Sub-Area of the East Bay Plain of the San Francisco Basin. The Oakland Sub-Area contains a sequence of alluvial fans. The alluvial fill thickness ranges from 300 to 700 feet deep. There are no well-defined aquitards such as estuarine muds. The largest and deepest wells in this sub-area historically pumped one to two million gallons per day at depths greater than 200 feet. Overall, sustainable yields are low due in part to low recharge potential. The Merritt sand in West Oakland was an important part of the early water supply for the City of Oakland. It is shallow (up to 60 feet), but before the turn of the last century, septic systems contaminated the water supply wells.

Throughout most of the Alameda County portion of the East Bay Plain, from Hayward north to Albany, water level contours show that the general direction of ground-water flow is from east to west or from the Hayward Fault to the San Francisco Bay. Ground-water flow direction generally correlates to topography. Flow direction and velocity are also influenced by buried stream channels that typically are oriented in an east to west direction. In the southern end of the study area however, near the San Lorenzo Sub-Area, the direction of flow may not be this simple. According to information presented in *East Bay Plain Groundwater Basin Beneficial Use Evaluation Report,* the small set of water level measurements available seemed to show that the ground water in the upper aquifers may be flowing south, with the deeper aquifers, the Alameda Formation, moving north.

The Site is approximately two miles east of the San Leandro Bay, which is a small portion of the San Francisco Bay. The nearest surface water drainage is Arroyo Viejo, located approximately one mile north of the Site. Another creek, San Leandro Creek is located approximately 1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> miles south of the Site. Both creeks originate in the East Bay Hills and drain directly into San Leandro Bay.

According to the *East Bay Plain Groundwater Basin Beneficial Use Evaluation Report*, the City of Oakland does not have "any plans to develop local ground-water resources for drinking water purposes, because of existing or potential saltwater intrusion, contamination, or poor or limited quantity." However, the California Regional Water Quality Control Board – San Francisco Bay Region's Basin Plan denotes existing beneficial uses of municipal and domestic supply (MUN), industrial process supply (PROC), industrial service supply (IND), and agricultural supply (AGR) for the East Bay Plain ground-water basin.

The Site elevation is approximately 40 feet above mean sea level, where regional topography slopes to the west (USGS Topographic Map, Oakland East Quadrangle – 7.5 Minute Series).

The topography of the surrounding area is characterized by valleys and gentle slopes. The regional surface and ground-water flow is generally to the southwest, towards San Francisco Bay. The historical ground-water flow direction at the Site has been highly variable. However, the flow direction over the past one and a half years has been predominantly west to west-southwest (Table 3). The hydraulic gradient has ranged between 0.006 to 0.01 feet per foot since 2006 (Table 3). Depth-to-water measurements have ranged from 7.85 to 21.07 feet bgs (Table 1).

The Site is typically underlain by clay, silty clay, and clayey silt to depths of approximately 18 to 20 feet bgs. Geologic cross sections (Appendix C) show a silty sand lens at approximately three to four feet bgs and several silty sand and silty gravel lenses from approximately 13 to 17 feet bgs. Sandy clays, sandy silts, and silty sands are encountered at depths of approximately 19 to 40 feet bgs beneath the Site. The silty to clayey sand lens tapers to the south and is not encountered in well AW-4, which consists of silty clays to 35 feet bgs. The lens of sandy clays, sandy silts, and silty sands is underlain by silty clays, which extend to the total explored depth of all borings. Boring logs and Historical geologic cross-sections are presented in Appendices C and D.

Based on a rising head slug test conducted at the Site in July 1990, the transmissivity, hydraulic conductivity, and linear velocity of the aquifer material at the Site were calculated to be 9.0 feet<sup>2</sup>/day, 0.6 feet/day ( $2.1 \times 10^{-4}$  centimeters/second), and  $6.0 \times 10^{-3}$  feet/day, respectively. These values were reported to be representative of low permeability soil encountered at the Site and are within accepted values for clayey to silty sand. The results of an aquifer pump test conducted at the Site in April 1991, on recovery well RW-1 with nine observation wells located between 35 and 135 feet from the pumping well reported storativity and transmissivity values of 0.3493 and 0.1491 feet<sup>2</sup>/minute, respectively. Assuming an aquifer thickness of 25 feet (based on screen interval for recovery well RW-1), the hydraulic conductivity was calculated to be 8.588 feet/day ( $3.029 \times 10^{-3}$  centimeters/second). This hydraulic conductivity value corresponds to typical published values for silty sands (Fetter, 1988).

# 4.0 RISK ASSESSMENT

# 4.1 Site Conceptual Exposure Model

The Property is currently a fenced, vacant lot located at the southeastern corner of 98<sup>th</sup> Avenue and Bancroft Avenue in Oakland. The Site is not open to the public. Authorized environmental professionals performing sampling or other relevant activities are allowed on-site. Review of historical investigation data indicate that the majority of soil and ground-water contamination associated with the Site is present at depths generally greater than eight feet beneath the Site and to the southwest direction off-site beneath Bancroft Avenue. Public and general occupational exposure to these secondary sources of contamination is believed to be remote and/or of short duration.

# 4.2 Exposure Pathways

Potential exposure pathways associated with this Site include human inhalation, ingestion, and absorption risks by environmental professionals. A remote but unknown potential exposure

pathway might be human inhalation by tradesmen in the underground utility installation and maintenance occupation. However, the soil concentrations present would seem unlikely to present a viable exposure pathway of concern. In addition, the absence of buildings on-site suggests that Site visitors would be congregating in open-air areas, greatly reducing the potential for exposure to vapor migration. Soil and ground-water contamination also appears to be present off-site to the southwest beneath Bancroft Avenue. Exposure pathways relating to current Site conditions and property use do not appear to be an issue at this time.

# 4.3 Risk Assessment Status

As stated above in Section 2.0, RBCA evaluations have been completed at the site. Results of the most recent evaluation (MWH, 2002) indicated that the theoretical upper-bound incremental lifetime cancer risks and non-cancer hazard indices associated with levels of TPH, BTEX, and MTBE in on-site soils and ground water were below acceptable levels. Accordingly, it was concluded that no further action was necessary for the protection of human health at the Site

# 5.0 FEASIBILITY STUDY

# 5.1 Screening of Remediation Technologies

Several potential full-scale remediation technologies described within the Remediation Technologies Screening Matrix and Reference Guide, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition (Federal Remediation Technologies Roundtable, 2002) were evaluated to identify feasible remediation alternatives for the conditions and contamination at the Site. The Federal Remediation Technologies Roundtable is a working group including the Federal Environmental Protection Agency, Department of Defense, Department of Energy, Department of the Air Force, Department of the Interior, Department of the Army, Department of the Navy, and National Aeronautics and Space Administration. Of the approximately 60 remediation technologies described, 11 remediation technologies (and two methods of recovery enhancement) were screened for viability in this section. In addition to the technologies listed, a No-Action option was evaluated. The No-Action option is typically included in feasibility studies to represent the baseline do-nothing action for comparison purposes. The technologies assessed in this initial screening are listed in the matrix below. Also presented is the media each technology would address.

	Μ	edia
emediation Technology	Soil	Water
No Action		
Excavation	Х	
Bioventing	Х	
Soil Vapor Extraction	Х	
Dual-Phase Extraction and Treatment	Х	Х
Chemical Oxidation	Х	Х
Enhanced Bioremediation	Х	Х
Air Sparging	(X)	Х
In-Well Air Stripping	(X)	Х
Bioslurping		Х
Ground Water Extraction and Treatment		Х

# Summary of Remediation Technologies Evaluated

Monitored Natural Attenuation		Х
<b>Recovery Enhancements</b>		
Thermal Treatment	Х	Х
Fracturing/Hydrofracturing	Х	Х

# 5.1.1 <u>No Action</u>

Based on the hydrocarbon concentration trends in ground water, the no action option is not expected to be acceptable to ACEH. The no-action option is retained as a baseline for comparison.

#### 5.1.2 Excavation

With excavation, contaminated material is physically removed and transported to permitted off-site treatment and/or disposal facilities. Factors that limit the applicability and effectiveness of the general process include:

- Generation of fugitive emissions may be a problem during operations.
- The distance from the contaminated site to the nearest disposal facility with the required permit(s) will affect cost.
- Depth and composition of the media requiring excavation must be considered.
- Transportation of the soil through populated areas may affect community acceptability.

At this time, minimal deeper soil impacts have been observed at the Site, potentially beyond the reach of conventional excavating equipment. Excavation would not address the concentrations of hydrocarbons in ground water at the Site. Excavation is therefore screened from consideration at this time.

# 5.1.3 Bioventing

Bioventing is an in-situ biological treatment that stimulates the natural in-situ biodegradation of aerobically degradable compounds in soil by providing oxygen to existing soil microorganisms. It does not directly address contamination in ground water. In contrast to soil vacuum vapor extraction (SVE), bioventing uses low air flow rates to provide just enough oxygen to sustain aerobic microbial activity. Oxygen is most commonly supplied through direct air injection into residual contamination in soil. In addition to degradation of adsorbed fuel residuals, volatile compounds are biodegraded as vapors move slowly through biologically active soil. Regulatory acceptance of this technology has been obtained in 30 states and in all 10 EPA regions. Bioventing is a medium to long-term technology. Cleanup ranges from a few months to several years. However, a critical factor that limits the applicability and effectiveness of this process is the presence of low to moderate permeability soils. Therefore, bioventing alone will not be retained for further consideration and evaluation due to the extensive presence of clays and silts at the Site which would severely reduce bioventing performance, and its inability to directly address ground-water contamination.

# 5.1.4 Soil Vapor Extraction

Soil Vapor Extraction (SVE) is an in situ unsaturated (vadose) zone soil remediation technology in which a vacuum is applied to the soil to induce the controlled flow of air and remove volatile contaminants from the soil. The gas leaving the soil may be treated to recover or destroy the contaminants, depending on local and state air discharge regulations. Vertical extraction vents are typically used at depths of five feet or greater and have been successfully applied as deep as 300 feet. Horizontal extraction vents (installed in trenches or horizontal borings) can be used as warranted by contaminant zone geometry, drill rig access, or other site-specific factors. For the soil surface, geomembrane covers are often placed over the soil surface to prevent short circuiting and to increase the radius of influence of the wells. Ground-water depression pumps may be used to reduce ground water upwelling induced by the vacuum or to increase the depth of the vadose zone. Air injection is effective for facilitating extraction of deep contamination, contamination in low permeability soils, and contamination in the saturated zone. The duration of operation and maintenance for in situ SVE is typically medium- to long-term.

Factors that may limit the applicability and effectiveness of the process include:

- Soil that has a high percentage of fines and a high degree of saturation will require higher vacuums (increasing costs) and/or hindering the operation of the in situ SVE system.
- Large screened intervals are required in extraction wells for soil with highly variable permeabilities or stratification, which otherwise may result in uneven delivery of gas flow from the contaminated regions.
- Soil that has high organic content or is extremely dry has a high sorption capacity for VOCs, which results in reduced removal rates.
- Exhaust air from in situ SVE system may require treatment to eliminate possible harm to the public and the environment.
- As a result of off-gas treatment, residual liquids may require treatment/disposal. Spent activated carbon will require regeneration or disposal.
- SVE is not effective in the saturated zone. However, lowering the water table can expose more media to SVE (this may address concerns regarding LNAPLs).

SVE has already been used on-site as a successful remedial method. Additionally, current and historic hydrocarbon concentrations within the soils analyzed on-site have been minimal. Therefore, SVE will not be retained for further consideration and evaluation.

#### 5.1.5 <u>Dual-Phase Extraction and Treatment</u>

Dual-Phase Extraction (DPE), also known as multi-phase extraction and vacuum enhanced extraction, is a technology that uses a high vacuum system to remove various combinations of contaminated ground water, separate-phase petroleum hydrocarbons, and hydrocarbon vapor from the subsurface. Extracted liquids and vapors are treated and collected for disposal, or re-injected to the subsurface (where permissible under applicable state laws). In DPE systems for liquid/vapor treatment, a high vacuum system is used to remove liquid and gas from low permeability or heterogeneous formations. The vacuum extraction well includes a screened section in the zone of contaminated soils and ground water. It removes contaminants from above and below the water table. The system lowers the water table around the well, exposing more of the formation.

Contaminants in the newly exposed vadose zone are then accessible to vapor extraction. Once above ground, the extracted vapors or liquid-phase organics and ground water are separated and treated.

Factors that may limit the applicability and effectiveness of the process include:

- Site geology and contaminant characteristics/distribution.
- Combination with complementary technologies (e.g., pump-and-treat) may be required to recover ground water from high yielding aquifers.
- DPE requires both water treatment and vapor treatment.
- Soil type determines permeability, which is the primary cost driver. DPE works best for permeable sand-silt mixtures. Impermeable (clayey) or excessively permeable (gravel/sand) soils are more recalcitrant.

The critical factor that limits the applicability and effectiveness of this process at the Site is the presence of low permeability soils. Additionally, the SVE portion of the DPE technology has already been utilized at the Site and would most likely not be necessary due to the fact that current and historic hydrocarbon concentrations within the soils analyzed on-site have been minimal. Therefore, DPE will not be retained for further consideration and evaluation.

# 5.1.6 In-Situ Chemical Oxidation

In-situ chemical oxidation encompasses a wide range of technologies, including liquid chemical oxidant injection (e.g., hydrogen peroxide) and injection of air or ozone into the subsurface. The objective is to increase the oxygen content of ground water and enhance the rate of aerobic degradation of organic contaminants by naturally occurring microbes. For best results, factors that must be considered include redox conditions, saturation rates, presence of nutrient trace elements, pH, temperature, and permeability of the subsurface materials. In-situ chemical oxidation is a full-scale technology.

The following general factors may limit the applicability and effectiveness of the process:

- A ground-water circulation system may need to be created so that contaminants do not escape from zones of active biodegradation.
- Where the subsurface is heterogeneous, it is difficult to circulate the oxygenated solution throughout every portion of the contaminated zone. Higher permeability zones are cleaned up much faster because ground water flow rates are greater.
- High iron content in subsurface materials can rapidly reduce concentrations of oxygenated solutions.
- Amended hydrogen peroxide can be consumed very rapidly near the injection well, which can create two significant problems: biological growth can be limited to the region near the injection well, limiting adequate contamination/micro-organism contact throughout the contaminated zone; and biofouling of wells can retard the input of nutrients.
- A surface treatment system, such as air stripping or carbon adsorption, may be required to treat extracted ground water prior to re-injection or disposal.

In-situ chemical oxidation is a potentially effective treatment technology for the Site and will be retained for further evaluation and comparison of viable treatment alternatives.

# 5.1.7 <u>Enhanced Bioremediation</u>

Enhanced bioremediation is a process in which indigenous or inoculated micro-organisms (e.g., fungi, bacteria, and other microbes) degrade (metabolize) organic contaminants found in soil and/or ground water, converting them to innocuous end products. Nutrients, oxygen, or other amendments may be used to enhance bioremediation and contaminant desorption from subsurface materials. In the presence of sufficient oxygen (aerobic conditions), and other nutrient elements, microorganisms will ultimately convert many organic contaminants to carbon dioxide, water, and microbial cell mass.

Enhanced bioremediation typically involves the percolation or injection of ground water or uncontaminated water mixed with nutrients and saturated with dissolved oxygen. Sometimes acclimated microorganisms (bioaugmentation) and/or another oxygen source such as hydrogen peroxide is also added. An infiltration gallery is typically used for shallow contaminated soils, and injection wells are used for deeper contaminated soils and ground water.

In the absence of oxygen (anaerobic conditions), the organic contaminants will be ultimately metabolized to methane, limited amounts of carbon dioxide, and trace amounts of hydrogen gas. Under sulfate-reduction conditions, sulfate is converted to sulfide or elemental sulfur. Under nitrate-reduction conditions, dinitrogen gas is ultimately produced.

Enhanced bioremediation may be classified as a long-term technology which may take several years for cleanup of a plume. However, factors that may limit the applicability and effectiveness of the process include:

- Cleanup goals may not be attained if the soil matrix prohibits contaminant-microorganism contact.
- The circulation of water-based solutions through the soil may increase contaminant mobility and increase contaminant mobility and concentrations of the underlying ground water.
- Preferential colonization by microbes may occur causing clogging of nutrient and water injection wells.
- Preferential flow paths may severely decrease contaminant contact between injected fluids and contaminants through the contaminated zones. System is not optimal for clay, highly layered, or heterogeneous subsurface environments because of oxygen (or other electron acceptor) transfer limitations.
- Concentrations of hydrogen peroxide greater than 100-200 ppm in ground water inhibit the activity of microorganisms.

Enhanced Bioremediation is a potentially effective treatment technology for the Site and will be retained for further evaluation and comparison of viable treatment alternatives.

# 5.1.8 <u>Air Sparging</u>

Air sparging is an in situ technology in which air is injected through a contaminated aquifer. Injected air traverses horizontally and vertically in channels through the soil column, creating an underground stripper that removes contaminants by volatilization. This injected air helps flush (bubble) the contaminants up into the unsaturated zone where a vapor extraction system is usually implemented in conjunction with air sparging to remove the generated vapor phase contamination. This technology is designed to operated at high flow rates to maintain increased contact between ground water and soil and strip more ground water by sparging. Oxygen added to contaminated ground water and vadose zone soils can also enhance biodegradation of contaminants below and above the water table. Air sparging has a medium to long duration which may last, generally, up to a few years.

Factors that may limit the applicability and effectiveness of the process include:

- Air flow through the saturated zone may not be uniform, which implies that there can be uncontrolled movement of potentially dangerous vapors.
- Depth of contaminants and specific site geology must be considered.
- Air injection wells must be designed for site-specific conditions.
- Soil heterogeneity may cause some zones to be relatively unaffected.

The predominant clay layer from the surface to below ground water at the Site is thought to reduce the likely effectiveness of air sparging at the Site. Although not optimum due to the presence of clays at the Site, air sparging will be retained for further consideration and evaluation.

# 5.1.9 In-Well Air Stripping

With in-well air stripping technology air is injected into a vertical well that has been screened at two depths. The lower screen is set in the saturated zone, and the upper screen is in the unsaturated (vadose) zone. Pressurized air is injected into the well below the water table, aerating the water. The aerated water rises in the well and flows out of the system at the upper screen. Contaminated ground water is drawn into the system at the lower screen. The VOCs vaporize within the well at the top of the water table, as the air bubbles out of the water. The vapors are drawn off by a soil vapor extraction (SVE) system. The partially treated ground water is never brought to the surface; it is forced into the unsaturated zone, and the process is repeated as water follows a hydraulic circulation pattern or cell that allows continuous cycling of ground water. As ground water circulates through the treatment system in situ, contaminant concentrations are gradually reduced. Modification to the basic in-well stripping process may involve additives injected into the stripping well to enhance biodegradation (e.g., nutrients, electron acceptors, etc.). The duration of in-well air stripping is short- to long-term, depending upon contaminant concentrations, Henry's law constants of the contaminants, the radius of influence, and site hydrogeology.

Circulating wells provide a technique for subsurface remediation by creating a three-dimensional circulation pattern of the ground water. Ground water is drawn into a well through one screened section and is pumped through the well to a second screened section where it is reintroduced to the aquifer. The flow direction through the well can be specified as either upward or downward to accommodate site-specific conditions. Because ground water is not pumped above ground, pumping costs and permitting issues are reduced and eliminated, respectively. Also, the problems associated with storage and discharge are removed. In addition to ground water treatment, circulating well systems can provide simultaneous vadose zone treatment in the form of bioventing or soil vapor extraction.

Circulating well systems can provide treatment inside the well, in the aquifer, or a combination of both. For effective in-well treatment, the contaminants must be adequately soluble and mobile so they can be transported by the circulating ground water. Because circulating well systems provide a wide range of treatment options, they provide some degree of flexibility to a remediation effort.

The following factors may limit the applicability and effectiveness of the process:

- In general, in-well air strippers are more effective at sites containing high concentrations of dissolved contaminants with high Henry's law constants.
- Fouling of the system may occur by infiltrating precipitation containing oxidized constituents.
- Shallow aquifers may limit process effectiveness.
- Effective circulating well installations require a well-defined contaminant plume to prevent the spreading or smearing of contamination. They should not be applied to sites containing non-aqueous phase liquids to prevent the possibility of smearing the contaminants.
- Circulating wells are limited to sites with horizontal conductivities greater than 10<sup>-5</sup> cm/sec and a ratio of horizontal to vertical conductivities between three and ten. A ratio of less than three indicates short circulation times and a small radius of influence. If the ratio is greater than ten, the circulation time may be unacceptably long.
- Circulating wells should not be utilized at sites that have lenses of low-conductivity deposits.
- In well stripping may not be efficient in sites with strong natural flow patterns.

The generally low permeability soils present at the Site is thought to limit the effectiveness of circulating wells. Therefore, in-well air stripping will not be retained for further evaluation.

# 5.1.10 <u>Bioslurping</u>

Bioslurping is the adaptation and application of vacuum enhanced dewatering technologies to remediate hydrocarbon-contaminated sites. Bioslurping utilizes elements of both, bioventing and free-product recovery, to address two separate contaminant media. Bioslurping combines elements of both technologies to simultaneously recover free product and bioremediate vadose zone soils. Bioslurping can improve free-product recovery efficiency without extracting large quantities of ground water. In bioslurping, vacuum-enhanced pumping allows light, non-aqueous phase liquids to be lifted off the water table and release from the capillary fringe. This minimizes changes to the water table elevation which minimizes the creation of a smear zone. Bioventing of vadose zone soils is achieved by drawing air into the soil due to withdrawing soil gas via the recovery well. The system is designed to minimize environmental discharge of ground water and soil gas. When free-product removal activities are completed, the bioslurping system is easily converted to a conventional bioventing system to complete the remediation. Operation and maintenance duration for bioslurping varies from a few months to years, depending on specific site conditions.

Factors that may limit the applicability and effectiveness of the bioslurping process include:

- Bioslurping is less effective in tight (low-permeability) soils.
- Low soil moisture content may limit biodegradation and the effectiveness of bioventing which tends to dry out soils.
- Low temperatures slow remediation.

- Frequently, the off-gas from the bioslurper system requires treatment before discharge. However, the treatment of off-gas may only be required shortly after the startup of the system as fuel rates decrease.
- At some sites, bioslurper systems can extract large volumes of water that may need to be treated prior to discharge depending upon the concentration of contaminants in the process water.
- Since the fuel, water and air are removed from the subsurface in one stream, mixing of the phases occurs. These mixtures may require special oil/water separators or treatment before the process water can be discharged.

The critical factor that limits the applicability and effectiveness of this process at the Site is the presence of low permeability soils. Furthermore, free product is not currently present at the Site. Therefore, bioslurping alone will not be retained for further consideration and evaluation.

# 5.1.11 Ground-Water Extraction and Treatment

In Ground Water Extraction and Treatment (GWET), ground water is pumped through a series of canisters containing activated carbon to which dissolved organic contaminants adsorb. This technology requires periodic replacement or regeneration of saturated carbon. Costs are typically high if used as the primary treatment on waste streams with high contaminant concentration levels. A GWET system operated at the Site from November 1994 through December 1998 removing approximately 344.4 pounds of hydrocarbons from recovery well RW-1. GWET will not be retained for further evaluation based on the fact that this technology has already been employeed a the Site and the general poor cost-effectiveness when compared to other technologies.

#### 5.1.12 Monitored Natural Attenuation

Monitored Natural Attenuation (MNA) is sometimes referred to as Intrinsic Remediation, Bioattenuation, or Intrinsic Bioremediation. Natural subsurface processes such as dilution, volatilization, biodegradation, adsorption, and chemical reactions with subsurface materials are allowed to reduce contaminant concentrations to acceptable levels. MNA is not a "technology" per se, and there is significant debate among technical experts about its use at contaminated sites. Consideration of this option usually requires modeling and evaluation of contaminant degradation rates and pathways and predicting contaminant concentration at down-gradient receptor points. The primary objective of site modeling is to demonstrate that natural processes of contaminant degradation will reduce concentrations below regulatory standards or risk-based levels before potential exposure pathways are completed. In addition, long-term monitoring must be conducted throughout the process to confirm that degradation is proceeding at rates consistent with meeting cleanup objectives.

Monitored natural attenuation is not the same as "no action," although it is often perceived as such. CERCLA requires the evaluation of a "no action" alternative but does not require evaluation of natural attenuation. MNA is considered on a case-by-case basis, and guidance on its use is still evolving.

Compared with other remediation technologies, natural attenuation has the following advantages:

• Less generation or transfer of remediation wastes;

- Less intrusive as few surface structures are required;
- May be applied to all or part of a given site, depending on site conditions and cleanup objectives;
- MNA may be used in conjunction with, or as a follow-up to, other (active) remedial measures;
- Overall cost will likely be lower than active remediation.

Factors that may limit applicability and effectiveness include:

- Data used as input parameters for modeling need to be collected;
- MNA is not appropriate where imminent site risks are present;
- Contaminants may migrate before they are degraded;
- Institutional controls may be required, and the site may not be available for reuse until contaminant levels are reduced;
- If free product exists, it may have to be removed;
- Long-term monitoring and associated costs;
- Longer time frames may be required to achieve remediation objectives, compared to active remediation;
- The hydrologic and geochemical conditions amenable to MNA are likely to change over time and could result in renewed mobility of previously stabilized contaminants and may adversely impact remedial effectiveness; and
- More extensive outreach efforts may be required in order to gain public acceptance of MNA.

Based on the hydrocarbon concentration trends in ground water at the Site, a remediation strategy that employs monitored natural attenuation (MNA) would not be expected to be acceptable to ACEH unless implemented in conjunction with an active form of remediation or unless MNA-specific monitoring indicates that natural attenuation processes are occurring at the Site. MNA is retained for possible combination with other active technologies.

# 5.1.13 <u>Hydrofracturing</u>

Hydrofracturing is not a remediation treatment technology per se, but a method of enhancing conductivity into a contaminated formation. Hydrofracturing is a pilot-scale technology in which pressurized water is injected to increase the permeability of consolidated material or relatively impermeable unconsolidated material. Fissures created in the process are filled with a porous medium that can facilitate bioremediation and/or improve extraction efficiency. Fractures promote more uniform delivery of treatment fluids and accelerated extraction of mobilized contaminants. Typical applications are linked with soil vapor extraction, insitu bioremediation, and pump-and-treat systems.

The fracturing process begins with the injection of water into a sealed borehole until the pressure of the water exceeds the overburden pressure and a fracture is created. A slurry composed of a coarsegrained sand and guar gum gel or a similar substitute is then injected as the fracture grows away from the well. After pumping, the sand grains hold the fracture open while an enzyme additive breaks down the viscous fluid. The thinned fluid is pumped from the fracture, forming a permeable subsurface channel suitable for delivery or recovery of a vapor or liquid. The hydraulic fracturing process can be used in conjunction with soil vapor extraction technology to enhance recovery. Hydraulically-induced fractures are used to deliver fluids, substrates, and nutrients for insitu bioremediation applications. The technology has widespread use in the petroleum and water-well construction industries but is also an innovative method for use at remediating hazardous waste sites.

Factors that may limit the applicability and effectiveness of this process include:

- The technology should not be used in bedrock susceptible to seismic activity.
- Investigation of possible underground utilities, structures, or trapped free product is required.
- The potential exists to open new pathways leading to the unwanted spread of contaminants.
- Pockets of low permeability may still remain after using this technology.
- There is an inability to control the final location or size of the fractures that are created.
- Fractures are anticipated to collapse due to overburden pressure.

Additionally, a number of factors affect the estimated costs of creating hydraulic fractures at a site. These factors include physical site conditions such as site accessibility and degree of soil consolidation, degree of soil saturation, and geographical location which affects availability of services and supplies. The first two factors also affect the effectiveness of hydraulic fracturing. Based on minimal current and historic hydrocarbon concentrations within the soils on-site, this technology does not appear to be appropriate to address the current ground-water contaminant plume. Hydrofracturing is therefore screened from consideration at this time.

# 5.1.14 <u>Thermal Treatment</u>

Thermal treatment is not a remediation treatment technology per se, but a method of enhancing volatility and or mobility of contaminants within a geologic formation. Thermal treatment is an emerging full-scale technology that uses electrical resistance/electromagnetic/fiber optic/radio frequency heating or hot-air/steam injection to increase the volatility of contaminants and facilitate extraction. The process is typically linked with soil vapor extraction, in-situ bioremediation, and pump-and-treat systems. Due to the presence of low permeability soils and the need to be coupled with additional remediation technologies, which would greatly increase costs, thermal treatment is screened from consideration at this time.

#### 5.2 Alternatives Evaluation and Costs

Based on the initial technology screening above, the following technologies have been retained to assemble the alternatives that will be evaluated:

- Alternative 1: No Action
- Alternative 2: Air Sparging
- Alternative 3: In-Situ Oxidation
- Alternative 4: Enhanced Bioremediation
- Alternative 5: Monitored Natural Attenuation

Using the *Remediation Technologies Screening Matrix and Reference Guide*, each of the alternatives were evaluated against the following screening factors:

- **Relative Costs?** Design, construction, and operation and maintenance (O&M) costs of the core process that defines each technology, exclusive of mobilization, demobilization, and pre- and post-treatment costs. Above average means a low degree of general costs relative to other options. Average means an average degree of general costs relative to other options. Below average means a high degree of general costs relative to the other options.
- **Capital Intensive?** Is the technology capital-intensive, with significant costs for design and construction? Above average means low degree of capital investment. Average means average degree of capital investment. Below average means high degree of capital investment.
- **O&M Intensive?** Is the technology O&M-intensive, with significant costs for labor, operation, maintenance, and repair? Above average means low degree of O&M intensity. Average means average degree of O&M intensity. Below average means high degree of O&M intensity.
- **System Reliability/Maintainability?** The expected range of demonstrated reliability and maintenance relative to other effective technologies. Above average means high reliability and low maintenance. Average means average reliability and average maintenance. Below average means low reliability and high maintenance.
- **Time?** Time required to clean up a "standard" site using the technology. Above average means less than one year for in situ soils and less than three years for ground water. Average means one to three years for in situ soils and three to ten years for ground water. Below average means more than three years for in situ soil and more than ten years for ground water.

The following table presents relative ratings per screening factor for the five alternatives retained from the screening process above. The relative ratings are from the previously referenced *Remediation Technologies Screening Matrix and Reference Guide*.

Technology	Relative Cost	Capital Intensive	O&M Intensive	System Reliability / Maintainability	Time
No Action	Above	Below	Above	Above Average	Below
	Average	Average	Average	-	Average
Air Sparging	Above	Above	Above	Above Average	Above
	Average	Average	Average		Average
In-Situ Chemical Oxidation	Average	Average	Below	Average	Above
			Average		Average
Enhanced Bioremediation	Above	Average	Below	Average	Unknown
	Average		Average		
Monitored Natural Attenuation	Above	Average	Below	Average	Unknown
	Average	_	Average		

#### 5.3 Recommended Remedial Alternative

Based on the Site conditions, remedial objectives, the limited petroleum hydrocarbon mass remaining in soil and ground water and review of the remediation technologies screening matrices, enhanced bioremediation appears to be the most cost effective and appropriate remedial alternative for Station #11133. A detailed description of the proposed nitrate/sulfate pilot scale work activities is provided below in Section 6.1.

#### 6.0 CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

#### 6.1 Nitrate/Sulfate Pilot Study Work Plan

As mentioned above in Section 2.0, URS submitted the July 8, 2005 *Nitrate/Sulfate Feasibility Study Work Plan.* The Work Plan was approved by the ACEH in their December 20, 2007 Letter; however, for various reasons documented in past transmittals to the ACEH, nitrate/sulfate addition work activities were not initiated.

In conjunction with BP/Atlantic Richfield Company's Remediation and Engineering Technology (RET) Group, BAI has developed this pilot scale work plan to determine if nitrate/sulfate addition is a viable remedial alternative at the Site. It is important to note that this is a stand alone work plan and not an addendum to the existing URS 2005 work plan.

#### 6.1.1 Introduction

Enhancement of hydrocarbon biodegradation rates are typically facilitated by the addition of oxygen, which acts as an electron acceptor. However in highly anaerobic ground-water hydrocarbon plumes, the saturated environment has been oxygen starved for several years. As a result, the total quantity of oxygen needed to overcome the excess subsurface oxygen demand to effectively enhance the hydrocarbon biodegradation rates can be considerable. The addition of other electron acceptors with less of an excess demand, such as nitrate and sulfate, to highly anaerobic hydrocarbon plumes has been shown in several studies to enhance hydrocarbon biodegradation rates (Anderson and Lovley, 2000; Cunningham et al. 2001; Cunningham et al. 2000; Reinhard et al., 1997).

Review of specific biodegradation monitoring parameters provided in Table 4 indicates anaerobic conditions on the Site and within the plume which should be conducive to nitrate/sulfate addition. This ascertation is based on the generally low DO concentrations observed in a majority of the wells, depleted nitrate and sulfate concentrations, and the presence of ferrous iron (Fe<sup>2+</sup>). Furthermore, the presence of methane, manganese, and carbon dioxide in a majority of the wells suggests the occurrence of anaerobic biodegradation. The negative ORP readings observed indicate reducing conditions and the relatively high total alkalinity measurements suggest the presence of bioactivity.

Hydrogen sulfide gas generation can be a by-product of sulfate addition; however, hydrogen sulfide is typically removed via reaction with iron contained in the soil. The work plan proposed herein includes provisions for monitoring of hydrogen sulfide during the period of sulfate addition to address this concern. To our knowledge, the generation of hydrogen sulfide gas has

not become an issue for projects to date that have utilized sulfate addition to enhance biodegradation of petroleum hydrocarbons, even when sulfate quantities significantly greater than that which is proposed herein were employed.

The purpose of this pilot scale work plan is to determine the effectiveness of nitrate/sulfate injections as a remedial approach to further enhance the natural biodegradation of petroleum hydrocarbon constituents in ground water and, if applicable, provide a basis for implementation of long-term nitrate/sulfate remedial activities at Station #11133.

#### 6.1.2 <u>Nitrate/Sulfate Demand Calculations</u>

Using experience with sulfate addition at several other sites in the United States, BP/Atlantic Richfield Company's RET Group was instrumental in helping develop an approach for nitrate/sulfate addition at Station #11133. The first step in determining an approach is the calculation of nitrate/sulfate demand. The demand is calculated by either a mass flux or total impact method. The mass flux calculation is based on an estimated flux of contaminant mass (BTEX) through a cross-sectional area (hydrocarbon plume cross-sectional area) and the nitrate or sulfate required to address it. This is the calculation method used to develop the URS July 8, 2005 *Nitrate/Sulfate Feasibility Study Work Plan.* A second option for calculating the nitrate or sulfate demand is the total impact method. The total impact method is based on the total mass of BTEX estimated in the contaminant plume. Consistent with the URS 2005 calculations, the mass flux method is used herein to determine the nitrate/sulfate demand for this pilot scale work plan.

The mass flux method requires an estimate of the mass flux of BTEX through the treatment zone. The total ground-water volumetric flux through the treatment area, based on a hydraulic conductivity of 8.6 ft/day, a hydraulic gradient of 0.01, and a cross sectional area of 400 ft<sup>2</sup>, was calculated to be 257.3 gallons/day. This volumetric flux, along with a maximum total BTEX concentration measured in well AW-1 on January 6, 2009 of 0.754 mg/L and a multiplication factor of 3 to account for the absorbed phase hydrocarbons, results in a BTEX mass flux through the treatment zone of 2203.3 mg/day.

Using a factor of 0.21 for mass BTEX degraded per mass of nitrate, the total mass of nitrate required to degrade the 2203.3 mg/day mass flux of BTEX through the treatment zone is approximately 10,492 mg nitrate/day. Likewise, using a factor of 0.22 for mass BTEX degraded per mass of sulfate, the total mass of sulfate required to degrade the 2203.3 mg/day mass flux of BTEX through the treatment zone is approximately 10,015 mg sulfate/day. Due to assumptions made in the demand calculations as well as varying subsurface conditions, these mass flux values should be considered estimates. Detailed nitrate and sulfate demand calculations including information on the basis for calculation input parameters are provided in Tables 5 and 6, respectively. Also presented in Tables 5 and 6 are calculations used to develop the proposed nitrate/sulfate addition approach presented below.

# 6.1.3 <u>Nitrate/Sulfate Solution Addition</u>

It is proposed that nitrate and sulfate solution be added to proposed (i.e., yet to be installed) injection well IW-1 located approximately eight feet to the northeast of well AW-1. Details

regarding installation of proposed injection well IW-1 are included below in Section 6.2. The location of injection well IW-1 was chosen due to its general upgradient location (over the last 5 monitoring events) relative to AW-1. Well AW-1 currently contains the highest concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons in ground water at the Site.

Calculations indicate that an injection event should include approximately 831 gallons of 50 mg/L nitrate solution and approximately 159 gallons of 250 mg/L sulfate solution into injection well IW-1 every 15 days. It is proposed that six injection events be completed over a time period of approximately 3 months. Calculations for solution injection are presented in Tables 1 and 2.

It is proposed that the nitrate solution be prepared using a fast release water soluble fertilizer purchased at a local hardware store. In addition to nitrogen, the fertilizer will also include phosphorus and potassium which should further stimulate the degradation of the BTEX compounds. It is proposed that the sulfate solution be prepared using magnesium sulfate (Epson Salt, MgSO<sub>4</sub>·7H<sub>2</sub>O) which can be purchased at a drug store as a food grade product. RET has used Epsom Salt for injection at other sulfate addition projects with no adverse effects.

In a recent email correspondence dated February 23, 2009, the San Francisco Bay Regional Water Quality Control Board (SFRWQCB) stated that they do not issue permits for pilot scale nitrate/sulfate addition work activities. However, they do require a detailed work plan (included herein) that covers all the testing, monitoring, and reporting for the project is submitted to the local oversight agency. A copy of this email correspondence is included in Attachment A. Accordingly, it is our understanding that once the ACEH approves this work plan, nitrate/sulfate addition pilot scale work activities can be initiated at Station #11133 without the need of a permit.

Details regarding actual injection process are currently being explored. However, it is likely that a stationary mixing tank will be utilized and injection will be performed using a pump and hose system. The solution injection will be gravity fed or pressure injected<sup>1</sup> into the well.

# 6.1.4 <u>Tracer Test</u>

As part of the pilot scale nitrate/sulfate addition work activities, it is proposed that a tracer test be performed. The tracer test will involve injection of a potassium bromide solution to help evaluate if injection well (IW-1) is hydraulically connected with other wells at the Site and to determine dilution effects in the aquifer. Accordingly, the first injection event in IW-1 will include approximately 200 mg/L potassium bromide in solution applied to the ground water. Wells AW-1, VEW-4, and RW-1 will be analyzed for bromide monthly to determine aquifer hydraulic connectivity and aquifer dilution factor(s). See below for additional details regarding frequency and analysis of bromide samples.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> If pressure injection is required, it is anticipated that injections will be performed at approximately 10 pounds per square inch (psi). Injection pressure could vary depending on actual conditions in the injection well.

#### 6.1.5 Ground-Water Monitoring/Sampling Plan

In addition to the current semi-annual (1<sup>st</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> quarter) ground-water monitoring/sampling plan, monthly ground-water monitoring/sampling events will be completed during and after nitrate/sulfate addition events to help determine the viability of nitrate/sulfate addition as a remedial alternative at the Site. As stated above, six nitrate/sulfate addition events are proposed over a period of three months with approximately 15 days between each event. Three monthly ground-water monitoring/sampling events are proposed during the addition period with the first event being completed approximately one week after the second addition event. The second monthly ground-water monitoring/sampling event will be completed approximately one week after the fourth addition event and the last monthly ground-water monitoring/sampling event will be completed approximately one week after the six and last addition event.

The attached Table 7 summarizes proposed monthly ground-water monitoring/sampling plan including the sampling of biodegradation indicator parameters. It is also proposed that wells AW-3 and AW-8, located to the northeast and general upgradient direction, be included in the analysis of biodegradation indicator parameters in future semi-annual ground-water monitoring/sampling events. Data from these two wells should provide a comparison of biodegradation parameter concentrations outside the plume relative to concentrations within the plume. As wells AW-3 and AW-8 have not been sampled since March 2005, the first sampling event will also include analysis for GRO, BTXE, TAME, TBA, DIPE, EDB, 1,2-DCA, Ethanol, ETBE, and MTBE to confirm that the wells are still located outside the petroleum hydrocarbon plume.

#### 6.2 Injection Well Installation

It is proposed that one boring be installed on-site a short distance (approximately eight feet) to the northeast of well AW-1 using a hollow stem auger drilling technique and be completed as injection well IW-1. The location of the proposed well is depicted in Drawing 3. This well will be needed in order to properly facilitate the nitrate/sulfate addition pilot study. Depth to static ground water is expected to be between 12 and 26 feet bgs. The proposed well design calls for a total well depth of 40 feet, with 30 feet of well screen from total depth to 10 feet bgs. Well IW-1 will be constructed using six-inch diameter schedule 40 PVC well casing. The well will use factory slotted well screen (0.02 inch slots) with flush threaded water tight connections. The casing will be surrounded by silica sand compatible with 0.02 inch slots in the annular space from total depth to three feet above top of screen. A sanitary seal will be installed consisting of approximately three feet of bentonite well-seal overlain by neat cement grout to the surface. The well head will be completed with a lockable water-tight plug and traffic rated monitor well vault.

Appropriate changes, if necessary, will be made to the total well depth and screen interval based on conditions encountered in the borehole during drilling activities.

Upon completion of well construction, the well will be developed by surging/bailing or pumping water until relatively silt free water is removed from the well. Ground water will be removed until water quality parameters have stabilized. After development, the well will be left to hydraulically equilibrate prior to water level measurement and sampling. When equilibrated, depth to water and presence of free-phase product will be measured in the well.

Injection well IW-1 will be sampled before commencement of nitrate/sulfate addition activities to provide a base line for hydrocarbon and biodegradation indicator parameter concentrations. Prior to water sample collection, a minimum of three casing volumes of water will be purged from the wells. Purge water will be transported and disposed at an approved Atlantic Richfield Company disposal facility. Ground-water samples will be collected with factory decontaminated disposable bailers and placed in laboratory prepared containers. Samples will be labeled and chilled prior to transport under chain-of-custody protocol to a California State-certified analytical laboratory and analyzed for the following:

- GRO and BTEX via EPA Method 8260B; and
- Fuel additives MTBE, TBA, ETBE, TAME, DIPE, 1,2-DCA, EDB, and ethanol via EPA Method 8260B.

A California-licensed Professional Land Surveyor will be scheduled to survey the well head and other relevant structures and land features. All elevations will be surveyed with respect to mean sea level. The survey information will be used to generate an accurate site map and ground water gradient map. Well survey information will be uploaded to GeoTracker.

#### 6.3 **Cleanup Levels and Goals**

It is proposed that the Environmental Screening Levels (ESLs) prepared by the San Francisco Bay Regional Water Quality Control Board (SFRWQCB) be utilized as targeted cleanup levels for the Site. The following table depicts concentrations of the constituents of concern (COCs) along with their respective ESLs.

	Soil		Ground Water					
сос	Concentration (a)	ESL (b)	Concentration (c)	ESL (b)				
	mg/kg	mg/kg	µg/L	µg/L				
GRO	420	400	5,000	500				
Benzene	23	0.18	670	46				
Toluene	42	9.3	54	130				
Ethylbenzene	4.5	32	84	290				
Total Xylenes	30	11	110	100				

Notes:

(a) Soil concentrations based on highest observed values from tank excavation activities in June 1987.

(b) Applicable ESLs are from Table D, Deep Soils where ground water is not a current or potential drinking water source. Soil ESLs are for residential land use.

(c) Ground-water concentrations based on highest observed values from First Quarter 2009 sampling event. mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram

 $\mu g/L = micrograms per liter$ 

It should be noted that the soil concentrations utilized for the above table were collected in 1987, prior to the operation of the SVE remediation system on-site. These concentrations have likely decreased to levels below the ESLs following SVE activities conducted within the source area (former UST complex). Concentrations of tert-Butyl alcohol (TBA) and Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE) in ground water are currently below the ESLs of 18,000  $\mu$ g/L and 1,800  $\mu$ g/L, respectively. An ESL is not currently available for tert-Amyl methyl ether (TAME), which has been observed at low concentrations within ground-water samples collected at the Site.

# 6.4 Closure Requirements

After completion of ground-water remediation (i.e. affected ground water is found to be consistently below the ESL goals or concentrations of dissolved constituents have stabilized at asymptotic levels), ground-water monitoring and sampling will be conducted for one year in order to insure the success of remedial efforts at the Site. Following the one year of monitoring and sampling, assuming concentrations observed at the Site remain consistent, the Site should be evaluated for case closure.

# 7.0 CLOSURE

The findings presented in this document are based upon: observations of field personnel from previous consultants, the points investigated, and results of analytical tests performed by various laboratories. Our services were performed in accordance with the generally accepted standard of practice at the time this document was written. No other warranty, expressed or implied was made. This report has been prepared for the exclusive use of BP. It is possible that variations in soil or ground-water conditions could exist beyond points explored in this investigation. Also changes in site conditions could occur in the future due to variations in rainfall, temperature, regional water usage, or other factors.

# 8.0 **REFERENCES**

- ACEH, 16 January 2009. Fuel Leak Case No. RO0000403 and Geotracker Global ID T0600100210, BP #11133, 2220 98<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Oakland, CA 94603. Letter from Mr. Paresh Khatri (ACEH) to Mr. Paul Supple (Atlantic Richfield Company).
- Alisto Engineering Group, January 27, 1997. Well Installation Report, BP Oil Company Service Station No. 11133, 2220 98<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Oakland, California.
- Alton Geoscience, August 27, 1990. Supplemental Site Investigation Report, BP Oil Service Station No. 11133, 2220 98<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Oakland, California.
- Alton Geoscience, August 21, 1991. Phase III Supplemental Site Investigation Study, BP Oil Service Station No. 11133, 2220 98<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Oakland, California.
- Anderson, R. T. and Lovley, D. R., Environ. Sci. Technol., 34, 2261-2266, 2000. Anaerobic Bioremediation of Benzene under Sulfate-Reducing Conditions in a Petroleum Contaminated Aquifer.

- Cambria Environmental Technology, Inc., 8 March 2002. Supplemental Investigation Report, BP Oil Site No. 11133, 2220 98<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Oakland, California.
- Cunningham, J. A., Rahme, H., Hopkins, G. D., Lebron, C. and Reinhard, M., Environ. Sci. Technol., 35, 1663-1670, 2001. Enhanced In Situ Bioremediation of BTEX-contaminated Groundwater by Combined Injection of Nitrate and Sulfate.
- Cunningham, J. A., Hopkins, G. D., Lebron, C. and Reinhard, M., Biodegradation, 11, 159-170, 2000. Enhanced Anaerobic Bioremediation of Groundwater Contaminated By Fuel Hydrocarbons at Seal Beach, California.
- Broadbent & Associates, Inc., March 17, 2009. Soil and Ground-Water Investigation Work Plan, Former BP Station No. 11133, 2220 98<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Oakland, Alameda County, California.
- Federal Remediation Technologies Roundtable, January 2002. *Remediation Technologies* Screening Matrix and Reference Guide, Version 4.0.
- Fetter, C. W. 1988. *Applied Hydrogeology. Second Edition, pp. 79-80.* Merril Publishing Company.
- Gettler-Ryan, Inc., February 2, 1999. Underground Storage Tank and Product Piping Removal Report, Former Tosco Branded Facility No. 11133, 2220 98<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Oakland, California.
- Montgomery Watson Harza, May 24, 2002. *Risk-Based Corrective Action Evaluation, BP* Station No. 11133, 2220 98<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Oakland, California.
- Newfields, Inc., May 12, 2000. *Risk-Based Corrective Action Evaluation, BP Oil Facility No.* 11133, 2220 98<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Oakland, California.
- Newfields, Inc., December 15, 2000. *Risk-Based Corrective Action Evaluation, BP Oil Facility No. 11133, 2220 98<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Oakland, California.*
- Reinhard, M., Shang, S., Kitanidis, P. K., Orwin, W., Hopkins, G. D. and Lebron, C., Environ. Sci. Technol., 31, 28-36, 1997. In Situ BTEX Biotransformation under Enhanced Nitrate- and Sulfate-Reducing Conditions

URS Corporation, October 29, 2004. Additional Investigation Work Plan, Former BP Service Station No. 11133, 2220 98<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Oakland, California.

URS Corporation, October 28, 2005. Soil and Water Investigation Report, Former BP Service Station No. 11133, 2220 98<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Oakland, California.

