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Alameda County Environmental Health

October 30, 2010

Mr. Paresh Khatri Alameda County Environmental Health Services 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway, Suite 250 Alameda, California 94502-6577

PSI Project No. 575-102-1

Subject: 2nd Semi-Annual 2010 Groundwater Monitoring Report Former AutoPro 5200 Telegraph Avenue, Oakland, California Case Number RO0000323 GeoTracker Global ID T0600100131

Dear Mr. Khatri:

Tri Star Partnership is pleased to submit the Semi-Annual Groundwater Monitoring Report for the subject site. Please refer to the attached report for details.

I declare, under penalty of perjury, that the information and/or recommendations contained in the attached Groundwater Monitoring Report are true and correct to the best of my knowledge, without independently investigating or verifying the information contained therein.

If you have any questions regarding this report or any aspect of the project, please call Mr. Frank Poss with PSI at 510-434-9200.

Sincerely,

George Tuma General Partner Tri Star Partnership

cc: Mr. Frank Poss, PSI



2nd SEMI-ANNUAL 2010 GROUNDWATER MONITORING REPORT

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TEST ONLY SMOG STATION (FORMER AUTOPRO) 5200 TELEGRAPH AVENUE OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

2nd SEMI-ANNUAL 2010 GROUNDWATER MONITORING REPORT

TEST ONLY SMOG STATION (FORMER AUTOPRO) 5200 TELEGRAPH AVENUE OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

prepared for

Tri Star Partnership

30 Arjang Court Alamo, California 94507

prepared by

Professional Service Industries, Inc.

4703 Tidewater Avenue, Suite B Oakland, California 94601 (510) 434-9200

> October 27, 2010 575-102

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STATEMENT OF LIMITATIONS AND PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION

The information provided in this Groundwater Monitoring Report prepared by PSI, Project Number 575-102-1, is intended exclusively for Tri Star Partnership for the evaluation of groundwater contamination as it pertains to the subject site in Oakland, California at the time the activities were conducted. The professional services provided have been performed in accordance with practices generally accepted by other environmental professionals, geologists, hydrologists, hydrogeologists, engineers, and environmental scientists practicing in this field. No other warranty, either expressed or implied, is made. As with all subsurface soil and groundwater sampling, there is no guarantee that the work conducted has identified any and all sources or locations of petroleum hydrocarbons or hazardous substances or chemicals in the soil or groundwater.

This report is issued with the understanding that Tri Star Partnership is responsible for ensuring that the information contained in this report is brought to the attention of the appropriate regulatory agency. This report has been reviewed by a geologist who is registered in the State of California and whose signature and license number appear below.

Professional Service Industries, Inc.

Frank R. Poss Principal Consultant

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Brand Burfield, PG 6986 Project Geologist	BRAND W. BURFIELD
Project Geologist	THE OF C!

1.0 INTRODUCTION

The Subject Property is an approximately 9,100 square foot, triangular-shaped parcel located at 5200 Telegraph Avenue, on the northeastern corner of Telegraph and Claremont Avenue in Oakland, Alameda County, California (see Figure 1 – Site Location Map). The site is asphalt-paved and is currently used as a smog testing facility ("Test Only SMOG Station") but was formerly an auto repair facility ("Autopro Inc.") and a Shell gasoline service station. The subject site formerly included five Underground Storage Tanks (USTs) which were removed from three separate excavation areas. The three excavations include an approximately 140 square-foot former waste oil UST excavation on the northeastern portion of the property, a 750 square-foot excavation which contained three former gasoline UST (and associated piping) excavation on the southern portion of the property. Locations of the existing site improvements and the former UST excavations are depicted on Figure 2.

This report summarizes the 2nd Semi-Annual 2010 groundwater monitoring activities conducted on September 23, 2010, at the former UST site. The purpose of this project is to monitor petroleum hydrocarbon concentrations in groundwater to comply with the sampling requirements of the Alameda County Environmental Health Department (ACEH).

2.0 SITE BACKGROUND

Previous reports and investigations have been completed at the former UST site at 5200 Telegraph Avenue, Oakland, California, while the site was operated as Autopro, an automotive repair facility. The site is currently under the regulatory oversight of the ACEH and is identified by County Fuel Leak Case Number RO0000323 and State Geotracker Global ID T0600100131.

2.1 HISTORICAL SITE USE

The property is currently developed with an active automotive smog testing station. According to regulatory documents reviewed, the Subject Property has been developed as an automotive service station since at least 1973. Information obtained at the Alameda County Department of Environmental Health indicates that the Subject Property was developed as a Shell gasoline service station until 1978 and has operated as an automotive service or smog testing station until present.

The following table summarizes the historic use of the Subject Property.

Summary							
Year(s)	Interpreted Property Use						
1973, 1978	According to Street Directories the subject property is listed as Jordan Shell Service Station.						
1984, 1989, 1990, 1994	According to Street Directories the subject property is listed as Auto Pro Inc 2. In December 1990, five underground storage tanks (USTs) were removed from the site.						
1999, 2003	According to Street Directories the subject property is listed as Auto Pro Inc.						
2008	The subject property is Test Only SMOG Station.						

2.2 PREVIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL SITE ACTIVITIES

This section summarizes the findings and conclusions of select previous environmental investigations and other pertinent documents (see references; Section 5) made available to PSI.

2.2.1 Underground Storage Tank Removal - 1990

Five USTs were removed from three different excavations at the subject site in December 1990 by Pacific Excavators (Pacific, 1991). Soil and groundwater samples collected from the UST fuel excavations contained levels of total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline (TPH-G), total petroleum hydrocarbons as diesel (TPH-D), benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, total xylenes (BTEX), and total lead. In addition soil samples collected from the waste oil tank excavation contained concentrations of oil and grease (O&G). In addition, in 1991 soil was sampled and a small amount of contaminated soil was excavated and removed from the site (ESE, 1994).

2.2.2 Limited Soil and Groundwater Investigation - 1993

In April 1993, Environmental Science & Engineering Inc. (ESE) conducted a limited soil and groundwater investigation at the site. Two soil borings were drilled in the area of two former UST excavations through the backfill into native material, with soil and groundwater samples collected from the borings. Results of the investigation indicated concentrations of total semi-volatile petroleum hydrocarbons (TSVPH); these hydrocarbons were reported not to consist of diesel or gasoline (ESE, 1993).

2.2.3 Preliminary Site Assessment and Groundwater Monitoring - 1994

ESE conducted a preliminary site assessment (PSA) of the property in April 1994. The investigation consisted of drilling four soil borings, installation of four monitoring wells (MW-1 through MW-4), and collection of soil and groundwater samples. According to the investigation, soil beneath the site consisted of silty clay to between approximately 10 and 13 feet below ground surface (bgs) and groundwater was found to be approximately 11 to

13 feet bgs. Soil and groundwater samples collected during the investigation were found to contain petroleum hydrocarbons (ESE, 1994).

According to the Second Quarter 1994 Groundwater Monitoring Report, groundwater flow direction at the site is bimodal and flows both to the southwest and east, dependant upon the location at the site. According to ESE this may have been a result of the high permeability of the backfill material in the former UST excavations. The data presented in the Second Quarter 1994 monitoring report indicated that petroleum hydrocarbons are migrating off-site to the southwest and concluded that the existing monitoring well network is not sufficient to determine the extent off-site migration (ESE, 1994).

2.2.4 Site Assessment and Groundwater Monitoring - 1996

ESE conducted an additional soil and water investigation (in addition to quarterly groundwater sampling) to determine the on and off-site extent of the soil and groundwater contamination. The 1996 study included seven geoprobe soil borings which were drilled and sampled; a total of 14 soil and seven groundwater samples were collected during the investigation. A concentration of 1.5 mg/kg TPH-G was detected in the sample collected from boring AP-2 at 10 feet. The remaining soil samples were non-detect for all constituents of concern. TPH-D was detected at concentrations ranging from 190 and 74,000 μ g/l in groundwater samples from AP-1, AP-2, AP-3, and AP-6. TPH-G was detected at concentrations ranging between 1,400 and 14,000 μ g/l in groundwater sample from AP-6. In addition BTEX constituents were detected in groundwater samples from AP-1, AP-2, and AP-3. MTBE was detected at concentrations of 60 μ g/l and 100 μ g/l in groundwater samples from AP-3 (ESE, 1996).

Second Quarter 1996 groundwater monitoring activities at the site included sampling of monitoring wells MW-1 through MW-4. TPH-G and TPH-D were detected in MW-1, MW-3, and MW-4. BTEX constituents and MTBE were detected in MW-3 and MW-4 (ESE, 1996).

2.2.5 Remediation and Site Closure Report - 1999

In 1998, with approval from the ACEH, it was determined that oxygen release compounds (ORCs) would be introduced into MW-3 and MW-4 to enhance the biodegradation of the contaminant plume at the site. ORCs were placed in MW-3 and MW-4 on March 23, 1998 by QST Environmental (QST). This resulted in a slight increase of BTEX and TPH immediately after the installation of the ORCs. According to QST, the increase in hydrocarbons may have been a result of the increase in the groundwater table elevation; the increased elevation may have caused a mobilization of additional petroleum hydrocarbon constituents from the capillary fringe thus increasing concentrations. Constituents have declined or stabilized since the removal of the

ORCs, and as such, QST determined that constituent reduction and degradation was enhanced by the ORC (QST, 1999).

QST conducted a risk assessment as part of their site closure report. The evaluation focused on MW-1 through MW-4, the closest wells to the source. Concentrations of constituents in MW-5 (a nearby off-site Chevron well) indicate that the plume has stabilized in the downgradient (southwest) direction. The risk assessment was tied to the identification of the constituents of concern, potential pathways in environmental media, and potential receptors of exposure. According to the report the objectives of the site conceptual model have been realized through the identification of soil and groundwater as the environmental media for remedial action via soil vapor extraction and water entrainment. Receptors of potential exposure were based on residential land use and groundwater as a drinking water resource (QST, 1999).

