STELLAR ENVIRONMENTAL SOLUTIONS, INC. 2198 SIXTH STREET, BERKELEY, CA 94710 TEL: 510.644.3123 ★ FAX: 510.644.3859

APR 2 3 2004

TRANSMITTAL MEMORAND	DUM	··		
To: ALAMEDA COUNTY H AGENCY DEPT. OF ENVIRONM HAZARDOUS MATER 1131 HARBOR BAY ALAMEDA, CA 945	DATE: APRIL 16, 2004			
ATTENTION: MR. SCOTT	FILE: SES-2004-02			
SUBJECT: REDWOOD LEAK SITE	REGIONAL PARK FUEL			
WE ARE SENDING:	☐ HEREWITH	☐ UNDER SEPARATE COVER		
-	□ VIA MAIL	□ VIA		
FOR F	Quarter 2004 Ground REDWOOD REGIONAL PARK AND, CALIFORNIA (APRIL 2			
	☐ AS REQUESTED	☐ FOR YOUR APPROVAL		
	☐ FOR REVIEW	☐ FOR YOUR USE		
	☐ FOR SIGNATURE	☐ FOR YOUR FILES		
COPIES TO: N. FUJITA (E M. RUGG (F R. BREWER	BY: Bruce Rucker			



2198 Sixth Street, Suite 201, Berkeley, CA 94710 Tel: (510) 644-3123 • Fax: (510) 644-3859

April 14, 2004 Geoscience & Engineering Consulting

Mr. Scott O. Seery - Hazardous Materials Specialist Alameda County Department of Environmental Health 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway, Suite 250 Alameda, California 94502

Subject:

First Quarter 2004 Site Monitoring Report

Redwood Regional Park Service Yard Site - Oakland, California

Alamoda County

APR 2 9 2004

Environmental Hearn

Dear Mr. Seery:

Attached is the referenced Stellar Environmental Solutions, Inc. (SES) report for the underground fuel storage tank site at the Redwood Regional Park Service Yard, located at 7867 Redwood Road, Oakland, California. This project is being conducted for the East Bay Regional Park District, and follows previous site investigation and remediation activities (conducted since 1993) associated with former leaking underground fuel storage tanks. The key regulatory agencies for this investigation are the Alameda County Department of Environmental Health (Alameda County Health), the Regional Water Quality Control Board, and the California Department of Fish and Game.

This report summarizes groundwater and surface monitoring and sampling activities conducted in March 2004 (First Quarter 2004), and makes recommendations for future corrective action measures. Following the conclusion of the previous quarter, the EBRPD and Alameda County Health agreed to proceed with a bioventing pilot test and full-scale bioventing system design, with full scale implementation when the technical feasibility and design specifications are confirmed. Those activities will be reported in separate (from ongoing groundwater and surface water monitoring quarterly reports) technical submittals. If you have any questions regarding this report, please contact Mr. Neal Fujita of the East Bay Regional Park District, or contact us directly at (510) 644-3123.

02465

Expires:

Sincerely,

Brue M. Rall.

Bruce M. Rucker, R.G., R.E.A.

Project Manager

Richard S. Makdisi, R.G., R.E.A.

Principal

cc: Michael Rugg, California Department of Fish and Game

Roger Brewer, California Regional Water Quality Control Board

Neal Fujita, East Bay Regional Park District

FIRST QUARTER 2004 SITE MONITORING REPORT

REDWOOD REGIONAL PARK SERVICE YARD OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

Prepared for:

EAST BAY REGIONAL PARK DISTRICT P.O. BOX 5381 OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA 94605

Prepared by:

STELLAR ENVIRONMENTAL SOLUTIONS 2198 SIXTH STREET BERKELEY, CALIFORNIA 94710

April 14, 2004

Project No. 2004-02

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

PROJECT BACKGROUND

The subject property is the East Bay Regional Park District (EBRPD) Redwood Regional Park Service Yard located at 7867 Redwood Road in Oakland, Alameda County, California. The site has undergone site investigations and remediation since 1993 to address subsurface contamination caused by leakage from one or both of two former underground fuel storage tanks (UFSTs) that contained gasoline and diesel fuel. The Alameda County Health Care Services Agency (ACHCSA) has provided regulatory oversight of the investigation since its inception. Other regulatory agencies with historical involvement in site review include the Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) and the California Department of Fish and Game (CDFG).

OBJECTIVES AND SCOPE OF WORK

This report discusses the following activities conducted/coordinated by Stellar Environmental Solutions, Inc. (SES) between January 1 and March 31, 2004:

- Collecting water levels in site wells to determine shallow groundwater flow direction;
- Sampling site wells for contaminant analysis and natural attenuation indicators;
- Collecting surface water samples for contaminant analysis;
- Mitigating purge water tank release; and
- Performing further evaluation of bioventing as a corrective action.

This quarterly report presents the usual groundwater and surface water data collected, along with an identification of data trends. SES also completed some focused analyses on the efficacy of the bioventing, in response to verbal and email comments by Scott Seery of ACHCSA following his review of the Year 2003 Annual Summary Report (SES, 2004a) in which the proposed corrective action of bioventing technology was presented. Proposing to treat the residual mass in the soil—which bioventing does—followed the evaluation of the apparent limitations of the ORCTM (groundwater) corrective action to date.

An exploratory borehole program was conducted in late September 2003 to address data gaps and corroborate that a significant hydrocarbon mass still resides in the soil, and that this soil

contamination contributes to the dissolved-phase groundwater contamination seasonally. Based on the data gap evaluation, in a separate letter of findings to ACHCSA (SES, 2003e), EBRPD proposed to conduct additional corrective action via installation and operation of a bioventing system. ACHCSA subsequently requested that a bioventing feasibility evaluation be conducted using established U.S. EPA protocols. The findings of our evaluation were summarized in the SES findings report (SES, 2004b), which confirmed that bioventing is the most appropriate strategy to achieve the technical objective. As of the date of this report, ACHCSA has not responded to the proposed strategy, although a meeting (with ACHCSA, EBRPD, and SES) is scheduled in mid-April 2004 to discuss the strategy.

Previous SES reports (see References section) have provided a full discussion of previous site remediation and investigations; site geology and hydrogeology; residual site contamination; conceptual model for contaminant fate and transport; and evaluation of hydrochemical trends and plume stability. An October 2000 Feasibility Study report for the site, submitted to ACHCSA, provided detailed analyses of the regulatory implications of the site contamination and an assessment of viable corrective actions (SES, 2000d). Additional monitoring well installations and corrective action by ORCTM injection proposed by SES were approved by ACHCSA in its January 8, 2001 letter to EBRPD. Two phases of ORCTM injection have been conducted: September 2001 and July 2002. A total of 29 groundwater monitoring events have been conducted on a quarterly basis since inception (November 1994), and a total of 11 groundwater monitoring wells are currently available for monitoring.

SITE DESCRIPTION

Figure 1 shows the location of the project site. The site slopes to the west, from an elevation of approximately 564 feet above mean sea level (amsl) at the eastern edge of the service yard to approximately 545 feet amsl at Redwood Creek which defines the approximate western edge of the project site with regard to this investigation. Figure 2 shows the site plan.

REGULATORY OVERSIGHT

The lead regulatory agency for the site investigation and remediation is ACHCSA, with oversight provided by the RWQCB. The CDFG is also involved with regard to water quality impacts to Redwood Creek. All workplans and reports are submitted to these agencies. The most recent ACHCSA directive regarding the site (letter dated January 8, 2001) approved the ORCTM injection corrective action and requested continued quarterly groundwater monitoring and sampling. As discussed above, EBPRD is awaiting approval from ACHCSA to implement the proposed bioventing remedy.

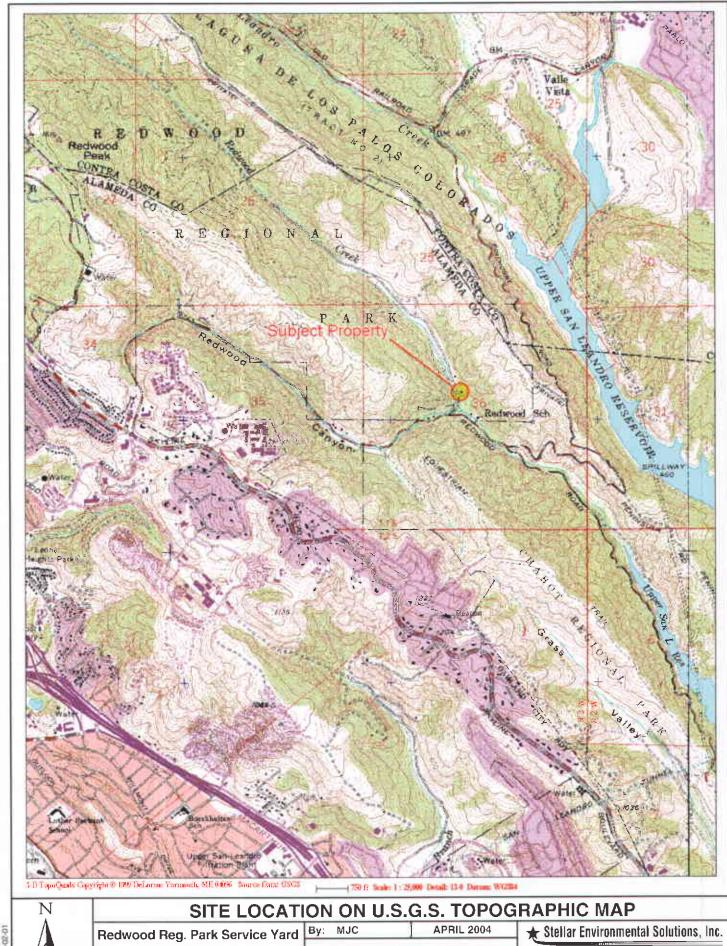
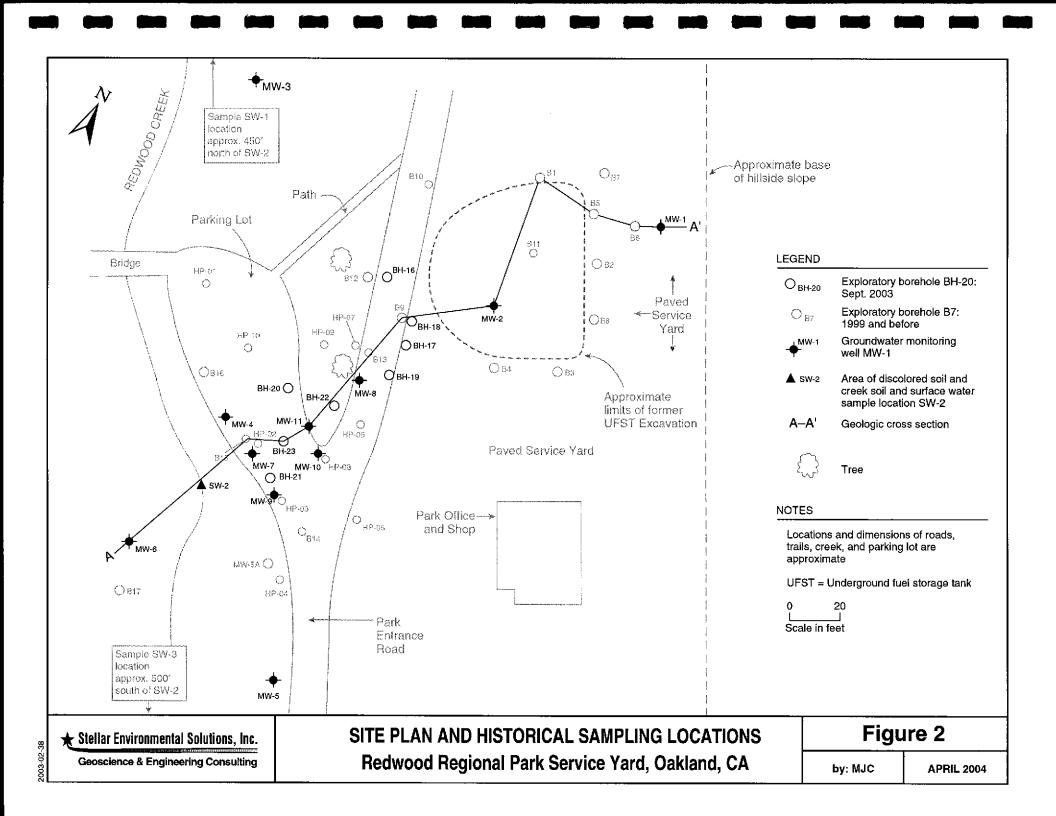


Figure 1

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Oakland, CA



Historical ACHCSA-approved revisions to the groundwater sampling program have included: 1) discontinuing hydrochemical sampling and analysis in wells MW-1, MW-3, MW-5, and MW-6; 2) discontinuing creek surface water sampling at upstream location SW-1; and 3) reducing the frequency of creek surface water sampling from quarterly to semi-annually (ACHCSA, 1996). The EBPRD has pro-actively elected to not implement the latter approved revision due to continued concern over potential impacts to Redwood Creek.

Since 2001, Electronic Data Format (EDF) groundwater analytical results, well construction and water level data, and site maps have been successfully uploaded to the State of California Water Resources Control Board's GeoTracker database, in accordance with that agency's requirements for EDF submittals.

