EMVIDORESCITAL PROTECTION 25 JUNIS EN 1-45



June 11, 1996



Mr. Barney Chan Hazardous Materials Specialist Alameda County Department of Environmental Health 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway, 2nd Floor Alameda, California 94502

SUMMARY REPORT, SOIL AND GROUNDWATER INVESTIGATION, 580 JULIE ANN WAY, OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA, St ID #4008, FOR METZ BAKING COMPANY

Dear Mr. Chan:

SECOR International Incorporated (SECOR) is pleased to submit this Summary Report presenting the procedures and results of a soil and groundwater investigation conducted at 580 Julie Ann Way in Oakland, California (the Site, see Figure 1, Site Location Map). SECOR is submitting this document on behalf of the Metz Baking Company (Metz); Metz operates the Site as a San Francisco French Bread Company (SFFBC) baking and distribution facility. The scope of work performed was in general accordance with SECOR's Work Plan dated December 14, 1995, as conditionally approved by the Alameda County Department of Environmental Health (ACDEH) in a January 30, 1996 letter.

# SITE BACKGROUND

The Site is located in a mixed commercial/industrial area and consists of a large warehouse/bakery and an open asphalt parking/work area (Figure 2). The Site is used by the SFFBC to prepare and distribute baked food products. The Site formerly operated one 8,000-gallon capacity gasoline underground storage tank (UST) and one 10,000-gallon capacity diesel UST. Previous subsurface investigations conducted by Groundwater Technology, Inc. (GTI) in June 1991 and SECOR in November 1993 indicated the presence of total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline (TPHg) and TPH as diesel (TPHd) in soil samples collected in the immediate vicinity of the USTs. At soil boring locations further away from the USTs, low to nondetectable concentrations of TPHg and TPHd were reported. Relatively high concentrations of high-boiling point hydrocarbons (total oil and grease/total recoverable petroleum hydrocarbons) were reported at all boring locations where analyzed. The excavation and removal of the two USTs was supervised by SECOR during September 1995. Soil and groundwater samples collected from within the UST excavation during removal activities were reported to contain TPHg, TPHd, and high-boiling hydrocarbons.

The proposed monitoring well location for this investigation was based on hydrogeologic data collected from properties in the vicinity of the Site. The most relevant data was obtained from the Yandell Trucking property located at 563 Julie Ann Way, approximately 100 feet north of the Site. SECOR reviewed groundwater elevation data collected during 14 monitoring events between July 1994 and November 1995. These data indicate that the groundwater flow direction at this property has been consistently to the southwest with the exception of one anomalous result in January 1995.

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### PRELIMINARY FIELD ACTIVITIES

Prior to initiation of field activities, SECOR prepared a Site-specific Health and Safety Plan (HASP) to address the proposed scope of work and obtained a well construction permit from the Alameda County Flood Control and Water Conservation District (Zone 7). The proposed well location was cleared with respect to underground utilities and other obstructions by California Utility Surveys (CUS) and Underground Service Alert (USA) was notified.

# FIELD ACTIVITIES

# **Drilling and Soil Sampling**

SECOR supervised the installation of a groundwater monitoring well (MW-1) on February 27, 1996 at the location shown on Figure 2. The borehole was advanced by Bayland Drilling, Inc. of Menlo Park, California utilizing a truck-mounted drill rig equipped with 8-inch diameter hollow-stem augers approximately 10 feet below the first encountered groundwater (16.5 feet bgs). Relatively undisturbed soil samples were collected for lithologic description and possible chemical analysis at 2- to 5-foot intervals using a California-modified split-spoon sampler lined with three 6-inch long brass tubes. Soil cuttings generated during field activities were placed in a 55-gallon drum and stored on-site pending appropriate disposal.

A SECOR geologist described the soil encountered according to the Unified Soil Classification System (USCS) and maintained a boring log of these descriptions that is included as an attachment. A representative soil sample from each sample interval was screened in the field for the presence of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) using an organic vapor meter 580B Photoionization Detector (PID). Screening results are documented on the boring log. SECOR selected one soil sample for chemical analysis from directly above the first encountered groundwater.

The ends of the brass tubes containing the soil samples were covered with teflon sheeting, capped with plastic end caps, labeled, and stored in an ice-filled cooler. The sample selected for chemical analysis was delivered to Superior Analytical Laboratory (Superior) in Martinez, California, a state-certified laboratory with a completed chain-of-custody record. The soil sample collected during the investigation was analyzed for TPHg, TPHd, and TPH as motor oil (TPHmo) by EPA Method 8015, modified; benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes (BTEX) by EPA Method 8020; and semi-volatile organics by EPA Method 8270. The EPA Method 8270 analysis was requested by the ACDEH to evaluate the presence of polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs).

# **Monitoring Well Installation**

The borehole was converted to a groundwater monitoring well at a depth of 14.5 feet bgs after backfilling with sand from 16.5 feet bgs. The well was completed with 10 feet of capped, flush-threaded, 2-inch diameter Schedule 40 PVC 0.020-inch machine slotted well screen from 14.5 feet bgs and completed with blank casing to ground surface. Filter sand was placed in the annular space between the wall of the borehole and casing to a height of a half foot above the screened interval. One foot of bentonite pellets was placed above the sand and hydrated. A cement-grout mixture (5% bentonite) was then placed into the

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remaining annular space to ground surface. A flush-mounted, protective water-tight monument cover was then grouted slightly above ground surface to complete the well installation. The well was also fitted with a locking water-tight well cap. Well construction details are provided on Table 1 and are displayed on the attached boring log.

