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# SITE CONCEPTUAL MODEL

CHIU PROPERTY 800 FRANKLIN STREET OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

FUEL LEAK CASE NO. RO0000196

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# TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0	INTRODU	UCTION	1
2.0	PROJECT 2.1	BACKGROUND SITE LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION	
	2.1	SITE HISTORY	
	2.2	REGIONAL GEOLOGY AND HYDROGEOLOGY	
	2.3	LOCAL GEOLOGY AND HYDROGEOLOGY	
	2.4 2.5	PREVIOUS ACTIVITIES AND INVESTIGATIONS	
3.0		OF CONTAMINATION	
4.0	SITE CHA	ARACTERIZATION	
	4.1	SOIL DEFINITION STATUS	
	4.2	GROUNDWATER DEFINITION STATUS	
	4.3	PLUME STABILITY AND CONCENTRATION TRENDS	9
	4.4	SOIL GAS DEFINITION STATUS	9
5.0	REMEDIA	ATION STATUS	9
6.0	WELL AN	ND SENSITIVE RECEPTOR SURVEY	9
	6.1	DESIGNATED BENEFICIAL GROUNDWATER USE	
	6.2	SHALLOW GROUNDWATER USE	
	6.3	DEEP GROUNDWATER USE	
	6.4	WELL AND SURFACE WATER SURVEY	
	6.5	PREFERENTIAL FLOW PATHS	
	6.6	LIKELIHOOD OF IMPACT TO WELLS	
	6.7	LIKELIHOOD OF IMPACT TO SURFACE WATER	
7.0			11
7.0		ESSMENT	
	7.1	SITE CONCEPTUAL EXPOSURE MODEL	
	7.2	EXPOSURE PATHWAYS	
	7.3	HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT	
	7.4	IDENTIFIED HUMAN EXCEEDANCES	
	7.5	IDENTIFIED ECOLOGICAL EXEEDANCES	13
8.0	DATA GA	APS	13
9.0	RECOMN	IENDATIONS	13
10.0	REFEREN	JCES	14

### LIST OF FIGURES (Following Text)

- FIGURE 1 VICINITY MAP
- FIGURE 2 SITE MAP
- FIGURE 3 SOIL ANALYTICAL SUMMARY MAP
- FIGURE 4 TPHg IN SOIL, ISOCONCENTRATION MAP
- FIGURE 5 BENZENE IN SOIL ISOCONCENTRATION MAP
- FIGURE 6 GROUNDWATER ELEVATION AND CONCENTRATION MAP
- FIGURE 7 DISSOLVED PHASE TPHg, ISOCONCENTRATION MAP
- FIGURE 8 DISSOLVED PHASE BENZENE, ISOCONCENTRATION MAP
- FIGURE 9 HYDROGEOLOGIC CROSS SECTION A-A'
- FIGURE 10 HYDROGEOLOGIC CROSS SECTION B-B'
- FIGURE 11 BENZENE IN SOIL GAS SUMMARY MAP

#### LIST OF TABLES (Following Text)

- TABLE 1SOIL ANALYTICAL DATA
- TABLE 2GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL AND ELEVATION DATA -<br/>PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS
- TABLE 3SOIL VAPOR ANALYTICAL DATA

#### LIST OF APPENDICES

- APPENDIX A REGULATORY AGENCY CORRESPONDENCE
- APPENDIX B WELL CONSTRUCTION DETAILS AND SOIL BORING LOGS
- APPENDIX C TPHg & BENZENE CONCENTRATION TREND ANALYSIS GRAPHS

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

On behalf of our client, Mr. Tommy Chiu, Conestoga-Rovers & Associates, Inc. (CRA) has prepared the following *Site Conceptual Model* (SCM) for the site located at 800 Franklin Street, Oakland, California. Initially, a Feasibility Study and Corrective Action Plan (FS/CAP) was requested by the lead agency for the project, (Alameda County Environmental Health - ACEH), in a letter dated March 4, 2010. Following a preliminary review of the site history and data, CRA determined and recommended preparation of a SCM to identify and address the site data gaps before preparing a FS/CAP report. In an e-mail dated June 1, 2010, ACEH approved the preparation of a SCM report. The site is referenced by ACEH as Fuel Leak Case No. RO0000196. Mr. Jerry Wickham is the ACEH Case Manager. A copy of the regulatory agency correspondence is provided in Appendix A.

The SCM provides a description of the project background, source and distribution of contaminants, and the relationship between the source area, exposure pathways, and potential receptors, as well as identifies data gaps, and provides recommendations. This SCM should be considered an evergreen document that will be updated and refined as new data becomes available.

### 2.0 PROJECT BACKGROUND

### 2.1 <u>SITE LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION</u>

The site is located in a commercial area, at the eastern corner of the intersection of 8th and Franklin Streets in Oakland, California (Figure 1). It is set at an elevation of approximately 35 feet above mean sea level (msl). The site presently has a two-story commercial building that occupies the entire lot (Figure 2). Retail stores currently operate on the ground floor: Cathay Chinese Herb Company, Pacific Seafood Inc., Kim Van Jewelry, and Phoung Jewelry. Commercial offices currently operate on the second floor: Express Tax Service, Trident Financial, Mekong Reality & Mortgage Inc., and Evergreen Travel. The site is bound by commercial properties to the northeast and southeast, 8<sup>th</sup> Street to the southwest, and Franklin Street to the northwest.

# 2.2 <u>SITE HISTORY</u>

Prior to 1989 the site operated as a gasoline service station. Previous investigations indicate that five underground storage tanks (USTs) previously existed on site. Four of five former USTs consisted of two 6,000-gallon gasoline USTs, one 550-gallon waste oil, and one 1,000-gallon solvent UST. The four USTs were installed circa 1970 (MES, 1989a) and subsequently removed in 1989. The 6,000-gallon USTs were formerly located in the northwest portion of the site, and the 550-gallon and 1,000-gallon USTs were formerly located underneath the sidewalk along 8th Street on the south side of the site. The fifth former UST is presumed to have been located on the eastern portion of the site and removed prior to 1988; however, no documentation has been discovered regarding the size, former contents, and removal of the UST.

# 2.3 <u>REGIONAL GEOLOGY AND HYDROGEOLOGY</u>

The site is located within the Coast Range geomorphic province of California. In general, the Coast Range province consists of Jurassic eugeosynclinal basement rocks and Cretaceous and Cenozoic sedimentary and volcanic rocks that have been faulted and folded with a northwest-southeast trend. The site lies within the East Bay Plain Subbasin. Sediments beneath the site consist of coalescing alluvial deposits from the Oakland-Berkeley Hills. According to the United States Geologic Survey (USGS) Professional Paper 943, the site is located on quaternary age alluvial deposits consisting of medium-grained, unconsolidated, moderately sorted, and permeable, fine sand, silt, and clayey silt with thin beds of coarse sand.

The site is located in the East Bay Plain Subbasin, Groundwater Basin No. 2-9.04 (DWR 2003). The East Bay Plain Subbasin is a northwest trending alluvial basin, bounded on the north by San Pablo Bay, on the east by the contact with Franciscan basement rock, and on the south by the Nile Cone Groundwater Basin. The East Bay Plain Subbasin extends beneath the San Francisco Bay to the west. The East Bay Plain Subbasin aquifer system consists of unconsolidated sediments of Quaternary age. Throughout most of the East Bay Plain in the region of the site, groundwater flows from east to west, towards San Francisco Bay and typically correlates with the site topography.

From 1860 to 1930 groundwater from the East Bay Plain was the major water supply of the East Bay, before Sierra water was imported into the area. By the late 1920's the groundwater supply was too small to meet the growing population and the wells often became contaminated by seepage or saltwater intrusion. By 1929, East Bay Municipal Utility District (EBMUD) provided imported water to East Bay communities via the Mokelumne Aqueduct. This high-quality, reliable supply soon eliminated the need for local groundwater wells. In 1996, the Regional Board reviewed General Plans for Oakland and other communities. They found that Oakland did not have any plans to develop local groundwater resources for drinking water, due to existing or potential saltwater intrusion, contamination, or poor or limited quality (Regional Board 1999).

# 2.4 LOCAL GEOLOGY AND HYDROGEOLOGY

Based on previous subsurface investigations, subsurface soil beneath the site consists of fine to medium-grained sand and silty sand to approximately 36 feet. Some sand-clay mixtures were encountered in boring B-4 (Frank Lee & Associates) on the western portion of the site from 2 to 6 feet below ground surface (feet bgs), and northwest of the site from 15 to 18 feet bgs in boring MW-6. Geotechnical soil boring logs obtained from nearby Bay Area Rapid Transit District (BART) identified fine to medium-grained sand to 40 feet bgs underlain by a low permeability, hard, silty clay from approximately 40 to 70 feet bgs.

An unconfined water-bearing zone is present beneath the site at 20 feet bgs and is approximately 20 feet thick. Since 1989, the groundwater table has fluctuated approximately 4 feet from approximately 20 to 24 feet bgs. Groundwater beneath the site flows predominantly towards the northwest. The observed flow direction may be influenced by BART tunnels, which run east-west and vary in depth from approximately 27 to 32 feet bgs beneath 8th Street and Franklin Street, and/or by potential groundwater pumping from the BART pump station no. 2 approximately 550 feet to the southwest of the site.

# 2.5 <u>PREVIOUS ACTIVITIES AND INVESTIGATIONS</u>

Several phases of soil and groundwater assessments have been conducted at the site since the USTs were removed in 1989. Boring and well locations are presented on Figure 2.

*May 1988:* Frank Lee & Associates performed a geotechnical investigation for the subject site. The purpose of this investigation was to determine the strength characteristics of the soil as a basis for making site grading and foundation design

recommendations for a proposed three-story commercial building. Soil beneath the site was observed to consist of generally moist, medium dense, fine-grained silty sand to the total explored depth of 28.5 feet bgs. Tank backfill soil was observed to approximately 15.5 feet bgs in B-3 and to a minimum depth of 6 feet bgs in B-4. Frank Lee & Associates recommended excavating the then existing surficial material "to a minimum depth of 2 feet and re-compact before placement of engineered fill or construction." Soil samples were collected from 1 to 4 feet bgs for analysis for volatile organic compounds (VOCs); low to medium boiling point hydrocarbons; benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylenes (BTEX); and total oil and grease (TOG). None of these analytes were detected above laboratory detection limits (Frank Lee & Associates, 1988). Soil analytical data is summarized in Table 1. See Appendix B for copies of the boring logs.

*August* 1988: LW Environmental Services, Inc. performed a soil investigation. Gasoline hydrocarbon concentrations were detected in the vicinity of the then existing USTs (MEC, 1989b).

*June 1989:* The Robert J. Miller Company removed four USTs: two 6,000-gallon gasoline tanks, one 550-gallon waste-oil tank, and one 1,000-gallon solvent tank. The Traverse Group Inc. (TGI) collected soil samples from beneath each tank and visually inspected the condition of each tank upon removal. No obvious pitting or corrosion was reported. The two gasoline USTs were removed from one excavation area in the northwestern corner of the site. The waste-oil and solvent USTs were removed from one excavation area in the sidewalk south of the site, along 8<sup>th</sup> Street. Approximately 10 cubic yards of soil was deemed contaminated by TGI and stockpiled on site. Soil that TGI determined to be clean or only slightly impacted was stockpiled on site. Soil samples from the excavations and stockpiles were analyzed for total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) as gasoline (TPHg), as diesel (TPHd), as waste oil (TPHwo), and BTEX. Additionally, samples from the waste oil and solvent UST's excavation were analyzed for purgeable organics and semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs). High levels of fuel hydrocarbon contamination were detected in the northeast corner of the northeastern excavation and in the waste oil/solvent UST's excavation (MEC, 1989c).

*September – October 1989:* Miller Environmental Company (MEC) performed a preliminary investigation to determine whether fuel detected in soil during UST excavation activities impacted groundwater. Two excavation pits were re-excavated to approximately 15 feet bgs and approximately 25 cubic yards of additional contaminated soil was removed. Confirmation soil samples were collected from the overexcavation sidewalls and bottoms. The highest levels detected in the northwestern overexcavated pit were 2.3 mg/kg TPHg, 80 mg/kg TPHwo, 0.05 mg/kg toluene, and 0.14 mg/kg

TPHd, benzene, and ethylbenzene were not detected above laboratory xylenes. detection limits in samples collected from the northwestern pit. The highest levels detected in the waste oil/solvent overexcavated pit were 10,000 mg/kg TPHg, 250 mg/kg TPHd, 400 mg/kg TPHwo, 50 mg/kg benzene, 210 mg/kg toluene, 54 mg/kg ethylbenzene, and 270 mg/kg xylenes. Further overexcavation in the waste oil/solvent pit was not possible due to the proximity of 8<sup>th</sup> Street and interfering utilities along the southern edge of this excavation. An estimated 32 cubic yards of contaminated soil was hauled to a Class I disposal facility. The northwestern pit was backfilled with a combination of clean fill and re-used "uncontaminated soil" from the initial excavation of the two gasoline USTs. This re-used fill was intended to be temporary and to be removed when construction took place on the property. The waste oil/solvent pit was backfilled with clean fill. In addition, three monitoring wells (MW-1, MW-2, and MW-3) were installed as part of this investigation. Analytical results from these borings and wells indicated soil and groundwater from boring MW-1 was not impacted by hydrocarbons. Impacted soil was detected in offsite borings MW-2 and MW-3, between 20 to 25 feet bgs. Groundwater was first encountered in all boreholes at approximately 25 feet bgs. The groundwater gradient and flow direction were calculated to be 0.006 feet per foot and to the west-northwest, respectively.

*Early 1991:* Construction of the existing building on site began in early 1991. It is reported that the ACEH concurred with MEC's conclusion that soil excavation in the 6,000-gallon UST pit was successful in removing all but minor residual hydrocarbon contamination. As a result no objections were raised to construction activities on site. Monitoring well MW-1 was preserved in the construction process and remains accessible inside the building (MEC, 1992).

