TIER I SCREENING LEVEL HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT 2301 EAST 12TH STREET OAKLAND, CA

> PREPARED BY: TETRA TECH EM INC. 135 MAIN STREET SUITE 1800 SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94105

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TIER I SCREENING HUMAN HEALTH LEVEL RISK ASSESSMENT

1.0 INTRODUCTION

A Tier I screening level human health risk assessment (Tier I SLHHRA) was conducted for the J.W. Silveira Company underground storage tank (UST) located at 2301 East 12th Street in Oakland, California (Site). A Tier I SLHHRA was conducted consistent with the methods outlined by the City of Oakland (City of Oakland, 2000) and the California Regional Water Quality Control Board (CRWQCB; 2001).

A Tier I SLHHRA is the initial step of a three-step human health risk assessment process as outlined in the Urban Land Redevelopment Program Guidance Document (City of Oakland 2000). A Tier I SLHHRA involves comparing detected chemical concentrations to generic risk-based screening concentrations (Tier I screening values). The Tier I SLHHRA is a conservative method of evaluating potential human health impacts at a site. If detected chemical concentrations exceed Tier I screening concentrations, then a Tier II or Tier III SLHHRA may be required. Tier II and Tier III SLHHRA involve refining Tier I screening values using site-specific data that account for the unique features of the Site. This assessment evaluates potential health impacts associated with current site conditions (e.g., no development, earthmoving activities, or re-zoning). An additional assessment may be required to evaluate any subsequent modifications to the Site.

This report summarizes the methodology and results of a Tier I SLHHRA conducted to evaluate potential human health risks associated with exposure to chemicals in soil and groundwater at the Site. The Tier I SLHHRA was based on analytical results for soil and groundwater samples collected between April 1999 and August 2001 (most recent sampling event).

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This report consists of the following sections:

- Section 2.0: Site Description and Background
- Section 3.0: Summary of Previously Conducted Sampling Events
- Section 4.0: Tier I SLHHRA Methodology
- Section 5.0: Land Use
- Section 6.0: Conceptual Site Model
- Section 7.0: Tier I SLHHRA Criteria
- Section 8.0: Results
- Section 9.0: Conclusions and Recommendations
- Section 10: References

2.0 SITE DESCRIPTION AND BACKGROUND

The Site is approximately ¹/₄ acre in size. The Site was previously a gas station and vehicle repair facility and is currently a tire and brake repair facility (Figure 1). It is located in an industrially zoned area and bordered to the northeast by East 12th street, to the southeast by railroad property, to the northwest by 23rd Avenue and a public park, and to the southwest by a furniture restoration facility. Groundwater flows in a northwesterly direction. Presently, groundwater at the Site is not used for any domestic or industrial purposes. For this reason, groundwater was assumed to be nonpotable. You mentioned previously that you were working on it. Our TDS does not come in high enough. Here's what we put in the groundwater report. "TDS concentrations in the latest six groundwater well samples from the site ranged from 510 mg/L in the sample from MW-4 to 960 mg/L in the sample from MW-1. If the concentration of TDS in groundwater at a site is greater than 3,000 mg/L, then groundwater will be classified as unsuitable for potential drinking water purposes. Previously, four USTs were located along the eastern edge of the Site. :

- One 6000 gallon gasoline UST
- Two 1,000 gallon waste oil USTs and

• One 1,000 gallon diesel UST.

All USTs were excavated between 1990 and 1991 (TtEMI, 2001). Groundwater flow at the site as of August 2001 is north 54 degrees west (N54W; TtEMI, 2001). Leaking underground storage tanks are assumed to be the source of all chemical impacts at the Site. Therefore, the only media of concern at the Site include subsurface soil and groundwater.

3.0 SUMMARY OF PREVIOUSLY CONDUCTED SAMPLING ANALYSES

This section briefly summarizes the sampling activities conducted at the Site. Both soil and groundwater were sampled at the Site. Either soil and/or groundwater were sampled during the following time intervals:

For Groundwater:

- March, June, and October 1994
- February, June, and October 1995
- February, June, and September 1996
- January, May, and December 1997
- March and July 1999
- May 2000 and
- August 2001

For Soil:

- December 1990
- January and February 1991
- July 1992
- March 1994 and
- June 1999

A summary of site characterization activities conducted at the Site is presented in Sections 3.1 (subsurface soil) and 3.2 (groundwater) below. A more detailed description is provided in the Groundwater Summary Report (TtEMI, 2001). Appendix A summarizes the results of all soil and groundwater sampling data collected from 1991 through 2001. All samples were analyzed for the presence of:

- Total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) as gasoline (TPH-g), diesel (TPH-d) and motor oil (TPH-o)
- 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (1,2,4-TMB)
- N-Butylbenzene
- Naphthalene
- o-xylene

- 1,3,5-trimethylbenzene (1,3,5-TMB)
- Benzene
- Cholorobenzene
- Ethylbenzene
- Isopropylbenzene
- m,p-Xylenes
- Vinyl Chloride

- Para-Isopropyl Toluene
- Propylbenzene
- sec-Butylbenzene
- tert-Butylbenzene
- Toluene
- Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene
- Trichloroethene

3.1 GROUNDWATER

Groundwater was present at the bottom of the diesel and gasoline UST excavations; approximately 1 foot of water was present in the 9-foot-deep former diesel tank excavation, and approximately 0.5 foot of water was present in the 14-foot-deep former gasoline tank excavation. One groundwater sample was collected from each of the excavated locations.

Between December 23, 1991 and March 18, 1994, six monitoring wells were installed at the Site-– MW-1, MW-2, MW-3, MW-4, MW-5, and MW-6. Monitoring wells were sampled between one and four times annually since August 2001. MW-1, MW-2, and MW-3 have been sampled 23 times since 1992 and wells MW-4, MW-5, and MW-6 were sampled 17 times since 1994.

On June 28, 1999, as part of an additional site characterization, six soil borings (SB-1 through SB-6) were completed to determine the lateral extent of petroleum contamination at the site. Soil boring depths re-drilled to depths ranging from 16 to 24 feet bgs.

Finally, on August 30, 2001, samples were collected from MW-1 through MW-6. Appendix A summarizes the analytical results for the soil and groundwater data collected between 1992 and 2001. A more detailed summary of previously conducted site characterization activities is presented in the Groundwater Report (TtEMI, 2001). Groundwater data used to conduct the Tier I SLHHRA are presented in Table 1.

3.2 SUBSURFACE SOIL

On December 21, 1990 soil samples were collected from the initial diesel and gasoline UST excavation bottoms, at about 9 and 14 feet below the ground surface (bgs), respectively. Presumably (although this activity is not well documented), additional soil removal took place in the diesel and gasoline UST excavations. Following this soil removal, two additional soil samples were collected on December 26, 1990 from the diesel and gasoline UST excavations at 17 and 20 feet bgs, respectively.

Six additional samples were collected on January 10, 11, and 16, 1991 from the side-walls of the side-by-side gasoline and diesel tank excavations. During January 1991, the side-by-side gasoline and diesel tank excavations were lined with double layers of 6-millimeter-thick plastic sheeting. It is reported that the stockpiled soils on site were combined with imported fill material and used to backfill the side-by-side excavation pits (Epigene, 1995).

