CITY OF OAKLAND

M4R 0 9 2007



DALZIEL BUILDING · 250 FRANK H. OGAWA PLAZA, SUITE 5301 · OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA 94612-2034

Public Works Agency Environmental Services FAX (510) 238-7286 TDD (510) 238-7644

March 5, 2001

Mr. Barney Chan Alameda County Environmental Health Services 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway, Suite 250 Alameda, CA 94502-6577

Re: Risk Screening Evaluation and Request For Site Closure

2662 Fruitvale Avenue Oakland, California 94621

Dear Mr. Chan:

The City of Oakland Environmental Services Division is pleased to present this Risk Screening Evaluation for the above-referenced Site. The City anticipates that the soil removal activities described in this report will commence in June 2001. Following completion of soil removal activities, the City will recommend that Alameda County Health Care Services Agency consider the Site for closure. Supplemental groundwater treatment activities are also being considered to improve groundwater quality and to enhance the public perception regarding the environmental disposition at the Site.

If you have questions or require additional information, please contact me at (510) 238-6259.

Sincerely,

Joseph A. Cotton

CIT(Y)OF OAKLAND-Environmental Program Specialist

2662CLOSURERŁQ 03-05-01 Mr. Joseph Cotton City of Oakland -Public Works Agency Environmental Services - Dalziel Building 250 Frank H. Ogawa Plaza, Suite 5301 Oakland CA 94612

Risk Screening Evaluation Re:

> 2662 Fruitvale Avenue Oakland, California 94621

Dear Mr. Cotton:



Cambria Environmental Technology, Inc. (Cambria) is pleased to provide the City of Oakland (City) with this risk screening evaluation for subsurface compounds at the site referenced above (Site). We understand that the Site was previously occupied by a automobile service station and is to be redeveloped for residential use. This evaluation compares soil and groundwater concentrations primarily to risk-based screening levels in the City of Oakland May 17, 1999 Oakland Risk-Based Corrective Action: Technical Background Document. To evaluate lead concentrations in soil, lead concentrations were compared to screening levels in EPA Region 9 Preliminary Remediation Goals. Presented below are a site summary and our risk screening evaluation, conclusions, discussion and recommendations.

SITE SUMMARY

This site summary is based on Cambria's review of the following reports: 1) September 1993 Phase III Soil and Groundwater Investigation by Baseline Environmental Consulting (Baseline), 2) September 1995 Supplemental Groundwater Investigation by Baseline, and 3) January 30, 2001 Results of Semi Annual Groundwater Monitoring by Innovative Technical Solutions, Inc. (ITSI). Previous consultant figures and tables presenting the investigation and analytical data reviewed by Cambria are included as Attachment A.

Oakland, CA San Ramon, CA Sonoma, CA Portland, OR

Cambria Environmental

Technology, Inc.

1144 65th Street Suite B Oakland, CA 94608 Tel (510) 420-0700 Fax (510) 420-9170

Site Location and UST Status: The Site is located on the northeast corner of Fruitvale Avenue and Davis Street in Oakland, California. Cambria understands that an automobile service station occupied the Site from the 1940s until 1978. The underground storage tanks (USTs), including three gasoline USTs and one additional UST (presumably used for waste oil storage), were removed from the Site in 1978. The City of Oakland purchased the property from Texaco in 1983.

Lithology: Vadose zone soils consist primarily of clays. Below approximately 8-10 ft bgs, sands and gravels are encountered. In the north-eastern portion of the site, sands were encountered between 1 and 4 ft bgs in borings MW-F1, F-11, and F-13. The City of Oakland May 17, 1999 Oakland Risk-Based Corrective Action: Technical Background Document provides three general categories for soils within the City of Oakland: Merritt sands, sandy silts, and clayey silts. Based on the boring logs included in the reports reviewed by Cambria and on the site location and regional geology, the site soil type is "clayey silt."



Groundwater Depth and Flow Direction: Depth to groundwater is approximately 8 to 11 ft below ground surface (bgs), and groundwater flows towards the west-southwest with an approximate gradient of 0.02 ft/ft.

Contaminants of Concern: Petroleum hydrocarbons have been detected in onsite and offsite soil and groundwater. The petroleum compounds of concern are benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes (BTEX). Lead has been detected in site soil. Tabulated data from the September 1993 Phase III Soil and Groundwater Investigation Report, the September 1995 Supplemental Groundwater Investigation Report and the January 30, 2001 Results of Semi-Annual Groundwater Monitoring are presented in Attachment A.

Contaminant Distribution: Consistent with leakage from former USTs and subsequent migration via groundwater, petroleum hydrocarbons in soil occur primarily at depths of 8 to 11 ft bgs. Potentially elevated concentrations of lead occur in two shallow soil (0 to 3 ft bgs) locations (F-4 and F-6). In groundwater, petroleum hydrocarbons are primarily located offsite (downgradient) beneath the sidewalk (well MW-F4) and Davis Street (MW-13). During the past year (three semi-annual monitoring events), no petroleum hydrocarbons were detected in onsite groundwater.

RISK SCREENING EVALUATION

For the purposes of this evaluation, Cambria assumes no restrictions on future siting of residential buildings within the Site. Areas not within the footprint of any future building are assumed unpaved. Cambria assumes that site groundwater is not a current or potential future drinking water source. This evaluation uses a 1 meter (3.3 ft) bgs cutoff point between surficial and subsurface soil, consistent with the City of Oakland May 17, 1999 Oakland Risk-Based Corrective Action: Technical Background Document.