*September – October 1991:* MEC conducted a subsurface investigation to further define the lateral extent of offsite hydrocarbon contamination. On September 11, 1991, one borehole (B-1) was advanced and soil samples were collected. On October 2 and 3, 1991, three boreholes (B-2, MW-4, and MW-5) were advanced, soil samples were collected, and two monitoring wells were constructed. Groundwater was first encountered in all boreholes at approximately 25 feet bgs. No hydrocarbons were detected in soil samples collected to a depth of 20 feet bgs. However, soil samples from 25 feet bgs in boreholes B-1 and B-2 detected TPHg, Total Recoverable Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TRPH), TPHd, and toluene (Table 1). On October 31, 1992, groundwater was sampled from wells MW-1 through MW-5. Approximately 1/8 inch of floating product was observed in well MW-2. Groundwater analytical results indicated very low to moderate concentrations of TPHg, TPHd, BTEX, and 1,2-dichloroethane (1,2-DCA) in monitoring wells MW-1, MW-2, and MW-3. No TOG were detected above laboratory detection

limits in any of the wells. Also detected in well MW-3 were 1,2-dichloropropane at 0.0007 parts per million (ppm) and 1,1,1-trichoroethane (1,1,1-TCE) at 0.0014 ppm. No hydrocarbons were detected in groundwater from off site wells MW-4 and MW-5. However, very low levels of chloroform were detected in off site wells MW-4 and MW-5. See Table 2 for historic groundwater analytical results.

*May* 1997: On May 15, 1997, Associated Terra Consultants, Inc. (ATC) installed monitoring well MW-6. Soil samples were collected and analyzed. Soil samples had detectable concentrations of TPHd, BTEX, and methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE). TPHd was detected in soil at 10 feet bgs. BTEX were detected in soil at 25 feet bgs. MTBE was detected in soil at 30 feet bgs. See Table 1 for soil analytical results. Groundwater was first encountered at approximately 22.5 feet bgs. Boring logs are included in Appendix B. On May 21, 1997 ATC performed groundwater monitoring and sampling activities for all six of the site's monitoring wells.

*November-December 2006:* On November 17, 2006, Cambria Environmental Technology, Inc. (Cambria) installed soil vapor probes VP-1 and VP-2 in the city sidewalk along Franklin and 8<sup>th</sup> Streets. Soil samples were collected from each soil vapor probe location at approximately 5 feet bgs. Soil samples were analyzed for TPHg, TPHd, and TPHmo by EPA Method 8015C; BTEX and MTBE by EPA Method 8021 B; and 1,2-DCA and chloroform by EPA Method 8260. Low levels of TPHd and TPHmo concentrations were detected in soil sample VP-1.5.5 at 4.0 and 6.9 mg/kg, respectively. Based on these results, Cambria concluded the upper 5.5 feet of soil at locations VP-1 and VP-2 has little to no hydrocarbon impact.

On December 28, 2006, Cambria returned to the site to collect vapor samples from VP-1 and VP-2. The samples were analyzed, in accordance with the approved July 24, 2006 Work Plan, for benzene and tracer compounds isobutene, butane, and propane by modified EPA method TO-15. No concentrations of benzene, and the tracer compounds were detected.

*January-February* 2007: Since 2004, monitoring well MW-3 has been filled with debris and inaccessible. ACEH requested that this well be decommissioned and rebuilt. On January 29, 2007, Cambria destroyed well MW-3 by pressure grouting. To replace MW-3, Cambria returned to the site on February 8, 2007 to install well MW-3A. This work was performed in accordance with the approved July 24, 2006 *Work Plan.* On July 25, 2007, CRA collected a second round of vapor samples from soil vapor wells VP-1 and VP-2. Each sample was analyzed by EPA Method TO-15 GC/MS for benzene and the full VOC target list. No concentrations of benzene or tracer compounds were

detected. The only chemicals detected were 2-butanone (Methyl Ethyl Ketone), 2,2,4-Trimethylpentane, Freon 12, Acetone, and Tetrachloroethane. Detections did not exceed Regional Water Quality Control Board – San Francisco Bay Region Environmental Screening Levels (ESLs) for any of the chemicals with an established ESL.

*Groundwater Monitoring:* Groundwater monitoring was conducted from October 1989 through at least 2000 and then again on a quarterly basis between September 2004 and October 2006. It is known that several documents were prepared but are missing from the client, CRA, and ACEH's files. Therefore, the entire historic monitoring and sampling frequency is currently unknown and some data is likely missing. Groundwater is currently monitored on a semi-annual basis.

# 3.0 SOURCE OF CONTAMINATION

The primary chemicals of concern at the site are TPHg, benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes in groundwater and soil. The contamination originated from the former gasoline USTs located in the northwest portion of the site and the former USTs located in the sidewalk along 8th Street. According to historical reports, the former USTs located in the sidewalk along 8th Street were used for storing waste oil and solvents. However, soil analytical data from this UST pit suggests that gasoline was likely stored and/or released from the former 1,000-gallon tank.

Low levels of TPHd concentrations were also detected in soil and groundwater. However, none of the USTs were recorded to store diesel. Therefore, TPHd concentrations are most likely related to gasoline constituents that elude within the TPHd laboratory method quantification range. Quarterly monitoring laboratory analytical notes consistently report that only gasoline-range compounds are significant, which supports this determination.

# 4.0 <u>SITE CHARACTERIZATION</u>

# 4.1 <u>SOIL DEFINITION STATUS</u>

Soil samples have been collected from a total of six soil borings; six groundwater monitoring well locations and two vapor probes located on and off the site. Of the six soil borings, four of them (B-1 through B-4; Frank Lee & Associates) were drilled mainly

for geotechnical reasons and therefore soil samples were only collected from 1 to 4 feet bgs for VOC analysis. No VOCs were detected in any of the samples.

Petroleum hydrocarbons have been detected at depths ranging from 21 to 26 feet bgs under the sidewalk and street west-northwest of the former 6,000-gallon gasoline USTs and also in the vicinity of the former 550-gallon and 1,000-gallon USTs located in the sidewalk along 8th Street. TPHg concentrations range from 120 to 2,200 milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg) in the vicinity of the two former 6,000-gallon USTs and range from 1,900 to 10,000 mg/kg in the vicinity of the former 550-gallon and 1,000-gallon USTs.

Hydrocarbon-impacted soil in the vicinity of the former 6,000-gallon USTs appears to extend offsite beneath the sidewalk and Franklin Street to the northwest. Hydrocarbon-impacted soil in the vicinity of the former 550-gallon and 1,000-gallon USTs appears to extend offsite beneath the sidewalk and 8th Street to the southwest and south. The extent of hydrocarbon-impacted soil is not fully defined laterally and also vertically below groundwater, beyond 26 ft bgs. Soil analytical data is presented on Table 1. Figures 3, 4, and 5 summarize soil analytical data and iso-concentrations for TPHg and benzene, respectively.

### 4.2 <u>GROUNDWATER DEFINITION STATUS</u>

Groundwater at the site has been characterized by periodic sampling of six monitoring wells. Depth to groundwater ranges from approximately 20 to 25 feet bgs in all six monitoring wells. During the March 19, 2010 sampling event, TPHg concentrations in monitoring wells MW-2, MW-3A, and MW-6 were 30,000, 16,000, and 8,900 micrograms per liter  $(\mu g/L)$ , respectively. Elevated concentrations of TPHg and benzene in groundwater appear to form a comingled plume that extends from the two former UST source areas towards well MW-6. The elongated plume shape is consistent with the localized groundwater flow direction (Figure 6). The downgradient extent of hydrocarbon plume is undefined however concrete-lined BART tunnels in the immediate vicinity may be acting as a potential barrier to plume migration. Installation records indicate that the top of the BART tunnels ranges from approximately 27 to 32 feet bgs under 8th and Franklin Street. However, further downgradient of the site, the BART tunnels may rise to the same elevation as the groundwater table. The hydrocarbon plume appears to be adequately defined in all directions except to the northwest. Figures 7 and 8 present iso-concentrations for TPHg and benzene in groundwater, respectively.

### 4.3 PLUME STABILITY AND CONCENTRATION TRENDS

Trend analysis indicates that the dissolved-phase hydrocarbon concentration trends in MW-2 and MW-3/3A are flat. Dissolved-phase hydrocarbon concentrations in down-gradient well MW-6 are highly variable and no trend is readily observed. Benzene concentrations in MW-6 rose to a historical high during the March 2010 sampling event; however, there is insufficient data to confirm a rising trend at this time. The groundwater plume generally appears to be stable although further monitoring of the down-gradient edge of the plume is necessary. Trend analysis graphs of TPHg and benzene in MW-2, MW-3/3A and MW-6 are presented in Appendix C.

# 4.4 SOIL GAS DEFINITION STATUS

Two rounds of soil gas samples were collected at a depth of approximately 5 feet bgs from soil vapor probes VP-1 and VP-2 located adjacent to the former UST source areas. No concentrations were detected above regulatory screening levels. Soil gas results are presented on Table 3 and summarized on Figure 11.

### 5.0 <u>REMEDIATION STATUS</u>

All USTs and impacted tank backfill have been removed from the site. An additional 25 cubic yards of hydrocarbon-impacted soil was removed from the former 6,000-gallon UST pit.

# 6.0 WELL AND SENSITIVE RECEPTOR SURVEY

### 6.1 <u>DESIGNATED BENEFICIAL GROUNDWATER USE</u>

The site lies within the East Bay Plain Sub-basin 2-9.04. In general, groundwater in this basin has been designated beneficial for municipal and domestic water supply, industrial process and service water supply, and agricultural water supply, however due to existing or potential saltwater intrusion, contamination, or poor or limited quality, Oakland has no plans to use shallow groundwater for drinking water. All drinking water for the City of Oakland is imported from Sierra aqueducts. Therefore, the groundwater beneath the site should be considered as a non-drinking water resource.

### 6.2 <u>SHALLOW GROUNDWATER USE</u>

The shallow groundwater beneath the site is not currently being used.

# 6.3 <u>DEEP GROUNDWATER USE</u>

No current uses of deep groundwater have been identified.

# 6.4 WELL AND SURFACE WATER SURVEY

A well survey has not been completed for the site. However, a well survey has been completed for a neighboring site - 726 Harrison Street located approximately 750 feet to the southeast. An area well study was conducted for 726 Harrison Street by Aqua Science Engineers (ASE) to locate water wells within a 2000-foot radius of the site and is referenced in their December 6, 2007 *Subsurface Utility Study, Area Well Study, and Work Plan for Additional Soil and Groundwater Assessment*. ASE reported a total of 166 wells within the study area, of which only one was identified as a domestic well. The domestic well is located at 125 12<sup>th</sup> Street (upgradient of the site) and was reportedly not likely to be used for domestic drinking water. A copy of ASE's *Subsurface Utility Study, Area Well Study, and Work Plan for Additional Soil and Groundwater Assessment* report can be viewed at the State Geotracker website.

The nearest surface water bodies to the site are Oakland Inner Harbor located 2,500 feet to the southwest and Lake Merritt approximately 3,000 feet to the east.

# 6.5 PREFERENTIAL FLOW PATHS

During previous investigations, shallow subsurface utilities less than 7 feet bgs were identified in the vicinity of the site, beneath the sidewalk. Due to the depth to groundwater (20 feet bgs), subsurface utilities are not likely to be acting as preferential pathways for hydrocarbon plume migration. Due to the depth to residual impacted soil (20 feet bgs) and favorable soil gas sample results, subsurface utilities are not likely to be acting as preferential pathways for soil gas migration.

# 6.6 <u>LIKELIHOOD OF IMPACT TO WELLS</u>

Since Oakland does not use groundwater for drinking water purposes, there is no likelihood of impact to a municipal supply well. Only one domestic well was identified within approximately ½-mile east of the site. Based on the intervening distance to the domestic well and the northwest groundwater flow direction, the likelihood of impact to the up-gradient domestic well is very low.

# 6.7 <u>LIKELIHOOD OF IMPACT TO SURFACE WATER</u>

Based on the northwest groundwater flow direction; the likelihood of any impact to the up-gradient Lake Merritt surface water body is very low. Based on the long intervening distance from the site to Oakland Inner Harbor (2,500 feet); the likelihood of any impact to the Oakland Inner Harbor is very low.

# 7.0 <u>RISK ASSESSMENT</u>

# 7.1 <u>SITE CONCEPTUAL EXPOSURE MODEL</u>

The site consists of a two story commercial building that encompasses the entire property. The surrounding properties consist of commercial businesses.

Elevated TPHg and benzene concentrations in soil have been detected between 21 to 26 feet bgs on the northwest side of the site beneath the sidewalk and Franklin Street and also on the west of the site beneath the sidewalk and along 8th Street. A hydrocarbon groundwater plume lies beneath the northwest and south edges of the site and extends to the northwest parallel to the groundwater flow direction.

# 7.2 EXPOSURE PATHWAYS

The entire site consists of a slab-on-grade commercial building, bounded by concrete sidewalks and paved streets. Direct contact to impacted surficial soil is not considered a complete exposure pathway.

Drinking water for the City of Oakland is imported and no municipal or domestic drinking water wells have been identified in the site vicinity, therefore, contact with or ingestion of groundwater is not considered a complete exposure pathway.

Surface water bodies are unlikely to be impacted as noted above in Section 6.7; therefore, water used for recreation is not considered a complete exposure pathway.

Hydrocarbon impacted soil and groundwater is located approximately 21 to 26 feet bgs. Little to no hydrocarbons were detected in shallow soil gas samples. Based on the low soil gas results, inhalation of soil gas does not appear to be a significant exposure pathway.

# 7.3 <u>HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT</u>

The following Table A compares the maximum hydrocarbon concentration in soil gas relative to the Regional Water Quality Control Board – San Francisco Bay Region Environmental Screening Levels (ESLs). Soil gas analytical results are also presented in Table 3 and summarized on Figure 11.