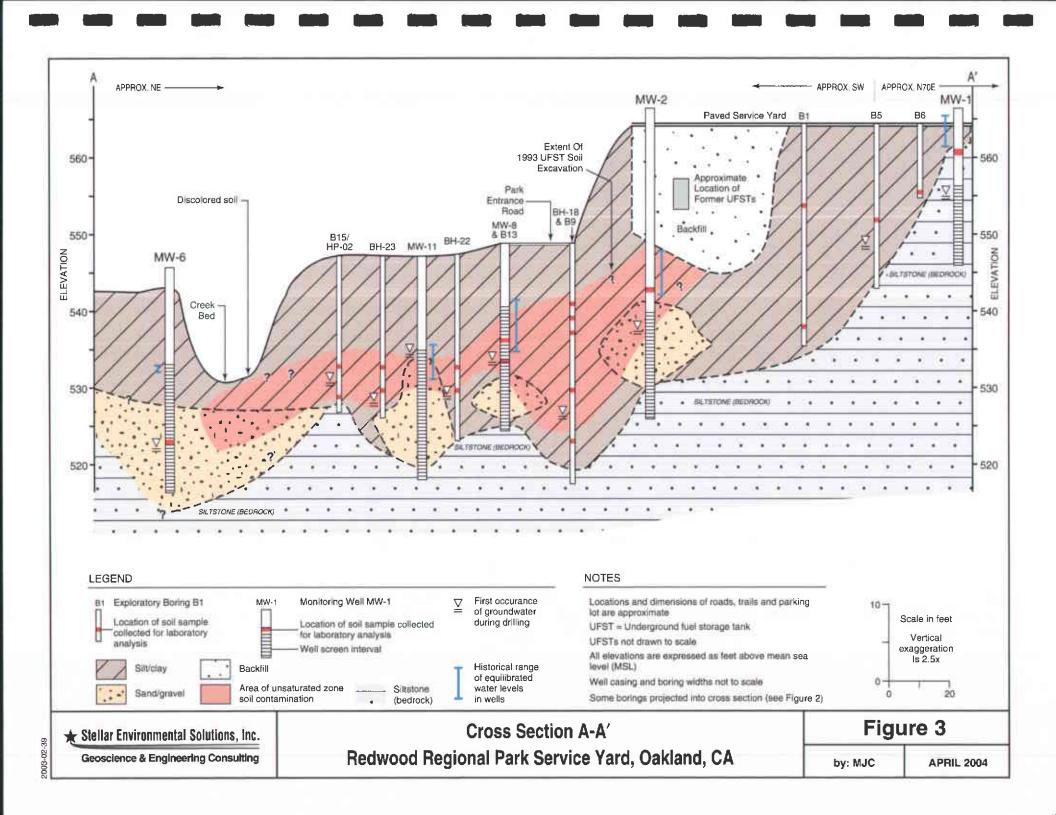
2.0 PHYSICAL SETTING

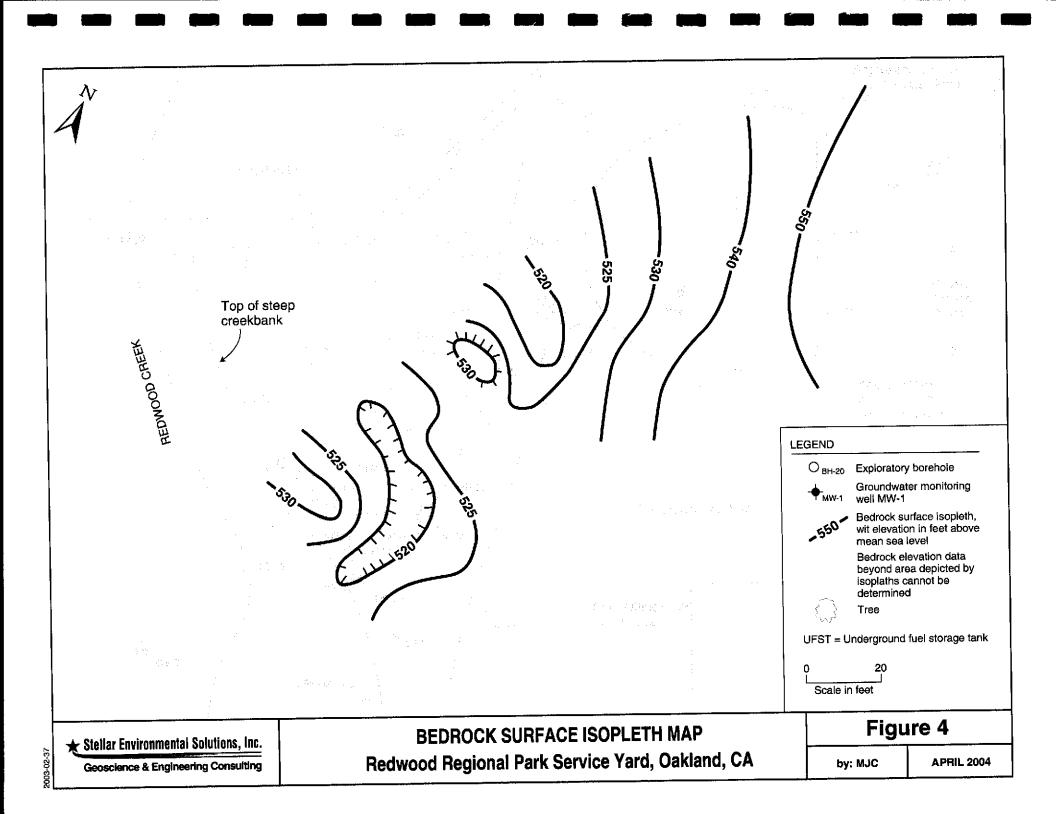
This section discusses the site hydrogeologic conditions based on geologic logging and water level measurements collected at the site since September 1993. This summary of the site geology, lithology, and hydrogeology also includes additional detail, not previously presented, to address ACHCSA's request that the bedrock surface be mapped and the contaminant plume distribution be analyzed more closely in light of lithologic controls. To address ACHCSA's request, SES updated and modified a cross-section along the long axis of the plume and completed an isopleth (bedrock surface) map, as discussed below.

Figure 3 is a geologic cross-section along the longitudinal axis of the plume. Shallow soil stratigraphy consists of a surficial 3- to 10-foot-thick clayey silt unit underlain by a 5- to 15-foot-thick silty clay unit. In the majority of boreholes, a 5- to 10-foot-thick clayey coarse-grained sand and clayey gravel unit that laterally grades to a clay or silty clay was encountered. This unit overlies a weathered siltstone at the base of the observed soil profile. Soils in the vicinity of MW-1 are inferred to be landslide debris.

Figure 4 shows a bedrock surface isopleth map (elevation contours for the top of the bedrock surface) in the contaminant plume area. The bedrock surface has a general slope to the west-southwest (toward Redwood Creek), but shows local, elongate depressions and ridges roughly perpendicular to the general gradient. Figures 3 and 4 together illustrate the elevation depressions in the vicinity of MW-11, with another depression at the location of BH-18. The isopleth depressions suggest that the bedrock surface may have at one time undergone channel erosion from a paleostream(s) flowing roughly parallel to present-day Redwood Creek.

Groundwater at the site occurs under unconfined and semi-confined conditions, generally within the clayey, silty, sand-gravel zone. The top of this zone varies between approximately 12 and 19 feet below ground surface (bgs), and the bottom of the water-bearing zone (approximately 25 to 28 feet bgs) corresponds to the top of the siltstone bedrock unit. Seasonal fluctuations in groundwater depth create a capillary fringe of several feet which is saturated in the rainy period (late fall through early





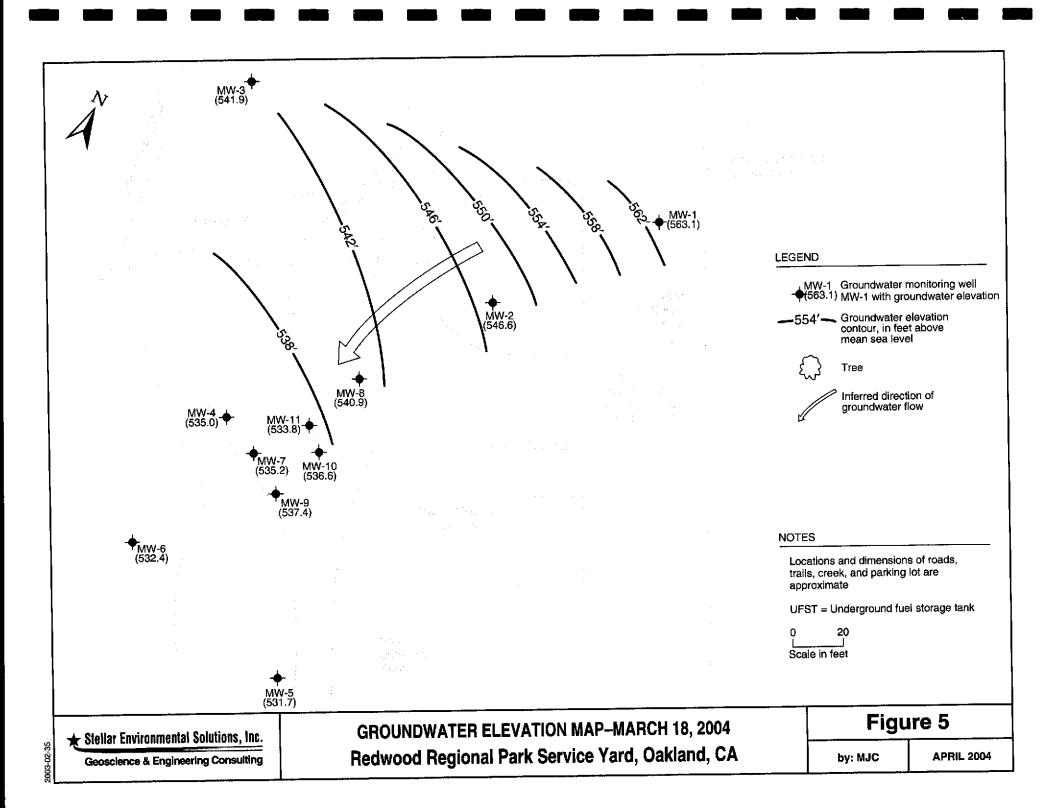
spring) and unsaturated during the remainder of the year. The thickness of the saturated zone plus the capillary fringe varies between approximately 10 and 15 feet in the area of contamination. Local perched water zones have been observed well above the top of the capillary fringe.

Figure 5 is a groundwater elevation map constructed from the current event monitoring well static water levels. Table 1 (in Section 3.0) summarizes current event groundwater elevation data. Appendix A contains historical groundwater elevation data. Consistent with the bedrock isopleth map showing an elevation depression in the vicinity of MW-11, historical groundwater elevations in MW-11 are generally lower than the surrounding area.

In the upgradient portion of the site (between well MW-1 and the former UFST source area, in landslide debris), the groundwater gradient is approximately 0.2 feet per foot (ft/ft). Downgradient from (west of) the UFST source area (between MW-2 and Redwood Creek), the groundwater gradient is approximately 0.1 ft/ft. The direction of shallow groundwater flow during the current event was to the west-southwest (toward Redwood Creek), which is consistent with historical site groundwater flow direction.

We assume a site groundwater velocity at 7 to 10 feet per year using general look-up tables for permeability characteristics for the site-specific lithologic data obtained from site investigations. This velocity estimate is likely conservatively low, but does meet minimum-distance-traveled criteria from the date when contamination was first observed in Redwood Creek (1993) relative to when the USTs were installed in the late 1970s. However, locally, the groundwater velocity could vary significantly. To calculate the specific hydraulic conductivity critical to an accurate site-specific groundwater velocity estimate would require direct testing of the water bearing zone through a slug or pump test.

Redwood Creek, which borders the site to the west, is a seasonal creek known for the occurrence of rainbow trout. Creek flow in the vicinity of the site shows significant seasonal variation, with little to no flow during the summer and fall dry season, and vigorous flow with depths exceeding 1 foot during the winter and spring wet season. The creek is a gaining stream (i.e., it is recharged by groundwater seeps and springs) in the vicinity of the site, and discharges into Upper San Leandro Reservoir located approximately 1 mile southeast of the site. During low-flow conditions, the groundwater table is below the creekbed in most locations (including the area of historical contaminated groundwater discharge); therefore, there is little to no observable creek flow.



3.0 Q1-2004 GROUNDWATER AND SURFACE WATER MONITORING EVENT ACTIVITIES

This section presents the creek surface water and groundwater sampling and analytical methods for the first quarter monitoring event of March 2004. Groundwater and surface water analytical results are summarized in Section 5.0. Monitoring and sampling protocols were in accordance with the ACHCSA-approved SES technical workplan (SES 1998a). Current event activities included:

- Measuring static water levels and field analyzing pre-purge groundwater samples for indicators of natural attenuation (dissolved oxygen, ferrous iron, and redox potential) in all 11 site wells;
- Collecting pre-purge groundwater samples for laboratory analysis of the natural attenuation indicators nitrate and sulfate from monitoring wells MW-3, MW-4, MW-7, MW-8, MW-9, MW-10, and MW-11;
- Collecting post-purge groundwater samples for laboratory analysis of site contaminants from wells located within the groundwater plume (MW-2, MW-4, MW-7, MW-8, MW-9, MW-10, and MW-11); and
- Collecting Redwood Creek surface water samples for laboratory analysis from locations SW-2 and SW-3).

Creek sampling and groundwater monitoring/sampling was conducted on March 18, 2004. Creek sampling was conducted by the SES project manager. The locations of all site monitoring wells and creek water sampling locations are shown on Figure 2. Well construction information and water level data are summarized in Table 1. Appendix B contains the groundwater monitoring field records for the current event.

GROUNDWATER LEVEL MONITORING AND SAMPLING

Groundwater monitoring well water level measurements, purging, sampling, and field analyses were conducted by Blaine Tech Services under the supervision of SES personnel. Groundwater sampling was conducted in accordance with State of California guidelines for sampling dissolved analytes in groundwater associated with leaking UFSTs (RWQCB, 1989), and followed the methods and protocols approved by the ACHCSA in the SES 1998 workplan (SES, 1998a).

Table 1
Groundwater Monitoring Well Construction and
Groundwater Elevation Data – March 18, 2004 Monitoring Event
Redwood Regional Park Corporation Yard, Oakland, California

Well	Well Depth	Screened Interval	TOC Elevation	Groundwater Depth	Groundwater Elevation
MW-1	18	7 to17	565.9	2.76	563.1
MW-2	36	20 to 35	566.5	19.88	546.6
MW-3	42	7 to 41	560.9	19.02	541.9
MW-4	26	10 to 25	548.1	13.15	535.0
MW-5	26	10 to 25	547.5	15.85	531.7
MW-6	26	10 to 25	545.6	13.19	532.4
MW-7	24	9 to24	547.7	12.50	535.2
MW-8	23	8 to 23	549.2	8.27	540.9
MW-9	26	11 to 26	549.4	12.00	537.4
MW-10	26	11 to 26	547.3	10.76	536.6
MW-11	26	11 to 26	547.9	14.10	533.8

Notes

TOC = Top of casing.