Based on the 1996 ESE site investigation report, off-site soil between the Chevron Station and the subject property did not appear to be impacted by hydrocarbon contamination. Groundwater samples collected at the time of the 1996 investigation indicated concentrations of TPH-G, TPH-D, BTEX, and MTBE. Based on a 1996 soil vapor study, the Autopro plume and the Chevron plume are intermingled and the downgradient concentrations could not be accurately ascertained.

Based on exposure and toxicity assessments as part of the risk assessment, and since the site is surfaced with asphalt and concrete, repeat exposure to the constituents of concern is unlikely. The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Preliminary Remediation Goal (PRG) for industrial properties for benzene was exceeded in one soil sample collected in 1996. According to QST, the absence of benzene in groundwater at the site eliminates the possibility of vertical migration upward into soil vapor (QST, 1999).

2.2.6 Quarterly Monitoring and Utility Backfill Sampling – 2004

According to Second Quarter 2004 sampling data TPH-G was detected at concentrations of 530, 33,000, and 1,700 μ g/l in MW-1, MW-3, and MW-4 respectively. TPH-D was detected at concentrations between 56 and 1,200 μ g/l in MW-1 through MW-4. Ethylbenzene was detected at concentrations of 0.67 μ g/l in MW-4 and total xylenes were detected at concentrations of 5.6 and 1.22 μ g/l in MW-3 and MW-4. Total petroleum hydrocarbons as motor oil (TPH-MO), benzene, toluene and fuel oxygenates were not detected during the sampling event. Monitoring well MW-5, was damaged at the time of sampling, thus was not sampled (MACTEC, 2004).

According to Third Quarter 2004 sampling data TPH-G was detected at concentrations of 260, 13,000, and 1,800 μ g/l in MW-1, MW-3, and MW-4 respectively. TPH-D was detected at concentrations between 74 and 2,500 μ g/l in MW-1 through MW-4. TPH-MO, BTEX, and fuel oxygenates were not detected during the Third Quarter Sampling event (MACTEC, 2004).

In August 2004, two borings were advanced to approximately 16 feet bgs adjacent to the sanitary sewer line and storm drain line to investigate if the utility corridor was a conduit for contamination migration. This investigation was performed at the request of the ACEH in a letter dated December 24, 2002. The intent of the investigation was to obtain grab groundwater samples from each of the utility trench backfills. However, the boring adjacent to the sanitary sewer line was dry. Therefore, samples were obtained only from the storm drain backfill. The samples collected from the storm drain backfill were tested for TPH-G, TPH-D, benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and xylenes were detected at concentrations of 57,000, 29,000, 9.5, 36, 11, and 29 μ g/l respectively. Concentrations of contaminants of concern in the areas explored suggest that the release from the site has migrated to the utility trenches, which have acted as a preferential pathway for the contaminants (MACTEC, 2004).

According to the Second and Third Quarter 2004 Monitoring Report (MACTEC, 2004) the slotted casing in each of the wells (MW-1 through MW-4) is below the groundwater level. Since the interval of slotted casing in a well should span the surface of the groundwater aquifer being monitored, the slotted casing in these wells is considered to have been improperly placed at construction. The report indicates that, while these improperly placed slotted intervals will likely have little impact in the monitoring of groundwater levels and contaminant trends, they may adversely affect the ability to determine the presence of free floating product in groundwater at the site.

According to Fourth Quarter 2004 sampling data TPH-G was detected at concentrations of 710, 5,100, and 2,300 μ g/l in monitoring wells MW-1, MW-3, and MW-4 respectively. TPH-D was detected at concentrations between 53 and 3,300 μ g/l in all wells except Chevron well MW-2. TPH-MO was detected at concentrations of 450 and 1,400 μ g/l in MW-1 and MW-4. Benzene concentrations in MW-3 exceeded the California State Drinking Water Standard Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) of 1.0 μ g/l; the remaining BTEX concentrations did not exceed MCLs for this sampling event. Groundwater flow at the time of sampling was to the northeast which is inconsistent with historical flow to the south/southwest; the reason for the change was unknown and was thought to be a result of heavy rainfall (MACTEC, 2005).

2.2.7 Site Recommendations From the ACEH - 2008

According to a letter from the Alameda County Environmental Health Services Department, dated March 28, 2008, analytical data from the Fourth Quarter 2004 Groundwater Monitoring Report was determined to be insufficient since all monitoring wells at the site have their slotted casing below groundwater. Depth to groundwater at the site ranges between 8 and 13 feet bgs; however MW-1 is screened from 15-30 feet and MW-2, MW-3, and MW-4 are screened between 15-25 feet. The ACEH expressed concerns that concentrations of contaminants detected in the groundwater samples may not be representative of actual site conditions. In addition, grab groundwater samples collected at a nearby cross-gradient site in 2007 indicated concentrations of TPH-G in all three samples. The ACEH stated that further evaluation of preferential pathways and

additional off-site plume delineation is warranted at the site and that hydrocarbon concentrations in downgradient well MW-3 warranted further characterization of the onsite plume. Since groundwater monitoring at the site had not been conducted since Fourth Quarter 2004, the ACEH recommended that quarterly monitoring be initiated and the wells be re-developed at the site. In addition it was recommended that a new site conceptual model be developed for the subject property and that all analytical data from 2001 onward be submitted via the SWRCB Geotracker website, with all reports from July 1, 2005 onward be submitted to the website as well (ACEH, 2008).

2.2.8 Addressing ACEH Recommendations

On December 16, 2008, all four monitoring wells (MW-1 through MW-4) were redeveloped via the surge-block method to remove silt or clay from the surrounding formation that were caught in the filter pack, and to improve groundwater flow into the monitoring well. After the surge, the wells were purged to remove suspended sediment from the well and to encourage new water to flow into the well from the surrounding soil formation. This series of procedures was repeated three times to each of the monitoring wells with the exception of MW-1 in which the block became lodged at 14 feet. Fortunately, the well recharged easily during purging, suggesting that the filter pack and screen are in good working order.

ACEH was concerned that the "drowned wells" are affecting the detected contaminant concentrations in the wells. On December 22, 2008, the groundwater level was at approximately 8 feet below ground surface (bgs). The references reviewed indicate that the wells are screened from 15-25 feet bgs, with the exception of MW-1 which is screened from 15-30 feet bgs. Based on this data, the top of the screens remain below groundwater levels. While we are in agreement that "drowned wells" would affect the ability to detect product (i.e. fuel or oil) floating on top of the groundwater table, in the absence of floating product, this is not expected to significantly affect the monitoring of dissolved hydrocarbon contaminants in groundwater beneath the site either from a qualitative (ability to detect) or quantitative (detected concentrations) standpoint. We have seen no mention in the references reviewed and no indication from historical analytical data that there is, or has been, free floating product on groundwater at the site. As such, it is our opinion that the ability to accurately detect contaminant concentrations in the on-site wells is not a concern, despite their incorrect installation.

During groundwater sampling, the bottom of each well was sounded to determine the total depth. It was determined that the sounded depths below the top of casing are 26.07, 24.69, 14.54, and 15.69 feet for MW-1 through MW-4 respectively. With the exception of MW-2, these measured depths do not agree with the installation data for the wells; the depths of MW-1, MW-3, and MW-4 all measure to be about 5 to 10 feet less than their stated depth at installation.

There are several possible causes for the discrepancy between the installed and sounded depths of these wells;

- 1. Incorrect installation data.
- 2. Blockage (with a bailer for example).
- 3. Filling of the well casing (by siltation or man-made fill)

Sometime between the ESE 1996 report and the MACTEC 2004 monitoring report, wells MW-3 and MW-4 have "lost" 10 feet of depth. Since the sounded depths of MW-3 and MW-4 would put the current bottom of the well at or above the installed slotted casing, and since both of these wells had no problems producing groundwater, the most likely causes of the discrepancy are either incorrect installation data or a partial blockage of the wells.

2.2.9 Workplan for Site Investigation

On June 8, 2009, PSI submitted the "Workplan for Site Investigation" in response to the ACEH letter dated March 28, 2008, addressing the following concerns:

- 1. Monitoring Wells and Hydrologic Setting
- 2. Preferential Pathway Study
- 3. Groundwater Contaminant Plume Definition
- 4. Contaminant Source Area Characterization
- 5. Groundwater Contaminant Plume Monitoring
- 6. Site Conceptual Model
- 7. GeoTracker Compliance

In a letter dated June 26, 2009, the ACEH generally concurred with PSI's findings and scope of work outlined in the Workplan and requested that the proposed work and associated reports be undertaken. Additionally, the letter stated that semi-annual monitoring frequency is appropriate for the site.

3.0 GROUNDWATER MONITORING ACTIVITIES

3.1 GROUNDWATER ELEVATION AND HYDRAULIC GRADIENT

Prior to sampling, the depth to groundwater in each monitoring well was measured in accordance with the field procedures outlined in Section 3.2 using an electric water level indicator. Water levels are read from the top of the monitoring well casing (TOC) to an accuracy of 0.01 foot. This is performed in order to calculate the groundwater elevations and to determine the groundwater gradient. Before and after each use, the water level indicator was decontaminated to prevent cross-contamination of the wells.

Depth to groundwater, measured on September 23, 2010, and calculated groundwater elevations are presented in Table 1. Groundwater contours representing interpreted water levels beneath the site are shown on Figure 2. Historically the groundwater flow direction at the subject property has been generally toward the southwest. Southwestern groundwater flow is consistent with data obtained from groundwater monitoring reports for three nearby monitoring sites within 1,000 feet of the subject property. Based on the data from the nearby sites, from historic subject property reports, and from review of the USGS topographic map, it is expected that the groundwater flow is to the southwest, towards the San Francisco Bay. The groundwater level from MW-4 was not used for this gradient and direction calculation because the level conflicted with the other three monitoring wells. Based on the water level measurements obtained, the groundwater flow direction at the subject site is generally toward the west with a hydraulic gradient of approximately 0.005.