Analytes	Maximum Concentration (ug/m³)	Shallow Soil Gas ESL Residential Scenario <sup>1</sup> (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )	Shallow Soil Gas ESL Commercial/Industrial Scenario <sup>1</sup> (ug/m <sup>3</sup> )
Benzene	ND<4.0	84	280
Toluene	ND<4.8	63,000	180,000
Ethylbenzene	ND<5.5	980	3,300
m,p-xylene <sup>2</sup>	6.0	21,000	58,000

TABLE ACOMPARISON OF HYDROCARBONS IN SOIL GASAND ENVIRONMENTAL SCREENING LEVELS

notes: ESL = Environmental Screening Level

1 = Table E-2 (RWQCB 2007), ESL, Shallow Soil Gas Screening Levels

2 = Only detected in duplicate sample. See Table 3 for values.

# 7.4 IDENTIFIED HUMAN EXCEEDANCES

Gasoline-range constituents detected in soil gas did not exceeded any of the risk based ESLs. Based on the low soil gas concentrations, the hydrocarbon impacts beneath the site do not appear to pose a threat to human health

#### 7.5 IDENTIFIED ECOLOGICAL EXEEDANCES

Based on the low likelihood of there being any impact to surface water, an ecological risk assessment has not been performed and therefore no ecological exceedances have been identified.

# 8.0 DATA GAPS

Based on a review of the site conditions, CRA has identified the following data gaps.

### Hydrocarbon Concentration in Soil

The lateral and vertical extent of hydrocarbon-impacted soil is not fully defined.

#### Hydrocarbon Plume Delineation

The down-gradient edge of the hydrocarbon plume is undefined to the northwest.

### 9.0 <u>RECOMMENDATIONS</u>

Based on the above data gaps, CRA makes the following recommendations:

- Install an offsite groundwater monitoring well northwest of MW-6 to define the down-gradient edge of the hydrocarbon plume.
- Based on the lack of any identified exposure pathways, no further assessment of hydrocarbon-impacted soil is warranted at this time.

#### 10.0 <u>REFERENCES</u>

California Department of Water Resources (DWR), 2003, Bulletin 118 - California's Groundwater.

Regional Water Quality Control Board, San Francisco Bay Region – Groundwater Committee, 1999. *East Bay Plain Groundwater Basin Beneficial Use Evaluation Report. June.* 

Frank Lee & Associates, 1988. *Soil and Foundation Investigation Proposed Commercial Building* at 800 Franklin Street, Oakland, California. June 13, 1988.

MEC, 1989b. *Update on 800 Franklin Street in Oakland*, 800 Franklin Street, Oakland, California. October 9, 1989.

MEC, 1989c. *Report on Subsurface Investigation and Remediation of Contaminated Soil*, 800 Franklin Street, Oakland, California. November 3, 1989 Draft Edition.

MEC, 1992. *Report on Subsurface Investigation, Related to Well Installation and Borings*, 800 Franklin Street, Oakland, California. January 20, 1992.

All of Which is Respectfully Submitted, CONESTOGA-ROVERS & ASSOCIATES

Drugn W.

Bryan A. Fong

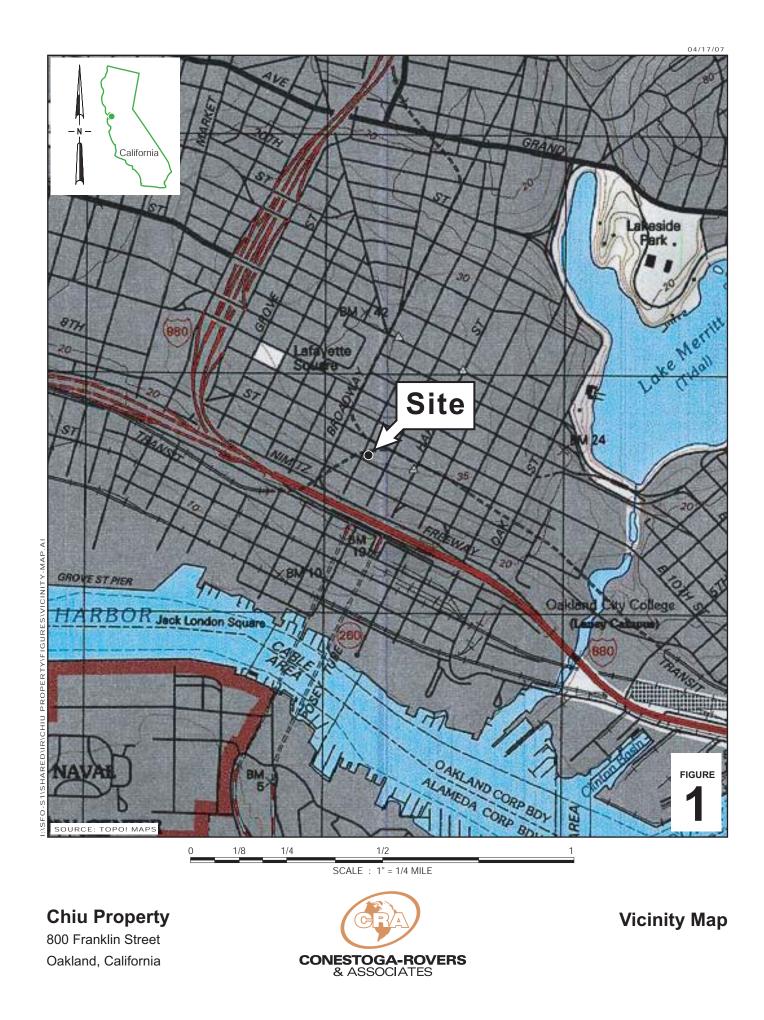
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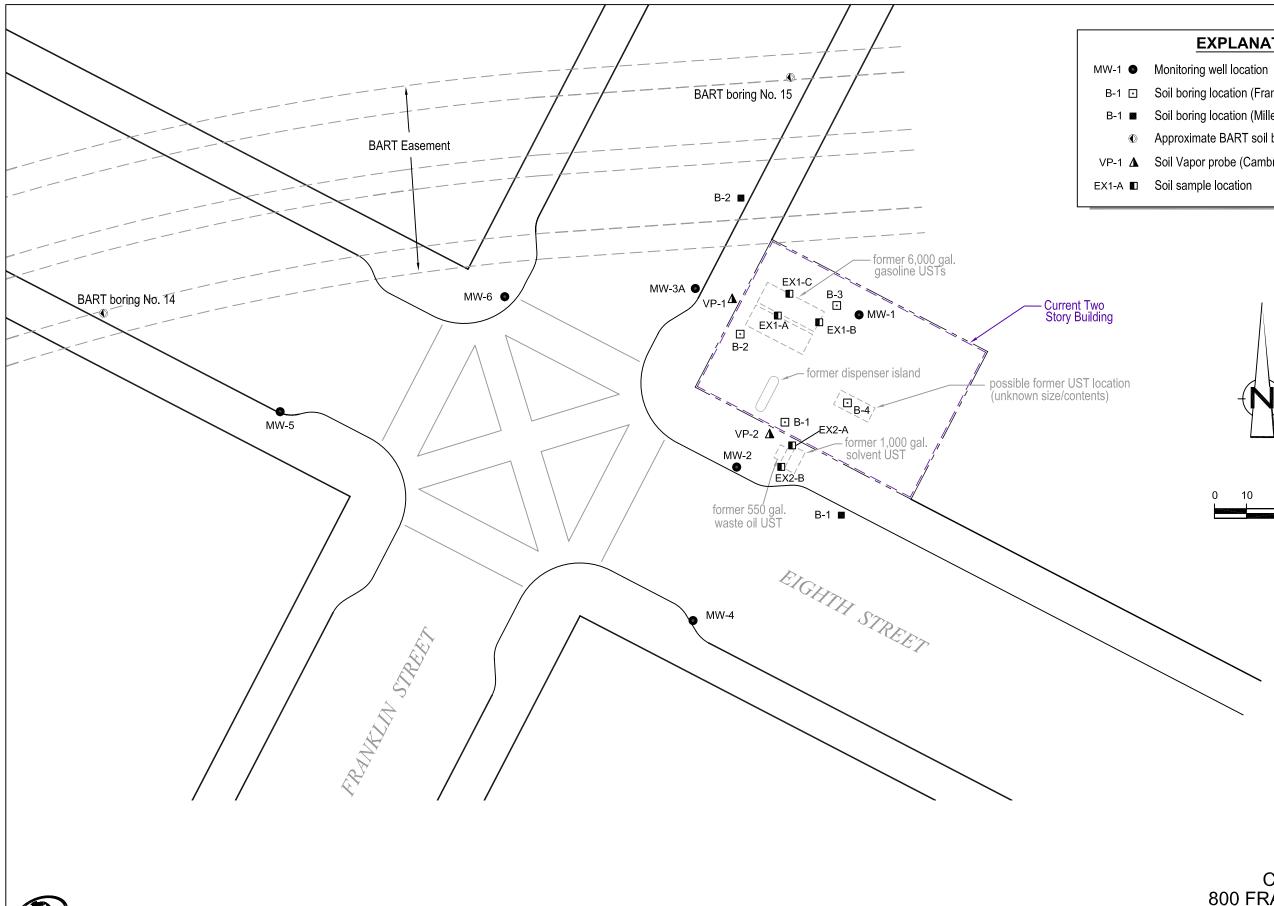


Ron Scheele, P.G.

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FIGURES







# **EXPLANATION** B-1 Soil boring location (Frank Lee & Assoc., 1988) B-1 ■ Soil boring location (Miller Environmental Co., 1991) Approximate BART soil boring location (BART 1963) VP-1 **A** Soil Vapor probe (Cambria, 2006)



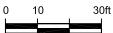
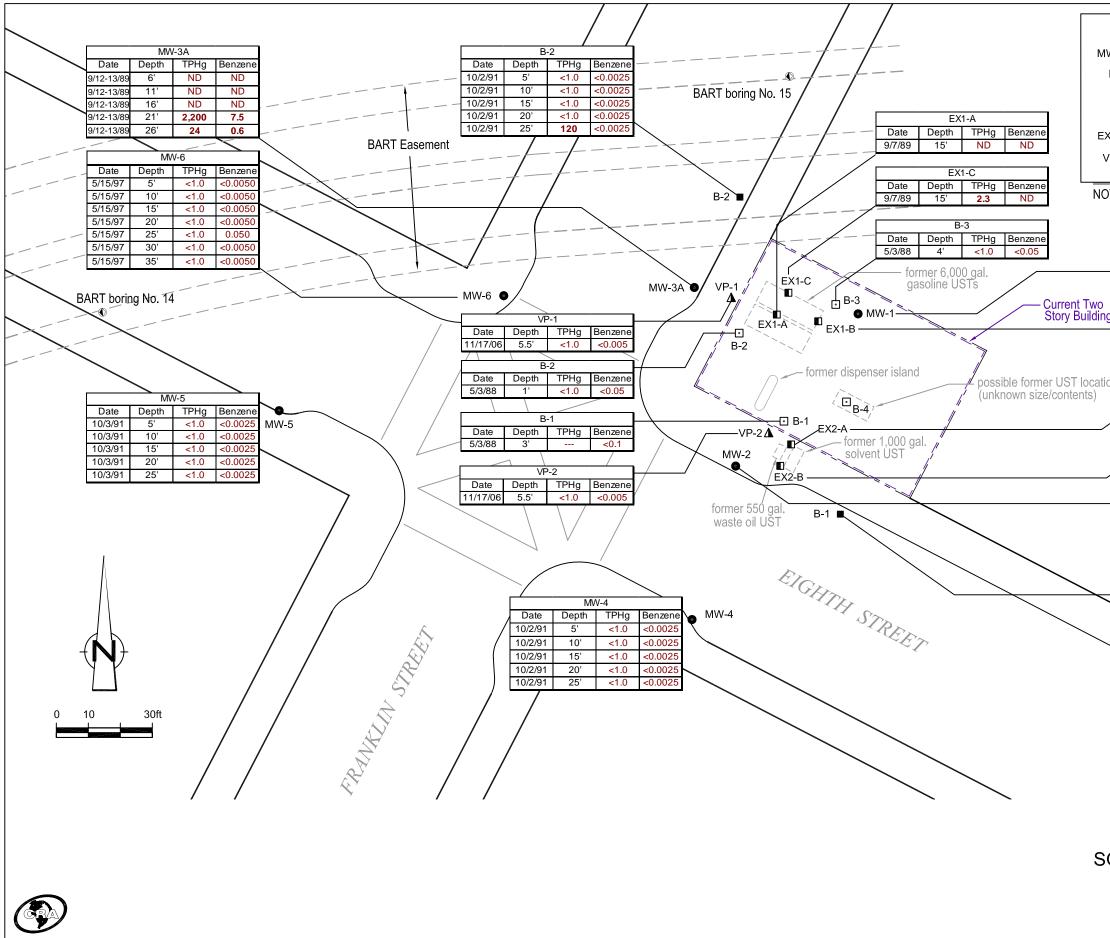