On February 11, 1991 the two side-by-side 1,000 waste oil tanks were removed and soil excavated down to 8 feet bgs (TtEMI, 2001). During removal, a hole was observed at the bottom of the tanks and contamination was discovered at both ends of the waste oil tanks. Based on this information, four soil samples were collected from the ends of the USTs at the bottom of the excavation at approximately 8 feet bgs. One soil sample was also collected from the single stockpile of soil that had been removed from the excavation.

On February 27, 1991 the area of excavation for the waste oil tanks with the highest concentration of diesel contamination was excavated to a depth of 13 feet bgs. Three additional soil samples were collected from the bottom of this excavated area along the western edge of the excavations at approximately 13 feet bgs. The excavated area was then backfilled with some stockpiled soil that had been previously removed from the excavation including imported fill material. In addition, approximately 18 cubic yards of stockpiled soil was transported to a disposal facility due to elevated concentrations of TPH-g and TPH-d.

In December 1991, MW-1 was installed and four soil samples were collected from the well borings at depth of 6, 11, 16 and 21 feet bgs. During the construction of MW-2 and MW-3, soil samples were collected from the borings at depths of 9 and 8 feet bgs, respectively. In March 1994 three additional monitoring wells – MW-4, MW-5, and MW-6 - were constructed and one soil sample from each well was collected at 10, 5 and 10 feet bgs, respectively. Soil samples were last collected in June 1999 as part of an "additional site characterization" study. Six soil borings (SB-1 through SB-6) were collected to establish the lateral extent chemical impacts at the site (TtEMI, 2001). Soil depths ranged from 16 to 24 feet bgs. As indicated earlier in Section 2.0, shallow/surface soil samples were not collected because chemical impacts were assumed to be limited to subsurface soils, as a result of subsurface leakage from underground storage tanks. Subsurface soil data used to conduct the Tier I SLHHRA are summarized in Table 2.

4.0 TIER I SLHHRA METHODOLOGY

As indicated in Section 3.0 and summarized in Appendix A, subsurface soil and groundwater data have been collected at the Site since 1991. However, data collected over ten years ago do not reflect current site conditions due to attenuation (e.g., degradation) or migration (in groundwater). For this reason, only data collected during the three most recent sampling activities – (April 1999, May 2000, and August 2001) were used to conduct the SLHHRA.

Detected chemical concentrations in groundwater and subsurface soil were compared to Tier I screening levels identified from one of three sources, as described in Section 7.3 below. Tier I screening levels for commercial/industrial receptors exposed to chemicals in groundwater and subsurface soil through inhalation of indoor air vapors were used in this assessment, with exceptions as noted in Section 7.2. The rationale for receptor and exposure pathway selection is presented in Sections 5 and 6 below.

Each of these health based screening criteria is discussed in detail below followed by a discussion regarding the basis for this hierarchy. RBLs and PRGs are addressed in Section 7.1 and 7.2, respectively.

7.1 RBSLs

RBSLs developed by both the City of Oakland and the CRWQCB are based on different assumptions (discussed in detail in "Application of Risk-Based Screening Levels and Decision Making to Sites with Impacted Soil and Groundwater" (CRWQCB, 2001a)). Both the City of Oakland and CRWQCB RBSLs evaluate potential residential and commercial/industrial worker exposure scenarios and address exposure to:

- City of Oakland RBSLs
 - Surficial soil which accounts for ingestion, dermal contact, and inhalation of vapors and soil particulates while outdoors.
 - Subsurface soil which accounts separately for
 - Inhaling indoor air vapors
 - Inhaling outdoor air vapors
 - Ingesting groundwater impacted by leachate
 - For Groundwater:
 - Inhaling indoor air vapors
 - Inhaling outdoor air vapors
 - Ingesting groundwater

- Water used for recreation ingestion and dermal contact (residential only).
- CRWQCB:
 - Surface soil and groundwater as a current or a potential source of drinking water
 - Surface soil and groundwater not a current or a potential source of drinking water
 - Subsurface soil and groundwater as a current or a potential source of drinking water
 - Subsurface soil and groundwater not a current or a potential source of drinking water.
 - Elevated threat to surface water.

Subsurface soil is defined as soil either 1 meter or greater than 3 meters below ground surface (bgs) by the City of Oakland (2000) and the CRWQCB (2001a), respectively.

7.2 PRGs

Similar to RBSLs, PRGs are available for residential and commercial/industrial workers exposed to ambient (outdoor) air, tapwater, and soil. Soil and tapwater PRGs account for direct contact exposures (i.e., ingestion and dermal contact) in addition to inhalation of chemical vapors or soil particles. PRGs for tapwater and soil are discussed in more detail below. Ambient air PRGs are not relevant to this assessment and are not discussed further in this report.

7.2.1 Tapwater

As indicated in Section 2.0, groundwater at the site is considered nonpotable. For this reason, RBSLs for nonpotable groundwater were used in this evaluation. However, in the absence of nonpotable groundwater RBSLs (City of Oakland or CRWQCB), nonpotable groundwater PRGs developed by EPA Region IX were used in this assessment. Tapwater PRGs incorporate vapor inhalation, ingestion, and dermal contact exposures.

7.2.1 Soil

Soil PRGs account for direct exposure (dermal and ingestion) as well as inhalation of vapors or particulates. In case of VOCs, subsurface RBSLs are considered more conservative (i.e., lower) than PRGs because RBSLs account for the inhalation of vapors while indoors (where vapors can accumulate). PRGs also account for vapor inhalation but only while outdoors (where vapors dissipate or degrade more rapidy). As noted earlier, PRGs were only used in the absence of an available and appropriate RBSL.

7.3 TIER I SCREENING CRITERIA HIERARCHY

RBSLs developed by the City of Oakland "reflect Oakland-specific geologic, hydrogeologic and climatic conditions." As acknowledged by the CRWQCB (CRWQCB, 2001b) because the Site is located within the Oakland city limits whenever available Oakland RBSLs were used to conduct the Tier 1 SLHRRA. In the absence of Oakland RBSLs, more generic RBSLs developed by the CRWQCB (2001a) were used. The more conservative PRGs were used only when RBSLs were not available for a detected chemical.

The Site is industrial groundwater is not used for recreational activities nor is there a threat to nearby surface water bodies. Potential impacts are associated solely with the inhalation of VOCs emanating from either nonpotable groundwater or subsurface soils. For this reason nonpotable groundwater and subsurface commercial/industrial RBSLs were used in this assessment. As

noted earlier, in some cases RBSLs may not be available for all chemicals detected at the Site. In the absence of RBSLs, PRGs developed by EPA Region IX were selected as Tier I screening level criteria.

8.0 EVALUATING TPH-g, TPH-d, and TPH-o

Benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes (BTEX) account for the most toxic components of TPH-g. BTEX was sampled for in both soil and groundwater. In addition to BTEX, semivolatile organic compounds (SVOCs) are indicator chemicals for TPH-d and TPH-o. However, because SVOCs do not readily volatilize exposure to these class of compounds is not expected at the Site. Sampling for the presence of BTEX at the Site is assumed to account for the most relevant components of TPH-g, TPH-d and TPH-o. For this reason TPH-g, TPH-d, and TPH-o were not evaluated separately in this assessment. In addition, the results of the TPH sampling events are summarized in Tables 1 and 2 for the reader's review.

9.0 **RESULTS OF THE TIER I SLHHRA**

The results of the Tier I SLHHRA for groundwater and subsurface soil are presented in Sections 9.1 and 9.2, respectively.

