



**Chevron**

**Chevron Products Company**  
6001 Bollinger Canyon Road  
Building L, Room 1102  
PO Box 6004  
San Ramon, California 94583-0904

**Philip R. Briggs**  
Project Manager  
Site Assessment & Remediation  
Phone: [REDACTED]  
Fax: 925 842-8370

facsimile transmittal

To: **Scott Seery** Fax: **510 337-9335**

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From: **Phil Briggs** Date: [REDACTED]

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Re: **Soil Analysis Results** Pages: **6**

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CC:

Urgent  For Review  Please Comment  Please Reply  Estimate Request

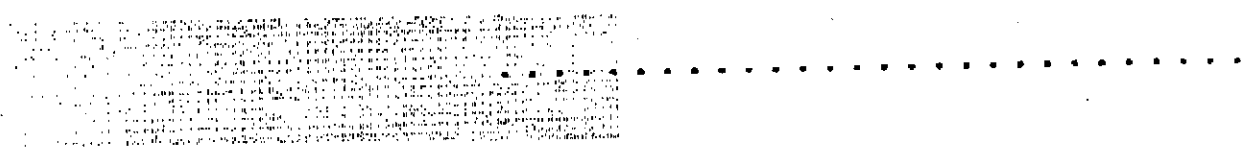
Attached are the results for the soil analysis that were taken at SS# 98139, 16304 Foothill, San Leandro [REDACTED]. However, I propose to excavate about 1-2 feet deeper in the area under tank A, 2-3 feet deeper in the area of P4 and P-3 and at UO1. Note that the TPH-g, BTEX, MTBE analyses are in ppb while the 8270 and TOG are in

ppm [REDACTED] and will be used for backfill into the tank excavation; UO stockpile and Pump Island stockpile will be transported offsite for disposal.

The 8270 results detected Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate at 3420 ppb. This is a plasticizer that is often found as a lab contaminant. Attached is a memo from CRTC noting this analyte and that the PRG is 210,000ppb. Expect removal of soil will be on 11/2. Samples will be taken.