FIGURE 2 SITE PLAN CHIU PROPERTY 800 FRANKLIN STREET Oakland, California



# **EXPLANATION**

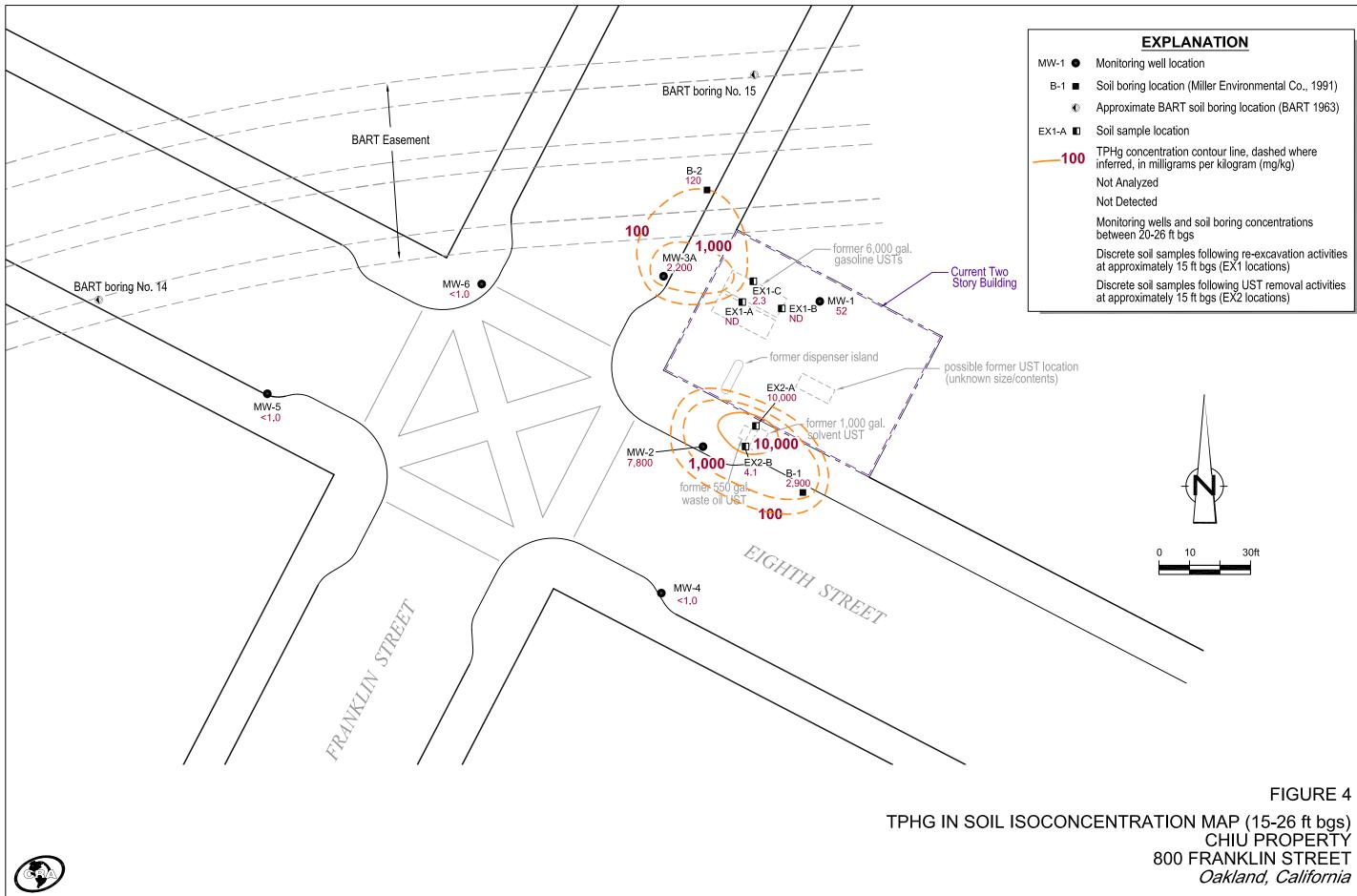
/W-1 🜑	Monitoring well location
B-1 ⊡	Soil boring location (Frank Lee & Assoc., 1988)
B-1 🔳	Soil boring location (Miller Environmental Co., 1991)
$\bigcirc$	Approximate BART soil boring location (BART 1963)
EX1-A 🔟	Soil sample location
VP-1 🛕	Soil Vapor probe (Cambria, 2006)

NOTE: Soil concentrations are in milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg)

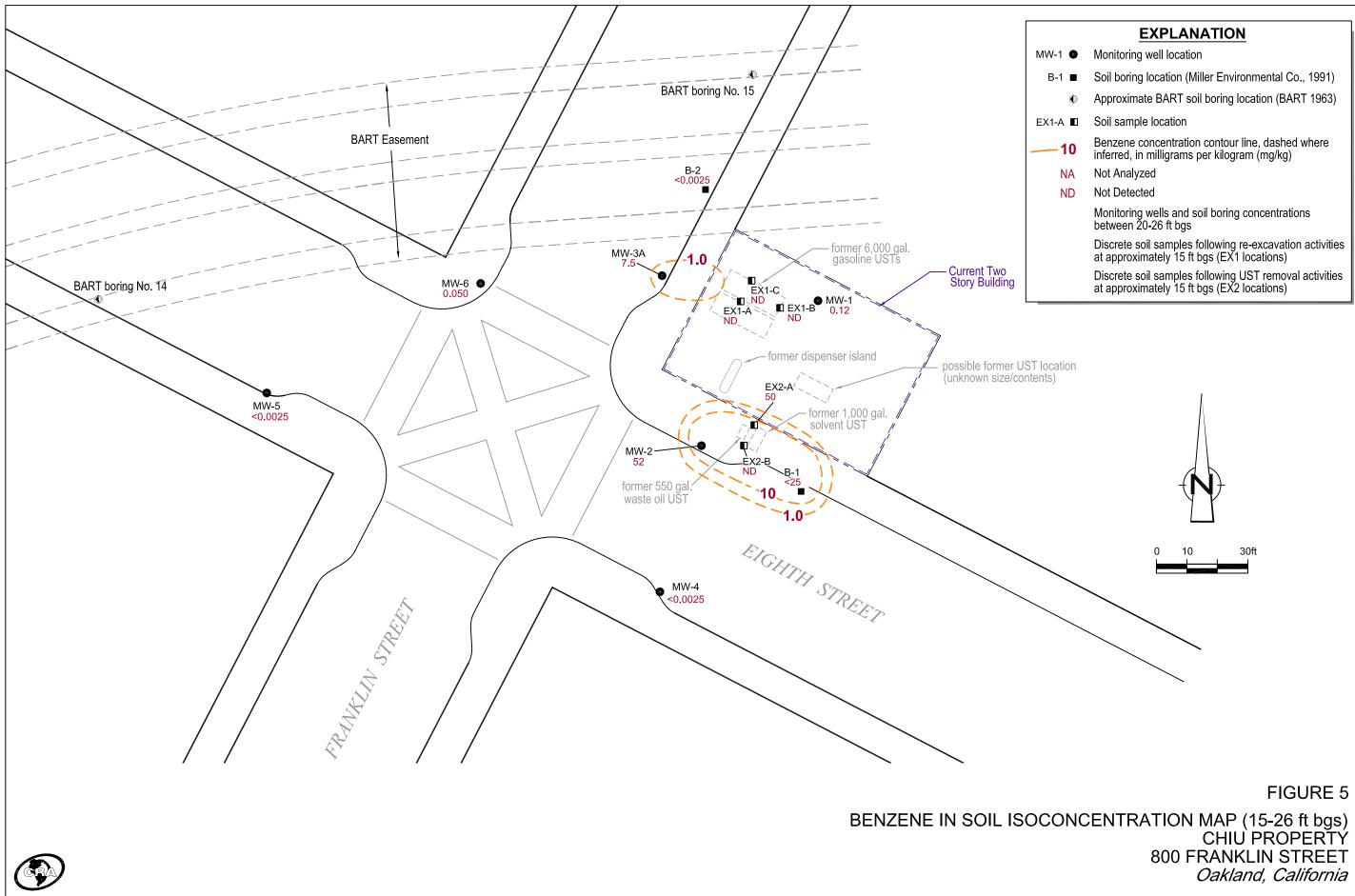
		MV	V-1	
	Date	Depth	TPHg	Benzene
	9/12-13/89	6'	ND	ND
	9/12-13/89	11'	ND	ND
	9/12-13/89	16'	ND	ND
	9/12-13/89	21'	52	0.12
)	9/12-13/89	26'	ND	ND
ng				
		EX	1-B	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Date	Depth	TPHg	Benzene
	9/7/89	15'	ND	ND
tion		EX	2-A	·
uon	Date	Depth	TPHg	Benzene
	9/7/89	15'	10,000	50
/				
		EX	2-B	
	Date	Depth	TPHg	Benzene
	9/7/89	15'	4.1	ND
/				
_		MV	V-2	
	Date	Depth	TPHg	Benzene
	9/12-13/89	6'	ND	ND
	9/12-13/89	11'	ND	ND
	9/12-13/89	16'	ND	ND
	9/12-13/89	21'	1,900	50
	9/12-13/89	26'	7,800	30
		B	-1	
$\overline{}$	Date	Depth	TPHg	Benzene
	9/11/91	5'	<0.20	< 0.0050
	9/11/91	10'	<0.20	< 0.0050
	9/11/91	15'	<0.20	< 0.0050
	9/11/91	20'	<0.20	< 0.0050
	9/11/91	25'	2,900	<25
			_,	
		$\sim$		

FIGURE 3

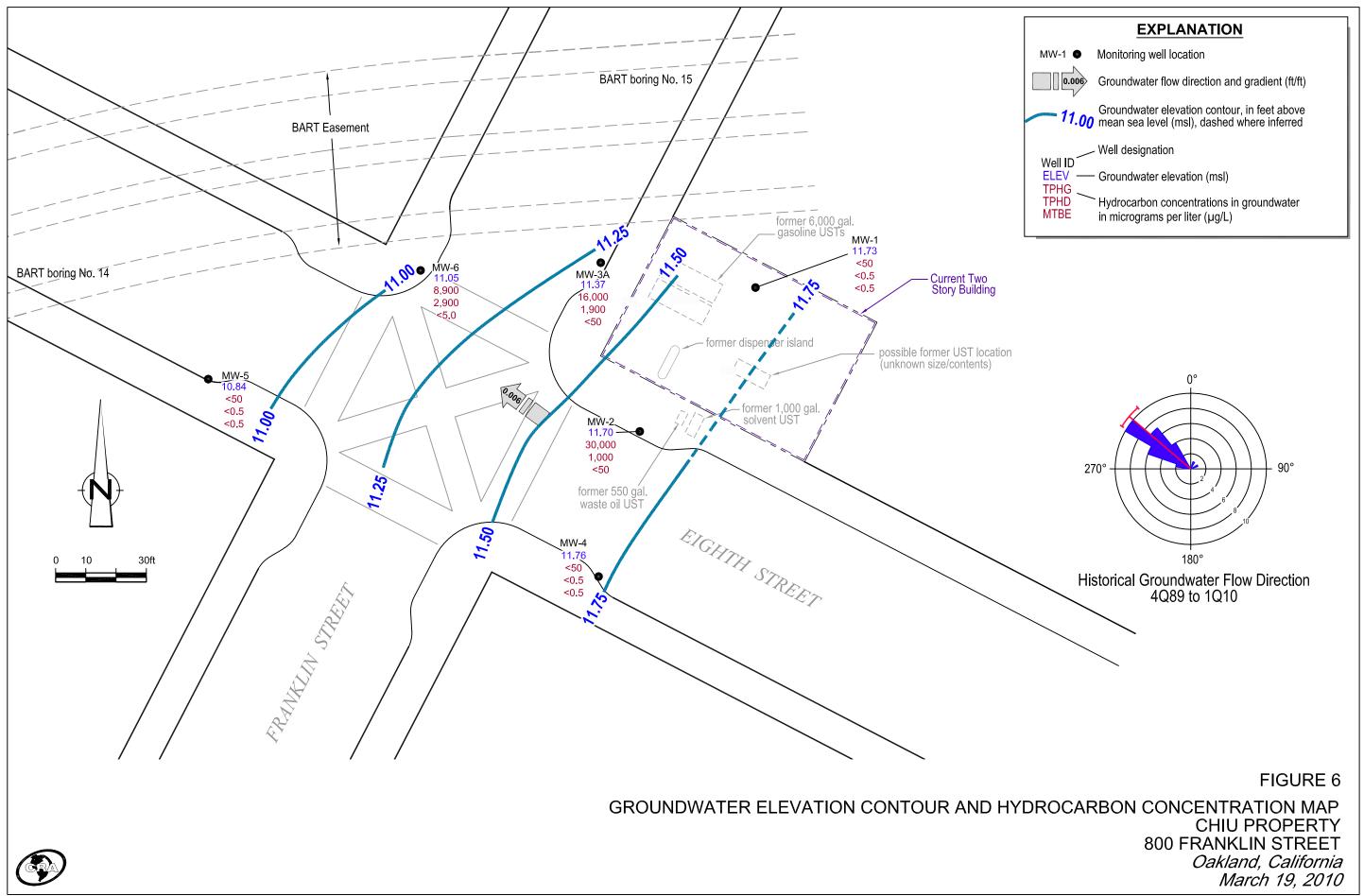
SOIL ANYALYTICAL SUMMARY MAP CHIU PROPERTY 800 FRANKLIN STREET *Oakland, California* 



