

424 First Street, Benicia, CA 94510 (707) 748-3170 / fax (707) 748-3171

July 19, 2006

Jerry Wickham Alameda County Environmental Health Department

RE: 2547 East 27th Street, Oakland, California (Property)

Dear Mr. Wickham:

Enclosed is the Interim Corrective Action Plan (revised) that was requested by your agency. The revised Soil and Groundwater Sampling report has also been uploaded to the ftp system as requested.

The necessary changes to reports has been made, and items previously missing from the reports have been scanned to digital formats and should now meet your requirements.

We have scheduled the first quarterly groundwater monitoring event for the second week of August 2006, which will allow us to proceed with preparation of the quarterly monitoring report which you have indicated is due November 2006. We will then proceed with regular quarterly monitoring events from there forward and provide timely reports for your review. We request permission to conduct these events using low-flow, low-stress purging and sampling practices.

Please contact me at <u>ryanmeyer@ceresassociates.com</u> with your response to our request to conduct quarterly groundwater monitoring and the proposed timeline. Thank you for your help.

Sincerely, Ceres Associates

Vera

Project Manager



424 First Street, Benicia, CA 94510 (707) 748-3170 / fax (707) 748-3171

June 28, 2006 Project: CA1264-3

Jerry Wickham Alameda County Environmental Health Department 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway Alameda, California

> Interim Corrective Action Plan (Revised) Former Gas Station 2547 East 27th Street Oakland, California (Property)

Dear Mr. Wickham:

Ceres Associates is pleased to provide this Interim Corrective Action Plan (CAP) for the above referenced Property on behalf of Ted Dang of Tomorrow Development. This plan was requested by the Alameda County Environmental Health Department in an October 2005 letter to Mr. Dang.

This plan is based upon data collected as a part of past assessments conducted by Kleinfelder and Ceres Associates between 2002 and 2006.

SITE CONCEPTUAL MODEL

Developments

The Property was formerly developed with a fuel and service station between 1927 and 1994. In 1994, one 100-gallon waste oil UST and four 500-gallon gasoline USTs were removed from the Property. After the tanks were removed, the excavation pits were lined with visqueen plastic and backfilled with the excavated material. It was reported that eight soil samples were collected from below the tanks and two were collected from the stockpiled soil (from the excavation).

The Property is currently undeveloped with a chain-link fence along the perimeter. Some concrete pieces, remnants of the former foundation, were observed on the Property. The Property is located amongst single and multiple family residences.

Soil

The soils on the Property consist of generally sandy gravel fill from the surface to four (4) feet below ground surface (bgs). From four (4) to twelve (12) feet bgs the soil appears to be fat and lean silty clays. Below twelve (12) feet the soil is generally gravel and sand with some clay. Soils observed in off-site borings are generally consistent with on-site soils *(refer to Appendix for Soil Logs)*.

Groundwater

Groundwater has been encountered on the Property between approximately three and fourteen (14) feet bgs. Once encountered, groundwater appears to rise to within approximately three to five feet of the ground surface. The variable groundwater elevations across the Property suggest the possibility of a perched groundwater lense.

Groundwater flow appears to be predominantly to the east. Groundwater flow gradient will be reported once the monitoring well elevations have been surveyed.

Contamination

Soil and groundwater contamination at the Property appears to have originated from historic uses of underground storage tanks for the purposes of storing motor vehicle fuel and waste oil. Underground storage tanks were present on the Property between at least 1927 and 1994. Resulting contamination appears to have migrated from the soil to the groundwater on the Property. Based upon the results of this sampling event, it is apparent that contamination has migrated off-site as well. Based on grab groundwater sample analysis, groundwater located more than 100 feet down-gradient of the Property has been impacted.

Historic Soil and Groundwater Sampling at the Property:

Kleinfelder conducted soil and groundwater sampling activities at the Property on June 19 and July 10, 2002. Kleinfelder supervised the advance of three soil borings ranging in depth from 11 to 19 feet below ground surface (bgs). Kleinfelder reportedly advanced each boring until approximately two feet below groundwater. According to the report issued by Kleinfelder, dated August 2, 2002:

"TPH-g was detected in the soil samples extracted from borings EB-1 and EB-2 at concentrations of 1,200 mg/kg and 1,800 mg/kg, respectively. TPH-d was detected in these samples, from borings EB-1 and EB-2, at concentrations of 650 mg/kg and 1,500 mg/kg, respectively. TPH-mo was detected in concentrations above laboratory reporting limits only in the sample from boring EB-1 at 14 mg/kg. Further, the laboratory described the detected TPH-g as strongly aged gasoline, and the TPH-d was described as Stoddard solvent."

Total lead was reported as high as 24 ppm in the soil samples collected from the Property.