9.1 GROUNDWATER

No VOCs detected in MW-1, MW-3, MW-4, MW-5, or MW-6 exceeded Tier I screening levels. 1,2,4-TMB and 1,3,5-TMB were the only VOCs that exceeded Tier I screening levels ($12 \mu g/L$) at MW-2 consistently in the three most recent sampling events. 1,2,4-TMB concentrations were 200, 110, and 240 $\mu g/L$ and 1,3,5-TMB concentrations were 120, 100, and 190 $\mu g/L$ over the last three sampling rounds. Table 5 presents chemicals detected in groundwater and corresponding Tier I screening levels

9.2 SUBSURFACE SOIL

The following chemicals detected at SB-5 (13 to 13.5 feet bgs) exceeded Tier I screening levels for soil: Isopropylbenzene (600 mg/kg), propylbenzene (920 mg/kg), n-butylbenzene (510 mg/kg), and sec-butylbenzene (410 mg/kg). The Tier I screening levels for these chemicals are 540, 240, 240, and 220 mg/kg, respectively.Table 6 presents chemicals detected in subsurface soil and corresponding Tier I screening levels.

10.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

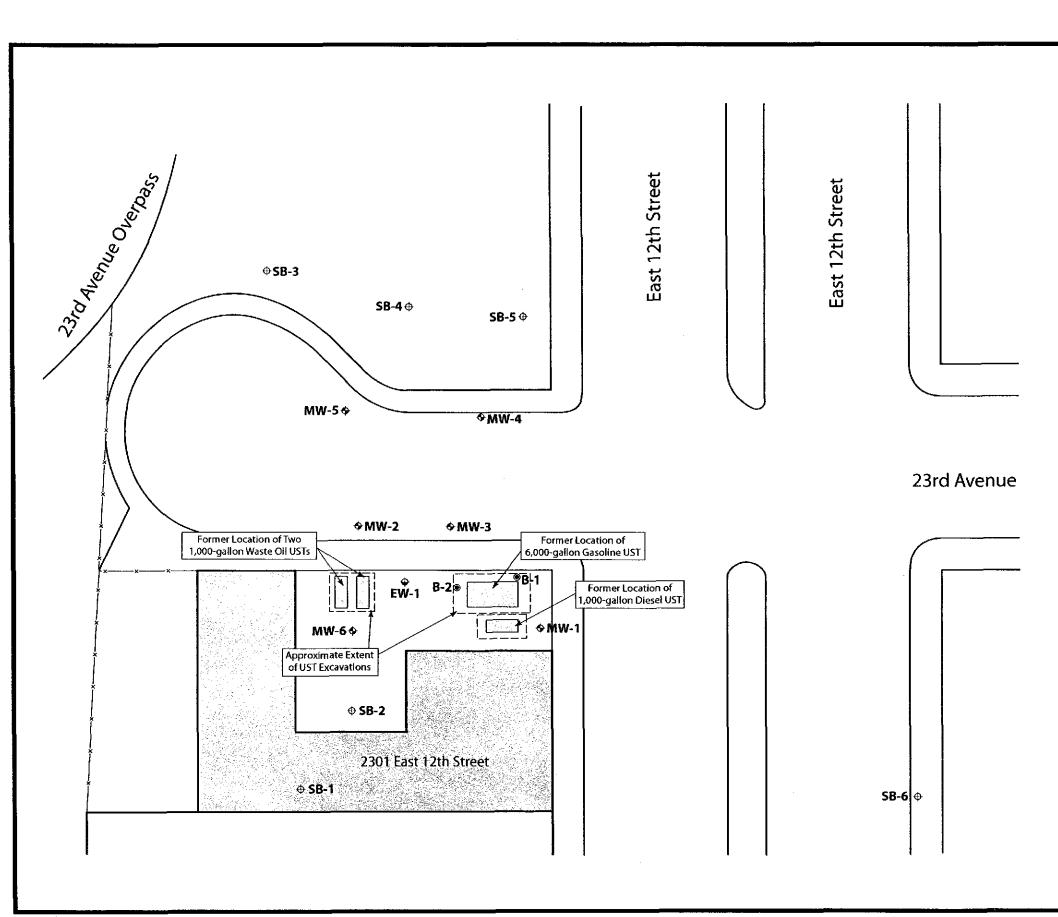
1,2,4-TMB and 1,3,5-TMB were the only two VOCs detected in groundwater that exceeded Tier I screening levels in MW-2. However, as indicated in Table 3, a domestic tapwater PRG was used in the absence of industrial/commercial worker RBSL for either 1,2,4- or 1,3,5-TMB. The tapwater PRG is overly conservative. Development of an industrial/commercial worker RBSL may indicate that 1,2,4-TMB and 1,3,5-TMB are present below health-based levels of concern. In subsurface soils, exceedances of detected chemicals (isopropylbenzene, propylbenzene, n-butylbenzene, and sec-butylbenzene) are limited to SB-5. Soil excavation along with the collection of confirmation samples may adequately address soil levels exceeding Tier I screening levels.

Based on the results of the Tier I SLHHRA – in the absence of a site soil and groundwater remediation or soil excavation activities, a Tier II or Tier III SLHHRA may be required to establish more site-specific health-based remediation criteria. As noted in Section 4.0 the Tier I RBSLs and PRGs are not site-specific and are considered conservative to allow use across a number of different types of sites. Implementation of a Tier II or Tier III SLHHRA will allow for the development of screening levels that more closely reflect and account for expected industrial uses of the Site as well as site-specific physical/chemical properties such as soil type, soil moisture, soil porosity, and soil pH. These factors can significantly influence development of site-specific screening levels.

11.0 **REFERENCES**

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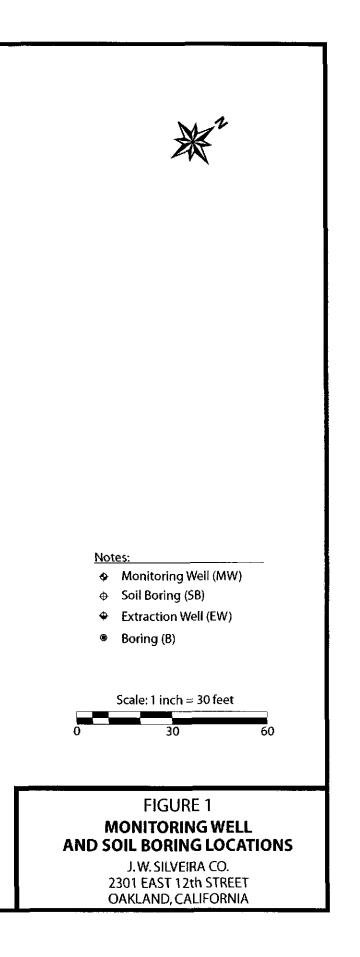
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Tetra Tech EM Inc.