Wells MW-1 through MW-6 are 4-inch-diameter; all other wells are 2-inch-diameter.

As the first task of the monitoring event, static water levels were measured using an electric water level indicator. Pre-purge groundwater samples were then collected for field and laboratory analysis of natural attenuation indicators. The wells to be sampled for contaminant analyses were then purged (by bailing and/or pumping) of three wetted casing volumes. Aquifer stability parameters (temperature, pH, and electrical conductivity) were measured after each purged casing volume to ensure that representative formation water would be sampled. To minimize the potential for cross-contamination, wells were purged and sampled in order of increasing contamination (based on the previous quarter analytical results).

The well development, purge water, and decontamination rinseate (approximately 100 gallons) from the current event was containerized in the onsite plastic tank. Purge water from future events will continue to be accumulated in the onsite tank until it is full, at which time the water will be transported offsite for proper disposal.

⁽s) Depths are in feet bgs adjacent to the well.

⁽b) All elevations are feet above USGS mean sea level. Elevations of wells MW-1 through MW-6 were surveyed by EBRPD relative to USGS Benchmark No. JHF-49. Wells MW-7 through MW-11 were surveyed by a licensed land surveyor using existing site wells as datum.

CREEK SURFACE WATER SAMPLING

Surface water sampling was conducted by SES on March 18, 2004. Surface water samples were collected from Redwood Creek location SW-2 (immediately downgradient of the former UFST source area and within the area of documented creek bank soil contamination), and SW-3 (approximately 500 feet downstream of the SW-2 location). In accordance with a previous ACHCSA-approved SES recommendation, upstream sample location SW-1 is no longer part of the surface water sampling program.

At the time of sampling, the creek was flowing briskly at sampling location SW-2; water depth was approximately 1 foot. At this location, where contaminated groundwater discharge to the creek has historically been observed, an orange algae was observed growing on the saturated portion of the creek bank. There was no visible petroleum sheen associated with the algae in the current event. It is likely that this algae is utilizing the petroleum as a carbon source, and is therefore a good indicator of the presence of petroleum contamination. However, neither petroleum sheen nor odor were evident on the water surface.

MITIGATION OF THE PURGE WATER TANK RELEASE

On March 11, 2004, an EBPRD vehicle struck the water storage tank used to store the purge water collected from the groundwater monitoring wells, creating a crack near the tank bottom. At the time, the tank contained approximately 825 gallons of water from the nine previous sampling events. While no analytical sample had been collected from that water, a tank sample (collected when the tank was full for disposal profiling) contained 55 μ g/L diesel and no detectable gasoline, BTEX, or MTBE. A replacement tank was procured and delivered to the site on March 15, 2004, at which time the remaining water (approximately 700 gallons) in the damaged tank was pumped into the new tank. Therefore, the release has been stopped.

We estimate that approximately 125 gallons of low-level fuel-contaminated water was released to the ground surface (asphalt under the tank and open ground within 2 feet of the tank). That water either infiltrated into the adjacent open ground and/or evaporated. The EBRPD notified the following agencies by telephone immediately after the discovery of the release: RWQCB, ACHCSA, California Department of Fish and Game, and the California Office of Emergency Services. On March 16, EBRPD submitted a follow-up letter of notification, addressed to Scott Seery of ACHCSA and copied to RWQCB.

We consider that this release has no significant adverse impact on the environment based on the following: 1) the release was of a small quantity; 2) there were low concentrations of the released water relative to current in situ groundwater concentrations farther downgradient; 3) at least some of the water evaporated on the asphalt (rather than infiltrating); 4) the released water was the same

water that was previously in-ground and was removed during ongoing groundwater monitoring; and 5) the release occurred at the fully upgradient portion of the contaminant plume such that any infiltrating contamination would be observable in the downgradient network of groundwater monitoring wells.

4.0 REGULATORY CONSIDERATIONS

The following is a summary of regulatory considerations regarding surface water and groundwater contamination. There are no ACHCSA or RWQCB cleanup orders for the site, although all site work has been conducted under oversight of these agencies.

GROUNDWATER CONTAMINATION

As specified in the RWQCB's San Francisco Bay Region Water Quality Control Plan, all groundwaters are considered potential sources of drinking water unless otherwise approved by the RWQCB, and are also assumed to ultimately discharge to a surface water body and potentially impact aquatic organisms. While it is likely that site groundwater would satisfy geology-related criteria for exclusion as a drinking water source (excessive total dissolved solids and/or insufficient sustained yield), RWQCB approval for this exclusion has not been obtained for the site. As summarized in Table 2 (Section 5.0), site groundwater contaminant levels are compared to two sets of criteria: 1) RWQCB Tier 1 Environmental Screening Levels (ESLs) for sites where groundwater is a current or potential drinking water source; and 2) ESLs for sites where groundwater is not a current or potential drinking water source.

As stipulated in the ESL document (July 2003), the risk-based screening levels (RBSLs) are not cleanup criteria; rather, they are conservative screening-level criteria designed to be protective of both drinking water resources and aquatic environments in general. The groundwater RBSLs are composed of multiple components, including ceiling value, human toxicity, indoor air impacts, and aquatic life protection. Excedance of RBSLs suggests that additional investigation and/or remediation is warranted. While drinking water standards [e.g., Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs)] are published for the site contaminants of concern, the ACHCSA has indicated that impacts to nearby Redwood Creek are of primary importance, and that site target cleanup standards should primarily be evaluated in the context of surface water quality criteria.

SURFACE WATER CONTAMINATION

As summarized in Table 2 (Section 5.0), site surface water contaminant levels are compared to the most stringent screening level criteria published by the State of California, U.S. EPA, and U.S. Department of Energy. These screening criteria address chronic and acute exposures to aquatic life. As discussed in the RWQCB's ESL document, benthic communities at the groundwater/surface

water interface (e.g., at site groundwater discharge location SW-2) are assumed to be exposed to the full concentration of groundwater contamination prior to dilution/mixing with the surface water). This was also a fundamental assumption in the instream benthic macroinvertebrate bioassessment events, which documented no measurable impacts.

Historical surface water sampling in the immediate vicinity of contaminated groundwater discharge (SW-2) has sporadically documented petroleum contamination, usually in periods of low stream flow, and generally at concentrations several orders of magnitude less than adjacent (within 20 feet) groundwater monitoring well concentrations. It is likely that mixing/dilution between groundwater and surface water precludes obtaining an "instantaneous discharge" surface water sample that is wholly representative of groundwater contamination at the discharge location. Therefore, the most conservative assumption is that surface water contamination at the groundwater/surface water interface is equivalent to the upgradient groundwater contamination (e.g., site downgradient wells MW-4, MW-7, and MW-9).

While site target cleanup standards for groundwater have not been determined, it is likely that no further action will be required by regulatory agencies when groundwater (and surface water) contaminant concentrations are all below their respective screening level criteria. Residual contaminant concentrations in excess of screening level criteria might be acceptable to regulatory agencies if a more detailed risk assessment (e.g., Tier 2 and/or Tier 3) demonstrates that no significant impacts are likely.

5.0 MONITORING EVENT ANALYTICAL RESULTS

This section presents the field and laboratory analytical results of the most recent monitoring event. Table 2 summarizes the contaminant analytical results of the current monitoring event, and Table 3 summarizes natural attenuation indicator results from the current event. Figure 6 shows the current event contaminant analytical results and the inferred limits of the total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline (TPHg) groundwater plume. Appendix C contains the certified analytical laboratory report and chain-of-custody records for the current event. Appendix D contains a summary of historical groundwater and surface analytical results.

CURRENT EVENT GROUNDWATER AND SURFACE WATER RESULTS

Current quarter site groundwater contaminant concentrations exceed their respective groundwater ESLs (for both cases in which the drinking water resource <u>is</u> and <u>is not</u> threatened)—with the exception of toluene and MTBE, which do not exceed their respective values for groundwater that is not a drinking source. Site groundwater contaminant concentrations also exceed all surface water screening levels, with the exception of toluene and MTBE.

Maximum or near maximum groundwater contaminant concentrations were detected in wells MW-7 (adjacent to the creek bed) and MW-8 (located approximately one half the distance between the former source area and the creek). Somewhat lower concentrations were detected in the farther downgradient well MW-9, and in well MW-11 downgradient of MW-8. The northern and southern edges of the plume in the downgradient area of the plume appear to be well defined by wells MW-4 and MW-10.

The surface water sample collected from location SW-2 had a detectable concentration of only toluene (1.1 μ g/L), which does not exceed the established regulatory surface water screening levels.

CURRENT EVENT NATURAL ATTENUATION PARAMETERS RESULTS

Pre-purge groundwater samples from selected wells were collected and analyzed for indicators of the natural biodegradation of the hydrocarbon contamination or "natural attenuation." Petroleum hydrocarbons require molecular oxygen to efficiently break down the ring structure of specific constituents. Although biodegradation of hydrocarbons can occur under anaerobic conditions,

Table 2 Groundwater and Surface Water Sample Analytical Results – March 18, 2004 Redwood Regional Park Corporation Yard, Oakland, California

Name of the second seco	Concentrations in µg/L										
Compound	market and a second and a secon	TPHd : Sec.	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl benzene	Total Xylenes	MTBE				
GROUNDWATER SAM	MPLES										
MW-2	374	<100	81	1.2	36	7.3	18				
MW-4	<50	<100	<0.3	<0.3	<0.3	<0.6	<5.0				
MW-7	8,170	600	104	41	306	129	84				
MW-8	16,000	900	592	24	1,060	1,870	90				
MW-9	3,550	600	122	15	313	84	35				
MW-10	94	<100	2.8	<0.3	5.7	7.0	<5.0				
MW-11	4,900	400	72	17	342	233	61				
Groundwater ESLs (a)	100 / 500	100 / 640	1.0 / 46	40 / 130	30 / 290	13 / 13	5 / 1,800				
REDWOOD CREEK S	URFACE WA	ATER SAMP	LES								
SW-2	<50	<100	<0.3	<0.3	1.1	<0.6	<5.0				
SW-3	<50	<100	<0.3	<0.3	<0.6	<0.6	<5.0				
Surface Water Screening Levels (a, b)	500	100	46	130	290	13	8,000				

Notes:

MTBE = Methyl tertiary-butyl ether.

TPHg = Total petroleum hydrocarbons - gasoline range (equivalent to total volatile hydrocarbons - gasoline range).

TPHd = Total petroleum hydrocarbons - diesel range (equivalent to total extractable hydrocarbons - diesel range).

 μ g/L = Micrograms per liter, equivalent to parts per billion (ppb).

hydrocarbon biodegradation is greatest under aerobic conditions. As a result of the demonstrated degradability of petroleum hydrocarbons, remediation by natural attenuation has been found to be a viable option for addressing many hydrocarbon plumes, replacing the need for active remediation.

However, such natural attenuation only occurs if the concentration of hydrocarbons is low enough to facilitate the infiltration of natural oxygen through the interstitial space around the contamination, supporting the microorganisms for which the contamination is a food source (thus "attenuating" it). The concentration in soil or groundwater above which natural attenuation is unlikely to take place is still the subject of various research studies. In general, biodegradation of petroleum hydrocarbons in

⁽a) RWQCB Environmental Screening Levels (drinking water resource threatened/not threatened) (RWQCB, 2003).

⁽b) Lowest of chronic and acute surface water criteria published by the State of California, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, or U.S. Department of Energy.

Table 3
Groundwater Sample Analytical Results
Natural Attenuation Indicators – March 18, 2004
Redwood Regional Park Corporation Yard, Oakland, California

Sample I.D.	Nitrate (as Nitrogen) (mg/L)	Sulfate (mg/L)	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	Ferrous Iron (mg/L)	Redox Potential (milliVolts)
MW-1	NA	NA	2.7	0.1	101
MW-2	NA	NA	2.5	0.0	149
MW-3	<0.44	36	3.6	0.4	190
MW-4	1.3	58	9.2	0.1	163
MW-5	NA NA	NA	1.2	0.0	127
MW-6	NA	NA	1.9	0.2	122
MW-7	< 0.44	<1.0	1.4	1.2	124
MW-8	<0.44	13	2.0	2.6	122
MW-9	<0.44	64	2.6	1.0	127
MW-10	0.5	80	2.8	0.1	158
MW-11	<0.44	42	1.8	2.2	120

Notes:

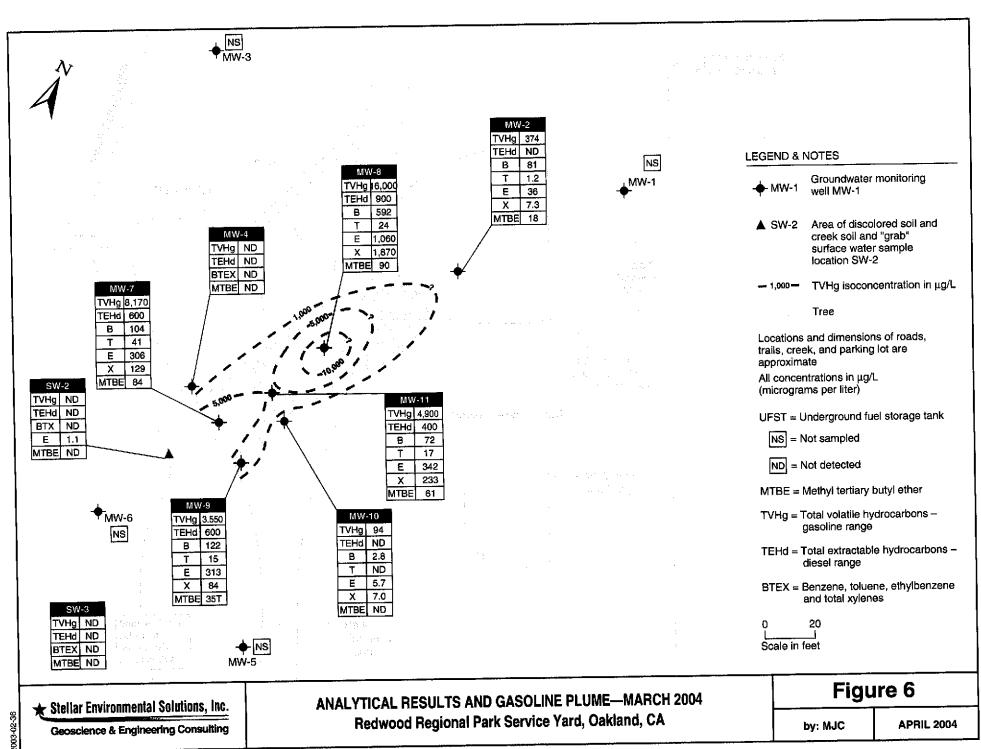
mg/L = Milligrams per liter, equivalent to parts per million (ppm).