# Well Development and Sampling

Monitoring well MW-1 was developed and sampled on February 28, 1996. The well was developed by alternately bailing and surging with a PVC bailer. Well development continued until the groundwater was reasonably free of sediment. During well development, measurements and observations of pH, electrical conductivity, temperature, color, and turbidity were recorded on the attached Groundwater Sample Field Data Sheet. Ten casing volumes of water were removed during well development. All water generated during well development and sampling was stored in a 55-gallon drum at an on-site location pending appropriate disposal.

Following well development, SECOR collected a groundwater sample from monitoring well MW-1 for chemical analysis. Prior to sampling, the well was allowed to recover to 80% of the initial water level prior to development. The groundwater sample was collected using a disposable PVC bailer and decanted directly into laboratory-supplied sample containers. Each of the sample containers was labeled, sealed in plastic bags, and placed in an ice-filled cooler. The sample was submitted to Superior along with a completed chain-of-custody record. The groundwater sample collected was analyzed for TPHg, TPHd, and TPHmo by EPA Method 8015, modified and for BTEX by EPA Method 8020.

# SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

Soil encountered from ground surface to approximately five feet bgs was grayish green to black sand and gravelly sand interbedded with dark yellowish brown sandy clay. From five feet bgs to the total depth explored of 16.5 feet bgs, soil consisted of dark greenish gray sandy clay with interbedded greenish gray clay between approximately eight and 13 feet bgs. Other notable soil characteristics observed during drilling included the presence of abundant root material in the greenish gray clay at approximately 10 feet bgs and yellow silt nodules near the total depth of the borehole.

Results of field screening with the PID indicated the presence of organic vapors at each of the sample intervals ranging from 5 to 617 part per million (ppm). The maximum field screening detection of 617 ppm was from the sample interval from 5 to 6 feet bgs. A slight chemical odor was noted in the soil at approximately 4 and 15 feet bgs. These field screening results and field observations are included on the attached boring log. Groundwater was first encountered at 6.0 feet bgs during borehole advancement. On February 28, 1996, stabilized groundwater measurement in well MW-1 was 4.16 feet below the top of PVC casing.

# SOIL AND GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Soil and groundwater analytical results are summarized on Table 2 and laboratory analytical reports and chain-of-custody records are attached. One soil sample collected from the MW-1 borehole at a depth of 5.5 feet bgs was submitted for chemical analysis. The soil sample was reported to contain TPHg, TPHmo,

and BTEX at respective concentrations of 15 milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg), 240 mg/kg, and 0.170 mg/kg, 0.030 mg/kg, 1.3 mg/kg, and 0.84 mg/kg. TPHd was not detected above the laboratory reporting limit. The soil sample was also reported to contain concentrations of the following PAHs, naphthalene (3.3 mg/kg), 2-methyl-naphthalene (3.6 mg/kg), and di-n-butylphthlate (0.76 mg/kg); no other EPA Method 8270 analytes were detected in this sample.

The groundwater sample collected from well MW-1 was reported to contain TPHg, TPHmo, and BTEX at respective concentrations of 5,900 micrograms per liter ( $\mu g/\ell$ ), 1,700  $\mu g/\ell$ , and 540  $\mu g/\ell$ , 9.0  $\mu g/\ell$ , 950  $\mu g/\ell$ , and 110  $\mu g/\ell$ . TPHd was not detected above the laboratory reporting limit.

### SUMMARY

The results of this investigation indicate that concentrations of gasoline- and motor oil-range petroleum hydrocarbons are present in soil and groundwater in the immediate vicinity of the former pump islands and USTs. Groundwater analytical results from a sample collected from within the former gasoline UST excavation during UST removal activities in September 1995 indicated the presence of 44 milligrams per liter (mg/ $\ell$ ) of TPHg and 1.7 mg/ $\ell$  of benzene. Sample results from the newly-installed groundwater monitoring well MW-1, located downgradient and within 10 feet of the former UST excavation, show more than a seven-fold decrease in TPHg concentration (5.9 mg/ $\ell$ ) and a three-fold decrease in benzene concentration (0.54 mg/ $\ell$ ) when compared to the levels measured within the UST excavation in September 1995. Additionally, TPHd was not detected above the laboratory reporting limit at the MW-1 well location. Based on the decrease in petroleum hydrocarbon concentrations within 10 feet downgradient of the former excavation it appears as though natural attenuation processes (e.g. aerobic bioremediation, volatilization, dispersion) and the clayey soil types are reducing the concentrations of the contaminants and limiting their migration.

Soil and groundwater chemical results also support previous conclusions that concentrations of high-boiling point petroleum hydrocarbons (TPHmo, total oil & grease, total recoverable petroleum hydrocarbons) are pervasive in soil throughout the entire Site subsurface. The presence of these hydrocarbons appears to be related to previously placed fill material. Fuel fingerprinting conducted on soil samples collected during UST removal activities in September 1995 indicated the presence of heavy oil or asphaltic material. The presence of PAHs detected in the soil sample collected from the MW-1 borehole are likely related to the heavy oil and/or asphaltic material present in fill material throughout the Site subsurface. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 9 (USEPA) has established Preliminary Remedial Goals (PRGs) for chemicals which are commonly used to evaluate risk. The reported concentration of naphthalene (3.3 mg/kg) is well below the established USEPA PRG of 800 mg/kg. PRGs have not been established for the two other PAHs detected in the collected soil sample (2-methyl-naphthalene and di-n-butylphthlate).

# RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the results of this investigation and previous Site activities, SECOR on behalf of Metz, recommends that this Site be evaluated with respect to the new proposed regulatory guidance of Containment Zone (CZ) and Risk Based Corrective Action (RBCA). SECOR proposes the installation of three additional groundwater monitoring wells at the Site to delineate the extent of petroleum hydrocarbons related to the former USTs (TPHg, TPHd, and BTEX) in soil and groundwater beneath the Site. Two

wells will be installed at downgradient locations to serve as guard wells and a third well will be installed to evaluate the upgradient extent of petroleum hydrocarbons relative to the UST and address the concern of the ACDEH for further investigation in this area. *SECOR* also recommends that Oxygen Release Compound (ORC) Filter Socks be installed in well MW-1 to enhance natural bioremediation in the vicinity of the well. After the Site has been characterized with respect to the CZ criteria, *SECOR* recommends that Site closure be pursued with respect to RBCA. If you have any questions or comments, please do not hesitate to contact us at (415) 882-1548.

Sincerely,

**SECOR International Incorporated** 

Liping Zhang

Staff Geologist

Donald W. Moore, R.G. Project Manager

cc: Mr. Christopher Rants, Metz Baking Company

Bruce E. Scarbrough, R.G.

Principal Geologist

Attachments:

Table 1 - Well Construction Details and Depth-to-Groundwater

Table 2 - Soil and Groundwater Analytical Results

Figure 1 - Site Location Map

Figure 2 - Site Plan with Groundwater Analytical Results

Boring Log

Groundwater Sample Field Data Sheet

Laboratory Analytical Results and Chain-of-Custody Records

# TABLE 1 WELL CONSTRUCTION DETAILS AND DEPTH-TO-GROUNDWATER

580 Julie Ann Way Oakland, California

WELL	TOTAL	SCREENED	CASING	DEPTH-TO-	
	DEPTH <sup>(2)</sup>	INTERVAL <sup>(a)</sup>	DIAMETER <sup>(b)</sup>	GROUNDWATER <sup>(c)</sup>	
MW-1	14.5	4.5-14.5	2	2/28/96	4.16

# NOTES:

- (a) Measured in feet below ground surface.
- (b) Measured in inches.
- (c) Measured in feet below top of PVC casing.

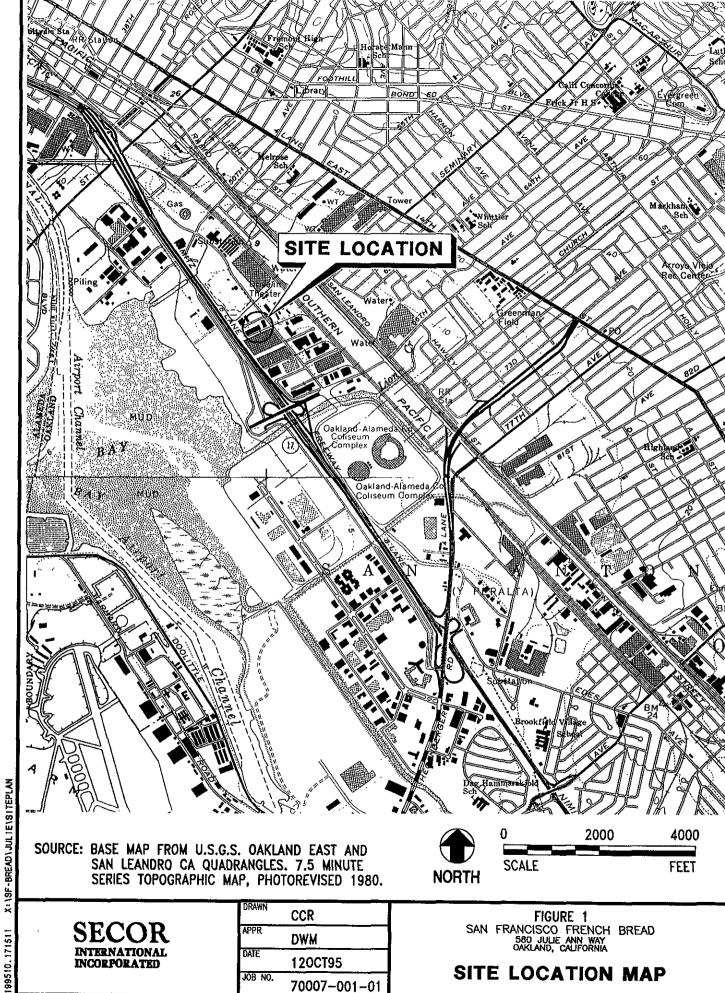
# TABLE 2 SOIL AND GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS

580 Julie Ann Way Oakland, California

SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE DEPTH <sub>(a)</sub>	TPHg <sup>(b)</sup> (mg/kg) <sub>(c)</sub>	TPHd <sup>(d)</sup> (mg/kg)	TPHmo <sup>(e)</sup> (mg/kg)	Benzene (mg/kg)	Toluene (mg/kg)	Ethylbenzene (mg/kg)	Xylenes (mg/kg)		
SOIL										
MW-1-5.5	5.5-6.0	15	ND <sup>(f)</sup> < 10	240	0.170	0.030	1.3	0.84		
SAMPLE NUMBER	SCREENED INTERVAL <sup>(a)</sup>	$ ext{TPHg} \ (\mu  ext{g}/\ell)^{( ext{g})}$	TPHd (µg/ℓ)	TPHmo (μg/ℓ)	Benzene (μg/ℓ)	Toluene (μg/ℓ)	Ethylbenzene (μg/ℓ)	Xylenes (μg/l)		
				GROUNDWATER	2					
MW-1	4.5-14.5	5,900	ND<100	1,700	540	9.0	950	110		

# NOTES:

- (a) Measured in feet below ground surface.
- (b) Total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline.
- (c) Milligrams per kilogram.
- (d) Total petroleum hydrocarbons as diesel.
- (e) Total petroleum hydrocarbons as motor oil.
- (f) ND: Not detected at specified laboratory reporting limit.
- (g) Micrograms per liter.