Exposure Scenarios: Based on assumed future site use, potential future residential exposure scenarios would include inhalation of onsite indoor and outdoor air, direct dermal contact with surficial soil, and soil ingestion/particulate inhalation.

Risk Screening Levels: Cambria used risk screening levels for BTEX as published by the City of Oakland in its May 17, 1999 Oakland Risk-Based Corrective Action: Technical Background Document. The City of Oakland did not publish a screening level for lead, so we used the EPA Region 9 Preliminary Remediation Goal (PRG) as a screening level. The San Francisco Bay Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB - SFBR) recently published RBSLs for soil and groundwater (August 2000 Application of Risk-Based Screening Levels and Decision Making to Sites with Impacted Soil and Groundwater, Interim Final) that cover the City of Oakland as well as the San Francisco Bay Area. Cambria confirmed with Dr. Roger Brewer of the RWQCB that the RWQCB-SFBR continues to endorse the City of Oakland risk-based screening levels (RBSLs) and site-specific target levels (SSTLs).

Representative Concentrations: Cambria used maximum detected concentrations for BTEX and lead within each onsite medium: surficial soil (0 to 3.3 ft bgs), subsurface soil (>3.3 ft bgs), and groundwater. The surficial and subsurface soil data sets include all analytical results for onsite soil samples in the reports reviewed by Cambria. The groundwater data set includes analytical results for samples collected from onsite monitoring wells during the past year (semi-annual monitoring events conducted on January 21, 2000, June 27, 2000 and December 22, 2000). To be additionally conservative, Cambria also used maximum concentrations for BTEX within soil and groundwater immediately adjacent the site (from offsite boring MW-F4 and offsite wells MW-F4 and MW-13). For offsite groundwater, Cambria used the maximum concentration detected within the past year (year 2000). Maximum hydrocarbon and lead concentrations are presented below in Tables A and B, respectively.

Comparison to Screening Levels: Table A below presents Cambria's comparison of screening levels and the maximum onsite and offsite hydrocarbon concentrations. Since screening levels for inhalation of indoor air are more restrictive than levels for inhalation of outdoor air, Cambria evaluated inhalation exposure to indoor air only. Table B below presents Cambria's comparison for lead concentrations.



Table A - Results of Hydrocarbon Exposure Pathways (Residential)

Based on Onsite and Offsite Concentrations using City of Oakland Tier 2 SSTLs for Clayey Silt

Exposure Scenario	Target Risk Level	SSTL	Maximum Site Concentration	Result
3		Benzene	en i ilandi. Ali andi	
Volatilization from subsurface soil to indoor air	1x10 ⁻⁵	3.3 mg/kg	0.3 mg/kg (onsite) 1.7 mg/kg (offsite)	Potential health risk is below target level.
Volatilization from groundwater to indoor air	1x10 ⁻⁵	1.4 mg/l	<0.005 mg/l (onsite) 0.270 mg/l (offsite)	Potential health risk is below target level.
Ingestion/ Inhalation/ dermal contact with surficial soil	1x10 ⁻⁵	19 mg/kg	<0.2 mg/kg	Potential health risk is below target level.
	V 14 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	Toluene		
Volatilization from subsurface soil to indoor air	1x10 ^{-\$}	1,600 mg/kg	3.7 mg/kg (onsite) 11 mg/kg (offsite)	Potential health risk is below target level.
Volatilization from groundwater to indoor air	1x10 ⁻⁵	>SOL	<0.005 mg/l (onsite) 0.035 mg/l (offsite)	Potential health risk is below target level.
Ingestion/ Inhalation/ dermal contact with surficial soil	1x10 ⁻⁵	7,100 mg/kg	0.75 mg/kg	Potential health risk is below target level.
		Ethylbenze	ne Proposition	
Volatilization from subsurface soil to indoor air	1x10 ⁻⁵	SAT	8.8 mg/kg (onsite) 66 mg/kg (offsite)	Potential health risk is below target level.
Volatilization from groundwater to indoor air	1x10 ⁻⁵	>SOL	<0.005 mg/l (onsite) 1.1 mg/l (offsite)	Potential health risk is below target level.
Ingestion/ Inhalation/ dermal contact with surficial soil	1x10 ⁻⁵	3,900 mg/kg	3.4 mg/kg	Potential health risk is below target level.
		Xylenes		
Volatilization from subsurface soil to indoor air	1x10 ⁻⁵	SAT	17 mg/kg (onsite) 230 mg/kg (offsite)	Potential health risk is below target level.
Volatilization from groundwater to indoor air	1x10 ⁻⁵	>SOL	<0.005 mg/l (onsite) 0.34 mg (offsite)	Potential health risk is below target level.
Ingestion/ Inhalation/ dermal contact with surficial soil	1x10 ⁻⁵	53,000 mg/kg	1.5 mg/kg	Potential health risk is below target level.
SSTL = Site-Specific Target Level SAT = SSTL exceeds saturated so		tion of chemic	ali	



>SOL = SSTL exceeds solubility of chemical in water

NA = Not applicable

Table B - Results of Lead Exposure Pathways (Residential)