Groundwater samples were reported to contain concentrations of TPH-g as high as 82 micrograms per



liter ($\mu g/l$) or parts per billion (ppb); TPH-d as high as 360 ppb; motor oil as high as 540 ppb; benzene as high as 0.97 ppb; and toluene and xylenes as high as 1.3 ppb. Ethylbenzene and MTBE were not reported above their laboratory reporting limits.

On-site Contamination

Ceres Associates collected soil and groundwater samples from the Property on January 7, 2005.

Reported concentrations of contaminants from soil samples from the Property itself do not exceed regulatory criteria for further action based on Residential Environmental Screening Levels (ESLs) established by the State of California Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) or Residential Preliminary Remediation Goals (PRGs) established by the United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region IX (US EPA).

Target analytes were reported above method reporting limits in all but one groundwater sample collected from the Property. Generally, samples collected after retrieving soil samples (using the continuous sampling macro-core device) were reported as containing higher concentrations of target analytes than from those samples collected using the hydro-punch device.

Concentrations of target analytes were reported by the laboratory as high as 90,000 micrograms per liter $(\mu g/l)$ or parts per billion (ppb) for TPH-g; 750,000 ppb for TPH-d; 140 ppb for benzene; 1.5 ppb for toluene; 77 ppb for ethylbenzene; and 20 ppb for xylenes. Methyl tert butyl ether (MTBE) was not reported above the method reporting limits.

Concentrations of benzene exceed the regulatory limit of 1.0 ppb as defined by the State of California Department of Health Services (CDHS) Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL). MCLs are not defined for petroleum hydrocarbons including gasoline and diesel. However, the RWQCB has established an ESL for TPH-g and TPH-d of 100 ppb. The ESL is designed to protect groundwater resources in the area.

Off-site Contamination

Ceres Associates collected on and off-site soil and groundwater samples on February 16 and 17, 2006.

Laboratory results indicated that analyte concentrations in soil samples fell below the Residential ESL of 100 ppm for TPH-g and TPH-d in all but two samples: SB12-14 at 250 ppm of TPH-g and SB21-12 at 490 ppm of TPH-d.

Although concentrations of other target analytes were reported in many samples above the laboratory detection limits, the concentrations were reported below their respective ESLs or the Residential Preliminary Remediation Goals (PRGs).

Groundwater sampling results suggest that on-site contamination has migrated off-site, east of the Property, in almost all sample points advanced by Ceres Associates.



Concentrations of TPH-g were reported as high as 1,500 parts per billion (ppb), but more generally between ND and 74 ppb. The highest concentration of TPH-g was reported in SB21, on the Property. Additional samples with concentration of TPH-g above ND include SB14, east of the Property; and, SB19, south of the Property. However, points between these sample locations were not reported above ND. It is unclear whether and how on-site TPH-g contamination has affected these off-site borings. Preferential pathways, including utility lines, soil-soil contact, or groundwater flow don't appear consistent with anticipated contamination migration. Even though a clear spatial disbursement of TPH-g is not clear, it is clear that on-site contamination of TPH-g remains above the ESL and that off-site contamination falls below the TPH-g ESL.

Concentrations of TPH-d were reported between ND and 3,600 ppb. The highest concentrations of TPH-d were reported off-site: SB22 at 3,600 ppb, immediately south of the Property and SB13 at 1,300 ppb, east of the Property. On-site contamination was reported as high as 910 ppb of TPH-d at SB21, located along the southern boundary of the Property. Samples further south and east of SB21 were also reported above ND at concentrations exceeding the ESL. In fact, approximately 2/3 of all samples were reported above the ESL for concentrations of TPH-d.

Concentrations of residual oils TPH-ro (motor oil and hydraulic oil) coincided with increased concentrations of TPH-d. Concentrations of these target analytes were, on average, higher than those concentrations reported for TPH-g or TPH-d, with a high value of 28,000 ppb of TPH-ro in SB22.

Overall, it is apparent that on-site contamination of petroleum hydrocarbons in groundwater has migrated off-site, down-gradient of the Property, in a generally easterly direction. Concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons were reported above the ESL in groundwater samples collected as much as 100 feet down-gradient of the Property.

The relatively high concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons was not accompanied by higher concentrations of BTEX compounds or fuel oxygenates. In fact, fuel oxygenates EDB and 1,2-DCA were reported as ND for all samples submitted to the laboratory. Concentrations of BTEX compounds fell below the Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs).

<u>Generally</u>

Contamination on the Property was historically attributable to soil contamination by petroleum hydrocarbons and associated BTEX compounds. Groundwater contamination was limited. However, during the January 2005 and January 2006 sampling events, petroleum hydrocarbon and BTEX compounds were identified above regulatory action limits in the groundwater, but generally not in the soil. This is true of both on and off-site sample points.

The Property lacks an impermeable surface layer, and given the rate of precipitation for Oakland (approximately 24.30 inches per year according to the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration) the rate of infiltration of contaminants from the soil to the groundwater has likely increased since the removal of the asphalt surface during demolition.