3.2 GROUNDWATER SAMPLING

On September 23, 2010, groundwater samples were collected from monitoring wells MW-1 through MW-4 at the project site. The following procedures for well monitoring, well purging and water sampling were implemented while sampling the wells:

- 1. All non-dedicated equipment was washed prior to entering the well with an Alconox solution, followed by a deionized water rinse.
- 2. Prior to purging the wells, depth to water was measured using a groundwater interface probe to an accuracy of 0.01 foot. The measurements were made to the top of the well casing on the north side.
- 3. The monitoring wells were purged of a minimum of three well volumes of water until pH, conductivity, and temperature stabilized. The wells were purged with a new, single-use dedicated bailer.
- 4. Water samples were collected with a single-use disposable bailer after the well had been purged. The water collected was immediately decanted into laboratory-supplied vials and bottles. The containers were filled, capped, labeled, and placed in a chilled cooler prior to delivery at the laboratory for analysis.

- 5. Chain of custody procedures, including chain of custody forms, were used to document water sample handling and transport from collection to delivery at the laboratory for analyses.
- 6. Purged water was contained in a DOT approved 55-gallon drum and left on site for proper disposal. The drum was labeled with the contents, date, well number, client name, and project number.

The purge logs are presented in Appendix A.

3.3 LABORATORY ANALYSIS, RESULTS, AND DISCUSSION

Four groundwater samples were submitted for analysis to SunStar Laboratories, Inc of Lake Forest, California, a State of California certified environmental analytical laboratory. The samples were analyzed for the following:

- Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Gasoline (TPH-G) using EPA Method 8015
- Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Diesel (TPH-D) using EPA Method 8015
- Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Motor Oil (TPH-MO) using EPA Method 8015
- Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) including fuel oxygenates using EPA Method 8260B

The following are the results of the groundwater analysis:

- TPH-G was detected above the laboratory reporting limit of 50 micrograms per liter (µg/L) only in the groundwater sample from MW-3 (230 µg/L).
- TPH-D was detected above the laboratory reporting limit of 50 μg/L in the groundwater samples from MW-3 (880 μg/L) and MW-4 (82 μg/L).
- TPH-MO was detected above the laboratory reporting limit of 100 μg/L only in the groundwater sample from MW-3 (270 μg/L).
- VOCs associated with hydrocarbon contamination were detected above their respective laboratory reporting limit in the groundwater samples collected from three of the four wells, including;
 - Ethylbenzene at 0.88 µg/L in MW-3
 - o Toluene at 0.63 μg/L in MW-3
 - o Total Xylenes at 3.2 μg/L in MW-3

A summary of the laboratory results for groundwater samples is presented in Table 2. Copies of the laboratory report and chain of custody records are presented in Appendix B.

The groundwater analytical results were compared to their respective San Francisco Bay Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) Environmental Screening Levels (ESLs) for Residential Land Use where groundwater is a drinking water resource. Groundwater sample MW-3 had the following constituents greater then their respective ESL;

- TPH-G (ESL of 100 µg/L) in MW-3
- TPH-D (ESL of 100 µg/L) in MW-3
- TPH-MO (ESL of 100 µg/L) in MW-3

None of the other groundwater samples had constituents greater then their respective ESL.

TPH-G and TPH-D concentrations for groundwater monitoring wells MW-3 and MW-4 were below the range of concentrations found in previous sampling events. PSI will continue to monitor the TPH-G and TPH-D concentrations in these wells to determine whether the concentrations reported during this monitoring period were anomalous or represent an actual reduction of contaminant concentrations at the site.

4.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

PSI conducted groundwater monitoring activities on September 23, 2010. The results of the monitoring event are summarized below.

- Based on our field measurements, groundwater at the site flows generally toward the west under a hydraulic gradient of 0.005.
- TPH-G and TPH-MO were detected only in the groundwater sample from monitoring well MW-3.
- TPH-D was detected in the groundwater samples from monitoring wells MW-3 and MW-4.
- VOCs were detected in all the groundwater samples with the exception of monitoring well MW-2.
- Only MW-3 had constituents greater then their respective ESL (TPH-G, TPH-D and TPH-MO).

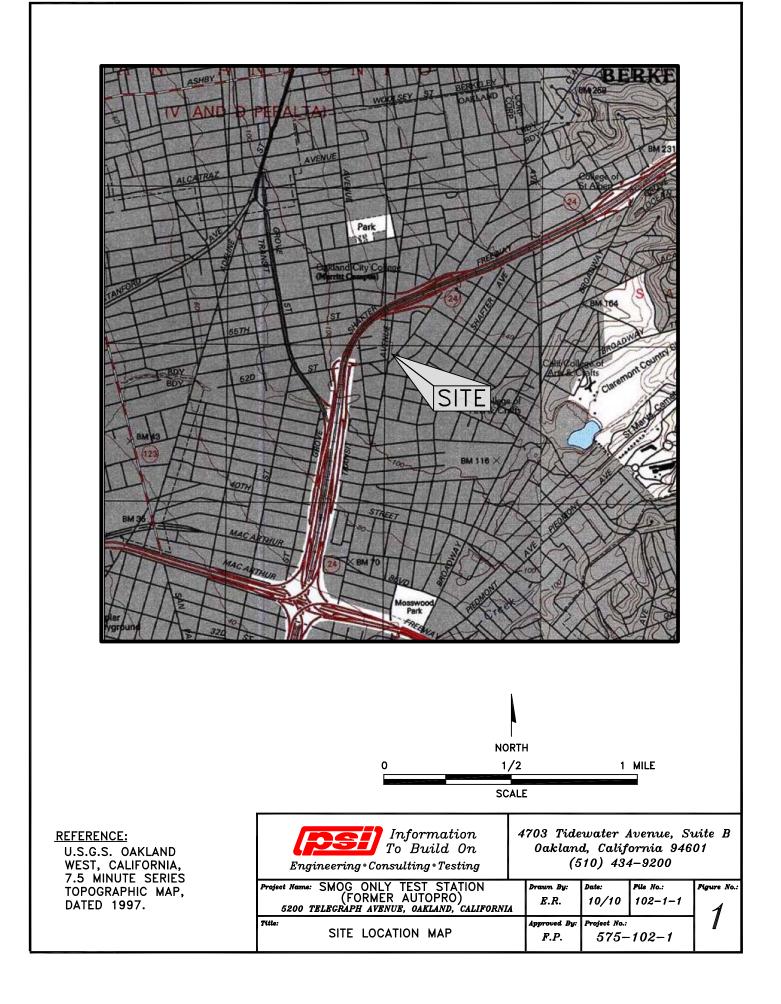
Based on the soil and groundwater analytical results, it appears that petroleum hydrocarbon and VOC-impacted groundwater is present in the area of the former UST excavations.

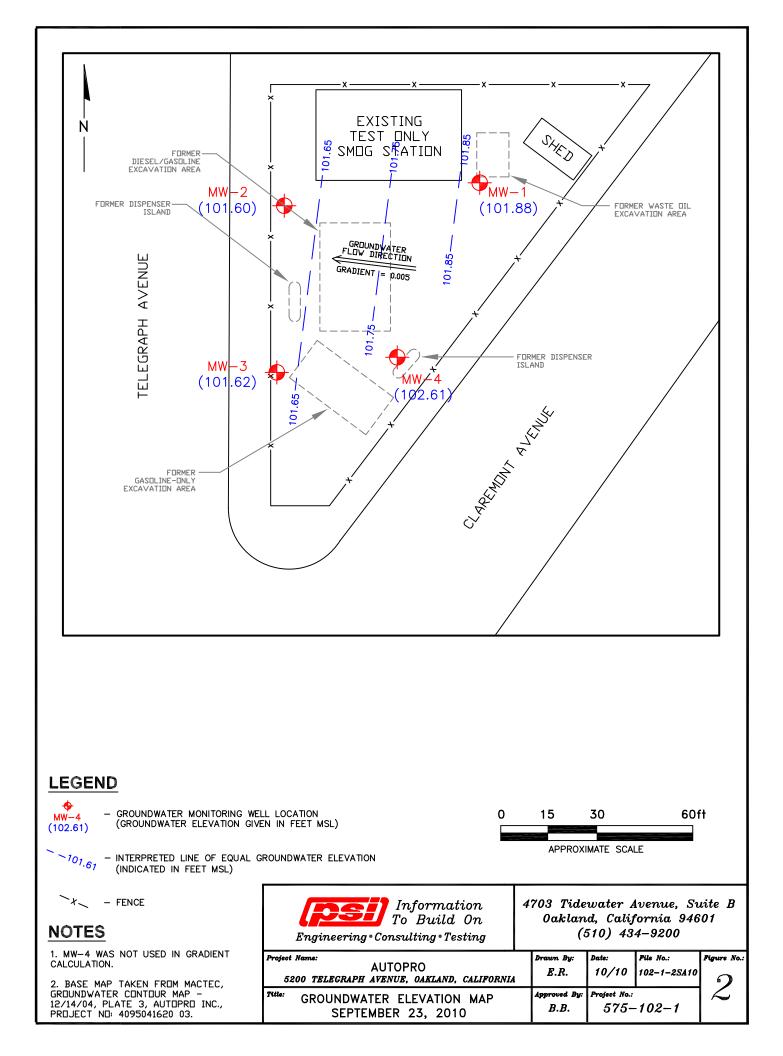
PSI recommends that semi-annual groundwater monitoring at the site continue until case closure has been granted. Additionally, the Workplan submitted by PSI on June 8, 2009 and approved by the ACEH, should be implemented as soon as is feasible.