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Table 1
SUMMARY OF REPORTED CHEMICAL CONCENTRATIONS IN GROUNDWATER
FROM THE THREE MOST RECENT GROUNDWATER SAMPLING ACTIVITIES IN 1999, 2000, AND 2001
2301 EAST 12TH STREET

	1	MW-1			MW-2			MW-3			MW-4			<u>MW-5</u>			MW-6	
Chemical	4/99	5/00	8/01	4/99	5/00	8/01	4/99	5/00	8/01	4/99	5/00	8/01	4/99	5/00	8/01	4/99	5/00	8/01
VOC (ug/L)	1																·	r
1.2,4-Trimethylbenzene	CIN (5.4	ND	200	110	240	ND	0.5	ND:	NI)	ND	ND	ND	0.8	ND	ND	ND	ND
1.3.5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	6.4	ND	120	100	190	ND	ND	ND	N1.1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND 200	ND	ND 240
Benzene	1,300	1,300	1,000	ι,ιόα	970	630	73	0.5	59	ND	פוא	טא (73	53	44	280	320	240
Chlorobenzene	ND	ND	ND	5.2	4.6	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.1	1.4	ND	ND	ND 12
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	1	ND	ND	ND	טא	ND	3.4	ND	- ND	ND	ND	ND	3,6	3.1	72	44	43
Ethylbenzene	93	98	92	540	560	340	29	18	13	D.8	ND	ND	13	5.6	5,2	66	61	34
Isopropylbenzene	ND	17	20	50	63	64	41	41	41	18	10	10	55	43	44	17	20	15
m,p-Xylenes	36	24	20	370	230	260	6.3	5,4	4.6	ND ND	ND	ND	13	8.1	7,3	6.4	1,9	ND
n-Butylbenzene	ND	10	10	39	43		17	20	21	11	4.6	5.9	!4	11	12	ND	5.8	6,7
Naphthalene	ND	16	17	570	600	910	3.4	3.9	3	ND	ND	ND	42	26	23	ND	ND	ND
o-Xylene	ND	1.9	ND	38	27	31	ND	0.6	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.5	1.3	ND	(מא	ND
para-Isopropyl Toluene	ND	9.6	12	22	21	42	18	21	22	7.9	2.8	3.6	9.9	6,3	6,3	ND	3.9	2.8
Propylbenzene	ND	17	19	86	120	110	45	48	47	18	9.4	9.1	80	61	63	15	17	14
sec-Butylbenzene	ND	7.2	7.6	ND	13	21	12	13	14	13	7	8,2	8.3	6.8	7.7	ND	4	3.9
tert-Butylbenzene	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	3.3	1.3	1.3	ND	1 1	1.2	ND	• ND	ND	ND)	ND	ND
Toluene	30	30	19	100	84	49	7	6.3	5.8	ND	ND	ND	5	3.4	3.1	4.4	3.8	2.5
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	3,3	2.6	NU	ND	ND	ND	2.7	3,6	5.3	21	18	15
Trichloroethene	20	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	6.7	3.9	4.4	ND	ND	ND	NiD	NÐ	ND	75	46	33
Vinyl Chloride	ND	NU	ND	ND	ND	ND .	ND	NU	ND	ND	טא	נוא	ND	עא	13	ND	ND	13
TPH (ug/L)			!		<u></u>													
Diesel (TPH-d)	4,300	3,300	8,800	5,800	6,900	28,000	3,200	9,700	9,800	2,500	580	28,000	1,500	1,000	2,100	3,400	730	1,400
Motor Oil (TPH-o)	850	720	2,600	750	840	3,800	280	390	750	300	ND	3,000	290	ND	340	280	ND	300

.

Notes:

ug/L g/L micrograms per liter ND Not detected

TPH Total petroleum hydrocarbons

TABLE 2 SUMMARY OF REPORTED CHEMICAL CONCENTRATIONS IN SUBSURFACE SOIL COLLECTED IN 1999 2301 EAST 12TH STREET

Analyte	Location and Depth								
	SB-1	SB-2	SB-3	SB-4	SB-5	SB-6			
VOC (ma/ka)	JW1-09	JW1-13	JW1-17	JW1-12	JW1-16	JW1-20			
VOC (mg/kg)	15.5-16 ft	15-15.5 ft	18-18.5 ft	18-18.5 ft	13-13.5 ft	19-19.5 ft			
	bgs	bgs	bgs	bgs	bgs	bgs			
Isopropylbenzene	ND	ND	ND	ND	600	ND			
Propylbenzene (as n-Propylbenzene)	ND	ND	ND	ND	920	ND			
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	ND	ND	4.2	ND	ND			
n-Butylbenzene	ND -	ND	ND	ND	510	ND			
para-Isopropyl Toluene	ND	ND	ND	ND	360	ND -			
sec-Butylbenzene	ND	ND	ND	ND	410	ND			
TPH (mg/kg)									
Diesel (TPH-d)	ND	ND	ND	ND	120	ND			

Notes:

The analytical results of the soil samples were validated by a TtEMI chemist.

bgs below ground surface

ft feet

mg/kg milligrams per Kilogram

ND Not Detected

TPH Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons

VOC Volitile Organic Compound

TABLE 3
GROUNDWATER RBSLs AND PRGs USED TO CONDUCT THE COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL WORKER TIER I SLHHRA
2301 EAST 12TH STREET

Chemical			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	City of Oakland Commericial/Industrial Worker RBSLs	CRWQCB Commercial/Industrial Worker RBSLs for Non Potable Groundwater	Region IX Residential Tapwater PRGs	Selected Tier I Screening Levels [#]	Residential or Industrial Tier I Screening Level? ^b	Surrogate
VOC (ug/L)						
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	NA	NA	12	12	Residential	
1.3.5-Trimethylbenzene	NA	NA	12	12	Residential	
Benzene	1800	46	0.34	1800	Commercial/Industrial	
Chlorobenzene	69000	50	L10	69000	Commercial/Industrial	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	1000000	590	61	1000000	Commercial/Industrial	
Ethylbenzene	>SOL	290	2.9	>SOL	Commercial/Industrial	
Isopropylbenzene	NA	NA	660	660	Commercial/Industrial	
m,p-Xylenes	>SOL	13 (as xylenes)	210	>SOL	Commercial/Industrial	
n-Butylbenzene	NA	NA	240	240	Commercial/Industrial	
Naphthalene	>SOL	24	6.2 .	>SOL	Commercial/Industrial	
o-Xylene	>SOL	13 (as xylenes)	210	>SOL	Commercial/Industrial	
para-Isopropyl Toluene	>SOL	130	720	>SOL	Commercial/Industrial	Toluene
Propylbenzene (as n-propylbenzene)	NA	NA	240	240	Residential	
sec-Butylbenzene	NA	NA	240	240	Residential	
tert-Butylbenzene	NA	NA	240	240	Residential	
Toluene	>SOL	130	720	>SOL	Commercial/Industrial	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	940000	590	120	. 940000	Commercial/Industrial	
Trichloroethene	11000	360	0.028	11000	Commercial/Industrial	
Vinyl Chloride	59.0	4.9	0.02	59.0	Commercial/industrial	

Notes:

CRWQCB California Regional Water Quality Control Board

NA

ug/L micrograms per liter

Not available (applicable)

Total petroleum hydrocarbons

ТРН VOC Volatile organic compound

RBSL exceeds the solubility of the chemical in water. >SOL

Both City of Oakland and CRWQCB groundwater RBSLs assume exposure to chemical vapors emanating from groundwater, through soil into a residence. Tapwater PRGs assume drinking water exposure and are therefore conservative for this evaluation because groundwater is considered nonpotable. As indicated in the main text, in order of preference, the Tier I Screening Level are those developed by the City of Oakland, the CRWQCB, and EPA Region IX PRGs.