The potential migration of target analyte contaminants to deeper aquifer layers is not yet known; however, based upon the general soil profiles of sites in the City of Oakland and at the Property, it is anticipated that clay layers of varying thickness, located throughout the soil horizon, will help retard the vertical flow of contaminants.

Ceres Associates proposes to sample deeper aquifer zones for target contaminants in the near future.



RISK ASSESSMENT

Primary sources of contamination identified on the Property include historic product storage and associated piping and operations of the former gasoline service station. These primary sources have impacted soil and groundwater as evidenced by the laboratory results laid out above. However, soil contamination appears minimal and limited.

SOILS

Analyte	Max On-site (ppm)	Max Off-Site (ppm)	ESL (ppm)	SSL (ppm)
TPHg	32	3.6	100	Use Soil Gas (no data)
TPHd	52	14	100	Use Soil Gas (no data)
Benzene	0.024	ND	0.044	0.18
Toluene	ND	ND	2.9	180
Ethylbenzene	0.034	ND	3.3	4.7
Xylenes	0.013	ND	1.5	45

Concentrations are from shallow samples (4-8 feet bgs): representing borings SB4-8, SB6-5, SB9-5, and SB20-08 ESL - Residential Environmental Screening Limit, shallow soils

SSL - Soil Screening Levels for Evaluation of Potential Indoor Air Impacts, shallow soils

Soil concentrations of target analytes, both on and off-site, fall well below either the ESL or the SSLs established by the San Francisco Regional Water Quality Control Board even using the strictest of standards.

It does not appear that shallow on or off-site soil contamination constitutes elevated risks to human and ecological environments. Further, it is not anticipated that soil contamination will lead to vapor intrusion based upon the data above.



GROUNDWATER

Analyte	Max On-site (ppb)	Max Off-site (ppb)	ESL (ppb)	GSL (ppb)
ТРНд	90,000	74	100	Use soil gas (no data)
TPHd	750,000	3,600	100	Use soil gas (no data)
Benzene	140	ND	1	530
Toluene	1.5	1.4	40	500,000
Ethylbenzene	77	ND	30	14,000
Xylenes	20	1.7	13	150,000

ESL - Residential Environmental Screening Limit, shallow soils

GSL - Groundwater Screening Levels for Evaluation of Potential Indoor Air Impacts, presuming high permeability soils and residential land use

Groundwater concentrations of toluene and xylenes, both on and off-site, fall below the ESLs and GSLs and are not anticipated to adversely impact environmental and/or human health.

Concentrations of benzene and ethylbenzene, on-site, exceed the ESLs; however, the reported concentrations do not exceed their respective GSLs. The Groundwater Screening Level is a threshold concentration meant to give guidance on when groundwater concentrations may lead to vapor intrusion issues. Here, both on and off-site contaminant concentrations fall below the GSLs and are therefore not thought to lead to vapor intrusion.

Concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline and diesel exceed the ESLs, but it is unclear whether they would lead to vapor intrusion issues because the GSLs do not estimate petroleum hydrocarbons and instead suggest that soil gas data be used. To this point, soil gas data has not been collected at the site. However, for purposes of analysis, Ceres Associates proposes to use benzene as an indicator contaminant. Utilizing such scenario, because benzene does not exceed the GSL, total petroleum hydrocarbons are also not thought to be a contributing factor to vapor intrusion either on or off-site.

Concentrations of benzene and ethylbenzene, exceed their established ESLs. However, Ceres Associates proposes to remove contaminated soils from the Property, which may reduce groundwater concentrations. It will be useful to obtain additional groundwater concentrations from on and off-site groundwater monitoring wells to further assess potential groundwater contamination issues.



DISCUSSION

Soil and groundwater data collected by Ceres Associates over two sampling events are inconsistent. Although initial groundwater sampling by Ceres Associates indicated relatively elevated concentrations of benzene, more recent sampling by Ceres Associates did not indicate elevated benzene concentrations.

However, based upon historically reported contaminated soil used as backfill in the former tank pits and the presence of benzene and petroleum hydrocarbons in nearby monitoring wells, Ceres Associates recommends that backfilled contaminated soil be removed from the Property and the excavation pits then backfilled with clean imported fill as discussed below.

Ceres Associates proposes that one soil boring be extended to approximately 40 feet below ground surface to assess deeper groundwater zones. The scope of assessment is meant to meet the Alameda County Environmental Health Department requirements and will include assessment of soils as they relate to aquifer zones.

After contaminated soils have been removed from the Property and deeper groundwater analyses have been received, it may be necessary to conduct further remedial work.