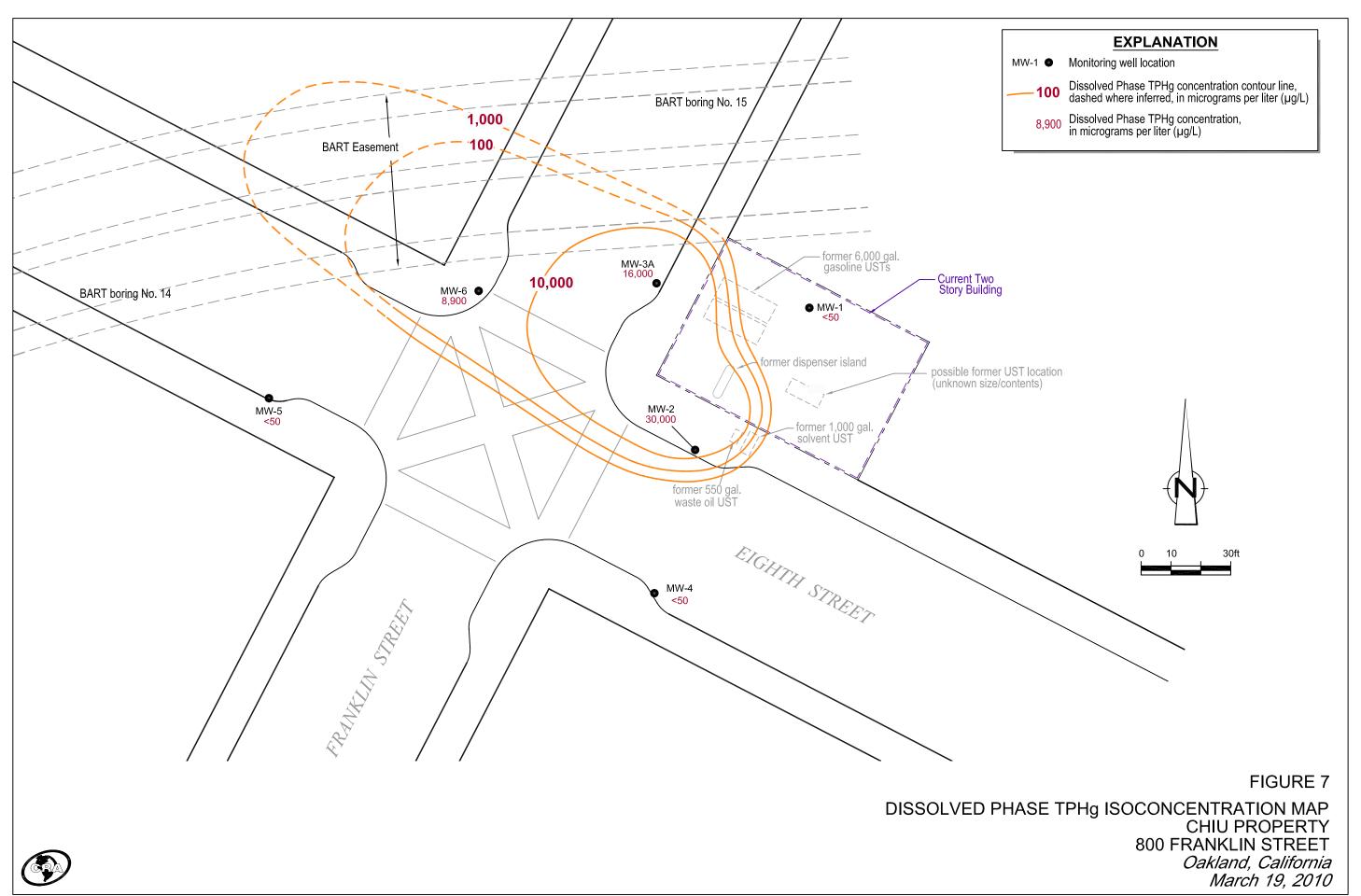
I:\IR\6-chars\5810--\581000\581000-CHIU\581000-FIGURES\581000-EM004.DWG



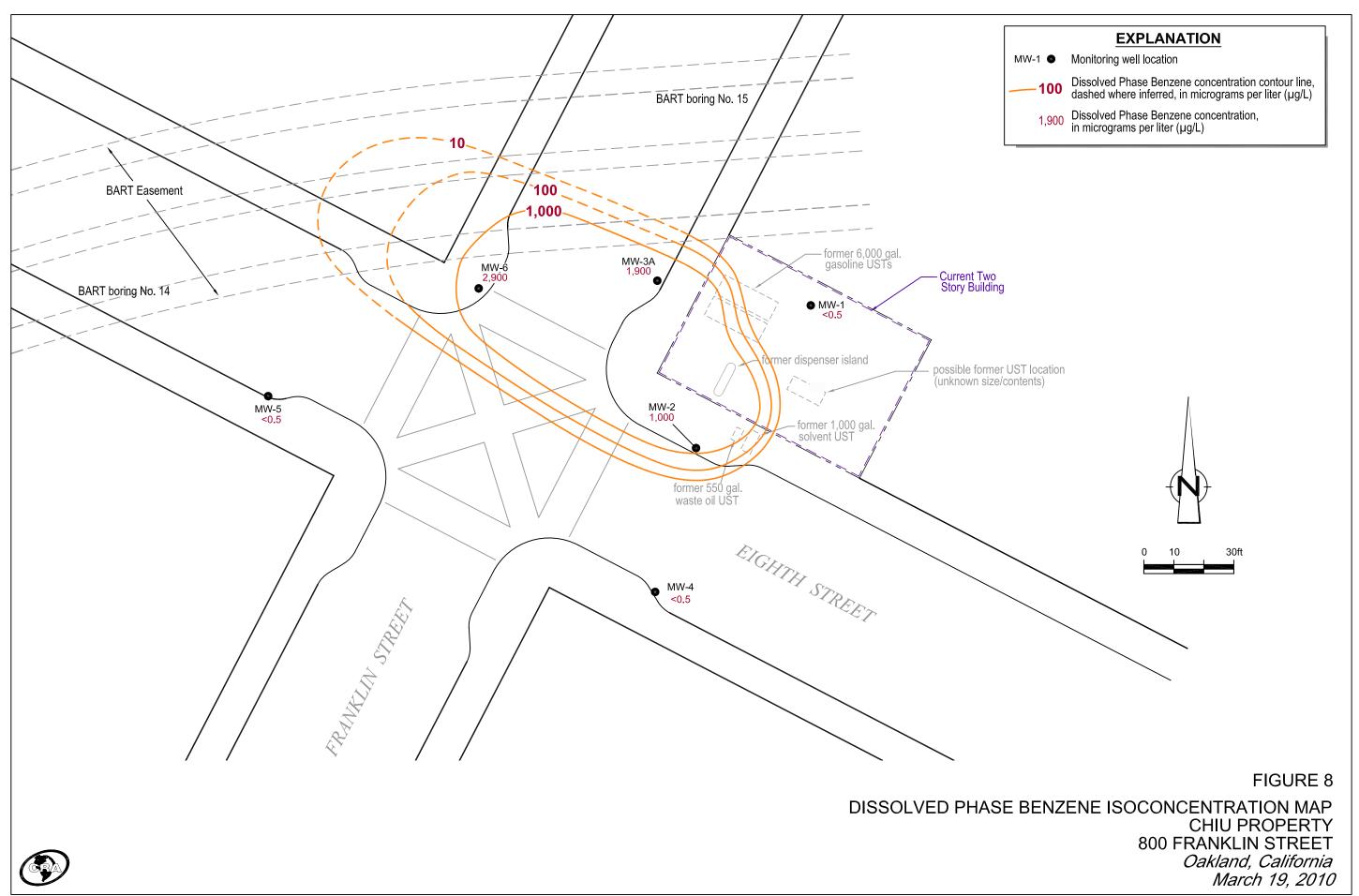
I:\IR\6-chars\5810--\581000\581000-CHIU\581000-FIGURES\581000-EM005.DWG



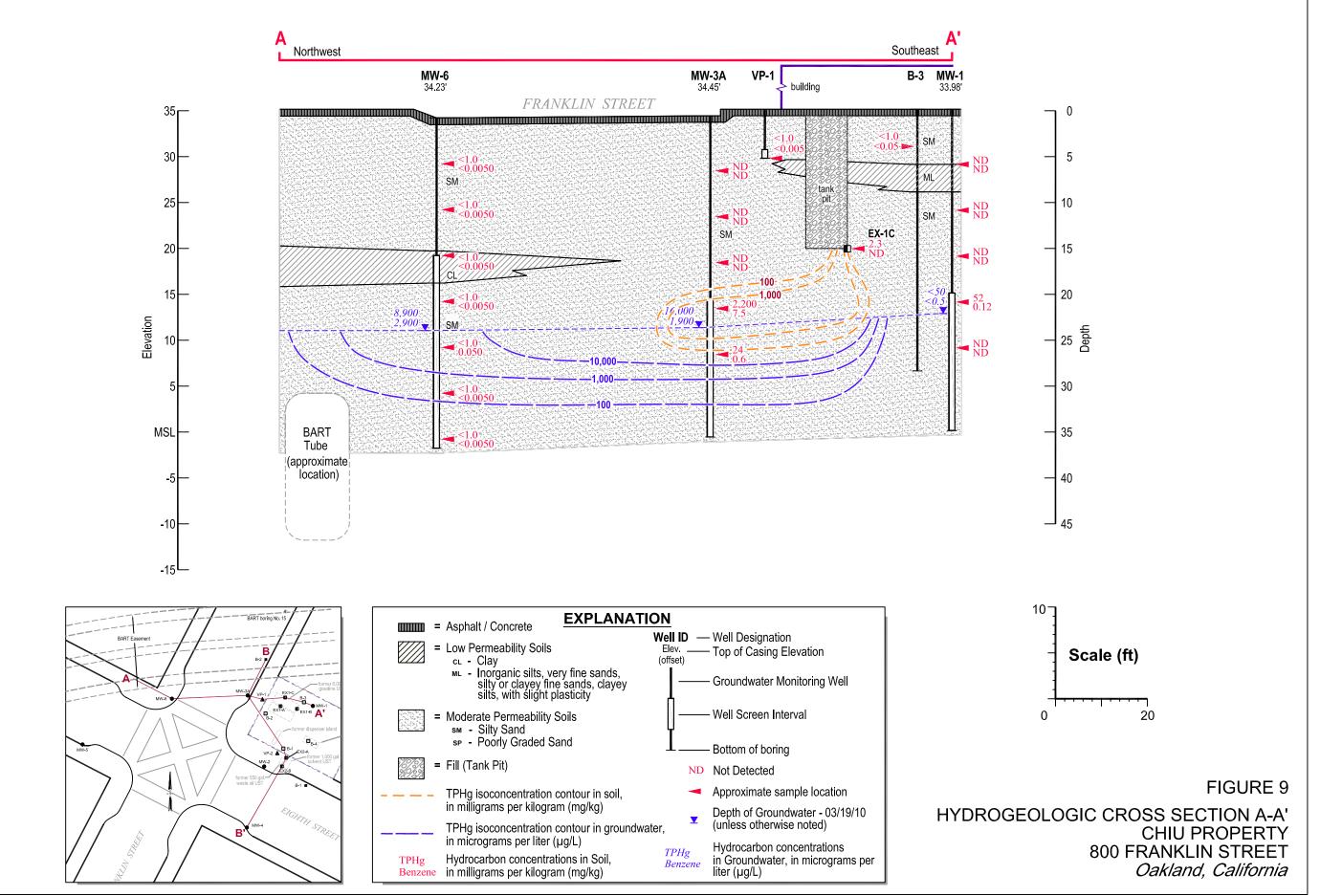
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I:\IR\6-chars\5810--\581000\581000-CHIU\581000-FIGURES\581000-EM007.DWG