Notes

а

Hierarchy for selection of screening criteria is described in the main document. Residential screening levels were used only in the absence of an appropriate commercial/industrial worker value.

b

TABLE 4 SUBSURFACE SOIL RBSLS AND PRGS USED TO CONDUCT THE COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL TIER I SLHHRA 2301 EAST 12TH STREET

Analyte	City of Oakland Commerical/Industrial Worker RBSLs	CRWQCB Commercial/Industrial Worker RBSLs Soil Depth > 3ft BGS	EPA Region IX Commercial/Industria I Worker PRGs	Selected Tier I Screening Levels [*]	Residential or Industrial Tier I Screening Level?	Surrogate
VOC (mg/kg)			§			
Isopropylbenzene	NA	NA	520	520	Commercial/Industrial	
Propylbenzene (as n-Propylbenzene)	NA	NA	240 (SAT)	240	Commercial/Industrial	1 1
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	410	2.7	150	410	Commercial/Industrial	
n-Butylbenzene	NA	NA	240	240	Commercial/Industrial	
para-Isopropyl Toluene	SAT	8.4	520	SAT	Commercial/Industrial	Toluene
sec-Butylbenzene	· NA	NA	220	220	Commercial/Industrial	

Notes: The analytical results of the soil samples were validated by a TtEMI chemist. bgs CRWQCB below ground surface California Regional Water Quality Control Board ft feet mg/kg milligrams per Kilogram Not Analyzed PRGs Preliminary Remediation Goals RBSLs Risk-Based Screening Levels VOC Volitile Organic Compound SAT RBSL exceeds saturated soil concentration. Notes

а

Hierarchy for selection of screening criteria is described in the main document.

Table 5
RESULTS OF THE COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL WORKER TIER I SLHHRA for GROUNDWATER
FROM THE THREE MOST RECENT GROUNDWATER SAMPLING ACTIVITIES IN 1999, 2000, AND 2001
2301 EAST 12TH STREET

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			MW-I			MW-2			MW-3	_		MW-4			MW-5			MW-6	
Chemical	Selected Tier I Screening Levelsa	4/99	5/00	8/01	4/99	5/00	8/01	4/99	5/00	8/01	4/99	5/00	8/01	4/99	5/00	8/01	4/99	5/00	8/01
VOC (ug/L)														_					
1.2.4-Trimethylbenzene	12	ND	5.4	ND	200	110	240	8D	0,5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0,8	ND	ND	89	ND
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	12	NO	6.4	ND	120	100	190	נוא	ND	ND	ND	80	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND_	ND
Benzene	1800	1,300	1,300	1,000	1,100	970	630	73	0.5	59	ND .	ND	ND	73	53	44	280	320	240
Chlorobenzene	69000	80	хD	ND	5.2	4.6	ND	LU	t.4	50	ND	ND							
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	1000000	ND 1	L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	3,4	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	3,6	3.L	72	44	43
Ethylbenzene	>SOL	93	98	92	540	560	340	29	18	13	0.8	ND	ND	13	5,6	5.2	66	61	34
Isopropylbenzene	660	ND	17	20	50	63	64	41	41	41	18	10	10	55	43	44	17	20	. 15
m,p-Xylencs	>SOL	36	24	20	370	230	260	6.3	5,4	4.6	ND	ND	ND	13	8,1	7.3	6,4	1.9	ND
n-Butylbenzene	240	хu	10	10	39	43	88	17	20	21	11	4.6	5.9	14	11	12	ND	5, B	6.7
Naphthalene	>SOL	NU	16	17	570	600	910	3.4	3,9	3.	ND	ND.	ND	42	26	23	ND	ND	NO
o-Xylene	>SOL	ND	1.9	ND	38	27	31	ND	0,6	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.5	1.3	su	ND	ND
para-Isopropyl Toluene	>SOL	ND	9.6	12	22	21	42	18	21	22	7.9	2.8	3.6	9,9	6,3	6.3	ND	3.9	2.8
Propylbenzene	240	ND	17	19	86	120	110	45	48	47	18	9.4	9.1	80	61	63	15	17	14
sec-Butylbenzene	240	ND	7.2	7.6	ND	13	21	12	13	14	13	7	8.2	8.3.	6.8	7.7	-shi	4	3.9
tert-Butylbenzene	240	NØ	NO	ND	ND	ND	ND	3.3	1.3	1.3	ND	L	1.2	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	80
Toluene	>SOL	30	10	19	100	84	49	7	6.3	5.8	ND	ND	ND	5	3.4	11	4.4	38	2.5
trans-1_2-Dichloroethene	940000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	3.3	2.6	80	ND	ND	ND	2.7	3.6	5 3	21	18	15
Trichloroethene	11000	20	ND	ND	ND	мр	ND	6,7	3.9	4.4	80	ND	ND	ND	п	ND	75	46	33
Vinyl Chloride	59 O ·	ND	ND	хD	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NU	ND	ND	ND	ND	טא	13	ND	NÐ	13

Notes: ug/L micrograms per liter ND Not detected

VOC Volatile organic compound

Bold/shaded numbers indicate concentration exceeds Tier I Screening Level.

>SOL RBSL exceeds solubility of the chemical in water

TABLE 6RESULTS OF COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL WORKER TIER I SLHHRA FOR SOILCOLLECTED IN 19992301 EAST 12TH STREET

Analyte				Location and Depth					
		SB-1	SB-2	SB-3	SB-4	SB-5	SB-6		
	Selected Tier I	JW1-09	JW1-13	JW1-17	JW1-12	JW1-16	JW1-20		
VOC (mg/Kg)	Screening Levels	15.5-16 ft	15-15.5 ft	18-18.5 ft	18-18.5 ft	13-13.5 ft	19-19.5 ft		
		bgs	bgs	bgs	bgs	bgs	bgs		
Isopropylbenzene	520	ND	ND	ND	ND	600	ND		
Propylbenzene (as n-Propylbenzene)	240	ND	ND	ND	ND	920	ND		
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	410	ND	ND	ND	4.2	ND	ND		
n-Butylbenzene	240	ND	ND	ND	ND	510	ND		
para-Isopropyl Toluene	SAT	ND	ND	ND	ND	360	ND		
sec-Butylbenzene	220	ND	ND	ND	ND	410	ND		

Notes:

The analytical results of the soil sam	ples were validated by a TtEMI chemist.				
bgs	below ground surface				
ft	feet				
mg/kg	milligrams per kilogram				
	Not Analyzed				
ND	Not Detected				
VOC	Volitile Organic Compound				
Bold/shaded numbers indicate concentration exceeds Tier I Screening Level.					

