



PACIFIC ENVIRONMENTAL GROUP, INC.

FACSIMILE TRANSMITTAL

DATE: May 8, 1995 PROJECT #: 330-006.3C

TO: Amy Leech FAX: 510-337-9335

Alameda County Env. Health

FROM: Debra Moser

IF YOU HAVE ANY PROBLEMS RECEIVING THIS FACSIMILE, PLEASE CALL (408) 441-7500

SHEETS TO FOLLOW COVER PAGE

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COMMENTS: Here is the Risk Assessment information for indoor exposures.

Multiple horizontal lines for additional comments.

DRAFT

Table 1
Inhalation of Benzene Vapor in Enclosed Space
 Adult Exposure

ARCO Service Station 0608
 17601 Hesperian Boulevard
 San Lorenzo, California

Determine benzene concentration in air at groundwater-air interface based on groundwater concentration.
(Methodology from Modified Health Risk Assessment, October 5, 1993)

Using Henry's Law:

$$C_{sv} = \frac{[H_b \times ((C_{Wb} / M_{Wb}) / (C_{Ww} / M_{Ww})) / P_t] \times D \times M_{Wb}}{M_{Wa}} \times CF$$

Where:

- C_{sv} = Benzene Concentration in Air at the Groundwater-Air Interface [micrograms/milliliter]
- H_b = Henry's Law Coefficient (Benzene) [atmospheres]
- C_{Wb} = Benzene Concentration in Groundwater (Well MW-10, March 16, 1993) [grams/liter]
- M_{Wb} = Molecular Weight of Benzene [grams/mole]
- C_{Ww} = Water Concentration in Groundwater [grams/liter]
- M_{Ww} = Molecular Weight of Water [grams/mole]
- P_t = Total Pressure [atmospheres]
- D = Density of Subsurface Air (50 degrees F) [grams/liter]
- CF = Conversion Factor [1,000 micrograms-liter/gram-milliliter]
- M_{Wa} = Molecular Weight of Air [grams/mole]

Values:

- H_b = 240 atm
- C_{Wb} = 3.40E-04 g/L
- M_{Wb} = 78.12 g/mole
- C_{Ww} = 1,000 g/L
- M_{Ww} = 18 g/mole
- P_t = 1 atm
- D = 1.2 g/L
- CF = 1,000 ug-L/g-mL
- M_{Wa} = 29 g/mole

Solution: C_{sv} = 6.08E-02 ug/mL

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Table 1 (continued)
Inhalation of Benzene Vapor in Enclosed Space
 Adult Exposure

ARCO Service Station 0608
 17601 Hesperian Boulevard
 San Lorenzo, California

Determine Benzene Flux Across Soil Surface

Using SEASOIL:

$$P = - (Da \times ((n - m)^{10/3} / n^2) \times (Catm - Csv) / L) \times CF$$

Where: P = Pollutant Flux Across the Soil Surface [milligrams per square centimeter-second]
 Da = Apparent Steady-State Benzene Diffusion Coefficient in Air [square centimeters/second]
 n = Soil Porosity [fraction]
 m = Soil Moisture [fraction]
 Catm = Benzene Concentration in Air at the Surface [micrograms/milliliter]
 Csv = Benzene Concentration in Air at the Groundwater-Air Interface [micrograms/milliliter]
 L = Depth of Soil Cover [centimeters]
 CF = Conversion Factor [milligrams-cubic centimeter/micrograms-milliliter]

Values: Da = 0.077 sq.cm/s
 n = 0.25
 m = 0.2
 Catm = 1.98E-03 ug/mL
 Csv = 6.08E-02 ug/mL
 L = 357.2 cm
 CF = 0.001 mg-cu.cm/ug-mL

Solution: P = 9.34E-12 mg/sq.cm-s

Determine Volume of Air in Enclosed Space (Per Day Basis)

Using Box Model:

$$V = (A \times H \times ARR)$$

Where: V = Volume of Air in Enclosed Space [cubic meter]
 A = Area of Enclosed Space [square meter]
 H = Height of Enclosed Space [square meter]
 ARR = Air Recirculation Rate [volumes/day]

Values: A = 185.8 sq. m
 H = 2.4 m
 ARR = 12.0 volume/day

Solution: V = 5,438.2 cu. m/day

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Table 1 (continued)
 Inhalation of Benzene Vapor in Enclosed Space
 Adult Exposure

ARCO Service Station 0608
 17601 Hesperian Boulevard
 San Lorenzo, California

Determine Benzene Concentration in Enclosed Space (with Crack Factor range of 0.1 to 0.001)

Using Box Model:

$$C_{es} = \frac{(P \times CF \times C_f \times A)}{V}$$

Where: C_{es} = Benzene Concentration in Enclosed Space [milligrams/cubic meter]
 P = Pollutant Flux Across the Soil Surface [milligrams per square centimeter-second]
 CF = Conversion Factor [square centimeter-second/square meter-day]
 C_f = Crack Factor [fraction]
 A = Area of Enclosed Space [square meter]
 V = Volume of Air in Enclosed Space [cubic meter/day]