Based on Lead Concentrations using EPA Region 9 Preliminary Remediation Goal

Exposure Scenario	Target Risk Level	SSTL	Maximum Site Concentration	Result
		Lead		
Volatilization from subsurface soil to indoor air	1x10 ⁻⁵	NA	NA	NA
Volatilization from groundwater to indoor air	1x10 ⁻⁵	NA	NA	NA
Ingestion/ Inhalation/ dermal contact with surficial soil	1x10 ⁻⁶	400 mg/kg (EPA PRG)	480 mg/kg	Maximum site concentration exceeds SSTL.
SSTL = Site-Specific Target Level NA = Not applicable				



CONCLUSIONS

Petroleum hydrocarbon concentrations in site soil and groundwater do not exceed the site-specific target levels in the Oakland risk-based corrective action guidance document. This suggests that residual hydrocarbons onsite and immediately adjacent to the site do not pose a significant risk to human health. Lead concentrations, however, in one shallow soil sample (480 mg/kg in F4-2' located 2 ft bgs) slightly exceeded the EPA PRG risk screening criteria of 400 mg/kg.

DISCUSSION

Cambria's risk screen evaluation is based primarily on guidance provided by the City of Oakland. During a conversation on February 21, 2001, Mr. Roger Brewer of the RWQCB-SFBR suggested that Cambria use the May 17, 1999 Oakland Risk-Based Corrective Action: Technical Background Document for our risk screening. Dr. Roger Brewer is the author of the RWQCB-SFBR guidelines published in its August 2000 Application of Risk Based Screening Levels and Decision Making to Sites with Impacted Soil and Groundwater.

The Oakland guidance document, like the EPA Region 9 PRG document, does not include risk screen levels for total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH). TPH is a combination of many specific compounds, including compounds like BTEX. Dr. Brewer stated that the TPH risk screening criteria in the RWQCB guidance document are flexible and also reflect nuisance concerns. It is Cambria's opinion that TPH as gasoline (TPHg) concentrations detected in deeper site soil (approximately 10 ft bgs) do not pose a significant human health risk since the BTEX concentrations are below risk screen levels. However, TPHg detected at a concentration of 940 mg/kg (at 2 ft bgs in boring F4), exceeds the TPHg ceiling value of 500 mg/kg, and may pose a potential nuisance. (Ceiling values for TPH in soil and groundwater are recommended to protect against nuisance odors). The detected TPHg in soil has likely partially or fully biodegraded. Residual TPHg could be removed during future site construction grading or foundation preparation. The 940 mg/kg TPHg concentration was detected in the same sample as the lead concentration of concern.



To provide a very conservative risk screening evaluation, Cambria used maximum concentrations in nearby offsite groundwater. A thickness of approximately 0.1 ft of free product has been observed in well MW-13, which is located approximately 40 ft hydraulically downgradient of the site. Free product is limited to offsite well MW-13.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Cambria recommends removal of shallow soil near sample location F4-2', where lead and TPHg were detected. The excavation and removal could be conducted during future site construction grading or foundation preparation. After removal of the shallow lead-bearing and TPHg-bearing soil, additional analyses are recommended to confirm that residual lead concentrations in soil are beneath human health screening levels, and that residual TPHg concentrations are below nuisance concern levels. The City may wish to conduct additional soil sampling for lead and other metals before or during future site development, especially for any unpaved areas.

Mr. Joseph Cotton March 1, 2001

CAMBRIA

CLOSING

Cambria appreciates the opportunity to provide environmental consulting services to the City of Oakland. Please contact Bob Clark-Riddell at (510) 420-3303 if you have any questions or comments.

Sincerely,

Cambria Environmental Technology, Inc.



Robert W. Schultz, R.G.

Project Geologist

Bob Clark-Riddell, P.E.

Principal Engineer

11.\City of Oakland\2662 Fraitvale\Risk Screening2.wpd

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Attachment: A - Soil and Groundwater Data and Figures from Site Investigations