		TOG		<b>D</b> 1 (				a ,		(7.)					
Well and		TOC Elevation	Depth to Water	Product Thickness	Water Level	GRO/	1	Concentra	tions in (µ Ethyl-	g/L) Total		DO			
Sample Date	P/NP	(feet msl)	(feet bgs)	(feet)	Elevation (feet msl)	GKO/ TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Benzene	Xylenes	MTBE	(mg/L)	Lab	рН	Comments
•	1/111	(Itel IISI)	(itee bgs)	(Ittl)	(reet hist)	IIIng	Delizene	Tolucile	Delizene	Ayiches	MIDE	(ing/L)	Lab	рп	Comments
AW-1															
4/5/1991		38.11	25.44		12.67	4,100	1,500	69	100	83			SUP		
4/1/1992		38.11	23.22		14.89										
4/2/1992		38.11				11,000	1,800	210	210	490			APP		
7/6/1992		38.11	24.89		13.22	6,500	4,000	40	290	530			ANA		
10/7/1992		38.11				2,900	1,200	25	37	210			ANA		е
10/7/1992		38.11	26.55		11.56	4,700	1,500	41	47	300			ANA		
1/14/1993		38.11				4,100	1,700	28	130	230			PACE		m, e
1/14/1993		38.11	23.73		14.38	2,800	830	31	140	240			PACE		m
4/22/1993		38.11				39,000	14,000	530	1,800	6,100	987		PACE		c, m
7/15/1993		38.11	22.50		15.61	6,200	2,200	28	210	540	838		PACE		c, m
10/21/1993		38.11	24.32		13.79	2,400	820	13	55	120	832		PACE		c, m
1/27/1994		38.11	23.72		14.39	3,500	1,400	26	130	220	650		PACE		c, n
4/21/1994		38.11	22.48		15.63	40,000	12,000	1,900	1,600	5,000	1,119	1.4	PACE		m
9/9/1994		38.11				3,900	1,900	5.5	190	240			PACE		e
9/9/1994		38.11	23.04		15.07	3,500	1,600	5	200	250		2.1	PACE		m
12/21/1994		38.11	21.70		16.41	7,600	3,100	36	370	320	855	1.6	PACE		m
1/30/1995		38.11	17.71		20.40	35,000	23,000	650	3,200	4,100		1.7	ATI		
4/10/1995		38.11	20.04		18.07	60,000	18,000	2,000	4,300	11,000		7.9	ATI		
4/10/1995		38.11				56,000	17,000	2,000	3,900	10,000			ATI		е
6/29/1995		38.11				86,000	12,000	8,400	4,800	18,000			ATI		e
6/29/1995		38.11	20.60		17.51	72,000	10,000	7,300	4,200	15,000		6.2	ATI		
9/18/1995		38.11	21.87		16.24										
9/19/1995		38.11				65,000	12,000	3,100	4,400	14,000	1,000	8.5	ATI		
12/7/1995		38.11	22.06		16.05	25,000	8,700	<50	2,500	1,300	1,100	2.9	ATI		
3/28/1996		38.11	16.91		21.20	24,000	11,000	<100	3,200	3,390	<1000	6.6	SPL		
6/20/1996		38.11	20.82		17.29	38,000	6,900	1,100	3,200	7,300	<100	6.4	SPL		
10/11/1996		38.11	23.20		14.91	33,000	8,500	69	3,300	4,230	580	6.3	SPL		
1/2/1997		38.11	20.41		17.70	32,000	8,000	<50	3,100	2,300	700	6.7	SPL		
4/14/1997		38.11	21.61		16.50										
4/15/1997		38.11				31,000	5,000	160	2,400	4,540	340	5.4	SPL		
7/2/1997		38.11	21.17		16.94	26,000	5,800	<100	2,600	2,200	<1000	6.2	SPL		

Table 1. Summary of Ground-Wate	er Monitoring Data: Relative	Water Elevations and Laboratory Analyses
24510 21 54111141 5 01 01 04114 11 400		water hereits and has of atory rindigses

		тос	Depth to	Product	Water Level			Concentra	ations in (µ	g/L)					
Well and		Elevation	Water	Thickness	Elevation	GRO/			Ethyl-	Total		DO			
Sample Date	P/NP	(feet msl)	(feet bgs)	(feet)	(feet msl)	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Benzene	Xylenes	MTBE	(mg/L)	Lab	pН	Comments
AW-1 Cont.															
9/30/1997		38.11	21.48		16.63	29,000	9,200	17	1,400	130	560	6.9	SPL		
1/21/1998		38.11	20.02		18.09	50,000	6,900	450	3,200	4,450	720	5.8	SPL		
4/9/1998		38.11	13.37		24.74										
4/10/1998		38.11				46,000	5,800	1,900	3,000	7,400	1,000	4.3	SPL		
6/19/1998		38.11				43,000	6,800	260	3,100	3,490	620		SPL		e
6/19/1998		38.11	19.12		18.99	42,000	6,600	200	3,000	3,350	660	4.9	SPL		
11/30/1998		38.11	21.13		16.98	23,000	6,700	<25	3,100	130	710/820		SPL		g
1/21/1999		38.11	20.77		17.34	25,000	4,800	54	2,800	780	1,000		SPL		
4/30/1999		38.11	20.80		17.31	21,000	5,300	67	2,800	750	1,500		SPL		
7/9/1999		38.11	20.41		17.70	11,000	3,000	<10	760	180	1,300		SPL		
11/3/1999		38.11	20.82		17.29										
1/12/2000		38.11	19.99		18.12	330,000	5,300	10	2,900	560	2,200		PACE		
4/13/2000		38.11	20.14		17.97										
5/24/2000		38.11	20.17		17.94										
6/1/2000		38.11	23.05		15.06										
6/8/2000		38.11	17.08		21.03										
6/15/2000		38.11	16.93		21.18										
7/26/2000		38.11	20.07		18.04	15,000	290	98	77	220	37,000		PACE		
10/24/2000		38.11	20.10		18.01										
1/19/2001		38.11	19.82		18.29	7,600	2,220	10.9	415	58.4	1,630		PACE		
7/24/2001		38.11	19.86		18.25	9,600	2,140	6.34	281	43	1,440		PACE		
1/18/2002		38.11	15.60		22.51	20,000	2,170	75.2	1,800	2,080	1,250		PACE		
8/1/2002		38.11	19.55		18.56	14,000	2,150	<12.5	197	42.4	1,120		PACE		
1/16/2003		38.11	16.32		21.79	15,000	2,300	75	1,600	1,800	1,100		SEQ		р
7/7/2003		38.11	19.80		18.31	9,700	1,600	<25	540	110	1,100		SEQ		q, u
02/05/2004		38.11	18.75		19.36	12,000	2,000	<50	820	590	930		SEQM	6.7	
07/01/2004	Р	38.11	19.72		18.39	9,900	2,600	<25	300	<25	1,100		SEQM	6.5	
03/16/2005	Р	38.11	18.78		19.33	10,000	1,100	30	630	560	720	0.8	SEQM	6.7	
07/22/2005	Р	38.11	15.53		22.58	8,000	770	5.4	520	50	510		SEQM	6.5	
01/25/2006	Р	38.11	18.10		20.01	6,400	1,200	10	490	290	490		SEQM	7.0	
7/6/2006	Р	38.11	17.44		20.67	6,200	1,300	70	570	180	270		TAMC	6.8	

		тос	Depth to	Product	Water Level			Concentra	ations in (µ	g/L)					
Well and		Elevation	Water	Thickness	Elevation	GRO/			Ethyl-	Total		DO			
Sample Date	P/NP	(feet msl)	(feet bgs)	(feet)	(feet msl)	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Benzene	Xylenes	MTBE	(mg/L)	Lab	рН	Comments
AW-1 Cont.															
1/8/2007	Р	38.11	16.74		21.37	3700	690	19	110	30	380	2.53	TAMC	6.77	
7/10/2007	Р	38.11	17.30		20.81	4,200	560	12	93	40	220	1.79	TAMC	6.90	
1/15/2008	Р	38.11	15.96		22.15	5,000	670	<10	490	200	230	0.92	TAMC	6.91	
7/15/2008	Р	38.11	18.63		19.48	3,400	340	4.5	27	17	< 0.50	1.80	CEL	6.79	
10/21/2008	Р	38.11	19.96		18.15	1,900	160	<5.0	15	<5.0	120	2.40	CEL	7.01	
1/6/2009	Р	38.11	19.13		18.98	5,000	670	<5.0	84	<5.0	170	1.37	CEL	6.09	
AW-2															
4/5/1991		36.83	22.36		14.47	<50	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3			SUP		
4/1/1992		36.83	20.81		16.02										
4/2/1992		36.83				130	25	2.3	0.7	2.1			APP		
7/6/1992		36.83	23.57		13.26	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5			ANA		
10/7/1992		36.83	25.24		11.59	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5			ANA		
1/14/1993		36.83	20.82		16.01	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5			PACE		m
4/22/1993		36.83	19.37		17.46	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5			PACE		m
7/15/1993		36.83	21.29		15.54	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	<5.0		PACE		m
10/21/1993		36.83	23.14		13.69	<50	1.3	1.1	0.9	2.1	<5.0		PACE		m
1/27/1994		36.83	22.34		14.49	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5			PACE		m
4/21/1994		36.83	21.15		15.68	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	<5.0	2.0	PACE		m
9/9/1994		36.83	22.09		14.74	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5		4.1	PACE		m
12/21/1994		36.83	20.12		16.71	<50	<0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	<5.0	2.0	PACE		m
1/30/1995		36.83	16.65		20.18	<50	< 0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.0		2.5	ATI		
4/10/1995		36.83	16.22		20.61	<50	< 0.50	<0.50	< 0.50	<1.0		4.4	ATI		
6/29/1995		36.83	17.55		19.28	<50	< 0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.0		7.8	ATI		
9/18/1995		36.83	19.87		16.96										
9/19/1995		36.83				<50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.0	<5.0	4.5	ATI		
9/19/1995		36.83				<50	<0.50	< 0.50	<0.50	<1.0	<5.0		ATI		e
12/7/1995		36.83	21.31		15.52	<50	<0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<1.0	<5.0	4.9	ATI		
3/28/1996		36.83	15.61		21.22	<50	<0.5	<1	<1	<1	<10	4.1	SPL		
6/20/1996		36.83	16.30		20.53	<50	<0.5	<1	<1	<1	<10	5.2	SPL		
10/11/1996		36.83	19.60		17.23	<50	< 0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	6.0	SPL		

Table 1. Summary of Ground-Water	Monitoring Data: Relative	Water Elevations and Labora	atory Analyses

Well and		TOC     Depth to     Product     Water Level     Concentrations in (µg/L)       Elevation     Water     Thickness     Elevation     GRO/     Ethyl-     Total					DO								
Sample Date	P/NP	(feet msl)	(feet bgs)	(feet)	(feet msl)	GKU/ TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Benzene	Total Xylenes	MTBE	(mg/L)	Lab	pН	Comments
-	1/111	(reet mor)	(1000 053)	(itet)	(reet hist)	11 115	Denzene	Tolucite	Denzene	xyrenes	MIDL	(III <u>6</u> /L)	Lub	рп	Comments
AW-2 Cont.															
1/2/1997		36.83	15.97		20.86	<50	< 0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	6.1	SPL		
4/14/1997		36.83	17.19		19.64	<50	< 0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	5.3	SPL		
7/2/1997		36.83	18.11		18.72	<50	< 0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	5.7	SPL		
9/30/1997		36.83	18.52		18.31	<50	< 0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	860	5.4	SPL		
1/21/1998		36.83	14.46		22.37	160	13	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	110	4.9	SPL		
4/9/1998		36.83	12.85		23.98										
4/10/1998		36.83				<50	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	3.9	SPL		
6/19/1998		36.83	14.37		22.46	60	< 0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	3.6	SPL		
11/30/1998		36.83	16.90		19.93										
1/21/1999		36.83	16.87		19.96	<50	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0		SPL		
4/30/1999		36.83	17.01		19.82										
7/9/1999		36.83	17.83		19.00										
11/3/1999		36.83	19.74		17.09										
1/12/2000		36.83	19.90		16.93	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5		PACE		
4/13/2000		36.83	19.75		17.08										
7/26/2000		36.83	19.86		16.97										
10/24/2000		36.83	18.77		18.06										
1/19/2001		36.83													f
7/24/2001		36.83													f
1/18/2002		36.83	15.17		21.66	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1.0	<0.5		PACE		
8/1/2002		36.83	17.17		19.66										
1/16/2003		36.83	14.81		22.02	<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<2.5		SEQ		р
7/7/2003		36.83	16.65		20.18										
02/05/2004		36.83	15.37		21.46	<50	3.0	<0.50	<0.50	< 0.50	5.1		SEQM	6.6	
07/01/2004		36.83	17.55		19.28										
03/16/2005	Р	36.83	14.58		22.25	<50	0.75	<0.50	1.1	1.1	< 0.50	1.7	SEQM	6.7	
07/22/2005		36.83	15.41		21.42										
01/25/2006	Р	36.83	14.17		22.66	280	110	<1.0	3.9	8.7	12		SEQM	7.1	
7/6/2006		36.83	14.00		22.83										
1/8/2007	Р	36.83	15.85		20.98	1900	550	160	58	180	40	2.09	TAMC	7.2	
7/10/2007		36.83	17.25		19.58										

Table 1. Summary of Ground-Water Me	onitoring Data: Relative Wate	er Elevations and Laboratory Analyses

		TOC     Depth to     Product     Water Level     Concentrations in (µg/L)													
Well and		Elevation	Water	Thickness	Elevation	GRO/			Ethyl-	Total		DO			
Sample Date	P/NP	(feet msl)	(feet bgs)	(feet)	(feet msl)	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Benzene	Xylenes	MTBE	(mg/L)	Lab	pН	Comments
AW-2 Cont.															
1/15/2008	Р	36.83	15.75		21.08	2,300	900	87	100	140	48	0.83	TAMC	6.79	
7/15/2008	Р	36.83	17.99		18.84	6,400	1,700	550	340	940	<50	2.14	CEL	7.05	
10/21/2008	Р	36.83	19.19		17.64	2,600	580	96	110	180	16	1.65	CEL	7.33	
1/6/2009	Р	36.83	18.45		18.38	2,100	440	54	67	110	11	0.84	CEL	6.94	
AW-3															
4/5/1991		39.13	23.90		15.23	5,200	980	450	95	310			SUP		
4/1/1992		39.13	22.50		16.63	4,700	890	47	43	110			APP		
7/6/1992		39.13	23.26		15.87	3,900	3,100	30	80	99			ANA		
10/7/1992		39.13	24.75		14.38	5,000	2,600	< 0.5	<0.5	59			ANA		
1/14/1993		39.13	23.59		15.54	350	250	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5			PACE		m
4/22/1993		39.13	19.42		19.71	240	71	2.4	0.6	4			PACE		m
7/15/1993		39.13	20.09		19.04	650	71	2.8	1.5	1.1	37.3		PACE		c, m
10/21/1993		39.13	21.88		17.25	160	4.8	1.7	1.6	3.6	8.95		PACE		m
10/21/1993		39.13				170	6.1	2	1.7	4.4			PACE		e
1/27/1994		39.13	22.33		16.80	92	2.1	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	7.37		PACE		m
1/27/1994		39.13				90	2.9	0.5	< 0.5	<0.5			PACE		е
4/21/1994		39.13	20.96		18.17	150	3.6	0.8	0.9	2.5	9.36	1.3	PACE		m
9/9/1994		39.13	21.60		17.53	53	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	<0.5		1.9	PACE		m
12/21/1994		39.13													f
1/30/1995		39.13													f
4/10/1995		39.13													f
6/29/1995		39.13	15.41		23.72	<50	< 0.50	<0.50	< 0.50	<1.0		8.0	ATI		
9/18/1995		39.13	17.83		21.30										
9/19/1995		39.13				61,000	11,000	2,900	4,100	13,000	790	7.4	ATI		
12/7/1995		39.13				<50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.0	<5.0		ATI		e
12/7/1995		39.13	19.27		19.86	<50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.0	<5.0	3.4	ATI		
3/28/1996		39.13	13.85		25.28	<50	<0.5	<1	<1	<1	<10	4.1	SPL		
3/28/1996		39.13				<50	<0.5	<1	<1	<1	<10		SPL		e
6/20/1996		39.13				<50	<0.5	<1	<1	<1	<10		SPL		e
6/20/1996		39.13	14.47		24.66	<50	<0.5	<1	<1	<1	<10	4.2	SPL		

		тос	Depth to	Product	Water Level	Concentrations in (µg/L)									
Well and		Elevation	Water	Thickness	Elevation	GRO/		Concentra	Ethyl-	g/L) Total		DO			
Sample Date	P/NP	(feet msl)	(feet bgs)	(feet)	(feet msl)	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	-	Xylenes	MTBE	(mg/L)	Lab	рН	Comments
AW-3 Cont.															
10/11/1996		39.13	17.97		21.16	<50	< 0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	4.7	SPL		
10/11/1996		39.13				<50	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	4.7	SPL		e
1/2/1997		39.13	13.00		26.13	<50	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	5.6	SPL		c
4/14/1997		39.13	14.36		20.13	<50	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	5.0	SPL		
4/15/1997		39.13				<50	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10		SPL		e
7/2/1997		39.13	15.87		23.26	<50	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	5.4	SPL		c
9/30/1997		39.13	17.50		21.63	<250	< 2.5	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	810	5.7	SPL		
1/21/1998		39.13	11.98		27.15	140	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	99	4.6	SPL		
1/21/1998		39.13				140	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	1.2	110		SPL		e
4/9/1998		39.13	9.45		29.68				~1.0						C
4/10/1998		39.13				<50	< 0.5	<1.0	<1.0	1.6	<10	4.5	SPL		
4/10/1998		39.13				<50	<0.5	<1.0	1.4	1.0	<10		SPL		e
6/19/1998		39.13	12.13		27.00	<50	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	4.4	SPL		C
11/30/1998		39.13	15.91		23.22										
1/21/1999		39.13	15.93		23.20	<50	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0		SPL		
4/30/1999		39.13	15.98		23.15										
7/9/1999		39.13	14.58		24.55										
11/3/1999		39.13	17.43		21.70										
1/12/2000		39.13	18.30		20.83	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5		PACE		
4/13/2000		39.13	18.89		20.24										
7/26/2000		39.13	18.67		20.46										
10/24/2000		39.13	18.98		20.15										
1/19/2001		39.13	16.74		22.39										
7/24/2001		39.13	18.55		20.58										
1/18/2002		39.13	14.49		24.64										
8/1/2002		39.13	14.27		24.86										
1/16/2003		39.13	14.25		24.88										
7/7/2003		39.13	14.70		24.43										
02/05/2004		39.13	14.61		24.52										
07/01/2004		39.13	15.62		23.51										
03/16/2005	Р	39.13	12.70		26.43	<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	1.1	SEQM	7.3	

		тос	Depth to	Product	Water Level			Concentra	ntions in (µ	g/L)					
Well and		Elevation	Water	Thickness	Elevation	GRO/			Ethyl-	Total		DO			
Sample Date	P/NP	(feet msl)	(feet bgs)	(feet)	(feet msl)	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Benzene	Xylenes	MTBE	(mg/L)	Lab	pН	Comments
AW-3 Cont.															
07/22/2005		39.13	13.44		25.69										
01/25/2006		39.13	13.56		25.57										
7/6/2006		39.13	11.60		27.53										
1/8/2007		39.13	14.97		24.16										
7/10/2007		39.13	15.81		23.32										
1/15/2008		39.13	15.97		23.16										
7/15/2008		39.13	16.70		22.43										
10/21/2008		39.13	18.16		20.97										
1/6/2009		39.13	18.35		20.78										
AW-4															
4/5/1991		39.08	25.12		13.96	110,000	40,000	13,000	2,000	5,500			SUP		
4/1/1992		39.08	23.56		15.52	230,000	57,000	31,000	2,900	7,600			APP		
4/1/1992		39.08				210,000	55,000	23,000	2,900	7,000			APP		е
7/6/1992		39.08	25.87		13.21	38,000	16,000	5,400	2,000	6,100			ANA		
10/7/1992		39.08	27.53		11.55	120,000	41,000	26,000	4,700	13,000			ANA		
1/14/1993		39.08	24.12		14.96	62,000	18,000	14,000	2,700	7,700	1,400		PACE		c, m
4/22/1993		39.08	21.47		17.61	18,000	1,100	2,100	320	3,500			PACE		m
7/15/1993		39.08	23.30		15.78	21,000	820	2,300	590	3,800	1,978		PACE		c, m
10/21/1993		39.08	25.08		14.00	11,000	570	83	630	2,300	4,600		PACE		c, m
1/27/1994		39.08	24.61		14.47	12,000	420	460	600	2,200	6,400		PACE		c, m
4/21/1994		39.08	22.96		16.12	12,000	110	250	150	1,900	16,010	1.5	PACE		c, m
4/21/1994		39.08				14,000	71	160	29	1,200	13,000		PACE		c, e
9/9/1994		39.08	23.85		15.23	9,700	75	64	280	2,000		2.1	PACE		m
12/21/1994		39.08													f
1/30/1995		39.08													f
4/10/1995		39.08	18.07		21.01	3,700	69	8.7	44	130		8.5	ATI		
6/29/1995		39.08	19.25		19.83	8,000	62	190	190	1,100		7.5	ATI		
9/18/1995		39.08	20.73		18.35										
9/19/1995		39.08				12,000	660	1,600	200	1,900	7,100	8.3	ATI		
12/7/1995		39.08	22.49		16.59	41,000	8,400	7,200	710	6,300	5,200	3.6	ATI		

Table 1. Summary of Ground-	Water Monitoring Data: Relative W	Vater Elevations and Laboratory Analyses

		TOG		<b>D</b> 1 (	Water Level Concentrations in (µg/L)										
Well and		TOC Elevation	Depth to Water	Product Thickness	Water Level Elevation	GRO/		Concentra	tions in (µ Ethyl-	g/L) Total		DO			
Sample Date	P/NP	(feet msl)	(feet bgs)	(feet)	(feet msl)	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Benzene	Xylenes	MTBE	(mg/L)	Lab	pН	Comments
•		( ,	(	( /	( ,	8				<b>J</b> · · · ·		< σ /		r	
AW-4 Cont.															
3/28/1996		39.08	16.49		22.59										f
6/20/1996		39.08	16.00		23.08	<50	< 0.5	<1	<1	<1	12		SPL		
10/11/1996		39.08	19.52		19.56	36,000	12,000	5,500	<25	3,800	880/1000	6.2	SPL		g
1/2/1997		39.08				<50	61	3.8	3.5	8.1	110		SPL		e
1/2/1997		39.08	15.80		23.28	<50	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	22	6.4	SPL		
4/14/1997		39.08	17.01		22.07										
4/15/1997		39.08				<50	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	5.4	SPL		
7/2/1997		39.08	19.68		19.40	<50	21	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	41	4.1	SPL		
9/30/1997		39.08	22.71		16.37										f
1/21/1998		39.08	15.89		23.19	13,000	2,900	<10	230	314	3,100	3.9	SPL		
4/9/1998		39.08	13.50		25.58										
4/10/1998		39.08				890	< 0.5	<1	<1	<1	730	4.9	SPL		
6/19/1998		39.08	14.75		24.33	60	< 0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	34	4.3	SPL		
11/30/1998		39.08	19.25		19.83										
1/21/1999		39.08	18.94		20.14	3,700	830	93	200	360	30				
4/30/1999		39.08	19.10		19.98										
7/9/1999		39.08	18.93		20.15	76,000	12,000	6,600	2,000	8,700	320		SPL		
11/3/1999		39.08	20.65		18.43										
1/12/2000		39.08	21.21		17.87	67,000	12,000	3,500	2,900	15,000	280		PACE		
4/13/2000		39.08	21.33		17.75										
5/24/2000		39.08	19.84		19.24										
6/1/2000		39.08	19.04		20.04										
6/8/2000		39.08	18.32		20.76										
6/15/2000		39.08	16.70		22.38										
7/26/2000		39.08	21.50		17.58	910	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	3,500		PACE		
10/24/2000		39.08	22.00		17.08										
1/19/2001		39.08	18.97		20.11	6,600	2,460	24	497	534	267		PACE		
7/24/2001		39.08	18.55		20.53	5,100	1,080	143	409	827	115		PACE		
1/18/2002		39.08	17.22		21.86	3,900	442	241	157	681	85.3		PACE		
8/1/2002		39.08													f
1/16/2003		39.08	16.85		22.23	2,900	260	160	120	590	<120		SEQ		р

Table 1. Summary of Ground-Water Monitoring Data: Relative Water Elevations and Laboratory Analyses
---

		<b>T</b> 0.0		Product Water Level Concentrations in (µg/L)											
Well and		TOC Elevation	Depth to Water	Product Thickness	Water Level Elevation	GRO/		Concentra	tions in (µ Ethyl-	0 /		DO			
Sample Date	P/NP	(feet msl)	(feet bgs)	(feet)	(feet msl)	GRO/ TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Benzene	Total Xylenes	MTBE	(mg/L)	Lab	pН	Comments
	1/111	(Itel III)	(Iter bgs)	(itti)	(rect msr)	mng	Delizene	Tolucile	Delizene	Ayiches	MIDE	(Ing/L)	Lab	pii	Comments
AW-4 Cont.															
7/7/2003		39.08	17.94		21.14	600	90	7.9	18	36	56		SEQ		q
02/05/2004		39.08	16.94		22.14	420	40	3.1	15	27	40		SEQM	6.8	
07/01/2004	Р	39.08	18.24		20.84	6,000	970	200	310	1,500	64		SEQM	6.7	
03/16/2005	Р	39.08	16.16		22.92	3,600	71	31	200	870	23	0.6	SEQM	6.5	
07/22/2005	Р	39.08	15.89		23.19	4,800	750	48	300	840	59		SEQM	6.7	
01/25/2006	Р	39.08	15.48		23.60	<500	13	<5.0	14	62	12		SEQM	7.0	
7/6/2006	Р	39.08	14.87		24.21	2,800	430	21	230	680	39		TAMC	6.7	
1/8/2007	Р	39.08	16.48		22.60	190	6.6	< 0.50	4.1	14	38	3.00	TAMC	6.80	
7/10/2007	Р	39.08	17.95		21.13	160	2.7	< 0.50	0.90	1.0	27	2.54	TAMC	7.19	
1/15/2008	Р	39.08	17.70		21.38	150	< 0.50	< 0.50	0.71	< 0.50	17	1.30	TAMC	6.75	
7/15/2008	Р	39.08	18.74		20.34	250	44	1.1	44	78	25	2.64	CEL	6.91	
10/21/2008	Р	39.08	20.07		19.01	270	1.6	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	18	1.54	CEL	7.25	
1/6/2009	Р	39.08	19.45		19.63	230	0.88	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	8.3	0.70	CEL	6.31	
AW-5															
4/5/1991		38.51	25.48		13.03	420	31	7.5	20	68			SUP		
4/1/1992		38.51	23.48		13.05										
4/2/1992		38.51				4,000	270	63	190	290			APP		
7/6/1992		38.51	26.48		12.03	1,400	160	<2.5	250	58			ANA		
10/7/1992		38.51	28.18		10.33	360	12	0.6	8.7	5			ANA		
1/14/1993		38.51	24.15		14.36	1,700	270	7.5	130	62			PACE		m
4/22/1993		38.51	22.43		16.08	2,700	780	30	220	180			PACE		m
4/22/1993		38.51				3,500	780	29	240	210			PACE		m, e
7/15/1993		38.51				1,300	68	8.3	64	99	<50		PACE		m, e
7/15/1993		38.51	24.31		14.20	1,300	69	16	67	120	<50		PACE		m
10/21/1993		38.51	26.05		12.46	510	9.6	1.5	17	45	< <u>50</u>		PACE		c, m
1/27/1994		38.51	26.42		12.40	420	3.3	<0.5	1	0.9	48.9		PACE		m
4/21/1994		38.51	24.36		14.15	1,000	110	25	56	27	75	1.3	PACE		c, m
9/9/1994		38.51	24.55		13.96	210	<0.5	<0.5	0.5	0.9		2.7	PACE		m
12/21/1994		38.51	24.33		16.21	410	<0.5	20	4.3	1.4	114	1.1	PACE		m
12/21/1994		38.51				340	<0.5	15	3.3	1.4	114		PACE		m, e
12/21/1774		30.31				540	<0.5	15	5.5	1.4	104		IACE		ш, с

Table 1. Summary of Ground-Water	Monitoring Data: Relative Wa	ater Elevations and Laboratory Analyses
rusie if Summary of Oround Water		1001 210 ( utions und 22us of utor y 111us 505

		тос	Depth to	Product	Water Level	Concentrations in (µg/L)									
Well and		Elevation	Water	Thickness	Elevation	GRO/			Ethyl-	Total		DO			
Sample Date	P/NP	(feet msl)	(feet bgs)	(feet)	(feet msl)	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Benzene	Xylenes	MTBE	(mg/L)	Lab	pН	Comments
AW-5 Cont.															
1/30/1995		38.51	18.88		19.63	210	0.6	11	8.8	2		1.5	ATI		
4/10/1995		38.51	18.44		20.07	500	1.4	0.59	6.5	4.3		8.3	ATI		
6/29/1995		38.51	19.92		18.59	490	1.2	0.58	7.3	2.2		6.9	ATI		d
9/18/1995		38.51	22.15		16.36										
9/19/1995		38.51				260	0.62	< 0.50	3.1	1.1	110	8.2	ATI		
12/7/1995		38.51	23.75		14.76	60	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<1.0	210	4.3	ATI		
3/28/1996		38.51	17.76		20.75	<50	< 0.5	<1	<1	<1	63	3.0	SPL		
6/20/1996		38.51	18.46		20.05	<50	< 0.5	<1	<1	<1	<10	3.6	SPL		
10/11/1996		38.51	21.84		16.67	<50	< 0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	4.5	SPL		
1/2/1997		38.51	18.01		20.50	<50	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	4.6	SPL		
4/14/1997		38.51	19.35		19.16	<50	< 0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	5.1	SPL		
7/2/1997		38.51	20.29		18.22	<50	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	4.0	SPL		
9/30/1997		38.51	23.15		15.36	<250	<2.5	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	1,300	6.3	SPL		
1/21/1998		38.51	17.33		21.18	6,100	< 0.5	2.1	<1.0	<1.0	3,700	4.5	SPL		
4/9/1998		38.51	15.25		23.26										
4/10/1998		38.51				3,500	< 0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	3,000	5.4	SPL		
6/19/1998		38.51	17.39		21.12	3,300	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	2,500	5.2	SPL		
11/30/1998		38.51													f
1/21/1999		38.51	21.22		17.29	2,800	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	1,800		SPL		
4/30/1999		38.51	21.50		17.01										
7/9/1999		38.51	20.15		18.36	4,000	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	3400/3500		SPL		g
11/3/1999		38.51	22.04		16.47										
1/12/2000		38.51	22.59		15.92	1,000	7.3	30	6.7	40	4,600		PACE		j (TPH-g/GRO)
4/13/2000		38.51	23.11		15.40										
7/26/2000		38.51	22.72		15.79	1,800	94	35	5.9	27	16,000		PACE		
10/24/2000		38.51	20.15		18.36										
1/19/2001		38.51	19.79		18.72	2,600	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	4,580		PACE		
7/24/2001		38.51	20.17		18.34	5,400	18.4	17.2	<12.5	40.8	5,170		PACE		
1/18/2002		38.51	17.34		21.17	3,800	343	0.738	< 0.5	<1.0	3,750		PACE		
8/1/2002		38.51	19.49		19.02	5,300	<12.5	<12.5	<12.5	<25	3,470		PACE		
1/16/2003		38.51	17.30		21.21	1,400	140	<10	<10	<10	1,600		SEQ		р

Table 1. Summary of Ground-	Water Monitoring Data: Relative W	Vater Elevations and Laboratory Analyses

		тос	Depth to	th to Product Water Level Concentrations in (ug/L)											
Well and		Elevation	Water	Thickness	Elevation	GRO/		Concentra	Ethyl-	g/L) Total		DO			
Sample Date	P/NP	(feet msl)	(feet bgs)	(feet)	(feet msl)	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Benzene	Xylenes	MTBE	(mg/L)	Lab	pН	Comments
AW-5 Cont.															
7/7/2003		38.51	18.43		20.08	1,400	<10	<10	<10	<10	980		SEQ		q
02/05/2004		38.51	17.24		21.27	1,800	<10	<10	<10	<10	810		SEQM	6.7	
07/01/2004	Р	38.51	19.43		19.08	1,100	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	550		SEQM	6.6	
03/16/2005	Р	38.51	15.30		23.21	<5,000	<50	<50	<50	130	890	2.1	SEQM	6.7	
07/22/2005	Р	38.51	17.22		21.29	<500	5.2	<5.0	<5.0	6.9	390		SEQM	6.6	
01/25/2006	Р	38.51	15.28		23.23	<500	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	26		SEQM	7.0	
7/6/2006	Р	38.51	15.93		22.58	220	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	170		TAMC	6.5	
1/8/2007	Р	38.51	17.90		20.61	170	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	220	5.22	TAMC	6.84	
7/10/2007	Р	38.51	19.00		19.51	350	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	360	1.96	TAMC	7.02	
1/15/2008	Р	38.51	18.16		20.35	130	0.54	< 0.50	< 0.50	<0.50	85	0.90	TAMC	6.82	W
7/15/2008	Р	38.51	19.88		18.63	100	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	11	2.13	CEL	6.85	
10/21/2008	Р	38.51	20.88		17.63	86	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<0.50	63	1.01	CEL	7.10	
1/6/2009	Р	38.51	20.28		18.23	150	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	26	0.70	CEL	6.22	
AW-6															
4/5/1991		37.08	22.48		14.60	1,100	80	19	1.4	230			SUP		
4/1/1992		37.08	22.50		14.58										
4/2/1992		37.08				<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5			APP		
7/6/1992		37.08	22.74		14.34	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5			ANA		
10/7/1992		37.08	24.64		12.44	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5			ANA		
1/14/1993		37.08	22.36		14.72	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5			PACE		m
4/22/1993		37.08	22.82		14.26	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5			PACE		m
7/15/1993		37.08	20.49		16.59	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0.8	<5.0		PACE		m
10/21/1993		37.08	22.84		14.24	<50	0.5	0.6	< 0.5	0.7	<5.0		PACE		m
1/27/1994		37.08	22.33		14.75	<50	< 0.5	0.9	3.1	12	<5.0		PACE		m
4/21/1994		37.08	20.66		16.42	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<5.0	1.7	PACE		m
9/9/1994		37.08	21.57		15.51	<50	0.9	<0.5	< 0.5	0.5		2.9	PACE		m
12/21/1994		37.08	19.40		17.68	<50	1.8	0.8	0.8	3.2	5.19	1.1	PACE		m
1/30/1995		37.08				<50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.0			ATI		e
1/30/1995		37.08	16.74		20.34	<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<1.0		2.2	ATI		
4/10/1995		37.08	16.01		21.07	<50	< 0.50	<0.50	< 0.50	<1.0		8.6	ATI		

Table 1. Summary of Ground-Water	Monitoring Data: Relative Wa	ater Elevations and Laboratory Analyses
rusie if Summary of Oround Water		1001 210 ( utions und 22us of utor y 111us 505

		TOC	TOC Depth to Product Water Level Concentrations in (µg/L)												
Well and		Elevation	Water	Thickness	Elevation	GRO/		Concentra	Ethyl-	Total		DO			
Sample Date	P/NP	(feet msl)	(feet bgs)	(feet)	(feet msl)	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Benzene	Xylenes	MTBE	(mg/L)	Lab	pН	Comments
AW-6 Cont.															
6/29/1995		37.08	17.54		19.54	<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<1.0		6.3	ATI		
9/18/1995		37.08	19.65		17.43										
9/19/1995		37.08				<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<1.0	25	8.3	ATI		
12/7/1995		37.08	20.35		16.73	<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<1.0	16	4.7	ATI		
3/28/1996		37.08	14.99		22.09	<50	< 0.5	<1	<1	<1	<10	4.0	SPL		
6/20/1996		37.08	15.59		21.49	<50	< 0.5	<1	<1	<1	<10	4.6	SPL		
10/11/1996		37.08	19.09		17.99	<50	< 0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	5.3	SPL		
1/2/1997		37.08	15.11		21.97	<50	< 0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	5.5	SPL		
4/14/1997		37.08	16.25		20.83	<50	< 0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	3.9	SPL		
7/2/1997		37.08	17.99		19.09	<50	< 0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	5.2	SPL		
9/30/1997		37.08	20.50		16.58	<50	< 0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	6.0	SPL		
1/21/1998		37.08	15.72		21.36	160	< 0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	110	5.0	SPL		
4/9/1998		37.08	13.31		23.77										
4/10/1998		37.08				370	< 0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	300	4.3	SPL		
6/19/1998		37.08	15.18		21.90	830	2	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	690	4.0	SPL		
11/30/1998		37.08													f
1/21/1999		37.08	15.78		21.30	2,300	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	1,900		SPL		
4/30/1999		37.08	16.01		21.07										
7/9/1999		37.08	17.63		19.45										
11/3/1999		37.08	18.42		18.66										
1/12/2000		37.08	19.92		17.16	<50	<0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	<0.5	2,700		PACE		
4/13/2000		37.08	19.87		17.21										
7/26/2000		37.08	19.99		17.09										
10/24/2000		37.08	18.12		18.96										
1/19/2001		37.08	17.04		20.04	2,700	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	4,850		PACE		
7/24/2001		37.08	17.83		19.25										
1/18/2002		37.08	15.54		21.54	5,500	614	<0.5	< 0.5	<1.0	5,390		PACE		
8/1/2002		37.08	16.98		20.10										
1/16/2003		37.08	15.05		22.03	2,900	<20	<20	<20	63	2,500		SEQ		р
7/7/2003		37.08	16.58		20.50										
02/05/2004		37.08	15.84		21.24	7,000	<50	<50	<50	<50	5,400		SEQM	6.7	

		TOC	Depth to	Product	Water Level			Concentra	ations in (µ	g/L)					
Well and		Elevation	Water	Thickness	Elevation	GRO/			Ethyl-	Total		DO			
Sample Date	P/NP	(feet msl)	(feet bgs)	(feet)	(feet msl)	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Benzene	Xylenes	MTBE	(mg/L)	Lab	pН	Comments
AW-6 Cont.															
07/01/2004	Р	37.08	17.91		19.17	9,600	<50	<50	<50	<50	4,600		SEQM	6.5	
03/16/2005	Р	37.08	16.04		21.04	6,700	<25	<25	<25	<25	4,400	3.0	SEQM	6.8	
07/22/2005	Р	37.08	14.20		22.88	<5,000	<50	<50	<50	<50	5,500		SEQM	6.7	
01/25/2006	Р	37.08	14.17		22.91	<5,000	<50	<50	<50	<50	3,000		SEQM	7.0	
7/6/2006	Р	37.08	14.82		22.26	3,100	<50	<50	<50	<50	2,800		TAMC	6.5	
1/8/2007	Р	37.08	15.72		21.36	5100	<50	<50	<50	<50	7400	3.18	TAMC	6.78	
7/10/2007	Р	37.08	16.99		20.09	3,700	<100	<100	<100	<100	3,900	2.09	TAMC	6.83	W
1/15/2008	Р	37.08	15.55		21.53	120	1.1	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	150	0.58	TAMC	6.80	W
7/15/2008	Р	37.08	17.84		19.24	130	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	270	2.12	CEL	6.87	
10/21/2008	Р	37.08	18.92		18.16	81	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	160	1.01	CEL	7.19	
1/6/2009	Р	37.08	18.37		18.71	76	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	97	0.94	CEL	6.23	
AW-7															
4/5/1991		37.60	23.38		14.22	<50	0.4	0.7	< 0.3	< 0.3			SUP		
4/1/1992		37.60	21.92		15.68										
4/2/1992		37.60				<50	< 0.5	3.2	1	5.4			APP		
7/6/1992		37.60	24.50		13.10	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5			ANA		
10/7/1992		37.60	26.18		11.42	<50	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5			ANA		
1/14/1993		37.60	22.03		15.57	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5			PACE		m
4/22/1993		37.60	21.18		16.42	<50	<0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5			PACE		m
7/15/1993		37.60	22.09		15.51	<50	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	<5.0		PACE		m
10/21/1993		37.60	24.05		13.55	51	5	4.2	3.5	8.2	<5.0		PACE		m
1/27/1994		37.60	23.40		14.20	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<5.0		PACE		m
4/21/1994		37.60	22.24		15.36	<50	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	<5.0	2.5	PACE		m
9/9/1994		37.60	22.94		14.66	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0.5		4.3	PACE		m
12/21/1994		37.60	20.86		16.74	<50	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	<5.0	2.2	PACE		m
1/30/1995		37.60	17.51		20.09	<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<1.0		2.7	ATI		
4/10/1995		37.60	16.69		20.91	<50	< 0.50	<0.50	< 0.50	<1.0		4.8	ATI		
6/29/1995		37.60	18.33		19.27	<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<1.0		7.6	ATI		
9/18/1995		37.60	20.68		16.92										
9/19/1995		37.60				<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<1.0	<5.0	5.1	ATI		

Table 1. Summary	of Ground-Water Monito	ring Data: Relative	Water Elevations and	Laboratory Analyses

		тос	Depth to	Product	Water Level			Concentra	ntions in (µ	g/L)					
Well and		Elevation	Water	Thickness	Elevation	GRO/			Ethyl-	Total		DO			
Sample Date	P/NP	(feet msl)	(feet bgs)	(feet)	(feet msl)	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Benzene	Xylenes	MTBE	(mg/L)	Lab	pН	Comments
AW-7 Cont.															
12/7/1995		37.60	22.15		15.45	<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<1.0	<5.0	5.2	ATI		
3/28/1996		37.60	16.38		21.22	<50	<0.5	<1	<1	<1	<10	3.9	SPL		
6/20/1996		37.60	17.02		20.58	<50	<0.5	<1	<1	<1	<10	5.0	SPL		
10/11/1996		37.60	20.47		17.13	<50	< 0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	6.3	SPL		
1/2/1997		37.60	16.70		20.90	<50	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	6.2	SPL		
4/14/1997		37.60	17.96		19.64	<50	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	5.0	SPL		
7/2/1997		37.60	19.11		18.49	<50	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	5.4	SPL		
9/30/1997		37.60	22.97		14.63	<250	<2.5	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	1,100	6.5	SPL		
1/21/1998		37.60	16.50		21.10	<50	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	4.9	SPL		
4/9/1998		37.60	13.56		24.04	<50	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	4.9	SPL		
6/19/1998		37.60	15.41		22.19	<50	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	4.4	SPL		
11/30/1998		37.60	18.90		18.70										
1/21/1999		37.60	18.39		19.21										
4/30/1999		37.60	18.54		19.06										
7/9/1999		37.60	17.98		19.62										
11/3/1999		37.60	20.22		17.38										
1/12/2000		37.60	19.46		18.14										
4/13/2000		37.60	19.59		18.01										
7/26/2000		37.60	19.69		17.91										
10/24/2000		37.60	18.78		18.82										
1/19/2001		37.60													f
7/25/2001		37.60													f
1/18/2002		37.60													0
8/1/2002		37.60													0
1/16/2003		37.60													0
7/7/2003		37.60													0
02/05/2004		37.60													0
07/01/2004		37.60													0
03/16/2005		37.60													0
07/22/2005		37.60													0
01/25/2006		37.60													0

Table 1. Summary of Ground-Water	· Monitoring Data: Relative	e Water Elevations and Laboratory Analyses
Tuble 1. Building of Ground Water	. moments Datas Relative	c water Elevations and Eaboratory maryses

		тос	Depth to	Product	Water Level			Concentr	ations in (µ	σ/L.)					
Well and		Elevation	Water	Thickness	Elevation	GRO/		concentra	Ethyl-	Total		DO			
Sample Date	P/NP	(feet msl)	(feet bgs)	(feet)	(feet msl)	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Benzene		MTBE	(mg/L)	Lab	рН	Comments
AW-7															
AW-8															
4/5/1991		40.86	26.68		14.18	80	1.9	2.2	0.5	1.3			SUP		
4/1/1992		40.86	25.11		15.75	73	< 0.5	0.7	< 0.5	0.6			APP		
7/6/1992		40.86	26.43		14.43	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5			ANA		
10/7/1992		40.86	28.59		12.27	<50	<0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5			ANA		
1/14/1993		40.86	25.55		15.31	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5			PACE		m
4/22/1993		40.86	22.29		18.57	<50	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5			PACE		m
7/15/1993		40.86	23.42		17.44	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<5.0		PACE		m
10/21/1993		40.86	25.15		15.71	<50	1.9	1.8	1.3	3.3	<5.0		PACE		m
1/27/1994		40.86	25.42		15.44	<50	< 0.5	0.5	0.6	8.5	<5.0		PACE		m
4/21/1994		40.86	24.14		16.72	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<5.0	1.5	PACE		m
9/9/1994		40.86	24.55		16.31	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		2.4	PACE		m
12/21/1994		40.86	22.72		18.14	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<5.0	1.1	PACE		m
1/30/1995		40.86	19.75		21.11	<50	< 0.50	1	< 0.50	1		0.8	ATI		
4/10/1995		40.86	17.78		23.08	<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<1.0		8.3	ATI		
6/29/1995		40.86	18.18		22.68	<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<1.0		8.3	ATI		
9/18/1995		40.86	20.20		20.66										
9/19/1995		40.86				<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<1.0	<5.0	7.7	ATI		
12/7/1995		40.86	21.54		19.32	<50	< 0.50	<0.50	< 0.50	<1.0	<5.0	4.4	ATI		
3/28/1996		40.86	15.77		25.09	<50	< 0.5	<1	<1	<1	<10	3.8	SPL		
6/20/1996		40.86	16.41		24.45	<50	< 0.5	<1	<1	<1	<10	3.6	SPL		
10/11/1996		40.86	19.90		20.96	<50	< 0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	6.4	SPL		
1/2/1997		40.86	15.89		24.97	<50	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	5.9	SPL		
4/14/1997		40.86	17.07		23.79	<50	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	4.6	SPL		
7/2/1997		40.86	18.67		22.19	<50	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	5.6	SPL		
9/30/1997		40.86	22.52		18.34	<50	<5	<10	<10	<10	820	6.7	SPL		
1/21/1998		40.86	16.01		24.85	<50	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	5.2	SPL		
4/9/1998		40.86	11.18		29.68	<50	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	4.4	SPL		
6/19/1998		40.86	13.01		27.85	<50	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	4.1	SPL		
11/30/1998		40.86	17.46		23.40										

		-	-	_				~ .							
W-11		TOC	Depth to Water	Product	Water Level	GRO/		Concentra	itions in (µ Ethyl-			DO			
Well and Sample Date	P/NP	Elevation (feet msl)	(feet bgs)	Thickness (feet)	Elevation (feet msl)	GKO/ TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Benzene	Total Xylenes	MTBE	(mg/L)	Lab	рН	Comments
	1/11	(Itel III)	(Itet bgs)	(Itet)	(reet mar)	mng	Delizene	Tolucite	Denzene	Ayrenes	MIDE	(Ing/L)	Lab	pii	Comments
AW-8 Cont.															
1/21/1999		40.86	17.47		23.39										
4/30/1999		40.86	17.60		23.26										
7/9/1999		40.86	16.50		24.36										
11/3/1999		40.86	19.29		21.57										
1/12/2000		40.86	21.49		19.37										
4/13/2000		40.86	21.60		19.26										
7/26/2000		40.86	21.53		19.33										
10/24/2000		40.86	19.37		21.49										
1/19/2001		40.86	18.60		22.26										
7/24/2001		40.86	18.22		22.64										
1/18/2002		40.86	16.29		24.57										
8/1/2002		40.86	17.25		23.61										
1/16/2003		40.86	15.82		25.04										
7/7/2003		40.86	18.55		22.31										
02/05/2004		40.86													t
07/01/2004		40.86	18.25		22.61										t
03/16/2005	Р	40.86	15.20		25.66	<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	1.5	SEQM	7.3	
07/22/2005		40.86													f
01/25/2006		40.86													f
7/6/2006		40.86	13.05		27.81										
1/8/2007		40.86	16.57		24.29										
7/10/2007		40.86	17.73		23.13										
1/15/2008		40.86	17.88		22.98										
7/15/2008		40.86	18.57		22.29										
10/21/2008		40.86	20.09		20.77										
1/6/2009		40.86	20.20		20.66										
AW-9															
1/2/1997		37.78	10.00		27.78	<50	< 0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	6.7	SPL		
4/14/1997		37.78													f
7/2/1997		37.78	12.71		25.07	<50	< 0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	6.0	SPL		

		тос	Depth to	Product	Water Level			Concentra	ntions in (µ	g/L)					
Well and		Elevation	Water	Thickness	Elevation	GRO/			Ethyl-	Total		DO			
Sample Date	P/NP	(feet msl)	(feet bgs)	(feet)	(feet msl)	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Benzene	Xylenes	MTBE	(mg/L)	Lab	pН	Comments
AW-9 Cont.															
9/30/1997		37.78	21.22		16.56	<50	< 0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	6.8	SPL		
1/21/1998		37.78	10.26		27.52	<50	< 0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	5.3	SPL		
4/9/1998		37.78	6.77		31.01	<50	< 0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	5.6	SPL		
6/19/1998		37.78	8.96		28.82	<50	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	4.8	SPL		
1/8/2007		37.78	17.35		20.43										
7/10/2007		37.78	18.65		19.13										
1/15/2008		37.78	18.51		19.27										
7/15/2008		37.78	19.56		18.22										
10/21/2008		37.78	21.07		16.71										
1/6/2009		37.78	21.00		16.78										
MW-1															
4/5/1991		34.46													
4/1/1992		34.46	11.25		23.21										
7/6/1992		34.46	13.61		20.85										
10/7/1992		34.46	15.15		19.31										
1/14/1993		34.46	10.73		23.73										
4/22/1993		34.46	11.64		22.82										
7/15/1993		34.46	13.50		20.96										
10/21/1993		34.46	15.21		19.25										
1/27/1994		34.46	17.48		16.98										
4/21/1994		34.46	10.94		23.52	110,000	1,400	9,100	3,400	30,000	11,000	1.6	PACE		с
9/9/1994		34.46	13.80		20.66										
12/21/1994		34.46	12.60		21.86										
1/30/1995		34.46													
4/10/1995		34.46	10.62		23.84										
6/29/1995		34.46	18.72		15.74										
9/18/1995		34.46	12.92		21.54										
12/7/1995		34.46	13.82		20.64										
3/28/1996		34.46	10.03		24.43										
6/20/1996		34.46	11.29		23.17										