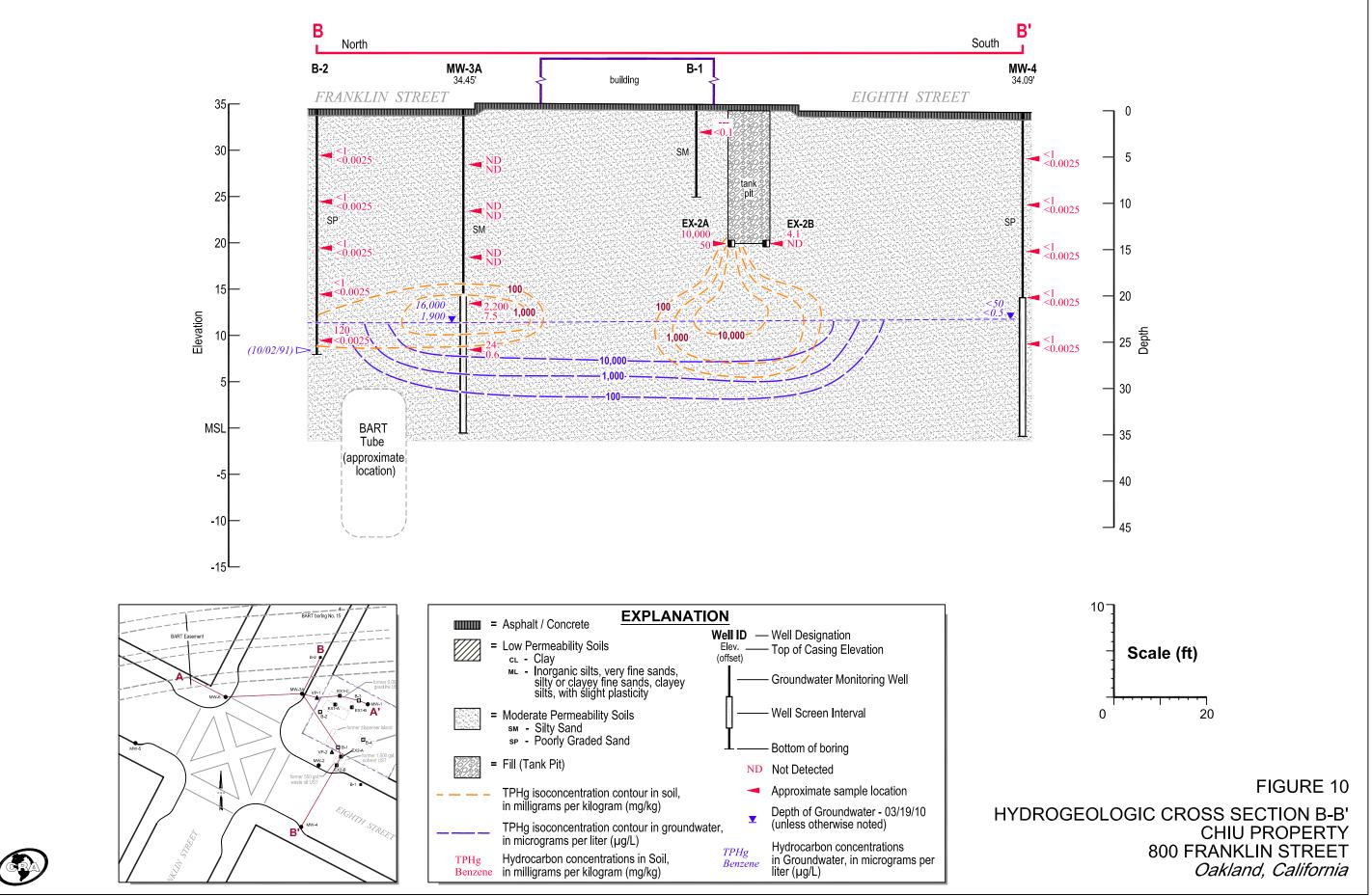


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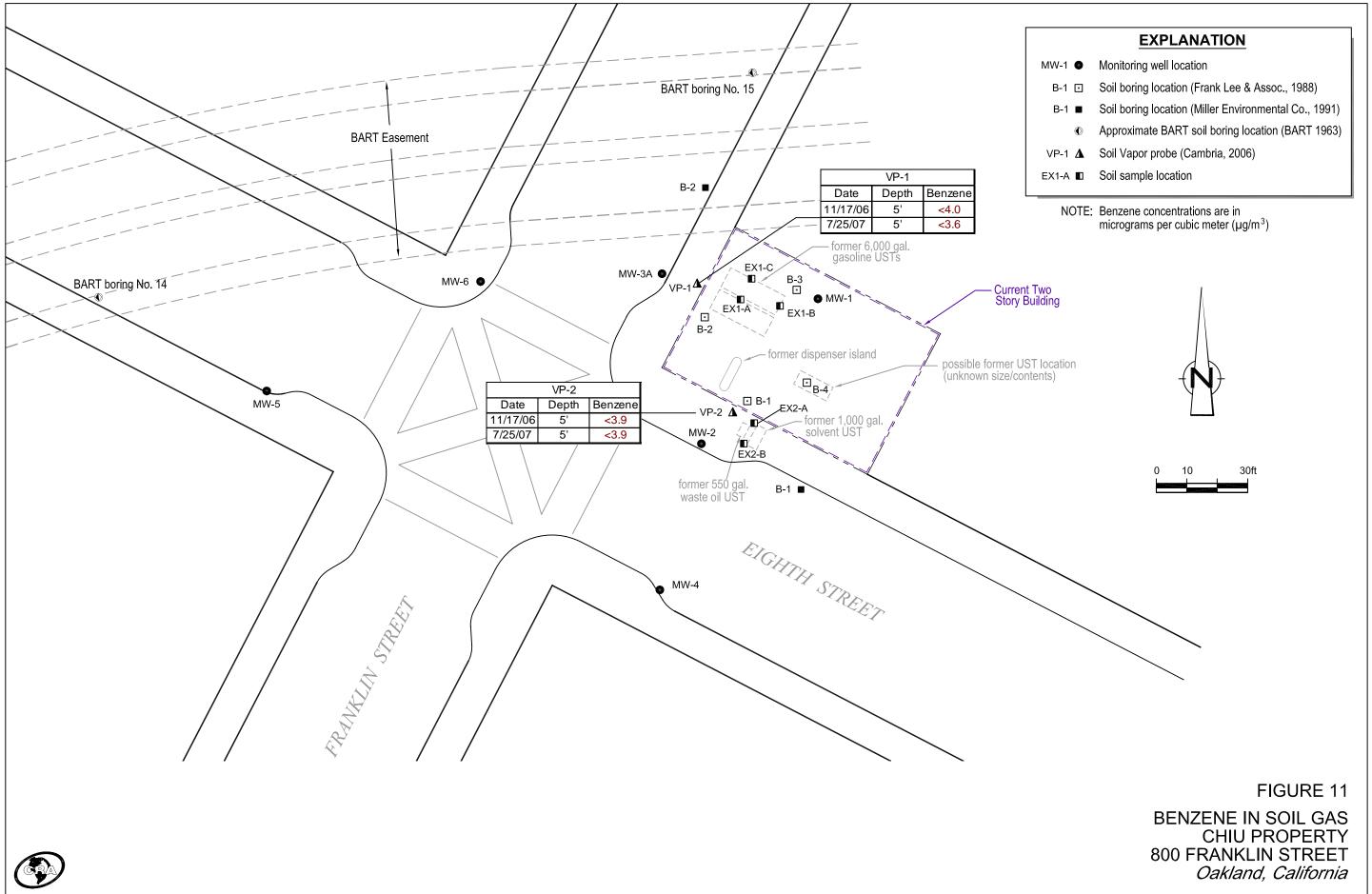


I:\IR\6-chars\5810--\581000\581000-CHIU\581000-FIGURES\581000-SECTIONS.DWG

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#### SOIL ANALYTICAL DATA CHIU PROPERTY 800 FRANKLIN STREET OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

Sample ID	Date Sampled	Depth (ft)	TPHg (mg/kg)	TPHd (mg/kg)	TPHwo (mg/kg)	TPHmo (mg/kg)	Benzene (mg/kg)	Toluene (mg/kg)	Ethylbenzene (mg/kg)	Xylenes (mg/kg)	MTBE (mg/kg)	SVOCs (mg/kg)	VOCs (mg/kg)	Total Oil & Grease (mg/kg)	TRPH	Total Lead (mg/kg)
Soil and Foundation Investigation by F	rank Lee & Associ	iates - Soil	Borings													
B-1-3	5/3/1988	3	-	-	-	-	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	ND<0.1	-	-	ND	ND<30	ND<30	-
B-2-1	5/3/1988	1	ND<1.0 *	-	-	-	ND<0.05	ND<0.1	-	ND<0.1	-	-	ND	-	-	-
B-3-4	5/3/1988	4	ND<1.0 *	-	-	-	ND<0.05	ND<0.1	-	ND<0.1	-	-	ND	-	-	-
UST Removal by Robert J. Miller Com	oany															
UST Excavation Compliance Samples -	Collected by The	Traverse G	roup, Inc.													
T1 - Gasoline Tank	June-89	-	ND<1.0	ND<6.3	ND<30		0.011	0.0036	ND<0.0025	0.006	-	(1)	ND	-	-	-
T2 - Gasoline Tank	June-89	-	5.0	ND<6.7	30		0.050	0.044	0.0036	0.023	-	(2)	ND	-	-	-
T3 - Gasoline Tank	June-89	-	ND<1.0	ND<7.0	ND<30		0.0046	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	-	(3)	ND	-	-	-
T4 - Gasoline Tank	June-89	-	3,100	420	1,350		7.5	87	59	290	-	(4)	ND	-	-	-
W1 - Waste Oil Tank	June-89	-	270	430	4,000		ND<5.0	ND<5.0	ND<5.0	14	-	(5)	ND	-	-	-
W2A - Waste Oil Tank	June-89	-	2,300	170	50		ND<2.5	3	ND<2.5	12	-	(6)	ND	-	-	-
S1 - Solvent Tank	June-89	-	1.8	ND<6.0	ND<30		ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	-	(7)	ND	-	-	-
S2 - Solvent Tank	June-89	-	62	106	ND<30		ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	-	(8)	ND	-	-	-
SP1 - Spoils Pile "Contaminated"	June-89	-	184	240	900		ND<5.0	17	19	110	-	(9)	ND	-	-	-
SP2 - Spoils Pile "Clean"	June-89	-	ND<1.0	ND<6.7	ND<30		ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	-	ND	ND	-	-	-
SP3 - Spoils Pile "Clean"	June-89	-	120	40	150		ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	2.1	-	(10)	ND	-	-	-
Subsurface Investigation by Miller Env	vironmental Comp	any														
Over-Excavation Confirmation Sample	\$															
EX1-A (fuel tank)	9/7/1989	15	ND	ND	ND		ND	ND	ND	ND	-	-	-	-	-	-
EX1-B (fuel tank)	9/7/1989	15	ND	ND	40		ND	ND	ND	ND	-	-	-	-	-	-
EX1-C (fuel tank)	9/7/1989	15	2.3	ND	80		ND	0.05	0.14	ND	-	-	-	-	-	-
EX2-A (waste oil and solvent tanks)	9/7/1989	15	10,000	250	400		50	210	270	54	-	-	-	-	-	-
EX2-B (waste oil and solvent tanks)	9/7/1989	15	4.1	ND	ND		ND	ND	0.15	ND	-	-	-	-	-	-
Well Installation Soil Samples																
MW1-A	9/12-13/1989	6	ND	23		30	ND	ND	ND	ND	-	-	-	30	-	-
MW1-B	9/12-13/1989	11	ND	ND		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	-	-	-	ND	-	-
MW1-C	9/12-13/1989	16	ND	ND		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	-	-	-	ND	-	-
MW1-D	9/12-13/1989	21	52	ND		ND	0.12	0.7	0.53	4.5	-	-	-	ND	-	-
MW1-E	9/12-13/1989	26	ND	ND		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	-	-	-	ND	-	-
MW2-A	9/12-13/1989	6	ND	ND		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	-	-	-		-	-
MW2-B	9/12-13/1989	11	ND	ND		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	-	-	-		-	-
MW2-C	9/12-13/1989	16	ND	ND		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	-	-	-		-	-
MW2-D	9/12-13/1989	21	1,900	110		50	7.4	51	24	180	-	-	-	50	-	-
MW2-E	9/12-13/1989	26	7,800	170		30	52	220	77	400	-	-	-	30	-	-
MW3-A	9/12-13/1989	6	ND	ND		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	-	-	-	ND	-	-

#### SOIL ANALYTICAL DATA CHIU PROPERTY 800 FRANKLIN STREET

OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

		Depth	TPHg	TPHd	TPHwo	TPHmo	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes	MTBE	SVOCs	VOCs	Total Oil & Grease		Total Lead
Sample ID	Date Sampled	(ft)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	TRPH	(mg/kg)
MW3-B	9/12-13/1989	11	ND	25		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	-	-	-	ND	-	-
MW3-C	9/12-13/1989	16	ND	ND		ND	ND	ND	ND	0.07	-	-	-	ND	-	-
MW3-D	9/12-13/1989	21	2,200	160		40	7.5	42.3	16	180	-	-	-	40	-	-
MW3-E	9/12-13/1989	26	24	ND		ND	0.6	1.1	0.17	1.4	-	-	-	ND	-	-
Additional Subsurface Investigatio	n by Miller Environm	ental Comp	vany													
B1-5	9/11/1991	5	ND<0.20	ND<5.0	-	-	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	-	-	-	ND	ND<20	-
B1-10	9/11/1991	10	ND<0.20	ND<5.0	-	-	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	-	-	-	ND	ND<20	-
B1-15	9/11/1991	15	ND<0.20	ND<5.0	-	-	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	-	-	-	ND	ND<20	-
B1-20	9/11/1991	20	ND<0.20	ND<5.0	-	-	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	-	-	-	ND	ND<20	-
B1-25	9/11/1991	25	2,900	160	-	-	ND<25	60	ND<25	ND<25	-	-	-	ND	190	-
B2-5	10/2/1991	5	ND<1	ND<1	-	ND<10	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	-	-	-	ND<50	-	-
B2-10	10/2/1991	10	ND<1	ND<1	-	ND<10	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	-	-	-	ND<50	-	-
B2-15	10/2/1991	15	ND<1	ND<1	-	ND<10	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	-	-	-	ND<50	-	-
B2-20	10/2/1991	20	ND<1	ND<1	-	ND<10	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	-	-	-	ND<50	-	-
B2-25	10/2/1991	25	120	83	-	ND<10	ND<0.0025	0.310	0.210	0.600	-	-	-	ND<50	-	-
MW4-5	10/2/1991	5	ND<1	ND<1	-	ND<10	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	-	-	-	ND<50	-	-
MW4-10	10/2/1991	10	ND<1	ND<1	-	ND<10	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	-	-	-	ND<50	-	-
MW4-15	10/2/1991	15	ND<1	ND<1	-	ND<10	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	-	-	-	ND<50	-	-
MW4-20	10/2/1991	20	ND<1	ND<1	-	ND<10	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	-	-	-	ND<50	-	-
MW4-25	10/2/1991	25	ND<1	ND<1	-	ND<10	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	-	-	-	ND<50	-	-
MW5-5	10/3/1991	5	ND<1	ND<1	-	ND<10	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	-	-	-	ND<50	-	-
MW5-10	10/3/1991	10	ND<1	ND<1	-	ND<10	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	-	-	-	ND<50	-	-
MW5-15	10/3/1991	15	ND<1	ND<1	-	ND<10	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	-	-	-	ND<50	-	-
MW5-20	10/3/1991	20	ND<1	ND<1	-	ND<10	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	-	-	-	ND<50	-	-
MW5-25	10/3/1991	25	ND<1	ND<1	-	ND<10	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	ND<0.0025	-	-	-	ND<50	-	-
Additional Subsurface Investigatio	n by Associated Terra	Consultan	ts, Inc.													
B6-1 (MW-6)	5/15/1997	5	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	-	-	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	) –	-	ND<50	-	-
B6-2 (MW-6)	5/15/1997	10	ND<1.0	9.1	-	-	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	) –	-	ND<50	-	-
B6-3B (MW-6)	5/15/1997	15	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	-	-	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	) –	-	ND<50	-	-
B6-4B (MW-6)	5/15/1997	20	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	-	-	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	) –	-	ND<50	-	-
B6-5B (MW-6)	5/15/1997	25	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	-	-	0.050	0.011	0.023	0.099	ND<0.0050	) –	-	ND<50	-	-
B6-6B (MW-6)	5/15/1997	30	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	-	-	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	0.0050	-	-	ND<50	-	-
B6-11 (MW-6)	5/15/1997	35	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	-	-	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	ND<0.0050	) -	-	ND<50	-	-

Soil Vapor Borings by Cambria

#### SOIL ANALYTICAL DATA CHIU PROPERTY 800 FRANKLIN STREET OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

Sample ID	Date Sampled	Depth (ft)	TPHg (mg/kg)	TPHd (mg/kg)	TPHwo (mg/kg)	TPHmo (mg/kg)	Benzene (mg/kg)	Toluene (mg/kg)	Ethylbenzene (mg/kg)	Xylenes (mg/kg)	MTBE (mg/kg)	SVOCs (mg/kg)	VOCs (mg/kg)	Total Oil & Grease (mg/kg)	TRPH	Total Lead (mg/kg)
VP-1.5.5	11/17/2006	5.5	ND<1.0	4.0		6.9	ND<0.005	ND<0.005	ND<0.005	ND<0.005	ND<0.05	-	chloroform & 1,2-DCA: ND<0.005		-	35
VP-2-5.5	11/17/2006	5.5	ND<1.0	ND<1.0		ND<5.0	ND<0.005	ND<0.005	ND<0.005	ND<0.005	ND<0.05	-	chloroform & 1,2-DCA: ND<0.005		-	-

(1) = 0.20 mg/kg bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate. Other SVOCs were ND.