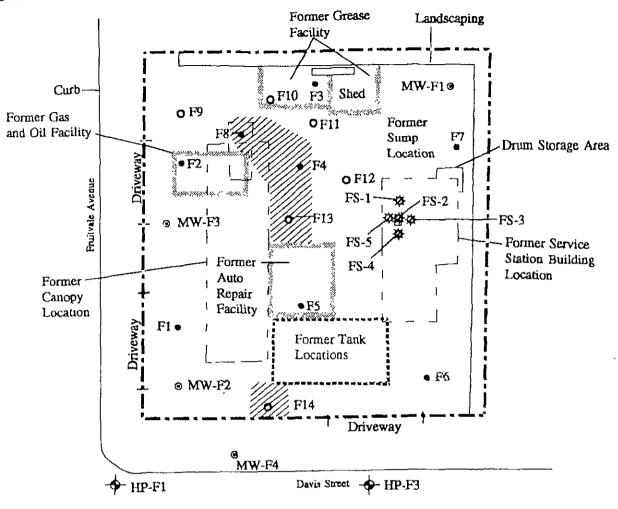
ATTACHMENT A

, V ,

Soil and Groundwater Data from Site Investigations

SITE PLAN

Figure 2



⊚ MW-13



Areas with Elevated TPH Concentrations

HP-F1 ♦

Temporary Well Location

Project Site Boundary

F1 to F8

Soil Boring Location - Phase II

F9 to F14

Soil Boring Location - Phase III

FS-1

♦ Sump Area Boring Location

MW-F2

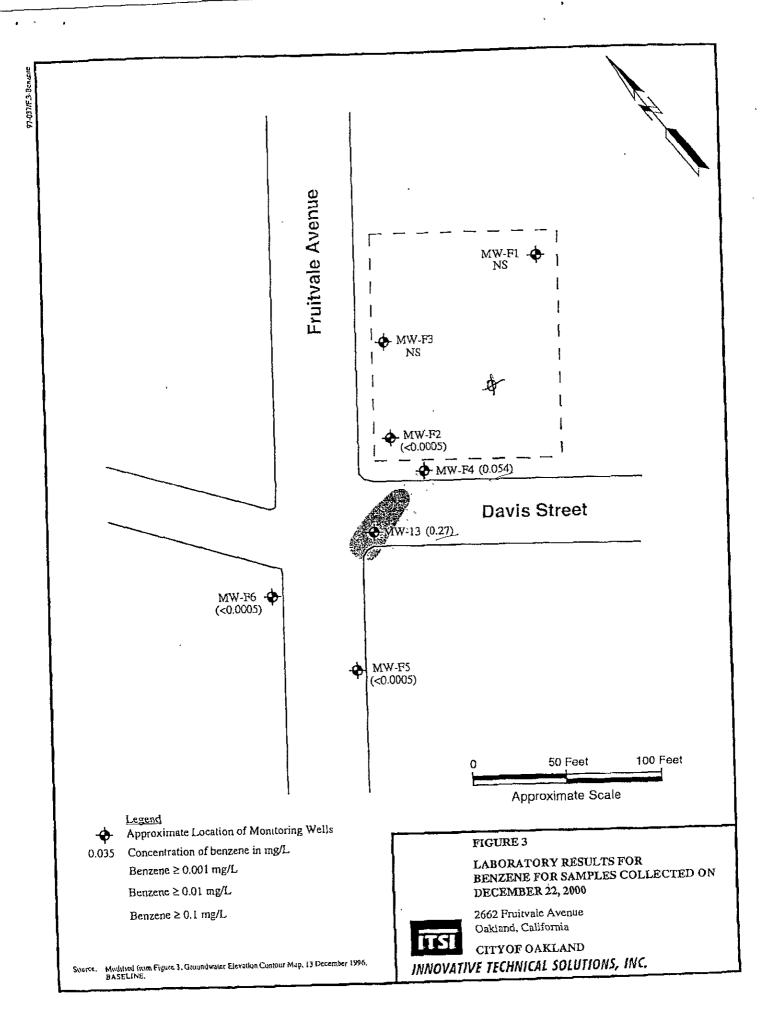
Monitoring Well Location

0 30 Feet

2662 Fruitvale Avenue Oakland, California

0

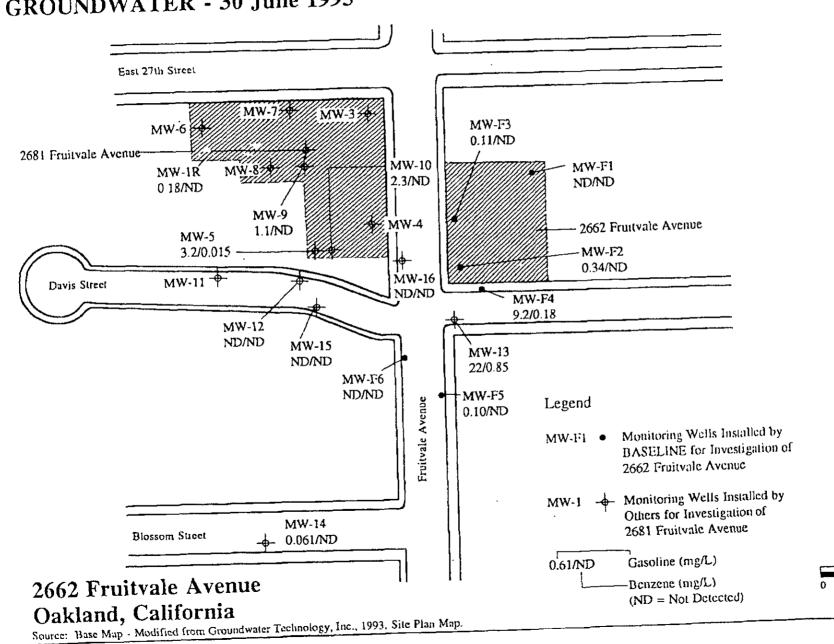
BASELINE

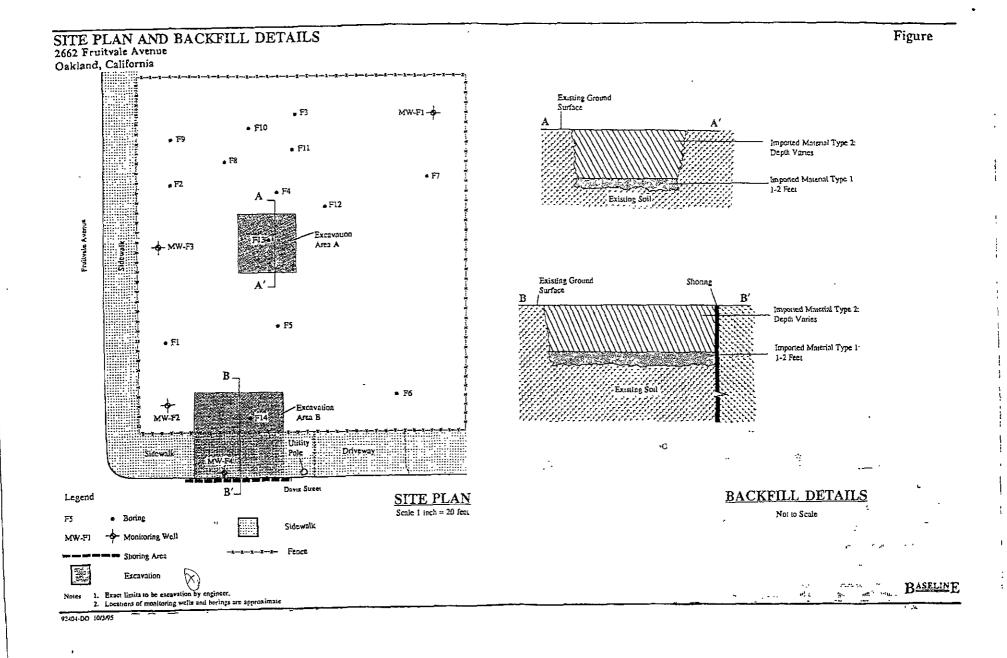


BASELINE

PETROLEUM HYDROCARBON CONCENTRATIONS IN GROUNDWATER - 30 June 1995

Figure 4





14:17 FAX 510 238 7286 02/02/01

TABLE 1 SUMMARY OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS, SOIL 2662 Fruitvale Avenue Oakland, California

(mg/kg, unless indicated)

Sample Location	Sample Date	Depth (feet)	TPH as Gasoline ^t	TPH as Kerosene ¹	TPH as Motor Oil ²	Total/ Nonpolar Oil & Grease ³	Benzene ⁴	Toluene ⁴	Ethyl- benzene ⁴	Xylenes ⁴
		<u></u> _					-0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
oil Borings		-6	<1	<1.0	<10		<0.005	<0.005	0.014	<0.005
1	1-20-93	2.0 ⁵	6	<1.0	<10		<0.005	0.072	0.260	<0.005
•		9.5 ⁵	66	<1.0	<10	_	<0.005	0.072		