Ceres Associates proposes to conduct quarterly groundwater monitoring of the on and off-site wells installed by Ceres Associates. Data obtained during these events will help to further assess potential groundwater contamination migration as well as operate as an indicator for the effect of contaminated soil removal from the Property on the groundwater



REMEDIAL ACTIVITIES RECOMMENDED

Extensive off-site benzene contamination was not observed by Ceres Associates during the most recent sampling event. Historic concentrations of benzene on the Property coupled with high concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons need to be reduced. Using benzene as a risk indicator, benzene concentrations on the Property should be reduced to below 1.0 ppb in groundwater.

Soil Contamination in Tank Pit Excavations

When the former Property USTs were removed in 1994, soil contamination was observed and noted beneath the USTs and the product piping. The reported analytical results indicated that impacted soils contained as much as 930 ppm of TPHg and 2.2 ppm of benzene. Further, stockpiled soil was reported as containing as much as 860 ppm of TPHg and 0.36 ppm of benzene. The stockpiled soil was apparently used as backfill material in the tank pit excavations on a temporary basis to support nearby structures. Those structures have since been removed.

The EHD has requested that the stockpiled soil used as backfill be removed from the Property and disposed of properly. Ceres Associates proposes to excavate the contaminated soil from the former tank pits *(refer to Figure - Soil Excavation Map)*.

Ceres Associates will utilize a backhoe to remove contaminated soils from the historic tank pits. Soil will be removed to a depth of approximately seven to eight feet, or where groundwater is encountered. Ceres Associates will utilize a photoionization detector (PID), using a standard headspace method analysis, to check the effectiveness of removal along the horizontal and vertical boundaries of the excavation. The excavation will be continued horizontally until the PID reading is below 1 ppm. The vertical excavation will continue until the PID reading is below 1 ppm or groundwater is encountered sufficient to make removal of soils ineffective.

Soil will be removed to within five feet of any monitoring wells on-site, installed by Ceres Associates. It is anticipated that at least two of the wells installed by Kleinfelder will have to be removed as part of the excavation process. Such removal will be conducted according to local regulatory guidelines.

Confirmation soil samples will be obtained from the excavation pit floor and walls (one from each wall and two from the floor) and will be analyzed for target compounds (TPHg, TPHd, and BTEX compounds). If confirmation soil samples obtained from the excavation fall below the residential ESL for target compounds, then the excavation pits will be backfilled with imported fill-material, meeting residential ESL guidelines.

After contaminated soils have been removed, they will be stockpiled on-site on top of visqueen plastic sheeting (to prevent re-contamination of the Property surface). Composite samples will be collected and submitted for analysis of target compounds. Disposal of the soil will be based upon the results of the laboratory analyses.



Deeper Soil Sampling

Ceres Associates proposes to advance one soil boring on the Property to a depth of approximately 40 feet using a dual-walled sampling device *(refer to Figure - Interim CAP)*. The boring will be continuously logged for lithological purposes. Further, depth-discrete groundwater samples will be collected in each observed groundwater zone and submitted for analysis of target compounds.

Quarterly Groundwater Monitoring

Ceres Associates, in meeting the Alameda County Environmental Health Department's (EHD) request for quarterly groundwater monitoring, proposes to collect groundwater samples from each of the five wells on and off the Property. The EHD has requested that such quarterly sampling report be submitted to the agency by November 15, 2006. Samples will be analyzed for TPHg, TPHd, TPHmo, and BTEX.

Quarterly monitoring of the wells has not yet been conducted.



If you have questions regarding this project please contact Ryan Meyer at (916) 485-2110 or via email at <u>ryanmeyer@ceresassociates.com</u>.

Sincerely,

Ryan Meyer Project Manager

K

Ken Durand, RG CHG Senior Project Manager





Perjury Statement

I declare, under penalty of perjury, that the information and/or recommendations contained in the attached document or report is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

Ted Dang, President

<u>1/12/06</u> Date

APPENDIX









Soil Boring Completion Details	Depth	Sample Interval	PID Reading	USCS Code		Soil Description
1.5" Dia.				af	Artificial Fill	- 2" Asphalt and base rock
Concrete w/ black pigment	- 2 - - 3 -		0	ML	Inorganic silt black 2.54/2.5	with fine to medium grained sand, /1, wet
	- 4 - - 5 - - 6 -		0	CL	Clay with son black 2.54/2.5	ne sand grains mixed in, 5/1, moist
Portland cement/ bentonite	- 7 - - 7 - - 8 - - 9 - - 10 -		0	SM		ne grained sand and silt, 2.54/4/3, moist
	11 12 13					
				-		
	16 _ 17 _ 18					
			-			
	21 22 23					
	_ 24_ _ 25 _ _ 26 _					
	27 27 28					
	- 29 - 30 - 31 					
Ceres Associates Project CA1264-3	For 254 Oal	7 East 2	ns Station 17th Street California	Logged By: 1 Date: Janua Drilling Mett		LOG OF SOIL BORING SB11 SHEET 1 of 1