NA = Not analyzed.

groundwater has a significant role in creating a stable plume and minimizing groundwater contaminant plume extent and concentrations over time. Evidence of the historical occurrence and potential for future occurrence of biodegradation can be obtained from analysis of groundwater for specific biodegradation-indicator parameters, including dissolved oxygen, oxidation-reduction potential (ORP), and general mineral analyses.

Dissolved Oxygen

Dissolved oxygen (DO) is the most thermodynamically-favored electron acceptor used in aerobic biodegradation of hydrocarbons. Active aerobic biodegradation of petroleum hydrocarbon compounds requires at least 1 to 2 mg/L of DO in groundwater. During aerobic biodegradation, DO levels are reduced in the hydrocarbon plume as respiration occurs. Therefore, DO levels that vary inversely to hydrocarbon concentrations are consistent with the occurrence of aerobic biodegradation.



Current monitoring event DO concentrations ranged from 1.2 mg/L to 3.6 mg/L, with one well (MW-4) at 9.2 mg/L. The elevated DO concentration in this well may be a function of localized supersaturation resulting from the previous ORCTM injection. There was no clear correlation between DO and hydrocarbon concentrations in the current event; however, in general, monitoring wells upgradient and crossgradient of the plume had higher DO concentrations than monitoring wells within and downgradient of the plume. This trend is to be expected when oxygen is currently limiting hydrocarbon biodegradation.

Oxidation-Reduction Potential

The oxidation-reduction potential (ORP, or redox potential) of groundwater is a measure of electron activity, and is an indicator of the relative tendency of a solute species to gain or lose electrons. The ORP of groundwater generally ranges from -400 millivolts (mV) to +800 mV. In oxidizing (aerobic) conditions, the ORP of groundwater is typically positive; in reducing (anaerobic) conditions, the ORP is typically negative (or less positive). Therefore, groundwater ORP values inside a hydrocarbon plume are typically less than those measured outside the plume.

For this monitoring event, for the four monitoring wells within the 1,000- μ g/L TPHg contour (MW-7, MW-8, MW-9, and MW-11) (see Figure 6), ORP values ranged from +120 mV to +127 mV. Other monitoring wells showed positive ORP values ranging from +101 mV to +190 mV. The ORP values did not exhibit the expected general inverse correlation with hydrocarbon concentrations during this event relative to previous events.

General Mineral Analyses

An inverse relationship between general minerals—including ferrous iron, nitrate, and sulfate—and hydrocarbon concentrations is indicative of the occurrence of anaerobic biodegradation. Specifically, anaerobic degradation of hydrocarbon compounds is indicated when DO concentrations are low (less than 1.0 mg/L), ORP is low (less than 50 mV), and general mineral concentrations are below background.

In the current site monitoring event, for the four wells within the $1,000-\mu g/L$ TPHg contour, nitrate concentrations was not detected and ferrous iron concentrations were generally higher than for other monitoring wells. These results indicate that some degree of anaerobic degradation is likely occurring within the plume. The results are also consistent with the DO and ORP data, supporting the conclusion that oxygen is currently limiting the more efficient aerobic biodegradation process. Sulfate concentration showed no discernable trend, indicating that anaerobic biodegradation is probably within the iron-reducing redox environment rather than the sulfate-reducing environment.

QUALITY CONTROL SAMPLE ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Laboratory QC samples (e.g., method blanks, matrix spikes, surrogate spikes, etc.) were analyzed by the laboratory in accordance with requirements of each analytical method. All laboratory QC sample results and sample holding times were within the acceptance limits of the methods (see Appendix C).

6.0 SUMMARY, CONCLUSIONS AND PROPOSED ACTIONS

The following conclusions and proposed actions are focused on the findings of the current event activities, as well as on salient historical findings.

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

- Groundwater sampling has been conducted approximately on a quarterly basis since November 1994 (29 events in the original wells). The existing well layout fully constrains the lateral extent of groundwater contamination, and the vertical (lowest) limit is very likely the top of the siltstone bedrock. The saturated interval extends approximately 12 to 15 feet from top of bedrock upward through the capillary fringe.
- Current site groundwater contaminant concentrations exceed their respective groundwater ESLs (both for cases in which the drinking water resource is and is not threatened)—with the exception of toluene and MTBE, which exceed only the more conservative criterion. Site groundwater contaminant concentrations also exceed all surface water screening levels, with the exception of toluene and MTBE.
- Historical monitoring data indicate that the groundwater contaminant plume has become disconnected from the former source, and has migrated well beyond the former source area (represented by well MW-2) toward Redwood Creek. The area of groundwater contamination in excess of screening level criteria appears to be no greater than 100 feet long by 40 feet wide, significantly less than the area of contamination that existed prior to the ORC™ injections. Maximum groundwater concentrations for the majority of the contaminants have reached the most downgradient wells (just upgradient of the creek), and the plume appears to have stabilized (maximum site contaminant concentrations have not increased in recent sampling events).
- The only contaminant detected in the current event site surface water (creek samples) was toluene; however, the detected contaminant concentration is not above the established regulatory surface water screening levels.
- Hydrochemical (contaminant and natural attenuation parameter) trends indicate that the two ORCTM injection phases (in September 2001 and July 2002) were generally successful in increasing DO levels and reducing groundwater contaminant concentrations, but additional seasonal dissolved phase hydrocarbon input eventually causes contaminant concentrations

- within the centerline of the plume to rebound. Residual groundwater concentrations exceed groundwater and surface water screening-level criteria, and the active life of the previously-injected ORC^{TM} product has been exceeded.
- Evaluation of the bedrock surface in the contaminant plume area shows local topographic elongate depressions and ridges roughly perpendicular to the general gradient, that are likely paleochannels parallel to the current course of Redwood Creek. Such depressions can influence the Site Conceptual Model (SCM) as regards both site-specific hydrology and hydrochemistry and will be important considerations if groundwater-specific corrective actions are contemplated in the future.
- As discussed in detail in our previous 2003 Annual Summary Report, the available data indicate that continued contaminant mass input is occurring within the centerline portions of the plume and potentially from sources upgradient of MW-8, possibly from residual light non-aqueous phase liquid in the capillary fringe/unsaturated zone. Any additional corrective action to prevent contaminated groundwater discharge to Redwood Creek would need to address the potential sources of continuing mass input to the plume. The exploratory borehole program conducted in September 2003 confirmed that unsaturated zone residual soil contamination is a primary source of continued groundwater contamination.
- The purge water storage tank containing 825 gallons of water from previous sampling events was struck by a vehicle and damaged with the result that approximately 125 gallons of low-level fuel-contaminated water was released to the ground surface (asphalt under the tank and open ground within 2 feet of the tank). The remaining water in the tank was transferred to a new tank. We consider that this release has had no significant adverse impact on the environment.

PROPOSED ACTIONS

The EBRPD proposes to implement the following actions to address regulatory concerns:

- Continue the quarterly program of creek and groundwater sampling and reporting; and
- Implement the proposed bioventing pilot test and prepare a full-scale system design, when approved by ACHCSA.

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8.0 LIMITATIONS

This report has been prepared for the exclusive use of the East Bay Regional Park District, its authorized representatives, and the regulatory agencies. No reliance on this report shall be made by anyone other than those for whom it was prepared.

The findings and conclusions presented in this report are based on the review of previous investigators' findings at the site, as well as onsite activities conducted by SES since September 1998. This report provides neither a certification nor guarantee that the property is free of hazardous substance contamination. This report has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted methodologies and standards of practice. The SES personnel who performed this limited remedial investigation are qualified to perform such investigations and have accurately reported the information available, but cannot attest to the validity of that information. No warranty, expressed or implied, is made as to the findings, conclusions, and recommendations included in the report.

The findings of this report are valid as of the present. Site conditions may change with the passage of time, natural processes, or human intervention, which can invalidate the findings and conclusions presented in this report. As such, this report should be considered a reflection of the current site conditions as based on the investigation and remediation completed.

HISTORICAL GROUNDWATER ELEVATIONS IN MONITORING WELLS REDWOOD REGIONAL PARK SERVICE YARD 7867 REDWOOD ROAD, OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

Well I.D.	MW-1	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4	MW-5	MW-6	MW-7	MW-8	MW-9	MW-10	MW-11	
TOC Elevation	565.90	566.50	560.90	548.10	547.50	545.60	547.70	549.20	549.40	547.30	547.90	
Date Monitored	-	Groundwater Elevations (feet above mean sea level)										
September 18, 1998	563.72	544.19	540.80	534.51	531.06	545.60						
April 6, 1999	565.15	546.90	542.25	535.59	532.30	532.88						
December 20, 1999	562.90	544.70	541.46	534.89	531.16	532.22						
September 28, 2000	562.80	542.74	538.34	532.21	530.90	531.95						
January 11, 2001	562.90	545.10	541.70	535.00	531.20	532.30	534.90	538.10				
April 13, 2001	562.10	545.70	541.70	535.10	531.50	532.40	535.30	539.80				
September 1, 2001	560.90	542.00	537.70	533.90	530.70	531.80	534.00	535.60				
December 17, 2001	562.20	545.20	542.20	534.80	531.40	532.40	534.80	538.40	534.60	535.70	535.20	
March 14, 2002	563.00	547.10	542.20	535.50	532.40	533.30	535.70	541.80	535.00	537.60	536.60	
June 18, 2002	562.10	544.70	541.10	534.60	531.20	532.20	534.80	537.90	534.70	535.60	535.30	
September 24, 2002	561.40	542.20	537.30	533.50	530.60	531.80	533.50	535.50	535.30	533.80	531.70	
December 18, 2002	562.40	545.00	542.00	534.80	531.50	532.50	534.60	537.10	536.50	535.20	532.80	
March 27, 2003	562.60	545.70	541.70	534.80	531.60	532.40	535.10	539.90	537.20	536.20	533.60	
June 19, 2003	562.30	544.90	541.50	534.80	531.30	532.30	534.90	538.20	536.90	535.70	533.20	
September 10, 2003	561.60	542.10	537.90	533.80	530.80	531.90	533.70	535.60	535.60	534.10	531.90	
December 10, 2003	562.40	542.70	537.60	533.70	530.90	531.90	533.70	535.20	535.50	533.80	531.70	
March 18, 2004	563.10	546.60	541.90	535.00	531.70	532.40	535.20	540.90	537.40	536.60	533.80	

Notes:

TOC = Top of well Casing

WELLHEAD INSPECTION CHECKLIST

Page ____ of ____

Client 54	ellar Redwood				Date	3/18/	104	
Site Address	Redwood	Region	el Pa	rk	0akle	and_		
Job Number	040318-Ac	(Techi	nician	_Ae		
Well ID	Well Inspected - No Corrective Action Required	Water Bailed From Wellbox	Wellbox Components Cleaned	Cap Replaced	Lock Replaced	Other Action Taken (explain below)	Well Not Inspected (explain below)	Repair Order Submitted
	X							
MW-2 MW-4	X					1 Adaptiv		
MW-7	7							
MW-8		X						
MW-9	乂							
MW-10	*							
MW-11	7							
mW-l	¥							
mw-3	χ				<u> </u>			
mw-5	X.							
MN-6	<u> </u>				ļ. <u>-</u>			
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WELL GAUGING DATA

Project #	040318-AC	Date	3/18/0	4 Client	Stellar
Site	Redwood	Regional	Park,	Dakland	

Well ID	Well Size (in.)	Sheen / Odor	Depth to Immiscible	Thickness of Immiscible Liquid (ft.)		Depth to water	Depth to well bottom (ft.)	Survey Point: TOB or TOC	
wm-(4					2.76	19.15	TOC	
MW-2	4					19.28	38.95	44.	P
mw-3	4					19.02	45.13		
MW-4	4	- Liver and the second				13.15	26.45		P
mW-5	4		7			15.85	24.05	1	
MW-6	4					13.19	27.50		
nw.7	2			AUR IN THE CONTRACTOR OF THE C		12:50	25.43		P
MW-8	2	Assertion and the safety Pro-				8.27	22.26		Ρ.
mw-9	2					12.60	26.30		P
MW-10	2					10.76	28.40		Р
MW-11	2					14.10	30.30	<u> </u>	P
	41								
		E de la companya de l	- Marian				The bar	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
- Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary	A CO		e para de la companya						
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•		WE	ELL MONII	OKING	DALA	SHEET		
Project #:	040318. Ac	Aci		Client:	Client: Stellar			
Sampler:			Start Da	Start Date: 3/18/04				
Well I.D.:			Well Di	Well Diameter: 2 3 (4) 6 8				
	: MW-1 ll Depth: 16	1.15		Depth t	o Water:	2.76		
Before:		After:	, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	Before:			After:	
	Free Product	:		Thickne	ess of Fr	ee Product (fee	t):	
Reference		PVC	Grade	D.O. M	eter (if 1	req'd):	ÝSI HACH	
	od: Bailer Disposable Baile Middleburg Electric Submer Analy Sis (Gals.) X		Waterra Peristaltic Extraction Pump Other	,	Other: Well Diamete I" 2" 3"	Bailer Disposable Bailer Extraction Port Dedicated Tubing The Multiplier Well 1 0.04 4" 0.16 6" 0.37 Other	Diameter <u>Multiplier</u> 0.65 1.47 er radius ² * 0.163	
Gals.	Temp.		Conductivity					
Time	(°F or °C)	pН	(mS or µS)	1	ty (NTU)	Gals. Removed		
(030				 -			Fe2+: 0.1 -0/L	
Did wel	l dewater?	Yes	No	Gallor	s actual	ly evacuated:		
	ng Time:			Sampl	ing Date	: 3/18/04		
 	I.D.: mw	-1		Labor	atory:	Associated		
·	ed for: TPH-		MTBE TPH-D	Other:	Nitrate	1 Sulfate		
<u> </u>	nent Blank I.		@ Time	Dupli	cate I.D.			
	ed for: TPH-		MTBE TPH-D	Other:			ma .	
D.O. (i	f req'd):		Pre-pur	ge: 2.5	7 ^{mg} /∟	Post-purge		
ORP G	f req'd):		Pre-pur	ge: /6)(m ^v	V Post-purge	e: m	