		11.05	00				< 0.005	<0 005	<0.005	<0.005
	07	2.05	<1	<1.0	11	- -	< 0.005	< 0.005	<0.005	<0.005
F2	1-21-93	2.0 8.0⁵	1.1	<1.0	<10		٧٥.٥٥٥			
		0.0		<1.0	<10	/<50				
	1-20-93	2.0			14	/300		-		
F3	1-20 75	8.0		<1.0	17		-A 005	<0.005	0.0064	< 0.005
,		-4	3.7 ×	<5.0	940	***	<0.005	<0.005	0.320	< 0.005
F4	1-20-93	2.0^{6}	15	<1.0	<10		< 0.005	C0.005		
		10.05	15		-40	<u>-</u>	< 0.005	<0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005
	-0.03	$2.0^{7,B}$	<1	<1.0	<10	,	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	<0.005
F5	1-20-93	8.0 ^{1,8}	<1	<1.0	<10				<0.005	< 0.005
				<1.0	<10		< 0.005	< 0.005		<0.005
	1-21-93	$2.0^{8.9}$			<10		< 0.005	<0.005	<0.005	~ 0.003
F6	1-21 33	8.06,8	****	<1.0	710		-0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005
				<1.0	13		<0.005	<0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005
F7	1-20-93	$2.0^{7.8}$		<1.0	<10		<0 005	~0.00		
1. 4		8.57,8					<0.005	< 0.005	3.400	17,000
1		2.0 ⁵	220	<1.0	44		<0.005	< 0.005	5.400	<0.003
F8	1-20-93	2.0 8.5 ⁵	810	<1.0	<10				40.005	<0.003
1				ور	<30		< 0.005	< 0.005	<0.005	0.04
}	8-10-93	3.010	<1	<1	<30		< 0.005	<0.005	0.052	0.04
F9	0-10-73	9.5 ¹⁰	10	76	<>0			<0.005	< 0.005	<0.00
]			~ 1	<1	<30	/<50	<0.005		0.073	0.25
F10	8-10-93	3.0 ¹⁰ 10.0 ¹⁰	<1 30	33	<30	/<50	<0.005	<0.005	V.G1J	