Soil Boring Completion Details	Depth	Sample Interval	PID Reading	USCS Code		Soil Description
1.5" Dia.	 - 1 -			af	Artificial Fill	- 2" Asphalt and base rock
Concrete w/ black pigment	_ ' _ _ 2 _			SM	Silty sand with 1.4/5/2	some 1/4 inch pebbles, grayish brown
Portland cement/ bentonite	- 3		1	CL	Clay, greenish with some fine	black 6.1/2.5/1.06, medium plasticity, sands
	- 9 		1	CL	Same as abov	e with petrolium odor
	- 10 - 11 - 12 12 13 		14.5	SC		fine graned sand with 30% clay, n 2.54/5/2, rounded pebbles,
	14 15 16		0	SP		t and clay, black , rounded pebbles up to 1/2 inch in dor
TD 16'	- 17 - 1 - 18					
Gaceres Associates Project CA1264-3	For 2547 Oal	7 East 2	ns Station 7th Street California	Logged By: I Date: Janua Drilling Meth		LOG OF SOIL BORING SB12 SHEET 1 of 1

SoilBoning Completion Details	Depth	Sam ple Interval	PD Reading	USCS Code	SoilDescription
1.5" Dia.	 - 1 -			af	Artificial Fill - 2" Asphalt and base rock
Concrete Borehole w/ black			3	SP	Sand, medium fine sand with pebbles up to 1 inch in size, damp
pigment	3 -		0	SP	Sand with 1/2 inch rounded pebbles, moist, dark grayish brown, 1.04/4/1/1, no odor
Portland cement/ bentonite	4 5 6 7		0	SP	Coarse sand with pebbles up to $1/4$ inch in size, wet, dark brown $1.4/3/3$, no odor
TD 8'	- ′ - - 8 -				
	 - 9 -				
	 - 10 -				
	_ 13 _				
	-15-				
	- 18 - 				
	- 19- 				
	20 -				
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	- ²² - - 23 -				
	 - 24				
	 - 25 -				
	 26 —				
	 - 27 -				
	 28				
	 _29 _				
G Ceres Associates	254	7 East2	s Station 7th Street	Date: Janua	LOG OF SOL BOR NG avy 16, 2006 bod Geompte 5400 SB13
Project CA1264-3	0 8	akland,C	California	D rilling M et	hod:Geopuble 5400 SHEET 1 of 1

Soil Boring Completion Details	Depth	Sample Interval	PID Reading	USCS Code		Soil Description
1.5" Dia.	 - 1		1.6	af		- 2" Asphalt and base rock
Concrete Borehole w/ black	_ 2 _		1.0	SM	Silty sand with olive brown 2.5	some 1/4 inch rounded pebbles, 54/4/4, damp
pigment	- 3 - - 4 - - 5 -		12.3	SP	Sand, mixed sa 2.54/4/3	nds with silts and gravel, olive brown
Portland cement/ bentonite	- 6 - - 7 - - 8 - - 9 - - 10 - - 11 -		0	SC	Clayey sand, fi brown 2.54/5/4	ine grained sand with clay, light olive I, damp
	- 12 - 13 - 13 - 14 - 15 - 16					
	17 18		1.4	SM	Silty clay, san olive brown 2	d with pebbles up to 1/2 inch in size, .54/4/4, moist
TD 20'	 - 19 		1.1	SM	Same as abov	/e, wet
	20 21 22					
	23					
	24 25					
	-26-					
	- 27 - - 28 -					
	30 31					
Ceres Associates Project CA1264-3	Former Gas Station 2547 East 27th Street Oakland, California					LOG OF SOIL BORING SB14 SHEET 1 of 1

Soil Boring Completion Details	Depth	Sample Interval	PID Reading	USCS Code		Soil Description
1.5" Dia.				af	Artificial Fill	- 2" Asphalt and base rock
Concrete w/ black pigment	_ 2 _ _ 2 _ _ 3 _ _ 4 _ _ 5 _ _ 6 _		1.4	CL	Clay, mediu 2.54/4/2, da	ım plasticity, dark grayish brown mp
Portland cement/ bentonite	- 7		1.1	SC	Sandy clayey light olive bro	sand, fine grain sand with slight clay, wn 2.54/5/4, damp
TD 15'	12 13 14 14 15					
	16 17 18 18 19 19					
	20 21 22 22 23					
	24 25 26 27 					
	- 28 - 29 - 30 - 31 					
Ceres Associates Project CA1264-3	For 254 Oal	7 East 2	s Station 7th Street California	Logged By: Date: Janua Drilling Mett		LOG OF SOIL BORING SB15 SHEET 1 of 1