199510, 171511

Project:		S	FFBC	_	580	JULIE	ANN WA	Y, OAKLANI	O, CA			Log	of Boring/Monitoring Well:
Boring Lo	catio	n: 8	FEE	TS	W OF	FOR	MER GASO	OLINE UST	Project No.:	50090-009-	02		MW-1
Subcontri	actor	and E	quipm	ent:	BAYL	AND	DRILLING	CME 55	Logged By:	LZ			IVI V V
Sampling	Meth	od: C	AL.	MOD	. SPL	IT SI	POON	Monitoring D	evice: OVM	580B		Com	nments:
Start Do	e/Tim	ne: 2	/27/	/96	//091	0		Finish Date/	Time: 2/27	/96//1130			
First Wat	er (bç	3s): 6	.0 F	EET				Stabilized W	ater Level (bg:	s): 4.16 FEET			tr
Sample Number	Blows/foot	PID (ppm)	Depth (Feet)	Recovery	USCS Symbol	Water Level	Surface El	LITI	HOLOGIC DE	Casing Elevation SCRIPTION ncy, moisture, o	<del></del>		Boring Abandonment/ Well Construction Details
HAND AUGER			1 - 2 - 3 -				GRAYISH to coars loose, m DARK YI	noist (20,75 ELLOWISH Br	6 4/2) GRAY trace clay, ,0,5) (FILL) ROWN (10YR	VELLY SAND (fine to coars	CLAY		Traffic-rate Christy Box Grout
MW-1-3.5		24	4 -		) )))	<b>▼</b>	stiff, mo	oist (10,20,0 (10YR 2/1)	),70) (FILL) SAND (SW)	coarse—grain fine— to coa lium dense, r	rse-grained	,	Bentonite Pellets
MW-1-5.5	19	617	6 — 7 — 8 — 9 —	X		÷	slight ch	hemical odo REENISH GR. — to coarse	r (10,90,0,0 AY (5G 4/1		Y (CL)		-2"ø Sch.40 0.020" Slot Screen
	2	5	10— 11— 12— 13—				GREENIS root ma	SH GRAY (5E aterial (0,0,0	8G 5/1) CLA 0,100)	Y (CL) soft,	wet, abund	ant	Lonestar #3 Filter Pack
	16	19	14- 15- 16-				fine gra	vel, fine- to	o coarse-gr	SANDY CLA ained sand, y or (10,25,0,6	ellow		End Cap
			17-										    
			21 —						•				- - - - -
			25— 25— 26— 27—			:							- - - - -
	ļ		28- 29- 30-										

 Reviewed By:
 Date:

 Revised By:
 Date:

Page 1 of 1

# SEACOR WATER SAMPLE FIELD DATA SHEET

PROJECT NO: STORY OF			SAMPLE II	D: MW-1 SFERS W. John May Cakh
TYPE: Groundwater X Surface	∞ Water	Treatment Efflue	ent	Other
CASING DIAMETER (inches): 2				6Other
DEPTH OF WELL (feet):	t. 16 t. 27	CALCULATE	CASING (gal) D PURGE (gal) RGE VOL (gal)	1.7 17 12
DATE PURGED: 2/28/96 DATE SAMPLED:	Start (2400 H Start (2400 H	r)	End (24) End (24)	00 Hr.) 10 3-1- 00 Hr.) 1045-
FIELD QC SAMPLES COLLECTED AT THIS	S WELL (i.e. FI	3-1, X-DUP-1):	<del></del>	_
	FIELD MEASI	JREMENTS		
	E.C. !tmkcv/cm@25°C)	TEMPERATURE	COLOR (Meas)	TURBIDITY (ASSISTED) VIEW
(000 6 8.96 1012 10 7.61 1023 14 7.14 1035 17 +333	15-60 1197 1257 1169	65.8 64.2 64.5 64.5	Tan	Hrs.4
D.O. (ppm): Color	COBALT (0-100)			Cicar Cloudy Yellow
PURGING BOUIPMENT			AAMI DIG FOR	Brown
2 Bladder Pump Bailer (Tetlon®) Centrifugal Pump Bailer (PVC) Submerable Pump Bailer (Stainless Well WizardTu Dedicated Other:		2" Bladder Pr DDL Samples Submerable I Well Wizard*	Be Be	MENT  Lice(Tellon®)  Liler (PVC/thepocable)  Liler (Stainless Steel)  edicated
WELL INTEGRITY: Good REMARKS: Heavy Steen		LOCK #:		
SIGNATURE:			Pagc/	of /·



# **Analytical Laboratory**

SECOR

90 NEW MONTGOMERY ST. #620 SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94105

Attn: Donald Moore

Laboratory Number: 20962

Date: March 4, 1996

Project Number/Name : 50090-009-02

Facility/Site : SFFBC

This report has been reviewed and approved for release.

Senior Chemist
Account Manager



Attn: Donald Moore

Project 50090-009-02 Reported on March 4, 1996

Gasoline Range Petroleum Hydrocarbons and BTXE by EPA SW-846 5030/8015M/8020 Gasoline Range quantitated as all compounds from C6-C10