Table 1. Summary of Ground-Water Monitoring Data: Relative Water Elevations and Laboratory Analyses
---

		тос	Depth to	Product	Water Level			Concentra	ations in (µ	g/L.)					
Well and		Elevation	Water	Thickness	Elevation	GRO/			Ethyl-	Total		DO			
Sample Date	P/NP	(feet msl)	(feet bgs)	(feet)	(feet msl)	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Benzene	Xylenes	MTBE	(mg/L)	Lab	pН	Comments
MW-1 Cont.															
10/11/1996		34.46	14.86		19.60										
1/2/1997		34.46	11.03		23.43										
4/14/1997		34.46	12.25		22.21										
4/15/1997		34.46				35,000	130	650	1,700	8,200	4,800		SPL		
7/2/1997		34.46	14.11		20.35	42,000	<250	<500	2,000	9,600	<5000	5.5	SPL		
9/30/1997		34.46	14.40		20.06	61,000	130	1,100	2,700	14,600	2,000	6.7	SPL		
1/21/1998		34.46	7.99		26.47	14,000	11	60	310	1,790	1,300	4.5	SPL		
4/9/1998		34.46	7.89		26.57										
4/10/1998		34.46				45,000	380	520	2,100	6,800	9,300	5.3	SPL		
6/19/1998		34.46	10.31		24.15	35,000	170	100	1,100	3,590	5,000	4.9	SPL		
11/30/1998		34.46	11.16		23.30	10,000	100	24	350	1,040	1800/2800		SPL		g
1/21/1999		34.46	10.76		23.70	18,000	120	37	590	1,800	2,700		SPL		
4/30/1999		34.46	10.78		23.68	17,000	240	89	1,100	1,900	1,600		SPL		
7/9/1999		34.46	12.62		21.84	58,000	140	100	1,800	6,900	1,200		SPL		
11/3/1999		34.46	14.00		20.46	20,000	62	42	620	2,100	630		PACE		
1/12/2000		34.46	15.25		19.21	72,000	110	120	2,400	8,200	630		PACE		
4/13/2000		34.46	15.57		18.89	37,000	300	32	1,000	1,700	810		PACE		
5/24/2000		34.46	11.75		22.71										
6/1/2000		34.46	11.41		23.05										
6/8/2000		34.46	11.68		22.78										
6/15/2000		34.46	11.85		22.61										
7/26/2000		34.46	16.19		18.27	10,000	480	210	470	710	1,100		PACE		
10/24/2000		34.46	13.89		20.57	9,900	31	7.2	550	1,200	4,400		PACE		
1/19/2001		34.46	12.90		21.56	57,000	199	7.66	1,170	3,260	514		PACE		
7/24/2001		34.46	13.55		20.91	27,000	96.7	<5.0	548	1,460	285		PACE		
1/18/2002		34.46	10.91		23.55	25,000	150	31.5	597	1,040	138		PACE		
8/1/2002		34.46	12.97		21.49	25,000	80.2	17.7	714	1,280	489		PACE		
1/16/2003		34.46	10.45		24.01	22,000	170	110	630	670	<500		SEQ		р
7/7/2003		34.46	12.40		22.06	9,900	42	<5.0	160	150	24		SEQ		q, u
02/05/2004		34.46	10.26		24.20	6,200	56	11	250	210	9.2		SEQM	6.9	
07/01/2004		34.46	13.20		21.26	18,000	<50	<50	210	300	<50		SEQM		u

Table 1. Summary of Ground-Water Monitoring	Data: Relative Water Elevations and Labo	oratory Analyses
Table 1. Summary of Ground-Water Monitoring	Data. Relative Water Elevations and Lab	hatory Analyses

		тос	Depth to	Product	Water Level			Concentrs	ntions in (µ	σ/L.)					
Well and		Elevation	Water	Thickness	Elevation	GRO/			Ethyl-	Total		DO			
Sample Date	P/NP	(feet msl)	(feet bgs)	(feet)	(feet msl)	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Benzene	Xylenes	MTBE	(mg/L)	Lab	pН	Comments
MW-1 Cont.															
03/16/2005	Р	34.46	9.62		24.84	7,600	33	5.4	200	130	<5.0	0.9	SEQM	6.9	
07/22/2005	Р	34.46	11.23		23.23	15,000	<10	<10	110	130	<10		SEQM	6.8	u
01/25/2006	Р	34.46	8.75		25.71	8,300	8.4	4.8	130	120	<2.5		SEQM	7.3	u
7/6/2006	Р	34.46	10.36		24.10	5,100	<2.5	<2.5	16	12	<2.5		TAMC	6.9	
1/8/2007	Р	34.46	11.55		22.91	2700	4.6	0.66	35	27	2.1	1.83	TAMC	6.92	
7/10/2007	Р	34.46	13.01	SHEEN	21.45	1,800	1.9	< 0.50	13	4.8	2.4	2.16	TAMC	7.04	
1/15/2008	Р	34.46	10.96		23.50	2,900	8.0	4.0	84	87	1.2	0.94	TAMC	7.13	
7/15/2008	Р	34.46	13.82		20.64	3,200	< 0.50	< 0.50	8.5	4.8	< 0.50	1.20	CEL	7.06	
10/21/2008	Р	34.46	14.70		19.76	2,300	2.6	< 0.50	5.4	2.4	< 0.50	1.99	CEL	7.30	
1/6/2009	Р	34.46	13.67		20.79	2,600	15	1.8	13	3.4	<0.50	0.67	CEL	6.90	
MW-2															
4/5/1991		35.50	16.62		18.88	<50	0.6	0.9	< 0.3	< 0.3			SUP		
4/1/1992		35.50	11.25		24.25										
4/2/1992		35.50				<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5			APP		
7/6/1992		35.50	12.72		22.78	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5			ANA		
10/7/1992		35.50	15.08		20.42	<50	< 0.5	1.8	< 0.5	2.3			ANA		
1/14/1993		35.50	9.69		25.81	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5			PACE		m
4/22/1993		35.50	10.46		25.04	<50	< 0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	30		PACE		с
7/15/1993		35.50	12.02		23.48	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	21.7		PACE		c, m
10/21/1993		35.50	13.12		22.38	<50	0.7	0.9	< 0.5	0.9	14.9		PACE		m
1/27/1994		35.50	12.01		23.49	<50	0.6	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	11.5		PACE		m
4/21/1994		35.50	10.60		24.90	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	11.4	1.1	PACE		m
9/9/1994		35.50	12.42		23.08	<50	< 0.5	<0.5	<0.5	0.6		2.2	PACE		m
12/21/1994		35.50	10.85		24.65	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	<5.0	1.2	PACE		m
1/30/1995		35.50	8.38		27.12	<50	< 0.50	<0.50	< 0.50	<1.0		1.7	ATI		
4/10/1995		35.50	9.00		26.50	<50	< 0.50	<0.50	< 0.50	<1.0		7.8	ATI		
6/29/1995		35.50	9.91		25.59	<50	< 0.50	<0.50	< 0.50	<1.0		9.1	ATI		
9/18/1995		35.50	10.98		24.52										
9/19/1995		35.50				<50	< 0.50	<0.50	< 0.50	<1.0	<5.0	7.2	ATI		
12/7/1995		35.50	12.30		23.20	<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<1.0	<5.0	2.4	ATI		

Table 1. Summary of Ground-Water	<b>Monitoring Data: Relative</b>	e Water Elevations and Laborate	ory Analyses

		тос	Depth to	Product	Water I evel	Water Level Concentrations in (µg/L)									
Well and		Elevation	Water	Thickness	Elevation	GRO/		Concentra	Ethyl-	Total		DO			
Sample Date	P/NP	(feet msl)	(feet bgs)	(feet)	(feet msl)	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Benzene	Xylenes	MTBE	(mg/L)	Lab	pН	Comments
MW-2 Cont.															
3/28/1996		35.50	8.57		26.93	<50	<0.5	<1	<1	<1	<10	3.2	SPL		
6/20/1996		35.50	9.77		26.93	<50	<0.5	<1	<1	<1	<10	4.2	SPL		
10/11/1996		35.50	13.32		23.73	<50	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	6.3	SPL		
1/2/1997		35.50	9.60		25.90	<50	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	6.7	SPL		
			9.80		23.90	<50	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	5.7	SPL		
4/14/1997		35.50					<0.5				<10	5.9	SPL		
7/2/1997		35.50	12.57		22.93	<50		<1.0	<1.0	<1.0					
9/30/1997		35.50	12.91		22.59	<50	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	6.3	SPL		
1/21/1998		35.50	10.12		25.38	160	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	100	5.4	SPL		
4/9/1998		35.50	6.82		28.68										
4/10/1998		35.50				<50	1	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	23	5.0	SPL		
6/19/1998		35.50	9.00		26.50	<50	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<10	4.9	SPL		
11/30/1998		35.50	9.44		26.06										
1/21/1999		35.50	8.96		26.54	<50	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	1.9		SPL		
4/30/1999		35.50	9.15		26.35										
7/9/1999		35.50	10.82		24.68										
11/3/1999		35.50	11.86		23.64										
1/12/2000		35.50	12.35		23.15	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5		PACE		
4/13/2000		35.50	13.01		22.49										
7/26/2000		35.50	13.01		22.49										
10/24/2000		35.50	11.57		23.93										
1/19/2001		35.50	10.52		24.98										
7/24/2001		35.50	11.13		24.37										
1/18/2002		35.50	8.85		26.65										
8/1/2002		35.50	10.47		25.03										
1/14/2003		35.50	8.49		27.01										
7/7/2003		35.50	9.63		25.87										
02/05/2004		35.50	8.40		27.10										
07/01/2004	NP	35.50	9.94		25.56										
03/16/2005	Р	35.50	8.39		27.11	<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	1.3	SEQM	7.1	
07/22/2005		35.50	8.80		26.70										
01/25/2006		35.50	7.85		27.65										

Table 1. Summary of Ground-	Water Monitoring Data: Relative W	Vater Elevations and Laboratory Analyses

		тос	Depth to	Product	Water Level	Vater Level Concentrations in (µg/L)									
Well and		Elevation	Water	Thickness	Elevation	GRO/			Ethyl-	Total		DO			
Sample Date	P/NP	(feet msl)	(feet bgs)	(feet)	(feet msl)	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Benzene	Xylenes	MTBE	(mg/L)	Lab	pН	Comments
MW-2 Cont.															
7/6/2006		35.50	8.33		27.17										
1/8/2007		35.50	9.35		26.15										
7/10/2007		35.50	10.45		25.05										
1/15/2008		35.50	18.83		16.67										
7/15/2008		35.50	11.07		24.43										
10/21/2008		35.50	11.30		24.20										
1/6/2009		35.50	11.00		24.50										
MW-3															
4/5/1991		36.53	17.84		18.69	<50	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3			SUP		
4/1/1992		36.53	15.64		20.89										
4/2/1992		36.53				<50	1.4	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5			APP		
7/6/1992		36.53	19.03		17.50	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5			ANA		
10/7/1992		36.53	21.83		14.70	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5			ANA		
1/14/1993		36.53	15.96		20.57	350	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	714		PACE		c, m
4/22/1993		36.53	16.20		20.33	2,800	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	3,600		PACE		c, m
7/15/1993		36.53	16.82		19.71	1,400	1.2	< 0.5	2	3.5	2,204		PACE		c, m
10/21/1993		36.53	18.84		17.69	370	2.1	2.3	2.3	6	847		PACE		c, m
1/27/1994		36.53	18.00		18.53	1,300	6.3	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	3,892		PACE		c, m
4/21/1994		36.53	16.62		19.91	2,000	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	3,864	1.4	PACE		c, m
9/9/1994		36.53	18.38		18.15	1,300	<0.5	<0.5	0.5	1.2		3.0	PACE		m
12/21/1994		36.53	15.28		21.25	420	16	0.7	3.5	5.9	800	1.9	PACE		m
1/30/1995		36.53	12.62		23.91	<50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.0		2.5	ATI		
4/10/1995		36.53	12.41		24.12	150	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<1.0		6.9	ATI		
6/29/1995		36.53	14.95		21.58	100	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<1.0		6.4	ATI		d (TPH-g)
9/18/1995		36.53	15.82		20.71										
9/19/1995		36.53				82	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.0	260	7.0	ATI		
12/7/1995		36.53	17.09		19.44	<50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.0	91	4.5	ATI		
3/28/1996		36.53	11.90		24.63	<50	<0.5	<1	<1	<1	230	4.2	SPL		
6/20/1996		36.53	12.66		23.87	260	<0.5	<1	<1	<1	370	4.4	SPL		
10/11/1996		36.53	16.23		20.30	330	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	440	5.8	SPL		

Table 1. Summary of Ground-Water Monitoring Data: Relative Water Elevations and Laboratory Analyses
---

	TOC Depth to Product Water Level Concentrations in (µg/L)														
Well and		TOC Elevation	Depth to Water	Product Thickness	Water Level Elevation	GRO/		Concentra	tions in (µ Ethyl-	g/L) Total		DO			
Sample Date	P/NP	(feet msl)	(feet bgs)	(feet)	(feet msl)	GRO/ TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Benzene	Xylenes	MTBE	(mg/L)	Lab	рH	Comments
-	1/111	(reet mor)	(Iter bgs)	(itet)	(reet mar)	11 115	Denzene	Tolucite	Denzene	xyieles	MIDL	(III <u>6</u> /L)	Lub	рп	Comments
MW-3 Cont.															
1/2/1997		36.53	12.17		24.36	<50	< 0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	140	6.0	SPL		
4/14/1997		36.53	13.45		23.08										
4/15/1997		36.53				1,500	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	1,800	5.6	SPL		
7/2/1997		36.53	15.60		20.93	880	< 0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	940	5.3	SPL		
9/30/1997		36.53	17.16		19.37	40,000	13,000	2,400	870	3,100	510	6.6	SPL		
1/21/1998		36.53	11.77		24.76	120	< 0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	98	4.7	SPL		
4/9/1998		36.53	9.42		27.11	950	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	890	5.7	SPL		
6/19/1998		36.53	15.28		21.25	1,800	< 0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	1,900	4.7	SPL		
6/19/1998		36.53	12.09		24.44	1,800	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	1,900	4.7	SPL		
1/21/1999		36.53	14.67		21.86	1,100	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	1,200		SPL		
4/30/1999		36.53	16.00		20.53										
7/9/1999		36.53	14.64		21.89	470	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	460/470		SPL		g
11/3/1999		36.53	16.39		20.14										
1/12/2000		36.53	16.80		19.73	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	34		PACE		
4/13/2000		36.53	16.43		20.10										
7/26/2000		36.53	16.93		19.60	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<0.5		PACE		
10/24/2000		36.53	15.69		20.84										
1/19/2001		36.53	14.84		21.69	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	1	25.9		PACE		
7/23/2001		36.53	15.11		21.42	62	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1.5	28.7		PACE		
1/18/2002		36.53	12.37		24.16	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<1.0	17.8		PACE		
8/1/2002		36.53	14.44		22.09	66	<0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	<1.0	<0.5		PACE		
1/16/2003		36.53	12.07		24.46	<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	20		SEQ		р
7/7/2003		36.53	13.90		22.63	<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	8.8		SEQ		q
02/05/2004		36.53	12.60		23.93	<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	4.6		SEQM	7.0	
07/01/2004		36.53	14.57		21.96	<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	3.3		SEQM		
03/16/2005	Р	36.53	11.03		25.50	<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	4.4	1.5	SEQM	6.8	
07/22/2005	Р	36.53	12.68		23.85	<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	4.1		SEQM	6.8	
01/25/2006	Р	36.53	11.35		25.18	81	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	3.0		SEQM	6.9	
7/6/2006	Р	36.53	11.47		25.06	<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	3.0		TAMC	6.9	
1/8/2007	Р	36.53	12.92		23.61	<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	3.2	2.87	TAMC	7.12	
7/10/2007	Р	36.53	14.46		22.07	<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	2.8	2.87	TAMC	7.25	

		тос	Depth to	Product	Water Level			Concentra	ations in (µ	g/L)					
Well and		Elevation	Water	Thickness	Elevation	GRO/			Ethyl-	Total		DO			
Sample Date	P/NP	(feet msl)	(feet bgs)	(feet)	(feet msl)	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Benzene	Xylenes	MTBE	(mg/L)	Lab	pН	Comments
MW-3 Cont.															
1/15/2008	Р	36.53	12.99		23.54	<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	0.88	1.04	TAMC	7.10	
7/15/2008	Р	36.53	15.30		21.23	<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	1.3	1.60	CEL	7.06	
10/21/2008	Р	36.53	16.30		20.23	<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	0.94	2.21	CEL	7.28	
1/6/2009	Р	36.53	15.45		21.08	<50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	< 0.50	1.02	CEL	6.43	
QC-2															
10/7/1992		37.73				<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5			ANA		i
1/14/1993		37.73				<50	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	<0.5			PACE		i, m
4/22/1993		37.73				<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5			PACE		i, m
7/15/1993		37.73				<50	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	<0.5	<5.0		PACE		i, m
10/21/1993		37.73				<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5			PACE		i
1/27/1994		37.73				<50	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5			PACE		i
4/21/1994		37.73				<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5			PACE		i
9/9/1994		37.73				<50	< 0.5	<0.5	< 0.5	<0.5			PACE		i
12/21/1994		37.73				<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5			PACE		i
1/30/1995		37.73				<50	< 0.50	<0.50	< 0.50	<1.0			ATI		i
4/10/1995		37.73				<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<1.0			ATI		i
6/27/1995		37.73				<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<1.0			ATI		i
9/19/1995		37.73				<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<1.0	<5.0		ATI		i
12/7/1995		37.73				<50	< 0.50	<0.50	< 0.50	<1.0	<5.0		ATI		i
3/28/1996		37.73				<50	< 0.5	<1	<1	<1	<10		SPL		i
6/20/1996		37.73				<50	<0.5	<1	<1	<1	<10		SPL		i
RW-1															
4/5/1991		37.73													
4/1/1992		37.73	22.81		14.92										
7/6/1992		37.73	26.92		10.81										
10/7/1992		37.73	28.51		9.22										
1/14/1993		37.73	23.75		13.98										
4/22/1993		37.73	22.70		15.03										
7/15/1993		37.73	26.10		11.63										

		тос	Depth to	Product	Water Level	Water Level Concentrations in (µg/L)									
Well and		Elevation	Water	Thickness	Elevation	GRO/			Ethyl-	Total		DO			
Sample Date	P/NP	(feet msl)	(feet bgs)	(feet)	(feet msl)	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Benzene	Xylenes	MTBE	(mg/L)	Lab	pН	Comments
RW-1 Cont.															
10/21/1993		37.73	25.40		12.33										
1/27/1994		37.73	28.02		9.71										
4/21/1994		37.73	23.10		14.63										
9/9/1994		37.73	24.39		13.34										
12/21/1994		37.73													h
12/7/1995		37.73	25.71		12.02	150,000	34,000	35,000	4,300	21,000	2,700		ATI		
3/28/1996		37.73	16.75		20.98										
6/20/1996		37.73	25.10		12.63										h
10/11/1996		37.73	25.51		12.22	130,000	20,000	32,000	2,800	20,700	1400/1200	7.4	SPL		g
1/2/1997		37.73	24.49		13.24										
4/14/1997		37.73	23.99		13.74										
4/15/1997		37.73				1,800,000	38,000	190,000	48,000	281,000	<25000		SPL		
7/2/1997		37.73	16.40		21.33	140,000	19,000	55,000	4,400	32,400	<10000	5.7	SPL		
7/2/1997		37.73				130,000	19,000	54,000	4,700	33,400	<10000		SPL		е
9/30/1997		37.73	27.97		9.76	110,000	13,000	22,000	2,000	12,500	1,100	7.0	SPL		
9/30/1997		37.73				140,000	17,000	29,000	2,500	15,900	1,200		SPL		е
1/21/1998		37.73	14.14		23.59	270,000	21,000	48,000	3,500	25,000	1,100	4.8	SPL		
4/9/1998		37.73	25.01		12.72										
4/10/1998		37.73				220,000	26,000	46,000	4,400	24,500	<2500	5.1	SPL		
6/19/1998		37.73	11.43		26.30	180,000	19,000	32,000	3,000	17,400	<2500	4.6	SPL		
11/30/1998		37.73	7.87		29.86										
1/21/1999		37.73	18.90		18.83	260,000	24,000	46,000	5,100	30,000	1,700		SPL		
7/9/1999		37.73	18.58		19.15										
11/3/1999		37.73	20.85		16.88	160,000	19,000	37,000	3,800	25,000	1,500		PACE		
1/12/2000		37.73	21.20		16.53	240,000	18,000	46,000	5,800	26,000	2,100		PACE		
4/13/2000		37.73	21.71		16.02	120,000	2,100	33,000	2,800	28,000	1,500		PACE		
5/24/2000		37.73	21.89		15.84										
6/1/2000		37.73	16.30		21.43										
6/8/2000		37.73	17.88		19.85										
6/15/2000		37.73	16.72		21.01										
6/20/2000		37.73	21.04		16.69										

		тос	Depth to	Product	Water Level			Concentre	ations in (µ	g/I.)					
Well and		Elevation	Water	Thickness	Elevation	GRO/		Concentra	Ethyl-	g/L) Total		DO			
Sample Date	P/NP	(feet msl)	(feet bgs)	(feet)	(feet msl)	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Benzene	Xylenes	MTBE	(mg/L)	Lab	pН	Comments
RW-1 Cont.															
7/7/2000		37.73	17.21		20.52										
7/20/2000		37.73	21.87		15.86										
7/26/2000		37.73	21.45		16.28	67,000	160	5,300	2,100	18,000	1,100		PACE		
7/31/2000		37.73	22.11		15.62										
8/8/2000		37.73	17.80		19.93										
8/16/2000		37.73	17.92		19.81										
8/23/2000		37.73	18.11		19.62										
10/24/2000		37.73	18.93		18.80										
10/25/2000		37.73	19.04		18.69	360,000	18,000	78,000	34,000	180,000	2,100		PACE		k
1/19/2001		37.73	18.19		19.54	110,000	9,450	19,600	3,510	21,100	1,270		PACE		
7/24/2001		37.73	17.93		19.80										1
1/18/2002		37.73	14.87		22.86	63,000	2,060	4,370	1,770	13,900	491		PACE		
8/1/2002		37.73	16.84		20.89	60,000	1,210	2,200	1,520	10,600	390		PACE		
1/16/2003		37.73	14.42		23.31	34,000	2,500	2,700	780	5,300	680		SEQ		р
7/7/2003		37.73	16.11		21.62	50,000	640	280	1,600	10,000	<250		SEQ		q, u
07/01/2004	Р	37.73	16.75		20.98	47,000	320	87	1,900	7,500	72		SEQM	6.7	
03/16/2005	Р	37.73	12.48		25.25	17,000	28	23	350	590	53	1.0	SEQM	6.8	
07/22/2005	Р	37.73	14.40		23.33	5,900	50	35	120	220	51		SEQM	6.7	u
01/25/2006	Р	37.73	12.00		25.73	7,000	22	5.9	190		34		SEQM	7.1	
7/6/2006	Р	37.73	13.01		24.72	16,000	37	14	470	230	64		TAMC	6.8	
1/8/2007	Р	37.73	14.75		22.98	2400	16	10	56	54	22	3.61	TAMC	6.86	
7/10/2007	Р	37.73	16.21		21.52	3,800	4.4	2.8	72	22	21	2.65	TAMC	6.98	
1/15/2008	Р	37.73	14.63		23.10	1,700	21	1.6	45	10	14	1.31	TAMC	6.82	
7/15/2008	Р	37.73	17.04		20.69	1,600	< 0.50	0.66	4.4	3.0	12	1.32	CEL	6.95	
10/21/2008	Р	37.73	18.44		19.29	3,600	< 0.50	1.3	19	10	12	0.79	CEL	7.17	
1/6/2009	Р	37.73	17.50		20.23	1,300	<0.50	<0.50	1.6	2.7	7.0	1.02	CEL	6.43	
VEW-4															
07/22/2005	Р		14.04			680	41	24	20	67	< 0.50		SEQM	6.8	
1/15/2008	Р		15.05			350	19	1.1	5.0	3.3	< 0.50	0.54	TAMC	6.99	
7/15/2008	Р		17.24			53	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	0.59	CEL	6.95	

		тос	Depth to	Product	Water Level	evel Concentrations in (µg/L)									
Well and		Elevation	Water	Thickness	Elevation	GRO/			Ethyl-	Total		DO			
Sample Date	P/NP	(feet msl)	(feet bgs)	(feet)	(feet msl)	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Benzene	Xylenes	MTBE	(mg/L)	Lab	pН	Comments
VEW-4 Cont.															
10/21/2008															v
1/6/2009			18.00												
VEW-5															
07/22/2005															v
1/15/2008															v
7/15/2008															V
10/21/2008															V
1/6/2009															v
VEW-6															
1/15/2008			11.83												
7/15/2008			14.81												
10/21/2008			16.02												
1/6/2009			14.70												
VEW-7															
1/15/2008			13.24												
7/15/2008			15.91												
10/21/2008			16.89												
1/6/2009			16.00												
VEW-8															
07/22/2005	Р		14.24			<50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50		SEQM	6.8	
1/15/2008															V
7/15/2008															v
10/21/2008															V
1/6/2009															v
VEW-9															
1/15/2008			5.31												
7/15/2008															v
10/21/2008															v

Table 1. Summary of Ground-Water Monitoring Data: Relative Water Elevations	s and Laboratory Analyses

		тос	Depth to	Product	Water Level			Concentra	ations in (µ	g/L)					
Well and Sample Date	P/NP	Elevation (feet msl)	Water (feet bgs)	Thickness (feet)	Elevation (feet msl)	GRO/ TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl- Benzene	Total Xylenes	MTBE	DO (mg/L)	Lab	pН	Comments
VEW-9 Cont.															
1/6/2009															f
VW-1															
1/15/2008															v
7/15/2008															v
10/21/2008															v
1/6/2009															v
VW-2															
1/15/2008			0.25												
7/15/2008			0.65												
10/21/2008			0.68												
1/6/2009			0.45												
VW-3															
1/15/2008			2.08												
7/15/2008			4.10												
10/21/2008			4.95												
1/6/2009			5.40												

**ABBREVIATIONS & SYMBOLS:** -- = Not analyzed/applicable/measured/available < = Not detected at or above specified laboratory reporting limit DO = Dissolved oxygen DTW = Depth to water in ft bgs ft bgs = Feet below ground surface ft MSL = Feet above mean sea level GRO = Gasoline range organics GWE = Groundwater elevation in ft MSL mg/L = Milligrams per liter MTBE = Methyl tert-butyl ether NP = Well not purged prior to sampling P = Well purged prior to sampling TOC = Top of casing in ft MSLTPH-g = Total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline  $\mu g/L =$  Micrograms per liter ANA = Anametrix. Inc. PACE = Pace, Inc.ATI = Analytical Technologies, Inc. CEI = Ceimic Corporation SPL = Southern Petroleum Laboratories SEQ/SEQM= Sequoia Analytical/Sequoia Analytical Morgan Hill Laboratories

CEL = CalScience Environmental Laboratories, Inc.

#### FOOTNOTES:

c = A copy of the documentation for this data is included in Appendix C of Alistoreport 10-025-13-003.

- d = MTBE peak. See documentation in Appendix C of Alisto report 10-025-13-003.
- e = Blind duplicate.
- f = Well inaccessible.
- g = EPA Methods 8020/8260 used.
- h = Well not monitored and/or sampled due to vapor extraction system.
- i = Travel blank.
- j = This gasoline does not include MTBE.
- k = Well was sampled on a different date from the other wells due to lack of proper equipment.

l = Unable to sample due to nature of product.

m = A copy of the documentation for this data is included in Blaine Tech Services, Inc., Report 010724-B-2. The data for sampling events January 14, 1993 and April 22, 1993 has been destroyed. No chromatograms could be located for samples AW-2 on January 27, 1994, and for samples AW-1, AW-2, AW-3, AW-4, AW-5, AW-6, AW-7, AW-8, MW-2 and MW-3 on September 9, 1994.

n = On June 1, 2001, after reviewing chromatograms, Sequoia reported the value as <5.0.

- o = Unable to locate well.
- p = TPH-g data analyzed by EPA Method 8015B modified; BTEX and MTBE by EPA Method 8021B
- q = TPH-g, BTEX, and MTBE analyzed by EPA method 8260B beginning on the third quarter 2003 sampling event 07/07/03.
- r = Discrete peak at C5.
- t = Well was not gauged during the quarter due to an oversite by the technician.
- u = Sheen in well.
- v = Well was dry.
- w = Hydrocarbon result partly due to individ. peak(s) in quant. range.

#### NOTES:

Beginning in the fourth quarter 2003, the laboratory modified the reported analyte list. TPH-g was changed to GRO. The resulting data may be impacted by the potential of non-TPH-g analytes within the requested fuel range resulting in a higher concentration being reported.

Beginning in the second quarter 2004, the carbon range for GRO was changed from C6-C10 to C4-C12.

Values for DO and pH were obtained through field measurements.

GWEs adjusted assuming a specific gravity of 0.75 for free product

GRO analysis was completed by EPA method 8260B (C4-C12) for samples collected from the time period April 2006 through February 4, 2008. The analysis for GRO was changed to EPA method 8015B (C6-C12) for samples collected from the time period February 5, 2008 through the present.

Note: The data within this table collected prior to April 2006 was provided to Broadbent & Associates, Inc. by Atlantic Richfield Company and their previous consultants. Broadbent & Associates, Inc. has not verified the accuracy of this information.

Well and				Concentratio	ons in (µg/L)				
Sample Date	Ethanol	TBA	MTBE	DIPE	ETBE	TAME	1,2-DCA	EDB	Comments
AW-1									
7/7/2003	<5,000	<1,000	1,100	<25	<25	190			
02/05/2004	<10,000	<2,000	930	<50	<50	160	<50	<50	
07/01/2004	<5,000	<1,000	1,100	<25	<25	170	<25	<25	
03/16/2005	<5,000	<1,000	720	<25	<25	130	<25	<25	
07/22/2005	<1,000	<200	510	<5.0	<5.0	93	31	<5.0	
01/25/2006	<6,000	<400	490	<10	<10	94	21	<10	
7/6/2006	<6,000	<400	270	<10	<10	49	<10	<10	
1/8/2007	<3000	240	380	<5.0	<5.0	64	<5.0		
7/10/2007	<6,000	<400	220	<10	<10	36	<10	<10	
1/15/2008	<6,000	<400	230	<10	<10	45	<10	<10	
7/15/2008	<300	<10	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	15	< 0.50	< 0.50	
10/21/2008	<3,000	390	120	<5.0	<5.0	22	<5.0	<5.0	
1/6/2009	<3,000	190	170	<5.0	<5.0	28	<5.0	<5.0	
AW-2									
02/05/2004	<100	<20	5.1	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	
03/16/2005	<100	<20	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	
01/25/2006	<600	<40	12	<1.0	<1.0	1.0	<1.0	<1.0	
1/8/2007	<3000	<200	40	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0		
1/15/2008	<6,000	<400	48	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	
7/15/2008	<30,000	<1,000	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	
10/21/2008	<7,500	<250	16	<12	<12	<12	<12	<12	
1/6/2009	<6,000	<200	11	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	
AW-3									
03/16/2005	<100	<20	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	
AW-4									
7/7/2003	<1,000	<200	56	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0			
02/05/2004	<200	<40	40	<1.0	<1.0	3.7	<1.0	<1.0	
07/01/2004	<1,000	<200	64	<5.0	<5.0	9.6	<5.0	<5.0	
03/16/2005	<500	<100	23	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	
07/22/2005	<2,000	<400	59	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	

Station #11133, 2220 98th Ave., Oakland, CA	Station	#11133.	2220 9	8th Ave.,	Oakland,	CA
---	---------	---------	--------	-----------	----------	----

Well and				Concentratio	ons in (µg/L)				
Sample Date	Ethanol	TBA	MTBE	DIPE	ETBE	TAME	1,2-DCA	EDB	Comments
AW-4 Cont.									
01/25/2006	<3,000	<200	12	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	
7/6/2006	<3,000	<5.0	39	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	
1/8/2007	<300	<20	38	< 0.50	< 0.50	6.2	< 0.50		
7/10/2007	<300	<20	27	< 0.50	< 0.50	4.2	< 0.50	< 0.50	
1/15/2008	<300	<20	17	< 0.50	< 0.50	2.3	< 0.50	< 0.50	
7/15/2008	<300	<10	25	< 0.50	< 0.50	3.4	< 0.50	< 0.50	
10/21/2008	<600	<20	18	<1.0	<1.0	1.9	<1.0	<1.0	
1/6/2009	<300	<10	8.3	<0.50	<0.50	0.81	<0.50	<0.50	
AW-5									
7/7/2003	<2,000	1,200	980	<10	<10	210			
02/05/2004	<2,000	1,200	810	<10	<10	160	<10	<10	
07/01/2004	<1,000	1,600	550	<5.0	<5.0	94	<5.0	<5.0	
03/16/2005	<10,000	2,100	890	<50	<50	190	<50	<50	
07/22/2005	<1,000	370	390	<5.0	<5.0	78	<5.0	<5.0	
01/25/2006	<3,000	580	26	<5.0	<5.0	5.2	<5.0	<5.0	
7/6/2006	<3,000	240	170	<5.0	<5.0	37	<5.0	<5.0	
1/8/2007	<1500	240	220	<2.5	<2.5	51	<2.5		
7/10/2007	<1,500	110	360	<2.5	<2.5	92	<2.5	<2.5	
1/15/2008	<300	200	85	< 0.50	< 0.50	21	< 0.50	< 0.50	
7/15/2008	<300	100	11	< 0.50	< 0.50	2.4	< 0.50	< 0.50	
10/21/2008	<300	130	63	< 0.50	< 0.50	16	< 0.50	< 0.50	
1/6/2009	<600	150	26	<1.0	<1.0	5.0	<1.0	<1.0	
AW-6									
02/05/2004	<10,000	<2,000	5,400	<50	<50	1,800	<50	<50	
07/01/2004	<10,000	<2,000	4,600	<50	<50	1,600	<50	<50	
03/16/2005	<5,000	<1,000	4,400	<25	<25	1,400	<25	<25	
07/22/2005	<10,000	<2,000	5,500	<50	<50	1,400	<50	<50	
01/25/2006	<30,000	<2,000	3,000	<50	<50	940	<50	<50	
7/6/2006	<30,000	<2,000	2,800	<50	<50	780	<50	<50	
1/8/2007	<30000	<2000	7400	<50	<50	1900	<50		

Well and				Concentrati	ons in (µg/L)				
Sample Date	Ethanol	TBA	MTBE	DIPE	ETBE	TAME	1,2-DCA	EDB	Comments
AW-6 Cont.									
7/10/2007	<60,000	<4,000	3,900	<100	<100	890	<100	<100	
1/15/2008	<600	<40	150	<1.0	<1.0	42	<1.0	<1.0	
7/15/2008	<300	20	270	< 0.50	< 0.50	66	< 0.50	< 0.50	
10/21/2008	<3,000	<100	160	<5.0	<5.0	37	<5.0	<5.0	
1/6/2009	<3,000	<100	97	<5.0	<5.0	23	<5.0	<5.0	
AW-7									
AW-8									
03/16/2005	<100	<20	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	a
<b>MW-1</b>									
7/7/2003	<1,000	<200	24	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0			
02/05/2004	<1,000	<200	9.2	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	
07/01/2004	<10,000	<2,000	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	
03/16/2005	<1,000	<200	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	
07/22/2005	<2,000	<400	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	
01/25/2006	<1,500	<100	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	
7/6/2006	<1,500	<100	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	
1/8/2007	<300	<20	2.1	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50		
7/10/2007	<300	<20	2.4	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<0.50	< 0.50	
1/15/2008	<300	<20	1.2	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	
7/15/2008	<300	<10	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	
10/21/2008	<300	<10	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	
1/6/2009	<300	<10	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	
MW-2									
03/16/2005	<100	<20	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	
MW-3									
7/7/2003	<100	<20	8.8	< 0.50	< 0.50	0.65			
02/05/2004	<100	<20	4.6	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	
07/01/2004	<100	<20	3.3	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	
03/16/2005	<100	<20	4.4	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	

Station #11133, 2220 98th Ave., Oakland, CA	Station	#11133.	2220 9	8th Ave.,	Oakland,	CA
---	---------	---------	--------	-----------	----------	----

Well and				Concentratio	ons in (µg/L)				
Sample Date	Ethanol	TBA	MTBE	DIPE	ETBE	TAME	1,2-DCA	EDB	Comments
MW-3 Cont.									
07/22/2005	<100	<20	4.1	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	
01/25/2006	<300	<20	3.0	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	<0.50	< 0.50	
7/6/2006	<300	<50	3.0	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	
1/8/2007	<300	<20	3.2	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50		
7/10/2007	<300	<20	2.8	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	
1/15/2008	<300	<20	0.88	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	
7/15/2008	<300	<10	1.3	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	
10/21/2008	<300	<10	0.94	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	
1/6/2009	<300	<10	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	
RW-1									
7/7/2003	<50,000	<10,000	<250	<250	<250	<250			
07/01/2004	<10,000	<2,000	72	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	
03/16/2005	<2,000	<400	53	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	
07/22/2005	<500	<100	51	<2.5	<2.5	5.6	<2.5	<2.5	
01/25/2006	<3,000	<200	34	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	
7/6/2006	<6,000	<400	64	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	
1/8/2007	<6000	<400	22	<10	<10	<10	<10		
7/10/2007	<600	<40	21	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	
1/15/2008	<600	<40	14	<1.0	<1.0	1.3	<1.0	<1.0	
7/15/2008	<300	<10	12	< 0.50	< 0.50	1.0	< 0.50	< 0.50	
10/21/2008	<300	17	12	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	
1/6/2009	<300	14	7.0	<0.50	<0.50	0.63	<0.50	<0.50	
VEW-4									
07/22/2005	<100	<20	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	
1/15/2008	<300	<20	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	
7/15/2008	<300	<10	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	
VEW-5									
VEW-8									
07/22/2005	<100	<20	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.50	

#### ABBREVIATIONS & SYMBOLS:

-- = Not analyzed/applicable/measured/available < = Not detected at or above specified laboratory reporting limit 1,2-DCA = 1,2-Dichloroethane DIPE = Di-isopropyl ether EDB = 1,2-Dibromoethane ETBE = Ethyl tert-butyl ether MTBE = Methyl tert-butyl ether TAME = tert-Amyl methyl ether TBA = tert-Amyl methyl ether TBA = tert-Butyl alcohol µg/L = Micrograms per Liter

#### FOOTNOTES:

a = Calibration verification for ethanol is within method limits but outside contractual limits.

#### NOTES:

All volatile organic compounds analyzed using EPA Method 8260B.

Note: The data within this table collected prior to April 2006 was provided to Broadbent & Associates, Inc. by Atlantic Richfield Company and their previous consultants. Broadbent & Associates, Inc. has not verified the accuracy of this information.

Date Sampled	Approximate Flow Direction	Approximate Hydraulic Gradient
1/25/2006	Variable: East to Southwest	0.03 to 0.09
7/6/2006	Variable: East to W towards Center	0.04 to 0.05
1/8/2007	Variable: East to W towards Center	0.03 to 0.05
7/10/2007	West	0.01
1/15/2008	West-Southwest	0.006
7/15/2008	West-Southwest	0.01
10/21/2008	West-Southwest	0.01
1/6/2009	West	0.009

# Table 3. Historical Ground-Water Flow Direction and GradientStation #11133, 2220 98th Ave., Oakland, CA

Note: The data within this table collected prior to April 2006 was provided to Broadbent & Associates, Inc. by Atlantic Richfield Company and their previous consultants. Broadbent & Associates, Inc. has not verified the accuracy of this information.

# Table 4. Bio-Degradation Parameters

XX7 11 1												
Well and Sample Date	рН	ORP (mV)	Total Alkalinity (µg/L)	DO (mg/L)	Nitrate NO3 (µg/L)	Sulfate SO4 (µg/L)	Soluble Sulfide (µg/L)	CO2 (µg/L)	Methane (µg/L)	Manganese (µg/L)	Ferrous Iron (mg/L)	Comments
AW-1	-											
	_											
3/16/2005	6.7	-10	420,000	0.8	<500	580	<1,000	81,400	3,290	6,500	3.4	
1/15/2008	6.91	-58	410,000	0.92	<500	1,900	<1,000	190,000	3,200	6,400	3.2	a, b
7/15/2008	6.79	-96.5	488,000	6.0	<100	<1,000	<1,000	400,000	2,090	7,200	6.0	
10/21/2008	7.01	-130.1	498,000	2.40	<100	2,500	<50	178,000	381	8,080	2.0	b, c
1/6/2009	6.09	-128	446,000	1.39	<100	1,400	<50	190,000	593	7,810	3.0	
AW-2												
1/15/2008	6.79	-88	190,000	0.83	4,400	21,000	<1,000	52,000	210	1,100	<0.5	a
7/15/2008	7.05	-190.1	168,000	2.14	440	38,000	<50	100,000	7.42	1,570	0.5	
10/21/2008	7.33	-47.2	176,000	1.65	890	36,000	<50	24,200	111	1,130	0.5	c, d
1/6/2009	6.94	129	168,000	0.84	390	22,000	<50	28,100	50.4	996	0.6	
AW-4												
3/16/2005	6.5	10	310,000	0.6	<500	71,000	<1,000	54,200	585	5,600	1.4	
1/15/2008	6.75	-91	390,000	1.30	<500	82,000	<1,000	120,000	610	5,000	1.5	a, b
7/15/2008	6.91	-90.0	598,000	2.64	<100	47,000	<50	354,000	777	7,110	6.0	
10/21/2008	7.25	-123.3	510,000	1.54	<100	61,000	<50	101,000	75.3	8,440	3.0	c, d
1/6/2009	6.31	-29	400,000	0.70	<100	78,000	<50	76,400	148	6,330	0.5	
AW-5												
1/15/2008	6.82	-101	230,000	0.90	<500	12,000	<1,000	79,000	120	2,300	1.4	a
7/15/2008	6.85	-97.9	238,000	2.13	<100	12,000	<50	161,000	9.29	2,560	0.5	
10/21/2008	7.10	-84.9	216,000	1.01	<100	14,000	<50	57,800	59.8	1,680	0.5	c, d
1/6/2009	6.22	-79	224,000	0.70	<100	13,000	<50	52,400	106	2,920	0.5	
AW-6												
1/15/2008	6.80	-94	150,000	0.58	<500	21,000	<1,000	41,000	50	1,200	< 0.1	a
7/15/2008	6.87	-40.8	160,000	2.12	<100	23,000	<50	163,000	1.27	1,370	0.0	
10/21/2008	7.19	-33.9	152,000	1.01	<100	20,000	<50	39,400	104	1,290	0.5	c, d
1/6/2009	6.23	-25	156,000	0.94	<100	21,000	<50	37,500	69.1	1,360	0.5	
MW-1												
3/16/2005	6.9	-175	310,000	0.9	<500	13,000	<1,000	49,900	4,550	7,700	2.7	

# Table 4. Bio-Degradation Parameters

Station #11133, 2220 98th Ave., Oakland, CA
---

					~		20 90th Av	u, oununu				
Well and Sample Date	рН	ORP (mV)	Total Alkalinity (µg/L)	DO (mg/L)	Nitrate NO3 (µg/L)	Sulfate SO4 (µg/L)	Soluble Sulfide (µg/L)	CO2 (µg/L)	Methane (µg/L)	Manganese (µg/L)	Ferrous Iron (mg/L)	Comments
MW-1 Cont.												
1/15/2008	7.13	-150	320,000	0.94	<500	51,000	<1,000	67,000	2,900	8,100	1.3	a
7/15/2008	7.06	-174.7	326,000	1.20	<100	50,000	<50	29,200	1,090	8,390	0.5	
10/21/2008	7.30	-200.0	360,000	1.99	<100	27,000	<50	18,700	303	8,050	4.0	с
1/6/2009	6.90	225	368,000	0.69	<100	59,000	<50	21,300	277	10,100	1.6	
MW-2												
3/16/2005	7.1	30	85,000	1.3	5,300	38,000	<1,000	7,370	<1.0	2,200	0.7	
MW-3												
1/15/2008	7.10	-128	130,000	1.04	2,500	44,000	<1,000	29,000	<1.0	120	< 0.1	a
7/15/2008	7.06	-47.6	112,000	1.60	820	78,000	<50	29,000	<1.0	61.8	0.5	
10/21/2008	7.28	-120.6	92,000	2.21	640	52,000	<50	15,400	<1.0	19.3	0.5	с
1/6/2009	6.43	-22	94,000	1.02	420	38,000	<50	14,000	<1.0	25.5	0.0	
RW-1												
1/15/2008	6.82	-143	350,000	1.31	<500	5,000	<1,000	110,000	1,100	6,100	1.8	a
7/15/2008	6.95	-239.9	358,000	1.32	<100	21,000	<50	212,000	212	7,030	0.5	
10/21/2008	7.17	-188.4	352,000	0.79	<100	10,000	<50	73,500	1,350	6,840	1.0	b, c
1/6/2009	6.43	-279	322,000	0.30	<100	13,000	<50	64,700	279	6,410	1.0	
VEW-4												
1/15/2008	6.99	-36	210,000	0.54	3,000	31,000	<1,000	50,000	840	880	<0.5	a
7/15/2008	6.95	-29	254,000	0.59	<100	22,000	<50	90,900	174	2,150	2.0	

#### ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS:

< = Not detected at or above specified laboratory reporting limit ORP = Oxygen reduction potential DO = Dissolved oxygen CO2 = Carbon dioxide mV = Millivolts µg/L = Micrograms per liter mg/L = Milligrams per liter

#### FOOTNOTES:

a = Sample received after holding time expired for soluble sulfide and ferrous iron analyses

b = Sample analyzed after holding time expired for nitrate analysis

c = Sample received after holding time expired for dissolved sulfide analysis

d = Sample received after holding time expired for nitrate analysis

Note: The data within this table collected prior to April 2006 was provided to Broadbent & Associates, Inc. by Atlantic Richfield Company and their previous consultants. Broadbent & Associates, Inc. has not verified the accuracy of this information.