5.0 REFERENCES

- 1. Pacific Excavators, January 24, 1991, "Autopro soils report, 5200 Telegraph Avenue, Oakland, California."
- 2. Environmental Science & Engineering, Inc, April 19, 1993, "Auto Pro 5200 Telegraph Avenue, Oakland, California."
- 3. Environmental Science & Engineering, Inc, August 16, 1994, "Second Quarter Groundwater Monitoring Report, Remedial Investigation, 5200 Telegraph Avenue, Oakland, California."
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- 5. US Geological Survey (USGS), 1997 Oakland West Quadrangle, California, 7.5 Minute Series (topographic), United States Department of the Interior, Scale: 1:24,000.
- 6. QST, Inc, July 8, 1999, "Site Closure Report Auto Pro, 5200 Telegraph Avenue, Oakland, California."
- 7. MACTEC, November 30, 2004, "Quarterly Monitoring Second and Third Quarters and Backfill Sampling Summary, Auto Pro Site 5200 Telegraph Avenue, Oakland, California"
- 8. MACTEC, February 10, 2005, "Quarterly Monitoring Fourth Quarter, Auto Pro Site 5200 Telegraph Avenue, Oakland, California"
- 9. Alameda County Health Care Services Agency, Environmental Health Services Department (ACEH), March 28, 2008, "Fuel Leak Case No. RO0000323 and Geotracker ID T0600100131, Auto Pro 5200 Telegraph Avenue, Oakland, California.
- PSI, Inc., June 8, 2009, "Workplan for Site Investigation, Test Only Smog Station (Former Autopro), 5200 Telegraph Avenue, Oakland, California, Fuel Leak Case No. RO0000323, Geotracker ID T0600100131, PSI Project No. 575-8G012."
- 11. ACEH, March 28, 2008, "Fuel Leak Case No. RO0000323 and Geotracker ID T0600100131, Auto Pro, 5200 Telegraph Avenue, Oakland, CA 94609.
- 12. ACEH, June 26, 2009, "Fuel Leak Case No. RO0000323 and Geotracker ID T0600100131, Auto Pro, 5200 Telegraph Avenue, Oakland, CA 94609.

FIGURES





TABLES

TABLE 1

SUMMARY OF GROUNDWATER ELEVATIONS Test Only SMOG Station (Former Autopro) 5200 Telegraph Avenue, Oakland, CA

Well Number	TOC Elevation (ft msl)	Date	Depth to Groundwater (ft)	Groundwater Elevation (ft msl)
MW-1	115.44	12/22/08	11.67	103.77
		3/4/09	8.50	106.94
		5/1/09	12.58	102.86
		7/20/09	13.30	102.14
		3/2/10	10.17	105.27
		9/23/10	13.56	101.88
MW-2	114.62	12/22/08	10.96	103.66
		3/4/09	7.83	106.79
		5/1/09	11.91	102.71
		7/20/09	12.64	101.98
		3/2/10	9.49	105.13
		9/23/10	13.02	101.60
MW-3	113.77	12/22/08	10.30	103.47
		3/4/09	7.22	106.55
		5/1/09	11.30	102.47
		7/20/09	11.93	101.84
		3/2/10	8.94	104.83
		9/23/10	12.15	101.62
MW-4	114.25	12/22/08	10.36	103.89
		3/4/09	7.47	106.78
		5/1/09	10.97	103.28
		7/20/09	11.56	102.69
		3/2/10	8.89	105.36
		9/23/10	11.64	102.61

Notes:

ft msl = feet with respect to mean sea level

TABLE 2 SUMMARY OF GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS Test Only SMOG Station (Former Autopro) 5200 Telegraph Avenue, Oakland, CA

Sample Number	Date	TPH-G	TPH-D	ТРН-МО	Benzene	n-Butyl- benzene	sec-Butyl- benzene	tert-Butyl- benzene	lsopropyl- benzene	Ethyl- benzene	p- Isopropyl- toluene	Naph- thalene	n-Propyl- benzene	Toluene	1,2,4- Trimethyl- benzene	1,3,5- Trimethyl- benzene	Total Xylenes
MW-1	12/22/08	390	150	<100	<0.5	5.5	3.9	<1.0	3.2	<0.5	<1.0	2.0	7.3	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.5
	3/4/09	360	64	<100	<0.5	1.8	1.8	<1.0	1.3	0.63	<1.0	1.3	2.8	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	1.1
	5/1/09	120	130	<100	<0.5	1.5	2.0	<1.0	1.3	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	2.8	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.5
	7/20/09	<50	110	330	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	1.3	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.5
	3/2/10	<50	<50	<100	<0.5	1.1	1.7	<1.0	1.1	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	2.1	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.5
	9/23/10	<50	<50	<100	<0.5	<1.0	1.2	<1.0	<1.0	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.5
MW-2	12/22/08	<50	<50	<100	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.5
	3/4/09	<50	<50	<100	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	0.76	<1.0	1.4	<1.0	<0.5	1.1	<1.0	1.7
	5/1/09	<50	<50	<100	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.5
	7/20/09	<50	59	<100	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.5
	3/2/10	<50	<50	<100	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.5
	9/23/10	<50	<50	<100	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.5
MW-3	12/22/08	3,600	1,400	<100	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	39	<0.5	14	<1.0	60	<0.5	<1.0	23	9.8
	3/4/09	3,400	1,000	<100	2.2	17	7.4	<1.0	34	3.9	8.3	2.5	67	3.1	<1.0	1.8	8.68
	5/1/09	2,700	1,700	<100	<0.5	20	7.2	<1.0	21	2.2	7.5	<1.0	44	1.2	<1.0	<1.0	3.9
	7/20/09	2,100	1,400	<100	<0.5	19	9.8	<1.0	25	1.5	5.6	1.0	57	1.1	<1.0	<1.0	4.5
	3/2/10	4,500	1,000	<100	0.80	<1.0	8.8	<1.0	26	2.1	6.6	<1.0	58	2.0	<1.0	<1.0	4.1
	9/23/10	230	880	270	<0.5	13	8.4	<1.0	20	0.88	3.5	<1.0	40	0.63	<1.0	<1.0	3.2
MW-4	12/22/08	1,200	700	<100	<0.5	18	9.3	<1.0	10	<0.5	9.0	<1.0	21	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.5
	3/4/09	1,300	410	<100	<0.5	8.4	6.2	1.0	11	1.1	3.6	1.7	22	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	1.2
	5/1/09	590	400	<100	2.6	6.4	4.8	<1.0	5.8	9.4	2.1	21	13	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.5
	7/20/09	440	260	<100	<0.5	4.4	3.5	<1.0	3.8	<0.5	1.6	<1.0	7.9	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.5
	3/2/10	860	370	<100	<0.5	<1.0	4.0	<1.0	4.3	0.57	2.0	<1.0	7.6	<0.5	<1.0	1.9	<1.5
	9/23/10	<50	82	<100	<0.5	1.6	2.0	<1.0	1.7	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	2.2	<0.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.5

Notes:

TPH-G = Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Gasoline

TPH-D = Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons as Diesel

The units for all presented values are μ g/L = Micrograms per liter

< = The "less than" symbol indicates not detected above the laboratory reporting limit shown. All VOCs not listed were below laboratory reporting limit.

<u>APPENDIX A</u>

GROUNDWATER PURGE LOGS AND WATER LEVEL DATA

FLUID MEASUREMENT FIELD DATA

	·	-		· · ·			SHEET: 1 (OF 1
DATE:	9/23/2010	PROJECT NAME:	Tristar			PROJECT NO: 57	′5-8G012	
	MEASUREMENT INS		SOLINST			SERIAL NO:	12080	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ECTION INSTRUMEN					SERIAL NO:		
EQUIP. DECON		K WASH 🗵 DIST	T/DEION 1 RINSE	SOPROPANOL		FREE FINAL RINSE	TAP WATER FI	INAL RINSE
		X LIQUINOX WASH		DN 2 RINSE	OTHER SOLVENT	DIST/DEION	FINAL RINSE	
WELL	GROUND	TOP OF	DEPTH TO	DEPTH TO	WELL	PRODUCT	WATER	ACTUAL
NUMBER	SURFACE ELEVATION	CASING ELEVATION	PRODUCT BELOW TOC	WATER BELOW TOC	DEPTH RELOW TOC	THICKNESS	TABLE	TIME
				13,56	BELOW TOC		ELEVATION	12:71
MW-1	<u></u>	115.44	<u> </u>		26.03		<u> </u>	12:26
MW-2		114.62		13.02	24.69		 	12:30
MW-3		113.77		16.75	14.37			12:36
MW-4		114.25		11.64	15.69			12:32
				,				
	1	1						
Wells	Opened	11:50 -	12:00					
1							·····	1
	1	<u>†</u>						
······								
		2						
	1							
	1		. !					
								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	_		1 1					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			1					
			1		,			
						¢		