02/02/01

Total Nonpolar Ethyl-Oil & TPH as TPH as TPH as benzene4 Xylenes4 Depth Toluene4 Sample Benzene⁴ Motor Oil² Grease³ Sample Kerosene² Gasoline^t (feet) Date Location < 0.005 < 0.005 < 0.005 --/<50 < 0.005 <30 2 <[2.510 0.009 < 0.005 8-10-93 0.012 < 0.005 _/<50 F11 <30 6 10.018 2 < 0.005 < 0 0 0 5 0.007 < 0.005 <30 2 2 2.510 < 0.005 < 0.005 < 0.005 8-10-93 < 0.005 F12 <30 <1 2 9.510 1.5 0.55 0.75 < 0.030 90 12 230 3.0^{10} 8.1 8.8 8-10-93 < 0.200 3.7 F13 <30 650 9.510 1,500 < 0.005 < 0.005 < 0.005 < 0.005 <30 <1 3 010 <1 6.0 5.7 3.1 8-10-93 0.3 F14 <30 10.510 1,600 150 <50/<50 5.5 9-8-94 F-S1 < 0.005 < 0.005 < 0.005 < 0.005 -/1,600650 $6.0^{8,11}$ <1 < 0.005 < 0.005 9-8-94 < 0.005 < 0.005 --/<50 F-S2 <10 <1 11.08,11 <50/<50 5.5 9-8-94 F-S3 <50/<50 4.5 9-8-94 F-S4 --210/200 5.5 9-8-94 F-S5 Monitoring Wells < 0.005 < 0.005 < 0.005 < 0.005 <10 3.0^{10} <1 < 0.005 < 0.005 < 0.005 8-11-93 < 0.005 MW-FI <10 <1 10.010 < 0.005 < 0.005 < 0.005 < 0.005 <30 --<1 <] 3.010 < 0.005 < 0.005 8-10-93 < 0.005 < 0.005 MW-F2 <30 3 12.0^{10} <1 < 0.005 < 0.005 < 0.005 < 0.005 <10 <[3.010 < 0.005 0.077 8-11-93 < 0.015 < 0.015 MW-F3 <10 10.010 33 < 0.005 < 0.005 < 0.005 < 0.005 3713 <30 <1 23012 5.5 6612 1112 9-7-94 1.712 MW-F4 2,10012,13 42013 <300 11.0

Table 1 - Summary of Analytical Results, Soil (continued)

Sample	Sample	Depth	TPH as	TPH as	TPH 2s Motor Oil ²	Total/ Nonpolar Oil & Grease ¹	Benzene ⁴	Toluene ⁴	Ethyl- benzene ⁴	Xylenes ⁴
Location	Date	(feet)	Gasoline	Kerosene ²			<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
MW-F5	4-27-95	5.014	<\ <\				<0.005	< 0.005	<0.005	<0.005
	6.06.05	9.5 5.0	<1	- -			<0.005 <0.005	<0.005 <0.005	<0.005 <0.005	<0.005 <0.005
MW-F6	6-26-95	11.0	<1							

Notes:

<x.x = Compound not identified above detection limits.

x.x = Bold values indicate compound identified above detection limits.

-- = Compound not analyzed.

TPH = Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons.

Sample locations are shown on Figure 2.

Laboratory reports for April and June 1995 samples are included in Appendix D.

TTLC = Total threshold limit concentration.

STLC = Soluble threshold limit concentration.

- ¹ Test Method = DOHS Method/LUFT, EPA 5030/8015.
- ² Test Method = DOHS Method/LUFT, EPA 3550/8015.
- ³ Test Method = SMWW 17:5520EF for total and 5520E&F for nonpolar.
- 4 Test Method = EPA 5030/8020.
- ⁵ Sample also analyzed for lead; lead concentration less than TTLC and less than ten times STLC. Sample also analyzed for lead; lead concentration (480 mg/kg) less than TTLC, and greater than ten times STLC; soluble lead concentration (1.1 mg/L) less than STLC.
- ⁷ Sample also analyzed for Title 26 metals; all metal concentrations less than TTLC and less than ten times STLC.
- ⁸ Sample also analyzed for volatile organic compounds (EPA 8240); no compounds detected above reporting limits.
- ⁹ Sample also analyzed for Title 26 metals; lead concentration (120 mg/kg) less than TTLC, and greater than ten times STLC; soluble lead concentration (0.6 mg/L) less
- ¹⁰Sample also analyzed for halogenated hydrocarbons (EPA 8010); no compounds detected above reporting limits.
- 11 Sample also analyzed for soluble lead; soluble lead not identified above reporting limits.
- ¹²Results obtained past the recommended holding time.
- ¹³Sample chromatogram does not match the pattern of the standard.
- "Unknown compound (0.53 mg/kg) was identified outside the gasoline range, as reported by the laboratory.

TABLE 2 SUMMARY OF ANALYTICAL RESULTS, GROUNDWATER 2662 Fruitvale Avenue Oakland, California (mg/L)

Sample Location	Sample Date	TPH as Gasoline ¹	TPH as Motor Oil ²	Benzene ³	Toluene ³	Ethyl- benzene ³	Xylenes ³
(in in a Walls						_	-0.002
Monitoring Wells		< 0.05	<0.5	< 0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002 <0.0005
MW-FI	08-16-934	<0.05		< 0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	
VI V	06-29-94			<0.0009	< 0.0009	<0.0009	<0.0009
	09-09-94	<0.9		<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005
	12-21-94	<0.05		<0.0005	< 0.0005	< 0.0005	<0.0005
	06-30-95	<0.05		10.0003		-0.007	<0.002
		<0.05	< 0.5	< 0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002
MW-F2	08-16-934	<0.05	~~	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009
****	06-29-94	<0.03 <0.9		< 0.0009	< 0.0009	<0.0009	
	09-09-94			<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005
	12-21-94	0.096		<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.0005
	06-30-95	0.34	- -			< 0.002	< 0.002
	08-16-934	<0.1	<0.5	< 0.002	<0.002		<0.002
MW-F3	•	<0.05		<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009
	06-29-94	<0.9		<0.0009	<0.0009	<0.0009	<0.0005
	09-09-94	0.13		< 0.0005	0.0013	<0.0005	
	12-21-94		**	< 0.0005	< 0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005
	06-30-95	0.11			0.000.00.00.00	0.038/0.033	0.094/0.099
	09-09-94	3.4-3.5		0.029/0.028	0.0030/0.0028	2.3	5.9
MW-F4	12-21-94	37		0.66	<0.1		1.0
		9.2	,	0.18	0.019	0.76	1.0
	06-30-95	7.0		-0.0005	<0.0005	< 0.0005	<0.0005
/	06-30-95	0.10		<0.0005	~0.0005		2 2225
MW-F5		-0.05		< 0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005
MW-F6	06-30-95	< 0.05		-		0.014	0.24
[V] 14 -1 O	10.01.04	3.3		0.33	<0.013	0.024	1.6
MW-13	12-21-94 06-30-95	22		0.85	<0.0005	1.2	1.0