# Table 5. Nitrate Injection Calculations Based on Mass Flux Approach, Station 11133, Oakland, CA

Site Information	Value	Comments/Conversions				
Hydraulic Conductivity Estimate (K)	8.6 ft/d	April 1991 Aquifer Test RW-1				
Thickness of impacted saturated zone (T)	20 ft	Estimated based on length of screened interval of wells in zone				
Hydraulic gradient (I)	0.01 ft/ft	Average value over the time period 1/8/2007 through 1/6/2009				
Porosity (n)	0.3 (-)	Based on literature value for soil type at the site				
Width of GW plume being addressed	20 ft	Lateral extend of proposed treatment				
Maximum BTEX concentration (C)	0.754 mg/L	Maximum total BTEX in AW-1 on 1/6/2009				
Through flow of GW, Contamination, and Degradation Capacity ba	ased on mass flux					
Ground-water Seepage Velocity (V)	0.287 ft/d	V = K * I/n				
Total ground-water volumetric flux (Q)	$34.4 \text{ ft}^{3}/\text{d}$	Q = K*I*A				
Total ground-water volumetric flux (Q in gal/d))	257.3 gal/d	$1 \text{ ft}^3 = 7.48 \text{ gal}$				
Total ground-water volumetric flux (Q in L/d)	974.0 L/d	1  gal = 3.7854  L				
	mg BTEX/d (does not					
Mass flux of dissolved BTEX through Treatment Zone $(M_{t})$	734.4 include adsorbed phase)	$M_d = C^*Q$				
	(multiply by 2, 3, or 4 to					
	3.0 account for absorbed phas					
Mass flux of BTEX (including adsorbed phase)	2203.3 mg BTEX/d	Safety factor of 2 or more includes adsorbed phase				
Mass BTEX degraded/mass of nitrate	0.21 mg/mg	Based on stoichiometry for BTEX and nitrate				
Stoichiometric Nitrate Demand	10492 mg nitrate/d	$= M_{d}/0.21$				
<b>Details for Liquid Nitrate Addition</b> Fast release water soluble fertilizer which include nitrogen, phosphorus, and potassium						
Nitrate Solution Concentration	50 mg/L	Based on drinking water standard of 50 mg/L for Nitrate measured as $NO_3$				
Injection frequency (time between slug injection events)	15 days					
Total Nitrate injection events	6					
Required Slug Addition Rate	831 gal/event					

# Table 6. Sulfate Injection Calculations Based on Mass Flux Approach, Station 11133, Oakland, CA

Site Information	Value	Comments/Conversions				
Hydraulic Conductivity Estimate (K)	8.6 ft/d	April 1991 Aquifer Test RW-1				
Thickness of impacted saturated zone (T)	20 ft	Estimated based on length of screened interval of wells in zone				
Hydraulic gradient (I)	0.01 ft/ft	Average value over the time period 1/8/2007 through 1/6/2009				
Porosity (n)	0.3 (-)	Based on literature value for soil type at the site				
Width of GW plume being addressed	20 ft	Lateral extend of proposed treatment				
Maximum BTEX concentration (C)	0.754 mg/L	Maximum total BTEX in AW-1 on 1/6/2009				
Through flow of GW, Contamination, and Degradation Capacity bas	ed on mass flux					
Ground-water Seepage Velocity (V)	0.287 ft/d	V = K * I/n				
Total ground-water volumetric flux (Q)	34.4 ft <sup>3</sup> /d	Q = K*I*A				
Total ground-water volumetric flux (Q in gal/d))	257.3 gal/d	$1 \text{ ft}^3 = 7.48 \text{ gal}$				
Total ground-water volumetric flux (Q in L/d)	974.0 L/d	1  gal = 3.7854  L				
	mg BTEX/d (does not inclu	de				
Mass flux of dissolved BTEX through Treatment Zone (M <sub>d</sub> )	734.4 adsorbed phase)	$M_d = C^*Q$				
(multiply by 2, 3, or 4 to						
	3.0 account for absorbed phase)					
Mass flux of BTEX (including adsorbed phase)	2203.3 mg BTEX/d	Safety factor of 2 or more includes adsorbed phase				
Mass BTEX degraded/mass of sulfate	0.22 mg/mg	Based on stoichiometry for BTEX and sulfate				
Stoichiometric Sulfate Demand	10015 mg sulfate/d	$= M_{d'} 0.21$				
Details for Liquid Sulfate Addition						
Sulfate source: MgSO <sub>4</sub> - 7H <sub>2</sub> O (Epsom Salt)- magnesium sulfate heptahydrate						
Sulfate Solution Concentration	250 mg/L	Based on Secondary Drinking Water Standard of 250 mg/L for Sulfate				
Injection frequency (time between slug injection events)	15 days					
Total Sulfate injection events	6					
Required Slug Addition Rate	159 gal/event					
· •	c					

Table 7. Monthly Groun	d-Water Monitoring/Sam	upling Plan for Ni	trate/Sulfate Addition.	Station 11133, Oakland, CA

	Gauging Depth			pH/ temp/ cond/	Pre- & Post	
Well ID	to Water	Analysis	Purge Method	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	DO	Pre- & Post ORP
MW-1	Y	GBOE-BIO-TRACER	MP	Y	Y	Y
MW-3	Y	GBOE-BIO-TRACER	MP	Y	Y	Y
AW-1	Y	GBOE-BIO-TRACER	MP	Y	Y	Y
AW-5	Y	GBOE-BIO-TRACER	MP	Y	Y	Y
RW-1	Y	GBOE-BIO-TRACER	MP	Y	Y	Y
VW-1	Y	GBOE-BIO-TRACER	MP	Y	Y	Y
VW-4	Y	GBOE-BIO-TRACER	MP	Y	Y	Y
IW-1	Y	GBOE-BIO-TRACER	NP	Y	Y	Y

Analysis:

GBOE = GRO by 8015M; BTEX/5 FO +EDB, 1,2-DCA, Ethanol by 8260B

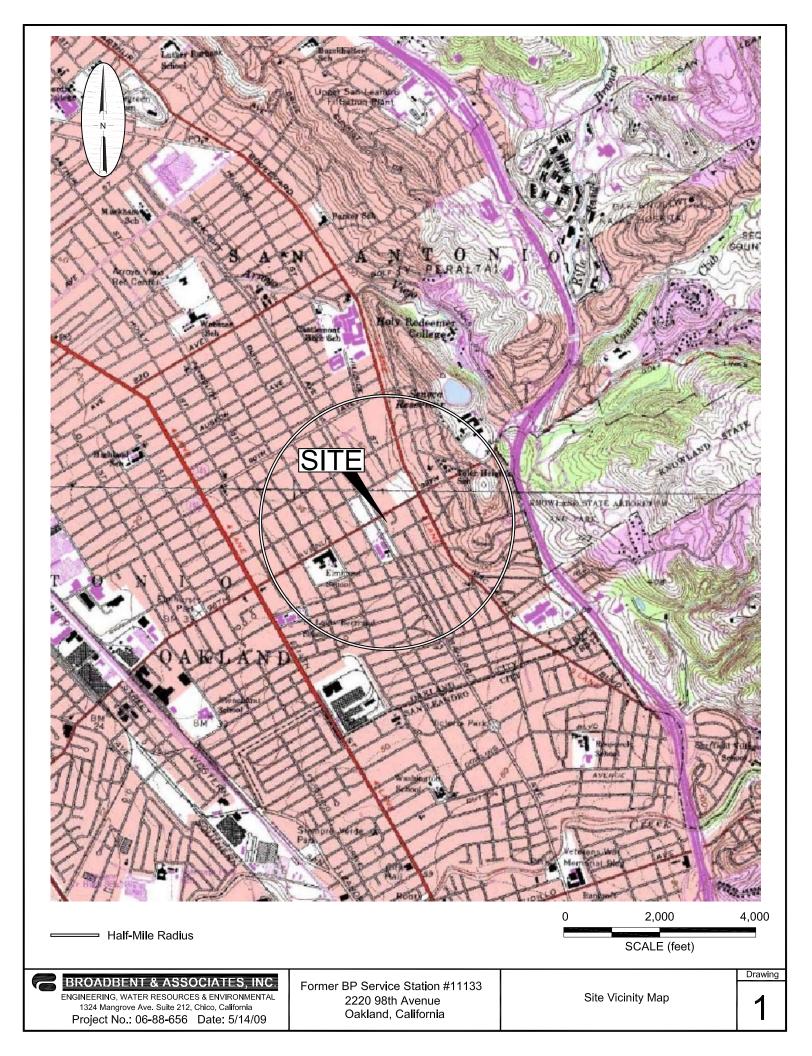
BIO = Nitrate and Sulfate (EPA 300), Manganese (EPA 200.7), Dissolved Sulfide (SM 4500 S2-D), Methane and Carbon Dioxide (RS Kerr 175), Alkalinity (SM2320B), and Hydrogen Sulfide (HACH Model HS-C)

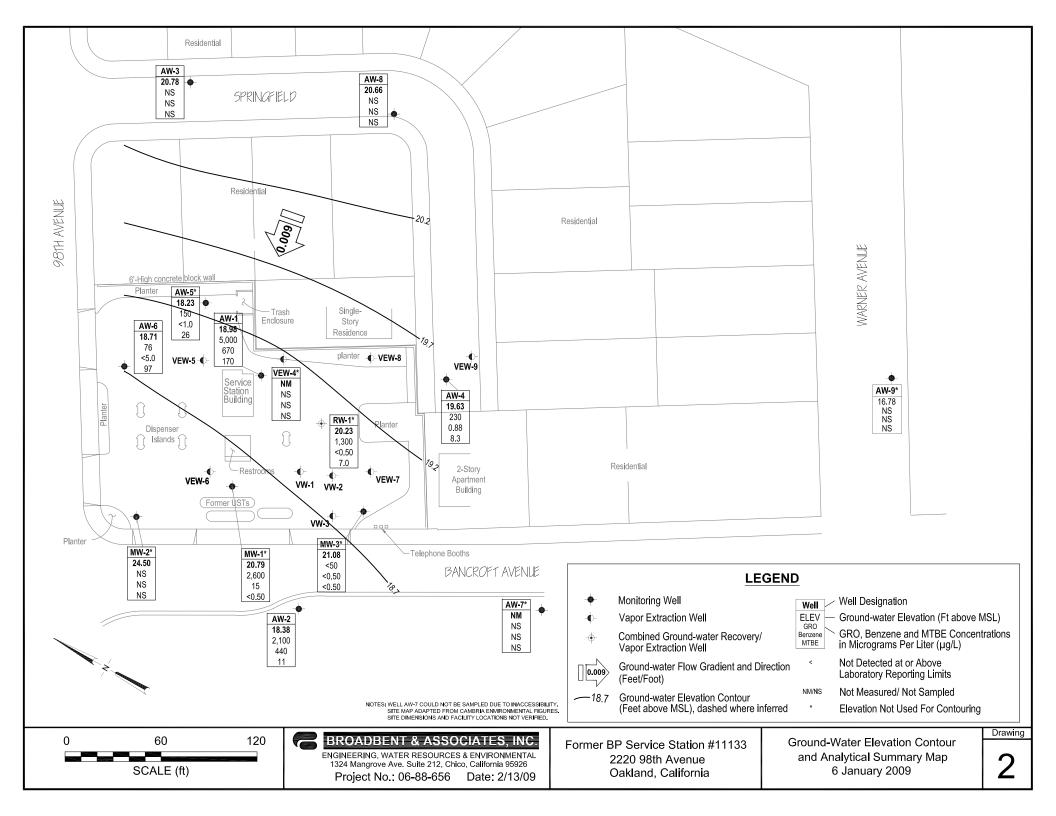
TRACER = Bromide (EPA Method 300.0)

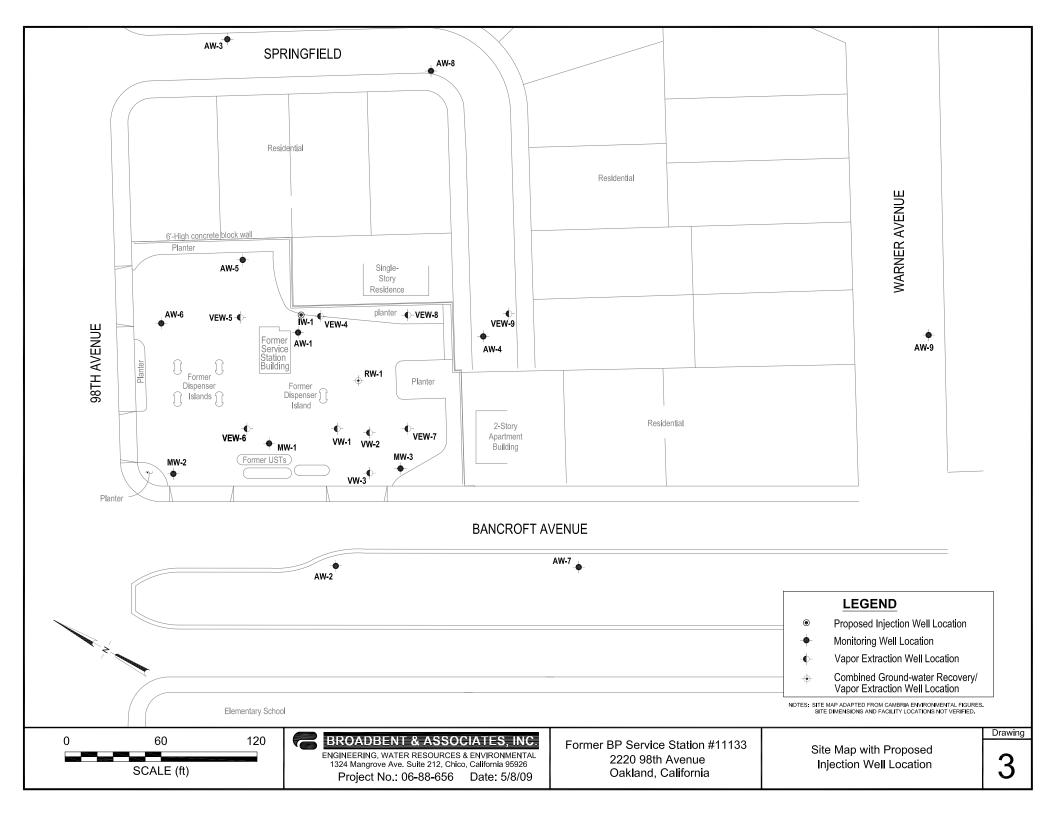
# Purge Method:

NP = No Purge

MP = Micropurge aka millipurge/low-flow purge per API#4658A







#### APPENDIX A

Recent Regulatory Correspondence

#### ALAMEDA COUNTY HEALTH CARE SERVICES



DAVID J. KEARS, Agency Director

AGENCY

ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SERVICES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway, Suite 250 Alameda, CA 94502-6577 (510) 567-6700 FAX (510) 337-9335

January 16, 2009

335 RECEIVED JAN 2 4 2009 BY:

Paul Supple Atlantic Richfield Company (A BP Affiliated Company) P.O. Box 1257 San Ramon, CA 94583

Terry Grayson ConoccoPhillips 76 Broadway Sacramento, CA 95818 Keith Marks Suncor Holdings COP II, LLC. 11601 Wilshire Blvd., Ste 700 Los Angeles, CA 90025-0315

Subject: Fuel Leak Case No. RO0000403 and GeoTracker Global ID T0600100210, BP #11133, 2220 98<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Oakland, CA 94603

Dear Messrs. Supple, Grayson, Marks:

Alameda County Environmental Health (ACEH) staff has reviewed the case file for the abovereferenced site including the recently submitted document entitled, "Second Quarter 2008 Status Report"," dated July 18, 2008, which was prepared by Broadbent & Associates, Inc. (BAI) for the subject site. According to BAI, nitrate/sulfate injection was to be performed during the third quarter of 2008 as a pilot study. Although nitrate/sulfate injection was accepted by ACEH in our October 9, 2007 directive letter, a Corrective Action Plan that evaluated at least three viable alternatives for remedying or mitigating the actual or potential adverse effects of the unauthorized release(s) besides "no action" and "monitored natural attenuation" remedial alternatives was also requested in our directive letter.

ACEH requests that you address the following technical comments and send us the technical work plan and reports requested below.

#### **TECHNICAL COMMENTS**

1. Soil and Groundwater Characterization – Although an SVE system operated at the site from November 1994 to approximately December 1998, which reported removed approximately 13,495 pounds of hydrocarbons, elevated concentrations of TPH-g and benzene still remain in groundwater samples collected at the site. Specifically, TPH-g and benzene were detected at concentrations of 6,400 µg/L and 1,700 µg/L, respectively, in a groundwater sample collected from down-gradient monitoring well AW-2 on July 15, 2008. Based on the analytical data, there appears to be an increasing concentration of contaminants detected in this well and the extent of the groundwater contaminant plume appears undefined in the down-gradient direction. Please justify that the groundwater contaminant plume is defined or prepare a scope of work to address the above-mentioned concerns and submit a work plan due by the date specified below.

Messrs. Supple, Grayson, Marks RO0000403 January 16, 2009, Page 2

2. Feasibility Study/Corrective Action Plan (FS/CAP) - A CAP was first requested in our May 11, 2005 correspondence and again requested in our October 9, 2007 correspondence. To date, a CAP has not been received. At this time, please prepare a Feasibility Study/Corrective Action Plan (FS/CAP), in accordance with Title 23, California Code of Regulations, Section 2725 to evaluate possible cleanup alternatives for the site. The FS/CAP must include a concise background of soil and groundwater investigations performed in connection with this case and an assessment of the residual impacts of the chemicals of concern (COCs) for the site and the surrounding area where the unauthorized release has migrated or may migrate. The FS/CAP should also include, but not limited to, a detailed description of site lithology, including soil permeability, and most importantly, contamination cleanup levels and cleanup goals and time to achieve both, in accordance with the San Francisco Regional Water Quality Control Board Basin Plan and appropriate ESL guidance for all COCs and for the appropriate groundwater designation. Please note that soil cleanup levels should ultimately (within a reasonable timeframe) achieve water quality objectives (cleanup goals) for groundwater in accordance with San Francisco Regional Water Quality Control Board Basin Plan. Please propose appropriate cleanup levels and cleanup goals in accordance with 23 CCR Section 2725, 2726, and 2727 in the FS/CAP.

The FS/CAP must evaluate at least three viable alternatives for remedying or mitigating the actual or potential adverse effects of the unauthorized release(s) besides the "no action" and "monitored natural attenuation" remedial alternatives. Each alternative shall be evaluated for cost-effectiveness and the Responsible Party must propose the most cost-effective corrective action. Please submit the FS/CAP no later than the date specified below.

#### **REQUEST FOR INFORMATION**

ACEH's case file for the subject site contains the following electronic reports as listed on our website (<u>http://www.acgov.org/aceh/lop/ust.htm</u>). You are requested to submit copies of all other reports related to environmental investigations for this property (including the July 2, 1987 Tank Removal Report [KEI-J87-064]) by **February 16, 2009**.

#### **NOTIFICATION OF FIELDWORK ACTIVITIES**

Please schedule and complete the fieldwork activities by the date specified below and provide ACEH with at least three (3) business days notification prior to conducting the fieldwork.

#### TECHNICAL REPORT REQUEST

Please submit technical reports to ACEH (Attention: Paresh Khatri), according to the following schedule:

- March 17, 2009 Soil and Water Investigation Work Plan
- April 16, 2009 FS/CAP
- April 30, 2009 Semi-annual Monitoring Report (1<sup>st</sup> Quarter 2009)

Messrs. Supple, Grayson, Marks RO0000403 January 16, 2009, Page 3

• October 30, 2009 – Semi-annual Monitoring Report (3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter 2009)

These reports are being requested pursuant to California Health and Safety Code Section 25296.10. 23 CCR Sections 2652 through 2654, and 2721 through 2728 outline the responsibilities of a responsible party in response to an unauthorized release from a petroleum UST system, and require your compliance with this request.

#### ELECTRONIC SUBMITTAL OF REPORTS

ACEH's Environmental Cleanup Oversight Programs (LOP and SLIC) require submission of reports in electronic form. The electronic copy replaces paper copies and is expected to be used for all public information requests, regulatory review, and compliance/enforcement activities. Instructions for submission of electronic documents to the Alameda County Environmental Cleanup Oversight Program FTP site are provided on the attached "Electronic Report Upload Instructions." Submission of reports to the Alameda County FTP site is an addition to existing requirements for electronic submittal of information to the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) GeoTracker website. In September 2004, the SWRCB adopted regulations that require electronic submittal of information for all groundwater cleanup programs. For several years, responsible parties for cleanup of leaks from underground storage tanks (USTs) have been required to submit groundwater analytical data, surveyed locations of monitoring wells, and other data to the GeoTracker database over the Internet. Beginning July 1, 2005, these same reporting requirements were added to Spills, Leaks, Investigations, and Cleanup (SLIC) sites. Beginning July 1, 2005, electronic submittal of a complete copy of all reports for all sites is required in GeoTracker (in PDF format). Please visit the SWRCB website for more information on these requirements (http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/ust/electronic\_submittal/report\_rgmts.shtml.

#### PERJURY STATEMENT

All work plans, technical reports, or technical documents submitted to ACEH must be accompanied by a cover letter from the responsible party that states, at a minimum, the following: "I declare, under penalty of perjury, that the information and/or recommendations contained in the attached document or report is true and correct to the best of my knowledge." This letter must be signed by an officer or legally authorized representative of your company. Please include a cover letter satisfying these requirements with all future reports and technical documents submitted for this fuel leak case.

#### PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION & CONCLUSIONS/RECOMMENDATIONS

The California Business and Professions Code (Sections 6735, 6835, and 7835.1) requires that work plans and technical or implementation reports containing geologic or engineering evaluations and/or judgments be performed under the direction of an appropriately registered or certified professional. For your submittal to be considered a valid technical report, you are to present site specific data, data interpretations, and recommendations prepared by an appropriately licensed professional and include the professional registration stamp, signature, and statement of professional certification. Please ensure all that all technical reports submitted for this fuel leak case meet this requirement.

Messrs. Supple, Grayson, Marks RO0000403 January 16, 2009, Page 4

#### UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK CLEANUP FUND

Please note that delays in investigation, later reports, or enforcement actions may result in your becoming ineligible to receive grant money from the state's Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Fund (Senate Bill 2004) to reimburse you for the cost of cleanup.

#### **AGENCY OVERSIGHT**

If it appears as though significant delays are occurring or reports are not submitted as requested, we will consider referring your case to the Regional Board or other appropriate agency, including the County District Attorney, for possible enforcement actions. California Health and Safety Code, Section 25299.76 authorizes enforcement including administrative action or monetary penalties of up to \$10,000 per day for each day of violation.

If you have any questions, please call me at (510) 777-2478 or send me an electronic mail message at paresh.khatri@acgov.org.

Sincerely,

Paresh C. Khatri Hazardous Materials Specialist

Donna L. Drogos, PE

Supervising Hazardous Materials Specialist

Enclosure: ACEH Electronic Report Upload (ftp) Instructions

 cc: Tom Venus, Broadbent & Associates, Inc., 1324 Mangrove Ave., Ste 212, Chico, CA 95926 Leroy Griffin, Oakland Fire Department, 250 Frank H. Ogawa Plaza, Ste. 3341, Oakland, CA 94612-2032 Donna Drogos, ACEH Paresh Khatri, ACEH File

#### **Matt Herrick**

From: Matt Herrick [mherrick@broadbentinc.com]

Sent: Thursday, April 09, 2009 2:56 PM

To: 'Khatri, Paresh, Env. Health'

Cc: 'Rob Miller'; 'paul.supple@bp.com'; 'Jason Duda'; 'Drogos, Donna, Env. Health'

Subject: RE: Extension Request FS/CAP - Station 11133 (ACEH Case #RO000403)

#### Paresh,

Thank you for approving our request for an extension on submittal of the FS/CAP. To further clarify the timeline of events over the last couple of years at this site I have provided the below summary:

ACEH May 11, 2005 Letter: Asks for submittal of a feasibility study work plan and a CAP 90 days after FS approval. URS July 8, 2005 Nitrate/Sulfate Feasibility Study Work Plan:

**ACEH December 20, 2007 Letter**. Approves the above URS 2005 Work Plan and asks for results of the pilot testing nitrate/sulfate addition work be included in a CAP

ACEH January 16, 2009 Letter: Asks for submittal of a SWI Work Plan and FS/CAP.

Based on the above transmittals, it has been our understanding that pilot scale nitrate/sulfate addition work activities would be completed prior to submittal of a CAP. Although a CAP was originally requested in 2005, the ACEH did not approve the pilot scale nitrate/sulfate addition work plan until December 2007. For various reasons, and as documented in past transmittals with the ACEH, pilot scale work was not implemented in 2008. As stated below, efforts up until just recently have been focused on initiating pilot scale testing and not completion of a CAP.

In light of the above information, it is our opinion that there is shared responsibility in delays on this project and specifically submittal of a FS/CAP.

Thanks

Matt

From: Khatri, Paresh, Env. Health [mailto:paresh.khatri@acgov.org]
Sent: Thursday, April 09, 2009 9:32 AM
To: 'Matt Herrick'
Cc: 'Rob Miller'; paul.supple@bp.com; 'Jason Duda'; Drogos, Donna, Env. Health
Subject: RE: Extension Request FS/CAP - Station 11133 (ACEH Case #RO000403)

Matt,

Your request for an extension to submit the FS/CAP by May 15, 2009 is acceptable. However, the submittal will be received past the LOP's most recent assigned due date of April 16, 2009 and well past the initial due date of July 11, 2005, (which was stipulated in our May 11, 2005 correspondence). Please note that in the event enforcement actions are pursued by this Agency for any of the BP/ARCO LUFT cases, delinquent submittal trends may be considered.

Sincerely,

Paresh C. Khatri Hazardous Materials Specialist Alameda County Environmental Health Local Oversight Program 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway Alameda, CA 94502-6577

Phone: (510) 777-2478

4/9/2009

Fax: (510) 337-9335

E-mail: Paresh.Khatri@acgov.org

http://www.acgov.org/aceh/lop/lop.htm

<u>Confidentiality Notice</u>: This e-mail message, including any attachments, is for the sole use of intended recipient(s) and may contain confidential and protected information. Any unauthorized review, use, disclosure, or distribution is prohibited. If you are not the intended recipient, please contact the sender by reply e-mail and destroy all copies of the original message.

From: Matt Herrick [mailto:mherrick@broadbentinc.com]
Sent: Wednesday, April 08, 2009 8:56 AM
To: Khatri, Paresh, Env. Health
Cc: 'Rob Miller'; paul.supple@bp.com; 'Jason Duda'
Subject: Extension Request FS/CAP - Station 11133 (ACEH Case #RO000403)

Paresh,

The ACEH January 16, 2009 letter requested submittal of a FS/CAP by April 16, 2009 for Former BP Station #11133 located at 2220 98<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Oakland, California. Per our recent conversation, we were anticipating that pilot scale nitrate/sulfate addition remedial activities would be completed prior to submittal of a FS/CAP. As a result, efforts up until just recently have been focused on initiating pilot scale testing. However, it is now our understanding that the ACEH would like a FS/CAP completed prior to initiation of any pilot scale remedial activities.

Additional time beyond the current deadline of April 16, 2009 is needed to complete a FS/CAP. It is therefore requested that the deadline for submittal of the FS/CAP be revised to May 15, 2009.

Please provide a response to this email and our request for an extension. If you should have questions or require additional information, please do not hesitate to contact me directly.

Thanks

Matt Herrick, PG, CHG, CEM Senior Hydrogeologist Broadbent & Associates, Inc. (775) 322-7969

#### Matt Herrick

From: Mary Rose Cassa [MCassa@waterboards.ca.gov] Sent: Monday, February 23, 2009 8:58 AM Matt Herrick paresh.khatri@acgov.org; Cherie MCcaulou Re: Nitrate/Sulfate Addition Subject:

Matt,

To:

Cc:

This Water Board does not issue permits for activities such as you propose. We do, however, require a detailed workplan (in this case, submitted to the local oversight agency) that covers all the testing, monitoring, and reporting for the project.

The workplan for the County should address the substantive requirements of a WDR. Mainly make sure you know what you're doing; make sure the injectant doesn't go somewhere it shouldn't and that it would not react adversely (e.g., transform metals); and include adequate monitoring for the appropriate constituents/conditions.

If you demonstrate that you understand the process and you can adequately monitor it, then it can be approved. A bench scale test might prove helpful. The workplan should make it clear that you understand the site well enough that you would not cause the plume to migrate in a way that might require additional containment action in the future. You should consider a contingency plan to pump it out if things go wrong

It's appropriate to test to verify that site conditions and the plume will not worsen with injection and that existing conditions (lithology, chemistry, microbes, etc) are amenable to the technology.

The physical parameters of the site need to be well understood so that the pathways for the injectant and contaminants are clear. This might include additional assessment of subsurface conditions to evaluate if the proposed technology is appropriate for the site.

This could include the following:

1) Conduct a 48-hour aquifer test to evaluate the parameters of the aquifer, including monitoring of the water levels, dissolved concentrations, and other chemical and physical parameters before, during, and after the aquifer test.

2) Describe why this technology is appropriate to use at this site based on the site parameters.

Prepare engineered plans and verification that the materials 3) used (well screen, tubing, etc) are compatible with the chemicals used.

4) Perform field injection pilot tests to determine the effectiveness of the technology by characterizing the rate of breakdown and potential for plume migration. Since direct injection into a monitoring well renders the well useless for future monitoring, dedicated injection well(s) should be installed for this purpose. The injection well(s) should also be surrounded by observation wells, located in between the injection point(s) and other potential areas of concern (subsurface utilities, buildings, etc). Monitoring and observation wells should be evaluated for key parameters before, during and after each injection. Depending on site conditions, fugitive vapors should be evaluated and a recovery plan implemented to prevent plume expansion.

5) Hazardous Materials Business Plan may be required for any reportable quantity of hazardous materials used and stored on site or proof that the material used is non-hazardous (Health and Safety Code Ch. 6.95) by providing MSDS sheets and quantity. Contingency plan for spill prevention/containment.

6) Notify current property owners/occupants and surrounding property owners/occupants.

\_\_\_\_\_

The above is not an exhaustive list of requirements, but should help you develop a pilot test workplan/interim remedial action plan that can be approved.

===========

Regards,

Mary Rose

Geologist Toxics Cleanup Division San Francisco Bay Regional Water Quality Control Board 1515 Clay Street, Suite 1400 Oakland, CA 94612 510-622-2447

To comply with the Governor's order calling for furloughs, the boards, departments and offices of the California Environmental Protection Agency are closed the first and third Friday of every month.

>>> "Matt Herrick" <mherrick@broadbentinc.com> 2/19/2009 3:09 PM >>> Mary Rose,

We exchanged voice mails earlier today regarding permit requirements for implementation of pilot scale nitrate/sulfate addition at a former retail gas station in Oakland. The property is Former BP Station #11133 located at 2220 98th Avenue, Oakland, CA. The LOP is the Alameda County Environmental Health (ACEH Case #R00000403)

A Work Plan has been approved by the ACEH to initiate pilot scale nitrate/sulfate injection remedial activities. We do have a contact record from a phone conversation last year in which you stated that a permit was not necessary for pilot scale work activities. However, I wanted to follow up with you to receive written confirmation that this is still the case. I also wanted to ask if there were any limitations on solution concentrations of nitrate and sulfate that could be injected into wells to enhance biodegradation of petroleum hydrocarbons.

Thanks

Matt Herrick

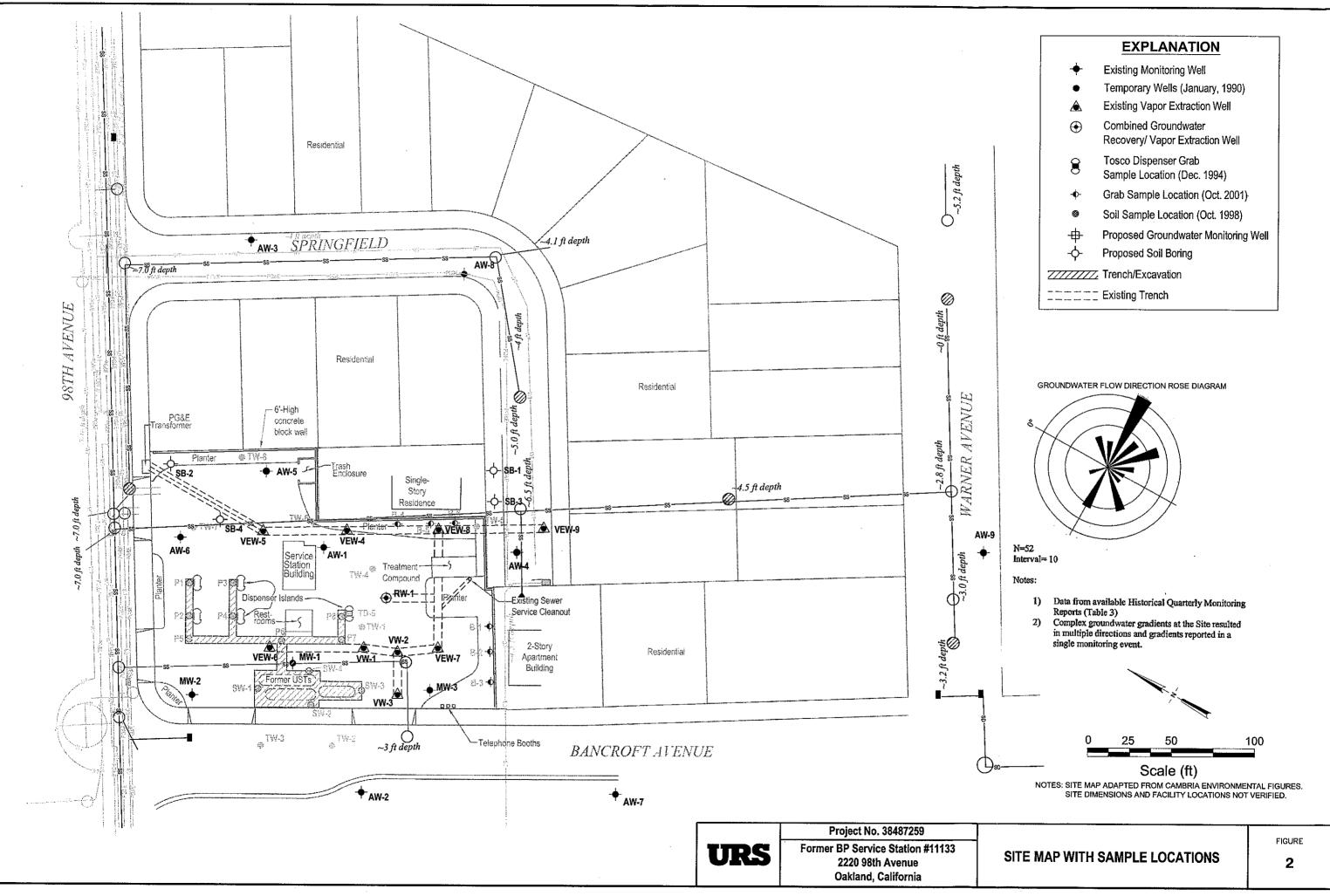
Senior Hydrogeologist

Broadbent & Associates, Inc.

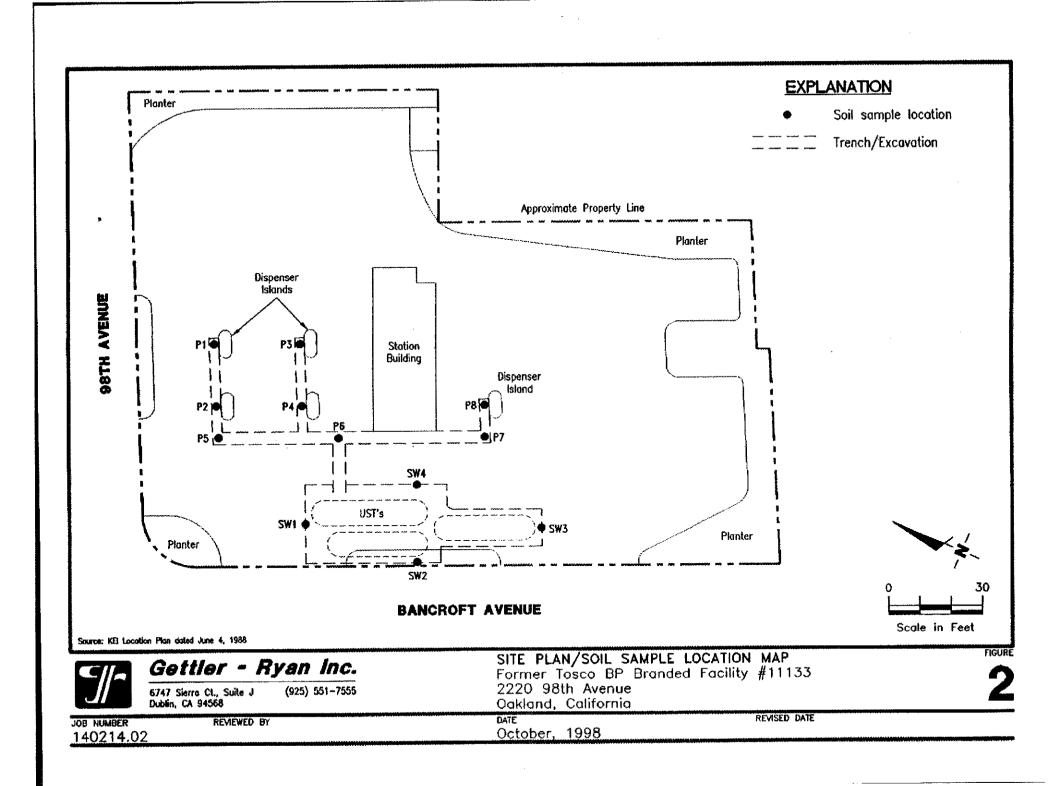
(775) 322-7969

#### APPENDIX B

Historical Soil and Ground-Water Data



tonish0 Apr 26, 2005 - 2:45pm X: w envi wastel8P GEM Sites



# January 20, 1993 BP Oil Facility No. 11133, Oakland, California



TABLE 1 RESULTS OF ANALYSES OF SOIL SAMPLES FROM TANK EXCAVATION BP Oil Company Service Station No. 11133 2220 - 98th Avenue Oakland, California										
Sample Number	Sample Depth	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Total Xylenes					
June 17, 19	87					··				
Al	13.5	420	15	42	30					
A2 ·	13.5	16	2.3	2.2	0.95					
<b>B</b> 1	13.5	400	23	41	22					
B2	14.0	150	4.6	11	12					
C1	13.5	12	0.74	0.46	0.65 .					

1 . <sup>1</sup>

ļ

Results in parts per million (ppm) < = less than detection limits TPHg = Total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline

82006-3

KEI-P87-064A-1 June 14, 1988 Page 5

#### TABLE - 1

Results of Soil Analyses - Parts Per Million

1.58

. .....

Sample <u>Number</u>	Depth <u>(feet)</u>	TPH	<u>Benzene</u>	Toluene	Xylene	<u>Ethylbenzene</u>
MW-1	10	<0.05	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005
MW-1	15	210	7.1	20	23	4.5
MW-1	20	2	1.24	0.07	0.021	0.0035
MW-2	10	<0.05	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005
MW-2	15	<0.05	0.0007	0.0008	<0.0005	<0.0005
MW-2	20	<0.05	0.0008	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005
MW-2	25	<0.05	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005
MW-3	10	<0.05	0.00081	0.0018	<0.0005	0.0012
MW-3	15	<0.05	0.0007	0.0007	<0.0005	<0.0005
MW-3	20	<0.05	0.0016	0.0035	<0.0005	<0.0005
MW-3	25	<0.05	0.00076	0.0014	<0.0005	<0.0005

Results of Water Analyses - parts per billion

Sample <u>Number</u>	Depth <u>(feet)</u>	TPH	Benzene	Toluene	<u>Xylene</u>	<u>Ethylbenzene</u>
MW-1	16.583	76,000	29,000	23,000	12,000	2600
MW-2	23.833	ND	0.55	0.66	0.58	ND
MW-3	23.667	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND

\* TPH = Total Petroleum Hydrocarbon ND = Not Detected

#### January 20, 1993 BP Oil Facility No. 11133, Oakland, California



	TABLE 2 RESULTS OF ANALYSES OF SOIL SAMPLES FROM BORINGS BP Oil Company Service Station No. 11133 2220 - 98th Avenue, Oakland, California (page 1 of 2)										
Boring Number	Sample Depth	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl- benzene	Total Xylenes					
June 1990						·····					
AW-1	5.0	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND					
AW-1	10.0	ND	0.011	ND	ND	ND					
AW-1	15.0	ND	0.007	ND	ND	ND					
AW-1	20.0	1.2	0.470	ND	ND	ND					
AW-1	25.0	ND	0.013	ND	ND	ND					
AW-1	30.0	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND					
AW-2 -	21.0	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND					
AW-2	26.0	ND	ND ·	ND	ND	ND					
AW-3	21.0	ND	0.074	0.027	0.010	0.049					
AW-3	26.0	ND	0.083	0.010	0.004	0.018					
AW-4	11.0	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND					
AW-4	<b>16.0</b> .	ND	0.170	0.010	0.024	0.045					
AW-4	21.0	1.0	0.150	. 0.013	0.040	0.090					
RW-1	5.0	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND					
RW-1	10.0	ND	0.006	ND	ND	ND					
RW-1	15.0	ND	0.031	ND	ND	ND					
RW-1	20.0	ND	0.230	0.088	0.010	0.040					
RW-1	25.0	33.0	1.000	0.710	ND	2.300					
April 1991											
SBA-5	10.5-11.0	<1	0.016	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003					
(AW-5)	20.5-21.0	<1	0.020	< 0.003	0.007	0.003					
	25.5-26.0	<1	0.0077	< 0.003	0.003	0.005					
SBA-6	10.5-11.0	<1	0.091	0.022	0.008	0.040					
(AW-6)	20.5-21.0	<1	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003					
-	25.5-26.0	<1	0.005	0.010	< 0.003	0.0066					

.

Results in parts per million (ppm) < = less than detection limits

TPHg = Total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline

32006-3

## January 20, 1993 BP Oil Facility No. 11133, Oakland, California



	TABLE 2         RESULTS OF ANALYSES OF SOIL SAMPLES FROM BORINGS         BP Oil Company Service Station No. 11133         2220 - 98th Avenue, Oakland, California         (page 2 of 2)										
Boring Number	Sample Depth	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl- benzene	Total Xylenes					
April 1991											
SBA-7	<b>10.5-11</b> .0	<1	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003					
(AW-7)	20.5-21.0	<1	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003					
	25.5-26.0	<1	< 0.003	<0.003	<0.003	< 0.003					
SBA-8	10.5-11.0	<1	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003	<0.003					
(AW-8)	20.5-21.0	. <1	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.003					
March 1992 S-B9-16.0	9	<1	0.008	0.011	0.018	0.0064					
S-B10-6.5	10	<1	<0.905	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005					
S-B10-11.5,	10	<1	<0.005	<0.005	< 0.005	<0.005					
S-B10-16.0	10	<1	<0.005	< 0.005	<0.005	< 0.005					
S-B11-16.5	11	320	0.074	0.25	3.2	11					

Results in parts per million (ppm) < = less than detection limits

TPHg = Total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline

32006-3

#### TABLE 1 - SUMMARY OF RESULTS OF SOIL SAMPLING BP OIL COMPANY SERVICE STATION NO. 11133 2220 98TH AVENUE, OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

ALISTO PROJECT NO. 10-025

BORI ID	SAMPLE DEPTH (feet)	DATE OF SAMPLING	TPH-G (mg/kg)	B (mg/kg)	T (mg/kg)	E (mg/kg)	X (mg/kg)	MTBE (mg/kg)	LAE
AW-9 AW-9	16.5-17 19-19.5	12/03/96 12/03/96	ND⊲0.1 ND⊲0.1	ND<0.001 ND<0.001	ND<0.002 ND<0.002	ND<0.002 ND<0.002	ND<0.002 ND<0.002	ND<0.1 ND<0.1	SPL SPL
ABBRE	VIATIONS:				in the second				
TPH-G B T E X MTBE mg/kg SPL		Total petroleum h Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene Total xylenes Methyl tert butyl e Milligrams per kik Southern Petroleu	ether ograms						
F:\0\10-02	5\SOIL.WQ2				<del></del>	and a second			
								-	
				-		,			
				,					
	•								
х 				•		<b>*</b>			
×0\10-02{	5\soil.wq2								

Former Tosco BP Branded Facility No. 11133 Table 1 - Chemical Analytical Data 2220 98th Avenue

Oakland, California

(indd) Lead R £ RR Ĕ ĔĔ Ĕ NR R ¥ Æ É 5.0 2,4 2.0 2 1.4 MTBE (mdd) 0.099 0.432 Ð Ð 4.0 0.7422 8 % B Ð ĝ 2 Ð Ð Ð Xylenes (undd) 0.029 0.057 0.042 22 ĝ ₽ Ð 2 Ð Ð 0.026 0.0091 Ð £ ĝ ₽ £ Ethyl-Benzene (ppm) 0.0071 Ð ₽ ĝ £ 2 Ð 222 99 B 2 Ð Ð 22 Tolucne (undd) 0.047 0.090 22 ₽ ₽ 22 Ð Ð Ð Ê e e Ð Ð Ð £ Beuzene (maid) 0.0085 2 2 0.067 £ ĝ 22 2 2 £ ĝ ĝ ĝ Ð £ ĝ Ê BHTT (mqq) £ 2 2 £ ĝ Ð £ Ð Q ĝ Ð 17 B ĝ ĝ ĝ ₽₽ Sample Depth (feet) ដ 3.5 2 2 2 5 3.5 3.5 ۲. ۳ 3.5 3.5 NA NA NA 3.5 NA NA Date Collected 10/1/98 10/1/98 10/1/98 GASOLINE UST PIT (SOIL) 10/1/98 10/1/98 10/1/98 10/1/98 10/1/98 10/1/98 10/1/98 10/1/98 86/T/01 86/L/01 10/1/98 10/1/98 10/1/98 10/1/98 10/1/98 PRODUCT LINES (SOIL) Sample **STOCKPILES** Comp A Comp B Comp C Comp D Comp E Comp F SW3 IWS SW2 SW48 R 82 Ъ 풉 P4  $\mathbf{P5}$ A 8

140214.02

1.2

# TableSoli Analytical DataBP Site No. 111332220 98th Avenue, Oakland, California

Sample ID	Date Sampled	Sample Depth (feet bgs)	TPH-g (mg/kg)	TPH-d (mg/kg)	Benzene (mg/kg)	Toluene (mg/kg)	Ethyl- benzene (mg/kg)	Xylenes (mg/kg)	MTBE (mg/kg)	Total Lead (mg/kg)
VEW-9 VEW-9	May-96 May-96	16.5 Composite	<0.1 <0.1	NA NA	<0.001 <0.001	<0.002 <0.002	<0.002 <0.002	<0.002 <0.002	<0.1 <0.1	NA 4.0
TD-5-0.5	Dec-94	0.5	ND	3,900	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA

Source: MWH 2002, "Risk-based Corrective Action (RBCA) Evaluation for BP Oil Facility No. 11133. March.

Abbreviations and Notes:

mg/kg = Milligrams per kilogram MTBB = Methyl tert-butyl ether TPH-g = Total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline TPH-d = Total petroleum hydrocarbons as diesel <n = Below detection limit of n mg/kg NA = Not analyzed ND = Not detected

Page 1 of 1

## CAMBRIA

Table 1.

Sample ID (Depth in feet)	Date Sampled	TPHg (mg/kg)	Benzene (mg/kg)	Toluene (mg/kg)	Ethyl- benzene (mg/kg)	Xylenes (mg/kg)	MTBE (mg/kg)	Total Lead (mg/kg)
Analytic	al Method:	8015m	8021	8021	8021	8021	8021	6010
B-1-4.5 B-1-13.5	10/22/01 10/22/01	<b>0.49</b> <0.050	<0.005 <0.005	<0.005 <0.005	<0.005 <0.005	<0.005 <0.005	<0.005 <0.005	-
B-2-5 B-2-13.5	10/22/01 10/22/01	<b>1.6</b> <0.050	<0.005 <0.005	<0.005 <0.005	<0.005 <0.005	<0.005 <0.005	<0.005 <0.005	-
B-3-4.5 B-3-13.5	10/22/01 10/22/01	<0.050 <0.050	<0.005 <0.005	<0.005 <0.005	<0.005 <0.005	<0.005 <0.005	<0.005 <0.005	•
B-4-4.5 B-4-13.5 DUP B-4-19.5	10/22/01 10/22/01 10/22/01 10/22/01	<0.050 <0.050 <0.050 <0.050	<0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005	<0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005	<0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005	<0.005 <0.005 <0.005 <0.005	<0.005 <0.005 <0.005	-
B-5-5.5 B-5-19.5	10/23/01 10/23/01	<b>0.084</b> <0.050	<0.005 <0.005	<0.005 <0.005	<0.005 <0.005 <0.005	<0.005 <0.005 <0.005	<0.005 <0.005 <0.005	-
B-6-5.5 B-6-19.5	10/23/01 10/23/01	<0.250 <0.050	<0.005 <0.005	<0.005 <0.005	<0.005 <0.005	<b>0.013</b> <0.005	<0.005 <0.005	-
Composite	10/23/01	<0.050	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<4.72

Soil Analytical Data - BP Site No. 11133,

#### Abbreviations and Notes:

mg/kg = Milligrams per kilogram MTBE = Methyl tert-butyl ether TPHg = Total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline <n = Below detection limit of n mg/kg --- = Not analyzed

HABritish Petrolsunki 1222-Stora, San Jose/Well Installation Report BP-11133 Analytical ResultPage 1 of 1

### CAMBRIA

#### Soil-Vapor Analytical Data - BP Site No. 11133, Table 2. 2220 98th Avenue, Oakland, California

Sample ID (Depth in feet)	Date Sampled	TPHg (ppmv)	Benzene (ppmy)	Toluene (ppmv)	Ethyl- benzene (ppmy)	Xylenes (ppmv)	MTBE (ppmv)	Oxygen (%)	Total Methane (%)	Carbon Dioxide (%)
Analytic	al Method:	TO-3	TO-3	<b>TO-3</b>	TO-3	TO-3	TO-3	D-1946	D-1946	D-1946
Th 4 TH4 /Ph									<del></del>	
B-1-V1 (5')	10/22/01	6,6	0.0073	0.0062	<0.0020	0.0049	0.0038	~	-	
B-1-V2 (10')	10/22/01	9.9	<0.0027	0.0033	<0.0027	0.0031	<0.0027	-	•	-
B-1-V3 (15')	10/22/01	1.8	0.0033	0.0096	<0.0025	0.0067	0.0050	-	-	~
B-2-V1 (5')	10/22/01	2.4	0.0080	0.0070	<0.0026	0.0038	<0.0026	22	<0.0026	0.28
B-2-V2 (10')	10/22/01	11	9.0062 a	0.0063	< 0.0026	<0.0026	<0.0026	21	<0.0026	
B-2-V3 (15')	10/22/01	4.5	0.0072	0.0072	<0.0025	0.0035	< 0.0025	20	<0.0026 <0.0025	0.33 0.33
B-3-V1 (5')	10/22/01	7.0	0.026	0.019	<0.0025	A 60.00				
B-3-V2 (10')	10/22/01	2.2	0.025	0.0055	<0.0025	0.0098	0.0047	-	-	-
B-3-V3 (15')	10/22/01	1.6	0.0064	0.0033	<0.0036 0.0027	0.0039 0.0063	<0.0036 <b>0.0040</b>	-	-	-
B-4-V1 (5')	10/00/04		-							
B-4-V2(10)	10/22/01	1.3	0.010 a	0.0082	<0.0029	0.0043	<0.0029	20	<0.0029	0.066
B-4-V3(15)	10/22/01	1.3	0.0042 a	0.0060	<0.0026	0.0051	<0.0026	20	<0.0026	0.070
0-4-V3(13)	10/22/01	2.1	0.013	0.011	0.0040 a	0.0090	0.0042	20	<0.0025	0.092
B-5-V1 (5°)	10/23/01	6.2	0.023 a	0.020	<0.0040	0.012	0.0070	-	-	_
<b>B-5-V</b> 2(10)	10/23/01	2.0	0.0058	0.0094	< 0.0024	0.0084	0.0033	-	-	-
B-5-V3 (15')	10/23/01	1.7	<0.0042 b	0.0055	<0.0042 Ъ	<0.0042 Ъ		-	-	-
B-6-V1 (5')	10/23/01	4.2	0.030 a	0.017	0.0078	0.11	0.0062	-		
B-6-V2(10)	10/23/01	2.3	0.029	0.060	0.0070	0.025	0.0061	-	-	-
B-6-V3 (15')	10/23/01	2.4	0.34	0.23	0.0070	0.025	0.062	-		-

#### Abbreviations and Notes:

ppmv = Parts per million by volume

MTBE = Methyl tert-butyl ether

TPHg = Total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline

<n = Below detection limit of n ppmv or % -= Not analyzed

a = Reported value may be biased due to apparent matrix interferences.

b = Elevated reporting limits due to high residual canister vacuum.