REMEMBER TO CORRECT PRODUCT THICKNESS FOR DENSITY BEFORE CALCULATING WATER TABLE ELEVATION

\$

			WELL P	URGIN	G ANI) SA	MP	LING	DAT	A		
							-	WELL N	10:	MW-1		
DATE:	9/23/2010	PROJE	CT NAME: T	RISTAR				PROJE	CT NO:	575-8G0	12	
WEATHE	R CONDIT	IONS:	Sunn	y i	, 75	501		-				
WELL DIA	AMETER (II	N.)	1	X 2	4		6	OTHER				
SAMPLE	TYPE:	X GROUN	IDWATER	WAST	EWATER	🗌 s	URFA	CE WATE	R	OTHER	· · · · · ·	
WELL DE	РТН (ТОС) 2	26.03	FT.	DEPTH	ΓΟ WAT	ER BE	FORE PL	JRGING	(TOC)	13,56	, FT.
LENGTH	OF WATER	र ।	2.47	FT.	CALCU	ATED	ONE	WELL VC		Ĺ	2.12	GAL.
PURGING	PURGING DEVICE: POLY BAILER I DEDICATED I DISPOSABLE DECONTAMINATED											
SAMPLIN	G DEVICE	: P(OLY BAILER	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		ATED	x	DISPOSA	BLE] DECONT	AMINATED	
EQUIP. D						ISOPR					INAL RINSE	
	.CONOX WA WA XONIUG			ON 1 RINSE				/ENT [X] FINAL RIN		EION FINA		
	IER PRESE			PRESERVED		PRESE						
			SERIAL NO	:								
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	YS	556 MPS	Serial	# M61	171 AN				
ACTUAL TIME	CUMUL. VOLUME	TEMP	SPECIFIC CONDUCT.	pH .	DEPTH TO GROUND			WATER APPEAR			Remarks Odor, Color, F	P(D)
(MIN)	PURGED (GAL)	⊠ °C	nS		WATER			CL=CLEAR		(,
	(GAL)							0=Cloudy Tu=Turbid				
12:52	INITIAL	22.8	445.8	7.17				CL.	No	Odor		
12:56	2.5	20,9	479.3	7.14				11	HCQ	OV/ Fust	colored po	hiticles
13:01	5.0		480.1	7,12				4	11		Clea	
13.07	75	20.3	472.3	7.11				11	SI. sh HC Q	Jor /	Clear	
			2									
			JRGING (TO		FT.	SAMPI	LE FIL	TERED	🗌 YES	X NO	SIZE	
NOTES:	Needs	Nev	n loci er	6	SAMPLE T	IME:	13;	12)# //	1w-1	
Bring	Bol+	Cutte	er.	[DUPLICAT	E	T	IME:	IC)#:		
				E	EQUIP. BLANK: TIME: ID#:							
				PREPARED BY: EZEKIEL ROBLES								

1 A 1 FOOT LENGTH OF WATER = 0.05 GAL IN 1" DIA. PIPE 0.17 GAL IN 2" DIA PIPE 0.65 GAL IN 4" DIA PIPE 1.5 GAL IN 6" DIA PIPE

المتحدثة فكموسو والمراجع المراجع

			WELL P	URGIN	IG AN	D SAM	PLING	DAT	Δ		
							WELL N		MW-2		
DATE:	9/23/201		CT NAME: T	RISTAR			· · · ·		575-8G012		
WEATHE	R CONDIT	·				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				····.	
·	METER (I		<u> </u>	X 2	<u> </u>	6		•	•		
SAMPLE					TEWATER		ACE WATE		DTHER		
	PTH (TOC		24.69	FT			BEFORE PL			FT.	
			11.67	 FT			E WELL VC		1.98	GAL.	
		·····	f					······	, t , ,, t , ,, t , ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,		
PURGING	DEVICE:	P(OLY BAILER				DISPOSA		DECONTAMINATED		
SAMPLIN	G DEVICE	: P(OLY BAILER				DISPOSA	BLE 🗌 🛙	DECONTAMINATED		
EQUIP. D			AP WATER W		_	ISOPROPA			FREE FINAL RINSE		
	CONOX WA										
				DN 2 RINSE		PRESERV		NSE L		<u> </u>	
			SERIAL NO					•/			
					6I 556 MPS	Serial # M	61171 AN				
ACTUAL TIME	CUMUL. VOLUME	TEMP	SPECIFIC CONDUCT.	рН	DEPTH TO GROUND		WATER APPEAR		REMARKS EVIDENT ODOR, COLOR, PID)		
(MIN)	PURGED	⊠ °c	mS		WATER		CL=CLEAR		EVIDENT ODOR, COLOR, PID)		
	(GAL)						CO=CLOUDY TU=TURBID				
13:28	INITIAL	21, Z	328,6	7,11			CI	No Do	for/ clear		
13:32	2.5		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7.08			C1	11	1 11		
13:37	5.0	20.8	343,2	7,10			11	11	1/11		
13.41	75		342.6				11	//	/ //		
							· ·				
						·					
						<u> </u>				·····	
			· · · · ·		······						

	·····				· - · · · ·				· · · ·		
DEPTH TO	O WATER	AFTER PL	JRGING (TO	C)	FT.	SAMPLE F	ILTERED		X NO SIZE		
NOTES:	Needs	Ner	~ lock	<u>k</u>	SAMPLE T		3:45	· · ·			
Bring	, Boi	1+ Cu	tter	~ /	DUPLICAT		TIME:				
					EQUIP. BL	ANK:	TIME:	ID#	:		
					PREPARED BY: EZEKIEL ROBLES						

¹A 1 FOOT LENGTH OF WATER = 0.05 GAL IN 1" DIA. PIPE 0.17 GAL IN 2" DIA PIPE 0.65 GAL IN 4" DIA PIPE 1.5 GAL IN 6" DIA PIPE

WELL PURGI	ING AND SAMPLING DATA										
	WELL NO: MW-3										
DATE: 9/23/2010 PROJECT NAME: TRISTAR	PROJECT NO: 575-8G012										
WEATHER CONDITIONS:											
WELL DIAMETER (IN.)	4 6 OTHER										
SAMPLE TYPE: X GROUNDWATER WAS	ASTEWATER SURFACE WATER OTHER										
WELL DEPTH (TOC) 14.37 F	FT. DEPTH TO WATER BEFORE PURGING (TOC) 12.15	FT.									
LENGTH OF WATER Z.ZZ F	FT. CALCULATED ONE WELL VOLUME ¹ : <i>D</i> . 38	GAL.									
PURGING DEVICE: POLY BAILER I DEDICATED I DISPOSABLE DECONTAMINATED											
SAMPLING DEVICE: POLY BAILER											
	ISOPROPANOL ANALYTE FREE FINAL RINSE										
ALCONOX WASH X DIST/DEION 1 RINS	X LIQUINOX WASH I DIST/DEION I RINSE I OTHER SOLVENT K DIST/DEION FINAL RINSE										
WATER ANALYZER MODEL & SERIAL NO:	YSI 556 MPS_Serial # M61171 AN										
ACTUAL CUMUL. TEMP SPECIFIC pH TIME VOLUME □ °F CONDUCT.	DEPTH WATER REMARKS TO GROUND APPEAR (EVIDENT ODOR, COLOR, PID)										
(MIN) PURGED X °C	WATER CL=CLEAR (EVIDENT ODOR, COLOR, PID)										
(GAL) Jac 3	CO=CLOUDY TU=TURBID										
14:25 INITIAL 22.9 139.9 6.98											
14:27 0.5 22,4 140.6 7.01											
14:29 1.0 22.1 137.7 7,02	2 11 11 / Grey										
14:45 1.5 22.0 138.3 7.02	Z 11 11 11										
DEPTH TO WATER AFTER PURGING (TOC)											
NOTES:	SAMPLE TIME: 14;50 ID# MW-3										
	EQUIP. BLANK: TIME: ID#:										
PREPARED BY: EZEKIEL ROBLES											

¹A 1 FOOT LENGTH OF WATER = 0.05 GAL IN 1" DIA. PIPE 0.17 GAL IN 2" DIA PIPE 0.65 GAL IN 4" DIA PIPE 1.5 GAL IN 6" DIA PIPE

	11 A.									
			WELL P	PURGIN	NG ANI	D SAM	PLING	i DATA		
							WELL N	10: M\	N-4	
DATE:	9/23/2010	PROJE	CT NAME: T	RISTAR			PROJE	CT NO: 57	5-8G012	
WEATHE	R CONDIT	IONS:		,			•			
WELL DIA		N.)	1	X 2	4	6	OTHER	· · · · · · · · ·		
SAMPLE	TYPE:		DWATER	WAS	TEWATER		FACE WATE	R OT	HER	,
WELL DE	PTH (TOC) 1	15.69	FT	DEPTH	TO WATER	BEFORE PL	JRGING (TO	c) 11.64	FT.
LENGTH	OF WATER	२ 🖌	4.05	FT	CALCU	LATED ON	E WELL VO	DLUME ¹ :	0.69	GAL.
PURGING	B DEVICE:		OLY BAILER			CATED			CONTAMINATED	
SAMPLIN	G DEVICE	: P	OLY BAILER	<u> </u>		ATED			CONTAMINATED	
EQUIP. D			AP WATER W			ISOPROPA	. —		REE FINAL RINSE	
					_				N FINAL RINSE	
<u> </u>				ON 2 RINSE		D PRESERV			AIR DRY	
14 C				PRESERVE		JPRESERV			·	
					SI 556 MPS	Serial # M	161171 AN			
ACTUAL TIME	CUMUL. VOLUME	TEMP	SPECIFIC	рН	DEPTH		WATER		REMARKS	
(MIN)	PURGED	∐ °F ⊠ °C	CONDUCT.		TO GROUND WATER		APPEAR CL=CLEAR	(EV	IDENT ODOR, COLOR, PID)	
	(GAL)		ms				CO=CLOUDY			
14:01	INITIAL	ZZ.8	809.7	7.02			TU=TURBID	HL Od	or / Clear	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
14:04			85,86		<u> </u>		11	11 Ual	1 11	
14:07			86,69	7.05			11	11	1 11	
14:10	3.0	21.6	87.83	7,06			11	11	11	
	-,	-	0// 23	1100	-					
·	· · · · ·									· <u>·</u>
								· · · · ·		
				1						
										·····
	· · · · ·								· 	
	JWATER		JRGING (TO	C)					NO SIZE	
NOTES:					SAMPLE T		1:14	ID#	MW-4	
					DUPLICAT		TIME:	ID#:		
L				·-···	EQUIP. BL		TIME:	ID#:		
					PREPARE	D BY:	EZEKIE	L ROBLES		

1 A 1 FOOT LENGTH OF WATER = 0.05 GAL IN 1" DIA. PIPE 0.17 GAL IN 2" DIA PIPE 0.65 GAL IN 4" DIA PIPE 1.5 GAL IN 6" DIA PIPE