(2) = 0.24 mg/kg bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate. Other SVOCs were ND.

(3) = 0.42 mg/kg bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate. Other SVOCs were ND.

(5) = 0.37 mg/kg bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate. Other SVOCs were ND.

(7) = 0.50 mg/kg bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate. Other SVOCs were ND.

(7) = 0.50 mg/kg bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate. Other SVOCs were ND.

(4) = 28 mg/kg naphthalene; 23 mg/kg 2-methyl-naphthalene. Other SVOCs were ND.

(6) = 6.4 mg/kg naphthalene; 4.1 mg/kg 2-methyl-naphthalene. Other SVOCs were ND.

(8) = 2.4 mg/kg naphthalene; 1.9 mg/kg 2-methyl-naphthalene. Other SVOCs were ND.

(9) = 27 mg/kg naphthalene; 13 mg/kg 2-methyl-naphthalene. Other SVOCs were ND.

(10) = 1.6 mg/kg naphthalene; 2.0 mg/kg 2-methyl-naphthalene. Other SVOCs were ND.

#### Abbreviations and Analyses:

ND<0.5 = Not Detected (ND) above laboratory detection limit.

ft = Measured in feet

TPHg = Total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline by modified EPA Method 8015

TPHd = Total petroleum hydrocarbons as diesel by modified EPA Method 8015

TPHwo = Total petroleum hydrocarbons as waste oil by modified EPA Method 418.1/3550/SM503

TPHmo = Total petroleum hydrocarbons as motor boil by modified EPA Method 8015

Benzene, ethylbenzene, toluene and xylenes (BTEX) and methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) by EPA Method 8020 or 8021B

SVOCs = Semi-volatile organics by EPA Method 8270.

VOCs = Volatile organics by EPA Method 8240.

TRPH = Total Recoverable Petroleum Hydrocarbons by EPA Method 418.1

Total Lead by EPA Method 7420

mg/kg = Milligrams per kilogram

- = Not sampled, not analyzed, or not applicable

\* = Analyzed for "low to medium boiling point hydrocarbons" by EPA Method 8015.

WO1 sampled on 1/17/1991 was also analyzed for Total Petroleum Fuel Hydrocarbons by EPA Method 8015 (ND<1.0 mg/kg).

WO1 sampled on 1/17/1991 was also analyzed for Halogenated Volatile Organics by EPA Method 8010 (all analytes were ND).

WO1 sampled on 1/17/1991 was also analyzed for Semi-Volatile Organics by EPA Method 8270. The following analytes were detected: benzo(a)pyrene at 0.10 mg/kg, fluoranthene at 0.11 mg/kg, and pyrene at 0.15 mg/kg (all other analytes were ND).

#### GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL AND ELEVATION DATA: PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS CHIU PROPERTY 800 FRANKLIN STREET OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

Well ID FOC Elevation (ft msl)	Date Sampled	Depth to Water (ft below TOC)	Groundwater Elevation (feet msl)	TPHg ←	TPHd	TPHmo	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene µg/L ——	Xylenes	MTBE	Chloroform	1,2-DCA →
MW-1	10/12/1989	22.87	10.55	ND			ND	ND	ND	ND		0.8	8.6
33.42	10/31/1991			630	960	1,700	3.2	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	130			0.0098
34.89	10/21/1992	23.48	11.41	520			78	38	ND<0.5	120			ND
	2/25/1993	22.51	12.38	1,600			160	190	34	350			
	4/27/1993	22.36	12.53	380			5.2	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	74			
	10/7/1993		12.10	1,000			81	150	47	230			
33.98	3/28/1994		11.91	460			14	25	14	39			
	4/29/1994												
	6/10/1994		11.66										
	7/8/1994		11.62										
	7/26/1994		11.48										
	8/25/1994		11.47										
	10/27/1994	22.51	11.47	ND<50			ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5			
	1/6/1995		12.08										
	2/1/1995		12.79										
	3/29/1995		12.75										
	10/31/1995		12.48	1,400			15	38	49	510	19		
	5/21/1997		12.49	150			2.9	1.5	8.6	26	ND<5.0		
	8/10/2004	23.35	10.63	ND<50			ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0		
	9/28/2004É												
	12/21/2004	22.93	11.05	ND<50			ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0		
	3/11/2005É												
	6/16/2005	20.68	13.30	ND<50			0.64	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0		
	9/1/2005	20.74	13.24	ND<50			1.2	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0		
	12/16/2005	20.95	13.03	ND<50			ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0		
	3/10/2006	20.34	13.64	ND<50			0.60	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0		
	9/15/2006	21.51	12.47	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0	6.4	ND<0.5
	3/8/2007	21.81	12.17	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	0.72	ND<0.5	ND<5.0	6.9	ND<0.5
	9/17/2007	22.08	11.90	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	2.3	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	4.7	ND<0.5
	3/4/2008	21.72	12.26	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	1.3	ND<0.5
	9/3/2008	22.70	11.28	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	0.98	ND<0.5
	3/4/2009	22.49	11.28	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	0.98 ND<0.5	0.65
	9/8/2009	22.49	11.49	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5 (ND<0.5)	ND<0.5 (ND<0.5)	ND<0.5 (ND<0.5)	ND<0.5 (ND<0.5)	ND<0.5 (ND<0.5)	ND<0.5	0.05 ND<0.5
	9/8/2009 <b>3/19/2010</b>	22.80 22.25	11.18 11.73	ND<50 ND<50	ND<50 ND<50	ND<250	(ND<0.5) (ND<0.5)	(ND<0.5) (ND<0.5)	(ND<0.5) (ND<0.5)	(ND<0.5) (ND<0.5)	(ND<0.5) (ND<0.5)	ND<0.5 ND<0.5	0.58
MW-2	10/12/1989	23.25	10.40	38,000		3,900	1,300	1,200	ND	4,700			
33.66	10/31/1991			10,000	1,500		1,800	1,200	270	960			0.17
	11/6/1991	24.02	9.64										
	10/21/1992	22.42	11.24	270,000			9,700	4,500	9,600	56,000			15.4

Well ID TOC Elevation (ft msl)	Date Sampled	Depth to Water (ft below TOC)	Groundwater Elevation (feet msl)	TPHg ←	TPHd	ТРНто	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene μg/L ——	Xylenes	MTBE	Chloroform	1,2-DCA →
	2/25/1993	21.50	12.16	49,000			4,300	11,000	1,300	9,100			
MW-2 (cont.)	4/27/1993	21.26	12.40	39,000			1,400	4,000	220	5,200			
	10/7/1993		12.04	50,000			2,700	8,100	940	7,800			
	3/28/1994		11.88	20,000			360	1,300	220	1,800			
	4/29/1994		11.87										
	6/10/1994		11.44										
	7/8/1994		11.42										
	7/26/1994		11.22										
	8/25/1994		11.01										
	10/27/1994	22.66	11.00	21,000			1,200	3,700	600	4,300			
	1/6/1995		11.66										
	2/1/1995		12.21										
	3/29/1995		12.66										
	10/31/1995		11.51	45,000			3,100	8,800	1,200	8,400	810		
	5/21/1997		12.65	18,000			1,400	4,200	680	3,600	370		
	8/10/2004	21.03	12.63	47,000 (a)			4,200	4,900	1,400	6,000	ND<500		
	9/28/2004	22.95	10.71										
	12/21/2004	20.91	12.75	13,000 (a)			500	310	34	1600	ND<100		
	3/11/2005	11.35	22.31	32,000 (a)			970	2,400	890	4,200	ND<1,000		
	6/16/2005	20.50	13.16	43,000 (a,i)			1,500	3,400	1,200	5,400	ND<1,200		
	9/1/2005	20.60	13.06	20,000 (a)			640	1,700	460	2,200	ND<200		
	12/16/2005	20.83	12.83	32,000 (a,i)			1,000	3,100	760	3,800	ND<500		
	3/10/2006	20.05	13.61	20,000 (a)			460	1,900	440	2,400	ND<400		
	9/15/2006	21.31	12.35	43,000 (a)	3,100 (d)	ND<250	1,600	4,400	1,100	5,100	ND<500	16	ND<10
	3/8/2007	21.62	12.04	30,000 (a,h)	4,600 (d,h)	ND<1,200	1,200	3,400	890	4,500	ND<500	ND<50	ND<50 (j,h)
	9/17/2007	21.92	11.74	31,000 (a)	6,600 (d,b)	340	790	3,000	700	3,100	ND<100	ND<100	ND<100
	3/4/2008												
	9/3/2008	22.50	11.16	46,000 (a)	5,100 (d)	370	1,700	8,600	1,400	7,500	ND<250	ND<250	ND<250
	3/4/2009	22.25	11.41	56,000 (a)	13,000 (d)	1,100	1,500	5,300	990	4,500	ND<10	ND<10	ND<10
	9/8/2009	22.60	11.06	42,000 (a)	11,000 (d)	1,200	1,400 (1,200)	5,200 (4,900)	970 (890)	5500 (4,900)	ND<100 (ND<100)	ND<0.5	ND<100
33.75**	3/19/2010	21.96	11.70	30,000 (a,h)	12,000 (d,h)		(1,000)	(3,500)	(980)	(4,500)	(ND<50)	ND<5.0	ND<5.0
MW-3	10/12/1989	24.02	10.21	87,000		4,500	3,200	8,800	ND	6,500			70.0
34.23	10/31/1991			310,000	25,000		9,300	25,000	5,600	27,000			0.058
	11/6/1991	23.52	10.71										
	10/21/1992	23.32	10.91	22,000			10,000	4,300	790	2,100			ND
	2/25/1993	22.51	11.72	29,000			8,400	5,400	1,300	3,300			
	4/27/1993	22.37	11.86	50,000			8,200	8,700	1,000	5,400			
	10/7/1993		14.19	1,700			3,100	3,700	400	1,700			

Well ID FOC Elevation (ft msl)	Date Sampled	Depth to Water (ft below TOC)	Groundwater Elevation (feet msl)	TPHg ←	TPHd	ТРНто	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene µg/L ———	Xylenes	MTBE	Chloroform	1,2-DCA →
	3/28/1994		11.52	53,000			3,900	4,600	710	2,500			
	4/29/1994		11.34										
MW-3 (cont.)	6/10/1994		11.13										
	7/8/1994		11.09										
	7/26/1994		10.94										
	8/25/1994		10.80										
	10/27/1994	23.56	10.67	8,500			2,700	2,700	490	2,000			
	1/6/1995		11.33										
	2/1/1995		11.79										
	3/29/1995		12.10										
	10/31/1995		11.23	19,000			4,400	4,600	720	2,900	410		
	5/21/1997		11.68	4,000			810	840	190	690	ND<100		
	9/28/2004					И	Vell is damaged. Unal	le to measure depth to	water or collect sample.				
	12/21/2004						0	,	water or collect sample.				
	3/11/2005						0	,	water or collect sample.				
	6/16/2005						0	,	water or collect sample.				
	9/1/2005						0	,	water or collect sample.				
	12/16/2005						0	,	water or collect sample.				
	3/10/2006						U	,	water or collect sample.				
	9/15/2006						0	1	water or collect sample.				
	1/29/2007						0	roperly destroyed by C	,				
MW-3A	1/29/2007						Ν	IW-3A replaces MW	-3				
34.16	3/8/2007	22.42	11.74	30,000 (a,i)	1,700 (d,i)	ND<250	2,600	4,400	710	4,600	ND<1,000	ND<50	ND<50 (j
	9/17/2007	22.65	11.51	9,800 (a)	980 (d)	ND<250	1,100	1,800	270	1,100	ND<25	ND<25	ND<25
	3/4/2008	22.31	11.85	21,000 (a,i)	1,700 (d,i)	ND<250	2,600	5,000	810	3,500	ND<50	ND<50	ND<50
	9/3/2008	23.11	11.05	13,000 (a)	880 (d)	ND<250	1,400	2,100	370	1,500	ND<50	ND<50	ND<50
	3/4/2009	22.98	11.18	12,000 (a)	810 (d)	ND<250	1,000	1,700	330	1,200	ND<5.0	7.9	7.2
	9/8/2009	23.25	10.91	8,900 (a)	780 (d)	ND<250	870 (830)	1300 (1,200)	260 (200)	1100 (880)	ND<25 (ND<25)	6.3	ND<25
	3/19/2010	22.79	11.37	16,000 (a)	1,700 (d)		(1,900)	(3,200)	(620)	(2,800)	(ND<50)	ND<5.0	10
MW-4	10/31/1991			ND<50			ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5		2.6	ND
33.64	11/6/1991	23.32	10.32										
	10/21/1992	22.10	11.54	410			3.1	29	6.8	47			ND
	2/25/1993	21.13	12.51	170			ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5			
	4/27/1993	20.74	12.90	100			ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	0.9			
	10/7/1993		12.52	240			ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5			
	3/28/1994		12.34	ND<50			ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5			
	4/29/1994		11.33										
	6/10/1994		11.55										