Environmental Laboratories



3164 Gold Camp Drive, Suite 200 Rancho Cordova, CA 95670 Phone: (916) 852-6699 Fax: (916) 852-6688

#### ANALYSIS REPORT

Attention:	Attention: Greg Gurss RESNA Industries 3164 Gold Camp Drive, # Rancho Cordova, CA 95				ite Sampled: ite Received: EX Analyzed: Hg Analyzed:	10201ab. 4-08-92 4-09-92 4-09-92 4-09-92	frm
Ranc Project: 3200			CA 95070		Matrix:	Air	
Reporting I	Limit:	Benzene mg/m <sup>3</sup> 0.05	Toluene mg/m <sup>3</sup> 0.05	Ethyl- benzene mg/m <sup>3</sup> 0.05	Total Xylenes mg/m <sup>3</sup> 0.05	TPHg mg/m <sup>3</sup> 5.0	
SAMPLE Laboratory Id	entificat	ion	<u> </u>		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
A-0408-VW2I A3204003	NF	250	5.5	20	,49	9500	
A-0408-VW3I A3204004	NF	1.0	2.0	1.7	6.1	9.0	
A-0408-VW11 A3204005	NF1	120	8.3	24	21	5100	

A-0408-VW1INF2 A3204006

mg/m<sup>3</sup> = milligrams per cubic meter

ND = Not detected. Compound(s) may be present at concentrations below the reporting limit.

0.6

0.7

NR = Analysis not requested.

#### ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

1.1

BTEX- Benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylene isomers (BTEX) are measured by a modified TO-14/8020 and 602 methods which utilize a purge and trap, and a gas chromatograph (GC) equipped with a photoionization detector (PID). TPHg-Total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline (low-to-medium boiling points) are measured by a modified EPA Method 8015 and TO-14, which utilize a Purge and Trap and a GC equipped with a FID.

4-10-92 Date Reported

15

3.0

Laboratory Representative

APPLIED ANALYTICAL LABORATORY IS CERTIFIED BY THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES AS A HAZARDOUS WASTE TESTING LABORATORY (Certification No. E773)

#### Environmental Laboratories

. -



3164 Gold Camp Drive, Suite 200 Rancho Cordova, CA 95670 Phone: (916) 852-6699 Fax: (916) 852-6688

#### ANALYSIS REPORT

			1020lab.frm
Attention:	Greg Gurss	Date Sampled:	4-08-92
	<b>RESNA</b> Industries	Date Received:	4-09-92
	3164 Gold Camp Drive, #200	BTEX Analyzed:	4-09-92
	Rancho Cordova, CA 95670	TPHg Analyzed:	4-09-92
Project:	32006.01	Matrix:	Air

Reporting Limit:	Benzene mg/m <sup>3</sup> 0.05	Toluene mg/m <sup>3</sup> 0.05	Ethyl- benzene mg/m <sup>3</sup> 0.05	Total Xylenes mg/m <sup>3</sup> 0.05	TPHg mg/m <sup>3</sup> 5.0	
SAMPLE Laboratory Identificat	ion					
A-0408-VW11NF3 A3204007	240	12	9.5	13	6900	
A-0408-VW11NF4 A3204008	2.0	0.3	1.1	2.4	53	
A-0408-VW1EFF A3204009	1.5	1.4	1.4	5.8	16	

mg/m<sup>3</sup>=milligrams per cubic meter

ND = Not detected. Compound(s) may be present at concentrations below the reporting limit.

NR - Analysis not requested.

#### ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

BTEX- Benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylene isomers (BTEX) are measured by a modified TO-14/8020 and 602 methods which utilize a purge and trap, and a gas chromatograph (GC) equipped with a photoionization detector (PID).

TPHg-Total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline (low-to-medium boiling points) are measured by a modified EPA Method 8015 and TO-14, which utilize a Purge and Trap and a GC equipped with a FID.

Laboratory Representative

4-10-92 Date Reported

APPLIED ANALYTICAL LABORATORY IS CERTIFIED BY THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES AS A HAZARDOUS WASTE TESTING LABORATORY (Certification No. E773)

#### Table 3

#### Soil Analytical Data Former BP #11133 2220 98th Ave., Oakland, CA

Soil Sample ID	Sample Depth (feet bgs)	Date Sampled	GRO (mg/kg)	Benzene (mg/kg)	Toluene (mg/kg)	Ethylbenzene (mg/kg)	Xylenes (mg/kg)	TBA (mg/kg)	TAME (mg/kg)	MTBE (mg/kg)	Lead (mg/kg)
SB-1 (5-5.5')	5	07/22/05	ND<0.091	ND<0.0046	ND<0.0046	ND<0.0046	ND<0.0046	ND<0.018	ND<0.0046	ND<0.0046	NA
SB-1 (9.5-10')	9.5	07/22/05	ND<0.096	ND<0.0048	ND<0.0048	ND<0.0048	ND<0.0048	ND<0.019	ND<0.0048	ND<0.0048	NA
SB-1 (14.5-15')	14.5	07/22/05	ND<0.099	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.020	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	NA
SB-1 (19.5-20')	19.5	07/22/05	ND<0.095	ND<0.0048	ND<0.0048	ND<0.0048	ND<0.0048	ND<0.019	ND<0.0048	ND<0.0048	NA
SB-1 (21.5-22')	21.5	07/22/05	ND<0.096	ND<0.0048	ND<0.0048	ND<0.0048	ND<0.0048	ND<0.019	ND<0.0048	ND<0.0048	NA
SB-1 (25-25.5')	25	07/22/05	64	ND<0.050	ND<0.050	0.20	ND<0.050	ND<5.0	ND<0.050	ND<0.050	ND<5.0
SB-1 (27.5-28')	27.5	07/22/05	0.39	ND<0.050	ND<0.050	ND<0.050	ND<0.050	ND<0.020	ND<0.050	ND<0.050	NA
SB-1 (31.5-32')	31.5	07/22/05	7.0	ND<0.024	ND<0.024	ND<0.024	ND<0.024	ND<0.098	ND<0.024	ND<0.024	NA
SB-1 (34.5-35')	34.5	07/22/05	0.19	ND<0.0048	ND<0.0048	ND<0.0048	ND<0.0048	ND<0.019	ND<0.0048	ND<0.0048	NA
SB-1 (37.5-38')	37.5	07/22/05	ND<0.094	ND<0.0047	ND<0.0047	ND<0.0047	ND<0.0047	ND<0.019	ND<0.0047	0.0097	NA
SB-1 (41.5-42')	41.5	07/22/05	ND<0.096	ND<0.0048	ND<0.0048	ND<0.0048	ND<0.0048	ND<0.019	ND<0.0048	ND<0.0048	NA
SB-2 @5'	5	09/16/05	ND<0.10	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.020	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	NA
SB-2 @ 10'	10	09/16/05	ND<0.10	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.020	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	NA
SB-2 @ 15'	15	09/16/05	ND<0.10	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.020	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	NA
SB-2 @ 20'	20	09/16/05	ND<0.10	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.020	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	NA
SB-2 @ 22'	22	09/16/05	ND<0.10	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.020	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	NA
SB-2 @ 25'	25	09/16/05	ND<0.20	ND<0.010	ND<0.010	ND<0.010	ND<0.010	ND<0.040	0.017	0.068	NA
SB-2 @ 30'	30	09/16/05	ND<0.20	ND<0.010	ND<0.010	ND<0.010	ND<0.010	ND<0.040	0.015	0.062	NA
SB-4 @ 3'	3	09/16/05	ND<0.088	ND<0.0044	ND<0.0044	ND<0.0044	ND<0.0044	ND<0.018	ND<0.0044	ND<0.0044	NA
SB-4 @ 6'	6	09/16/05	ND<0.088	ND<0.0044	ND<0.0044	ND<0.0044	ND<0.0044	ND<0.018	ND<0.0044	ND<0.0044	NA
SB-4 @ 9'	9	09/16/05	ND<0.10	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.020	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	NA
SB-4 @ 12'	12	09/16/05	ND<0.10	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.020	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	NA

policies de la companya de la company

#### Table 3

#### Soil Analytical Data

#### Former BP #11133 2220 98th Ave., Oakland, CA

Notes: All Samples analyzed by EPA Method 8260B. Di-isopropyl ether, 1,2-dibromoethane, 1,2dichloroethane, ethyl tertiary butyl ether, and ethanol were not detected at or above their respective

laboratory reporting limit.

Total lead analyzed by EPA Method 6000/7000 series for soil disposal purposes.

- bgs = below ground surface
- GRO = Gasoline range organics
- TBA = tert-butyl alcohol
- TAME = tert-amyl methyl ether
- MTBE = Methyl tert-butyl ether
- mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram
- ND< = Not detected at or above stated laboratory reporting limit

NA = Not analyzed

THE MARK STREAM ST

#### TABLE 1 - SUMMARY OF RESULTS OF VAPOR EXTRACTION TREATMENT SYSTEM OPERATION BP OIL COMPANY SERVICE STATION NO. 11133 2220 99TH AVENUE, OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

	Date of	Hydrocarbons	Influent	Exhaust	Effluent	Destruction	Hydrocarbon	Period	Total		ddiliona				LAB/
Point	Moniloring	Detected (ppmv)	Flow Rate (scfm)	Temperature (degrees F)	Flow Rate (acfm)	Efficiency (%)	Discharge (Ibs/day)	Hydrocarbons Proccessed (lbs)	Hydrocarbons Removed (lbs)	-TPH-G (ppm)	8 (ppm)	T (mqq)	(ppm)	X (ppm)	FIELD EQUIPMENT
1-1	12/21/94	162	400	194	503		<u>+</u>	NC	NC	121	13	14.0	2.4	12.0	ATox
-1	12/29/94	180	450	190	563			241.7	241.7	****	••••	****	****		HORIBA
-1	01/03/95	80	450	190	563			67.1	308.8	***					HORIBA
-1	01/12/95	60	425	256	585			85.6	394.4		-				HORIBA
-1	01/26/95	10	550	196	694			28.7	423.2		-				HORIBA
-1	01/30/95	10	525	200	666			7.B	431.0				<b></b>		HORIBA
1-1	02/16/95	460	550	200	698			1604.3	2035.3						HORIBA
-1	03/02/95 03/27/95	ND<10 360	650	200	825			NC	2035.3	***					HORIBA HORIBA
-1  -1	03/27/95	30	525 450	254 221	721 589			1762.4 35.2	3797.7						HORIBA
-1	05/04/95	ND<10	430	185	589			35.2 NC	3832.9 3832.9					444	HORIBA
1-1	05/23/95	110	525	176	642			409.3	4242.2		~~~~ ~~~~				HORIBA
1-1	06/01/95	20	425	172	517			28.5	4270.8		****				HORIBA
i- <b>1</b>	06/28/95	80	500	285	716			402.8	4673.6		*				HORIBA
i-1	07/31/95	90	500	189	624			553.9	5227.5		¥				HORIBA
ŀ-1	08/23/95	9.8	425	186	528			35.7	5263.2	***	*				MINIRAE
1-1	09/28/95	86.8	530	183	655			617.7	5881.0	***		•*•	***	***	MINIRAE
F1	10/31/95	93.5	450	186	559			517.9	6398.9	-40	4)-12-07			***	MINIRAE
1-1	11/14/95	86.6	450	201	572			203.5	6602.4		***				MINIRAE
- i-i	12/05/05	198.0	475	200	611			738.9	7341.3					***** ****	MINIPAE
(S.1.1	12/27/05	2000.0	375	280	476			6154,5	13495.5	arter		sier w	72.04	1412.	MINIRAE
E-1	12/21/94	4	400	194	503	97.53%	0.8		an ++ =1	4	0.028	0.032	0.004	0.026	ATox
E-1	12/29/94	10	450	190	563	94.44%	2,1								HORIBA
E-1 E-1	01/03/95 01/12/95	ND<10 ND<10	450	190	563	>87.50%	<2.1								HORIBA
E-1	01/26/95	ND<10	425 550	256 196	585 694	>83.33%	<2.2 <2.6	~~~						***	HORIBA HORIBA
E-1	01/30/95	ND<10	525	200	666		<2.5	***		1					HORIBA
E-1	02/16/95	60	550	200	698	86.96%	15.6								HORIBA
E-1	03/02/95	ND<10	650	200	825		<3.1	-					~~~		HORIBA
E-1	03/27/95	10	525	254	721	97.22%	2.7								HORIBA
E-1	04/03/95	ND<10	450	221	589	>66.67%	<2.2								HORIBA
E-1	05/04/95	ND<10	475	185	589		<2.2						-		HORIBA
E-1	05/23/95	20	525	176	642	81.82%	4.8		***		main	******			HORIBA
E-1	06/01/95	ND<10	425	172	517	>50.00%	<1.9					A. 8. 10.	16. may	****	HORIBA
E-1	06/28/95	ND<10	500	285	716	>87.50%	<2.7					****	YANG5		HORIBA
E-1	07/31/95	ND<10	500	189	624	>88.89%	<2.3					(delawar			HORIBA
E-1	08/23/95	1.6	425	186	528	83.67%	<2.0					- <del>1</del>			MINIRAE
E-1	09/28/95	3.6	530	183	655	95.85%	<2.4							**-	MINIBAE
E-1	10/31/95	8.8	450	186	559	90.60%	<2.1				<b></b> *P	-	***		MINIRAE
E-1 MEH	11/14/95	7.1	450	201	572	91.80%	<2.1	e ve Rominist substantia da a d	.2.000e Gar ens realizableded to blogditionservers out	a.a			arang. Arangan sa	vra Nederleder	MINIRAE
	12/05/96	~~*\$ <u>9</u> 1;	475	209	611 476	95.50% 91.93%	<2.3	and the second	1.1.1 ( <b>1.1.1</b>			a series	2		MINIHAE MINIHAE

ALISTO PROJECT NO. 10-025

ł

#### TABLE 1 - SUMMARY OF RESULTS OF VAPOR EXTRACTION TREATMENT SYSTEM OPERATION BP OIL COMPANY SERVICE STATION NO. 11133 2220 98TH AVENUE, OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

5

ALISTO P	ROJECT	NO.	10-025
----------	--------	-----	--------

Monitoring Point	Date of Monitoring	Hydrocarbons Detected (ppmv)	Influent Flow Rate (scfm)	Exhaust Temperature (degrees F)	Effluent Flow Rate (acfm)	Destruction Efficiency (%)		Period Hydrocerbons Proccessed (its)	Total Hydrocarbons Removed (lbs)	ر TPH-G (ppm)	kdditiona B ((opm)	Ť	Er.	X	LAB/ FIELD EQUIPMENT
ABBREVIA ppmv scfm acfm ppm I-1 E-1 ND NC TPH-G	Parts per m Standard cu Actual cubic Parts per mi System influ System efflu Not detecter Not calculat	ent ient j above reporter	i delection lin			B T E X ATox HORIBA MINIRAE	Banzene Toluana Ethylbenzene Total xylanes Not analyzed/a Air Toxics, Ltd. HORIBA Metar MINIBAE PID M								

Well	Depth to Water (Feet)	Product Thickness (Feet)	TOC Elevation (Feet)	Ground Water Elevation (Feet)
		January 24,	1990	
MW-1	18.07	0.2	40.00	21.93
MW-2	25.65		39.96	14.31
MW-3	24.16		38.97	14.81

#### MONITORING AND SURVEY DATA

TOC = Top of Casing

\*A 0.8 conversion factor is used to determine water table depression due to the presence of free-floating product interpreted from Levorson, 1967.

; }

1

#### Ethyl-Total TPH Benzene Toluene benzene Xylenes Well (ppb) (ppb) (ppb) (ppb) (ppb) MW-1FP --------MW-2 ND <50 ND <0.5 ND <0.5 ND <0.5 ND <0.5 MW-3 ND <50 ND <0.5 ND <0.5 ND <0.5 ND <0.5 TW-1 77,000 6,600 5,500 2,900 1,500 TW-2 ND <50 1.4 1.4 0.6 5.0 ... TW-3 72,000 0.80 2.3 1.4 11 TW-4 FP ----TW-566,000 19,000 15,000 1,800 8,600 TW-6 170,000 32,000 41,000 4,500 24,000 TW-7470,000 11,000 29,000 9,700 48,000 TW-8 720,000 4,200 38,000 12,000 71,000

RESULTS OF ANALYSIS GROUND WATER SAMPLES

ND = Nondetectable FP = Free Product ppb = parts per billion MW = Monitoring Well TW = Temporary Well

ć

Well Number	Well Elevation (feet)*	Depth to Water (feet)	Free Product Thickness (feet)	Ground Water Elevation (feet)*
MW-1	97.33	13.31	0.22	84.02**
MW-2	96.36	23.15		73.21
MW-3	97.40	23.06		74.34
AW-1	98.99	26.87	-	72.12
AW-2	97.69	24.88	Sports proto another there	72.81
AW-3	100.00	24.75	Nettor (server ) server, server,	75.25
AW-4	99.96	27.29	- CALLER - SALENCE - CALLER - CALLER - C	72.67
RW-1	98.60	27.93	1.21	70.67***

#### SURVEY AND WATER LEVEL MONITORING DATA July 1990

#### Note:

- \* Elevation in feet relative to a common datum (AW-3) with an assumed elevation of 100 feet above mean sea level, as measured on July 5, 1990 by Alton Geoscience.
- \*\* Elevation adjusted assuming 0.75 specific gravity of free
  product.
- \*\*\* Not an accurate elevation due to the presence of over 0.25 foot of free product.

	***				
Monitoring Well	TPH-G (concen	B trations	T in parts	E per bill.	X lon)
MW-1					***
MW-2	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
MW-3	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
AW-1	66	1.0	ND	ND	ND
AW-2	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
AW-3	88	1.9	ND	ND	42.0
	38,000	18000	2,300	1500	2000
RW-1					mente elimite

#### RESULTS OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS OF GROUND WATER SAMPLES June 1990

#### Notes:

TPH-G = Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Gasoline

B = Benzene

T = Toluene

E = Ethylbenzene

X = Total Xylenes

ND = Not Detected at method detection limit
 (refer to Appendix E, Official Laboratory Reports)
-- = No sample collected due to the presence of free-

floating product

## TABLEPRODUCT REMOVAL STATUS

#### Former BP 11133 2220 98th Avenue Oakland, CA

WELL ID	DATE OF MONITORING	PRODUCT REMOVED (Gallons)	PRODUCT REMOVED CUMULATIVE (Gallons)
RW-1	10/6/1993	1.00	1.00
	10/14/1994	1.00	2.00
	10/20/1994	18.00	20.00
	10/26/1994	3.00	23.00
	11/2/1993	5.00	28.00
	11/10/1994	6.00	34.00
	11/16/1994	2.50	36.50
	11/23/1994	5.00	41.50
	11/30/1993	2.00	43.50
	12/7/1993	4.00	47.50
	12/17/1993	1.50	49.00
	1/4/1994	5.00	54.00
	1/12/1994	3.50	57.50
	1/20/1994	2.50	60.00
	2/11/1994	4.00	64.00
	2/18/1993	3.50	67.50
	2/25/1994	3.00	70.50
	3/4/1994	3.50	74.00
	3/18/1994	5.50	79.50
	3/30/1994	4.00	83.50
	4/13/1994	4.60	88,10
	4/21/1994	4.20	92.30
	4/29/1994	4.50	96.80
	5/6/1994	5.50	102.30
	5/13/1994	3.50	105.80
	5/20/1994	3.50	109.30
	5/26/1994	4.50	113.80
	6/2/1994	3.50	117.30
	6/9/1994	2.50	119.80
	6/16/1994	3.50	123.30
	6/23/1994	4.00	127.30
	6/29/1994	2,50	129.80
	7/7/1994	2.00	131.80
	7/12/1994	3.00	134.80
	7/20/1994	1.50	136.30
	7/29/1994	3.50	139.80
	8/5/1994	1.50	141.30
	8/12/1994	2.00	143.30
	8/18/1994	2.50	145.80
	9/9/1994	3.50	149.30
	9/16/1994	4.00	153.30

#### TABLE PRODUCT REMOVAL STATUS

Former BP 11133 2220 98th Avenue Oakland, CA

		Oakland, CA	
WELL ID	DATE OF MONITORING	PRODUCT REMOVED (Gallons)	PRODUCT REMOVED CUMULATIVE (Gallons)
RW-1	9/23/1994	2.00	155.30
(cont'd)	12/7/1995	0.00	155.30
	3/28/1996	0.01	155.31
	06/20/96	0.00	155.31
	4/14/1997	<0.05	155.31
	7/2/1997	0.25	155.56
	9/30/1997	<0.01	155.56
	1/21/1998	0.5	156.06
	4/10/1998	0.09	156.15
	6/19/1998	<0.01	156.15
	11/30/1998	0.00	156.15
	1/21/1999	0.00 0.11	156.15
	4/30/1999 7/9/1999	0.00	156.26
	11/3/1999	1.06	156.26 157.32
	1/12/2000	0.53	157.85
	4/13/2000	0.26	158.11
	5/24/2000	0.53	158.64
	6/1/2000	0.00	158.64
	6/8/2000	0.26	158.90
	6/15/2000	0.13	159.03
	6/20/2000	0.53	159.56
	7/7/2000	0.01	159.57
	7/20/2000	0.11	159.68
	7/26/2000	0.13	159.81
	7/31/2000	0.00	159.81
	8/8/2000	0.01	159.82
	8/16/2000	0.00	159.82
	8/23/2000	0.13	159.95
	8/31/2000	0.40	160.35
	9/8/2000	0.53	160.88
	9/25/2000	0.01	160.89
	10/24/2000	0.00	160.89
	2/14/2000	0.01	160.90
	3/20/2000	0.13	161.03
	4/26/2000	0.00	161.03
	5/17/2000	0.00	161.03
	6/28/2000 1/19/2001	0.00	161.03 161.14
	2/14/2001	0.11 0.01	161.14
	3/20/2001	0.13	161.15
	4/26/2001	0.13	161.28
	4/20/2001	0.00	101.20

XX ENV WASTEVEP GEMINITES/LNILES SITES/L1133/REPORTS/MONITORING/QTR. 1, 2004/TABLES/L1133 GWTABLE 1Q04.XLS/3/10/04

#### TABLE PRODUCT REMOVAL STATUS

Former BP 11133 2220 98th Avenue Oakland, CA

		Oakland, CA	
WELL ID	DATE OF MONITORING	PRODUCT REMOVED (Gallons)	PRODUCT REMOVED CUMULATIVE (Gallons)
RW-1	5/17/2001	0.00	161.28
(cont'd)	6/28/2001	0.00	161.28
	7/24/2001	0.00	161.28
	9/21/2001	0.01	161.29
	10/23/2001	0.00	161.29
	11/30/2001	0.00	161.29
	1/18/2002	0.00	161.29
	2/7/2002	0.00	161.29
MW-1	10/20/1993	0.10	0.10
	11/10/1993	0.10	0.20
	9/9/1994	SHEEN	0.20
	10/26/1994	SHEEN	0.20
	11/16/1994	SHEEN	0.20
	12/21/1994	0.25	0.45
	2/8/1995	0.00	0.45
	4/10/1995	0.25	0.70
	6/29/1995	SHEEN	0.70
	9/18/1995	SHEEN	0.70
	12/7/1995	SHEEN	0.70
	3/28/1996	<.001	0.70
	06/20/96	0.002	0.70
	10/11/1996	<0.001	0.70
	1/2/1997	<0.01	0.70
	4/14/1997	<0.01	0.70
	7/2/1997	<0.01	0.70
	1/21/1998	<0.01	0.70
	6/19/1998	<0.01	0.70
	11/30/1998	0.00	0.70
	1/21/1999	SHEEN	0.70
	4/30/1999	SHEEN	0.70
	7/9/1999	SHEEN	0.70
	11/3/1999	0.00	0.70
	1/12/2000	0.00	0.70
	4/13/2000	0.00	0.70
	5/24/2000	0.00	0.70
	6/1/2000	0.00	0.70
	6/8/2000	0.00	0.70
			V.1 V

NOTE: Groundwater and soil vapor extraction equipment installed in RW-1 in October 1994. NOTE:

# Table 1 - Chemical Analytical Data

Former Tosco BP Branded Facility No. 11133

2220 98th Avenue Oakland, California

Sample ID	Date Collected	Depth to Water	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl- Benzene	Xylenes	MTBE	Lead
		(feet)	(ppb)	(ppb)	(ppb)	(ppb)	(ppb)	(ppb)	(ppm)
SOL INP UST	PIT (WATER)								
Water-1	10/1/98	12.5	400	4.5					
Water-2	10/1/98	-	430	46	20	0.65	89	1,200	NR
naci-z	10/1/98	12.5	3,700	98	450	56	360	4,100	NR

## EXPLANATION:

ND = none detected NA = not applicable ppm = parts per million ppb = parts per billion NR = analysis not requested

# ANALYTICAL LABORATORY;

Sequoia Analytical (ELAP # 1271)

### NOTES:

= Laboratory report indicates unidentified hydrocarbons C6-C12

# ANALYTICAL METHODS;

TPHg = Total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline according to EPA Method 8015 Modified.

BIEX = Benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes according to BPA Method 8020.

MTBE = Methyl tert-butyl ether according to EPA Method 8020.

140214.02

.

# CAMBRIA

Well ID (Sample ID)	Date Sampled	TPHg (ug/l)	Benzene (ug/l)	Toluene (ug/l)	Ethylbenzene (ug/l)	Xylenes (ug/l)	MTBE (ug/l)
Analytic	al Method:	8015m	8260	8260	8260	8260	8260
B-1-W1	10/22/01	<50	<2.0	2.29	<2.0	<2.0	71.6
B-2-W1	10/22/01	15,000	3,610	1,120	383	1,330	1,500
B-3-W1 ··	10/22/01	4,600	1,410	171	1,010	1,290	1,420
B-4-W1	10/23/01	71,000	7,300	10,800	7,060	36,600	177
DUP	10/23/01	52,000	7,500	9,650	4,230	21,600	<200
B-5-W1	<b>10/23/</b> 01	100,000	16,800	42,100	6,720	33,300	244
B-6-W1	10/23/01	110,000	30,600	36,800	5,410	26,900	1,010

# Table 3.Water Analytical Data - BP Oil Site No. 11133,<br/>2220 98th Avenue, Oakland, California

# Abbreviations and Notes:

)

ug/l = micrograms per liter TPHg = Total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline MTBE = Methyl tert-butyl ether <n = Below detection limit of n ug/L

HABritish Petroloum 11222-Siens, San Jose Well Installation Report BP-11133 Analytical Renal Page 1 of 1

# Table 4

# Soil Boring Groundwater Analytical Data Former BP #11133 2220 98th Ave., Oakland, CA

Soil Sample ID	Sample Depth (feet bgs)	Date Sampled	GRO (ug/L)	Benzene (ug/L)	Toluene (ug/L)	Ethylbenzene (ug/L)	Xylenes (ug/L)	TBA (ug/L)	TAME (ug/L)	MTBE (ug/L)
SB-1 (24'-27')	24-27	09/16/05	2,000	2.6	ND<1.0	52	1.3	ND<40	ND<1.0	6.5
SB-2 (21'-24')	21-24	09/16/05	260	ND<0.50	ND<0.50	2.3	0.69	ND<20	15	61

Notes: All Samples analyzed by EPA Method 8260B. Di-isopropyl ether, 1,2-dibromoethane, 1,2-dichloroethane, ethyl tertiary butyl ether, and ethanol were not detected at or above their respective laboratory reporting limit.

Total lead analyzed by EPA Method 6000/7000 series for soil disposal purposes.

bgs = below ground surface

GRO = Gasoline range organics

TBA = tert-butyl alcohol

TAME = tert-amyl methyl ether

MTBE = Methyl tert-butyl ether

ug/L = micrograms per liter

ND< = Not detected at or above stated laboratory reporting limit

NA = Not analyzed

An example the second second

# Table Historical Groundwater Flow Direction and Gradient Former BP Site 11133

2220 98th Ave., Oakland, CA

Date Measured	Flow Direction	Hydraulic Gradient (Feet/foot)
07/06/92	South	0.04
07/06/92	Northwest	0.04
07/06/92	East	0.04
10/07/92	Southeast	0.13
01/14/93	East-northeast	0.20
01/14/93	East	0.30
04/22/93	Northeast	0.20
04/22/93	Southeast	0.20
07/15/93	East	0.10
07/15/93	Southeast	0.20
10/21/93	Northeast	0.13
10/21/93	Southeast	0.15
01/27/94	East-southeast	0.13
01/27/94	East	0.20
04/21/94	East-southeast	0.14
09/09/94	Southeast	0.10
	East	0.07
12/21/94	South-southeast	0.06
01/30/95		0.07
04/10/95	East	0.14
06/29/95	South-southeast	
09/18/95	Southeast	0.07
12/07/95	Southeast	0.11
03/28/96	East	0.05
06/20/96	East	0.07
06/20/96	West	0.04
10/11/96	East	0.06
01/02/97	East	0.15
04/14/97	East	0.08
07/02/97	East-northeast	0.05
01/21/98	Southwest	0.04
01/12/00	East	0.07
01/12/00	West	0.07
04/13/00	East	0.05
04/13/00	Southwest	0.05
07/26/00	Southwest	0.03
10/24/00	Southeast	0.04
01/19/01	East-southeast	0.04
07/24/01	East	0.08
07/24/01	West	0.03
01/18/02	West	0.04
08/01/02	East	0.05
08/01/02	South-southwest	0.04
01/16/03	East-southeast	0.06
01/16/03	West	0.02
03/14/03	East	0.06
03/14/03	West	0.02
02/05/04	Southwest	0.03
02/05/04	Northeast	0.06
07/07/03	Southwest	0.03
07/07/03	East	0.08
07/01/04	Southwest	0.03
07/01/04	East	0.08

X'X\_ENV\_WASYE'BP GEMSITES\LNILES SITES\11133\REPORTS\SCM-CAP\TABLES\11133 GROUNDWATER DATA FOR ROSE DAIGRAM.XLS\

.

### TABLE 1 - FLOW DATA FOR GROUNDWATER REMEDIATION SYSTEM BP OIL COMPANY SERVICE STATION NO. 11133 2220 98TH AVENUE, OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

Date		Flow Meler Reading (gallons)	Effluent Discharged (gallons)	Total Effluent Discharged (galions)	Average Flow Rate (gpd)	Average Flow Rate (gpm)	Influent TPH-G Concentration (ug/l)	Period Hydrocarbons Removed (lb)	Cumulative Hydrocarbons Removed (tb)
03/21/95		0	Û	0					
03/27/95		3,069	3,069	3,069	512	,	299,100	NC	NC
05/02/95		4,280	1,211	4,280	34	0.71	350,600	9.0	9.0
06/01/95		5,390	1,110	5,390	34	0.05	245,400	2.5	11.5
06/28/95		7,634	2,244	7,634	83	0.05	460,600	4.3	15.7
07/31/95		9,480	1,846	9,480	56	0.12	301,300	5.6	21.4
08/30/95		11,869	2,389	11,869	80	0.08	301,300	4.6	26.0
09/28/95		19,572	7,703	19,572		0.11	276,700	5.5	31.5
10/18/95		21,266	1,694	21,266	266	0.37	322,800	20.7	52.3
11/14/95		28,880	7,614	28,880	85	0.12	396,200	5.6	57.9
12/27/95		39,395	10,515	39,395	282	0.39	238,100	15.1	73.0
01/22/96		42,994	3,599	42,994	245	0.34	165,100	14.5	87.5
02/27/96		53,058	10,064		138	0.19	236,400	7.1	94.6
03/01/96		55,609	2,551	53,058	280	0.39	380,000	31.9	126.5
03/25/96		59,409	3,800	55,609	850	1.18	380,000	8.1	134.6
04/30/96		65,132	5,723	59,409	158	0.22	266,300	8.4	143.0
05/30/96		82,551	17,419	65,132	159	0.22	189,000	9.0	152.1
07/01/96	(a)	83,210	659	82,551	581	0.81	276,200	40.1	192.2
07/31/96	(0) (b)	84,444		83,210	21	0.03	151,000	0.8	193.0
08/27/96	(0)	98.824	1,234	84,444	41	0.06	151,000	1.6	194.6
09/30/96		107,482	14,380	98,824	533	0.74	124,500	14.9	209.5
10/29/96		114,368	8,658	107,482	255	0.35	306,100	22.1	231.6
11/25/96		122,583	6,886	114,368	237	0.33	1,930	0.1	231.7
12/31/96	1-2	131,256	8,215	122,583	304	0.42	154,500	10.6	242.3
02/24/97	(a)		8,673	131,256	241	0.33	59,740	4.3	246.7
03/25/97	(b)	132,257	1,001	132,257	250	0.35	308,300	2.6	249.2
04/14/97		138,149	5,892	138,149	1,403	1.95	340,400	16.7	266.0
05/20/97	(a)	138,290	141	138,290	30	0.04	278,500	0.3	266.3
05/20/97 05/26/98	(c)	138,372	82	138,372	36	0.05	465,600	0.3	266.6
06/25/98	(b)	138,967	595	138,967	259	0,36	294,400	1.5	268.1
		143,256	4,289	143,256	143	0.20	287,300	10.3	200.1 278.4
07/07/98	(a)	149,459	6,203	149,459	517	0.72	287,300	14.9	293.2
09/26/98	(b)	150,311	852	150,311	11	0.01	230,200	1.6	
09/30/98		151,021	710	151,021	178	Ö.25	230,200	1.4	29 <b>4.9</b>
i loizhau	3. 2 . 5	160,715	9,694	160,715	248 248 Sec.	0.48	441/300	95.T	296.2
1024033	1	162,237	1,522	162,237	56	0.08	441,600		331.9 337.5 - 844
212/14/96	(0)	168,358	3,121	166,950	208	0.08 0.29	196,300		

# ALISTO PROJECT NO. 10-025

# TABLE 1 - FLOW DATA FOR GROUNDWATER REMEDIATION SYSTEM BP OIL COMPANY SERVICE STATION NO. 11133 2220 99TH AVENUE, OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

Date	Flow Meter Reading (gallons)	Effluent Discharged (gallons)	Total Effluent Discharged (gallons)	Average Flow Rate (gpd)	Average Flow Rate (gpm)	Influent TPH-G Concentration (ug/I)	Period Hydrocarbons Removed (lb)	Cumulative Hydrocarbons Removed (lb)
ABBREVIATION	IS:					<u> </u>		
TPH-G gpd gpm <u>NOTES:</u>	Total petroleum hydro Gallons per day Gallons per minute	carbons as gasoline		ug/l Ib NC	Micrograms per liter Pounds Not calculated			
a) 3) 3) 4) 2)	Operation of system n	e to equipment fastine. esumed. nding approval from Ea carbon changeout.			tration (ug/l) x 3.785 (liters ) operation.	/gation) x 1 (ib) / 453.6E	6 (ug).	

04 Mary Hi

ą

- **7**2

-40

				·	INFRUESI NO.	: U - U C. U				
Sample ID	Date	TPH-G (ug/i)	B (ug/l)	T (ug/l)	E (ug/l)	X (ug/l)	MTBE (ug/l)	DCA (ug/l)	Lead (mg/l)	Lab
I-1	03/21/95	180,000	32,000	55,000	5,100	27,000				ATI
I-1	04/03/95	210,000	31,000	68,000	6,600	35,000		***		ATI
F1	05/23/95	160,000	17,000	38,000	4,400	26,000		-	0.006	ATI
1-1	06/20/95	330,000	27 <b>,0</b> 00	55,000	7,600	41,000				ATI
QC-1	06/20/95	200,000	21,000	45,000	5,300	30,000				ATI
-1	08/29/95	160,000	34,000	54,000	4,700	24,000	7,600	ND<500		ATI
I-1	09/19/95	230,000	28,000	40,000	3,800	21,000		440		ATI
1-1	10/18/95	280,000	38,000	51,000	4,200	23,000	3,000	580		ATI
I-1	11/14/95	150,000	32,000	33,000	4,100	19,000		560		ATI
ŀ-1	12/11/95	99,000	24,000	26,000	2,100	14,000	1,000	420		ATI
1-1	01/09/96	150,000	28,000	37,000	3,400	18,000	2,000	720		ATI
1-1	02/21/96	230,000	22,000	57,000	10,000	61,000		ND<5		SPL
1-1	03/13/96	180,000	29,000	35,000	3,300	19,000		ND<5		SPL
1-1	04/18/96	95,000	37,000	34,000	4,000	19,000		ND<5		SPL
1-1	05/14/96	170,000	28,000	43,000	5,200	30,000	_	ND<5		SPL
1-1	06/13/96	96,000	16,000	23,000	2,200	13,800	ND<10,000		*	SPL
I-1	08/08/96	75,000	23,000	13,000	2,500	11,000	2.300			SPL
1-1	09/17/96	210,000	23,000	33,000	5,100	35,000	ND<10,000			SPL
I-1	10/24/96	1,600	140	190	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	160			SPL
I-1	11/14/96	100,000	23,000	20,000	2,600	8,900	ND<2,500		-	SPL
I-1	12/11/96	39,000	6,800	8,300	740	4,900	ND<2,500			SPL
-1	02/24/97	220,000	27,000	34,000	4,400	22,900	ND<10,000			SPL
I-1	03/12/97	230,000	24,000	48,000	5,400	33,000	ND<10.000			SPL
I-1	04/08/97	150,000	26,000	61,000	6,500	35,000	ND<25,000	***		SPL
I-1	05/15/97	330,000	24,000	54,000	7,600	50,000	ND<10,000			SPL
ł-1	05/22/98	210,000	20,000	36,000	3,600	24,600	ND<2,500	***		SPL
-1	06/17/98	230,000	6,000	26,000	2,300	23,000	ND<250	ti.tudi		SPL
1-1	09/26/98	150,000	20.000	35,000	3,900	21,300	1,200			SPL
all-1. Ship was				47,000	6,900	28.000	2 AND		ALC: NO PERSONNEL CONTRACTOR	135 1 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997
91.2	12/07/98	120,000	19,000 19,000	26,000	3 201	28,000 20,100	2400 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1			
PS-1	03/21/95	47,000	690	4,200	1,400	8,400	<del></del>			ATI
PS-1	04/03/95	150,000	26,000	42,000	3,500	18,000	36.00 AL.			ATI
PS-1	05/23/95	35,000	1,400	4,900	1,100	6,800				ATI
PS-1	06/20/95	60,000	5,200	11,000	1,400	9,000				ATI
PS-1	08/29/95	25,000	150	1,000	500	3,300	ND<250	****		ATI
PS-1	09/19/95	55,000								ATI
PS-1	10/18/95	12,000	86	660	190	1,400		ND<10		ATI
PS-1	11/14/95	630	9	11	3	20		ND<1	-18-01-0-1	ATI

ALISTO PROJECT NO. 10-025

04-May-99

a.

$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	-				ALR	STO PROJECT NO	10-025				
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Sample ID	Date			-						Lab
PS-1       01/09/96       110       ND-t1       ND-t1       ND-t1       I       I       I       III       IIII       IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII			470	34	52	Â	D1	######################################		******	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			110				0 i 1				
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			75,000	4,100		3.000	20,000	N/19			ATI
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			71,000								
PS-1       05/14/96       15.000       11       360       00       3700        ND-5        SPL         PS-1       06/13/96       180       3.2       6.6       1.6       3.000	PS-1		190	ND<5				***			
PS-1       08/03/96       18.000       2.000       3.300       460       3.000 $MDet_1$ 000 $m^{-1}$ SPL         PS-1       08/03/96       180       3.2       8.6       1.6       21.2       9.7 $m^{-1}$ $m^{-1}$ SPL         PS-1       08/03/786       600       5.8       7.7       1.9       18.7       39 $m^{-1}$ $m^{-1}$ SPL         PS-1       10/24/96       12,000       2,300       2,200       270       N.0-50       570 $m^{-1}$ $m^{-1}$ SPL         PS-1       12/11/466       12,000       2,900       3,200       330       1,400       640 $m^{-1}$ $m^{-1}$ SPL         PS-1       02/24/97       280,000       12,000       29,000       330       1,400       640 $m^{-1}$ $m^{-1}$ SPL         PS-1       02/24/97       280,000       10,000       31,000       32,800       NDet_5,000 $m^{-1}$ $m^{-1}$ SPL         PS-1       08/22/96       58,000       4,200       1,200       7,200       NDet_5,000 $m^{-1}$ $m^{-1}$ $SPL$ PS-1       08/22/96	PS-1		15,000							intera.	SPL
PS-1       0800896       160       3.2       6.6       1.6       0.1.0       ND-1,00         SPL         PS-1       102/496       35,000       3,900       4,700       ND-50       ND-50       570         SPL         PS-1       11/14/96       12,000       2,300       2,200       270       1,100       420         SPL         PS-1       12/196       17,000       2,900       3,200       300       1,400       640         SPL         PS-1       02/2497       280,000       12,000       29,000       6,000       37,000       ND-5,000         SPL         PS-1       02/2497       280,000       12,000       31,000       5,800       30,800       ND-5,000         SPL         PS-1       02/2497       280,000       5,400       16,000       ND-5,000         SPL         PS-1       02/2498       S8,000       5,400       16,000       ND-5,000         SPL         PS-1       02/2498       58,000       5,400       16,000       ND-5,000			18,000								SPL
P5-1       09/17/96       600       5.8       7.7       19       12.4       37         SPL         P5-1       11/24/96       35.000       3.900       4.700       ND-50       ND-50       S7C         SPL         P5-1       11/11/96       17,000       2.900       3.200       330       1,400       640         SPL         P5-1       02/24/97       280,000       12,000       29,000       300       1,600       16,000       ND-50,000         SPL         P5-1       02/24/97       280,000       11,000       35,000       5,900       300       ND-50,000         SPL         P5-1       04/04/97       130,000       11,000       35,000       5,900       300       ND-500         SPL         P5-1       04/04/97       230,000       11,000       35,000       1,900       13,900       300        SPL         P5-1       04/04/788       96,000       4,200       1,900       13,900       300        SPL         P5-1       04/27/986       79,000       11,000			180								
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		09/17/96	600						-	***	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		10/24/96	35,000						"Sec. 180		
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		11/14/96							- Andrew Control of Co		
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		12/11/96			2,200		1,100		-		SPL
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	PS-1										
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	PS-1	03/12/97							10-39 <b>N</b>		
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $											SPL
PS-1         05/22/98         58,000         1,000         1,000         1,000         1,200         7,200         ND<5,000          SPL           PS-1         06/17/96         96,000         4,200         14,000         2,200         13,900         330           SPL           PS-1         08/26/98         73,000         11,000         19,000         19,000         11,600         ND<5,000	PS-1						30,800		4:5640		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	PS-1						46,000		·***		
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	PS-1						7,200		woodan		SPL
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	PS-1			11.000			13,900		oynayaa>	-	SPL
A-103/21/95ND<50ND<0.50ND<0.50ND<0.50ND<0.50ND<1.0ATIA-104/03/95ND<50	26 X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	Weinerstein w	Contraction of the second		TO,CAO	1,800	11,600		91(cm)	And	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	FS-1		27 000	101101	C DOC	UNITED STATES	STREET DUTING	NO 42 BOOLS			
A-1 $04/03/95$ ND<50       ND<0.50       ND<0.50       ND<0.50       ND<0.50       ND<0.10         ATI         A-1 $05/23/95$ 1.200       ND<1.0					01740	2012	······································	750	1991 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 -	and the second second second	SPL
A-1 $04/0395$ ND<50       ND<0.50       0.50       ND<0.50       ND<1.0         AT         A-1 $05/23/95$ 1.200       ND<1.0       2.2       3.4       22          ATI         A-1 $06/20/95$ 88       ND<0.50       ND<0.50       ND<0.50       ND<1.0          ATI         A-1 $08/29/95$ 340       7.1       68       5.3       92       5.2         ATI         A-1 $09/19/95$ ND<500       ND<1       ND<2       ND<1       ND<1        ATI         A-1 $10/16/95$ ND<50       ND<2       ND<1       ND<1        ATI         A-1 $10/16/95$ ND<50       ND<2       ND<1       ND<1        ATI         A-1 $10/16/95$ ND<50       ND<2       ND<1       ND<1        ND<1        ATI         A-1 $10/16/95$ ND<50       ND<2       ND<1       ND<1        ND<1        ATI         A-1 $01/09/96$ ND<50       ND				ND<0.50	ND<0.50	ND<0.50	ND<1.0				
A-1 $05/23/95$ 1,200       ND<1.0       2.2       3.4       22          ATI         A-1 $06/20/95$ 88       ND<0.50       ND<0.50       ND<0.50       ND<1.0         ATI         A-1 $08/29/95$ 340       7.1       68       5.3       92       5.2         ATI         A-1 $09/19/95$ ND<500       ND<1       ND<2       ND<1        ND<1        ATI         A-1 $10/16/95$ ND<50       ND<1       ND<2       ND<1       ND<1        ATI         A-1 $10/16/95$ ND<50       ND<1       ND<2       ND<1       ND<1        ATI         A-1 $10/19/96$ ND<50       ND<1       ND<2       ND<1       ND<1        ATI         A-1 $12/11/95$ $1.200$ 4       5       3 $82$ ND<1        ATI         A-1 $01/09/96$ ND<50       ND<1       ND<2       ND<1        ND<1        ATI         A-1 $02/21/96$					0.50						
A-106/20/9588ND<0.50ND<0.50ND<0.50ND<1.0ATIA-108/29/953407.1685.3925.2ATIA-109/19/95ND<500			1,200	ND<1.0	2.2						AD
A-1       08/29/95       340       7.1       68       5.3       92       5.2         ATI         A-1       09/19/95       ND<500       ND<1       ND<2       ND<1       ND<1        ATI         A-1       10/18/95       ND<50       ND<1       ND<2       ND<1       ND<1        ATI         A-1       10/18/95       ND<50       ND<1       ND<2       ND<1       ND<1        ATI         A-1       11/14/95       ND<50       ND<1       ND<2       ND<1        ND<1        ATI         A-1       12/11/95       1,200       4       5       3       82        ND<1        ATI         A-1       02/21/96       ND<50       ND<1       ND<2       ND<1       ND<1        ATI         A-1       02/21/96       4,100       20       90       87       580        ND<5        SPL         A-1       03/13/96       11,000       50       860       650       4,100        ND<5        SPL         A-1       04/18/96       60       <				ND<0.50							
A-1       09/19/95       ND<500       ND<1       ND<2       ND<1       ND<1        ATI         A-1       10/16/95       ND<50		08/29/95	340							—	
A-1       10/16/95       ND<50       ND<1       ND<2       ND<1       ND<1        ND<1        ATI         A-1       11/14/95       ND<50	A-1	09/19/95	ND<500	ND<1						<b>2+</b> **	
A-1       11/14/95       ND<50       ND<1       ND<2       ND<1       ND<1        ND<1        ATI         A-1       12/11/95       1,200       4       5       3       82        ND<1	A-1	10/18/95	ND<50								
A-1       12/11/95       1,200       4       5       3       82        ND<1	A-1	11/14/95	ND<50		ND-2						
A-1       01/09/96       ND<50       ND<1       ND<2       ND<1       ND<1        ND<1        ATI         A-1       02/21/96       4,100       20       90       87       580        ND<1	A-1	12/11/95									
A-1       02/21/96       4,100       20       90       87       580        ND<1        ATI         A-1       03/13/96       11,000       50       860       650       4,100        ND<5	A-1	01/09/96									
A-1       03/13/96       11,000       50       860       650       4,100        ND<5	A-1	02/21/96									
A-1       04/18/96       60       ND<5	A-1										SPL
A-1     05/14/96     60     ND<5     ND<5     ND<5     ND<5     -     SPL       A-1     06/13/96     ND<50	A-1										SPL
A-1         06/13/96         ND<50         ND<0.5         ND<0.5 <td></td>											
A-1 08/08/96 60 16 12 1.8 10.9 61									ND<5	—	
A-1 $09/17/96$ 140 14 fe ND-10 77 $10.9$ 61 SPL										****	
					12						
			VEL	1.4	1.b	ND<1_0	7,5	ND<10			SPL

04 May-99

PAGE ?