APPENDIX A SUMMARY OF PREVIOUSLY CONDUCTED GROUNDWATER SAMPLING CONDUCTED BETWEEN 1991 AND 2001

TABLE A-1 CHEMICAL CONCENTRATIONS IN GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELL MW-1 FROM JULY 1992 TO AUGUST 2001 2301 EAST 12TH STREET

ANALYTE							· · ·				SA	MPLE D	ATE										
VOC (µg/L)	7/92	11/92	3/93	5/93	8/93	12/93	3/94	6/94	10/94	2/95	6/95	10/95	2/96	6/96	9/96	1/97	5/97	12/97	3/98	7/98	4/99	5/00	8/01
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene			• "									<u> </u>			••				+		ND	5.4	ND
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene							• -	~ •	• •												ND	6.4	ND
Benzene	600	2,400	3,800	3,400	2,300	29	2,400	2,300	2,100	3,200	2,600	2,200	1,400	2,500	1,200	1,500	2,200	2,000	2,600	2,100	1,300	1,300	1,000
Chlorobenzene	- •		ND	ND	ND			÷ -		ND	ND	ND	NĎ	ND	ND	ND	ND			ND	- ND	ND	ND
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	••		ND	ND	1.1					1.3	1.1	0.84	0.82	ND	ND	0.71	0.81			1.4	ND	1.0	ND
Ethylbenzene	13	41	120	140	180	5.8	310	260	250	460	450	220	130	190	86	190	170	81	280	220	93	98	92
Isopropylbenzene					•		• •														ND	17	20
m,p-Xylenes	18	ND	ND	150	57	26	280	170	140	260	220	110	81	130	55	130	110	94	100	83	36	24	20
n-Butylbenzene							• •				••										ND	10	10
Naphthalene				• -				- •	••									:			ND	16	17
o-Xylene	а	ND	ND	а	а	а	а	a	а	а	а	а	а	а	а	а	a	a	а	а	ND	1.9	ND
para-Isopropyl Toluene							• -					• •									ND	9.6	12
Propylbenzene							÷ -														ND	17	19
sec-Butylbenzene														• •							ND	7.2	7.6
tert-Butylbenzene									F	• •											ND	ND	ND
Toluene	5.1	6.1	ND	44	35	16	84	44	35	110	87	63	25	72	29	47	56	46	74	57	30	30	19
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene			ND	ND	ND					ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND		• •	ND	ND	ND	ND
Trichloroethene			5.8	6.8	ND					ND	6.5	2.5	24	ND	11	13	2.7		·	3.4	20	ND	ND
Vinyl Chloride			ND	ND	ND					ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND			ND	ND	ND	ND
TPH (µg/L)	7/92	11/92	3/93	5/93	8/93	12/93	3/94	6/94	10/94	2/95	6/95	10/95	2/96	6/96	9/96	1/97	5/97	12/97	3/98	7/98	4/99	5/00	8/01
Diesel (TPH-d)	360	670	1,100	1,170	1,200	ND	2,600	1,500	2,000	2,500	3,500	2,700	16,000	8,000	3,100	11,000	4,300	3,400	8,600	6,800	4,300	3,300	8,800
Motor Oil (TPH-o)										• -					••						850	720	2,600

Notes:

a Laboratory analytical report only lists total xylenes

µg/L Micrograms per liter

-- Not analyzed

NO Not detected

TPH Total petroleum hydrocarbons

TABLE A-2 CHEMICAL CONCENTRATIONS IN GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELL MW-2 FROM JULY 1992 TO AUGUST 2001 2301 EAST 12TH STREET

ANALYTE											SA	MPLE D	ATE										
VOC (µg/L)	7/92	11/92	3/93	5/93	8/93	12/93	3/94	6/94	10/94	2/95	6/95	10/95	2/96	6/96	9/96	1/97	5/97	12/97	3/98	7/98	4/99	5/00	8/01
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene																					200	110	240
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene				·																	120	100	190
Benzene	110	2,800	3,800	5,200	1,700	87	2,100	2,000	1,500	2,000	1,300	1,500	1,700	1,400	1,600	1,800	1,300	1,200	1,200	890	1,100	970	630
Chlorobenzene			ND	9.8	10	4.3	ND	6.5	5.7	12	7.9	5.1	4.8	5.6	8.2	ND	5.2			1.9	5.2	4.6	ND
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene			ND	2.7	3.2	1.0	ND	ND	0.73	ND	1.0	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.69	ND .			ND	ND	ND	ND
Ethylbenzene	37	790	950	1,000	640	42	630	550	410	660	510	400	490	460	480	670	400	460	430	490	540	560	340
Isopropylbenzene					• •							~~			•-						50	63	64
m,p-Xylenes	39	1,100	1,100	990	710	400	750	520	520	900	520	330	440	410	460	780	410	420	350	850	370	230	260
n-Butylbenzene							• •		•-				• -					••			39	43	88
Naphthalene											• •					••					570	600	910
o-Xylene	а	а	а	а	а	а	а	а	а	а	а	а	а	а	a	а	а	а	а	a	38	27	31
para-Isopropyl Toluene						:		· ·-										• •			22	21	42
Propylbenzene																			• •	• -	86	120	110
sec-Butylbenzene								••	• -	.		~ ~			• •						ND	13	21
tert-Butylbenzene											÷ -					••	• •	••	••		ND	ND	ND
Toluene	6	120	110	140	120	79	100	72	81	120	85	92	93	75	66	150	96	76	74	160	100	84	49
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene			ND	2.7	ND	ND	ND	ND	סא	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND		• -	ND	ND	ND	DND
Trichloroethene			ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	12	ND	ND			DN	ND	ND	DN
Vinyl Chloride		• -	ND	, ND	2.2	1.5	ND	ND	1.0	ND	2.1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND			0.46	ND	ND	ND
TPH (µg/L)	7/92	11/92	3/93	5/93	8/93	12/93	3/94	6/94	10/94	2/95	6/95	10/95	2/96	6/96	9/96	1/97	5/97	12/97	3/ 9 8	7/98	4/99	5/00	8/01
Diesel (TPH-d)	1,500	17,000	37,000	6,000	54,000	720	6,100	3,000	53,000	49,000	6,600	31,000	11,000	5,500	13,000	30,000	24,000	24,000	9,500	490,000	5,800	6,900	28,000
Motor Oil (TPH-o)				• •					<u> </u>						<u> </u>						750	840	3,800

Notes:

Laboratory analytical report only lists total xylenes а

Micrograms per liter μ**g/L**

Not analyzed - -

Not detected ND

TPH Total petroleum hydrocarbons VOC Volatile organic compound

TABLE A-3 CHEMICAL CONCENTRATIONS IN GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELL MW-3 FROM JULY 1992 TO AUGUST 2001 2301 EAST 12TH STREET

ANALYTE											ŞAI	IPLE D	ATE										
VOC (µg/L)	7/92	11/92	3/93	5/93	8/93	12/93	3/94	6/94	10/94	2/95	6/95	10/95	2/96	6/96	9/96	1/97	5/97	12/97	3/98	7/98	4/99	5/00	8/01
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene							• -								• -	• -		-	••	• •	ND	0.5	ND
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene																• -					ND	ND	ND
Benzene	150	78	120	570	180	30	180	230	140	220	310	120	62	110	68	64	67	63	ND	87	73	0.5	59
Chlorobenzene			ND		ND		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND			ND	ND	ND	ND
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene			ND		ND		ND	6.0	8.4	4.3	4.9	7.1	7.3	6.9	11	4.9	4.9			1.1	ND	3.4	ND
Ethylbenzene	88	830	240	640	110	12	100	93	68	110	160	32	50	130	61	38	51	68	53	44	29	18	13
Isopropylbenzené																					41	41	41
m.p-Xylenes	13	13	37	8.4	9.4	62	24	7.6	25	22	63	16	33	160	42	60	20	48	21	25	6.3	5.4	4.6
n-Butylbenzene			• -	1			·		• -					. . -							17	20	21
Naphthalene	••						••														3.4	3.9	3
o-Xylene	а	ND	ND	а	а	a	а	а	а	a	а	а	а	a	а	a	a	а	а	а	ND	0.6	ND
para-Isopropyl Toluene	• •] :				18	21	22
Propylbenzene														· -							45	48	47
sec-Butylbenzene																			••		12	13	14
tert-Butylbenzene		·																	• •		3.3	1.3	1.3
Toluene	8. 6	3.1	ND	4.1	15	14	10	13	8.7	17	23	6.7	13	65	20	19	13	22	1.5	13	7.0	6.3	5.8
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene			ND		ND		ND	1.5	2.1	1.3	1.7	2.0	2.6	2.5	ND	2.0	2.4			0.81	3.3	2.6	ND
Trichloroethene			ND	• - [•]	16		6.0	ND	12	5.1	5.7	7.8	9,3	ND	13	3.9	ND		-, -	ND	6.7	3.9	4.4
Vinyl Chloride			ND		ND		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND		• -	ND	ND	ND	ND
TPH (µg/L)	7/92	11/92	3/93	5/93	8/93	12/93	3/94	6/94	10/94	2/95	6/95	10/95	2/96	6/96	9/96	1/97	5/97	12/97	3/98	7/98	4/99	5/00	8/01
Diesel (TPH-d)	4,000	21,000	9,300	4,400	8,200	230	4,300	1,500	2,700	1,600	13,000	1,900	9,400	5,000	15,000	57,000	30,000	16,000	10,000	17,000	3,200	9,700	9,800
Motor Oil (TPH-o)																	••		• -		280	390	750