Table 2 - Summary of Analytical Results, Groundwater (continued)

Sample	Sample Date	TPH as Gasoline ¹	TPH as Motor Oil ²	Benzene ³	Toluene ³	Ethyl- benzene ³	Xylenes ³
Location il Borings 5 5 7	1-20-93 1-20-93 1-20-93 1-20-93	13 6.8 <0.05 <0.05	<0.5 <0.5 - <0.5	0.61 0.011 	<0.018 <0.002 	0.83 0.016 	0.046 <0.002
ydropunch IP-Fl IP-F3	9-09-94 9-09-94	26 0.21		0.46 0.0009	0.16 0.0007	1.5 0.0049	4.4 0.02
Wells Monitored by Others ⁷	07.20.05	0.18		<0.0005	<0.0005	0.0026	0.00069
MW-1R	06-30-95 06-30-95	3.2		0.015	<0.005	0.02	0.0073
MW-5	06-30-95	1.1		< 0.002	<0.002	0.041	0.064
MW-9	06-30-95	2.3		<0.005	<0.005	0.013	0.011
MW-10	06-30-95	<0.05		< 0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005 <0.0005
MS-12	06-30-95	0.061		<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005
MW-14	06-30-95	<0.05	~ ~	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005
MW-15	06-30-95	<0.05		<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	C000,02

Notes: <x.x = Compound not identified above reporting limits.

x.x = Bold values indicate compound identified above reporting limits.

x.x/x.x = Analytical testing results for duplicate samples.

-= Compound not analyzed.

TPH = Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons.

Sample locations are shown on Figures 2 and 3.

Laboratory reports for June 1995 groundwater analyses are included in Appendix D.

- Test Method = EPA 5030/8015.
- Test Method = EPA 3510/8015.
- Test Method = EPA 602 or 624.
- Water collected from open boreholes in January 1993.
- Sample also analyzed for Title 26 metals; all metal concentrations less than STLC.
- Sample contained trans-1,3-dichloropropene.
- Samples collected by Blaine Tech Services, Inc. and analyzed by Sequoia Analytical.

Table 2
Summary of Laboratory Results for Groundwater Samples 2662 Fruitvale Avenue Oakland, California

Monitoring Well ID	Date Sampled	TPHg (mg/L)	Benzene (mg/L)	Toluene (mg/L)	Ethyl- benzene (mg/L)	Xylenes (mg/L)	Total Iron (mg/L)	Soluble Iron (mg/L)	Nitrate (mg/L)	Sulfate (mg/L)	Note
2011 721	08/16/93	<0.05	<0 002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	_		-	-	1
MW-FI	~	<0.05	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005		•		•	1
	06/29/94	<0.9	<0.0009	<0.0009	<0.0009	<0.0009		-	,	-	1
-	09/09/94	<0.05	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005		•			1
	12/21/94	<0.05	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	-	-	-		1
	06/30/95	<0.05	<0.0005	<0 0005	<0,0005	< 0.0005	-	•	-		1
	12/29/95			-				<0.10	8.5	38	1
	12/13/96	<0.05	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.1	<0.10	7.7	38	
	06/26/97	<0.05	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.90	<0.10	11	38	
	03/11/98		<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.10	<0.10	7.1	38	
	12/11/98	<0.05	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.10	<0.10	30	35	
	06/29/99	<0.05			of semi-ann						
MW-F2	08/16/93	<0.05	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	~	-	-		1
MAAZ	06/29/94	<0.05	<0.0005	<0 0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	-		-		1
	09/09/94	<0.9	<0 0009	<0.0009	<0.0009	<0.0009	-	-		-	1
	12/21/94	0.096	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	-				1
	06/30/95	0.34	<0.0005	< 0.0005	<0.0005	0.0005	-				1
	12/29/95	<0.05	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	-		-		1
	06/27/96	0.064	0.0012	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	-				1
	12/13/96	0.06	< 0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	•	0.24	0.20	8	1
	06/26/97	<0.05	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.1	<0.10	< 0.05	7.4	
	03/11/98	0.20	0.00088	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	4.8	0.18	<0.05	7.1	
	12/11/98		<0 0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.25	<0.10	<0.05	7.8	
	06/29/99		< 0.0005	<0 0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.10	<0.10	<1.0	<1.0	
	01/21/00		< 0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.10	<0.10	<0.2	9	
	06/27/00		< 0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	53	<0.10	0.1>	2	
	12/22/00		<0.0005	<0.0005	<0 0005	<0.0005	< 0.10	<0.10	<1.0	9.9	
MW-F3	08/16/93		< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002	< 0.002	•	-	-		
107 41 -7 >	06/29/94		<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005	-	•	-		
	09/09/94		<0.0009	<0.0009	<0.0009	< 0.0009	-	-	-		
	12/21/94		<0.0005	0.0013	<0.0005	<0 0005	-	-		-	
	06/30/95		<0.0005	< 0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0005		-	_	<u>.</u>	
	12/29/95		0.0008	<0.0005	0.0012	0.0007	-	-		-	
	06/27/90			<0.0005	<0.0005	<0 0005	-	-			
	12/13/90		<0.0005	<0.0005		<0 0005		0.11	0.69	23	
	6/26/97		<0.0005	<0.0005		<0 0005	0.46	0.16	0.70	23	
	3/11/98		<0.0005	<0.0003		<0.0005	0.11	0.20	2.5	28	
	12/11/91		<0.0005	<0.0005		<0.0005	0.31	0.12	0.97	30	
	6/29/99			<0.0005		<0.0005	<0.10	<0.10	3	38	