纎

-10

$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			TELEVISION IN THE SECOND STREET, STREET, ST.		ALIS	TO PHOJECT NO.	10-025				
A-1       11/14/468       370       63       51       5.3       21       52       —       —       37L         A-1       12/11/66       2,400       460       410       38       249       320       —       —       37L         A-1       02/24/97       350       1.4       8.4       57       55       ND-10       mD-10       —       —       37L         A-1       02/24/97       350       1.4       8.4       57       55       ND-10       mD-10       …       —       37L         A-1       04/08/97       ND-50       ND-0.5       ND-10       ND-10       ND-10       mD-10       …       …       SPL         A-1       06/22/98       120       ND-0.5       ND-10       ND-10       ND-10       …       …       SPL         A-1       06/22/98       100       ND-0.5       ND-10       ND-10       ND-10       …       …       SPL         A-1       06/22/98       ND-0.50       ND-0.50       ND-0.50       ND-10       …       …       …       …       …       SPL         A-1       06/22/95       240       ND-0.50       ND-0.50       ND-0.50		Date									Lab
A-1       11/14/96       370       83       51       53       21       92         352         A-1       12/11/96       2,400       490       410       39       249       320         352         A-1       02/24/97       350       1.4       8.4       5.7       55       NDc10         352         A-1       02/04/97       ND-6.50       NDc3.5       NDc1.0       NDc1.0       NDc1.0       NDc1.0         352         A-1       04/09/97       ND-6.50       NDc3.5       NDc1.0       NDc1.0       NDc1.0       NDc1.0         351         A-1       06/12/98       120       ND-6.5       NDc1.0       NDc1.0       NDc1.0       NDc1.0         351         A-1       06/17/98       120       ND-6.50       NDc1.0       NDc1.0       NDc1.0       NDc1.0         351         A-1       06/22/98       ND-6.50       ND-6.50       NDc1.0       NDc1.0         351         A-1       06/22/98       ND-6.50       ND-6.50       ND-6.50			80	24	15	1.0	8.1	37	*****		001
A-1       12/11/16       2.400       400       410       39       249       320         SFL         A-1       0.0212/97       305       1.4       8.4       5.7       55       ND<10       ND<10         SFL         A-1       0.0212/97       ND       ND<50       ND<10       ND<10       ND<10       ND<10       ND<10       ND<10         SFL         A-1       0.04097       ND<50       ND<0.5       ND<10       ND<10       ND<10       ND<10       ND<10         SFL         A-1       0.61297       ND<50       ND<50.5       ND<10       ND<10       ND<10       ND<10       ND<10       ND<10         SFL         A-1       0.6207/98       ND<50       ND<50       ND<10			370	83					19109-06	ineed	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				490	410	39					
				1.4	8.4	5.7			- AD- No SM		SPI
				0.53					19-19 - 91		SPI
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			ND<50	ND<0.5	ND<1.0						
					ND<1.0	ND<1.0				-	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $						ND<1.0		ND<10	- <del></del>		
A-1         69/2698         ND-60         ND-60 <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>ND&lt;0.5</td><td>7.7</td><td>24</td><td>132</td><td></td><td>5×1</td><td>-</td><td></td></th<>				ND<0.5	7.7	24	132		5×1	-	
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		09/26/98				ND<1.0			landaup		SPI
B-1         03/21/95         88         ND<0.50         2         ND<0.50         2            ATI           B-1         04/03/95         ND<50	A-1			ND-0.5		ND-<1,0	ND-10	ND-10	and the second se		
	A-1	12/07/98	ND<50		NDsf.0	ND-10	ND-10	ND<10			SPI PRI
B-1         04/03/95         ND-50         ND-0.50         ND-1         ND-2         ND-1         ND-2	8.1	03/21/95	89	ND-0 50	9	ND-0 50	0		*		
B-1         05/23/95         240         ND<0.50         ND 0.50         ND 0										17 days	ATI
B-1         06/20/95         ND<50         ND<0.50         ND 0.50         ND											ATI
B-1         08/29/95         37,000         54         420         600         3500         260           ATI           B-1         09/19/95         550         ND<1											AT
B-1       09/19/95       550       ND<1       ND<2       ND<1       9        ND<1        ATI         B-1       10/18/95              ATI         B-1       11/11/495       ND<50											
B-1         10/18/95         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         AT1           B-1         11/14/95         ND<50		09/19/95									
B-1       11/14/95       ND<50       ND<1       ND<2       ND<1       ND<1        ND<1        ATI         B-1       12/11/95       270       ND<1											
B-1       12/11/95       270       ND<1       ND<2       ND<1       1       -       ND<1       -       ATI         B-1       01/09/96       ND<50											
B-1         01/09/96         ND<50         ND<1         ND<2         ND<1         ND<1         -         ND<1         -         AT1           B-1         02/21/96         ND<50											
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $							•				
B-1       03/13/96       ND<50       ND<5	B-1										
B-1       04/18/96       ND<50       ND<5											
B-1       05/14/96       ND<50       ND<5       8       ND<5       11        ND<5        SPL         B-1       06/13/96       ND<50		04/18/96									
B-1         06/13/96         ND<50         ND<0.5         ND<0.1.0         ND<1.0         ND<1.0<		05/14/96									
B-1       08/08/96       ND<50       2.3       1.2       ND<1.0       1.3       48         SPL         B-1       09/17/96       52       0.78       1.6       ND<1.0       ND<1.0       14        SPL         B-1       10/24/96       70       1.4       ND<1.0       ND<1.0       ND<1.0       13        SPL         B-1       11/14/96       100       19       9.3       1.1       3.9       24        SPL         B-1       12/11/96       80       26       7.1       ND<1.0       2.6       110        SPL         B-1       02/24/97       600       ND<0.5       ND<1.0       ND<1.0       ND<10        SPL         B-1       02/24/97       600       ND<0.5       ND<1.0       ND<1.0       ND<10        SPL         B-1       03/12/97       730       5.3       8.1       2.5       51       17        SPL         B-1       04/08/97       ND<50       ND<0.5       ND<1.0       ND<1.0       ND<10        SPL         B-1       05/15/97       ND<50       ND<0.5	8-1	06/13/96									
B-1       09/17/96       52       0.78       1.6       ND<1.0       ND<1.0       14        SPL         B-1       10/24/96       70       1.4       ND<1.0       ND<1.0       ND<1.0       13        SPL         B-1       11/14/96       100       19       9.3       1.1       3.9       24        SPL         B-1       12/11/96       80       26       7.1       ND<1.0       2.6       110        SPL         B-1       02/24/97       600       ND<0.5       ND<1.0       ND<1.0       ND<1.0       ND<10        SPL         B-1       02/24/97       600       ND<0.5       ND<1.0       ND<1.0       ND<1.0       ND<10        SPL         B-1       02/24/97       730       5.3       8.1       2.5       51       17        SPL         B-1       03/12/97       ND<50       ND<0.5       ND<1.0       ND<1.0       ND<1.0       ND<1.0        SPL         B-1       04/08/97       ND<50       ND<0.5       ND<1.0       ND<1.0       ND<1.0       ND<1.0        SPL         B-1 <th< td=""><td>B-1</td><td>08/08/96</td><td>ND&lt;50</td><td>2.3</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>	B-1	08/08/96	ND<50	2.3							
B-1       10/24/96       70       1.4       ND<1.0       ND<1.0       ND<1.0       13         SPL         B-1       11/14/96       100       19       9.3       1.1       3.9       24         SPL         B-1       12/11/96       80       26       7.1       ND<1.0	B-1		52							and the second	SPI
B-1       11/14/96       100       19       9.3       1.1       3.9       24         SPL         B-1       12/11/96       80       26       7.1       ND<1.0	B-1	10/24/96	70	1.4	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0				SPL
B-1       12/11/96       80       26       7.1       ND<1.0       2.6       110        SPL         B-1       02/24/97       600       ND<0.5	B-1	11/14/96	100								
B-1         02/24/97         600         ND<0.5         ND<1.0         ND<1.0         ND<10          SPL           B-1         03/12/97         730         5.3         8.1         2.5         51         17          SPL           B-1         04/08/97         ND<50			80	26							
B-1         03/12/97         730         5.3         8.1         2.5         51         17          SPL           B-1         04/08/97         ND<50							ND<1.0	ND<10			
B-1         04/06/97         ND<50         ND<0.5         ND<1.0         ND<1.0         ND<10          SPL           B-1         05/15/97         ND<50					8.1	2.5	51				
B-1 05/15/97 ND<50 ND<0.5 ND<1.0 ND<1.0 ND<1.0 ND<10						ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<10			
B-1 05/22/98 230 2.4 2.7 2.2 15.8 ND<10 SPL				ND<0.5	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0				
					2.7	2.2	15.8	ND<10			
	B-1	06/17/98	1,000	0.85	10	15	90	ND<10		—	

ALISTO PROJECT NO. 10-025

04-Mare-69

PAGE 3

÷

$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	21/95 07/96 21/95 03/95 23/95 23/95 23/95 20/95 29/95 19/95 19/95 18/95 18/95 18/95 14/95 14/95 11/95 11/95 09/96	ND-50 ND-50 ND-50 ND-50 140 250 ND-50 200 ND-50 200 ND-50 ND-50 ND-50 ND-50 ND-50 ND-50 ND-50 ND-50 ND-50 ND-50 ND-50	ND<0.5 0.0 ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND	ND<1.0 ND<1.0 ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2	ND<1.0 ND<1.0 ND<1.6 ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<0.50 1.0 ND<0.50 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	ND<1.0 ND<1.0 ND<1.0 2.3 7.5 1.1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<	ND<10 ND<10 ND<10 	ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	ND<0.002 0.007	SP SP SP SP SP SP SP SP SP SP SP SP SP S
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0/766 21/95 03/95 23/95 23/95 20/95 20/95 29/95 19/95 19/95 18/95 18/95 14/95 14/95 14/95 11/95 09/96	ND<50 ND<50 140 250 ND<50 200 ND<500 ND<500 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50	ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2	ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<0.50 1.0 ND<0.50 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	ND<1.0 ND<1.0 2.3 7.5 1.1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	ND-5	ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	0.007	AT AT AT AT AT AT AT AT ATI ATI
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	03/95 23/95 23/95 29/95 29/95 19/95 19/95 18/95 18/95 14/95 14/95 11/95 09/96	ND <50 ND <50 140 250 ND <50 200 ND <500 ND <500 ND <50 ND <50 ND <50 ND <50 ND <50 ND <50 ND <50	ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2	ND<0.50 ND<0.50 1.0 ND<0.50 ND<1.50 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	ND<1.0 ND<1.0 2.3 7.5 1.1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1		ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	0.007	AT AT AT AT AT ATI ATI ATI
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	03/95 23/95 23/95 29/95 29/95 19/95 19/95 18/95 18/95 14/95 14/95 11/95 09/96	ND<50 140 250 ND<50 200 ND<500 ND<500 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50	ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2	ND<0.50 ND<0.50 1.0 ND<0.50 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	ND<1.0 2.3 7.5 1.1 ND<1 ND<1  ND<1 ND<1 ND<1		ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	0.007	AT AT AT AT AT AT AT
$\begin{array}{c ccccc} E-1 & 05/23/\\ QC-1 & 05/23/\\ E-1 & 06/20/\\ E-1 & 09/19/\\ E-1 & 09/19/\\ QC-1 & 09/19/\\ E-1 & 10/18/\\ QC-1 & 10/18/\\ E-1 & 11/14/\\ QC-1 & 11/14/\\ E-1 & 12/11/\\ E-1 & 01/09/\\ E-1 & 01/09/\\ E-1 & 01/09/\\ E-1 & 03/13/\\ E-1 & 03/13/\\ E-1 & 05/14/9\\ E-1 & 08/08/9\\ E-1 &$	23/95 23/95 20/95 29/95 19/95 18/95 18/95 18/95 14/95 14/95 11/95 09/96	140 250 ND<50 200 ND<500 ND<500 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50	ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2	ND<0.50 ND<0.50 1.0 ND<0.50 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	ND<1.0 2.3 7.5 1.1 ND<1 ND<1  ND<1 ND<1 ND<1		ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	0.007	TA TA TA TA TA TA TA TA TA
$\begin{array}{ccccc} QC-1 & 05/23/4 \\ E-1 & 06/20/4 \\ E-1 & 09/19/4 \\ E-1 & 09/19/4 \\ QC-1 & 09/19/4 \\ QC-1 & 09/19/4 \\ E-1 & 10/18/4 \\ QC-1 & 10/18/4 \\ QC-1 & 10/18/4 \\ QC-1 & 11/14/4 \\ QC-1 & 11/14/4 \\ E-1 & 01/09/8 \\ E-1 & 01/09/8 \\ E-1 & 01/09/8 \\ E-1 & 03/13/9 \\ E-1 & 03/13/$	23/95 20/95 29/95 19/95 19/95 18/95 18/95 14/95 14/95 14/95 11/95 09/96	250 ND<50 200 ND<500 ND<500 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50	ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2	ND<0.50 1.0 ND<0.50 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	2.3 7.5 1.1 ND<1 ND<1  ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	ND<5 	ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	40000 10000 10000 10000 10000 10000	TA AT AT AT AT AT AT
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	20/95 29/95 19/95 19/95 18/95 18/95 14/95 14/95 11/95 09/96	ND<50 200 ND<500 ND<500 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50	ND<0.50 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	ND<0.50 ND<0.50 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2	1.0 ND<0.50 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	7.5 1.1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	ND<5 	ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1		AT AT AT AT AT AT
	29/95 19/95 19/95 18/95 18/95 14/95 14/95 11/95 09/96	200 ND<500 ND<500 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50	ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	ND<0.50 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2	ND<0.50 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	1.1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	ND<5 	ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1		AT AT AT AT AT
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	19/95 19/95 18/95 18/95 14/95 14/95 14/95 11/95 09/96	ND<500 ND<500 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50	ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2	ND<1 ND<1  ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	ND<5   	ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1		AT AT AT AT AT
QC-1         09/19/3           E-1         10/18/3           QC-1         10/18/3           QC-1         10/18/3           QC-1         11/14/3           QC-1         11/14/3           QC-1         11/14/3           QC-1         01/09/3           E-1         02/21/3           E-1         02/21/3           E-1         03/13/3           E-1         05/14/9           E-1         05/14/9           E-1         06/13/3           E-1         08/08/9           E-1         08/08/9           E-1         09/17/9           E-1         10/24/9           E-1         10/24/9           E-1         10/24/9           E-1         11/14/9	19/95 18/95 18/95 14/95 14/95 14/95 11/95 09/96	ND<500 ND<500 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50	ND<1  ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	ND<2  ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2	ND<1  ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	ND<1  ND<1 ND<1 ND<1		ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	177978 1846-19 1949-19	AT AT AT AT
E-1 10/18/3 QC-1 10/18/3 E-1 11/14/5 QC-1 11/14/5 E-1 12/11/3 E-1 01/09/5 QC-1 01/09/5 E-1 02/21/5 E-1 03/13/5 E-1 03/13/5 E-1 05/14/9 E-1 06/13/9 E-1 08/08/9 E-1 09/17/9 E-1 10/24/9 E-1 10/24/9 E-1 10/24/9 E-1 10/24/9	18/95 18/95 14/95 14/95 11/95 09/96	ND<500 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50	 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2	ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	ND<1 ND<1 ND<1		ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	177978 1846-19 1949-19	ТА ТА ТА
QC-1         10/18/s           E-1         11/14/s           QC-1         11/14/s           E-1         12/11/s           E-1         01/09/s           QC-1         01/09/s           E-1         02/21/s           E-1         03/13/s           E-1         05/14/s           E-1         06/13/s           E-1         08/08/s           E-1         09/17/s           E-1         09/17/s           E-1         10/24/s           E-1         11/14/s	18/95 14/95 14/95 11/95 09/96	ND<50 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50	ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	ND<2 ND<2 ND<2 ND<2	ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	ND<1 ND<1 ND<1		ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	~~~	AT AT
E-1         11/14/5           QC-1         11/14/5           E-1         12/11/5           E-1         01/09/5           QC-1         01/09/5           E-1         02/21/5           E-1         03/13/5           E-1         05/14/9           E-1         06/13/9           E-1         08/08/9           E-1         09/17/9           E-1         09/17/9           E-1         10/24/9           E-1         11/14/9	14/95 14/95 11/95 09/96	ND<50 ND<50 ND<50 ND<50	ND<1 ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	ND<2 ND<2 ND<2	ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	ND<1 ND<1		ND<1 ND<1	~~~	AT
$ \begin{array}{ccccccc} E \cdot 1 & 11/14/S \\ QC-1 & 11/14/S \\ E \cdot 1 & 12/11/S \\ E \cdot 1 & 01/09/S \\ C-1 & 01/09/S \\ E \cdot 1 & 02/21/S \\ E \cdot 1 & 03/13/S \\ E \cdot 1 & 05/14/S \\ E \cdot 1 & 06/13/S \\ E \cdot 1 & 08/08/S \\ E \cdot 1 & 08/08/S \\ E \cdot 1 & 09/17/S \\ E \cdot 1 & 01/24/S \\ E \cdot 1 & 10/24/S \\ E \cdot 1 & 11/14/S \\ E$	14/95 14/95 11/95 09/96	ND<50 ND<50 ND<50	ND<1 ND<1 ND<1	ND<2 ND<2	ND<1 ND<1	ND<1		ND<1		AT
E-1 12/11/2 E-1 01/09/3 CC-1 01/09/3 E-1 02/21/3 E-1 03/13/3 E-1 04/18/3 E-1 05/14/9 E-1 06/13/9 E-1 08/08/9 E-1 08/08/9 E-1 09/17/9 E-1 10/24/9 E-1 10/24/9 E-1 11/14/9	11/95 09/96	ND<50 ND<50	ND<1 ND<1	ND<2	ND<1					AT
$ \begin{array}{ccccc} E-1 & 12/11/3 \\ E-1 & 01/09/3 \\ QC-1 & 01/09/3 \\ E-1 & 02/21/3 \\ E-1 & 03/13/3 \\ E-1 & 04/18/9 \\ E-1 & 05/14/9 \\ E-1 & 06/13/9 \\ E-1 & 08/08/9 \\ E-1 & 08/08/9 \\ E-1 & 09/17/9 \\ E-1 & 09/17/9 \\ E-1 & 10/24/9 \\ E-1 & 11/14/9 \\ E-1 & 11/14/9 \\ E-1 & 11/14/9 \\ E-1 & 01/14/9 \\ E$	11/95 09/96	ND<50	ND<1			ND<1		4165 A		
E-1         01/09/S           QC-1         01/09/S           E-1         02/21/S           E-1         03/13/S           E-1         03/13/S           E-1         05/14/S           E-1         06/13/S           E-1         08/08/S           E-1         09/17/S           E-1         09/17/S           E-1         10/24/S           E-1         11/14/S	09/96							ND<1		AT
QC-1         01/09/s           E-1         02/21/s           E-1         03/13/s           E-1         04/18/s           E-1         05/14/s           E-1         06/13/s           E-1         08/08/s           E-1         09/17/s           E-1         09/17/s           E-1         10/24/s           E-1         11/14/s			ND<1	ND<2	ND<1	ND<1		ND<1	****	AT
E-1         02/21/9           E-1         03/13/9           E-1         04/18/9           E-1         05/14/9           E-1         06/13/9           E-1         08/08/9           E-1         09/17/9           E-1         10/24/9           E-1         10/24/9           E-1         11/14/9	09/96	ND<50	ND<1	ND<2	ND<1	ND<1		ND<1		AT
E-1         03/13/9           E-1         04/18/9           E-1         05/14/9           E-1         06/13/9           E-1         08/08/9           E-1         09/17/9           E-1         10/24/9           E-1         11/14/9		ND<50	ND<5	ND<2 ND<5	ND<1	ND<1		ND<1		AT
E-1 04/18/9 E-1 05/14/9 E-1 06/13/9 E-1 08/08/9 E-1 09/17/9 E-1 10/24/9 E-1 11/14/9		2,600	ND<5	באטא 19	ND<5	ND<5		ND<5		SP
E-1 05/14/9 E-1 06/13/9 E-1 08/08/9 E-1 09/17/9 E-1 10/24/9 E-1 11/14/9		ND<50	ND<5		49	320		ND<5		SP
E-1 06/13/9 E-1 08/08/9 E-1 09/17/9 E-1 10/24/9 E-1 11/14/9		ND<50	ND<5	ND<5	ND<5	ND<5		ND<5	484	SP
E-1 08/08/9 E-1 09/17/9 E-1 10/24/9 E-1 11/14/9		ND<50		ND<5	ND<5	ND<5		ND<5		SPI
E-1 09/17/9 E-1 10/24/9 E-1 11/14/9		ND<50	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<10		-	SPI
E-1 10/24/9 E-1 11/14/9		ND<50	ND<0.5 ND<0.5	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	55	-Science -	_	SPI
E-1 11/14/9		ND<50		ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<10	5° 1087		SPI
		ND<50	ND<0.5 ND<0.5	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<10			SPI
		ND<50		ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<10	3 <b>777</b> -04		SPL
E-1 02/24/9		ND<50	ND<0.5 0.76	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<10	10.00		SPL
E-1 03/12/9		1,800		ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<10	<del></del>	2 <b>4</b> -1	SPL
E-1 04/08/9		ND<50	ND-1.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	مندنه		SPL
E-1 05/15/9		ND<50	ND<1.0 ND<0.5	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	1.9	ND<1.0	in tet ui		SPL
E-1 05/22/9		ND<50		ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<10	-settor		SPL
E-1 06/17/9			ND<0.5	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<10	weather.	avi e	SPL
E-1 09/26/9	7/00	ND<50 ND<50	ND<0.5	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<10	97.100		SPL
E-1 03/20/3		医原氨基 医神经后神经 医	ND<0.5	ND<1.0 ND<1.0	ND<1.0 ND<1.0	ND<1.0 NDelig	ND<10 ND<10		a	SPL

~

Ŧ

		****		ALIS	TO PROJECT NO	. 10-025				
Sample ID	Date	TPH-G (ug/l)	B (ug/1)	T (ug/l)	E (ug/1)	X (ug/ī)	MTBE (ug/l)	DCA (ug/l)	Lead (mg/l)	Lab
BBREVIAT PH-G ITBE CA 9/1 9/1		ie ler	oline		PS-1 A-1 B-1 E-1 QC-1 ND  ATI SPL	Sample collected Sample collected Sample collected Blind duplicate sa	's reported dataction	ampling port ampling port ng port		

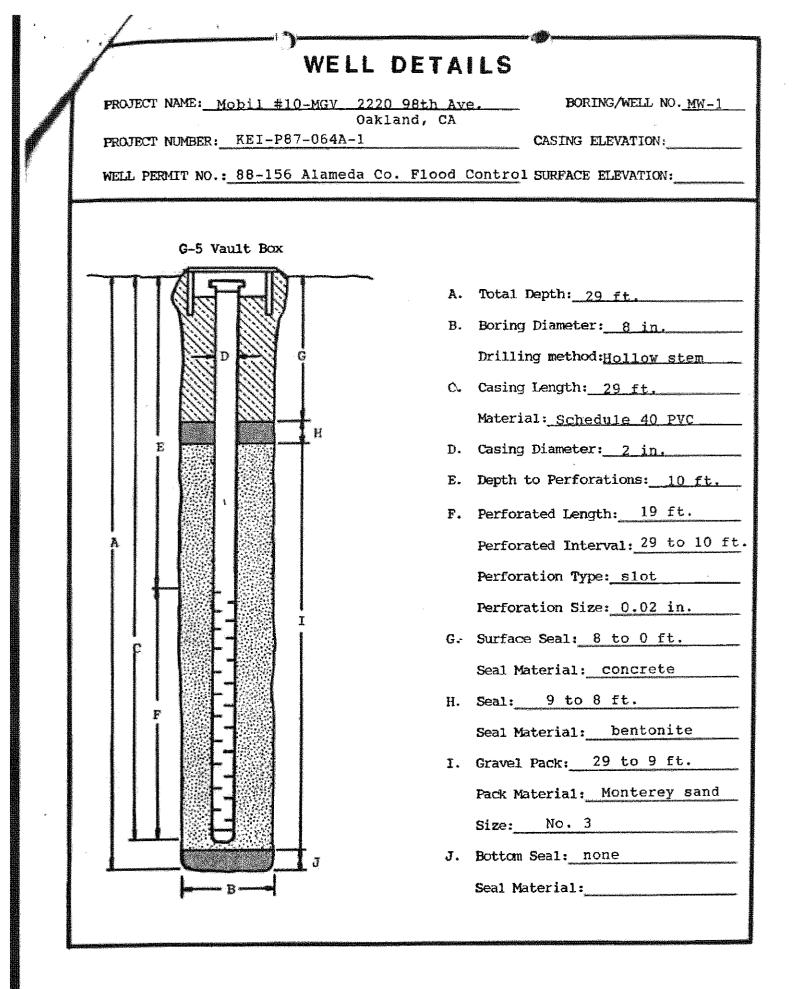
# APPENDIX C

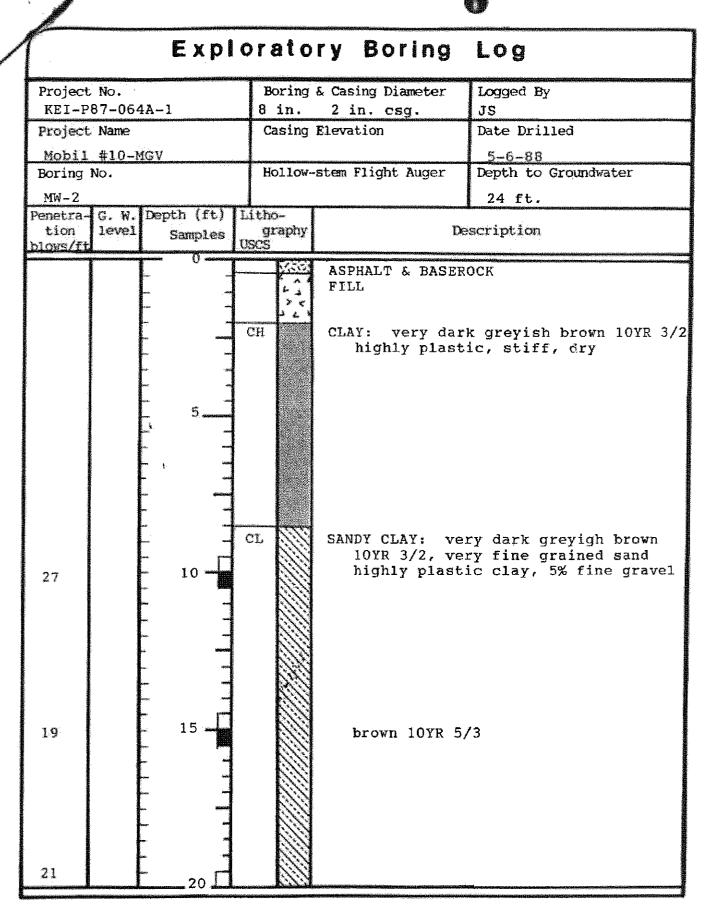
Soil Boring and Well Construction Logs

Ex	oloratory Boring	g Log
Project No.	Boring & Casing Diamete	r Logged By
KEI-P87-064A-1	8 in. 2 in. csg.	JS
Project Name	Casing Elevation	Date Drilled 5-6-88
Mobil #10-MGV Boring No.	Hollow-stem Flight Auge:	
MW-1		20.5 ft.
Penetra-G. W. Depth (f) tion level Sample blows/ft	1 In the second s	Description
31 10	black N2/, dry CL SANDY CLAY: moderately fine grain	dark greenish grey 5GY 4 to highly plastic, very ed sand, well sorted at 15 ft.

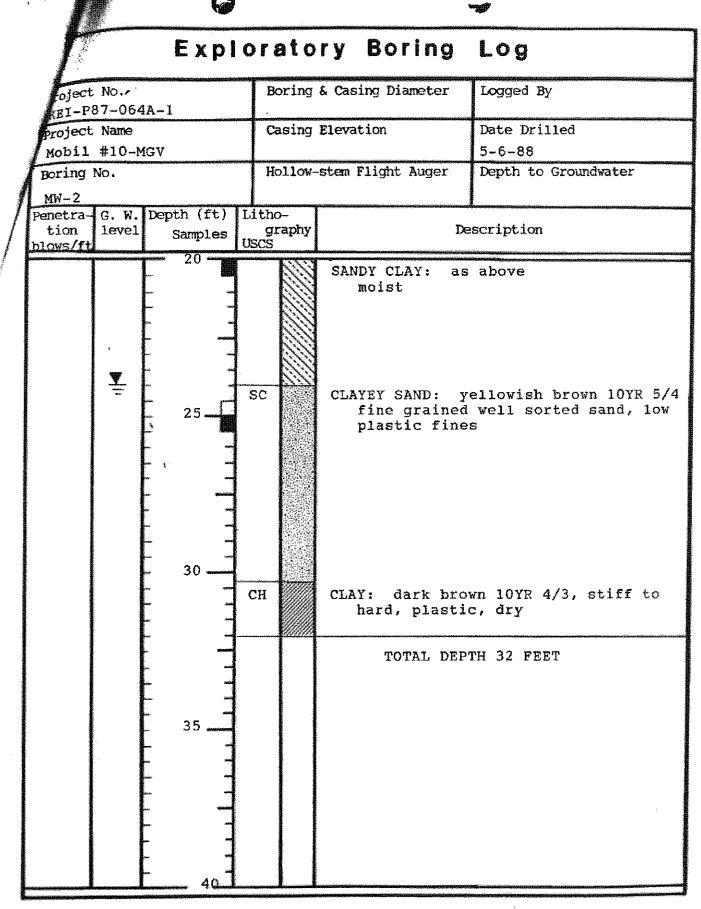
L'.		¢ي.			San and a state of the state of
		Explo	orato	ry Boring	Log
Project 1	No. -064A-1		Boring	& Casing Diameter	Logged By
Project Mobil #	Name	an a	Casing	Elevation	Date Drilled 5-6-88
Boring No MW-1	0.		Hollow-	stem Flight Auger	Depth to Groundwate
Penetra-(		th (ft) I Samples U	itho- graphy ISCS	De	scription
			CH	CLAY: moderate:	above Ly plastic, dry RPTH 29 FEET

Page 2 of 2

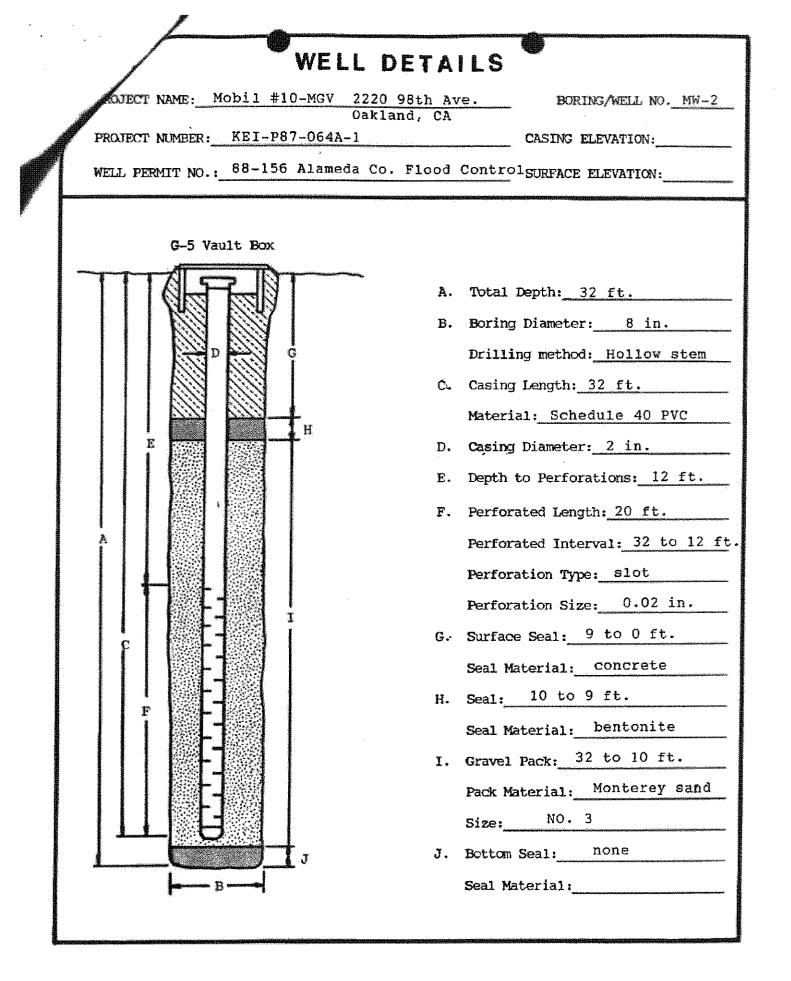




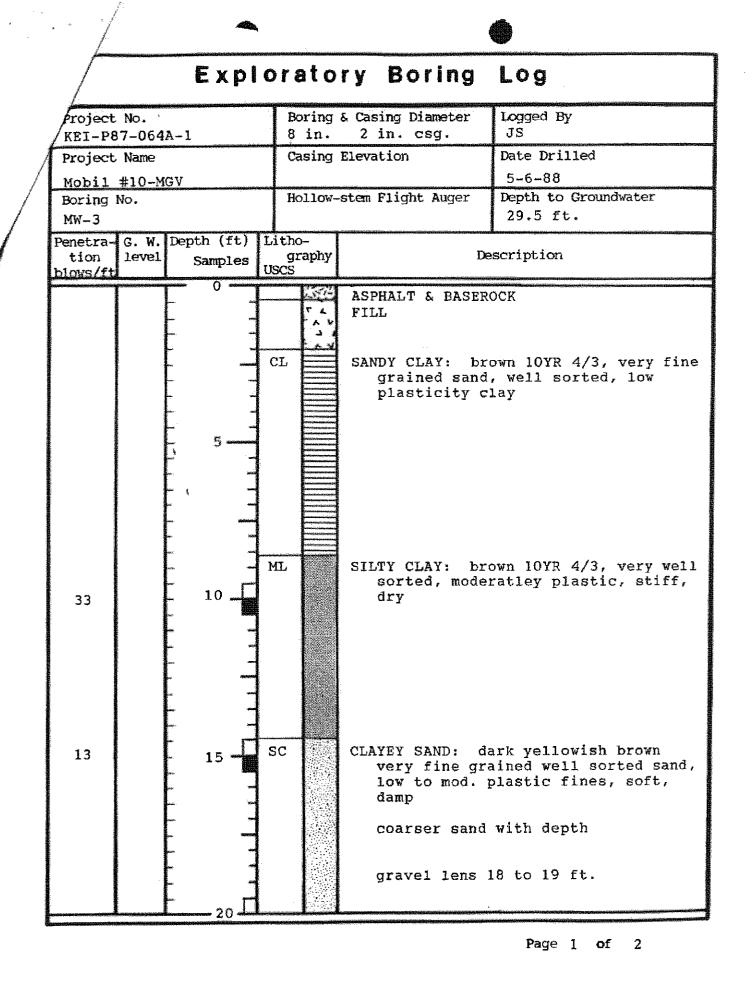
Page 1 of 2

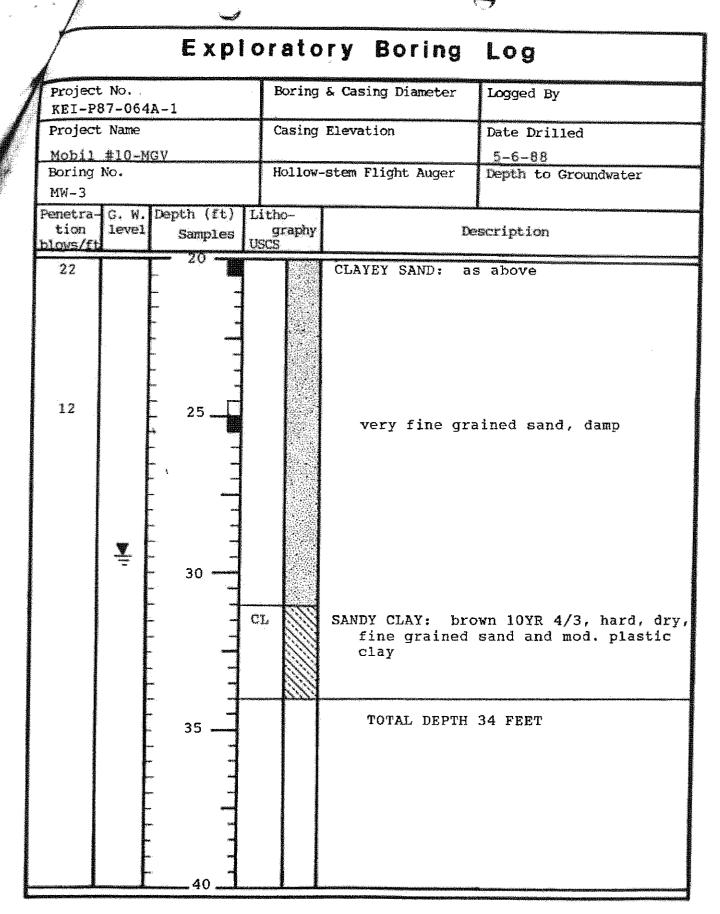


Page 2 of 2

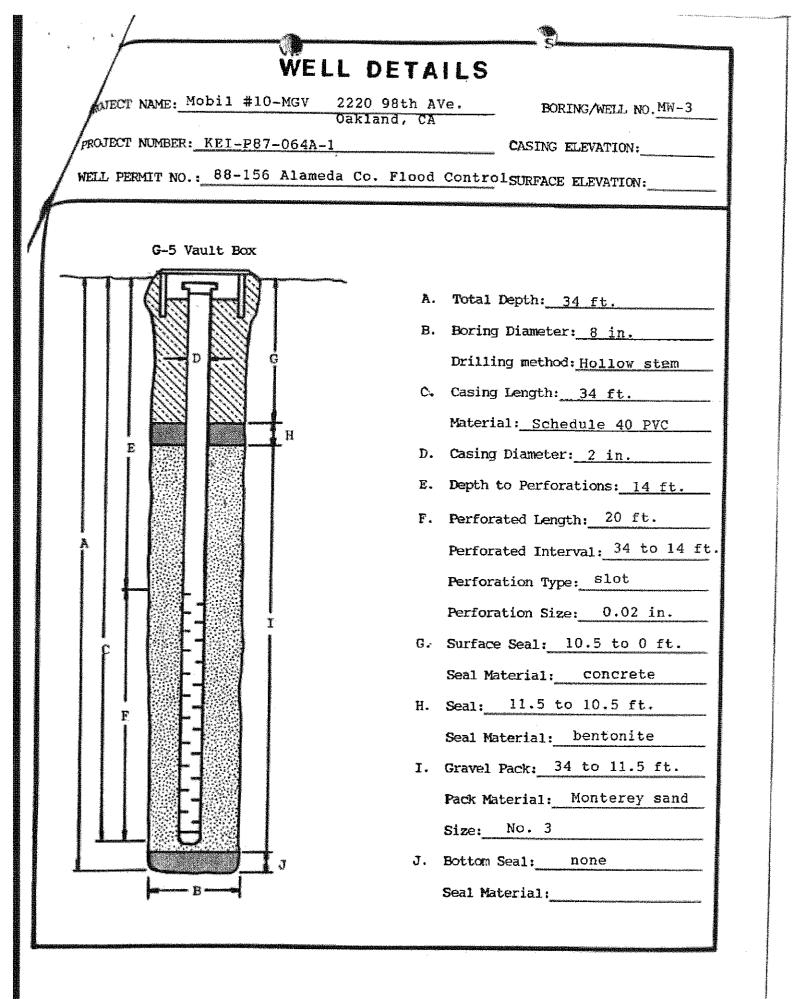


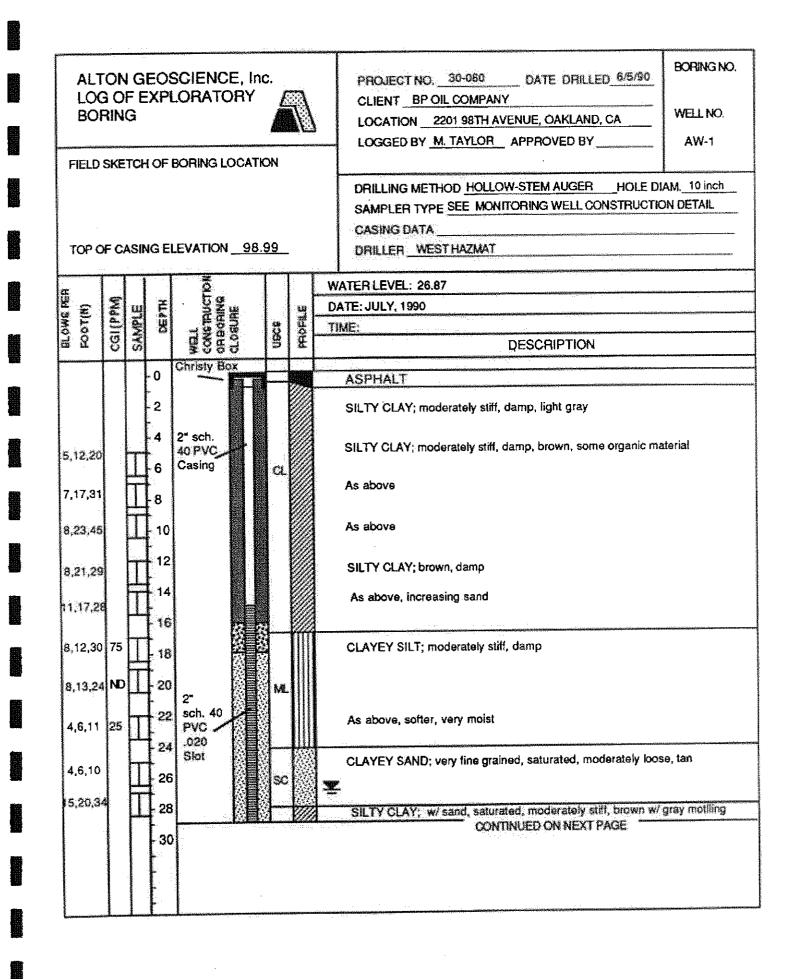
.