<u>APPENDIX B</u>

LABORATORY REPORT AND CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD



PROVIDING QUALITY ANALYTICAL SERVICES NATIONWIDE

04 October 2010

Brand Burfield PSI -- Oakland 4703 Tidewater Ave Ste B Oakland, CA 94601 RE: Tristar

Enclosed are the results of analyses for samples received by the laboratory on 09/24/10 10:30. If you have any questions concerning this report, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely,

h f. lft

John Shepler Laboratory Director



PSI Oakland	Project: Tristar	
4703 Tidewater Ave Ste B	Project Number: 575-8G012	Reported:
Oakland CA, 94601	Project Manager: Brand Burfield	10/04/10 16:19

ANALYTICAL REPORT FOR SAMPLES

Sample ID	Laboratory ID	Matrix	Date Sampled	Date Received
MW-1	T001040-01	Water	09/23/10 13:12	09/24/10 10:30
MW-2	T001040-02	Water	09/23/10 13:45	09/24/10 10:30
MW-3	T001040-03	Water	09/23/10 14:50	09/24/10 10:30
MW-4	T001040-04	Water	09/23/10 14:14	09/24/10 10:30

SunStar Laboratories, Inc.

lft

John Shepler, Laboratory Director



PSI Oakland		Proje	ct: Trista	r					
4703 Tidewater Ave Ste B	Project Number: 575-8G012								l:
Oakland CA, 94601		Project Manager: Brand Burfield							5:19
			/IW-1 0-01 (W	oton)					
L.		100104	0-01 (<i>w</i>	ater)					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Dilution	Batch	Prepared	Analyzed	Method	Note
		SunStar La	aborator	ries, Inc.					
Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarb	ons by 8015C								
C6-C12 (GRO)	ND	0.050	mg/l	1	0092405	09/24/10	09/28/10	EPA 8015C	
C13-C28 (DRO)	ND	0.050	"	"		"	"		
C29-C40 (MORO)	ND	0.10	"	"		"	"	"	
Surrogate: p-Terphenyl		65.1 %	65-	135	"	"	"	"	
Volatile Organic Compounds by E	PA Method 826	0 B							
Bromobenzene	ND	1.0	ug/l	1	0092406	09/24/10	09/29/10	EPA 8260B	
Bromochloromethane	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"	"	
Bromodichloromethane	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"		
Bromoform	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"	"	
Bromomethane	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"		
n-Butylbenzene	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"		
sec-Butylbenzene	1.2	1.0	"	"		"	"		
tert-Butylbenzene	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"		
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	0.50	"	"		"	"		
Chlorobenzene	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"		
Chloroethane	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"		
Chloroform	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"		
Chloromethane	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"		
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"		
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"		
Dibromochloromethane	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"		
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"		
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"		
Dibromomethane	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"		
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"		
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"		
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"		
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	0.50	"	"		"	"		
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"		
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	0.50	"	"		"	"		
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"		

SunStar Laboratories, Inc.

lft



PSI Oakland		Proje	ct: Trista	r							
4703 Tidewater Ave Ste B	Project Number: 575-8G012								Reported:		
Oakland CA, 94601	F	Project Manager: Brand Burfield							:19		
		Ν	AW-1								
		T00104	0-01 (W	ater)							
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Dilution	Batch	Prepared	Analyzed	Method	Note		
		SunStar La	aborato	ries, Inc.							
Volatile Organic Compounds by	EPA Method 8260	B									
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	1.0	ug/l	1	0092406	09/24/10	09/29/10	EPA 8260B			
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"	"			
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"	"			
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"			
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"	"			
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"	"			
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	0.50	"	"		"	"	"			
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	0.50	"	"			"	"			
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	1.0	"	"			"	"			
Isopropylbenzene	ND	1.0	"	"			"				
p-Isopropyltoluene	ND	1.0	"	"			"				
Methylene chloride	ND	1.0	"	"			"	"			
Naphthalene	ND	1.0		"			"				
n-Propylbenzene	ND	1.0		"			"				
Styrene	ND	1.0	"	"			"				
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	1.0	"	"			"	"			
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	1.0	"	"			"				
Tetrachloroethene	ND	1.0		"			"				
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	1.0		"			"				
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	1.0									
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND			"							
		1.0									
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	1.0		"			"				
Trichloroethene	ND	1.0					"				
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	1.0						"			
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	1.0			"		"				
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	1.0		"	"	"	"	"			
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"			
Vinyl chloride	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"	"			
Benzene	ND	0.50	"	"	"	"	"	"			
Toluene	ND	0.50	"	"		"	"	"			
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.50	"	"	"	"	"	"			
m,p-Xylene	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"	"			

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PSI Oakland 4703 Tidewater Ave Ste B Oakland CA, 94601	Project: Tristar Project Number: 575-8G012 Project Manager: Brand Burfield							Reported: 10/04/10 16:19		
		N T00104	/IW-1 0-01 (W	ater)						
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Dilution	Batch	Prepared	Analyzed	Method	Notes	
		SunStar La	aborato	ries, Inc.						
Volatile Organic Compounds by E										
o-Xylene	ND	0.50	ug/l	1	0092406	09/24/10	09/29/10	EPA 8260B		
Tert-amyl methyl ether	ND	2.0	"	"	"	"	"	"		
Tert-butyl alcohol	ND	10	"	"	"	"	"	"		
Di-isopropyl ether	ND	2.0	"	"	"	"	"			
Ethyl tert-butyl ether	ND	2.0	"	"	"	"	"	"		
Methyl tert-butyl ether	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"	"		
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene		93.2 %	77.1-110		"	"	"	"		
Surrogate: Dibromofluoromethane		124 %	66.3-111		"	"	"	"	S-GC	
Surrogate: Toluene-d8		92.4 %	84.7-109		"	"	"	"		

SunStar Laboratories, Inc.

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John Shepler, Laboratory Director



PSI Oakland		Proje	ct: Trista	ır						
4703 Tidewater Ave Ste B	5							Reported: 10/04/10 16:19		
Oakland CA, 94601	Project Manag									
		•	MW-2							
		т Т00104		ater)						
		Reporting								
Analyte	Result	Limit	Units	Dilution	Batch	Prepared	Analyzed	Method	Note	
		SunStar La	aborato	ries, Inc.						
Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbor	ns by 8015C									
C6-C12 (GRO)	ND	0.050	mg/l	1	0092405	09/24/10	09/28/10	EPA 8015C		
C13-C28 (DRO)	ND	0.050		"	"	"	"	"		
C29-C40 (MORO)	ND	0.10	"	"	"	"	"	"		
Surrogate: p-Terphenyl		67.0 %	65-	135	"	"	"	"		
Volatile Organic Compounds by EP.	A Method 82	60B								
Bromobenzene	ND	1.0	ug/l	1	0092406	09/24/10	09/29/10	EPA 8260B		
Bromochloromethane	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"		
Bromodichloromethane	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"		
Bromoform	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"		
Bromomethane	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"		
n-Butylbenzene	ND	1.0		"	"	"	"	"		
sec-Butylbenzene	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"		
tert-Butylbenzene	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"		
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	0.50	"	"		"	"	"		
Chlorobenzene	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"	"		
Chloroethane	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"	"		
Chloroform	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"	"		
Chloromethane	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"		
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"		
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"		
Dibromochloromethane	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"		
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND	1.0		"	"	"	"	"		
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	ND	1.0		"	"	"	"	"		
Dibromomethane	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"	"		
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"		
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"		
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"		
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	0.50	"	"	"	"	"	"		
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"		
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	0.50		"	"	"	"	"		
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	1.0		"	"	"	"	"		

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PSI Oakland		Proje	ct: Trista	ır						
4703 Tidewater Ave Ste B		Project Numb	er: 575-8	G012				Reported:		
Oakland CA, 94601		Project Manag						10/04/10 16		
		Ν	AW-2							
		T00104	0-02 (W	ater)						
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Dilution	Batch	Prepared	Analyzed	Method	Notes	
		SunStar La	aborato	ries. Inc.		1				
Volatile Organic Compounds by	EPA Method 826(
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	1.0	ug/l	1	0092406	09/24/10	09/29/10	EPA 8260B		
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"		
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	"	"			"	"		
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"		
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"		
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"			
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	0.50	"	"			"	"		
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	0.50	"	"			"	"		
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	1.0	"	"			"	"		
Isopropylbenzene	ND	1.0		"			"			
p-Isopropyltoluene	ND	1.0		"			"	"		
Methylene chloride	ND	1.0		"			"	"		
Naphthalene	ND	1.0		"			"	"		
n-Propylbenzene	ND	1.0		"						
Styrene	ND	1.0		"						
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	1.0		"				"		
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	1.0	"							
Tetrachloroethene	ND	1.0					"			
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	1.0		"						
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	1.0		"				"		
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	1.0		"				"		
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND									
Trichloroethene	ND	1.0 1.0		"						
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	1.0					"			
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	1.0								
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	1.0						"		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	1.0					"	"		
Vinyl chloride	ND	1.0								
Benzene	ND	0.50		"	"	"	"	"		
Toluene	ND	0.50		"	"	"	"	"		
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.50	"	"	"	"	"			
m,p-Xylene	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"		

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PSI Oakland 4703 Tidewater Ave Ste B Oakland CA, 94601	703 Tidewater Ave Ste B Project Number: 575-8G012										
			AW-2 0-02 (W	ater)							
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Dilution	Batch	Prepared	Analyzed	Method	Notes		
		SunStar La	aborato	ries, Inc.							
Volatile Organic Compounds by E											
o-Xylene	ND	0.50	ug/l	1	0092406	09/24/10	09/29/10	EPA 8260B			
Tert-amyl methyl ether	ND	2.0	"	"	"	"	"	"			
Tert-butyl alcohol	ND	10	"	"	"	"	"	"			
Di-isopropyl ether	ND	2.0	"	"	"	"	"	"			
Ethyl tert-butyl ether	ND	2.0	"	"	"	"	"	"			
Methyl tert-butyl ether	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"			
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene		92.0 %	77.1	-110	"	"	"	"			
Surrogate: Dibromofluoromethane		119 %	66.3	-111	"	"	"	"	S-GC		
Surrogate: Toluene-d8		93.0 %	84.7	-109	"	"	"	"			