Table 2 (Continued)

Summary of Laboratory Results for Groundwater Samples 2662 Fruitvale Avenue Oakland, California

Monitoring Well ID	Date Sampled	TPHg (mg/L)	Benzene (mg/L)	Toluene (mg/L)	Ethyl- benzene (mg/L)	Xylenes (mg/L)	Total Iron (mg/L)	Soluble Iron (mg/L)	Nitrate (mg/L)	Sulfate (mg/L)	Note
	00.00.01	3.5	0.029	0.003	0.038	0.059	-	-	-	-	1
MW-F4	09/9/94*	3.5	0.66	28	2.3	5.9	-	•	-	-	1
	12/21/94		0.18	<0.1	0.76	1.0	-	-	-	•	1
	06/30/95	9,2	1923	0.019	43.	5.8		-	-	-	1
	12/29/95	38	0.61	0.14	0.52	0.29	-		-	-	1
	06/27/96	6.2	-0,39	0.05	32	3.7	-	6.6	<0.05	<2	1
	12/13/96	27	0.16	0.018	0.71	0.32	2.4	3.1	<0.05	0.2	
	06/26/97	6.2	1 - 1 - 1 - 10	0.03	1073	08.0	1.2	3.0	<0.05	<0.1	
	03/11/98	9.5	0.062	0.051	2.0.5	0.62	5.7	5.9	<0.05	1.5	
	12/11/98	12	0.34	0.031	72.1.8/28	0.30	0.93	0.90	<1.0	9	
	06/29/99	10	0.033	<0.032	10:2	0.25	13	2.7	<0.2	<1.0	
	01/21/00	7.9	0.03	<0.025	9611		160	<0.10	<1.0	<1.0	
	06/27/00	10	0.011	0.0018	0.12	0.069	0.24	<0.10	2.1	38	
	10/6/00	3	0.039	0.016	1 0.84	0.30	0.14	<0.10	<1.0	13	
-	11/13/00	3.9	The state of the s	0.0096	V 0.85	·	0.32	0.17	<1.0	11	
	12/22/00	4.7	秋0.054%		SPACE N. Wallen State State	<0.0005					1
MW-F5	06/30/95	0.10	<0.0005	<0.0005		0.0007					1
	12/29/95	<0.05	<0.0005	<0.0005		<0.0007				•	1
	06/27/96	<0.05	<0.0005	<0.0005		<0 0005	<0.10	<0.10	6.6	45	1
	12/13/96	<0.05	< 0.0005	<0.0005		0.0042	0.21	<0.1	6.1	45	
	06/26/97	<0 05	N-42 /2 7 - 2 - 2 - 4 - 2 - 4 - 2 - 4 - 2 - 4 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 2 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3			<0.0042	<0.10	<0.10	6.1	45	_*
	03/11/98	<0.05		<0.0003		<0.0005	0.58	0.19	6.0	41	····
	12/11/98	<0.05		<0.000		<0.0005	<0.10	<0.10	23	50	······
	06/29/99	<0.05		<0.000		<0.0005	0.14	<0.10	5.2	42	
	01/21/00	<0.05		<0.000		<0.0005	60	<0.10	20	37	
	06/27/00			<0.000	· · ·	<0.0005	< 0.10	<0.10	23	56	
	12/22/00			<0.000			CO.10	40.10			1
MW-F6	06/30/95			<0.000		<0.0005			<u>-</u> _		
	12/29/95			<0.000		<0.0005					
	06/27/96	<0.05	< 0 0005	<0.000		<0.0005		-0.10	0.44	39	
	12/13/96	<0.05		<0.000			-	<0.10	<0.05	47	
	06/26/97	<0.0		<0 000			0.22	0.18	0.14		
	03/11/98	<0.0		<0.000			<0.10	<0.10	0.14	43	
	12/11/98	<0.0	s <0.0005	<0.000			0.24	0.11		54	
	06/29/99	0.0>	5 <0.0005	<0 000			<0.10	0.93	<1.0		
	01/21/00	0.0>	5 <0.0005	<0.000			0.11	<0.10	0.5	42	
	06/27/00	0.0>	5 <0 0005	<0.000			10	<0.10	<1.0		
	12/22/00	0.0>	5 <0.0005	<0.000	0.000	<0.0005	0.29	0.15	1.1	61	