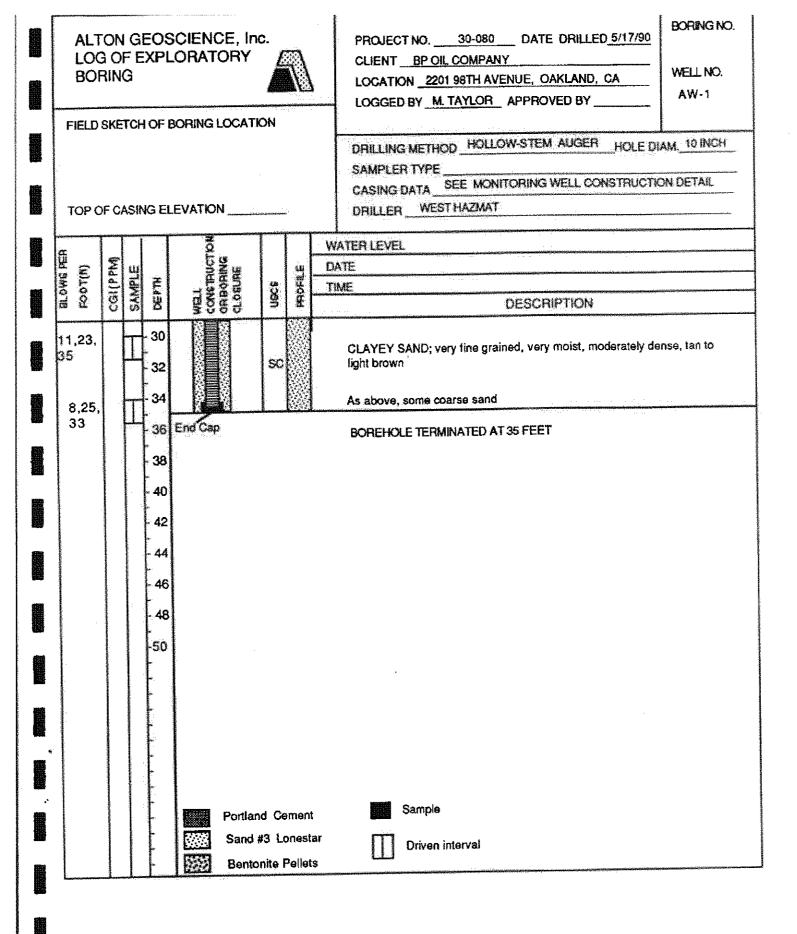


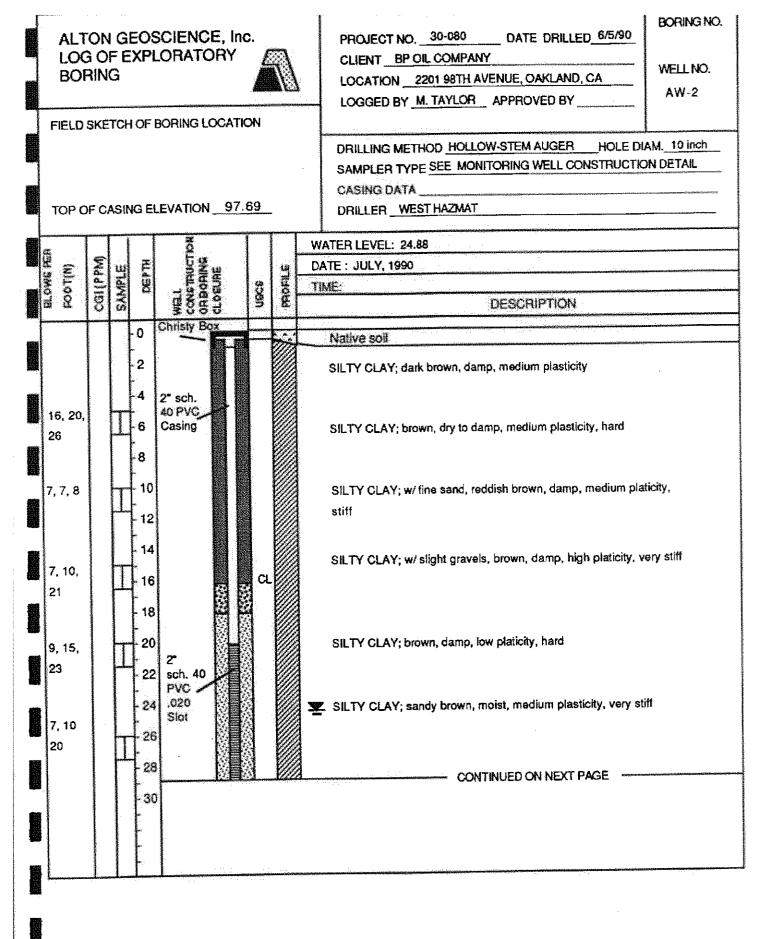


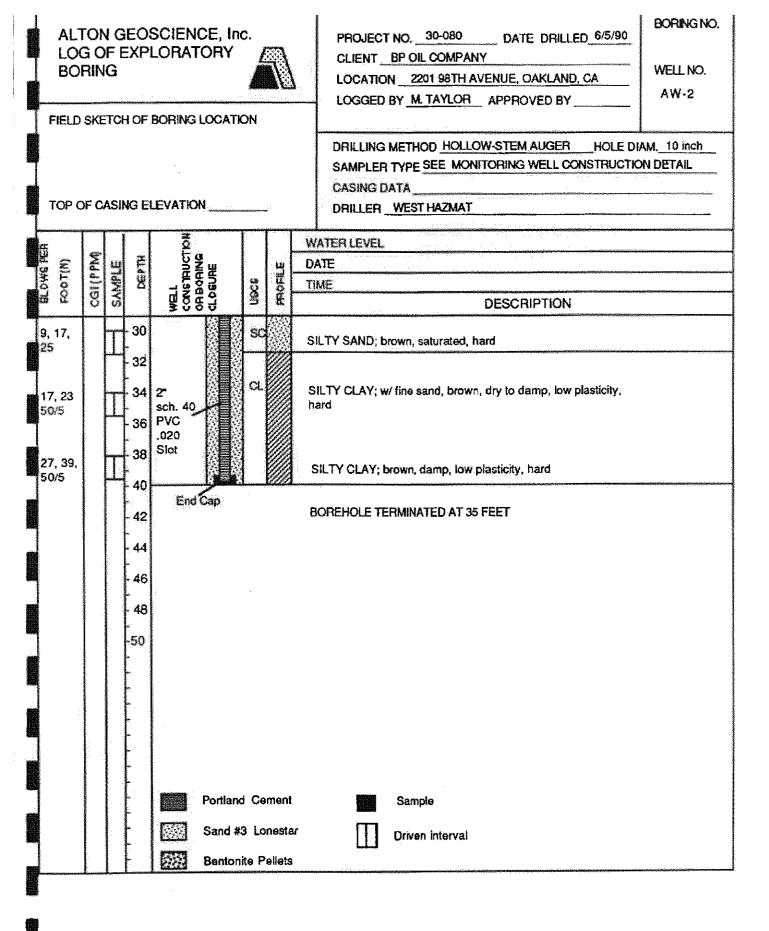
Page 2 of 2

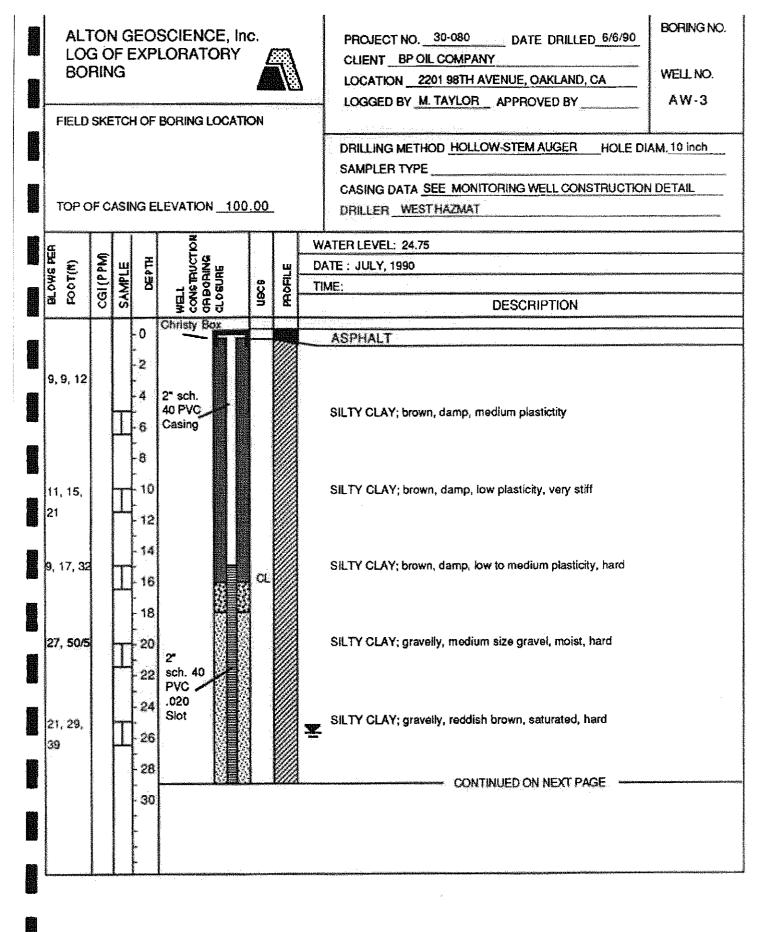


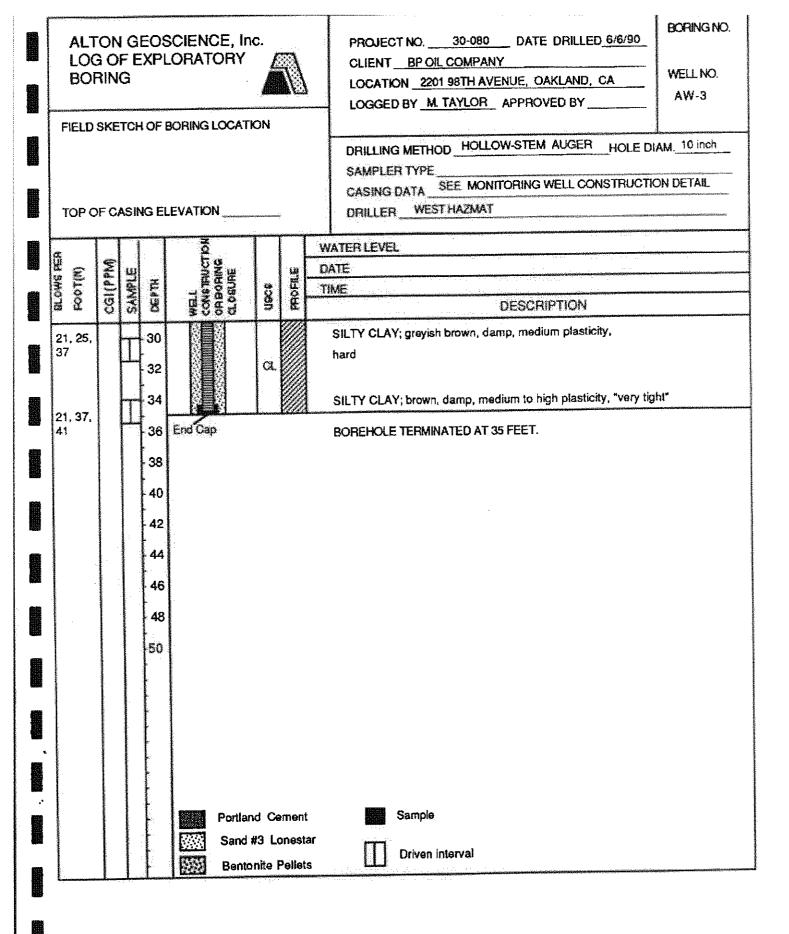


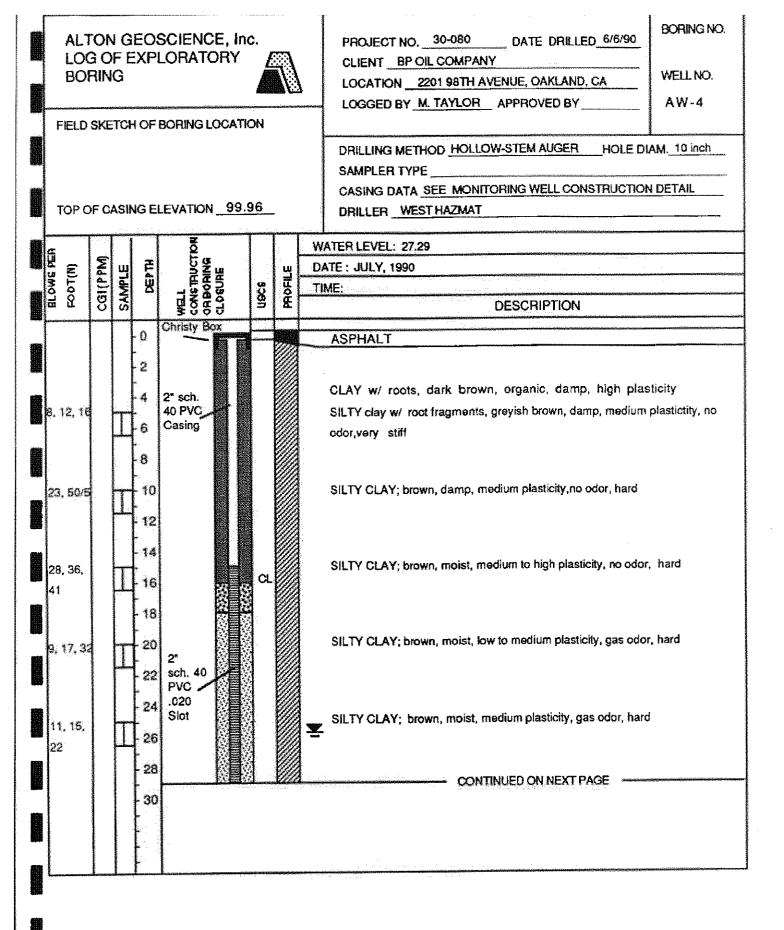


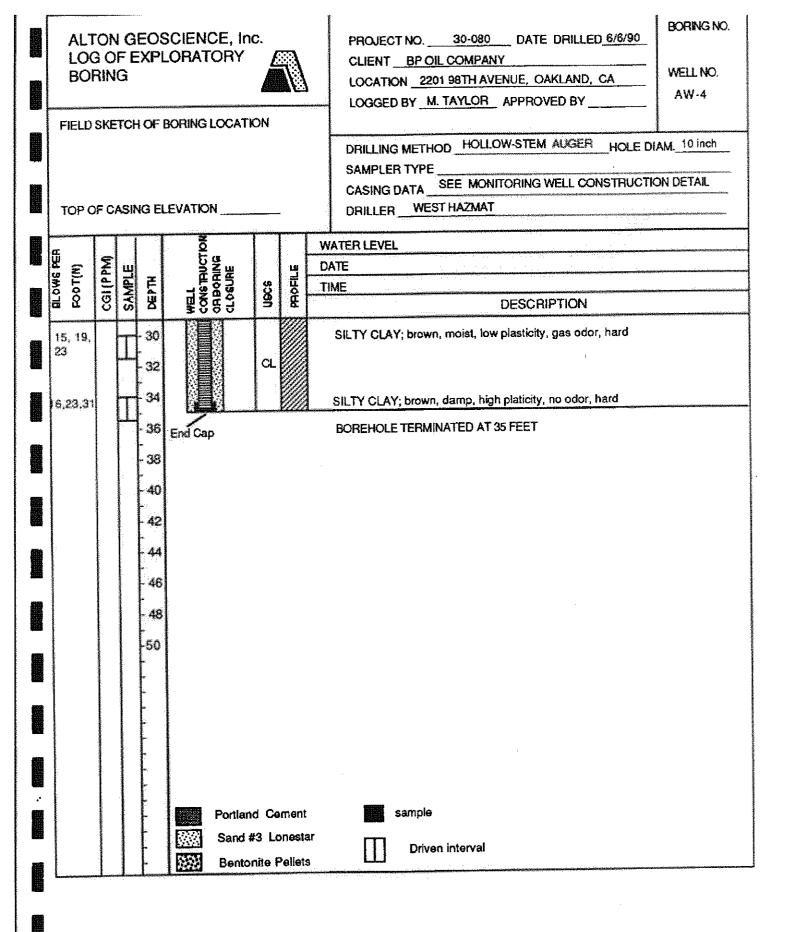


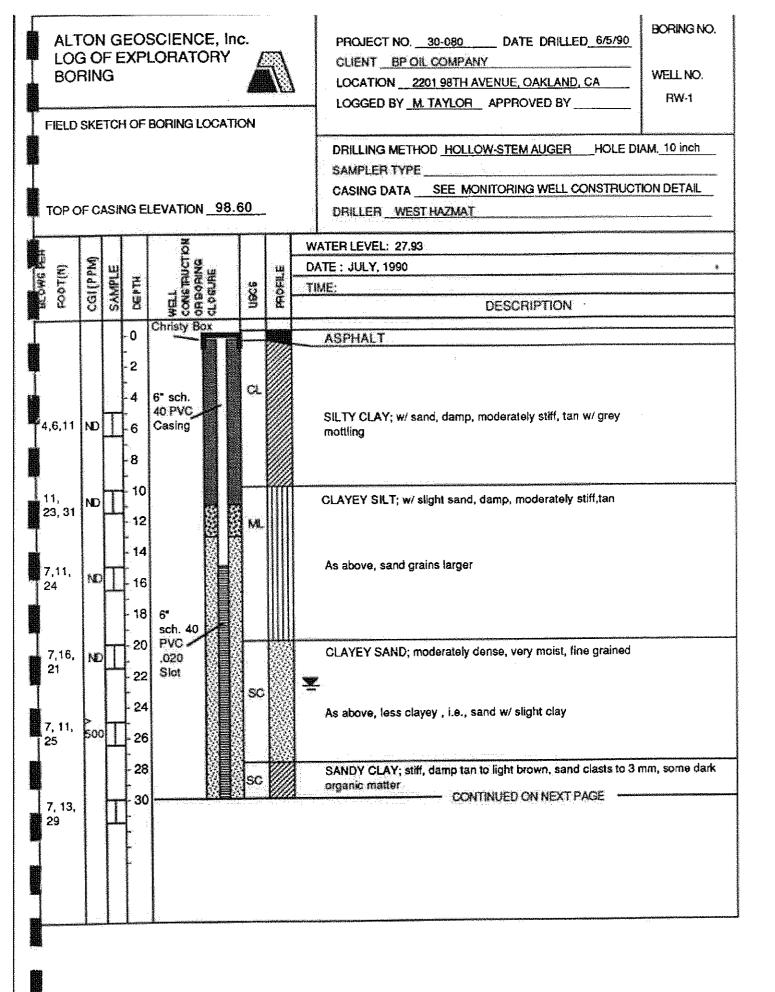




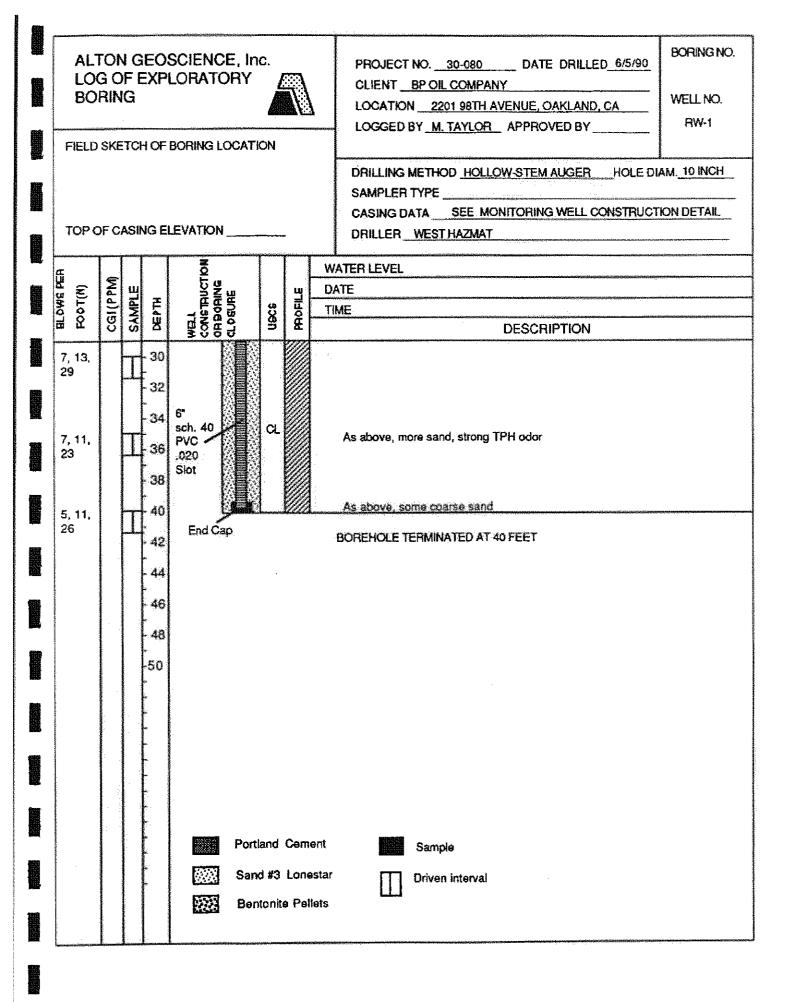


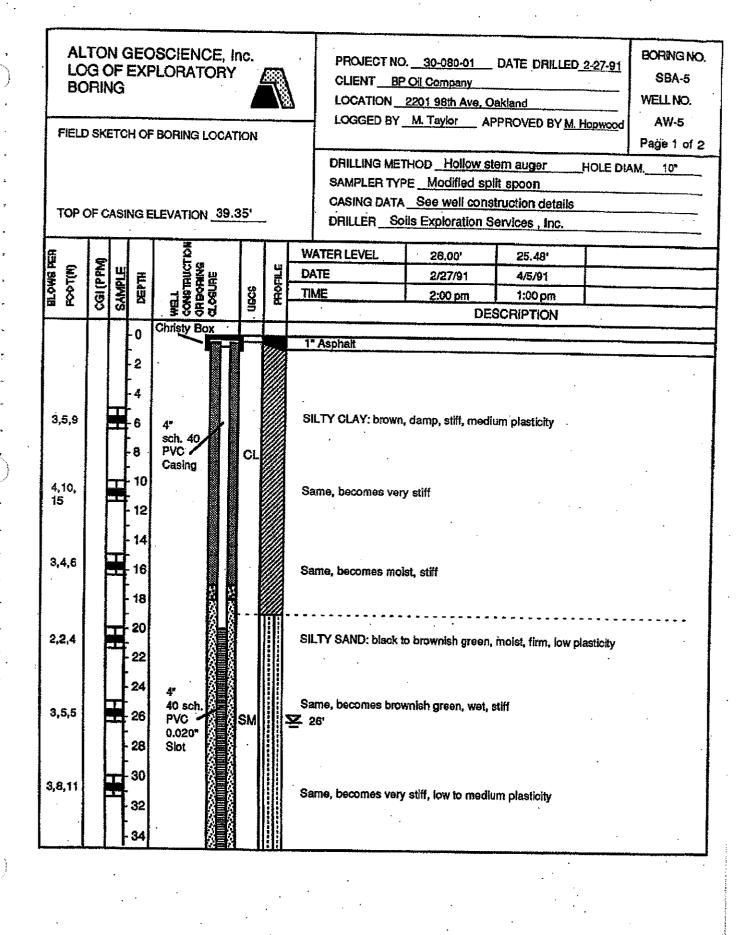


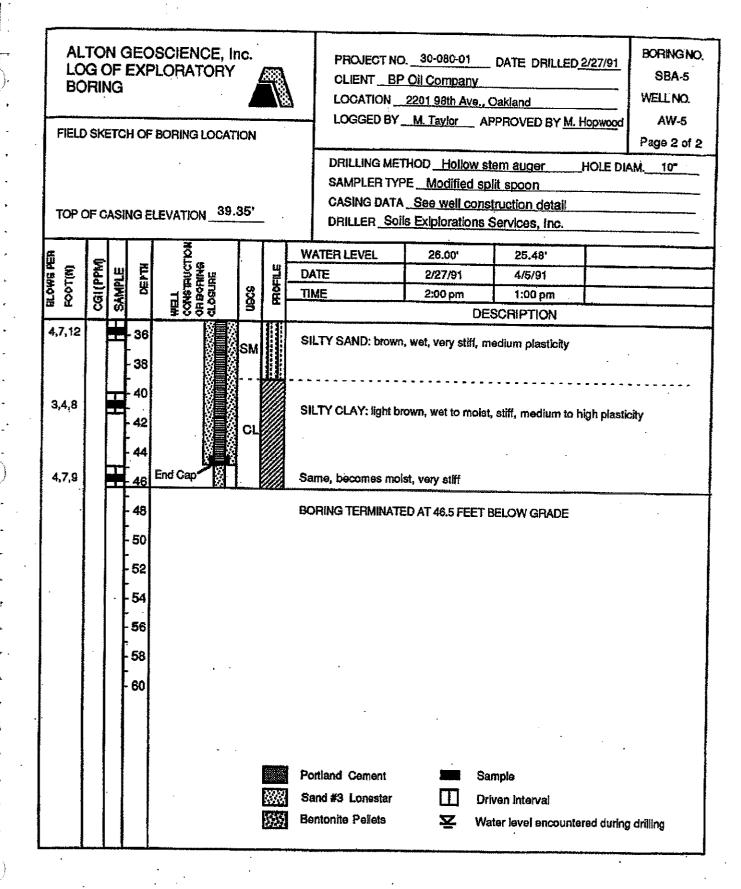


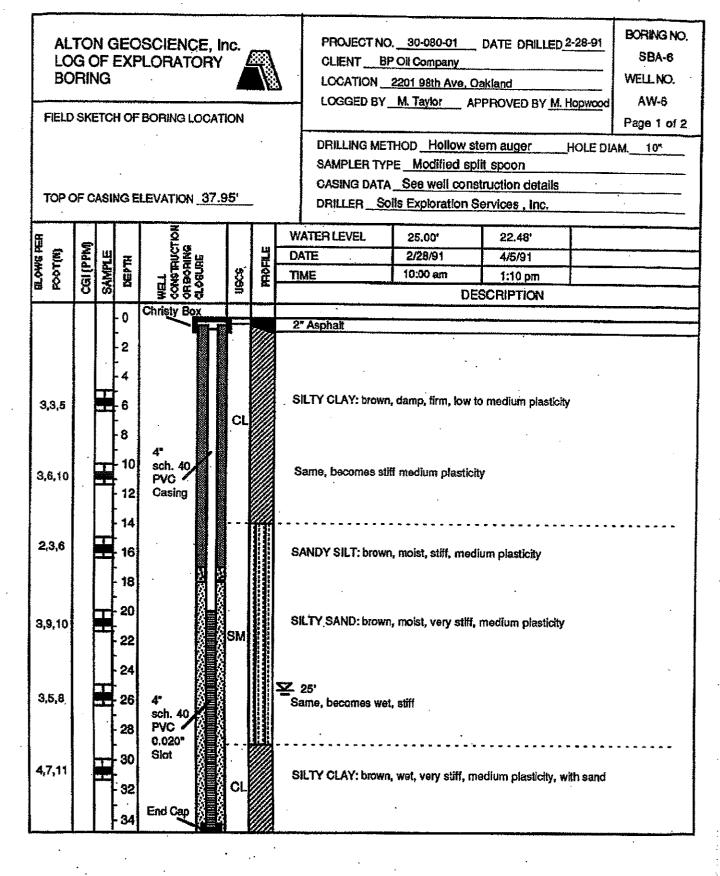


<sup>......</sup> 









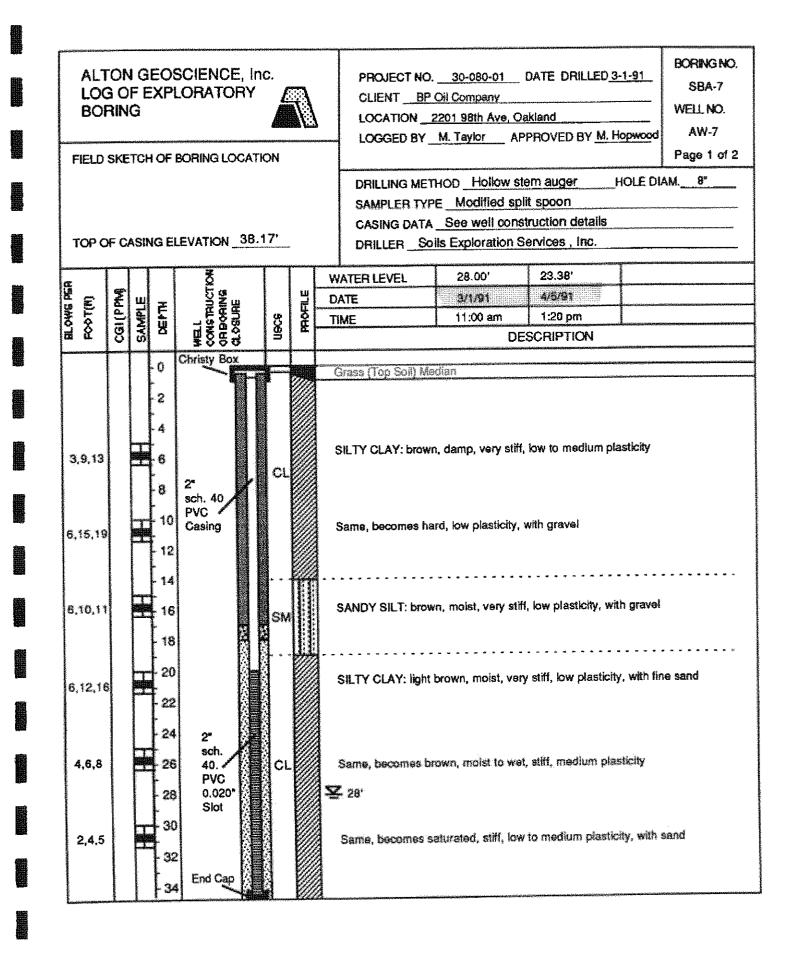
Í:

.

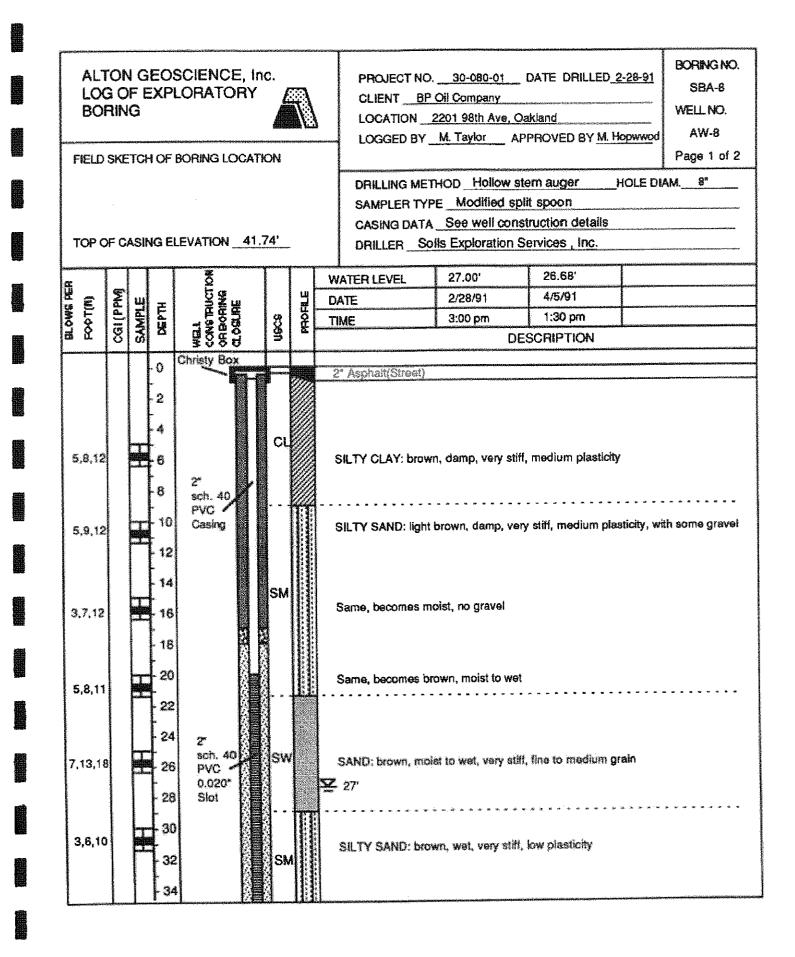
	DSK	ALTON GEOSCIENCE, Inc. LOG OF EXPLORATORY BORING						PROJECT NO. <u>30-080-01</u> DATE DRILLED 2/28/91 CLIENT <u>BP Oil Company</u> LOCATION <u>2201 98th Ave., Oakland</u> LOGGED BY <u>M. Taylor</u> APPROVED BY <u>M. Hopwood</u>			
	OFC			BORING LOCAT			DRILLING MET SAMPLER TYP CASING DATA	THOD <u>Hollo</u> PE <u>Modified</u> See well o	w stem augerH d split spoon construction detail	pwood Pag OLE DIAM.	
BLOWG REA FODT(N)	CGI (PPM)	<u>1</u>		WELL CONSTRUCTION OR DOPING CLOSURE	Boen	HAOFILE	WATER LEVEL DATE TIME	25.00* 2/28/91 10:00 am	22.48' 4/5/91 1:10 pm	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
4,7,12	-			<u>₹000</u>	CL		SILTY CLAY: brown	. Wot vary sti	DESCRIPTION ff, medium plasticity, with		
	[	F	- 38		4	<i></i>			EET BELOW GRADE	t some sand	
			-								
			- 40								
			- 42								
			- 44								
			- 46 -								
			- 48								
			- 50					•			
			- 52						•		
			54					. •			
			- 56								
			- 58	•				-			
			- - 60				• •				
									-		
							Portland Cement		Sample		
						<u> </u>	Sand #3 Lonestar		Driven interval		
				<u> </u>		845h	Bentonite Pellets	茎	Water level encountere	d during drillir	
			L	_							
						•					
									· .		

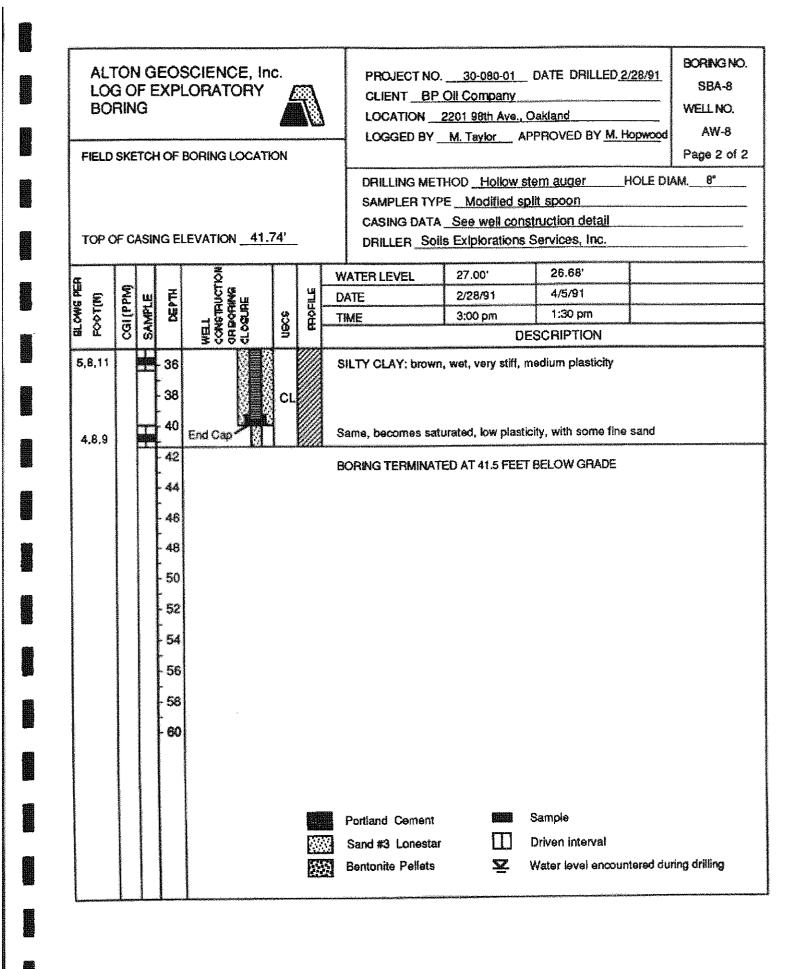
·

1



LO		FE		CIENCE, In ORATORY	с. <u>Е</u>		CLIENT BP	Oil Company 2201 98th Ave.,		WELL NO.
FIELD	SKE	TCł	I OF E	BORING LOCATH	ON		DRILLING ME SAMPLER TY	THOD Hollow	stern auger HOI	Page 2 of 2
TOP	of C	Asin	ig el	EVATION 38.1	17'	-	DRILLER So	ils Exploration	s Services, Inc.	
RLOWS HEH FQOT(M)	cai (PPM)	SAMPLE	R M	WELL CONSTRUCTION OR DOMING CLOGLINE	scen	RROFILE	WATER LEVEL DATE TIME	28.00' 3/1/91 11:00 am	23.38' 4/5/91 1:20 pm DESCRIPTION	
2,4,6			- 36	M	CL		SILTY CLAY: brow	m, saturated, stif	f, medium plasticity, wit	h some sand
			- 38 - 40 - 42 - 44 - 48 - 50 - 52 - 54 - 56 - 58 - 60							
							Portland Cement Sand #3 Lonesta		Sample Driven interval Water level encounter	ed during drilling







# **BORING/WELL LOG**

	TION ECT M ER ING M IG DI ED B	UMBE IETHO AMETE	BI 222 R85 Gi D1 R" S. K.	P-11 220 52-1 regi ydra . Dw	692 g Drillin aulic pu vight uhman,	yenue, gsh			ATE (YIELD) VATION TON NA 18 to 28 Encountered) C)	<u>ft bgs</u> 19. 18.	5 ft (22-Oc 5 ft (22-Oc	n-01)
0.4 0.4 0.4 0.4	6.6 9.9	0,49	B-1-4.5 B-1-V 1 B-1-V 2 B-1-V 2 B-1-V 3 B-1-V 3			ML ML ML	Q4': very stiff; 10% low plasticity; low es SANDY SILT (ML); I 80% silt, 15% fine gmoderate estimated SILT (ML); brown; di fine grained sand; nu permeability; some r CLAYEY SILT (ML); 10% fine grained sand; lo moderate estimated SILTY SAND (SM);	ry; very stiff; 10% clay, 85% o plasticity; low estimated oots. brown; dry; soft; 15% clay, nd; low to medium plasticity permeability. brown; damp; 15% clay, 65° w to medium plasticity; low permeability. brown; wet; 20% silt, 60% fi I, 20% fine gravel; no plastic	Ity. ed sand; 5 clay, w to silt, 5% 75% silt, ; low to % silt, 20% to  ne to	8.0 10.0 12.0 17.0		<ul> <li>◄ 3/4" diam., Schedule 40 PVC</li> <li>◄ Open Borehole</li> <li>◄ Monterey Sand #2/12</li> </ul>
WELL LOG (PIOVP/SOIL) H\BHITIS-111133100-11131.GPJ DEFAULT.GDT			B-1-2 3.5			SP	GRAVELLY SAND ( medium to coarse g plasticity; high estim Total depth = 28'. Temporary well casi	SP); brown; wet; 15% silt, 4 rained sand, 40% fine grave ated permeability. Ing installed. Well purged a ted using bailer. Casing rer	nd grab	23.0		<ul> <li>✓ 3/4"-diam., 0.010" Slotted Schedule 40 PVC</li> <li>Bottom of Boring @ 28 ft</li> </ul>



## BORING/WELL LOG

	NT NA				<u>il Com</u> 1133	pany		DRILLING STARTED	B-2 22-Oct-01			
	ATION JECT N	IUMBE			98th A 692	venue,	Oakla	nd, California DRILLING COMPLETED	23-Oct-01	22-00	t-01 (0.93	aal purae volume
DRIL					g Drillin	g		GROUND SURFACE ELEVA				<u></u>
DRIL	LING N	IETHO	<u>р н</u>	ydra	aulic pu	ısh		TOP OF CASING ELEVATIO	N <u>NA</u>			
BOR	ING DI	АМЕТЕ						SCREENED INTERVAL	<u>18 to 28</u>	ft bgs		
	GED B	·			vight			DEPTH TO WATER (First En	icountered)		0 ft (22-0	
	IEWED	ΒΥ			hman,			DEPTH TO WATER (Static)			0 ft (22-0	<u>ct-01)                                    </u>
REM.	ARKS		н	and	augere	ed to 5	feet.	ocated on southern property boundary adjacent to apa	artment com			
PID (ppm)	Vapor THC (ppmv)	Soil TPHg (ppm)	SAMPLE ID	EXTENT	DEPTH (ft bgs)	U.S.C.S.	GRAPHIC LOG	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION		CONTACT DEPTH (ft bgs)	BORI	NG BACKFILL
						ML.		SANDY SILT (ML); dark brown; dry; 5% clay, 80% 15% fine grained sand; no plasticity; low estimated permeability.				
7.0	2.4	1.6	B-2-V 1, B-2-5	<u>1</u> 2	- 5 -	ML		SILT (ML); brown; dry; very stiff; 5% clay, 85% silt, fine grained sand; no plasticity; low estimated permeability.	10%	4.0		◄ 3/4" diam., Schedule 40 PVC
			B-2-9.5			ML		SANDY SILT (ML); dark brown; dry; 5% clay, 80% 15% fine grained sand; no plasticity; low to modera estimated permeability, some roots.	ite	8.0 10.0		◄ Open Borehol
20 6.0	11		B-2-V 2	2		ML		SILT (ML); brown; dry; very stiff; 5% clay, 85% silt, fine grained sand; no plasticity; low estimated permeability. SANDY SILT (ML); brown; dry; medium stiff; 10% of		12.0		
		<0.050	B-2-1 3.5					70% silt, 20% fine grained sand; no plasticity; low estimated permeability.				
	4.5		B-2-V 3	T.	—15— 	ML		@16': damp; 15% clay, 60% silt, 25% fine grained low to medium plasticity; low to moderate estimate permeability.	d	18.0		
						SP		GRAVELLY SAND (SP); brown; wet; 10% silt, 50%	é	19.0		
			B-2-1 9.5			SM		<ul> <li>medium to coarse grained sand; 40% fine to coars gravel; no plasticity; high estimated permeability.</li> </ul>	° /	20.0		
6.0		1	⊌-s-+9.⊅		-20-	ML		\ SILTY SAND (SM); brown; wet; 15% silt, 85% fine	grained /	21.0		Monterey Sand #2/12
	1					SM		<ul> <li>\sand; no plasticity; high estimated permeability.</li> <li>SANDY SILT (ML); brown; wet; 15% clay, 60% silt,</li> </ul>	25%	22.0		
			B-2-2 3.5			SP		fine grained sand; low to medium plasticity; modera estimated permeability. SILTY SAND (SM); brown; wet; 15% silt, 85% fine sand; no plasticity; high estimated permeability.	11	24.0		◄ 3/4"-diam., 0.010" Slotted Schedule 40
					-25-	SM		→ GRAVELLY SAND (SP); brown; wet; 10% silt, 50% ¬\ medium to coarse grained sand; 40% fine to coarse		25.0		PVC
5.0						SP		Gravel; no plasticity; high estimated permeability. SILTY SAND (SM); brown; wet; 15% silt, 85% fine Sand; no plasticity; high estimated permeability.	//	27.0		
6.0			B-2-2 7.5			ML		GRAVELLY SAND (SP); brown; wet; 10% silt, 50% medium to coarse grained sand; 40% fine to coarse gravel; no plasticity; high estimated permeability. CLAYEY SILT (ML); brown; damp; 15% clay, 75% 10% fine grained sand; low to medium plasticity; lo moderate estimated permeability. Total depth = 28'. Temporary well casing installed. Well purged and s water sample collected using bailer. Casing removi sealed with grout after sampling.	e // slit, sw to //	28.0		Bottom of Boring @ 28 ft

....



ML

ML

ML

permeability.

## **BORING/WELL LOG**

15.0

17.0

JOB/S LOCA PROJ DRILI DRILI BORI LOGO	ECT N ER ING M NG DIA GED BY EWED	AME UMBEI IETHOI AMETE	BF 22 8 85 Gr D Hy R 2" S, K.	2-1 2-1 equ dra Dv Ra	692 g Drillin aulic pu vight ahman,	venue, g ish RG		BORING/WELL NAME DRILLING STARTED DRILLING STARTED DRILLING COMPLETED WELL DEVELOPMENT D GROUND SURFACE ELE TOP OF CASING ELEVAT SCREENED INTERVAL DEPTH TO WATER (First DEPTH TO WATER (Stati	ATE (YIELD) VATION TON NA 20 to 30 Encountered) c)	9 ft bgs 21_ 21. plex.	0 ft (22-C 0 ft (22-C	0ct-01) ∑ 0ct-01) Ţ
PID (ppm)	Vapor THC (ppmv)	Soil TPHg (ppm)	SAMPLE ID	EXTENT	DEPTH (ft bgs)	U.S.C.S.	GRAPHIC LOG	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION		CONTACT DEPTH (ft bgs)	BOF	IING BACKFILL
6.0 4.0	7.0	<0.050	B-3-4 .5 B-3-V 1 B-3-9 .5 B-3-V 2	3		ML		SANDY SILT (ML); brown; dry; 70% silt, 30% fil coarse grained sand; no plasticity; high estimate permeability. SILT (ML); brown; dry; very stiff; 5% clay, 85% i fine grained sand; no plasticity; low estimated permeability.	∍d	4.0		<ul> <li>3/4" diam., Schedule 40 PVC</li> <li>Open Borehole</li> </ul>

WELL LOG (PID/VP/SOIL) H:08HTIS-1//1133--1/8P-11133.0PJ DEFAULT.GDT 2/19/02

5.0

4.0

3.0

3.0

1.6

<0.050 8-3-1 3.5

B-2-1 0

B-3-V 3 🕎

D-3-1 8.0		<b>S</b> M	SILTY SAND (SM); brown; wet; 25% slit, 75% fine grained sand; no plasticity; high estimated permeability.	21.0 23.0	<ul> <li>Monterey Sand #2/12</li> </ul>
B-3-2 3.5	- 25	ML SM	CLAYEY SILT (ML); brown; damp; stiff; 20% clay, 75% silt, 5% fine grained sand; medium plasticity; low to moderate estimated permeability. SILTY SAND (SM); brown; wet; 25% silt, 75% fine grained sand; no plasticity; high estimated permeability. CLAYEY SILT (ML); brown; wet; 20% clay, 70% silt, 5% fine grained sand, 5% fine gravel; medium plasticity; low to moderate estimated permeability. @27'; 30% clay, 65% silt, 5% fine grained sand.	25.0	<ul> <li>3/4°-diam.,</li> <li>0.010° Slotted</li> <li>Schedule 40</li> <li>PVC</li> </ul>
	- 30		Total depth = 30'. Temporary well casing installed. Well purged and grab water sample collected using bailer. Casing removed and sealed with grout after sampling.	30.0	Bottom of Boring @ 30 ft
					 PAGE 1 OF

SANDY SILT (ML); brown; dry; stiff; 10% clay, 75% silt, 15% fine grained sand; low plasticity; low estimated

SILT (ML); brown; dry; 10% clay, 80% silt, 10% fine grained sand; low plasticity; low estimated permeability.

SANDY SILT (ML); brown; damp; 15% clay, 65% silt, 20% fine grained sand; low to medium plasticity; low estimated permeability.



r

-----

Cambria Environmental Technology, Inc. 1144 - 65th St. Oakland, CA 94608 Telephone: (510) 420-0700 Fax: (510) 420-9170

۳

### BORING/WELL LOG

CLIENT NAME	BP Oil Company	BORING/WELL NAME			
JOB/SITE NAME	BP-11133	DRILLING STARTED 22-C	Det-01		
LOCATION	2220 98th Avenue, Oakland, California	DRILLING COMPLETED 23-C	Oct-01		
PROJECT NUMBER	852-1692	WELL DEVELOPMENT DATE (Y	IELD) 2	3-Oct-01 (0.66 gal purge	volume)
DRILLER	Gregg Drilling	GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION	N		
DRILLING METHOD	Hydraulic push	TOP OF CASING ELEVATION	NA		
BORING DIAMETER	<u>2</u> "		18 to 28 ft	bgs	
LOGGED BY	S. Dwight	DEPTH TO WATER (First Encou	intered)	21.0 ft (22-Oct-01)	$\overline{\Sigma}$
REVIEWED BY	K. Rahman, RG	DEPTH TO WATER (Static)	_	21.0 ft (23-Oct-01)	Ţ

REMARKS Hand augered to 5 feet. Located on eastern property boundary adjacent to single story residence.

PID (ppm)	Vapor THC (ppmv)	Soil TPHg (ppm)	SAMPLE ID	EXTENT	DEPTH (ft bgs)	U.S.C.S.	GRAPHIC LOG	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION	CONTACT DEPTH (ft bgs)	BORING BACKFILL
						ML		SANDY SILT (ML); brown; dry; 75% silt, 25% fine grained sand; no plasticity; moderate estimated permeability.	4.0	
4.0	1.3	<0.050	B-4-4 .5 B-4-V 1	3	 	ML		SILT (ML); brown; dry; very stiff; 5% clay, 85% silt, 10% flne grained sand; no plasticity; low estimated permeability.		≪ 3/4" dlam., Schedule 40 PVC
5.0	1.3		B-4-9.5 B-4-V 2	Ŀ	 10			@10': 10% clay, 80% silt; low plasticity.	10.0	≪ Open Borehok
5.0		<0.050 <0.050	B-4-1 3.5		 	ML		SANDY SILT (ML); brown; dry; medium stiff; 5% clay, 80% silt, 15% fine grained sand; no plasticity; low estimated permeability.	12.0	
	2.1		B-4-V 3	Ð		ML		SILT (ML); brown; dry; 5% clay, 85% silt, 10% fine grained sand; low plasticity; low estimated permeability.	16.0	
3.0		<0,050	B-4-1 9.5		20-	ML		CLAYEY SILT (ML); brown; damp; 15% clay, 75% silt,	20.0	Monterey Sand #2/12
1162			B-4-2 3.5		 	SM		10% fine grained sand; low to medium plasticity; low to moderate estimated permeability. SILTY SAND (SM); brown with grey; wet; 15% silt, 55% medium to coarse grained sand, 30% fine gravel; no plasticity; high estimated permeability. @23': 25% silt, 75% fine grained sand, @24': 45% medium to coarse grained sand, 30% fine		<ul> <li>3/4"-diam.,</li> <li>0.010" Slotted</li> <li>Schedule 40</li> <li>PVC</li> </ul>
1730			B-4-2 7.5		25  	ML		gravel. @25': 25% silt, 75% fine grained sand. CLAYEY SILT (ML); brown; damp; 15% clay, 75% silt, 10% fine grained sand; low to medium plasticity; low to moderate estimated permeability. Total depth = 28'.	26.0 28.0	Bottom of
3.0								Total deput = 26. Temporary well casing installed. Well purged and grab water sample collected using bailer. Casing removed and sealed with grout after sampling.		Boring @ 28 ft
										PAGE 1 OF



# **BORING/WELL LOG**

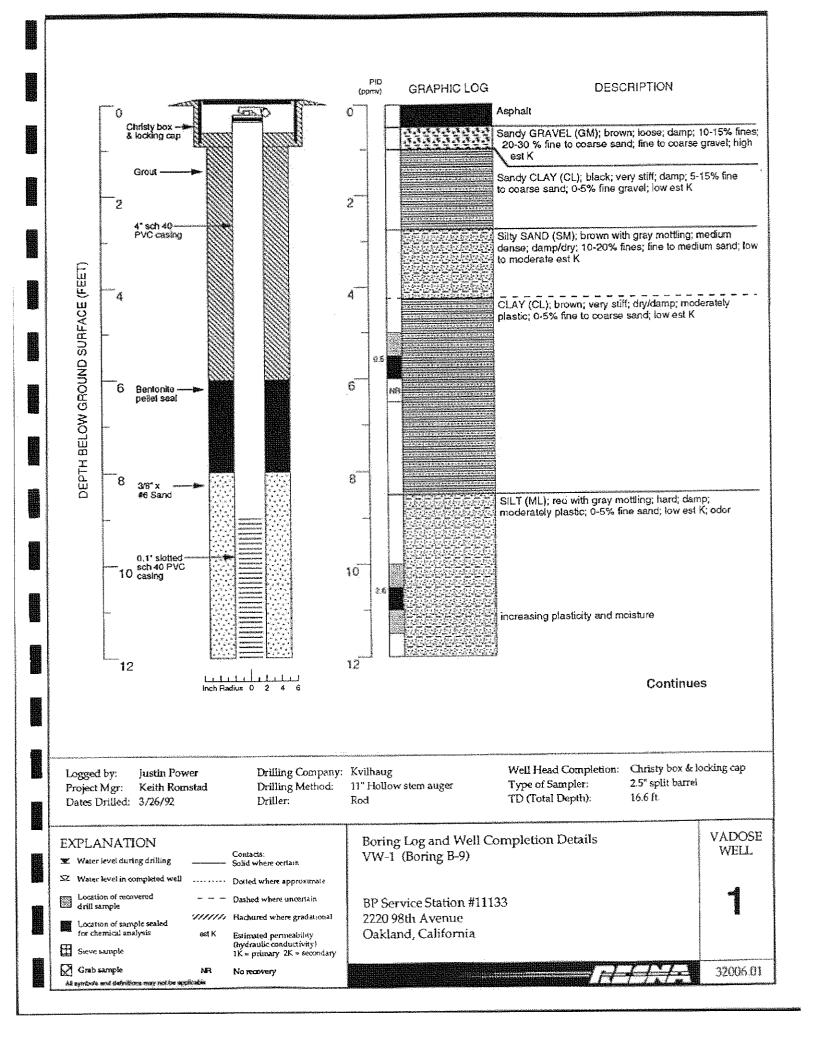
JOB/ LOC/ PRO DRIL DRIL BORI LOG(	ler Ling N Ing Di Ged B	AME IUMBE AETHO AMETE	B 22 R 89 G D H SR 22 S	P-1 220 52-1 iregi ydra " . Dv	il Comr 1133 98th A 692 g Drillin aulic pu vight thman,	vənue, g ish	Oakla	BORING/WELL NAME DRILLING STARTED DRILLING STARTED WELL DEVELOPMENT I GROUND SURFACE EL TOP OF CASING ELEVA SCREENED INTERVAL DEPTH TO WATER (Firs DEPTH TO WATER (Sta	DATE (YIELD) EVATION ATION NA 15 to 2 st Encountered	23-Oc 5 ft bgs )24,		
	ARKS						feet. I	ocated on eastern property boundary adjacent to	-	dence.		
РіD (ррт)	Vapor THC (ppmv)	Soil TPHg (ppm)	SAMPLE ID	EXTENT	DEPTH (ft bgs)	U.S.C.S.	GRAPHIC LOG	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION		CONTACT DEPTH (ft bgs)	BORI	NG BACKFILL
0	6.2	0.084	В-5-V 1 В-5-5 .5 В-5-9 .5 В-5-V 2			ML		<ul> <li>SANDY SILT (ML); dark brown; dry; 70% silt, medium to coarse grained sand; 15% fine grav plasticity; moderate estimated permeability.</li> <li>@5': brown; hard; 80% silt, 20% medium grain low estimated permeability.</li> <li>@8': very stiff; 5% clay, 75% silt, 15% medium sand, 5% fine gravel; low plasticity.</li> <li>@10': 65% silt, 25% medium grained sand, 10 gravel; no plasticity.</li> </ul>	vel; no ned sand; n grained			<ul> <li>◄ 3/4" diam., Schedule 40 PVC</li> <li>◄ Open Borehole</li> </ul>
0.5	1.7		B-5-1 3.5 B-5-V 3		  - 15- 	SM ML ML		SILTY SAND (SM); brown; dry; 40% silt, 60% medium grained sand; no plasticity; moderate pearmeability. SANDY SILT (ML); brown; dry; 5% clay, 55% fine grained sand; low plasticity; low estimated permeability. SILT (ML); brown; dry; very stiff; 5% clay, 85% fine grained sand; low plasticity; low estimated	estimated silt, 40% i silt, 10%	12.0 13.0 16.0 17.0		≺ Monterev
ED DEFAULT.GDT 2/19/02		<0.050	B-5-1 9.5			ML		permeability. CLAYEY SILT (ML); brown; damp; stiff; 20% c silt, 10% fine grained sand; low plasticity; low permeability. SANDY SILT (ML); brown; damp; 5% clay, 65 fine grained sand; low plasticity; low to modera estimated permeability. @20': medium stiff; 15% clay, 55% silt, 30% fi sand; low to medium plasticity. @22': stiff; 65% silt, 20% fine grained sand.	estimated % silt, 25% ate	23.0		Sand #2/12 3/4"-diam., 0.010" Slotted Schedule 40 PVC
TTS-1/111331/1133.GF			B-5-2 3.5 B-5-2 7.5		 - 25 	SM ML		<ul> <li>SILTY SAND (SM); brown; wet; 30% silt, 50% coarse grained sand, 20% fine gravel; no plas estimated permeability.</li> <li>@24'; 5% ctay, 30% silt, 65% fine grained san plasticity.</li> <li>@25'; 20% silt, 60% fine to coarse grained san gravel; no plasticity; moderate estimated perm SANDY SILT (ML); brown; wet; medium stiff; 365% silt, 15% fine grained sand; moderate plate</li> </ul>	ticity; high nd; low nd, 20% fine neability/ 20% clay,	27.0		≪ Slough
WELL LOG (PIDAPPSON), HABRITIS-1111331133 GPJ DEFAULT GDT 5 5 5					30			estimated permeability. Total depth = 30'. Temporary well casing installed. Well purged water sample collected using bailer. Casing re sealed with grout after sampling.	and grab emoved and	30.0	8839	Bottom of Boring @ 30 ft