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		WE	LL MONITO	ORING DATA	SHELT	
roject #:	040318-	Acr		Client: Stelle		
ampler:	Ac		<u> </u>	Start Date: 3/	18/04	
Vell I.D.:	MW-2			Well Diameter:	2 3 🗿	6 8
	Depth: 39	8.95		Depth to Water:	19.88	
Before:		After:		Before:		After:
Depth to F	ree Product			Thickness of Fro	ee Product (fee	t):
Reference		(PVC)	Grade	D.O. Meter (if r	eq'd):	YŚI HACH
1	d: Bailer Disposable Baile Mid <u>dleburg</u> Electric Submer		Waterra Peristaltic Extraction Pump Other	04	Bailer Disposable Bailer Extraction Port Dedicated Tubing Multiplier Well I 0.04 4"	Diameter Multiplier 0.65
(2.5)	_(Gals.) X	3	= 37.5	2" 3"	0.16 6* 0.37 Othe	1.47 radius ² * 0.163
Time	Temp.	pН	Conductivity (rnS or (18)	Turbidity (NTU)	Gals. Removed	Observations
1122	66.5	7.7	857	111	12.5	Fe2+: 0.0 - 3/L
1125	63.5	7.4	880	86	25	
1128	63.6	7.4	871	69	37.5	
Did well	dewater?	Yes	N ₀		ly evacuated: ?	37.5
Sampling	g Time: \u00e4	35		Sampling Date	: 3/18/04	
Laboratory: Accasisted						
Analyzed for: TPH-0 BTED MTBE TPH-D Other: Nitrale/Sulfate						
Equipment Blank I.D.: @ Duplicate I.D.:						
Analyze			мтве трн-о		1	mg,
D.O. (if	req'd):		Pre-purg	e: 2.5 mg/L	Post-purge	
ORP (if	reald):		Pre-purg	e: 149 m	Post-purg	e: mV

		WE	LL MONIT	ORING DAT	A SI	HEET		
roject #:	040318-	Acı		Client: 34	cla.	<u></u>		
Sampler:				Start Date: 2	3/11	8/04		
Well I.D.:				Well Diamete	er:	2 3 4	6 8	
	l Depth: 4			Depth to War	ter:	19.02		
Before:		After:		Before:			After:	
 	Free Product			Thickness of	Free	Product (fee		
Reference		(PVC)	Grade	D.O. Meter (if rec	q'd): <u>(</u>	YSI HACH	
Ged f	od: Bailer Disposable Baile Middleburg Electric Submers walyss (Gals.) X	sible	Waterra Peristaltic Extraction Pump Other =	Ott		Bailer Disposable Bailer Extraction Port Dedicated Tubing Multiplier Well I 0.04 4" 0.16 6" 0.37 Othe	<u>Diameter Multiplier</u> 0.65 1.47 r radius ² * 0.	163
Gals. Time	Temp.	рН	Conductivity (mS or µS)	Turbidity (N7	(U)	Gals. Removed	Observatio	
0815							PE - U.T	
			<u></u>	Callons act	tualls	v evacuated:		
Did wel	l dewater?	Yes	(ND)					
\ 	ng Time: 08					3/18/04		
·	I.D.: MW	_	A	Caboratory Other: N,	· #•	esociated_		
	ed for: TPH		MTBE TPH-D		='	Jultate_		
Equipm	nent Blank I.		Time	Duplicate	1.D.:			
Analyz	ed for: TPH-	G BTEX	мтве трн-г	<u>.</u>	mg/L	Post-purg	e	mg _{/L}
D.O. (i	f req'd):	<u></u>	Pre-pur	7		Post-purg Post-purg		m
ORP (i	f req'd):		Pre-pur	ge: 190	mV	rost-putg		ACCE

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WELL MONITORING DATA SHEET

		WE	LL MONTY	UKING DATA	SHEEL		
Project#:	040318	- Aci		Client: Stell	ar		
Sampler:	•			Start Date: 3/18/04			
	MW-4			Well Diameter:	2 3 4	6 8	
 -	l Depth: 2	6.45		Depth to Water:	13.15		
Before:		After:		Before:		After:	
. <u></u>	Free Produc	-		Thickness of Fr	ee Product (fee	t):	
Reference		PVC	Grade	D.O. Meter (if r	eq'd):	ÝSI HACH	
Purge Metho	Bailer Disposable Bail Middleburg Electric Submer	Bible	Waterra Peristaltic Extraction Pump Other = 27	Other:	Bailer Disposable Bailer Extraction Port Dedicated Tubing r Multiplier Well I 0.04 4" 0.16 6"	Diameter Multiplier 0.65 1.47	
Gals.	_(Gals.) X		= _ <u> </u>	3"	0.37 Other	r radius² * 0.163	
Time	Temp.	pН	Conductivity (mS or 15)	Turbidity (NTU)	Gals. Removed	Observations	
1036	63.3	8.6	787	60	9	Fe2+: 0.1 m3/L	
		ewater	10		13 gal	DTW = 24.89	
1045	61.6	8.8	760	65		DtW= 15,68	
Did well	dewater? (Yes	No	Gallons actual	y evacuated: [3	
Sampling	g Time:	045		Sampling Date	: 3/18/04		
Sample I	<u></u>			Laboratory:	ssociated		
 	d for: TPH-C		MTBE TPH-D		/Sulfate		
	ent Blank I.I		@ Time	Duplicate I.D.			
Analyze			мтве трн-р	Other:			
D.O. (if	req'd):		Pre-purge	9.2 mg/L	Post-purge	· mg/L	
ORP (if			Pre-purge	163 mV	Post-purge	m\	

		WI	LLL MONITO	ORING DATA	SHELL		
roject #:	040318	Acr		Client: Stellar			
Sampler:	Ac			Start Date: 3	18/04		
Well I.D.:	MW-5			Well Diameter:	2 3 4	6 8	
	l Depth: 2	.05		Depth to Water	: 15.85		
Before:		After:		Before:		After:	
Depth to I	Free Produc	t:		Thickness of F	ree Product (fee	et):	
Reference		PVC	Grade	D.O. Meter (if	req'd): (ÝŚI HACH	
Purge Method: Bailer Waterra Disposable Bailer Peristaltic Middleburg Extraction Pump Electric Submersible Other			Sampling Method: Other:	Disposable Bailer Extraction Port Dedicated Tubing	Diameter <u>Multiplier</u> 0.65		
Field Ar	બાનુક્કડ (Gals.) X		_ =	_ 2" 	0.16 6" 0.37 Othe	1.47 er radius ² * 0.163	
Gals.							
Time	Temp. (°F or °C)	pН	(mS or µS)	Turbidity (NTU)	Gals. Removed	Observations	
1015	(1010)					Fe2+: 0.0 mg/L	
Did well	dewater?	Yes	No	Gallons actua	lly evacuated:		
Sampling	g Time:			Sampling Dat	e: 3/18/04		
Sample l	[.D.: MW-		Ac	Laboratory:	Associated		
Analyze	d for:	BTEX		Other: Afra	/ Jultate		
Equipme	ent Blank I.I	D.:	@ Time	Duplicate I.D	•••		
Analyze	d for: TPH-0	3 BTEX	МТВЕ ТРН-D	Other:		mg/L	
D.O. (if	req'd):		Pre-purge			τ.	
ORP (if	req'd):		Pre-purge				
Blaine	Tech Serv	ices, Inc	c. 1680 Roge	ers Ave., San	Jose, CA 951 [°]	12 (408) 573-0555	

		WE	LL MONIT	ORING DATA	SHEET		
roject #:	040318-	Acı		Client: Stell	ar		
ampler:	Ac			Start Date: 3/	18/04	<u>. </u>	
	MW-6			Well Diameter:	2 3	(4)	6 8
	l Depth: 2	1.50		Depth to Water:	: 13.19		
Before:		After:		Before:		F	After:
Depth to I	Free Product			Thickness of Fr	ee Produc	t (feet):
Reference		(Pvc)	Grade	D.O. Meter (if r	eq'd):		ŚI HACH
Purge Metho	Bailer Disposable Baile Middleburg Electric Submer	sible	Waterra Peristaltic Extraction Pump Other		Disposable B Extraction I Dedicated Tu	Port	iameter Multiplier 0.65 1.47
Gals.	Analysis _(Gals.) X		. = <u></u>	3"	0.37	Other	radius ² * 0.163
Time	Temp.	pН	Conductivity (mS or µS)	Turbidity (NTU)	Gals. Rem		Observations
1000			-			_	Fe ²⁺ : 0.2 ^m 3/L
Did well	dewater?	Yes	No	Gallons actual	ly evacuat	ed:	
Samplin	g Time:			Sampling Date	: 3/18/	04	
Sample l	I.D.: MW-	6		Laboratory:	Associate	ed	
Analyze	d for: TPH	BTEN	MTBE (TPH-D	Other: Nitrate	/ Satfate	He 5	
	ent Blank I.I		@ Time	Duplicate I.D.	•		
Analyze			МТВЕ ТРН-D	Other:			
DO (if	reald):		Pre-purg	e) · 9 mg/L	Post-	purge:	mg _/

Pre-purge:

122

mV

Post-purge:

mV

D.O. (if req'd):

ORP (if req'd):

		<u>WE</u>	EL MONTIC	JRING DATA	SHEET	
Project #:	040318-	Acr		Client: Stella		
	Ac			Start Date: 3/	18/04	
	mw-7			Well Diameter:	2 3 4	6 8
	Depth: 25	42		Depth to Water:	12.50	
Before:		After:		Before:		After:
	ree Product			Thickness of Fro	ee Product (fee	t):
Reference		PVC		D.O. Meter (if r		YSI HACH
2	d: Bailer Disposable Baile Middleburg Electric Submer (Gals.) X	sible	Waterra Peristaltic Extraction Pump Other	QU	Disposable Bailer Extraction Port Dedicated Tubing	Diameter <u>Multiplier</u> 0.65 1.47 r radius ² * 0.163
Gals. Time	Temp.	pН	Conductivity (mS or (µS))	Turbidity (NTU)	Gals. Removed	
(234	GA.8	7.1	895	36	2	Fe2+: 1.2 m3/L
1236	64.3	7.(864	51	4	odor
1238	64.3	7.0	880	47	6	odol
Did well	dewater?	Yes	No		ly evacuated: (2
Samplin	g Time: 12	40		Sampling Date		
	I.D.: MW -	7		Laboratory:		
	d for: TPH-			Other: Nitrate	/Sulfate	
	ent Blank I.		(i)	Duplicate I.D.	:	
Analyze	ed for: TPH-	G BTEX	MTBE TPH-D	1119	1	mg/L
D.O. (if	req'd):		Pre-purg			
ORP (if	rea'd):		Pre-purg	ge: 124 m	V Post-purg	e: m'

Blaine Tech Services, Inc. 1680 Rogers Ave., San Jose, CA 95112 (408) 573-0555

WELL	MONITORING DATA SHEL (, . <u> </u>
Project #: 0403/8- Ac1	Client: Stellar	
Sampler: Ac	Start Date: 3/18/04	

Sampler: Ac	Start Date: 3/18/04
	Well Diameter: (2) 3 4 6 8
Well I.D. MW-O	

Total Well Depth: 71.16

Before: After: Before: After:

Depth to Free Product:

Referenced to:

PVC Grade D.O. Meter (if req'd):

Thickness of Free Product (feet):

D.O. Meter (if req'd):

PVC HACH

Purge Method:

Bailer
Waterra
Waterra
Disposable Bailer
Peristaltic
Extraction Pump
Electric Submersible
Other
Other
Other

Electric Submersible Well Diameter Multiplier Multiplier Well Diameter 0.65 0.04 1.47 6" 0.16 3 = 6.75 2" 2.25_(Gals.) X ____ radius² * 0.163 0.37 Other 3" Gals.