Chronology					Labo	ratory Nur	mber 20962
Sample ID		Sampled	Received	Extract.	Analyzed	QC Batcl	LAB #
MW-1-5.5		02/27/96	02/28/96	02/29/96	02/29/96	CB281.0	02
MW-1		02/28/96	02/28/96	03/01/96	03/01/96	CB292.05	5 03
QC Samples							
QC Batch #	QC Sample ID		Тур	peRef.	Matrix	Extract.	Analyzed
CB281.05-02	Laboratory Spike		LS	<del></del>	Soil	02/28/96	02/28/96
CB281.05-06	226G75 W-3		MS	20954-03	Soil	02/28/96	•
CB281.05-07	226G75 W-3		MSI	20954-03	Soil	02/28/96	02/28/96
CB292.05-24	Laboratory Spike		LS		Water	03/01/96	03/01/96
CB292.05-26	SWBR-E1-1		MS	20961-01	. Water	03/01/96	03/01/96
CB292.05-27	SWBR-E1-1		MSI	20961-01	. Water	03/01/96	03/01/96
CB281.05-01	Method Blank		MB		Soil	02/28/96	02/28/96
CB292.05-11	Method Blank		MB		Water	02/29/96	02/29/96
CB281.05-03	Laboratory Spike		LS		Soil	02/28/96	02/28/96
CB281.05-08	226G75 W-3		MS	20954-03	Soil	02/28/96	02/28/96
CB281.05-09	226G75 W-3		MSI	20954-03	Soil	02/28/96	02/28/96
CB292.05-25	Laboratory Spike		LS		Water	03/01/96	03/01/96
CB292.05-28	SWBR-E1-1		MS	20961-01	. Water	03/01/96	03/01/96
CB292.05-29	SWBR-E1-1		MSI	20961-01	Water	03/01/96	03/01/96



Attn: Donald Moore

Project 50090-009-02 Reported on March 4, 1996

Gasoline Range Petroleum Hydrocarbons and BTXE by EPA SW-846 5030/8015M/8020 Gasoline Range quantitated as all compounds from C6-C10

LAB ID	Sample ID				Matri	x Dil.Factor	Moisture
20962-02	MW-1-5.5				Soil	1.0	<del></del>
20962-03	MW-1				Water	10.0	-
Compound		RESU 20962- Conc.		OF A 20962- Conc.	NALYSIS 03 RL		
		mg/kg	KII	ug/L	KL		
		15	1	5900	E00		<del></del>
Gasoline_Kange		20	4	3900	500		
		0.170	0.005	540	5.0		
Benzene			_				
Gasoline_Range Benzene Toluene Ethyl Benzene		0.170	0.005	540	5.0		

Trifluorotoluene (SS)

115

Gasoline Range Petroleum Hydrocarbons and BTXE by EPA SW-846 5030/8015M/8020 Gasoline Range quantitated as all compounds from C6-C10

# Quality Assurance and Control Data

Laboratory Number: 20962 Method Blank(s)

	CB281. Conc. mg/kg	05-01 RL	CB292. Conc. ug/L	.05-11 RL	
Gasoline Range	ND	1	ND	50	
Benzene	ND	0.005	ND	0.5	
Toluene	ND	0.005	ND	0.5	
Ethyl Benzene	ND	0.005	ND	0.5	
Xylenes	ND	0.005	ND	0.5	
>> Surrogate Recoveries (%)	<<				
Trifluorotoluene (SS)	104		98		



Gasoline Range Petroleum Hydrocarbons and BTXE by EPA SW-846 5030/8015M/8020 Gasoline Range quantitated as all compounds from C6-C10

# Quality Assurance and Control Data

Laboratory Number: 20962

Compound		mple nc.	SPK Level	SPK Result	Recovery %	Limits %	RPD %
		For	Soil Matrix	(mg/kg)			-
	CB281.05			cory Control S	Spikes		
_							
Benzene			0.200	0.20	100	65-125	
Toluene			0.200	0.20	100	65-125	
Ethyl Benzene			0.200	0.20	100	65-125	
Xylenes			0.600	0.60	100	65-125	
>> Surrogate Recoveries (	t) <<						
Trifluorotoluene (SS)					94	50-150	
		For	Water Matrix	(ug/L)			
	CB292.05			ory Control S	pikes		
Benzene			20	21	105	65-125	
Toluene			20	21	105	65-125	
Ethyl Benzene			20	21	105	65-125	
Xylenes			60	64	107	65-125	
>> Surrogate Recoveries (	k) <<				,	•	
Trifluorotoluene (SS)					90	50-150	•
		For	Soil Matrix	(mg/kg)			
	CB281.05			cory Control S	Spikes		
Gasoline_Range			20	17	85	65-135	
		For	Water Matrix	(ug/L)			
	CB292.05			cory Control S	Spikes		
Gasoline_Range		Þ	2000 age 4 of 6	1700	85	65-135	



Gasoline Range Petroleum Hydrocarbons and BTXE by EPA SW-846 5030/8015M/8020 Gasoline Range quantitated as all compounds from C6-C10

# Quality Assurance and Control Data

Laboratory Number: 20962

Compound	Sampl conc.		SPK Result	Recovery %	Limits %	RPD %
		or Soil Matrix / 07 - Sample		- 03		
Benzene	ND	0.200	0.22/0.22	110/110	65-125	0
Toluene	ND	0.200	0.22/0.21	110/105	65-125	5
Ethyl Benzene	ND	0.200	0.21/0.21	105/105		0
Xylenes	ND	0.600	0.64/0.63	107/105	65-125	2
>> Surrogate Recoveries	(%) <<					
Trifluorotoluene (SS)				100/104	50-150	
	10	or Water Matrix	u lang/T)			
		/ 27 - Sample		- 01		
Benzene	ND	20	20/21	100/105	65-125	5
Toluene	ND	20	20/21	100/105	65-125	5
Ethyl Benzene	ŊD	20	20/20	100/100	65-125	0
Xylenes	ND	60	61/62	102/103	65-125	1
>> Surrogate Recoveries	(%) <<			. 1		
Trifluorotoluene (SS)	•••			89/94	50-150	•
	_		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
		or Soil Matrix / 09 - Sample		- 03		
Gasoline_Range	ND	20	16/17	80/85	65-135	6
		or Water Matri: / 29 - Sample		- 01		
Gasoline_Range	ND	2000 Page 5 of 6	2000/1900	100/95	65-135	5