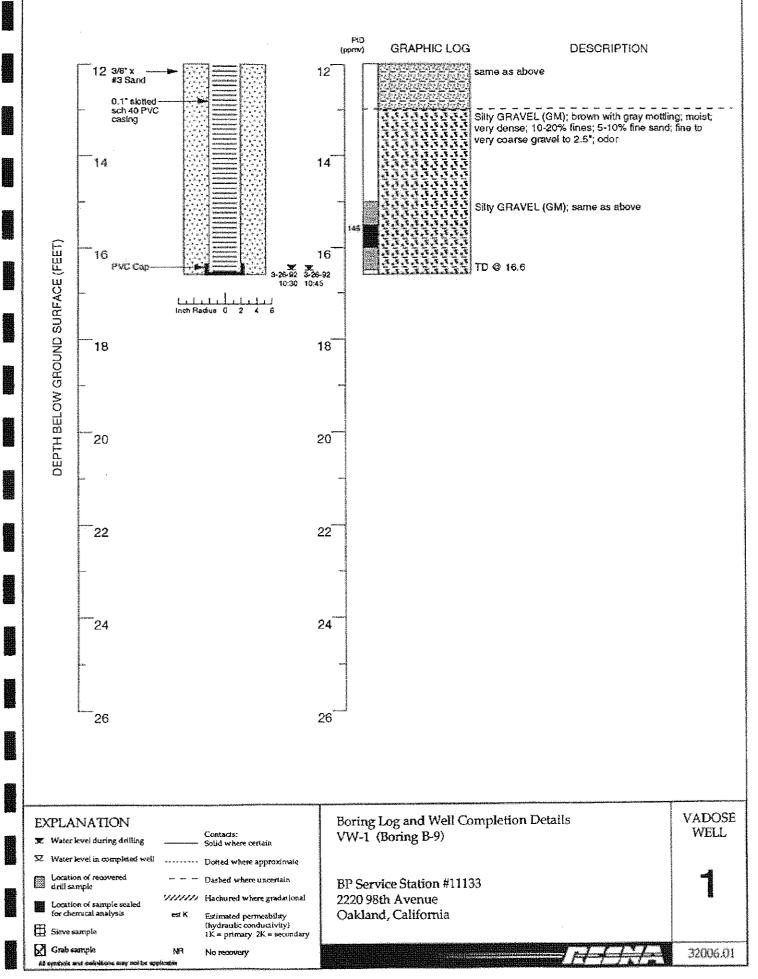


## **BORING/WELL LOG**

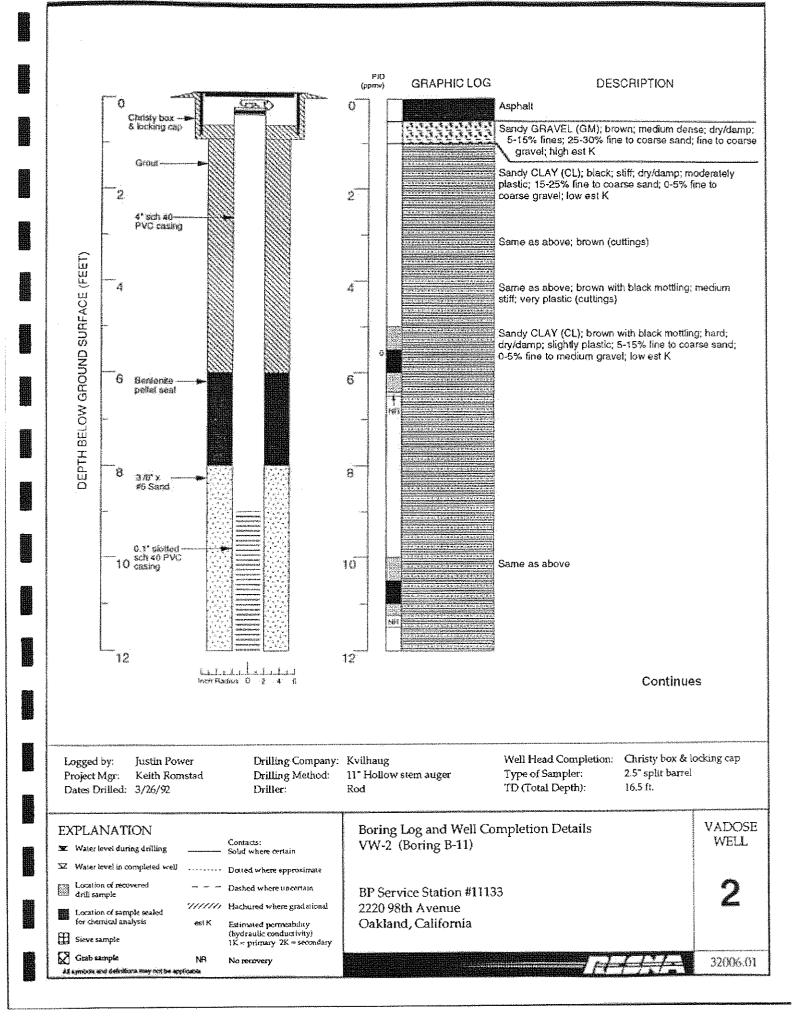
JOB, PRO DRIL DRIL BOR LOG REVI	LING I ING DI GED B	IAME NUMBE METHC AMETH Y	B 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	P-1113 220 98t 52-1692 rego Dr ydraulic Dwigh . Rahm	h Avenue 2 illing 2 push t an, RG		WELL DEVELOF GROUND SURFA TOP OF CASING SCREENED INTI	TED 23-Oct-01 PLETED 23-Oct-01 MENT DATE (YIELD) ACE ELEVATION NA ELEVATION NA ERVAL 20 to 34 ER (First Encountered) ER (Static)	0 ft bgs )23 24	· · · · ·	)ct-01) ∑
PID (ppm)	Vapor THC (ppmv)	Soil TPHg (ppm)	SAMPLE ID	EXTENT DEPTH	(ft bgs) U.S.C.S.	GRAPHIC LOG	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIP	TION	CONTACT DEPTH (ft bgs)	BOR	ING BACKFILL
5	4.2	<0.250	B-6-V 1 B-6-5 .5	- 5	- ML - ML		GRAVELLY SILT (ML); dark brown; dry medium to coarse grained sand, 15% f plasticity; moderate estimated permeat SILT (ML); brown; dry; very stiff; 5% cla fine to medium grained sand; no plastic permeability.	ine gravel; no vility. av. 85% silt. 10%	5.0		<ul> <li>◄ 3/4" diam., Schedule 40 PVC</li> </ul>
3.7	2.3		B-6-9.5 B-6-V 2 B-6-1 3.5		- - - ML		SANDY SILT (ML); brown; dry; 5% clay fine to coarse grained sand; no plasticil estimated permeability. @10': brown mottled with white; 65% si medium grained sand; moderate estima @12': 60% silt, 5% fine gravel.	y; low to moderate	9.0		≪ Open Borehole
	2.4	<0.050	B-6-V 3 B-6-1 9.5		- ML.		SILT (ML); brown; dry; 5% clay, 85% si sand; low plasticity; low estimated perm SANDY SILT (ML); brown; dry; 5% clay fine grained sand; low plasticity; low to estimated permeability. CLAYEY SILT (ML); brown; damp; 30%	, 80% silt, 15% moderate clay, 60% silt,	15.0 18.0 20.0		
			<b>B-6-2</b> 3.5	- 25	- ML		10% fine grained sand; moderate plast moderate estimated permeability. SANDY SILT (ML); brown; wet; 20% cla fine grained sand; moderate plasticity; r estimated permeability.	IV, 50% silt, 30%	22.0		<ul> <li>Monterey Sand #2/12</li> <li>3/4"-diam., 0.010" Slotted</li> </ul>
			B-6-2 7.5		ML		SILTY SAND (SM); brown with grey; we silt; 65% fine grained sand; low plasticit permeability. SILT (ML); brown; damp; 10% clay, 80% grained sand; low plasticity; low to mod permeability. Total depth = 30'. Temporary well casing installed. Well p water sample collected using bailer. Ca sealed with grout after sampling.	y; high estimated 6 silt, 10% fine erate estimated urged and grab	27.0 30.0		Schedule 40 PVC Bottom of Boring @ 30 ft

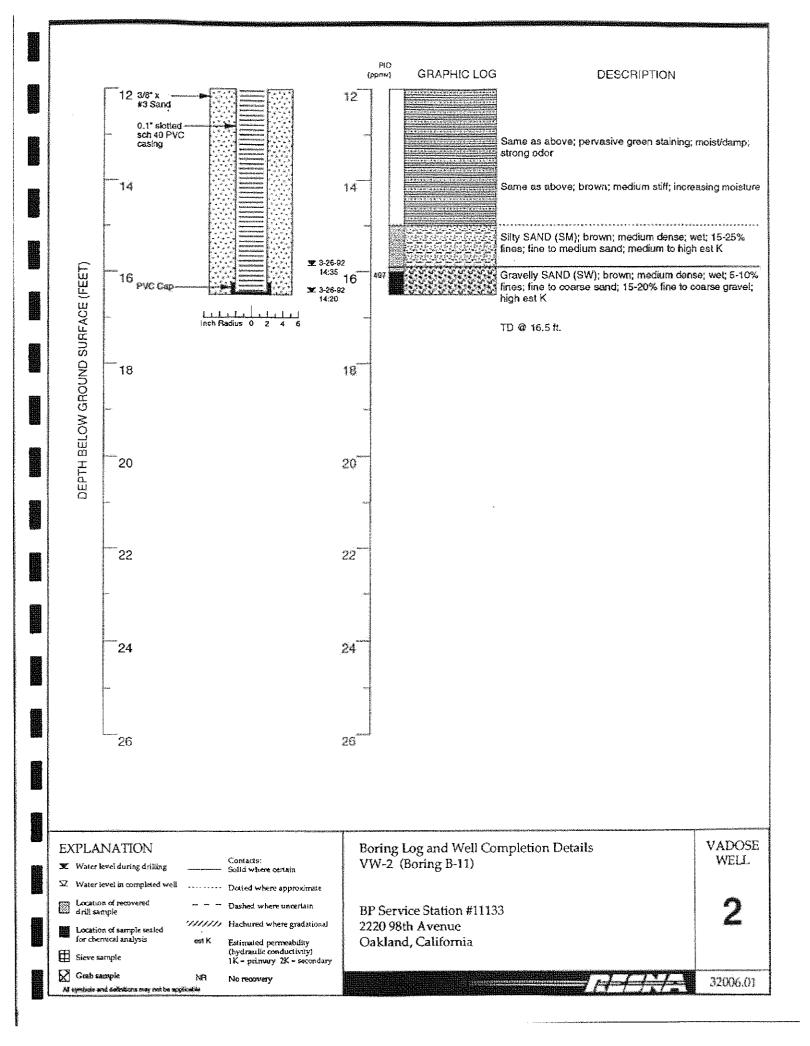
WELL LOG (PID/VP/SOIL) H/BRITIS-1/11133--1/BP-11133.GPJ DEFAULT GDT 2/19/02

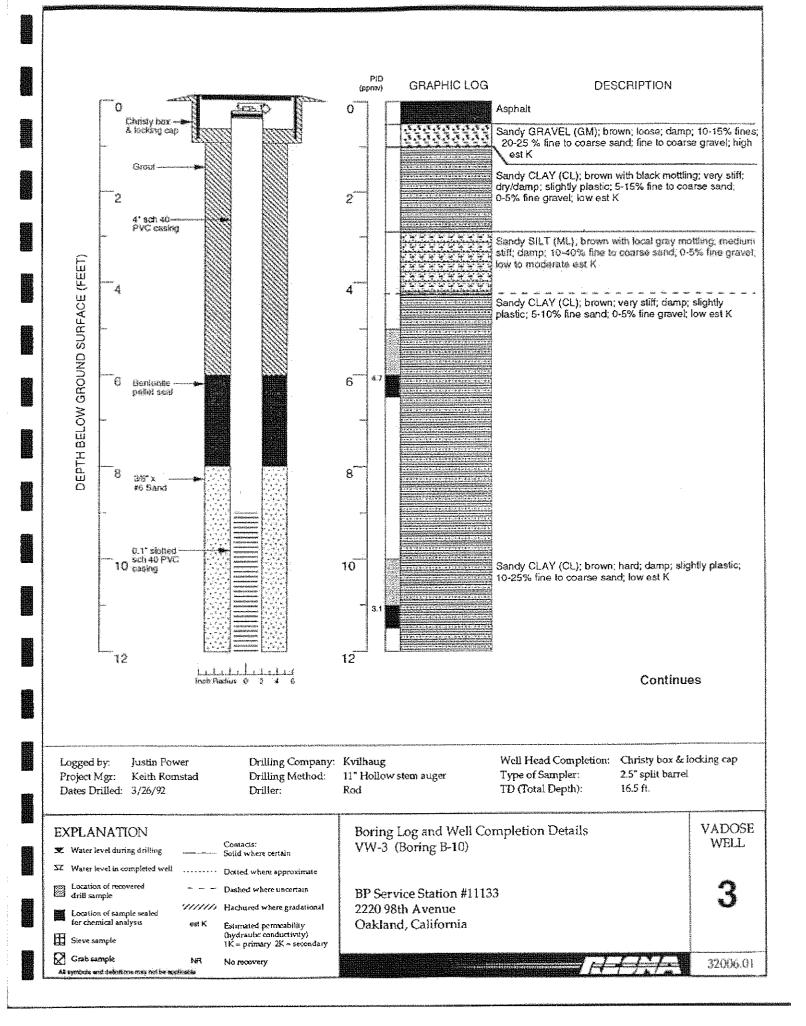


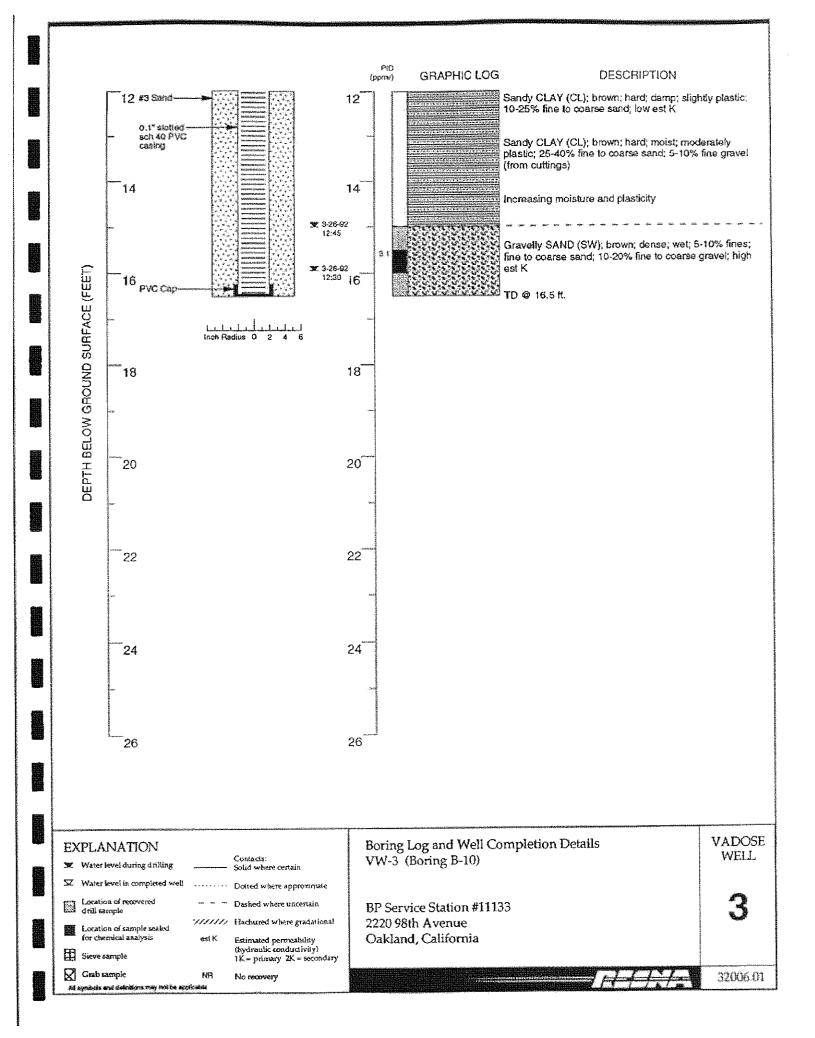


-----



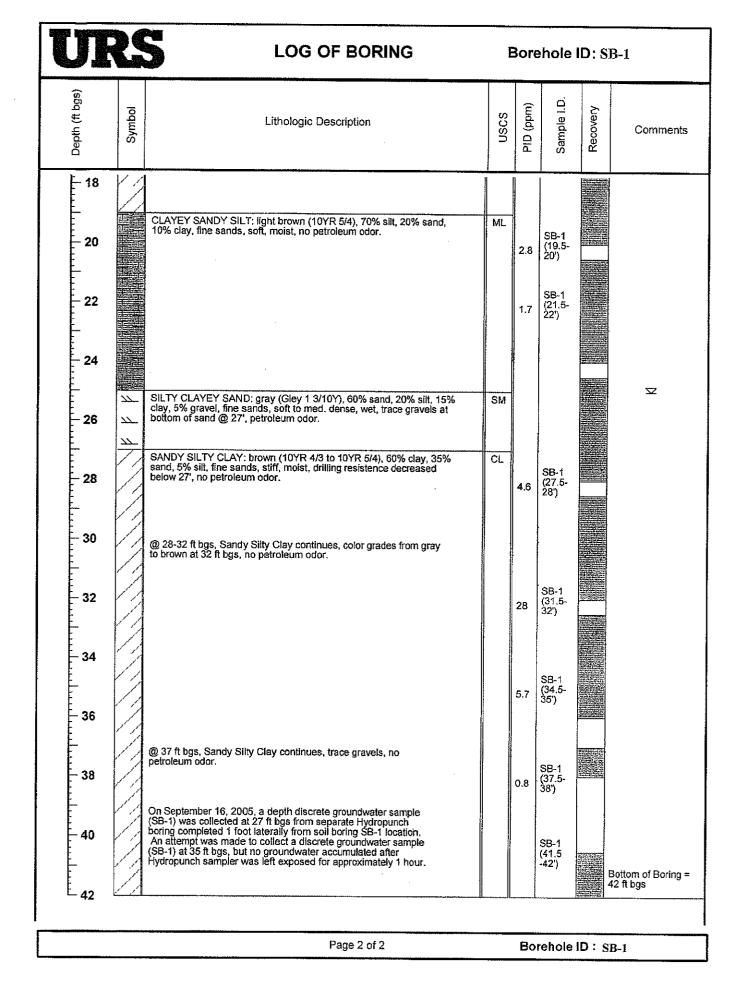




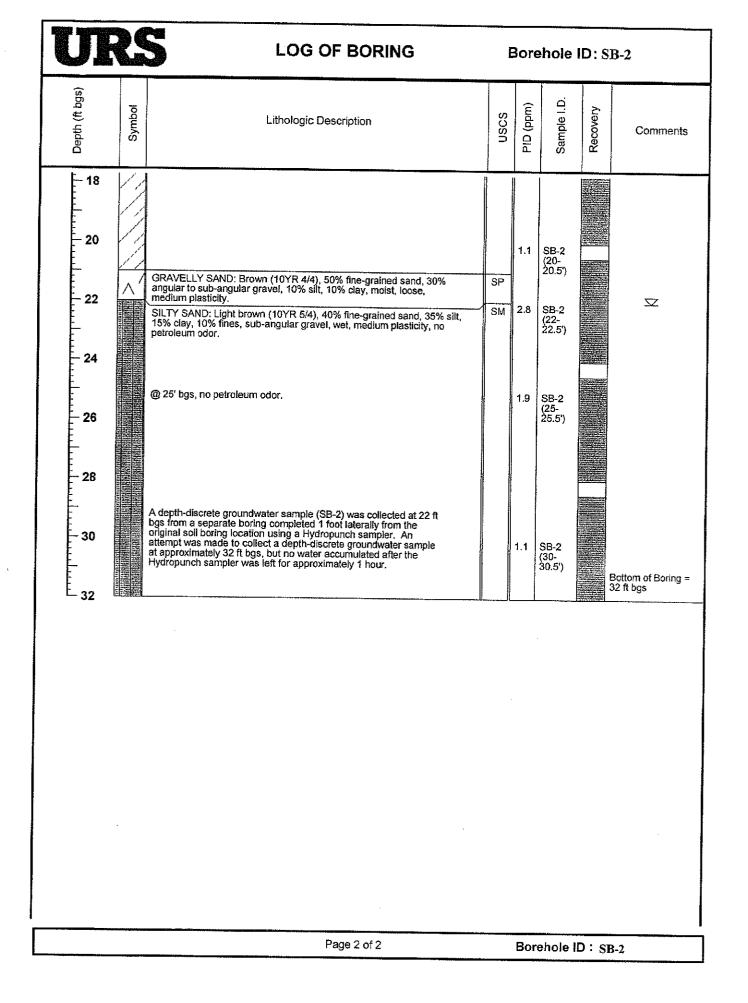


×	WALNU	IT CREEK, CALIFORNIA	ļ				OF BORING AW-9	
							IO: 10-025-12 DATE DRILLED:	12/03/98
			CLI	ENT:	BP	Oll C	mpany	
ę	SEF (	SITE PLAN			****		larner Avenue, Oakland, California	
•			DRI	LLIN	G ME	тноо	Hollow-stem Auger (8")	
			DRI	LIN	G CO	MPAN	(: V & W Drilling Inc. CASING ELEVAT	TON: MSL
			LOG	GED	-		Reinheimer APPROVED BY:	Al Sevilla
BLOWS/6 IN.	PID VALUES	WELL DIAGRAN	OEPTH	feet courses	GRAPHIC LOG	SOIL CLASS	GEOLOGIC DESCRIPTION	
				-	$\overline{\mathcal{A}}$	, GC	4" asphalt; 8" concrete.	
				1			Fill: Clayey to sandy GRAVEL; gray-green; d	amo
			.		K	ML	FIRE LIAYEY TO SANUY ONA YEL; gray-green; d	
17,20,21	٥	2* Sch.40 PVC	onite seal	5			silty CLAY: medium red-brown, damp, medium- 5%, root traces and organics to 5%, hard.	grained sand to
17,20,25	0						Same: damp to moist, sand <2%, organics <29	í, hard.
20,21,23	٥	veen				• SM	clayey to silty SAND: medlum red-brown, mol med-coarse, gravel to 1.5 cm 10%, dense.	st to wet, sand
13,14,14	ð	* 0.010" slatted PVC sa	2007 2	-   -  -  -  -  -  -			Same	
17,11,21	0		T Bentonite Pellets S	5		GC	clayey to silty GRAVEL: medium red-brown, n cm 80%, fines to 20%, medium to coarse grat dense. Same, very dense.	wet, gravel to 1.5 ned sand to 20%,
17,19,31	NM				•7			
18,18,28	NM		° ∃3 ∟	- ا0 ا  0	Į		CLAY: medium red-brown, wet, coarse-grain hard.	ed sand <5%,
11,18,24	NM				╘	4	Same — Boring terminated at 33 feet. Stabilized wa	tor level

URS	1333 Broadway, Suite 8 Oakland, California 946		LO Borehole II Total Dept	D: S	B-1	BORIN	NG	
PROJECT IN						ORMAT		
Project: BP#11133 Soil and			g Company: G					
Site Location: 2220 98th Av		Driller	Don Pearson,C	hris G	arner(	DP)/Paul	Roger	rs,Marco Ramirez (HP)
Project Manager: Lynelle (	Dnishi		of Drilling Rig: I					
RG:			g Method: Direc					HP)
Geologist: John McCain	2	Sampl	ing Method: M	acro-C	ore/H	lydro Pun	ch	-
Job Number: 38487352.001		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	) Drilled: 07/22	/05 &	09/16,	/05		
: 	BORING IN					*****		
Groundwater Depth: 25 ft	······································	Boring	Location: In fro	nt of 9	9857 S	Springfiel	d Ct. r	esidence
	Depth: 5.0 feet bgs/Hand Auger		Diameter: 2.5-i	·····	·····			
Coordinates: X	Ŷ	Boring	Type: Explorate	ory				
Depth (ft bgs) Symbol	Lithologic Description	n		nscs	PID (ppm)	Sample ID	Recovery	Comments
E O AC/Bas	serock: Dirt cover, dirt and baserock (2") I	beneath.		FILL			1	<u></u>
4 SANDY fine sar 4 CLAYE clay, fin 5 SANDY fine sar 6 - 10 - 12 @ 12 fi	<ul> <li>Y SILTY CLAY: FILL, dark brown (10YR 3)</li> <li>W silt, 2% gravel, fine sands, angular gramed. plasticity, no petroleum odor.</li> <li>Y SILTY CLAY: brown (10YR 4/4), 60% clads, med. dense, moist, low plasticity, no</li> <li>Y SANDY SILT: brown (10YR 4/4), 70% he sands, med. stiff, moist, low plasticity, 10</li> <li>Y SILTY CLAY: brown (10YR 4/4), 60% clads, med. stiff, moist, low plasticity, no petroleum odor, sitter and stiff, moist, low plasticity, no petroleum odor, sitter and stiff, moist, low plasticity, no petroleum odor, sitter and stiff, moist, low plasticity, no petroleum odor, sitter and stiff, moist, low plasticity, no petroleum odor, sitter and stiff, moist, low plasticity, no petroleum odor, sitter and stiff, moist, low plasticity, no petroleum odor, sitter and stiff, moist, low plasticity, no petroleum odor, sitter and stiff, moist, low plasticity, no petroleum odor, sitter and stiff, moist, low plasticity, no petroleum odor, sitter and stiff, moist, low plasticity, no petroleum odor, sitter and stiff, moist, low plasticity, no petroleum odor, sitter and stiff, moist, low plasticity, no petroleum odor, sitter and stiff, moist, low plasticity, no petroleum odor, sitter and stiff, moist, low plasticity, no petroleum odor, sitter and stiff, moist, low plasticity, no petroleum odor, mode, med. stiff, moist, low plasticity, no petroleum odor, sitter and stiff, moist, low plasticity, no petroleum odor, med. st</li></ul>	lay, 35% s petroleum silt, 20% s no petroleu lay, 35% s. troleum oc	diameter, and, 5% silt, odor. and, 10% im odor. and, 5% silt, for.	CL CL	3.5 5.0 4.4 3.6 3.7	SB-1 (5-5.5') SB-1 (9.5-10') SB-1 (14.5- 15')		Borehole grouted to grade with neat Portland cement
	Page 2	1 of 2			Во	rehole	ID : g	5 <b>B-</b> 1



URS	1333 Broadway, Suite 80		LO Borehole I			BORII	NG	
	Oakland, California 946	12	Total Dept	:h: 32	tt b	gs		
PROJECT IN	FORMATION		DRIL	LING	INF	ORMAT	ION	
Project: BP #11133 Soil and		Drilling	<b>Company:</b> G	regg D	rilling	g & Testi	ıg	
Site Location: 2220 98th Av		Driller	Paul Rogers					
Project Manager: Lynelle	Onishi		f Drilling Rig:					
RG:			g Method: Dire					HP)
Geologist: Lynelle Onishi	12001		ing Method: M		Core/H	lydro Pur	ch	Madaan, gang ta
Job Number: 38487352.00	BORING IN		) Drilled: 09/16	/05				······································
Groundwater Depth: 22 ft			Location: North			S		
	Depth: 5.0 feet bgs/Air Knife	[	Diameter: 2.5-		mer o	of site		
Coordinates: X	Y	-	Type: Explorate					
		n	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1			T	
Depth (ft bgs) Symbol	Lithologic Descriptior	١		NSCS	(mqq) OI9	Sample ID	Recovery	Comments
ASPH/	ALT: 2" Asphalt		······································	FILL	) 	T		
- 2 SAND' fine-gra plastici - 4 - 6	SANDY GRAVEL, Brown (10YR 4/3), 40% r fine-grained sand, 20% clay, 10% silt, m Y SILTY CLAY: Dark brown (10YR 3/2), 5 ained sand, 5% sub angular gravel, moist ty, no petroleum odor.	0% clay, 3 , soft, med	5% silt, 10% lum	CL	0.1	SB-2 (5-5.5') SB-2 (10- 10.5') SB-2 (15.5- 16')		Borehole grouted to grade with neat Portland cement
	Page *	t of 2			Во	rehole	ID : 1	SB-2



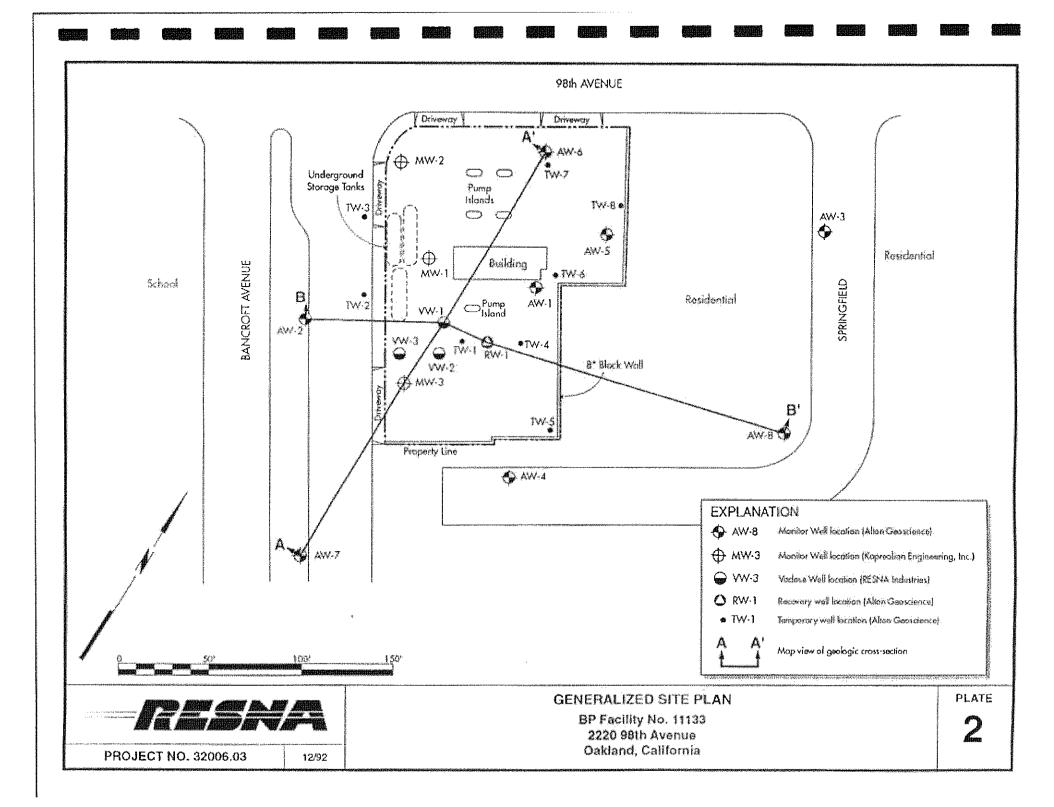
······

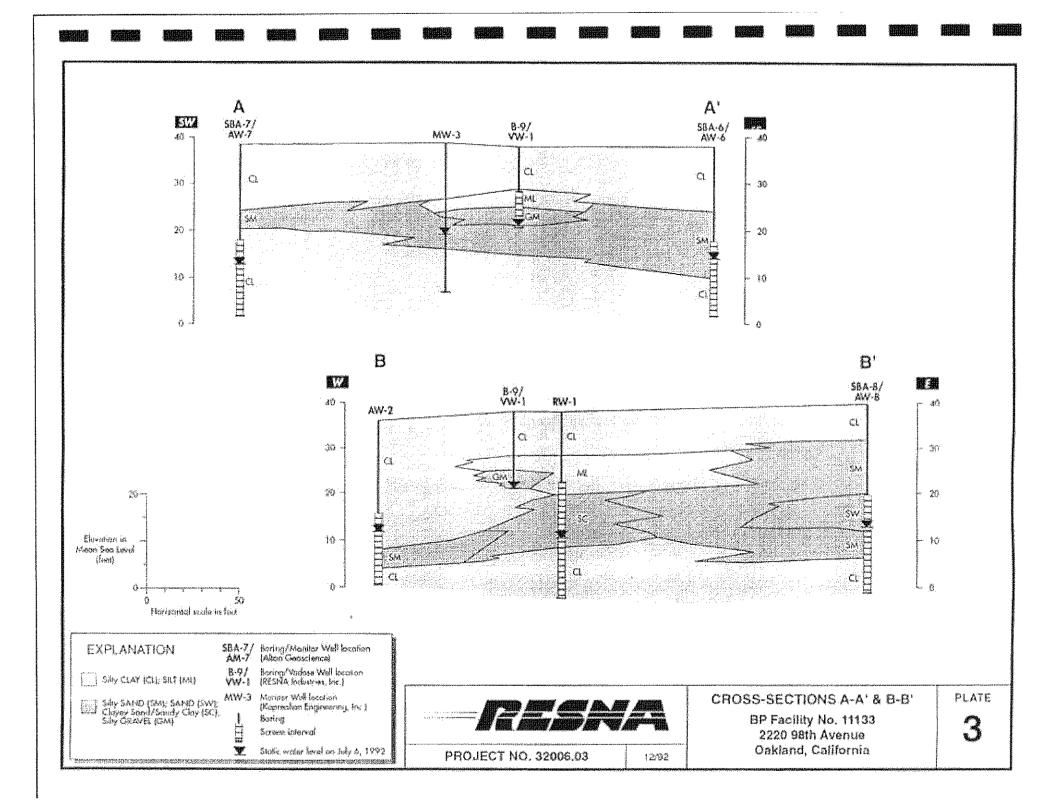
U	R	S	1333 Вгоа	adway, Suite 8		LO Borehole I			Boril	NG		
			Oakland,	California 946	512	Total Dept	h: 8	ft bgs	}			
PROJECT INFORMATION				DRILLING INFORMATION								
			d Water Investigat			g Company: G			& Testi	ng		
Site Location: 2220 98th Avenue, Oakland, CA Project Manager: Lynelle Onishi				Driller: Don Pearson, Chris Garner								
RG:	ager:	Lynene		······································		of Drilling Rig:					······································	
RG: Geologist: John McCain				Drilling Method: Hand Auger								
Job Numbe			13001		Sampling Method: Hand Auger Date(s) Drilled: 07/22/05							
		·····		BORING IN		·			•			
Groundwat	er Dept	th: Not ]	Encountered			Location: In fro	ont of	9857 S	pringfiel	d Ct. r	esidence	
Air Knife or	Hand	Auger [	Depth: 8.0 feet bg	s/Hand Auger		Diameter: 3.25						
Coordinate	s: X	(	Y		Boring	Type: Explorat	ory		1 B			
Depth (ft bgs)	Symbol			ithologic Descriptio	n		nscs	(mqq) OI9	Sample ID	Recovery	Comments	
F-0		AC/Ba	serock: Dirt cover,	dirt and baserock (2")	beneath				<u> </u>	 		
4	F F F F F	SANDY 10% se no petr @ 4 ft t (10YR : SILTY ( silt, 209 @ 6.5 ft gravels	W Silt, 2% gravel, er, moist, soft, med and, 10% silt, fine s oleum odor. ogs, Sandy Silty Cl 5/4), sand increase CLAYEY SAND: br % clay, fine sands, t bgs, Silty Clay co up to 0.25" diamet	fine-grained sands, ar d. plasticity, no petrole sands, med. stiff, moist ay continues, color ch s with depth. Fown (10YR 4/3 to 10Y med. dense, moist, no ntinues, course sands ter.	to 10YR 5/4), 80% clay, ff, moist, med. plasticity, color change to light brown 3 to 10YR 5/4), 60% sand, 20% noist, no petroleum odor.			4.5 5.2 5.5 3.5 4.1			Borehole grouted to grade with neat Portland cement.	
8	<u> </u>	No soil samples collected from boring SB-3. Groundwater not encountered.						6.4			Bottom of Boring = 8 ft bgs	
				Page	1 of 1			Bor	ehole	ID : 5	5B-3	

URS	B <b>OO</b>									
	612									
PROJECT IN		iotal Depth. 12 ft bgs								
Project: BP #11133 Soil an	DRILLING INFORMATION									
Site Location: 2220 98th A		Drilling Company: Gregg Drilling & Testing								
Project Manager: Lynelle	Driller: Paul Rogers Type of Drilling Big: Hand Augus Coopyright Direct Paul Direct									
RG:		Type of Drilling Rig: Hand Auger, Geoprobe Direct Push Rig           Drilling Method: Hand Auger, Geoprobe								
Geologist: Lynelle Onishi	Sampling Method: Hand Auger, Geoprobe									
Job Number: 38487352.00	13001	Date(s) Drilled: 09/16/05								
	BORING		-							
Groundwater Depth: Not	Encountered	Boring	Location: Nor	thern co	mer (	of site, ca	st of A	W-6		
Air Knife or Hand Auger I	-	Diameter: 3.2	·	···						
Coordinates: X	Y	Boring	Type: Explora	tory						
				1	İ	T				
Depth (ft bgs) Symbol				6	PID (ppm)	∣ □	Σ			
symbol	Lithologic Description	п	n scs n			ple	Recovery	Comments		
S B						Sample ID	Re			
ASPH	ALT: 2" Asphalt.			FILL	]					
⊢ (∕) – [ grave].	Y GRAVEL: FILL, brown (10YR 4/3), 40 30% sandy gravel, 20% clay, 10% silt, i	% fine to co moist, locse	arse angular . no							
	um odor.									
-2			_							
E SAND	0YR 4/4), 50 soft to media	1% clay, 30% m stiff,	CL							
- mediur	n plasticity, no petroleum odor.									
					1311	SB-4 @3'				
-4										
					ļ					
<b>6</b> @6ft1	medium sti	ff - stiff.		1127	SB-4					
. (1)						@6'				
F //										
-8										
	direct nucle assured a direct of	0 40 6 1								
@ 9 ft bgs, direct push sampler advanced from 9 - 12 ft bgs.						SB-4 @9				
-10 After re	aching total depth, the boring was allow	ed to eit for								
approxi was en	aching total depth, the boring was allow mately 1 hour for groundwater to accum countered or accumulated within the bor	ulate. No w	ater							
time.		នាមួយអាមេ្តព	115					Bottom of Boring -		
E A					1250			12 ft bgs		
			••••••	<u>I</u>						
12			<b></b> .		1250			Bottom of Boring 12 ft bgs		

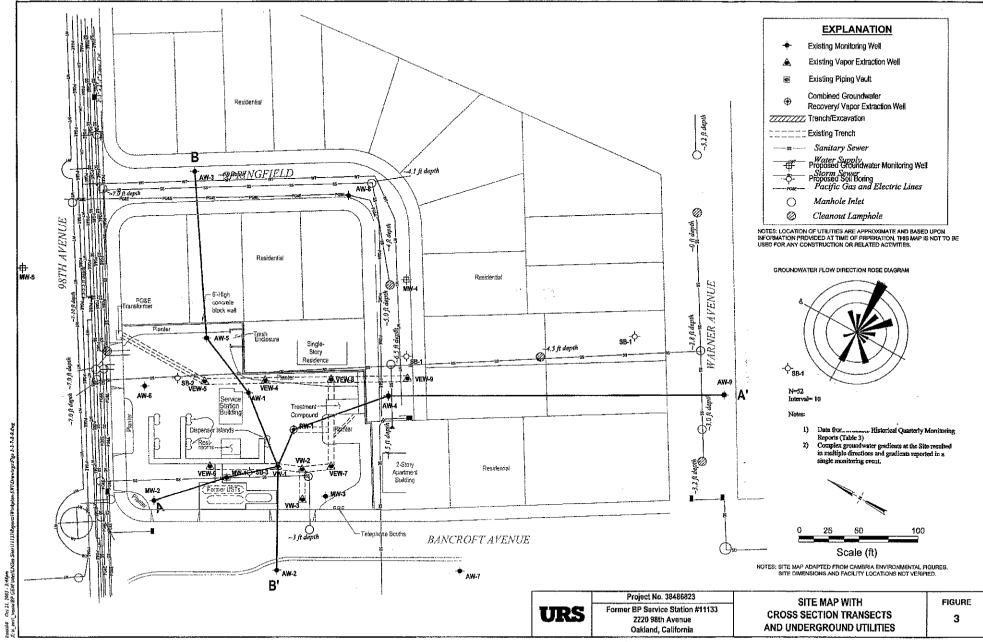
#### APPENDIX D

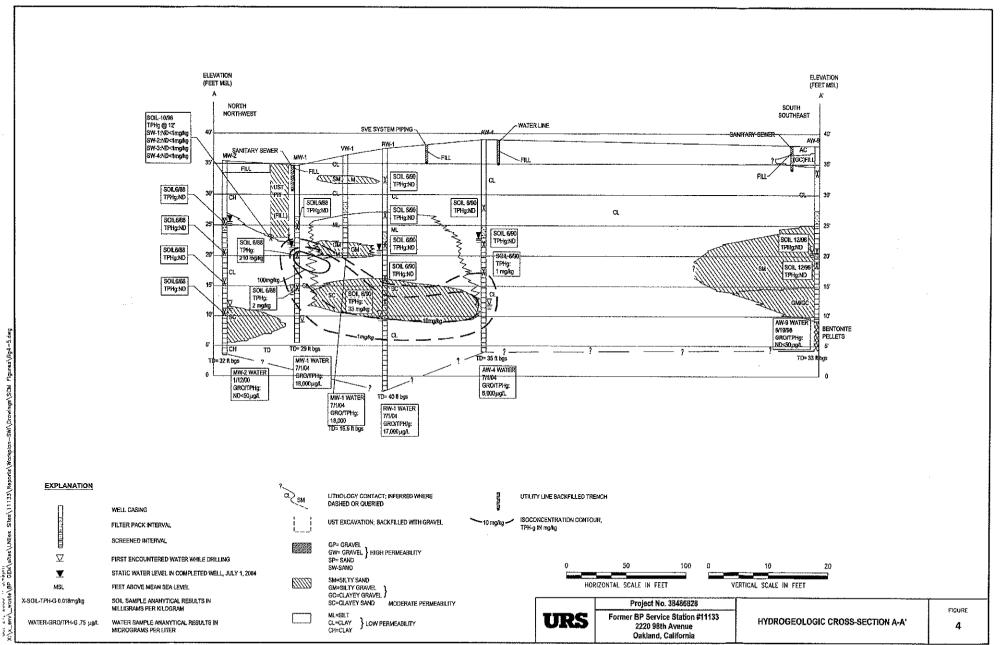
Geologic Cross-Sections





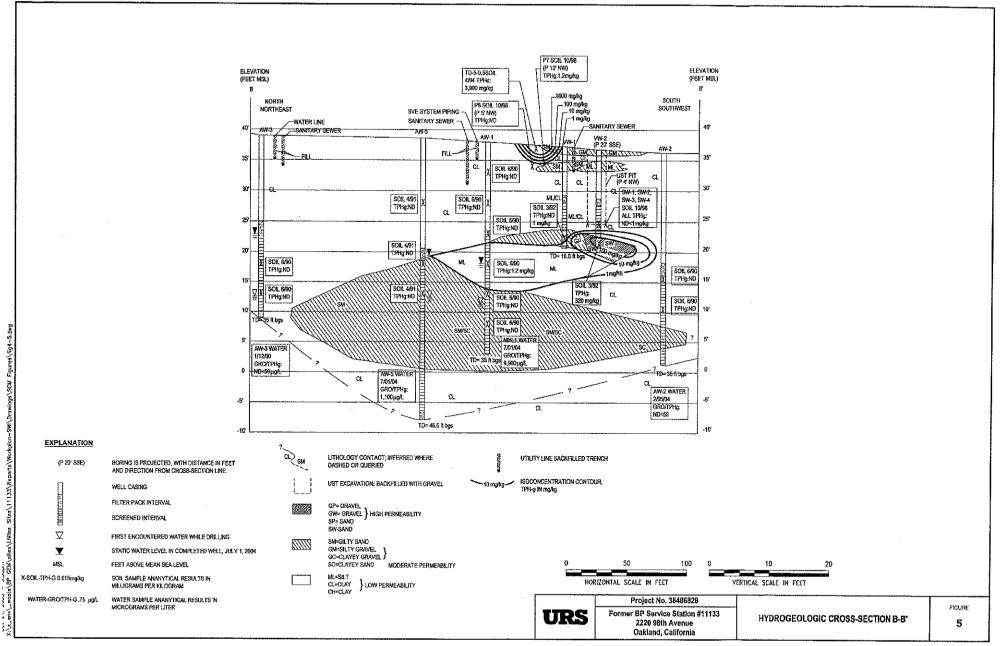


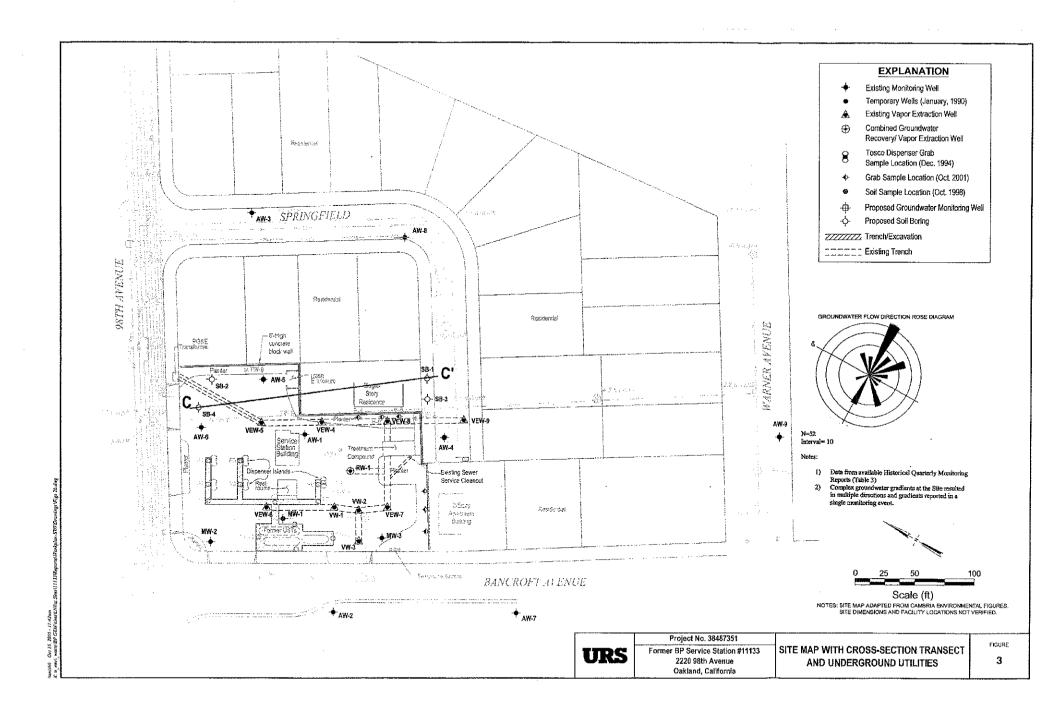


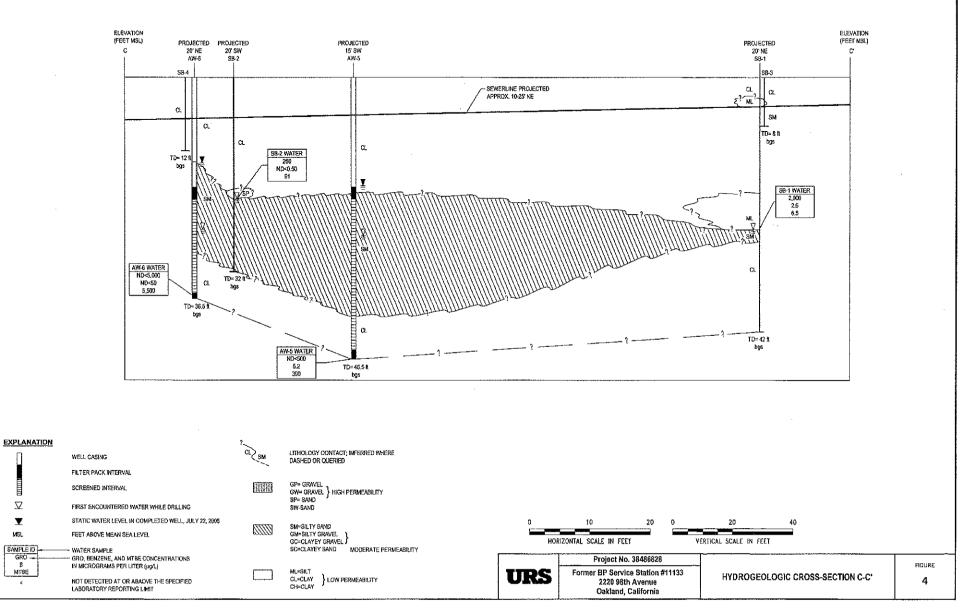


11/10 şΨ

ź







-----

Oct 27, 2005 – 8:32pm K:\v\_enric\_moste\PP 6EM/SIltes\LNikas Sites\11153\Reports\Workplon-SM\Drowings\SCM Figures\fg4.dmg

. . . . . . .