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John Shepler, Laboratory Director



PSI Oakland		Proje	ct: Trista	ar					
4703 Tidewater Ave Ste B]	Project Numb	er: 575-8	3G012				Reported	:
Oakland CA, 94601		Project Manag						10/04/10 16	
		۲ T00104	AW-3 0-03 (W	ater)					
			0.00(11						
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Dilution	Batch	Prepared	Analyzed	Method	Notes
		SunStar La	aborato	ries, Inc.					
Extractable Petroleum Hydrocar	bons by 8015C								
C6-C12 (GRO)	0.23	0.050	mg/l	1	0092405	09/24/10	09/28/10	EPA 8015C	
C13-C28 (DRO)	0.88	0.050		"	"		"	"	
C29-C40 (MORO)	0.27	0.10	"	"	"	"	"	"	
Surrogate: p-Terphenyl		69.2 %	65-	135	"	"	"	"	
Volatile Organic Compounds by 1	EPA Method 8260	B							
Bromobenzene	ND	1.0	ug/l	1	0092406	09/24/10	09/29/10	EPA 8260B	
Bromochloromethane	ND	1.0	"	"	"		"	"	
Bromodichloromethane	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"	
Bromoform	ND	1.0	"	"	"		"	"	
Bromomethane	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"	
n-Butylbenzene	13	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"	
sec-Butylbenzene	8.4	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"	
tert-Butylbenzene	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"	
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	0.50	"	"	"	"	"	"	
Chlorobenzene	ND	1.0	"	"	"		"	"	
Chloroethane	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"	
Chloroform	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"	
Chloromethane	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"	
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	1.0	"	"	"		"	"	
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"	
Dibromochloromethane	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"	
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"	
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"	
Dibromomethane	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"		
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"		
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	0.50		"			"		
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	1.0		"			"		
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	0.50		"		"	"	"	
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	1.0		"		"	"	"	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	1.0		"	"		"	"	

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PSI Oakland		Proje	ct: Trista	ır						
4703 Tidewater Ave Ste B		Project Numb	er: 575-8	G012				Reported:		
Oakland CA, 94601	I	Project Manag	er: Branc	l Burfield				10/04/10 16	:19	
		Ν	AW-3							
		T00104	0-03 (W	ater)						
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Dilution	Batch	Prepared	Analyzed	Method	Notes	
		SunStar La	aborato	ries, Inc.						
Volatile Organic Compounds by 3	EPA Method 8260)B								
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	1.0	ug/l	1	0092406	09/24/10	09/29/10	EPA 8260B		
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"		
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"	"		
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	"	"	"		"	"		
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	1.0	"	"			"	"		
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	0.50	"	"			"	"		
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	0.50		"	"	"	"	"		
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	1.0	"	"	"		"			
Isopropylbenzene	20	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"		
p-Isopropyltoluene	3.5	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"		
Methylene chloride	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"		
Naphthalene	ND	1.0	"	"	"		"	"		
n-Propylbenzene	40	1.0		"	"	"	"			
Styrene	ND	1.0	"	"	"		"	"		
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	1.0	"	"	"		"	"		
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"		
Tetrachloroethene	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"		
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"		
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"		
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	1.0	"	"			"			
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	1.0	"	"	"		"			
Trichloroethene	ND	1.0	"	"			"			
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	1.0	"	"			"	"		
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"			
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	1.0		"		"	"	"		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	1.0		"		"	"			
Vinyl chloride	ND	1.0	"	"			"			
Benzene	ND	0.50		"		"	"	"		
Toluene	0.63	0.50	"	"			"			
Ethylbenzene	0.88	0.50		"		"	"			
m,p-Xylene	3.2	1.0	"	"		"	"			
p-Xylene	ND	0.50		"			"			

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PSI Oakland 4703 Tidewater Ave Ste B Oakland CA, 94601	ewater Ave Ste BProject Number: 575-8G012CA, 94601Project Manager: Brand Burfield									
		N T00104	/IW-3 0-03 (W	ater)						
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Dilution	Batch	Prepared	Analyzed	Method	Notes	
		SunStar La	aborato	ries, Inc.						
Volatile Organic Compounds by E	PA Method 8260	В								
Tert-amyl methyl ether	ND	2.0	ug/l	1	0092406	09/24/10	09/29/10	EPA 8260B		
Tert-butyl alcohol	ND	10	"	"	"	"	"	"		
Di-isopropyl ether	ND	2.0	"	"	"	"		"		
Ethyl tert-butyl ether	ND	2.0	"	"	"	"		"		
Methyl tert-butyl ether	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"		
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene		85.2 %	77.1	-110	"	"	"	"		
Surrogate: Dibromofluoromethane		110 %	66.3	-111	"	"	"	"		
Surrogate: Toluene-d8		97.4 %	84.7	7-109	"	"	"	"		

SunStar Laboratories, Inc.

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John Shepler, Laboratory Director



PSI Oakland		Proje	ct: Trista	ar					
4703 Tidewater Ave Ste B		Project Numb						Reported	:
Oakland CA, 94601		Project Manag						10/04/10 16	
			AXX 7 A						
		г Т00104	MW-4 0-04 (W	ater)					
		Reporting		· ·					
Analyte	Result	Limit	Units	Dilution	Batch	Prepared	Analyzed	Method	Notes
		SunStar La	aborato	ries, Inc.					
Extractable Petroleum Hydrocart	oons by 8015C								
C6-C12 (GRO)	ND	0.050	mg/l	1	0092405	09/24/10	09/28/10	EPA 8015C	
C13-C28 (DRO)	0.082	0.050	"	"	"	"	"	"	
C29-C40 (MORO)	ND	0.10	"	"	"	"	"	"	
Surrogate: p-Terphenyl		87.3 %	65-	-135	"	"	"	"	
Volatile Organic Compounds by I	EPA Method 82	60B							
Bromobenzene	ND	1.0	ug/l	1	0092406	09/24/10	09/29/10	EPA 8260B	
Bromochloromethane	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"	
Bromodichloromethane	ND	1.0	"		"	"	"	"	
Bromoform	ND	1.0	"		"	"	"	"	
Bromomethane	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"	
n-Butylbenzene	1.6	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"	
sec-Butylbenzene	2.0	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"	
tert-Butylbenzene	ND	1.0		"	"	"	"	"	
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	0.50	"	"	"	"	"	"	
Chlorobenzene	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"	
Chloroethane	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"	
Chloroform	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"	
Chloromethane	ND	1.0		"	"	"	"	"	
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"	
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"	
Dibromochloromethane	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"	
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"	
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"	
Dibromomethane	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0		"	"	"	"	"	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0		"	"	"	"	"	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	0.50		"	"	"	"	"	
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	1.0		"	"	"	"	"	
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	0.50		"	"	"	"	"	
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	1.0		"	"	"	"	"	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"	

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PSI Oakland 4703 Tidewater Ave Ste B		Proje Project Numb	ct: Trista er: 575-8					Reported	
Oakland CA, 94601		Project Numb Project Manag						10/04/10 16	
			AW-4						
		T00104		ater)					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Dilution	Batch	Prepared	Analyzed	Method	Note
		SunStar La	aborato	ries, Inc.					
Volatile Organic Compounds by	EPA Method 8260	B							
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	1.0	ug/l	1	0092406	09/24/10	09/29/10	EPA 8260B	
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"		
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"		
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"	
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	0.50		"	"	"	"		
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	0.50	"	"	"	"	"	"	
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"	"	
Isopropylbenzene	1.7	1.0	"	"		"	"	"	
p-Isopropyltoluene	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"		
Methylene chloride	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"		
Naphthalene	ND	1.0		"	"	"	"		
n-Propylbenzene	2.2	1.0	"	"	"	"	"		
Styrene	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"		
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"		
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	1.0	"	"			"	"	
Tetrachloroethene	ND	1.0		"		"	"		
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	1.0		"		"	"		
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	"	"		"	"		
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	1.0		"		"	"		
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	1.0		"		"	"		
Trichloroethene	ND	1.0		"		"	"		
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	1.0		"			"		
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	1.0		"			"		
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	1.0		"		"	"		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	1.0		"			"		
Vinyl chloride	ND	1.0		"			"		
Benzene	ND	0.50		"		"	"		
Toluene	ND	0.50		"		"	"		
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.50		"		"	"		
m,p-Xylene	ND	0.30 1.0					"		
						"	"		
o-Xylene	ND	0.50							

SunStar Laboratories, Inc.

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PSI Oakland 4703 Tidewater Ave Ste B Oakland CA, 94601	ater Ave Ste BProject Number: 575-8G012., 94601Project Manager: Brand Burfield									
		N T00104	/IW-4 0-04 (W	ater)						
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Dilution	Batch	Prepared	Analyzed	Method	Notes	
		SunStar La	aborato	ries, Inc.						
Volatile Organic Compounds by E	PA Method 8260	В								
Tert-amyl methyl ether	ND	2.0	ug/l	1	0092406	09/24/10	09/29/10	EPA 8260B		
Tert-butyl alcohol	ND	10	"	"	"	"	"	"		
Di-isopropyl ether	ND	2.0	"	"	"	"	"	"		
Ethyl tert-butyl ether	ND	2.0	"	"	"	"	"	"		
Methyl tert-butyl ether	ND	1.0	"	"	"	"	"	"		
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene		86.9 %	77.1	-110	"	"	"	"		
Surrogate: Dibromofluoromethane		108 %	66.3	-111	"	"	"	"		
Surrogate: Toluene-d8		93.2 %	84.7	7-109	"	"	"	"		

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John Shepler, Laboratory Director

25712 Commercentre Drive Lake Forest, California 92630 949.297.5020 Phone 949.297.5027 Fax

PSI Oakland	Project: Tristar	
4703 Tidewater Ave Ste B	Project Number: 575-8G012	Reported:
Oakland CA, 94601	Project Manager: Brand Burfield	10/04/10 16:19

Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons by 8015C - Quality Control

SunStar Laboratories, Inc.