# Narrative:

### Definitions:

ND = Not Detected RL = Reporting Limit NA = Not Analysed

RPD = Relative Percent Difference

ug/L = parts per billion (ppb)
mg/L = parts per million (ppm)

ug/kg = parts per billion (ppb)
mg/kg = parts per million (ppm)

# Superior SAL Analytical Laboratory

SECOR

Attn: Donald Moore

Project 50090-009-02 Reported on March 4, 1996

	EPA SW-846 Method	8270 Semi	volatile (	Organics 1	oy GC/MS		
Chronology					Labo	catory Num	ber 20962
Sample ID		Sampled	Received	Extract.	Analyzed	QC Batch	LAB #
MW-1-5,5		02/27/96	02/28/96	02/29/96	02/29/96	CB291.24	02
QC Samples							
QC Batch #	QC Sample ID		Туј	peRef.	Matrix	Extract.	Analyzed
CB291.24-03	Method Blank		MB		Soil	02/29/96	02/29/96
CB291.24-04	Laboratory Spike		LS		Soil	02/29/96	
CB291.24-05	Laboratory Spike Duplicat	te	LSI	)	Soil	02/29/96	02/29/96
CB291.24-06	ES2CORP		MS	20964-01	L Soil	02/29/96	
CB291.24-07	ES2CORP		MSI	20964-01	L Soil	02/29/96	



Attn: Donald Moore

2-nitroaniline

Project 50090-009-02 Reported on March 4, 1996

EPA SW-846 Method 8270 Semivolatile Organics by GC/MS										
LAB ID	Sample ID				Matrix	Dil.Factor	Moisture			
20962-02	MW-1-5.5				Soil	1.0	-			
				ı						
	F	RESU	LTS OF	ANAL	YSIS					
Compound		20962-	02							
-		Conc.	RL							
		ug/Kg								
bis(2-chloroe	thyl)ether	ND	300							
aniline	·	ND	300							
phenol		ND	300							
2-chloropheno		ND	300							
1,3-dichlorob		ND	300							
1,4~dichlorob		ND	300							
1,2-dichlorob		ND	300							
benzyl alcoho		ND	300							
	isopropyl)ether	ND	300							
2-methylpheno		ND	300							
hexachloroeth		ND	300							
	n-propylamine	ND	300	•						
4-methylpheno	,T	ИD	300							
nitrobenzene		ND	300							
isophorone		ND	300							
2-nitrophenol		ND	300							
2,4-dimethylp		ND	300							
2,4-dichlorop	thoxy) methane	ND	300							
1,2,4-trichlo		ND	300							
naphthalene	ropeusene	3300 ND	300 300			+				
benzoic acid		ND	300							
4-chloroanili	ne	ND	300							
hexachlorobut		ND	300							
4-chloro-3-me		ND	300							
2-methyl-naph		3600	300							
hexaclorocycl		ND	300		**					
2,4,6-trichlo		ND	300							
2,4,5-trichlo		ND	300							
2-chloronapht		ND	300							

ND

300



Attn: Donald Moore

Project 50090-009-02 Reported on March 4, 1996

	EPA SW-846 Metho	d 8270 Semivolatile Organics by	GC/MS	
LAB ID	Sample ID	Matrix	Dil.Factor	Moisture
20962-02	MW-1-5.5	Soil	1.0	_

# RESULTS OF ANALYSIS

Compound	20962-	02
water a state	Conc.	RL
	ug/Kg	
	·	····
acenaphthylene	ND	300
dimethylphthlate	ND	300
2,6-dinitrotoluene	ИD	300
Acenaphthene	ND	300
3-nitroaniline	ND	300
2,4-dinitrophenol	ND	300
dibenzofuran	ND	300
2,4-dinitrotoluene	ND	300
4-nitrophenol	ND	300
fluorene	ND	300
4-chlorophenyl-phenylether	ND	300
diethylphthlate	ND	300
4-nitroaniline	ND	300
4,6-dinitro-2-methylphenol	ИD	300
n-nitrosodiphenylamine	ND	300
4-bromo-phenyl-phenylether	ND	300
hexachlorobenzene	ND	300
pentachlorophenol	ND	300
phenanthrene	ND	300
anthracene	ND	300
di-n-butylphthlate	760	300
fluoranthene	ND	300
benzidine	ND	300
pyrene	ND	300
butylbenzylphthlate	ND	300
3.3'-dichlorobenzidine	ND	300
Benzo (a) Anthracene	ND	300
chrysene	ND	300
bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	ND	300
di-n-octylphthalate	ND	300
benzo(b,k)fluoranthene	ND	300
benzo(b,k) Lluoranthene	כואו	300



Attn: Donald Moore

terphenyl-d14

Project 50090-009-02 Reported on March 4, 1996

	EPA SW-	846 Meth	od 8270	Semivola	tile Org	anics by	GC/MS	
LAB ID	Sample ID					Matrix	Dil.Factor	Moisture
20962-02	MW-1-5.5		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Soil	1.0	-
		RESU	LTS	OF A	NALY	SIS		
Compound		20962	-02					
-		Conc.	RL					
		ug/Kg						
Benzo (a) Pyre	ne	ND	300		7 151.1	,, <u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>		
Indeno(1,2,3	) Pyrene	ND	300					
dibenzo[a,h]	anthracene	ND	300					
9H-Carbazole		ND	300					
Benzo(g,h,i)	Perylene	ND	300					
> Surrogate	Recoveries (%)	<<						
2-fluorophen	ol	75						
phenol-d5		90						
nitrobenzene	-đ5	74						
2-fluorobiph	enyl	84						
2,4,6-tribro	mophenol	84						

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Quality Assurance and Control Data

Laboratory Number: 20962 Method Blank(s)