Values: P = 9.34E-12 mg/sq.cm-s
 CF = 8.64E+08 sq.cm-s/sq.m-day
 C_f = 0.1 (or) 0.001
 A = 185.8 sq. m
 V = 5,438.2 cu. m/day

Solution: C_{es} = 2.76E-05 mg/cu.m ($C_f = 0.1$)
 = 2.76E-07 mg/cu.m ($C_f = 0.001$)

*{ Conc. of benzene
 in house after
 considering crack
 factor*

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Table 1 (continued)
Inhalation of Benzene Vapor in Enclosed Space
 Adult Exposure

ARCO Service Station 0608
 17601 Hesperian Boulevard
 San Lorenzo, California

Determine Carcinogenic Health Risk to Benzene Vapor in Enclosed Space

Equation:

$$\text{RISK} = \frac{(\text{Ces} \times \text{IR} \times \text{ET} \times \text{EF} \times \text{ED} \times \text{SF})}{\text{BW} \times \text{AT}}$$

Where:

- RISK = Carcinogenic Health Risk
- Ces = Benzene Concentration in Enclosed Space [milligrams/cubic meter]
- IR = Inhalation Rate [cubic meters/hour]
- ET = Exposure Time [hours/day]
- EF = Exposure Frequency [days/year]
- ED = Exposure Duration [years]
- SF = Slope Factor [kilograms-day/milligram]
- BW = Body Weight [kilograms]
- AT = Averaging Time [days]

Values:

- Ces = 2.76E-05 mg/cu.m (Crack Factor = 0.1)
- Ces = 2.76E-07 mg/cu.m (Crack Factor = 0.001)
- IR = 0.83 cu.m/hour
- ET = 15.36 hours/day
- EF = 365 days/year
- ED = 70 years
- SF = 0.029 kg-day/mg
- BW = 70 kilograms
- AT = 25,550 days

Solution:

- RISK = 1.46E-07 (Crack Factor = 0.1)
- RISK = 1.46E-09 (Crack Factor = 0.001)

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Table 2
 Inhalation of Benzene Vapor in Enclosed Space
 Children Exposure

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 17601 Hesperian Boulevard
 San Lorenzo, California

Determine benzene concentration in air at groundwater-air interface based on groundwater concentration.
 (Methodology from Modified Health Risk Assessment, October 5, 1993)

Using Henry's Law:

$$C_{sv} = \frac{[H_b \times ((C_{Wb} / MW_b) / (C_{Ww} / MW_w)) / P_t] \times D \times MW_b}{MW_a} \times CF$$

Where:

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- P_t = Total Pressure [atmospheres]
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- MW_a = Molecular Weight of Air [grams/mole]

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- MW_b = 78.12 g/mole
- C_{Ww} = 1,000 g/L
- MW_w = 18 g/mole
- P_t = 1 atm
- D = 1.2 g/L
- CF = 1,000 ug-mL/g-L
- MW_a = 29 g/mole

Solution: C_{sv} = 6.08E-02 ug/mL

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Table 2 (continued)
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 Children Exposure

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Using SEASOIL:

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Where:

- P = Pollutant Flux Across the Soil Surface [milligrams per square centimeter]
- Da = Apparent Steady-State Benzene Diffusion Coefficient in Air [square centimeters/second]
- n = Soil Porosity [fraction]
- m = Soil Moisture [fraction]
- Catm = Benzene Concentration in Air at the Surface [micrograms/milliliter]
- Csv = Benzene Concentration in Air at the Groundwater-Air Interface [micrograms/milliliter]
- L = Depth of Soil Cover [centimeters]
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Where: C_{es} = Benzene Concentration in Enclosed Space [milligrams/cubic meter]
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Values: P = 9.34E-12 mg/sq.cm-s
 CF = 8.64E+08 sq.cm-s/sq.m-day
 C_f = 0.1 (or) 0.001
 A = 185.8 sq. m
 V = 5,438.2 cu. m

Solution: C_{es} = 2.76E-05 mg/cu.m ($C_f = 0.1$)
 = 2.76E-07 mg/cu.m ($C_f = 0.001$)

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Table 2 (continued)
 Inhalation of Benzene Vapor in Enclosed Space
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Equation:

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Where:

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 EF = Exposure Frequency [days/year]
 ED = Exposure Duration [years]
 SF = Slope Factor [kilograms-day/milligram]
 BW = Body Weight [kilograms]
 AT = Averaging Time [days]

Values:

Ces = 2.76E-05 mg/cu.m (Crack Factor = 0.1)
 = 2.76E-07 mg/cu.m (Crack Factor = 0.001)
 IR = 0.83 cu.m/hour
 ET = 15.36 hours/day
 EF = 365 days/year
 ED = 9 years
 SF = 0.029 kg-day/mg
 BW = 25 kilograms
 AT = 25,550 days

Solution:

RISK = 5.24E-08 (Crack Factor = 0.1)
 = 5.24E-10 (Crack Factor = 0.001)