		Reporting		Spike	Source		%REC		RPD	
Analyte	Result	Limit	Units	Level	Result	%REC	Limits	RPD	Limit	Notes
Batch 0092405 - EPA 3510C GC										
Blank (0092405-BLK1)				Prepared:	09/24/10	Analyzed	l: 09/28/10			
C6-C12 (GRO)	ND	0.050	mg/l							
C13-C28 (DRO)	ND	0.050	"							
C29-C40 (MORO)	ND	0.10								
Surrogate: p-Terphenyl	3.10		"	4.00		77.6	65-135			
LCS (0092405-BS1)				Prepared:	09/24/10	Analyzed	l: 09/28/10			
C13-C28 (DRO)	17.6	0.050	mg/l	20.0		87.9	75-125			
Surrogate: p-Terphenyl	3.07		"	4.00		76.8	65-135			
LCS Dup (0092405-BSD1)				Prepared:	09/24/10	Analyzed	l: 09/28/10			
C13-C28 (DRO)	18.6	0.050	mg/l	20.0		93.1	75-125	5.75	20	
Surrogate: p-Terphenyl	3.17		"	4.00		79.2	65-135			

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John Shepler, Laboratory Director

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PSI Oakland	Project: Tristar	
4703 Tidewater Ave Ste B	Project Number: 575-8G012	Reported:
Oakland CA, 94601	Project Manager: Brand Burfield	10/04/10 16:19

Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA Method 8260B - Quality Control

SunStar Laboratories, Inc.

		Reporting		Spike	Source		%REC		RPD	
Analyte	Result	Limit	Units	Level	Result	%REC	Limits	RPD	Limit	Notes

Batch 0092406 - EPA 5030 GCMS

Blank (0092406-BLK1)				Prepared: 09/24/10 Analyzed: 09/29/10
Bromobenzene	ND	1.0	ug/l	
Bromochloromethane	ND	1.0	"	
Bromodichloromethane	ND	1.0	"	
Bromoform	ND	1.0	"	
Bromomethane	ND	1.0	"	
n-Butylbenzene	ND	1.0	"	
sec-Butylbenzene	ND	1.0	"	
tert-Butylbenzene	ND	1.0	"	
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	0.50	"	
Chlorobenzene	ND	1.0	"	
Chloroethane	ND	1.0	"	
Chloroform	ND	1.0	"	
Chloromethane	ND	1.0	"	
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	1.0	"	
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	1.0	"	
Dibromochloromethane	ND	1.0	"	
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND	1.0	"	
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	ND	1.0	"	
Dibromomethane	ND	1.0	"	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	"	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	"	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	"	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	0.50	"	
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	1.0	"	
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	0.50	"	
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	1.0	"	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	1.0	"	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	1.0	"	
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	"	
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	"	
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	1.0	"	
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	1.0	"	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	0.50	"	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	0.50	"	
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	1.0	"	
Isopropylbenzene	ND	1.0	"	

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The results in this report apply to the samples analyzed in accordance with the chain of custody document. This analytical report must be reproduced in its entirety.

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PSI Oakland	Project: Tristar	
4703 Tidewater Ave Ste B	Project Number: 575-8G012	Reported:
Oakland CA, 94601	Project Manager: Brand Burfield	10/04/10 16:19

Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA Method 8260B - Quality Control

SunStar Laboratories, Inc.

		Reporting		Spike	Source		%REC		RPD	
Analyte	Result	Limit	Units	Level	Result	%REC	Limits	RPD	Limit	Notes

Batch 0092406 - EPA 5030 GCMS

Blank (0092406-BLK1)				Prepared: 09/24	4/10 Analyzed	d: 09/29/10	
p-Isopropyltoluene	ND	1.0	ug/l				
Methylene chloride	ND	1.0	"				
Naphthalene	ND	1.0	"				
n-Propylbenzene	ND	1.0	"				
Styrene	ND	1.0	"				
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	1.0	"				
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	1.0	"				
Tetrachloroethene	ND	1.0	"				
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	"				
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	1.0	"				
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	1.0	"				
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	1.0	"				
Trichloroethene	ND	1.0	"				
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	1.0	"				
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	1.0	"				
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	1.0	"				
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	1.0	"				
Vinyl chloride	ND	1.0	"				
Benzene	ND	0.50	"				
Toluene	ND	0.50	"				
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.50	"				
m,p-Xylene	ND	1.0	"				
o-Xylene	ND	0.50	"				
Tert-amyl methyl ether	ND	2.0	"				
Tert-butyl alcohol	ND	10	"				
Di-isopropyl ether	ND	2.0	"				
Ethyl tert-butyl ether	ND	2.0	"				
Methyl tert-butyl ether	ND	1.0	"				
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	7.27		"	8.00	90.9	77.1-110	
Surrogate: Dibromofluoromethane	9.95		"	8.00	124	66.3-111	S-GC
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	7.11		"	8.00	88.9	84.7-109	

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PSI Oakland	Project: Tristar	
4703 Tidewater Ave Ste B	Project Number: 575-8G012	Reported:
Oakland CA, 94601	Project Manager: Brand Burfield	10/04/10 16:19

Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA Method 8260B - Quality Control

SunStar Laboratories, Inc.

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Notes
Batch 0092406 - EPA 5030 GCMS										
LCS (0092406-BS1)				Prepared:	09/24/10	Analyze	d: 09/29/10			
Chlorobenzene	24.0	1.0	ug/l	20.0		120	75-125			
1,1-Dichloroethene	21.8	1.0	"	20.0		109	75-125			
Trichloroethene	17.4	1.0	"	20.0		86.9	75-125			
Benzene	19.9	0.50	"	20.0		99.6	75-125			
Toluene	17.5	0.50		20.0		87.6	75-125			
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	7.76		"	8.00		97.0	77.1-110			
Surrogate: Dibromofluoromethane	9.01		"	8.00		113	66.3-111			S-GC
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	7.09		"	8.00		88.6	84.7-109			
LCS Dup (0092406-BSD1)				Prepared:	09/24/10	Analyze	d: 09/29/10			
Chlorobenzene	23.9	1.0	ug/l	20.0		119	75-125	0.543	20	
1,1-Dichloroethene	21.6	1.0	"	20.0		108	75-125	0.877	20	
Trichloroethene	18.2	1.0		20.0		91.2	75-125	4.88	20	
Benzene	20.6	0.50		20.0		103	75-125	3.31	20	
Toluene	18.3	0.50		20.0		91.7	75-125	4.63	20	
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	7.40		"	8.00		92.5	77.1-110			
Surrogate: Dibromofluoromethane	9.87		"	8.00		123	66.3-111			S-GC
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	7.40		"	8.00		92.5	84.7-109			

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John Shepler, Laboratory Director



PSI Oakland	Project: Tristar	
4703 Tidewater Ave Ste B	Project Number: 575-8G012	Reported:
Oakland CA, 94601	Project Manager: Brand Burfield	10/04/10 16:19

Notes and Definitions

- S-GC Surrogate recovery outside of established control limits. The data was accepted based on valid recovery of the remaining surrogate(s).
- DET Analyte DETECTED
- ND Analyte NOT DETECTED at or above the reporting limit
- NR Not Reported
- dry Sample results reported on a dry weight basis
- RPD Relative Percent Difference

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Chain of Custody Record

SunStar Laboratories, Inc. 25712 Commercentre Dr Lake Forest, CA 92630 949-297-5020

 $_{\text{Client:}} PST$ Address: 4703 Tidewater Ave, Steb, Oakland CA 9460/ Phone (50) 434-9200 Fax: (510) 434-7676 Project Manager: Brand Burfield

Date: 9/23/10	Page:Of/
Project Name: Tristan	
Collector: Ezekiel Robles	Client Project #: <u>575-86012</u>

Batch #: 700:040

EDF #: TO600100131

Sample ID M = 1 M = 2 M = 3 M = 4	Date Sampled		Sample Type WATER	Container Type VOA		XXXX 8260 + 0XY	8260 BTEX, OXY only	8270	8021 BTEX	8015M (gasoline)	8015M (diesel)	XXXX 8015M Ext./Carbon Chain	6010/7000 Title 22 Metals				60 0 0 Laboratory ID #	Comments/Preservative	くくたん Total # of containers
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		-																	
																	-		_
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Relinquished by (signature)	Date / T			y: (signature)				e / T	ime				Т	otal #	of cor	tainers	16	• Create EDF • RL = 0.05 mg/L for 7f 11 / 17 pH 11 = 0.10 11 11 TPH-	
	1/23/10	17:00	650 #	10674	69.	ZZ					Cha	ain of	f Cus	stody s	eals	Y/N/NA	NA	RI DEFENSION COTE	1+- 6
Relinquished by: (signature)	Date / T	ime	Received b	y: (signature)			Date	e / T	ime				Se	eals int	act?	Y/N/NA	NA	- KL = 0.05 mg/L Po. 11	-n
											R	eceiv	ved g	good c	onditi	on/colo	17.4	1 = 0,10 11 11 TPH-	mo
Relinquished by: (signature)	Date / T	ime	Received b	v: (e ignature)			Date	e / T	ime								-		
GSO 9-24-10	10:30		$\left \right\rangle$	hann	~	9-3	27-1	10		50	Tur	n ar	ound	d time	:	STI			
Sample disposal Instructions: D	isposal @ \$2.00	each	Return	to client			kup				-								