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Soil Boring Completion Details	Depth	Sample Interval	PID Reading	USCS Code		Soil Description
1.5" Dia.				af	Artificial Fill	- 2" Asphalt and base rock
Concrete w/ black pigment	- 2 - - 2 - - 3 - - 4 -		0	SP		e angular pebbles up to 1/4 inch in olive brown 2.54/5/4, damp
Portland cement/ bentonite	5 6 7 8 9 10 11		0	SC	Clayey sand, 2.54/3/3, dam	dine sand with clay, dark olive brown p
			1.1	SC	Same as abo	ve, wet
TD 20'	20 21 22 23 24 25 26 26 27 28 28 29 30 31					
GCeres Associates Project CA1264-3	Former Gas Station 2547 East 27th Street Oakland, California					LOG OF SOIL BORING SB16 SHEET 1 of 1

Soil Boring Completion Details	Depth	Sample Interval	PID Reading	USCS Code	Soil Description
> 1.5" Dia.	 - 1			af	Artificial Fill - 2" Asphalt and base rock
Concrete w/ black pigment	2 _		0	SP	Medium fine sand with pebbles up to 1 inch in diameter, brown 1.04/4/3
	- 3 - - 4 -		0	SP	Medium fine sand with some silt and clay, brown 1.04/4/3, damp, no odor
Portland	 - 5 - - 6 -		0	SC	Clayey sand, fine sand with clay, dark gray 2.54/4/1, no odor
cement/ bentonite	- 7		0	SC	Clayey sand, fine sand with clay, dark olive brown 2.54/3/3, damp
	- 10		0	SC	Clayey sand, fine grained sand with clay, olive brown, 2.54/4/1, moist
TD 16'	- 17 - 18 - 19 - 20 - 21 - 21 - 22 - 23 - 23 - 23 - 24 - 25 - 25 - 25 - 25 - 25 - 28 - 28 - 28 - 29 				
Geres Associates Project CA1264-3	- 30 - 31 - - 50r 254 0al	7 East 2	as Station 7th Street California	Date: Janua	Ken Durand ary 17, 2006 Ihod: Geoprobe 5400 SHEET 1 of 1

Soil Boring Completion Details	Depth	Sample Interval	PID Reading	USCS Code		Soil Description
1.5" Dia.				af	Artificial Fill	- 2" Asphalt and base rock
Concrete w/ black pigment	 _ 2 _		3	SC	Silty clay, silty 2.54/2.5/1, slig	with clay and 5% sand grains, black ht odor
Portland	- 3 - - 4 - - 5 - - 6 -		0	SC	Silty clay san diameter, darl sight odor	d with pebbles up to 1 inch in k greenish gray S61/4/10, moist,
cement/ bentonite	- 7 - 7 - 8		0	SM	Silty sand, m 104R/5/3, m	nedium fine sand with little clay, brown oist, no odor
	9 10 11		0	SC	Sandy silty no odor	clay, brown 104R/5/4, moist,
	12 13 14 14 15		0	SP	Medium fir	ne sand, 104a/5/4, moist, no odor
TD 16'	16 17 18 18 19					
	20 21 22 23					
	24 25					
	26 27					
- - -	-28- 29- 					
	_ 30 _ _ 31 _ 					
Gaceres Associates Project CA1264-3	For 2547 Oal	7 East 2	s Station 7th Street California		Ken Durand ry 17, 2006 hod: Geoprobe 5400	LOG OF SOIL BORING SB18 SHEET 1 of 1

Soil Boring Completion Details	Depth	Sample Interval	PID Reading	USCS Code		Soil Description
1.5" Dia.	 -1-			af	Artificial Fill	- 2" Asphalt and base rock
Concrete w/ black pigment	_ 2		2.4	CL		all layers of fine gravel sand, very brown, 2.54/3/2, damp
cement/ bentonite	_ 7 _ _ 7 _ _ 8 _		1.7	CL	Clay with la brown 2.54/	yers of fine gravel sand, dark grayish 3/2, damp
	_ 0 _ _ 9 _ _ 10 _		2	SC	Clayey sand brown 2.54/	, fine to medium sand with clay, olive 4/4, moist
	 12 13		2.4	SC	Same as abo	ve, wet
TD 15'						
	16 17 18					
	22 23 24					
	- 25 - - 25 - - 26 - - 27 -					
	28 28 29 30					
	31 31				- 	
GCeres Associates Project CA1264-3	For 254 Oal	7 East 2	s Station 7th Street California	Logged By: 1 Date: Janua Drilling Meth	Ken Durand ry 17, 2006 nod: Geoprobe 5400	LOG OF SOIL BORING SB19 SHEET 1 of 1