Temp.					
(Fyor °C)	pН	Conductivity (mS or µS)	Turbidity (NTU)	Gals. Removed	Observations
	7.3	1768	265	2,25	Fe2+: 2.6 mg/L
	7.1	1739	295	4.5	Fe2+: 2.6 mg/L odor
		1754	371	6.75	oder
<u> </u>					
dewater?	Yes	(No)	Gallons actual	ly evacuated: (,.75
	90		Sampling Date	: 3/18/04	
			Laboratory: /	Associated	
		MTBE TPH-D	Other: Nitrate	/Sulfate	
		@ Time			
		мтве трн-о	Other:		
		Pre-purge	2.0 mg/L	Post-purge	e: mg/L
		Pre-purge	122 m\	/ Post-purge	e: m'
	dewater? Time: 12 D.: MW- Ifor: IPHA	65.1 7.3 64.8 7.1 64.0 7.1 dewater? Yes Time: 1200 D.: MW-8 for: TPH-0 BTEX req'd):	65.1 7.3 1768 64.8 7.1 1739 64.0 7.1 1754 dewater? Yes No Time: 1200 D.: MW-8 for: TPH-0 BTEX MTBE TPH-D at Blank I.D.: 1 for: TPH-G BTEX MTBE TPH-D req'd): Pre-purge	L5.\ 7.3 1768 265 L4.8 7.1 1739 295 L4.0 7.1 1754 371 dewater? Yes No Gallons actual Sampling Date D.: MW & Laboratory: A Laboratory: A Laboratory: A Laboratory: A Time Duplicate I.D. I for: TPH-G BTEX MTBE TPH-D Other: A Time Duplicate I.D. I for: TPH-G BTEX MTBE TPH-D Other: Ceq'd): Pre-purge: 2.0 Teq'd Pre-purge: 122 m's Pre-purge: 123 m's Pre-purge: 123	15.1 7.3 1768 265 2.25 14.8 7.1 1739 295 4.5 14.0 7.1 1754 371 6.75 14.0 7.1 1754 371 6.75 15.1 1754 371 6.75 16.1 1754 371 6.75 17.2 Sampling Date: 3//8/04 17.3 Laboratory: Associated 18.4 Sociated 19.5 My 8 Laboratory: Associated 19.5 My 8 Laboratory: Associated 19.6 My 18 Duplicate I.D.: 19.6 for: TPH-0 BTEX MTBE TPH-D Other: 19.7 Seq'd): Pre-purge 7.0 mg/L Post-purge

		WE	LL MONITO	ORING DATA	SHEL1'	
roject #:	040318-	Acr		Client: Stell	ar	
	Ac			Start Date: 3/	18/04	
Well I.D.:				Well Diameter:	2 3 4	6 8
	Depth: 24	,.30		Depth to Water:	12.00	
Hefore:	1	After:		Before:		After:
Depth to F	ree Product	•		Thickness of Fr	ee Product (fee	t):
Reference		(PVC)	Grade	D.O. Meter (if r	eq'd):	ysi hach
	Disposable Bail Middleburg Electric Submer	sible	Waterra Peristaltic Extraction Pump Other	Other: Well Diamete	Bailer Disposable Bailer Extraction Port Dedicated Tubing Multiplier Well	Diameter Multiplier 0.65 1.47
2.25 Gals.	_(Gals.) X	3	= 6.75	3"	0.37 Othe	r radius ² * 0.163
Time	Temp.	pН	Conductivity (mS or as)	Turbidity (NTU)	Gals. Removed	Observations
1209	CA.8	7.2	899	68	2.25	Fe2+: 1.0 m3/L
1213	W.7	7.(870	107	4.5	
[]	(do .(7.2	868	74	6.75	odor
Did well	dewater?	Yes (No	Gallons actual	ly evacuated:	6.75
Sampling	g Time: (27	25_		Sampling Date	: 3/18/04	
Sample I	.D.: MW -	9		Laboratory:	Associated	
			MTBE TPH-D	Other: Nitrate	/Sulfate	
	ent Blank I.		@ Time	Duplicate I.D.	:	
	d for: TPH-		МТВЕ ТРН-О		1	mg/L
D.O. (if	req'd):		Pre-purg	ge: 2.6 ^{mg} / _L	Post-purge	
ORP (if	req'd):		Pre-purg	A	_1	
Blaine	Tech Serv	ices, Ind	c. 1680 Rog	ers Ave., San .	Jose, CA 951 ¹	12 (408) 573-0555

		WE	LL MONIT	ORING DATA	SHELT	<u> </u>
Project #:	040318	- Aci		Client: Stell	ar	
Sampler:	Ac			Start Date: 3/	18/04	
Well I.D.:	MW-10			Well Diameter:	2 3 4	6 8
Total Wel	l Depth: 2	8.40		Depth to Water:	10.76	
Before:		After:		Before:		After:
Depth to I	Free Produc	t:		Thickness of Fr		
Reference	ed to:	PVC	Grade	D.O. Meter (if r	req'd):	YSI HACH
Purge Metho	Bailer Disposable Bail Middleburg Electric Subme	le)	Waterra Peristaltic Extraction Pump Other	Other: Well Diamete	Disposable Bailer Extraction Port Dedicated Tubing r Multiplier Well E 0.04 4"	nameter <u>Multiplier</u> 0.65
	_(Gals.) X	3	= 9'	2" 3"	0.16 6" 0.37 Other	1.47 radius ² * 0.163
Time	Temp.	pН	Conductivity (mS or µS)	Turbidity (NTU)	Gals. Removed	Observations
1055	68.7	8.6	709	189	3	Fe2+: 0.1 mg/L
1059	69.3	8.6	712	266	6	
1103	69.4	8.7	682	370	9	
Did well	dewater?	Yes (N ₀	Gallons actuall	y evacuated: 9	
Sampling		lo		Sampling Date	: 3/18/04	
	I.D.: MW.	-10		Laboratory: /	spociated	
	d for: TPH-	BTEX	MTBE TPH-D	Other: Nitrate	/Sulfate	
	ent Blank I.l		@ Time	Duplicate I.D.:		
	d for: TPH-0		МТВЕ ТРН-D	Other:		
D.O. (if	rea'd):		Pre-purge	2.8 mg/L	Post-purge:	mg/L

mV

Post-purge:

m٧

Pre-purge:

D.O. (if req'd):

ORP (if req'd):

		WE	ELL MONITO	ORING DATA	SHEET	
roject #:	040318	- Acr		Client: Stell	ar	
	Ac	-		Start Date: 3/	18/04	
	MM-11	-		Well Diameter:	2 3 4	6 8
· ·	Depth: 3	0.30		Depth to Water:	14.10	
Before:		After:		Before:		After:
	ree Produc	t:		Thickness of Fr	ee Product (fee	t):
Reference		(PVC)	Grade	D.O. Meter (if r	eq'd):	YSI HACH
	Bailer Disposable Bail Middleburg Electric Submer	rsible	Waterra Peristaltic Extraction Pump Other = 7.5	Other: Well Diamete	Extraction Port Dedicated Tubing r Multiplier Well I 0.04 4" 0.16 6" 0.37 Other	<u>Diameter Multiplier</u> 0.65 1.47 r radius ² * 0.163
Gals	Temp.		Conductivity			
Time	(F)r °C)	pН	(mS or uS)	Turbidity (NTU)	Gals. Removed	Observations
1251	63.0	7.2	1076	108	2.5	Fe2+: 2.2 m3/L
	63.4	2.1	938	79	5	oder
1258	63.2	7.2	904	62	7.5	dor
1/30	47.2					
Did well	dewater?	Yes	(No)	Gallons actual	ly evacuated: 5	7.5
Sampling		305		Sampling Date	: 3/18/04	
	.D.: mw			Laboratory: /		
			MTBE TPH-D	Other: Nitrate	/Sulfate	
	ent Blank I.l		@ Tsine	Duplicate I.D.	•	
Analyze			МТВЕ ТРН-D	Other:		
D.C. (35	manid):		Pre-mirge	1.8 mg/L	Post-purge	mg

Blaine Tech Services, Inc. 1680 Rogers Ave., San Jose, CA 95112 (408) 573-0555

Pre-purge:

Pre-purge:

D.O. (if req'd):

ORP (if req'd):

1.8

120

mV

Post-purge:

Post-purge:

mV

ASSOCIATED LABORATORIES 806 North Batavia - Orange, California 92868 - 714/771-6900

FAX 714/538-1209

CLIENT Stellar Environmental Solutions

(10503)

LAB REQUEST

126423

ATTN: Bruce Rucker

2198 Sixth Street

REPORTED

03/29/2004

#201

Berkeley, CA 94710

RECEIVED

03/19/2004

PROJECT

#2004-04

Redwood Regional Park

SUBMITTER

Client

COMMENTS

This laboratory request covers the following listed samples which were analyzed for the parameters indicated on the attached Analytical Result Report. All analyses were conducted using the appropriate methods as indicated on the report. This cover letter is an integral part of the final report.

Order No.	Client Sample Identification
506958	SW-2
506959	SW-3
506960	MW-2
506961	MW-3
506962	MW-4
506963	MW-7
506964	MW-8
506965	MW-9
506966	MW-10
506967	MW-11
506968	Laboratory Method Blank

Thank you for the opportunity to be of service to your company. Please feel free to call if there are any questions regarding this report or if we can be of further service.

ASSOCIATED LABORATORII

Edward S. Behare, Ph.I Vice President

NOTE: Unless notified in writing, all samples will be discarded by appropriate disposal protocol 30 days from date reported.

The reports of the Associated Laboratories are confidential property of our clients and may not be reproduced or used for publication in part or in full without our written permission. This is for the mutual protection of the public, our clients, and ourselves. TESTING & CONSULTING Chemical Microbiological Environmental Order #: 506958 Client Sample ID: SW-2

Matrix: WATER

Date Sampled: 03/18/2004 **Time Sampled:** 08:00

Method	Analyte	Result	DF	EQL	MDL	Units	Date/Analyst
					-		
8021B/AVO	Benzene	ND	1	0.3	0.04	ug/L	03/22/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Ethyl benzene	1.1	1	0.3	0.02	ug/L	03/22/04 LZ
TPH-DHS	Gasoline	ND	1	50	15	ug/L	03/22/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Methyl t - butyl ether	ND	1	5	0.03	ug/L	03/22/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Toluene	ND	1	0.3	0.02	ug/L	03/22/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Xylene (total)	ND	1	0.6	0.06	ug/L	03/22/04 LZ
Surrogates						Units	Control Limits
8021B/AVO	a,a,a-Trifluorotoluene	93				%	70 - 130
TPH-DHS	a,a,a-Trifluorotoluene	93				%	55 - 200
8015	TEPH Diesel	ND	1	0.1	0.040	mg/L	03/28/04 AF
Surrogates						Units	Control Limits
8015	o-Terphenyl (sur)	111		-		.%	55 - 200



Client Sample ID: SW-3

Matrix: WATER

ate Sampled: 03/18/2004 time Sampled: 08:25

Method	Analyte	Result	DF	EQL	MDL	Units	Date/Analys
8021B/AVO	Benzene	ND	1	0.3	0.04	ug/L	03/22/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Ethyl benzene	ND	1	0.3	0.02	ug/L	03/22/04 LZ
TPH-DHS	Gasoline	ND	1	50	15	ug/L	03/22/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Methyl t - butyl ether	ND	1	5	0.03	ug/L	03/22/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Toluene	ND	1	0.3	0.02	ug/L	03/22/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Xylene (total)	ND	1	0.6	0.06	ug/L	03/22/04 L.Z
Surrogates						Units	Control Limits
8021B/AVO	a,a,a-Trifluorotoluene	92			 .	%	70 - 130
TPH-DHS	a,a,a-Trifluorotoluene	92				%	55 - 200
8015	TEPH Diesel	ND	1	0.1	0.040	mg/L	03/28/04 AF
Surrogates						Units	Control Limits
8015	o-Terphenyl (sur)	115				%	55 - 200



Order #: 506960 Client Sample ID MW-2

Matrix: WATER

Date Sampled: 03/18/2004 **Time Sampled:** 11:35

Method	Analyte	Result	DF	EQL	MDL	Units	Date/Analys
			-				
8021B/AVO	Benzene	81	2	0.6	0.04	ug/L	03/22/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Ethyl benzene	36	1	0.3	0.02	ug/L	03/22/04 LZ
TPH-DHS	Gasoline	374	1	50	15	ug/L	03/22/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Methyl t - butyl ether	18	1	5	0.03	ug/L	03/22/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Toluene	1.2	1	0.3	0.02	ug/L	03/22/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Xylene (total)	7.3	1	0.6	0.06	ug/L	03/22/04 LZ
Surrogates						Units	Control Limits
TPH-DHS	a,a,a-Trifluorotoluene	104				%	55 - 200
8021B/AVO	a,a,a-Tritluorotoluene	104				%	70 - 130
8015	TEPH Diesel	ND	1	0.1	0.040	mg/L	03/28/04 AF
Surrogates	I LI II D'ACCO	112	•	•		Units	Control Limits
8015	o-Terphenyl (sur)	111	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			%	55 - 200



Order #: 506961 Client Sample ID MW-3

Matrix: WATER

Date Sampled: 03/18/2004 Time **Sampled:** 08:15

Method	Analyte	Result	DF	EQL	MDL	Units	Date/Analys
300.0	Nitrate (as NO3)	ND	1	0.44	0.19	mg/L	03/19/04 BGS
300.0	Sulfate	36	1	1.0	0.34	mg/L	03/19/04 BGS



506962

Client Sample ID: MW-4

Matrix: WATER

Date Sampled: 03/18/2004 **Time Sampled:** 10:45

Method	Analyte	Result	DF	EQL	MDL	Units	Date/Analyst
				· *-			
300.0	Nitrate (as NO3)	1.3	1	0.44	0.19	mg/L	03/19/04 BGS
300.0	Sulfate	58	1	1.0	0.34	mg/L	03/19/04 BGS
8021B/AVO	Benzene	ND	1	0.3	0.04	ug/L	03/23/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Ethyl benzene	ND	1	0.3	0.02	ug/L	03/23/04 LZ
TPH-DHS	Gasoline	ND	1	50	15	ug/L	03/23/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Methyl t - butyl ether	ND	1		0.03	ug/L	03/23/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Toluene	ND	1	0.3	0.02	ug/L	03/23/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Xylene (total)	ND	1	0.6	0.06	ug/L	03/23/04 LZ
Surrogates						Units	Control Limits
8021B/AVO	a,a,a-Trifluorotoluene	93				%	70 - 130
TPH-DHS	a,a,a-Trifluorotoluene	93	-	•		%	55 - 200
<u></u>					0.040	ma/I	03/28/04 AF
8015	TEPH Diesel	ND	1	0.1	0.040	mg/L	03/20/04 AT
Surrogates						Units	Control Limits
8015	o-Terphenyl (sur)	112				%	55 - 200



Order #: 506963 Client Sample ID: MW-7

Matrix: WATER

ate Sampled: 03/18/2004 Time Sampled: 12:40

Method	Analyte	Result	DF	EQL	MDL	Units	Date/Analys
		-					
300.0	Nitrate (as NO3)	ND	1	0.44	0.19	mg/L	03/19/04 BGS
300.0	Sulfate	ND	1	1.0	0.34	mg/L	03/19/04 BGS
8021B/AVO	Benzene	104	5	1.5	0.04	ug/L	03/23/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Ethyl benzene	306	50	15.0	0.02	ug/L	03/23/04 LZ
TPH-DHS	Gasoline	8170	5	250.0	15	ug/L	03/23/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Methyl t - butyl ether	84	5	25.0	0.03	ug/L	03/23/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Toluene	41	5	1.5	0.02	ug/L	03/23/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Xylene (total)	129	5	3.0	0.06	ug/L	03/23/04 LZ
Surrogates						Units	Control Limits
8021B/AVO	a,a,a-Tritluorotoluene	139 S	3			%	70 - 130
TPH-DHS	a,a,a-Trifluorotoluene	139			<u> </u>	%	55 - 200
					2.2.2		00.00.00
8015	TEPH Diesel	0.6	1	0.1	0.040	mg/L	03/27/04 AF
Surrogates						Units	Control Limits
8015	o-Terphenyl (sur)	. 90				%	55 - 200