*per gravel!*

*TPH/BTEX  
detection limits  
71000x too high!*





**TRANS TECH CONSULTANTS**  
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**FAX TRANSMITTAL**

DATE: 10-29-98 FAX #: 842 8370

TO: Phil Briggs FROM: Jeff Monroe

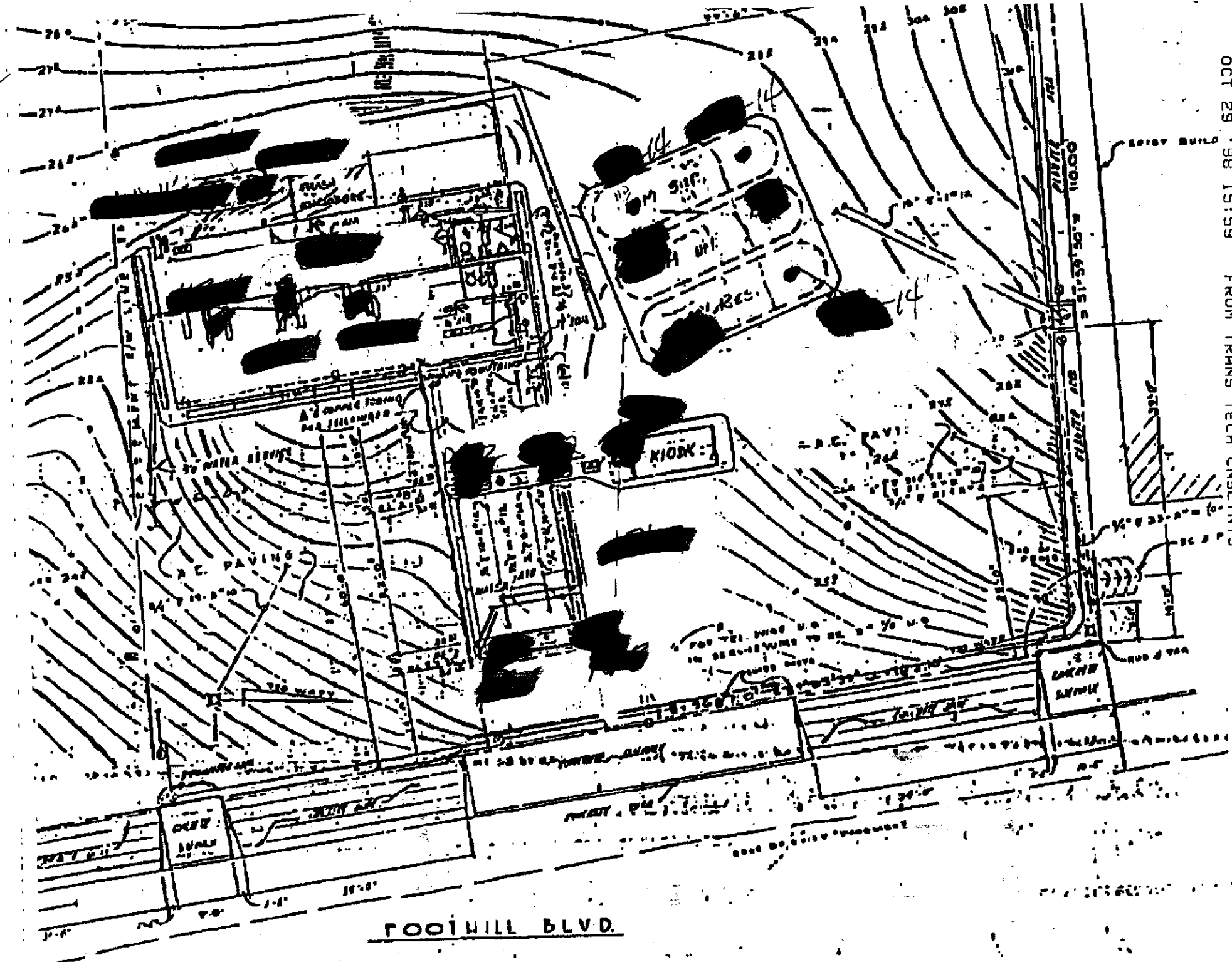
NO. PAGES TRANSMITTED (including this page): 4

WE ARE SENDING YOU THE FOLLOWING ATTACHMENTS:

ie: 9-8139

Sample ID	Depth (ft)	TPH Gas	B	I	E	X	
✓ W01	9	3900	ND	→	→	→	ND
✓ W02	9	ND	→	→	→	→	★
✓ W01X	11	ND	→	→	→	→	★
✓ CLR	6	4720	ND<10	→	→	→	★
	14	ND<400000	ND<2000	→	→	→	ND
	14	"	"	"	"	726	ND
	14	154000	ND<200	ND	875	9860	476 ppm
BN	14	ND<40000	ND<200	→	→	→	44.3 ppm
BS	14	ND	ND	ND	6.22	17.7	ND<25
CN	14	ND<10000	ND<200	→	→	→	
CS	14	11400	434	359	268	1290	
PT	2	ND<2000	ND<10	→	→	→	
PZ	2	ND<400000	ND<2000	→	→	→	ND<10000
P3	2	1560000	"	5240	30600	8460	ND<10000
P4	2	1060	28	ND<5	7.49	ND<10	
P5	3	13300	372	90	248	1150	
PG	3						

Phil, we can reuse UST stockpile but not W0 or Lump Island





**Sequoia Analytical**

680 Chesapeake Drive  
404 N. Wiget Lane  
819 Solker Avenue, Suite 8  
1455 McDowell Blvd., North, Sec. D

Redwood City, CA 94063  
Walnut Creek, CA 94598  
Sacramento, CA 95834  
Petaluma, CA 94954

(650) 364-9600  
(925) 988-9600  
(916) 921-0600  
(707) 792-1803

FAX (650) 364-9233  
FAX (925) 988-9673  
FAX (916) 921-0100  
FAX (707) 792-0342

Touchstone Developments PO Box 2554 Santa Rosa, CA 95405	Project: Chevron/General Project Number: 9-8139 Project Manager: Mr. Jeff Monroe	Sampled: 10/26/98 Received: 10/27/98 Reported: 10/29/98
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**Semi-volatile Organic Compounds by EPA Method 8270B**  
Sequoia Analytical - Petaluma