Soil Boring Completion Details	Depth	Sample Interval	PID Reading	USCS Code	Soil Description
→ 1.5" Dia.				af	Artificial Fill - 2" Asphalt and base rock
Concrete Borehole w/ black pigment			0	SM	Silty sand, medium grain sand and silt, wet, very dark gray 104R/3/1, no odor
	 		0	SC	Sandy clay, fine sand and clay, very dark brown, 104R/2/1, moist
Portland cement/ bentonite	- 7		1	SC	Clayey sand, fine grained sand and clay, some rounded pebbles, dark olive brown 2.54/3/2, moist
TD 15'	12 13 14 14 15		0	GC	Clayey gravel, approximately 50% gravel pebbles with silt and clay, light olive brown 2.54/5/3, moist
	- 16 - 17 - 17 - 18 - 19 19 - 20 20 				
Ceres Associates Project CA1264-3	- 27	7 East 2	s Station 7th Street California	Date: Janua	Ken Durand ary 17, 2006 thod: Geoprobe 5400 SHEET 1 of 1

Soil Boring Completion Details	Depth	Sample Interval	PID Reading	USCS Code		Soil Description
1.5" Dia. Borehole	1 2 3 4 5 6		44	CL	Clay with s	ome silt and sand, black 5/2.5/1
Portland cement/ bentonite	_ 7 _ _ 7 _ _ 8 _		9	CL	Silty clay v 5/2.5/1, mc	vith some "rock" pebbles, black vist
TD 15'	- 9 - 10 - 11 - - 12 - 13 - - 13 - - 13 - - 13 - - 13 - - 13 - 		0 107 6	CL	Silty clay 5/5/3	with some silt, moist/wet, olive
Ceres Associates Project CA1264-3	28	7 East 2	s Station 7th Street California	Logged By: K Date: Janua Drilling Meth		LOG OF SOIL BORING SB21 SHEET 1 of 1

Soil Boring Completion Details	Depth	Sample Interval	PID Reading	USCS Code	Soil Descripti	ion
1.5" Dia.				af	Artificial Fill - 2" Asphalt and b	ase rock
Concrete w/ black pigment	- 1 - - 2 -		0	SW	Fine to coarse grain sand with pe in diameter, dark brown 7.54R/3.	
	- 3 - 4 - 5 - 5 - 6		0	CL	Silty clay, dark olive brown 2.54	4/3/3, moist
Portland cement/ bentonite	- 7 - - 7 - - 8 - - 9 -		0	CL	Silty clay with some silt and sar moist	nd, olive 5.4/4/3,
	- 10 - 11 - 12 - 13 		0	CL	Clay, black 2.54/2.5/1, wet	
TD 15'	- 13					
Former Gas Station 2547 East 27th Street Oakland, California		Logged By: k Date: Janua Drilling Meth	17 000/	22		

Soil Boring Completion Details	Depth	Sample Interval	PID Reading	USCS Code		Soil Description
1.5" Dia. Borehole	1 2		4	SM		edium to fine grained sand and silt, yish brown 104R/3/5, damp
▲	- 3 - - 4 - - 5 -		0	CL	Clay with sa	nd pebbles, black 104R/2/1, wet
Portland cement/ bentonite	- 6		0	SC		sand with clay and some pebbles in diameter, olive brown
	- 10 - - 11 - - 12 -		0	CL	Clay wit 5% 2.54/2.5/1, w	"rock" fragments, black vet
			0	SP	Sand with so brown 104R/	me silt and clays, dark yellowish 3/6, damp
TD 15'						
	25 26 27					
	28 29 30 31					
Former Gas Station 2547 East 27th Street Oakland, California				Ken Durand ry 17, 2006 hod: Geoprobe 5400	LOG OF SOIL BORING SB23 SHEET 1 of 1	

Soil Boring Completion Details	Depth	Sample Interval	PID Reading	USCS Code		Soil Description
1.5" Dia. Borehole	1 2		0	CL	Clay with sc 2.54/2.5/1, r	ome silt and sand, black noist
←	- 3 - - 4 - - 5 - - 6 -		2	CL		ne pebbles up to 1/2 inch in diameter, own 2.54/3/3, wet
Portland cement/ bentonite	- 7		1	GM		proximately 50% gravel with sand rown 2.54/4/3, damp
	13 14 14 15		1	SM		ne grained sand with some gravel, .54/4/3, damp
TD 15'	16 16 17 17 18 19					
	- 20 - - 21 - - 22 - - 23 -					
	24 25 26 26					
	- 28 - - 29 - - 30 - - 31 -					
Galaxies Project CA1264-3 Former Gas Station 2547 East 27th Street Oakland, California			Logged By: I Date: Janua Drilling Meth		LOG OF SOIL BORING SB24 SHEET 1 of 1	