506964

Client Sample ID: MW-8

Matrix: WATER

Date Sampled: 03/18/2004

Time Sampled: 12:00

Method	Analyte	Result	DF	EQL	MDL	Units	Date/Analys
				· <u>-</u>			
300.0	Nitrate (as NO3)	ND	1	0.44	0.19	mg/L	03/19/04 BGS
300.0	Sulfate	13	1	1.0	0.34	mg/L	03/19/04 BGS
8021B/AVO	Benzene	592	10	3.0	0.04	ug/L	03/23/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Ethyl benzene	1060	50	15.0	0.02	ug/L	03/23/04 LZ
TPH-DHS	Gasoline	16000	10	500.0	15	ug/L	03/23/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Methyl t - butyl ether	90	10	50.0	0.03	ug/L	03/23/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Toluene	24	10	3.0	0.02	ug/L	03/23/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Xylene (total)	1870	50	30.0	0.06	ug/L	03/23/04 LZ
Surrogates						Units	Control Limits
TPH-DHS	a,a,a-Trifluorotoluene	147				%	55 - 200
8021B/AVO	a,a,a-Trifluorotoluene	147 5	Š			%	70 - 130
8015	TEPH Diesel	0.9	<u> </u>	0.1	0.040	mg/L	03/27/04 AF
Surrogates	222 22 22 20002	3. 2	-			Units	Control Limit
8015	o-Terphenyl (sur)	110				%	55 - 200



Drder #:

506965

Client Sample ID: MW-9

Matrix: WATER

Pate Sampled: 03/18/2004 Fime Sampled: 12:25

Method	Analyte	Result	DF	EQL	MDL	Units	Date/Analys
300.0	Nitrate (as NO3)	ND	1	0.44	0.19	mg/L	03/19/04 BGS
300.0	Sulfate	64	1	1.0	0.34	mg/L	03/19/04 BGS
8021B/AVO	Benzene	122	20	6.0	0.04	ug/L	03/24/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Ethyl benzene	313	20	6.0	0.02	ug/L	03/24/04 LZ
TPH-DHS	Gasoline	3550	1	50	15	ug/L	03/24/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Methyl t - butyl ether	. 35	1	5	0.03	ug/L	03/24/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Toluene	15	1	0.3	0.02	ug/L	03/24/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Xylene (total)	84	20	12.0	0.06	ug/L	03/24/04 LZ
Surrogates						Units	Control Limits
8021B/AVO	a,a,a-Tritluorotoluene	109				%	70 - 130
TPH-DHS	a,a,a-Trifluorotoluene	150		**		%	55 - 200
		•					
8015	TEPH Diesel	0.6	1	0.1	0.040	mg/L	03/27/04 AF
Surrogates						Units	Control Limits
8015	o-Terphenyl (sur)	107		· - ·		%	55 - 200



506966

Client Sample ID MW-10

Matrix: WATER

Date Sampled: 03/18/2004 **Time Sampled:** 11:10

Method	Analyte	Result	ÐF	EQL	MDL	Units	Date/Analyst
						•	
300.0	Nitrate (as NO3)	0.5	1	0.44	0.19	mg/L	03/19/04 BGS
300.0	Sulfate	80	1	1.0	0.34	mg/L	03/19/04 BGS
8021B/AVO	Benzene	2.8	1	0.3	0.04	ug/L	03/22/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Ethyl benzene	5.7	1	0.3	0.02	ug/L	03/22/04 LZ
TPH-DHS	Gasoline	94	1	50	15	ug/L	03/22/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Methyl t - butyl ether	ND	1	5	0.03	ug/L	03/22/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Toluene	ND	1	0.3	0.02	ug/L	03/22/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Xylene (total)	7.0	1	0.6	0.06	ug/L	03/22/04 LZ
Surrogates						Units	Control Limits
8021B/AVO	a,a,a-Trifluorotoluene	93				%	70 - 130
TPH-DHS	a,a,a-Trifluorotoluene	93	<u> </u>			%	55 - 200
	,				7		00.107.104
8015	TEPH Diesel	ND	1	0.1	0.040	mg/L	03/27/04 AF
Surrogates						Units	Control Limits
8015	o-Terphenyl (sur)	103				%	55 - 200



506967

Client Sample ID: MW-11

Matrix: WATER

Date Sampled: 03/18/2004 Time Sampled: 13:05

Method	Analyte	Result	DF	EQL	MDL	Units	Date/Analys
300.0	Nitrate (as NO3)	ND	1	0.44	0.19	mg/L	03/19/04 BGS
300.0	Sulfate	42	1	1.0	0.34	mg/L	03/19/04 BGS
8021B/AVO	Benzene	72	5	1.5	0.04	ug/L	03/22/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Ethyl benzene	342	- 5	1.5	0.02	ug/L	03/22/04 LZ
TPH-DHS	Gasoline	4900	5	250.0	15	ug/L	03/22/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Methyl t - butyl ether	61	5	25.0	0.03	ug/L	03/22/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Toluene	17	5	1.5	0.02	ug/L	03/22/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Xylene (total)	233	5	3.0	0.06	ug/L	03/22/04 LZ
Surrogates						Units	Control Limits
TPH-DHS	a,a,a-Trifluorotoluene	157				%	55 - 200
8021B/AVO	a,a,a-Trifluorotoluene	157 S	,			%	70 - 130
							00/05/04
8015	TEPH Diesel	0.4	1	0.1	0.040	mg/L	03/27/04 AF
Surrogates						Units	Control Limits
8015	o-Terphenyl (sur)	107				%	55 - 200



506968

Client Sample ID: Laboratory Method Blank

Matrix: WATER

Method	Analyte	Result	DF	EQL	MDL	Units	Date/Analys
300.0	Nitrate (as NO3)	ND	1	0.44	0.19	mg/L	03/19/04 BGS
300.0	Sulfate	ND	1	1.0	0.34	mg/L	03/19/04 BGS
8021B/AVO	Benzene	ND	1	0.3	0.04	ug/L	03/22/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Ethyl benzene	ND	1	0.3	0.02	ug/L	03/22/04 LZ
TPH-DHS	Gasoline	ND	1	50	15	ug/L	03/22/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Methyl t - butyl ether	ND	1	5	0.03	ug/L	03/22/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Toluene	ND	1	0.3	0.02	ug/L	03/22/04 LZ
8021B/AVO	Xylene (total)	ND	1	0.6	0.06	ug/L	03/22/04 LZ
Surrogates						Units	Control Limits
8021B/AVO	a,a,a-Trifluorotoluene					%	70 - 130
					• •		
8015	TEPH Diesel	ND	1	0.1	0.040	mg/L	03/27/04 AF
Surrogates						Units	Control Limit
8015	o-Terphenyl (sur)	114			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	%	55 - 200



ASSOCIATED LABORATORIES QA REPORT FORM

QC Sample:

LR 126401-506844

Matrix:

WATER

Prep.Date:

03/19/04

Analysis Date:

03/19/04

Lab ID#'s in Batch:

LR 126401, 126391, 126393, 126395, 126323, 126324, 126325, 126326, 126423

LR 126300

MATRIX SPIKE / MATRIX SPIKE DUPLICATE RESULT

REPORTING UNITS =

mg/L

Test	Method	Sample Result	Spike Added	Matrix Spike	Matrix Spike Dup	%Rec MS	%Rec MSD	RPD_
CL	300.0	39	200	232	231	97	96	0
SO4	300.0	10	200	208	207	99	99	0
NO3	300.0	1	100	101	100	100	98	1
NO2	300.0	ND	100	99	100	99	100	1

RPD = Relative Percent Difference of Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Dup
%REC-MS & MSD = Percent Recovery of Matrix Spike & Matrix Spike Duplicate

%Rec Limits = 80 - 120 RPD Limits = 20

PREPARATION BLANK / LAB CONTROL SAMPLE RESULTS

		PREP BLK LCS												
Test	Method	Value	Result	True	%Rec	L.Limit_	H.Limit							
CL	300.0	ND	51	50	101	90%	110%							
SO4	300.0	ND	51	50	101	90%	110%							
NO3	300.0	ND	24.6	25	98	90%	110%							
NO2	300.0	ND	4.9	5	98	90%	110%							

VALUE = Preparation Blank Value; ND = Not-Detected

LCS = Lab Control Sample Result

 $TRUE = True \ Value \ of LCS$

L.LIMIT / H.LIMIT = LCS Control Limits

ASSOCIATED LABORATORIES LCS REPORT FORM

QC Sample:

LCS/LCSD

Matrix:

WATER

Extraction Method:

3510 B

Prep. Date:

03/25/04

Analysis Date:

03/27/04

ID#'s in Batch:

LR 126423, 126562, 126567, 126568, 126660

Reporting Units =

mg/L

PREPARATION BLANK / LAB CONTROL SAMPLE RESULTS

			PREP BLK					
_			Value	Result	True	%Rec	L.Limit	H.Limit
Test	Method	LCS	ND	1.00	11	100	70%	130%
DIESEL	8015D	LCSD	ND	1.26	1	126	70%	130%

LCS Result = Lab Control Sample Result

 $True = True \ Value \ of \ LCS$

L.Limit / H.Limit = LCS Control Limits

SURROGATE RECOVERY

Sample No.	O-Terphenyl
QC Limit	55-200
Method Blank	114
LCS	144
LCSD	163

ASSOCIATED LABORATORIES **QA REPORT FORM**

QC Sample:

LCS / LCSD

Matrix:

WATER

Prep. Date:

03/22/04

Analysis Date:

03/22/04-03/23/04

ID#'s in Batch:

LR 126423, 126455, 126410, 126411

Reporting Units =

ug/L

PREPARATION BLANK / LAB CONTROL SAMPLE RESULTS

			PREP BLK					
			Value	Result	True	%Rec	L.Limit	H.Limit
Test	Method	LCS	ND	465	500	93	80%	120%
ТРН	8015M-G	LCSD	ND	481	500	96	80%	120%

LCS Result = Lab Control Sample Result

True = True Value of LCS

L.Limit / H.Limit = LCS Control Limits

SURROGATE RECOVERY

Sample No.	AAA-TFT
QC Limit	55-200
Method Blank	92
LCS	144
LCSD	147

AAA-TFT = a, a, a-Trifluorotoluene

ASSOCIATED LABORATORIES LCS REPORT FORM

QC Sample:

LCS / LCSD

Matrix:

WATER

Prep. Date:

03/22/04

Analysis Date:

03/22/04-03/23/04

LAB ID#'s in Batch:

LR 126455, 126423

REPORTING UNITS =

ug/L

PREPARATION BLANK / LAB CONTROL SAMPLE RESULTS

		PREP. BLK LCS							
Test	Method	Value	Result	TRUE	%Rec	Result	%Rec		
Benzene	8021	ND	19.70	20	99	20.10	101		
Toluene	8021	ND	19.60	20	98	19.80	99		
Ethylbenzene	8021	ND	19.90	20	100	20.20	101		
Xylenes	8021	ND	57.60	60	96	58.60	98		

LCS = Lab Control Sample Result
TRUE = True Value of LCS

L.LIMIT / H.LIMIT = LCS Control Limits

L.Limit	H,Limit
80%	120%

SURROGATE RECOVERY

Sample No.	AAA-TFT
QC Limit	55-200
Method Blank	92
LCS	94
LCSD	100

AAA-TFT = a, a, a-Trifluorotoluene



ASSOCIATED LABORATORIES

806 North Batavia - Orange, California 92868-1225 - 714/771-6900 FAX 714/538-1209

Cooler Receipt Form

Client: <u>3 tellar Env</u> Project:	;
Date Cooler Received: 3 19 Date Cooler Opened: 3 19	
Was cooler scanned for presence of radioactivity? Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	/No)
Was a shipper's packing slip attached to the cooler?	gNo
If the cooler had custody seal(s), were thy signed and intact?	No/Na
Was the cooler packed with: Ice Ice Packs Bubble wrap Other Cooler Temperature: t. 8 * *cooler needs to be received @ 4°C with an acceptable range of 2°-6 °C *	
If samples were hand delivered do they meet the temp. criteria, which should be an acceptable range of 2°-6°C? If no explain:	4°C with ≩∕No
Were all samples sealed in plastic bags?	s/No
Did all samples arrive intact? If no, indicate below.	es/No
Were all samples labeled correctly? (ID's Dates, Times) If no, indicate below.	(es/No
Can the tests required be ran with the provided containers, If no indicate below.	es/No
Was sufficient sample volume sent for all containers?	es/No
Were any VOA vials received with head space?	es/No/Ma
Was the correct preservatives used? If no, see the pH log for a list of samples containers regarding pH	res/No/Na
Any other important information:	<u>, </u>
Receiving Department: Date:	9

Acer	LIATE	> [_a	bs.	Me	Chain of	Golden	lody Rec	ord		l	Z 6	427	>				Lab Job no	
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HISTORICAL GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELLS ANALYTICAL RESULTS REDWOOD REGIONAL PARK SERVICE YARD, OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

(all concentrations in ug/L, equivalent to parts per billion [ppb])

					Well N	IW-2			
Event	Date	TPHg	TPHd	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Total Xylenes	Total BTEX	MTBE
1	Nov-94	66	< 50	3.4	< 0.5	< 0.5	0.9	4.3	NA
2	Feb-95	89	< 50	18	2.4	1.7	7.5	29.6	NA
3	May-95	< 50	< 50	3.9	< 0.5	1.6	2.5	8	NA
4	Aug-95	< 50	< 50	5.7	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	5.7	NA
5	May-96	< 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		NA
6	Aug-96	< 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		NA
7	Dec-96	< 50	< 50	6.3	< 0.5	1.6	< 0.5	7.9	NA
8	Feb-97	< 50	< 50	0.69	< 0.5	0.55	< 0.5	1.2	NA.
9	May-97	67	< 50	8.9	< 0.5	5.1	< 1.0	14	NA
10	Aug-97	< 50	< 50	4.5	< 0.5	1.1	< 0.5	5.6	NA
11	Dec-97	61	< 50	21	< 0.5	6.5	3.9	31.4	NA
12	Feb-98	2,000	200	270	92	150	600	1,112	■ NA
13	Sep-98	< 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	_	7.0
14	Apr-99	82	710	4.2	< 0.5	3.4	4	12	7.5
15	Dec-99	57	< 50	20	0.6	5.9	<0.5	27	4.5
16	Sep-00	< 50	< 50	0.72	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0.7	7.9
17	Jan-01	51	< 50	8.3	< 0.5	1.5	< 0.5	9.8	8.0
18	Apr-01	110	< 50	10	< 0.5	11	6.4	27	10
19	Aug-01	260	120	30	6.7	1.6	6.4	45	27
20	Dec-01	74	69	14	0.8	3.7	3.5	22	6.6