CB291.24-03 Conc. RL ug/Kg

bis(2-chloroethyl)ether	ИD	300
aniline	ND	300
phenol	ND	300
2-chlorophenol	ND	300
1,3-dichlorobenzene	ND	300
1,4-dichlorobenzene	ND	300
1,2-dichlorobenzene	ND	300
benzyl alcohol	ND	300
bis-(2-chloroisopropyl)ether	ND	300
2-methylphenol	ND	300
hexachloroethane	ND	300
n-nitroso-di-n-propylamine	ND	300
4-methylphenol	ND	300
nitrobenzene	ND	300
isophorone	ND	300
2-nitrophenol	ND	300
2,4-dimethylphenol	ND	300
bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	ND	300
2,4-dichlorophenol	ND	300
1,2,4-trichlorobenzene	ND	300
naphthalene	ND	300
benzoic acid	ND	300
4-chloroaniline	ND	300
hexachlorobutadiene	ND	300
4-chloro-3-methylphenol	ND	300
2-methyl-naphthalene	ND	300
hexaclorocyclopentadiene	ND	300
2,4,6-trichlorophenol	ND	300
2,4,5-trichlorophenol	ND	300
2-chloronaphthalene	ND	300
2-nitroaniline	ND	300
acenaphthylene	ND	300
dimethylphthlate	ND	300
2,6-dinitrotoluene	ND	300
Acenaphthene	ND	300
3-nitroaniline	ND	300
2,4-dinitrophenol	ND	300
•		

Quality Assurance and Control Data

Laboratory Number: 20962 Method Blank(s)

CB291.24-03 Conc. RL ug/Kg

	J, _		
dibenzofuran	ND	300	
2,4-dinitrotoluene	ND	300	
4-nitrophenol	ND	300	
fluorene	ND	300	
4-chlorophenyl-phenylether	ND	300	
diethylphthlate	ND	300	
4-nitroaniline	ИD	300	
4,6-dinitro-2-methylphenol	MD	300	
n-nitrosodiphenylamine	ND	300	
4-bromo-phenyl-phenylether	ND	300	
hexachlorobenzene	ND	300	
pentachlorophenol	ND	300	
phenanthrene	ND	300	
anthracene	ND	300	
di-n-butylphthlate	ND	300	
fluoranthene	ND	300	
benzidine	ND	300	
pyrene	ND	300	
butylbenzylphthlate	ND	300	
3.3'-dichlorobenzidine	ND	300	
Benzo (a) Anthracene	ND	300	
chrysene	ND	300	
bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	ND	300	
di-n-octylphthalate	ND	300	
benzo(b,k)fluoranthene	ND	300	
Benzo(a) Pyrene	ND	300	
Indeno(1,2,3)Pyrene	ND	300	
dibenzo[a,h]anthracene	ND	300	
9H-Carbazole	ND	300	
Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene	ND	300	
>> Surrogate Recoveries (%) <	<		,
2-fluorophenol	77		
phenol-d5	93		
nitrobenzene-d5	83		
2-fluorobiphenyl	86		
2,4,6-tribromophenol	69		

Quality Assurance and Control Data

Laboratory Number: 20962 Method Blank(s)

CB291.24-03 Conc. RL ug/Kg

terphenyl-d14

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Quality Assurance and Control Data

Laboratory Number: 20962

Compound	Sample conc.	SPK Level	SPK Result	Recovery %	Limits %	RPD %
	For	Soil Matrix	(ug/Kg)			
CB2			cory Control Sp	ikes		
phenol		3300	2533/2388	77/72	26-90	7
2-chlorophenol		3300	2605/2487	79/75	25-102	5
1,4-dichlorobenzene		1650	1388/1178	84/71	28-104	17
n-nitroso-di-n-propylamine		1650	1533/1438	93/87	41-126	7
1,2,4-trichlorobenzene		1650	1519/1380	92/84	38-107	9
4-chloro-3-methylphenol		3300	2692/2488	82/75	26-103	9
Acenaphthene		1650	1474/1363	89/83	31-137	7
2,4-dinitrotoluene		1650	1378/1270	84/77	28-118	9
4-nitrophenol		3300	616/686	19/21	11-114	10
pentachlorophenol		3300	2314/2301	70/70	17-109	0
pyrene		1650	1159/1097	70/66	35-142	6
>> Surrogate Recoveries (%) <<						
2-fluorophenol				86/82	25-121	
phenol-d5				94/90	24-113	
nitrobenzene-d5				89/86	23-120	
2-fluorobiphenyl				91/88	30-115	
2,4,6-tribromophenol				86/83	19-122	
terphenyl-d14				83/82	18-137	
		Soil Matrix				
CB2	91.24 06 /	07 - Sample	Spiked: 20964	- 01		
				-		
phenol	ND	20000	11965/13387	60/67	26-90	11
2-chlorophenol	ND	20000	12027/13740	60/69	25-102	14
1,4-dichlorobenzene	ND	9900	6866/7387	69/75	28-104	8
n-nitroso-di-n-propylamine	ND	9900	7308/8268	74/84	41-126	13
1,2,4-trichlorobenzene	ND	9900	7578/7959	77/80	38-107	4
4-chloro-3-methylphenol	ND	20000	13035/14723	65/74	26-103	13
Acenaphthene	ND	9900	7017/7759	71/78	31-137	9
2,4-dinitrotoluene	ND	9900	6904/7917	70/80	28-118	13
4-nitrophenol	ND	20000	4541/3965	23/20	11-114	14
pentachlorophenol	ND	20000	18569/20734	93/104	17-109	11