Well Completion Details	Depth	Sample Interval	PID Reading	USCS Code	Soil Description		
Grout 2" Dia. Casing				af	Artificial Fill - 2" Asphalt and base rock		
	- 2 -			SM	Silty sand with some 1/4 inch pebbles, grayish brown 1.4/5/2		
Bentonite	- 3 - - 4 - - 5 - - 6 -		1	CL	Clay, greenish black 6.1/2.5/1.06, medium plasticity, with some fine sands		
Sand	- 7 - - 8 - - 9 -						
	- 10 -		1	CL	Same as above with petrolium odor		
	- 11 - - 12 - - 13 -	-	14.5	SC	Clayey sand, fine graned sand with 30% clay, grayish brown 2.54/5/2, rounded pebbles, petrolim odor		
TD 15'	- 14 - - 15 - - 15 - - 16 -		0	SP	Sand with silt and clay, black 2.54/1/1, wet, rounded pebbles up to 1/2 inch in size, strong odor		
	- 17 18						
Associates	Galaxy Former Gas Station Logged By: Ken Durand WELL LOG Store CA1264-3 Date: January 16, 2006 MW-1						



Well Completion Details	Depth	Sample Interval	PID Reading	USCS Code	Soil Description		
Grout 2" Dia. Casing	- 1 -			af	Artificial Fill - 2" Asphalt and base rock		
	2 -		0	SP	Medium fine sand with pebbles up to 1 inch in diameter, brown $1.04/4/3$		
Bentonite	3 -		0	SP	Medium fine sand with some silt and clay, brown 1.04/4/3, damp, no odor		
	- 5 -		0	SC	Clayey sand, fine sand with clay, dark gray 2.54/4/1, no odor		
Sand	- 7 - - 7 - - 8 - - 9 -		0	SC	Clayey sand, fine sand with clay, dark olive brown 2.54/3/3, damp		
TD 15'	- 10 - - 11 - - 12 - - 13 - - 13 - - 14 - - 15 -		0	SC	Clayey sand, fine grained sand with clay, olive brown, 2.54/4/1, moist		
	-16 -16 -17						
	Gassociates Former Gas Station Logged By: Ken Durand Well Log Project CA1264-3 Dakland, California Logged By: Ken Durand MW-3						

Well Completion Details	Depth	Sample Interval	PID Reading	USCS Code	Sc	il Description
Grout 2" Dia. Casing	- 1 -			af	Artificial Fill - 2" A	sphalt and base rock
Grout Bentonite	2 3 4 5		2.4	CL	Clay with small lay dark grayish brown	vers of fine gravel sand, very 1, 2.54/3/2, damp
Sand	- 7 - - 7 -		1.7	CL	Clay with layers o brown 2.54/3/2, da	f fine gravel sand, dark grayish amp
	- 9 -		2	SC	Clayey sand, fine brown 2.54/4/4, m	to medium sand with clay, olive noist
	- 10 - 11 - 12 - 13 - 14		2.4	SC	Same as above, we	et
TD 15'	-15 -16 -17 -17 -18 -19 -20 -21 -22 -23 -23 -24 -25 -26 -27 -26 -27 -28 -29 -30 -31 -31					
Project CA1264-3	WELL LOG MW-4 SHEET 1 of 1					

T THE R. P. LEWIS CO., LANSING MICH.						
Well Completion Details	Depth	Sample Interval	PID Reading	USCS Code	Soil Description	
Grout 2" Dia. Casing	 - 1 - - 2 - 		4	SM	Silty sand, medium to fine grained sand and silt, very dark grayish brown 104R/3/5, damp	
Bentonite	- 3 - - 4 - - 5 -		0	CL	Clay with sand pebbles, black 104R/2/1, wet	
Sand	- 6		0	SC	Clayey sand, sand with clay and some pebbles up to 1 inch in diameter, olive brown 2.5/4/3, wet	
	10 11 12		0	CL	Clay wit 5% "rock" fragments, black 2.54/2.5/1, wet	
	13 14		0	SP	Sand with some silt and clays, dark yellowish brown 104R/3/6, damp	
TD 15'						
	Former Gas Station Logged By: Ken Durand WELL LOG Store CA1264-3 Store CA1264-3 Discore CA1264-3					

Well Completion Details	Depth	Sample Interval	PID Reading	USCS Code	Soil Description		
Grout Grout Bentonite	- 1 - - 2 - - 3 - - 4 - - 5 -		44	CL	Clay with some silt and sand, black 5/2.5/1		
Sand	- 6 - - 7 - - 8 -		9	CL	Silty clay with some "rock" pebbles, black 5/2.5/1, moist		
TD 15'	9 $-10-10-11-12-12-13-14-15-16-17-18-17-18-17-18-19-20-21-22-21-22-23-24-25-26-27-28-28-29-30-31$		0 107 6	CL	Silty clay with some silt, moist/wet, olive 5/5/3		
Galaxy Former Gas Station Logged By: Ken Durand WELL LOG Star 2547 East 27th Street Date: January 17, 2006 EX-1 Oakland, California Drilling Method: Hollow Stem Auger SHEET 1 of 1							