Analyte	Batch Number	Date Prepared	Date Analyzed	Surrogate Limits	Reporting Limit	Result	Units	Notes
								Soil
								ug/kg
U01X-11								
Acenaphthene	8100483	10/27/98	10/31/98		330	ND		
Acenaphthylene	"	"	"		330	ND		
Anthracene	"	"	"		1670	ND		
Benzoic acid	"	"	"		330	ND		
Benzo (a) anthracene	"	"	"		110	ND		
Benzo (b) fluoranthene	"	"	"		330	ND		
Benzo (k) fluoranthene	"	"	"		330	ND		
Benzo (ghi) perylene	"	"	"		330	ND		
Benzo (a) pyrene	"	"	"		660	ND		
Benzyl alcohol	"	"	"		330	ND		
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	"	"	"		330	ND		
Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether	"	"	"		330	ND		
Di(2-chloroisopropyl)ether	"	"	"		330	3420		
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	"	"	"		330	ND		
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	"	"	"		330	ND		
Butyl benzyl phthalate	"	"	"		660	ND		
4-Chloroaniline	"	"	"		660	ND		
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	"	"	"		330	ND		
2-Chloronaphthalene	"	"	"		330	ND		
2-Chlorophenol	"	"	"		330	ND		
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	"	"	"		330	ND		
Chrysene	"	"	"		330	ND		
Dibenz (a,h) anthracene	"	"	"		330	ND		
Dibenzofuran	"	"	"		330	ND		
Di-n-butyl phthalate	"	"	"		330	ND		
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	"	"	"		330	ND		
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	"	"	"		330	ND		
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	"	"	"		660	ND		
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	"	"	"		330	ND		
2,4-Dichlorophenol	"	"	"		330	ND		
Dicetyl phthalate	"	"	"		330	ND		
2,4-Dimethylphenol	"	"	"		330	ND		
Dimethyl phthalate	"	"	"		1670	ND		
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	"	"	"		1670	ND		
7,8-Dinitrophenol	"	"	"		330	ND		
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	"	"	"		330	ND		
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	"	"	"		330	ND		
Di-n-octyl phthalate	"	"	"		330	ND		
Fluorene	"	"	"		330	ND		
Hexachlorobenzene	"	"	"		330	ND		

\*Refer to end of report for text of notes and definitions.

Sequoia Analytical - Petaluma

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SEQUOIA ANALYTICAL

10/29/98 THU 14:38 FAX 7077920342  
\*\* TOTAL PAGE 004 \*\*



**Sequoia Analytical**

690 Chesapeake Drive  
406 N. Walnut Lane  
819 Saker Avenue, Suite 8  
1485 McDowell Blvd. North, Ste. D

Redwood City, CA 94063  
Walnut Creek, CA 94598  
San Francisco, CA 95834  
Petaluma, CA 94954

(650) 264-0600  
(925) 988-9600  
(916) 921-9600  
(707) 792-1865

FAX (650) 264-9233  
FAX (925) 988-9873  
FAX (916) 921-0188  
FAX (707) 792-0342

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Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA Method 8270B  
Sequoia Analytical - Petaluma