Quality Assurance and Control Data

Laboratory Number: 20962

Compound	Sample conc.	SPK Level	SPK Result	Recovery %	Limits %	RPD %
pyrene	ND	9900	4838/5801	49/59	35-142	19
>> Surrogate Recoveries (%) <<						
2-fluorophenol				67/75	25-121	
phenol-d5				75/82	24-113	
nitrobenzene-d5				72/78	23-120	
2-fluorobiphenyl				73/79	30-115	
2,4,6-tribromophenol				80/80	19-122	
terphenyl-d14				59/70	18-137	

### Definitions:

ND = Not Detected RL = Reporting Limit NA = Not Analysed

RPD = Relative Percent Difference

ug/L = parts per billion (ppb)

mg/L = parts per million (ppm)

ug/kg = parts per billion (ppb)
mg/kg = parts per million (ppm)



Attn: Donald Moore

Project 50090-009-02 Reported on March 4, 1996

# Total Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons by EPA SW-846 Method 8015M

Chronology					Labo	ratory Num	mber 20962
Sample ID	Sa	ampled	Received	Extract.	Analyzed	QC Batch	a LAB #
MW-1-5.5	0:	2/27/96	02/28/96	02/29/96	02/29/96	CB292.42	2 02
MW-1	0:	2/28/96	02/28/96	02/29/96	02/29/96	CB291.21	L 03
QC Samples							
QC Batch #	QC Sample ID		Ty	peRef.	Matrix	Extract.	Analyzed
CB291.21-01	Method Blank		МВ		Water	02/29/96	02/29/96
CB291.21-02	Laboratory Spike		LS		Water	02/29/96	02/29/96
CB291.21-03	Laboratory Spike Duplicate		LS	D	Water	02/29/96	02/29/96
CB292.42-01	Method Blank		MB		Soil	02/29/96	02/29/96
CB292.42-02	Laboratory Spike		LS		Soil	02/29/96	02/29/96
CB292.42-03	Laboratory Spike Duplicate		LS	D	Soil	02/29/96	02/29/96
CB292.42-04	MW-1-5.5		MS	20962-0	2 Soil	02/29/96	02/29/96
CB292,42-05	MW-1-5.5		MS	D 20962-0	2 Soil	02/29/96	02/29/96



Attn: Donald Moore

Project 50090-009-02 Reported on March 4, 1996

Total	Extractable	Petroleum	Hydrocarbons
	by EPA SW-8	46 Method	8015M

LAB ID	Sample ID			Matrix	Dil.Factor	Moisture
20962-02	MW-1-5.5			Soil	10.0	
20962-03	MW-1			Water	2.0	-
		RESULTS	OF ANAL	YSIS		
Compound		20962-02	20962-03			
_		Conc. RL mg/kg	Conc. RL ug/L			

>> Surrogate Recoveries (%) <<

Tetracosane

Diesel:

Motor Oil

137

ND

240

10

100

108

ND

1700

100

1000



Total Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons by EPA SW-846 Method 8015M

Quality Assurance and Control Data

Laboratory Number: 20962 Method Blank(s)

	CB291.	CB291.21-01		.42-01	
	Conc. ug/L	RL	Conc. mg/Kg	RL	
Diesel:	ND	50	ND	1	
Motor Oil	ND	500	ND	100	
>> Surrogate Recoveries (%)	<<				
Tetracosane	97		119		



Total Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons by EPA SW-846 Method 8015M

Quality Assurance and Control Data

Laboratory Number: 20962

Compound	Sample conc.	SPK Leve	l SPK Result	Recovery %	Limits %	RPD %
		Water Matr 03 - Labor	ix (ug/L) atory Control Sp	ikes		
Diesel:		1000	850/890	85/89	50-150	5
>> Surrogate Recoveries Tetracosane	(%) <<			93/91	50-150	
		Soil Matri 03 - Labor	x (mg/Kg) atory Control Sp	ikes		
Diesel:		33	27/28	82/85	50-150	4
>> Surrogate Recoveries Tetracosane	(%) <<			105/110	50-150	
		Soil Matri 05 - Sampl	x (mg/Kg) e Spiked: 20962	- 02		
Diesel:	190	33	45RG/104RG	-439/-26	1 50-150	-51
>> Surrogate Recoveries Tetracosane	(%) <<			146/1651	50-150	

## Narrative:

- I The surrogate recovery was high due to the presence of interfering compounds in the sample.
- R MS and/or MSD recoveries were out of control limits. LCS / LCSD recoveries were within acceptable limits.
- G The variation in spike recoveries reflects the nonhomogeneity of the sample.

# Definitions:

ND = Not Detected RL = Reporting Limit NA = Not Analysed

RPD = Relative Percent Difference

ug/L = parts per billion (ppb)
mg/L = parts per million (ppm)

ug/kg = parts per billion (ppb)
mg/kg = parts per million (ppm)

Chain-of-Custody Number: **SEACOR Chain-of-Custody Record** Additional documents are attached, and are a part of this Record. Field Office: -SFFBC Julie Ann Way #620 Address: Location: Analysis Request Project # 10090-009-02 Task # 002 Project Manager Halogenated Volatiles 601/8010 Number of Containers Laboratory \_ Turnaround Time Lipine Zhang Sampler's Name \_\_\_ Sampler's Signature \_ Comments/ Sample ID Date Time Matrix Instructions Der 227 MW-1-3.5 Don Moore 0911 MW-1-51 Stored inlice Water 2/28 1045 topribte dontdiners MW-1 's without headspace Special instructions/Comments: Relinquished by: Received by: Sample Receipt Please keep water sample after intial analysis. Total no. of containers: Chain of custody seals: Company \_ Rec'd. good condition/cold: Company Conforms to record: Relinquished by: Received by SECOR Client: .... Client Contact: Don Moore Company 157/11/a Client Phone: (415) -82-154-5

SEACOR CUSTREC Pay, 12/93