Notes:

a Laboratory analytical report only lists total xylenes µg/L Micrograms per liter

Not analyzed - -

ND Not detected

TPH Total petroleum hydrocarbons VOC Volatile organic compound

TABLE A-4 CHEMICAL CONCENTRATIONS IN GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELL MW-4 FROM MARCH 1994 TO AUGUST 2001 2301 EAST 12TH STREET

ANALYTE				<u></u>				SAI	VPLE D	ATE							
VOC (µg/L)	3/94	6/94	10/94	2/95	6/95	10/95	2/96	6/96	9/96	1/97	5/97	12/97	3/98	7/98	4/99	5/00	8/01
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene															ND	ND	ND
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene					÷ +					••					ND	ND	ND
Benzene	19	2.9	3.8	100	31.	43	ND :	12	ND	ND	ND	41	ND	2.2	ND	ND	ND
Chlorobenzene			ND	ND	NÐ	ND	NĎ	ND	ND	ND	NĎ			ND	ND	ND	ND .
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene			0.71	ND	2.2	1.3	1.8	ND	ND	0.76	ND			ND	ND	ND	ND
Ethylbenzene	2.9	2.8	5.2	3.8	6.1	8.4	ND	3.4	78	3.0	3.4	14	3.7	2.0	0.8	ND	ND
Isopropylbenzene				~ -		,									18	10	10
m,p-Xylenes	12	4.6	24	7.1	12	6.9	ND	9.6	12	15	5.7	20	6.2	2.1	ND	ND	ND
n-Butylbenzene															11	4.6	5.9
Naphthalene															ND	ND	ND
o-Xylene	а	а	a	а	а	a	ND	а	а	a	а	а	а	а	ND	ND	ND
para-Isopropyl Toluene															7.9	2.8	3.6
Propylbenzene				~ -											18	9,4	9.1
sec-Butylbenzene															13	7.0	8.2
tert-Butylbenzene										·				··	ND	1.0	1.2
Toluene	1.2	1.6	2.0	100	3.4	2.3	סא	5.7	15	7.0	5.1	13	5.0	1.5	ND	ND	ND
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene			ND	ND	1.0	ND	0.79	ND	ND	ND	ND			ND	ND	ND	ND
Trichloroethene	·		ND	. ND	NÐ .	ND.	ND	ND	ŃĎ	ND	ND			ND	ND	ND	ND
Vinyl Chloride			ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	• -	• -	ND	ND	ND	ND
TPH (µg/L)	3/94	6/94	10/94	2/95	6/95	10/95	2/96	6/96	9/96	1/97	5/97	12/97	3/98	7/98	4/99	5/00	8/01
Diesel (TPH-d)	1,800	420	900	630	1,100	1,100	940	1,100	2,500	13,000	6,200	650	1,300	1,000	2,500	580	28,000
Motor Oil (TPH-o)	·														300	ND	3,000

Notes:

a Laboratory analytical report only lists total xylenes

µg/L Micrograms per liter

-- Not analyzed

ND Not detected

TPH Total petroleum hydrocarbons

TABLE A-5 CHEMICAL CONCENTRATIONS IN GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELL MW-5 FROM MARCH 1994 TO AUGUST 2001

2301 EAST 12TH STREET

ANALYTE		······						SAI	WPLE D	ATE							
VOC (µg/L)	3/94	6/94	10/94	2/95	6/95	10/95	2/96	6/96	9/96	1/97	5/97	12/97	3/98	7/98	4/99	5/00	8/01
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene															ND	0.8	ND
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene									- -						ND	ND	ND
Benzene	71	220	120	130	140	43	61	. 94	140	64	120	66	48	69	73	53	44
Chlorobenzene		0.53	0.66	ND	0.95	0.54	0.57	ND	0.83	0.71	ND			0.68	ND	1.1	1.4
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		11	16	20	12	9.8	7.7	2.9	4.5	6.1	0.55			1.8	ND	3.6	3.1
Ethylbenzene	27	-38	27	38	27	8.4	34	32	18	23	21	15	14	11	13	5.6	5.2
Isopropylbenzene							- -	·							55	43	44
m,p-Xylenes	15	24	13	29	29	6.9	ND	40	21	26	23	25	21	15	13	8.1	7.3
n-Butylbenzene											.		- -		14	11	12
Naphthalene	·														42	26	23
o-Xylene	а	a	а	а	а	а	ND	а	a	а	а	а	а	а	ND	1.5	1.3
para-Isopropyl Toluene					.				·		 .				9.9	6.3	6.3
Propylbenzene															80	61	63
sec-Butyibenzene															8.3	6.8	7.7
tert-Butylbenzene		·								- ¹					ND .	ND	ND
Toluene	ND	12	5.1	7.9	6.7	2.3	5.3	11	7.5	8.7	7.6	8.7	7.2	6.0	5.0	3.4	3.1
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		3.1	4.2	5.1	4.1	2.9	ND	ND	2,7	3.8	ND			2.0	2.7	3.6	5.3
Trichloroethene	'	ND	· ND	ND	ND	2.0	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND			: ND	DN	ND	ND
Vinyl Chloride		7.5	9.6	8.4	10	7.6	5.3	ND	7.3	9.1	1.1			5.3	DN	ND	13
TPH (μg/L)	3/94	6/94	10/94	2/95	6/95	10/95	2/96	6/96	9/96	1/97	5/97	12/97	3/98	7/98	4/99	5/00	8/01
Diesel (TPH-d)	870	950	1,100	1,200	1,000	940	2,200		1,600	2,500	3,400	2,400	1,200	1,600	1,500	1,000	2,100
Motor Oil (TPH-o)															290	ND	340

Notes:

a Laboratory analytical report only lists total xylenes

µg/L Micrograms per liter

-- Not analyzed

ND Not detected

TPH Total petroleum hydrocarbons

TABLE A-6 CHEMICAL CONCENTRATIONS IN GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELL MW-6 FROM MARCH 1994 TO AUGUST 2001 2301 EAST 12TH STREET