ANALYSIS	Date Number	Date Prepared	Date Analyzed	Surrogate Limits	Reporting Limit	Result	Units	Notes
<u>U01-9</u>				<u>P818395-01</u>			<u>Soil</u>	
Acenaphthene	8100483	10/27/98	10/27/98		330	ND	ug/kg	
Acenaphthylene	"	"	"		330	ND	"	
Anthracene	"	"	"		330	ND	"	
Benzoic acid	"	"	"		1670	ND	"	
Benz(a) anthracene	"	"	"		330	ND	"	
Benzo (b) fluoranthene	"	"	"		330	ND	"	
Benzo (k) fluoranthene	"	"	"		330	ND	"	
Benzo (a,h,i) perylene	"	"	"		330	ND	"	
Benzo (a) pyrene	"	"	"		330	ND	"	
Benzyl alcohol	"	"	"		660	ND	"	
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	"	"	"		330	ND	"	
Bis(7-chloroethyl)ether	"	"	"		330	ND	"	
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether	"	"	"		330	ND	"	
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	"	"	"		330	533	"	
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	"	"	"		330	ND	"	
Butyl benzyl phthalate	"	"	"		330	ND	"	
4-Chloroaniline	"	"	"		660	ND	"	
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	"	"	"		660	ND	"	
2-Chloronaphthalene	"	"	"		330	ND	"	
3-Chlorophenol	"	"	"		330	ND	"	
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	"	"	"		330	ND	"	
Chrysene	"	"	"		330	ND	"	
Dibenz (a,h) anthracene	"	"	"		330	ND	"	
Dibenzofuran	"	"	"		330	ND	"	
Di-n-butyl phthalate	"	"	"		330	ND	"	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	"	"	"		330	ND	"	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	"	"	"		330	ND	"	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	"	"	"		330	ND	"	
1,1'-Dichlorobenzidine	"	"	"		660	ND	"	
2,4-Dichlorophenol	"	"	"		330	ND	"	
Dibutyl phthalate	"	"	"		330	ND	"	
2,4-Dimethylphenol	"	"	"		330	ND	"	
Dimethyl phthalate	"	"	"		330	ND	"	
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	"	"	"		1670	ND	"	
2,4-Dinitrophenol	"	"	"		1670	ND	"	
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	"	"	"		330	ND	"	
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	"	"	"		330	ND	"	
Di-n-octyl phthalate	"	"	"		330	ND	"	
Fluoranthene	"	"	"		330	ND	"	
Fluorene	"	"	"		330	379	"	
Hexachlorobenzene	"	"	"		330	ND	"	

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\*Refer to end of report for text of notes and definitions.

**Briggs, Philip (RBRI)**

**From:** Magaw, Renae (RIMB)  
**Sent:** Thursday, July 16, 1998 9:00 AM  
**To:** Briggs, Philip (RBRI)  
**Cc:** Beatty, Patrick (PWBE); CRTC THRA Team  
**Subject:** RE: Determine Toxicity of Analytes Detected in Soil at Service Station Site

Phil,

I have reviewed the list of detected analytes that you sent. Except for bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate, the detected compounds are polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs). These are chemicals that are not typically found in gasoline or in gasoline-contaminated soils, but they are normal constituents of heavier products and may be found in soils contaminated with those materials. The bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate is not a normal constituent of petroleum products. It is a plasticizer that has often been found as a laboratory contaminant in site investigations.

The concentrations detected (including that for bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate) are all quite low and are unlikely to pose a health threat to workers at the site who may come into contact with contaminated materials. This conclusion is based on a comparison of the soil levels to Preliminary Remediation Goals (PRGs) developed by U.S. EPA. PRGs represent risk-based chemical concentrations in soil (or other media) that are unlikely to pose a health threat to people who may come in contact with the soil under a given set of exposure conditions. They are commonly used as a screening tool in site investigation work to determine whether a particular site may pose a threat to human health. PRGs are available for potential residential and industrial exposure settings. For example, under an industrial exposure setting, it is assumed that a worker may be exposed to contaminated soil 250 days/year for 25 years and that during this time the worker may inhale vapors and/or contaminated particles, ingest a small amount of contaminated soil, and get contaminated soil on their skin. The industrial PRGs for the chemicals detected at your site are as follows:

benzo(k)fluoranthene	36,000 ug/kg
benzo(a)pyrene	360 ug/kg
→ bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	210,000 ug/kg
chrysene	360,000 ug/kg
fluoranthene	37,000,000 ug/kg
pyrene	26,000,000 ug/kg

The detected levels, as described in your message, are well below industrial PRGs, and therefore it is concluded that the detected levels are unlikely to pose a health threat to exposed workers.

PAHs tend to adsorb strongly to soils and thus may pose a threat primarily in situations where people come into direct contact with contaminated soil or through inhaling contaminated particulates. Limiting these types of exposures through the use of institutional controls or safe work practices would add an extra measure of security.

If you have any further questions, please feel free to call me.

***Renae Magaw***

Senior Toxicologist  
 Chevron Research and Technology Co.

RIMB@chevron.com  
 (510)242-7235 FAX (510)242-7022