	-			W	ell MW-2 (d	continued)			
Event	Date	TPHg	TPHd	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Total Xylenes	Total BTEX	MTBE
21	Маг-02	< 50	< 50	2.3	0.51	1.9	1.3	8.3	8.2
22	Jun-02	< 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		7.7
23	Sep-02	98	< 50	5.0	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<u> </u>	13
24	Dec-02	< 50	< 50		< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	_	< 2.0
25	Mar-03	130	82	39	< 0.5	20	4.1	63	16
26	Jun-03	< 50	< 50		< 0.5		< 0.5	1.9	8.7
27	Sep-03	120	< 50		0.51	0.53	< 0.5	9.6	23.0
28	Dec-03	282	<100		1.6	1.3	1.2	8.4	9.4
29	Mar-04	374	<100		1.2	36	7.3	126	18.0

	<u> </u>				Well M	IW-4			
Event	Date	TPHg	TPHd	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Total Xylenes	Total BTEX	MTBE
1	Nov-94	2,600	230	120	4.8	150	88	363	NA
2	Feb-95	11,000	330	420	17	440	460	1,337	NA NA
3	May-95	7,200	440	300	13	390	330	1,033	NA
4	Aug-95	1,800	240	65	6.8	89	67	227	NA
5	May-96	1,100	140	51	< 0.5	< 0.5	47	98	NA
6	Aug-96	3,700	120	63	2.0	200	144	409	NA
7	Dec-96	2,700	240	19	< 0.5	130	93	242	
8	Feb-97	3,300	< 50	120	1.0	150	103	374	NA
9	May-97	490	< 50	2.6	6.7	6.4	6.7	22	NA
10	Aug-97	1,900	150	8.6	3.5	78	53	143	NA
11	Dec-97	1,000	84	4.6	2.7	61	54	123	ŊĄ
12	Feb-98	5,300	340	110	24	320	402	856	NA.
13	Sep-98	1,800	< 50	8.9	< 0.5	68	27	104	23
14	Apr-99	2,900	710	61	1.2	120	80	263	32
15	Dec-99	1,000	430	4.0	2.0	26	14	45.9	< 2.0
16	Sep-00	570	380	< 0.5	< 0.5	16	4.1	20.1	2.4
17	Jan-01	1,600	650	4.2	0.89	46	13.8	65	8.4
18	Apr-01	1,700	1,100	4.5	2.8	48	10.7	66	5.0

				V	ell MW-4 (continued)			
Event	Date	TPHg	TPHd	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Total Xylenes	Total BTEX	MTBE
19	Aug-01	1,300	810	3.2	4.0	29	9.7	46	< 2.0
20	Dec-01	< 50	110	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	1.2	1.2	< 2.0
21	Mar-02	< 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		< 2.0
22	Jun-02	< 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		< 2.0
23	Sep-02	< 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		< 2.0
24	Dec-02	< 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		< 2.0
25	Mar-03	< 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	_	< 2.0
26	Jun-03	< 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		< 2.0
27	Sep-03	< 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<u> </u>	< 2.0
28	Dec-03	<50	<100	< 0.3	< 0.3	<0.3	<0.6	<u> </u>	< 5.0
29	Mar-04	<50	<100	< 0.3	<0.3	< 0.3	< 0.6		< 5.0

					Well N	IW-5			
Event	Date	TPHg	TPHd	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Total Xylenes	Total BTEX	MTBE
1	Nov-94	50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		NA.
2	Feb-95	70	< 50	0.6	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0.6	NA
3	May-95	< 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	. —	NA
4	Aug-95	< 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		NA NA
5	May-96	< 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		⊪ ⊪ NA
6	Aug-96	80	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	_	NA
7	Dec-96	< 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	_	NA
8	Feb-97	< 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< <u>0</u> .5		NA
9	May-97	< 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		₩ NA
10	Aug-97	< 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		NA
11	Dec-97	< 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		NA
12	Feb-98	< 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		NA
13	Sep-98	-	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		< 2
	<u> </u>		\				< 0.5 lealth Care Service		

					Well N	IW-7			
Event	Date	TPHg	TPHd	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Total Xylenes	Total BTEX	MTBE
1	Jan-01	13,000	3,100	95	4	500	289	888	95
2	Apr-01	13,000	3,900	140	< 0.5	530	278	948	52
3	Aug-01	12,000	5,000	55	25	440	198	718	19
4	Dec-01	9,100	4,600	89	< 2.5	460	228	777	< 10
5	Mar-02	8,700	3,900	220	6.2	450	191	867	200_
6	Jun-02	9,300	3,500	210	6.3	380	155	751	18
7	Sep-02	9,600	3,900	180	< 0.5	380	160	720	< 2.0
8	Dec-02	9,600	3,700	110	< 0.5	400	188.9	699	< 2.0
9	Mar-03	10,000	3,600	210	12	360	143	725	45
10	Jun-03	9,300	4,200	190	< 10	250	130	570	200
11	Sep-03	10,000	3,300	150	11	300	136	597	< 2.0
12	Dec-03	9,140	1,100	62	45	295	184	586	89
13	Mar-04	8,170	600	104	41	306	129	580	84

					Well M	IW-8			
Event	Date	TPHg	TPHd	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Total Xylenes	Total BTEX	MTBE
1	Jan-01	14,000	1,800	430	17	360	1230	2,037	96
2	Apr-01	11,000	3,200	320	13	560	1,163	2,056	42
3	Aug-01	9,600	3,200	130	14	470	463	1,077	14
4	Dec-01	3,500	950	69	2.4	310	431	812	< 4.
5	Mar-02	14,000	3,800	650	17	1,200	1,510	3,377	240
6	Jun-02	2,900	1,100	70	2.0	170	148	390	19
7	Sep-02	1,000	420	22	< 0.5	64	50	136	< 2.
8	Dec-02	3,300	290	67	< 0.5	190	203	460	< 2
9	Mar-03	13,000	3,500	610	12	1,100	958	2,680	< 1
10	Jun-03	7,900	2,200	370	7.4	620	562	1,559	< 4.
11	Sep-03	3,600	400	120	3.3	300	221	644	< 2
12	Dec-03		100	19	1.5	26	36	83	< 5.
13	Mar-04	16,000	900	592	24	1,060	1,870	3,546	90

					Well N	1W-9			
Event	Date	TPHg	TPHd	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Total Xylenes	Total BTEX	MTBE
1	Aug-01	11,000	170	340	13	720	616	1,689	48
2	Dec-01	9,400	2,700	250	5.1	520	317	1,092	< 10
3	Mar-02	1,700	300	53	4.2	120	67	244	20
4	Jun-02	11,000	2,500	200	16	600	509	1,325	85
5	Sep-02	3,600	2,800	440	11	260	39	750	< 4.0
6	Dec-02	7,000	3,500	380	9.5	730	147	1,266	< 10
7	Mar-03	4,400	1,400	320	6.9	400	93	820	< 2.0
8	Jun-03	7,600	1,600	490	10	620	167	1,287	< 4.0
9	Sep-03	8,300	2,900	420	14	870	200	1,504	< 10
10	Dec-03	7,080	700	287	31	901	255	1,474	< 10
11	Mar-04	3,550	600	122	15	313	84	534	35

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					Well M	W-10			
Event	Date	TPHg	TPHd	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Total Xylenes	Total BTEX	MTBE
1	Aug-01	550	2,100	17	< 0.5	31	44	92	40
2	Dec-01	< 50	81	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		25
3	Mar-02	< 50	< 50	0.61	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0.61	6.0
4	Jun-02	< 50	< 50	0.59	< 0.5	0.58	< 0.5	1.2	9.0
5	Sep-02	160	120	10	< 0.5	6.7	3.6	20	26
6	Dec-02	< 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		16
7	Mar-03	110	< 50	11	< 0.5	12	1.3	24	15
8	Jun-03	110	< 50	9.6	< 0.5	6.8	< 0.5	16	9.0
9	Sep-03	< 50	< 50	1.1	< 0.5	1.5	< 0.5	3	7.0
10	Dec-03	162	<100	6.9	<0.3	8	<0.6	15	9.9
11	Mar-04	94	<100	2.8	<0.3	5.7	7	16	< <u>5</u> .(

					Well M	W-11			<u> </u>
Event	Date	TPHg	TPHd	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Total Xylenes	Total BTEX	MTBE
1	Aug-01	17,000	7,800	390	17	820	344	1,571	< 10
2	Dec-01	5,800	2,800	280	7.8	500	213	1,001	< 10
3	Mar-02	100	94	< 0.5	< 0.5	0.64	< 0.5	0.64	2.4
4	Jun-02	8,200	2,600	570	13	560	170	1,313	< 4
5	Sep-02	12,000	4,400	330	13	880	654	1,877	< 10
6	Dec-02	18,000	4,500	420	< 2.5	1100	912	2,432	< 10
7	Mar-03	7,800	2,600	170	4.7	530	337	1,042	53
8	Jun-03	14,000	3,800	250	< 2.5	870	693	1,813	< 10
9	Sep-03	10,000	3000	250	9.9	700	527	1,487	< 4
10	Dec-03	15,000	1,100	314	60	1070	802	2,246	173
11	Mar-04	4,900	400	72	17	342	233	664	61

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HISTORICAL SURFACE WATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS REDWOOD REGIONAL PARK SERVICE YARD, OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

(all concentrations in ug/L, equivalent to parts per billion [ppb])

		TPHg	TPHd	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	ter Discharge Lo Total Xylenes	Total BTEX	MTBE
Event	Date			< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	_	3.1. NA
1	Feb-94	50	< 50				< 0.5		N/
2	May-95	< 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5			N
3	May-96	< 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		
	Aug-96	< 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<u> </u>	N.
4			< 50		< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		N.
_5	Dec-96	< 50				< 0.5	< 0.5		N N
6	Feb-97	< 50	< 50		< 0.5				N
7	Aug-97	< 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5				N
8	Dec-97	< 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		
	 +	< 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		N
9	Feb-98						< 0.5		< 2
10	Sep-98		_						< 2
11	Арг-99	< 50	<50	< 0.5			unty Health Service		

1 2 3	Feb-94	TPHg		Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Total Xylenes	Total BTEX	
2		130	TPHd < 50	1.9	< 0.5	4.4	3.2	9.5	NA
		< 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		NA NA
3 1	May-95	< 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		NA NA
	Aug-95		< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		. NA
4	May-96	< 50	< 50	7.5	< 0.5	5.4	< 0.5	13	NA
5	Aug-96	200 < 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		NA NA
6	Dec-96		< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		NA NA
7	Feb-97	< 50	130	13	0.89	19	11	44	NA
8	Aug-97	350 < 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	_	NA
9	Dec-97		< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		NA
10	Feb-98	< 50	<50 <50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5			< 2.0
11	Sep-98	< 50		2.0	< 0.5		1.3	5.8	2.3
12	Арг-99	81	<50 250	10	1.0	47	27	85	2.2
13	Dec-99	1,300		2.1	< 0.5		1.9	9.2	3.4
14	Sep-00	160	100				< 0.5	0.5	< 2.0
15	Jan-01	< 50	< 50	< 0.5	 			_	< 2.0
16	Apr-01	< 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5		1.3	20	10
17	Sep-01	440	200	2.1 < 0.5	 	 			< 2.0
18	Dec-01	< 50	< 50	-		 			< 2.0
19	Маг-02	< 50	< 50		 				< 2.0
_20	Jun-02	< 50	< 50		< 0.5		< 0.5	23	< 2.
21	Sep-02	220	590	10	+				< 2.
22	Dec-02	< 50		-	+		< 0.5		2.8
23	Mar-03	< 50		<u> </u>				 	< 2.
24	Jun-03				1	<u> </u>	< 0.5		< 2.
25_	Sep-03		92	2.1	< 0.:				< 5.
26	Dec-03	86	< 100				<0.6		< 5.

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	Sampling	Sampling Location SW-3 (Downstream of Contaminated Groundwater Discharge Location SW-2) State State								
Event	Date	TPHg	TPHd	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Total Xylenes	Total BTEX		
1	May-95	< 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		N/	
2	Aug-95	< 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	<u> </u>	N/	
3	May-96	< 50	74	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		N/	
4	Aug-96	69	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		<u>N/</u>	
5	Dec-96	< 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		N/	
6	Feb-97	< 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		<u>N.</u>	
7	Aug-97	< 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	_	N.	
8	Dec-97	< 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		N	
9	Feb-98	< 50	< 50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5				
10	Sep-98	< 50	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		< 2	
11	Apr-99	< 50	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		< 2	
12	Dec-99	< 50	<50	<u> </u>	< 0.5	< 0.5			< 2	
13	Sep-00	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS		^	
	Jan-01	< 50	<50	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		< 2	
14_	Apr-01	< 50	<50		< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		< 2	
15	Sep-01	NS		+		NS	NS NS			
16 17	Dec-01				< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		< ;	
	Mar-02			+	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5		< :	
18		< 50			-	5 < 0.5	< 0.5		2.4	
19	Jun-02 Sep-02					s N	s NS	<u> </u>	1	
20	Dec-02					5 < 0.	5 < 0.5	-	<u> </u>	
21	Mar-03					5 < <u>0</u> .	5 < 0.5	-	<u> </u>	
22				-		5 < 0.	5 < 0.5	-	<u> </u>	
23	Jun-03		-				s NS	<u> </u>		
24	Sep-03 Dec-03		< 10				.3 < 0.0	5 -	<	
25 26	Mar-04	1				.3 <0	.6 <0.	δ -	<	

NA = Not Analyzed for this Constituent
NS = Not Sampled (no surface water present during sampling event)