ANALYTE		·····		·····				SA		ATE			•••••				
VOC (µg/L)	3/94	6/94	10/94	2/95	6/95	10/95	2/96	6/96	9/96	1/97	5/97	12/97	3/98	7/98	4/99	5/00	8/01
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene															ND	ND	ND
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene															ND	ND .	ND
Benzene	1,100	1,200	870	1,000	1,300	590	460	630	550	850	450	530	630	420	280	320	240
Chlorobenzene				ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND			ND	ND	ND	ND
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene				40	26	75	110	72	73	81	50			54	72	44	43
Ethylbenzene	180	210	140	210	240	84	110	140	120	190	38	130	120	60	66	61	34
Isopropylbenzene												`			17	20	15
m.p-Xylenes	41	54	49	55	79	24	23	37	38	43	35	38	25	14	6.4	1.9	ND
n-Butylbenzene							- -							÷-	ND	5.8	6.7
Naphthalene															ND	ŃĎ	ND
o-Xylene	а	а	a	а	а	a	a	а	a	а	а	a	a	а	ND	ND	ND
para-Isopropyl Toluene		'					·								םא	3.9	2.8
Propylbenzene															15	17	14
sec-Butylbenzene									- -						ND	4.0	3.9
tert-Butylbenzene	<u> </u>							<u>-</u> -							ND	NĎ	ND
Toluene	17	21	14	17	24	8.8	11	14	14	17	9.1	13	11	7	4,4	3.8	2.5
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		~ ~		13	17	16	25	20	25	21	17			16	21	18	15
Trichloroethene	· ·			99	- 29	110	160	83	59	82	52	·		34	75	46	33
Vinyl Chloride				87	130	54	46	33	48	29	26			12	ND	NĎ	13
TPH (μg/L)	3/94	6/94	10/94	2/95	6/95	10/95	2/96	6/96	9/96	1/97	5/97	12/97	3/98	7/98	4/99	5/00	8/01
Diesel (TPH-d)	1,000	660	850	1,000	1,400	770	1,500	1,300	1,300	2,200	3,500	1,200	1,200	1,600	3,400	730	1,400
Motor Oil (TPH-o)															280	ND	300

Notes:

a Laboratory analytical report only lists total xylenes

µg/L Micrograms per liter

-- Not analyzed

ND Not detected

TPH Total petroleum hydrocarbons

APPENDIX B RESULTS OF RESIDENTIAL TIER I SLHHRA

Table B-1
RESULTS OF THE RESIDENTIAL TIER I SLIHRA FOR GROUNDWATER
FROM THE THREE MOST RECENT GROUNDWATER SAMPLING ACTIVITIES IN 1999, 2000, AND 2001
2301 EAST 12TH STREET

			MW-1			MW-2			MW-3			MW-4			MW-5			<u>MW-6</u>	
• Chemical	Selected Tier I Screening Levels	4/99	5/00	8/01	4/99	5/00	8/01	4/99	5/00	8/01	4/99	5/00	8/01	4/99	5/00	8/01	4/99	5/00	8/01
	Leveis	•••		L .					[
VOC (ug/L)												-							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzenc	12	נוא	5.4	ND	200	110	240	ND.	0,5	ND	NÐ	ND	NÐ	ND	0.8	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	12	ND	6.4	ND	t20.	100	190	ND	לוא	ND	NÐ	ND	ND	ND	ND	ыр	ND	ND	ND
Benzene	110	1,300	1,300	1,000	1,100	970	630	73	0.5	59	NÐ	UM	ND	73	53	44	280	320	240
Chlorobenzene	2400	ND	ND	ND	5.2	4.6	ND	ND	N1)	ND	ND	NÐ	903	ND	11	1.4	ND	ND	ND
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	35000	ND	1	NÐ	ND	ND	ND	ND	3.4	ND	ND	NÐ	ND	ND .	3.6	3.1	72	44	43
Ethylbenzene	>SOL	93	98	92	540	560	340	29	18	13	0.8	NÐ	ND.	13	5.6	5.2	66	61	34
lsopropylbenzene	660	NÚ	17	20	50	63	64	વા	41	41	18	10	10	55	43	44	17	20	15
m,p-Xylenes	>SOL	36	24	20	370	230	260	6.3	54	4.6	ND	ND	ND	13	8.1	7.3	6.4	1.9	ND
n-Butylbenzene	240	ND	10	10	39	43	88	17	20	21	11	4.6	5.9	14		12	UИ	5.8	6.7
Naphthalene	>SOL	ND	16	17	570	600	910	3.4	39	3	ND	ND	ND	42	26	23	ND	ND	ND
o-Xylene	>SOL	ND	1.9	ND	38	27	31	ND	0,6	ND	ND	ND	NO	ND	1.5	1.3	NO	ND	ND
para-Isopropyl Totuene	210000	ND	9.6	12	22	21	42	18	21	22	7.9	2.8	3.6	9.9	6.3	6,3	ND	3.9	2.8
Propylbenzene	240	ND	17	19	86	120	110	45	48	47	18	9.4	91	80	61	63	15	17	14
sec-Butylbenzene	240	ND	7.2	7.6	ND	13	21	12	13	14	13	. 7	8.2	B.3	6.8	7.7	ND	4	39
tert-Butylbenzene	240	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	3.3	1.3	1.3	ND	1	1.2	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Toluene	210000	30	30	19	100	84	49	7	6,3	5.8	ND	ND	ND .	5	3.4	3.E	4.4	3.8	2.5
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	32000	ND	UN UN	ND	ND	NÐ	ND	3,3	2.6	ND	ND	ND	мD	2.7	3.6	5.3	21	18	15
Trichloroethene	690	20	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	6.7	3.9	4.4	ND	ND	ND	UN	ND	ND	75	46	33
Vinyl Chloride	3.7	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NÐ	ND	13	ND	ND	13

Notes: ug/L micrograms per liter ND Not detected

VOC Volatile organic compound

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Bold/shaded numbers indicate concentration exceeds Tier I Screening Level.

>SOL RBSL exceeds the solubility of the chemical in water.

TABLE B-2 RESULTS OF RESIDENTIAL TIER I SLHHRA FOR SOIL COLLECTED IN 1999 2301 EAST 12TH STREET

Analyte				Location a	nd Depth		
		SB-1	SB-2	SB-3	SB-4	SB-5	SB-6
$VOC(m-W_{c})$	Selected Tier I	JW1-09	JW1-13	JW1-17	JW1-12	JW1-16	JW1-20
VOC (mg/Kg)	Screening Levels	15.5-16 ft	15-15.5 ft	18-18.5 ft	18-18.5 ft	13-13.5 ft	19-19:5 ft
		bgs	bgs	bgs	bgs	bgs	bgs
Isopropylbenzene	160	ND	ND	ND	ND	600	ND
Propylbenzene (as n-Propylbenzene)	240	ND	ND	ND	ND	920	ND
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	14	ND	ND	ND	4.2	ND	ND
n-Butylbenzene	240	ND	ND	ND	ND	510	ND
para-Isopropyl Toluene	360	ND	ND	ND	ND	360	ND
sec-Butylbenzene	220	ND	ND	ND	ND	410	ND

Notes:The analytical results of the soil samples were validated by a TtEMI chemist.bgsbelow ground surfaceftfeetmg/kgmilligrams per kilogram--Not AnalyzedNDNot DetectedVOCVolitile Organic CompoundBold/shaded numbers indicate concentration exceeds Tier I Screening Level.