Well ID FOC Elevation (ft msl)	Date Sampled	Depth to Water (ft below TOC)	Groundwater Elevation (feet msl)	TPHg ←	TPHd	ТРНто	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene µg/L ——	Xylenes	MTBE	Chloroform	1,2-DCA
	7/8/1994		11.54										
	7/26/1994		11.30										
MW-4 (cont.)	8/25/1994		11.09										
	10/27/1994	22.69	10.95	ND<50			ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5			
	1/6/1995		11.70										
	2/1/1995		12.34										
	3/29/1995		12.76										
	10/31/1995		11.61	80			ND<0.5	0.6	ND<0.5	1.0	ND<0.5		
	5/21/1997		12.08	ND<50			11	120	27	180	ND<5.0		
	9/28/2004	22.72	10.92	ND<50			ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0		
	12/21/2004	20.65	12.99	ND<50			ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0		
	3/11/2005	20.20	13.44	ND<50			ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0		
	6/16/2005	20.38	13.26	ND<50			ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0		
	9/1/2005	20.48	13.16	ND<50			ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0		
	12/16/2005	20.78	12.86	ND<50			ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0		
	3/10/2006	19.81	13.83	ND<50			ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0		
	9/15/2006	21.16	12.48	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0	28	ND<0
	3/8/2007	21.52	12.12	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0	23	ND<0
	9/17/2007	21.84	11.80	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	18	ND<0.
	3/4/2008	21.41	12.23	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	13	ND<0.
	9/3/2008	22.50	11.14	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	12	ND<0
	3/4/2009	22.15	11.49	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	14	ND<0
	9/8/2009	22.56	11.08	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5 (ND<0.5)	ND<0.5 (ND<0.5)	ND<0.5 (ND<0.5)	ND<0.5 (ND<0.5)	ND<0.5 (ND<0.5)	11	ND<0.
33.73*	3/19/2010	21.88	11.76	ND<50	ND<50		(ND<0.5)	(ND<0.5)	(ND<0.5)	(ND<0.5)	(ND<0.5)	10	ND<0.
MW-5	10/31/1991			ND<50			ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5		1.1	
33.51	11/6/1991	24.00	9.51	ND			ND	ND	ND	ND			
	10/21/1992	23.24	10.27	840			17	120	39	180			
33.56	2/25/1993	22.40	11.16	ND<50			ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5			
	4/27/1993	22.15	11.41	260			53	19	1.2	2.4			
	10/7/1993		11.06	ND<50			ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5			
	3/28/1994		10.95	ND<50			ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5			
	4/29/1994		10.91										
	6/10/1994		10.68										
	7/8/1994		10.60										
	7/26/1994		10.45										
	8/25/1994		10.28										
	10/27/1994	23.50	10.06	ND<50			ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5			
	1/6/1995		10.78										

	Date Sampled	Depth to Water	Groundwater Elevation	TPHg ←	TPHd	ТРНто	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes	MTBE	Chloroform	1,2-DCA
(ft msl)		(ft below TOC)	(feet msl)	•					μg/L				$\rightarrow$
	2/1/1995		11.25										
	3/29/1995		11.63										
	10/31/1995		10.64	ND<50			ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5		
MW-5 (cont.)	5/21/1997		11.04	260			2.4	33	7.7	56	ND<5.0		
	9/28/2004	23.70	9.86	ND<50			ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	1.5	ND<5.0		
	12/21/2004	21.40	12.16	ND<50			ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0		
	3/11/2005	21.40	12.16	ND<50			ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0		
	6/16/2005	21.63	11.93	ND<50 (i)			ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0		
	9/1/2005	21.65	11.91	ND<50			ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0		
	12/16/2005	21.94	11.62	ND<50 (i)			ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0		
	3/10/2006	21.11	12.45	ND<50			ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0		
	9/15/2006	22.20	11.36	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0	10	ND<0.
	3/8/2007	22.44	11.12	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0	18	ND<0.
	9/17/2007	22.73	10.83	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	14	ND<0.
	3/4/2008	22.32	11.24	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	19	ND<0.
	9/3/2008	23.13	10.43	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	17	ND<0
	3/4/2009	22.95	10.61	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	14	ND<0
	9/8/2009	23.21	10.35	ND<50	ND<50	ND<250	ND<0.5 (ND<0.5)	11	ND<0				
33.67*	3/19/2010	22.72	10.84	ND<50	ND<50		(ND<0.5)	(ND<0.5)	(ND<0.5)	(ND<0.5)	(ND<0.5)	14	ND<0
MW-6	5/21/1997		11.26	760			2.5	1.7	ND<0.50	25	10		
33.98	9/28/2004	24.00	9.98	ND<50			ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0		
	12/21/2004	21.61	12.37	ND<50			ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<5.0		
	3/11/2005	21.60	12.38	340 (a)			1.9	2.6	0.68	0.61	ND<5.0		
	6/16/2005	21.81	12.17	1,300 (a)			58	8.3	6.1	4.0	ND<25		
	9/1/2005	21.82	12.16	1,900 (a)			150	19	18	76	ND<12		
	12/16/2005	22.03	11.95	3,600 (a,i)			560	63	33	230	ND<50		
	3/10/2006	21.46	12.52	2,200 (a)			240	10	20	87	ND<50		
	9/15/2006	22.46	11.52	1,800 (a)	480 (d)	ND<250	10	6.7	9.9	42	ND<17	3.2	ND<0
	3/8/2007	22.64	11.34	4,300 (a)	890 (d)	ND<250	260	36	29	140	ND<60	ND<10	ND<10
	9/17/2007	22.88	11.10	7,000 (a)	970 (d)	ND<250	760	28	46	270	ND<10	ND<10	ND<10
	3/4/2008	22.51	11.47	400 (a)	74 (d)	ND<250	46	ND<1.0	1.0	6.0	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<1
	9/3/2008	23.24	10.74	280 (a)	69 (d, b)	ND<250	2.9	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<1.0	ND<1.0	ND<0
	3/4/2009	23.14	10.84	200 (a) 670 (a)	150 (d)	ND<250	68	13	ND<0.5	12	ND<0.5	ND<0.5	ND<2
	9/8/2009	23.38	10.60	8,000 (a)	1,400 (d)	ND<250	870 (770)	16 (ND<12)	34 (17)	1500 (1,200)	ND<2.5 ND<12 (ND<12)	ND<2.5	ND<2 ND<1
34.05*	3/19/2010	23.38 22.93	10.00 11.05	8,900 (a)	1,400 (d) 1,200 (d)		(2,900)	(ND<100)	(ND<100)	(ND<100)	(ND<5.0)	ND<0.5 ND<5.0	15

Well ID	Data Samulad I	Douth to Water	Groundwater	TDUa	трил	TDUmo	Dauzaua	Toluona	Ethulhouzouo	Vulanas	MTDE	Chlonoform	12 DC4
	,	,		1PHg ←──	трпи	ТРПМО	Бепгене	Totuene		Aylenes	MIIDE	Chiorojorm	$\rightarrow$
TOC Elevation (ft msl)         Abbreviations a TOC Elevation = msl = Above me µg/L = Microg TPHg = Total pe TPHd = Total pe TPHd = Total pe TPHmo = Total Benzene, toluene MTBE = Methyl Chloroform by I 1,2-DCA = 1,2-D Sheen = A sheer Field = Observed (a) = unmodified (b) = diesel rang (d) = gasoline rang (i) = liquid samp (j) = sample dilu ND<5.0 = Not di	and Notes: Top of well casing can sea level grams per liter etroleum hydrocarb petroleum hydrocarb petroleum hydrocard e, ethylbenzene, an tertiary-butyl ether EPA Method SW820 Dichloroethane by E n was observed on t	(ft below TOC) elevation measu pons as gasoline h pons as diesel by rbons as motor o d xylenes by EP/ r by EPA Method 60B. PA Method SW8 he water's surfac atory. ed gasoline is sig ignificant; no rece e significant sheen/product i vol. % sediment ganic content/ma ction limit.	Elevation (feet msl) ured in feet above by EPA Method SV EPA Method SW8021 by EPA Method A Method SW8021 1 SW8021B by (820 3260B. ce. mificant ognizable pattern s present	W8015C. 8015C with si 1 SW8015C w IB (SW8260B) 60B)	lica gel clear ith silica gel	1	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene µg/L ———	Xylenes	MTBE	Chloroform	1,2-DCA →
	ptember 7, 2006; up		ay 24, 2010										
			5										
5	farch 8, 2007; updat ccess well due to de	2											

#### SOIL VAPOR ANALYTICAL DATA CHIU PROPERTY 800 FRANKLIN STREET OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

Sample ID	Date Sampled	Depth (ft)	Bente	ne Toule	ne Fibryl	Dentene pup	Stene or State	ene 2.hubany	ne Methyle iteryl tetonel titryl tetonel 224	rinethylpenter	inethybenten	e V2 Acett	ne Tetta	Honethene Ison	Leave Haces	e thaten propare traced
VP-1	12/28/2006	5	ND<3.9											ND	ND	ND
	7/25/2007	5	ND<3.9	ND<4.6	ND<5.2	ND<5.2	ND<5.2	9.6	12	ND<5.9	ND<6.0	ND<11	ND<8.2	ND	ND	ND
VP-2	12/28/2006	5	ND<4.0											ND	ND	ND
	7/25/2007	5	ND<3.6	ND<4.3	ND<5.0	ND<5.0	ND<5.0	ND<3.4	ND<5.3	ND<5.6	34	27	8.9	ND	ND	ND
Duplicate Sample	25															
VP-1-Dup	12/28/2006	5	ND<4.0											ND	ND	ND
VP-2-Duplicate	12/28/2006	5	ND<4.0											ND	ND	ND
VP-1-Duplicate	7/25/2007	5	ND<4.0	ND<4.8	ND<5.5	6.0	ND<5.5	ND<3.7	ND<5.9	7.7	ND<6.2	ND<12	ND<6.9	ND	ND	ND

#### Abbreviations and Analyses:

ND<n = Not dectected (ND) above laboratory detection limit, n.

ft = Measured in feet

 $uG/m^3$  = Microgram per cubic meter.

Benzene, isobutane, butane and propane by modified EPA Method TO-15 (7/25/2007 event analyzed the TO-15 full scan)

FIGURES

APPENDIX A

REGULATORY AGENCY CORRESPONENCE

ALAMEDA COUNTY HEALTH CARE SERVICES AGENCY



ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SERVICES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway, Suite 250 Alameda, CA 94502-6577 (510) 567-6700 FAX (510) 337-9335

March 4, 2010

Mr. Tommy Chiu P.O. Box 28194 Oakland, CA 94606

Subject: Fuel Leak Case No. RO0000196 and Geotracker Global ID T0600100050, Bill Louie's Auto Service, 800 Franklin Street, Oakland, CA 94607 – Request for Draft CAP

Dear Mr. Chiu:

Alameda County Environmental Health (ACEH) staff has reviewed the fuel leak case file for the subject site. The site presently has a two story commercial building that occupies the entire lot. Prior to 1989, the site operated as a gasoline service station with up to five underground storage tanks on site. A plume of petroleum hydrocarbons extends off-site in a generally northwest direction. During the most recent groundwater sampling event on September 8, 2009, the concentrations of total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline (TPHg) and benzene reported in groundwater were as high as 42,000 and 1,200 micrograms per liter ( $\mu$ g/L), respectively. The concentrations of TPHg in the farthest downgradient well (MW-6) have not demonstrated a declining trend. On September 8, 2009, the concentration of TPHg in groundwater from MW-6 was 8,000  $\mu$ g/L, which is the highest concentration reported to date for the well and is significantly higher than the concentration of TPHg detected in 1997 when the well was first sampled (760  $\mu$ g/L).

We request that you prepare a Draft Corrective Action Plan (CAP) **by May 27, 2010** to assess and compare the feasibility of various remedial technologies for the site. The Draft CAP is to screen a broad range of remedial technologies based on feasibility for application at the site. Based on the screening of remedial technologies, develop a minimum of three active remedial alternatives are to be developed in addition to monitored natural attenuation. A discussion of the feasibility of the proposed remedial alternatives to achieve target cleanup goals and cost effectiveness must be included for the site-specific conditions.

### TECHNICAL REPORT REQUEST

Please submit technical reports to Alameda County Environmental Health (Attention: Jerry Wickham), according to the following schedule:

- May 7, 2010 Semi-Annual Groundwater Monitoring Report First Quarter 2010
- May 27, 2010 Draft Corrective Action Plan
- November 8, 2010 Semi-Annual Groundwater Monitoring Report Thrid Quarter 2010

These reports are being requested pursuant to California Health and Safety Code Section 25296.10. 23 CCR Sections 2652 through 2654, and 2721 through 2728 outline the responsibilities of a responsible party in response to an unauthorized release from a petroleum UST system, and require your compliance with this request.

Mr. Tommy Chiu RO0000196 March 4, 2010 Page 2

### ELECTRONIC SUBMITTAL OF REPORTS

ACEH's Environmental Cleanup Oversight Programs (LOP and SLIC) require submission of reports in electronic form. The electronic copy replaces paper copies and is expected to be used for all public information requests, regulatory review, and compliance/enforcement activities. Instructions for submission of electronic documents to the Alameda County Environmental Cleanup Oversight Program FTP site are provided on the attached "Electronic Report Upload Instructions." Submission of reports to the Alameda County FTP site is an addition to existing requirements for electronic submittal of information to the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) Geotracker website. In September 2004, the SWRCB adopted regulations that require electronic submittal of information for all groundwater cleanup programs. For several years, responsible parties for cleanup of leaks from underground storage tanks (USTs) have been required to submit groundwater analytical data, surveyed locations of monitoring wells, and other data to the Geotracker database over the Internet. Beginning July 1, 2005, these same reporting requirements were added to Spills, Leaks, Investigations, and Cleanup (SLIC) sites. Beginning July 1, 2005, electronic submittal of a complete copy of all reports for all sites is required in Geotracker (in Please visit the SWRCB website for more information on these requirements PDF format). (http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/ust/cleanup/electronic reporting).

### PERJURY STATEMENT

All work plans, technical reports, or technical documents submitted to ACEH must be accompanied by a cover letter from the responsible party that states, at a minimum, the following: "I declare, under penalty of perjury, that the information and/or recommendations contained in the attached document or report is true and correct to the best of my knowledge." This letter must be signed by an officer or legally authorized representative of your company. Please include a cover letter satisfying these requirements with all future reports and technical documents submitted for this fuel leak case.

#### PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION & CONCLUSIONS/RECOMMENDATIONS

The California Business and Professions Code (Sections 6735, 6835, and 7835.1) requires that work plans and technical or implementation reports containing geologic or engineering evaluations and/or judgments be performed under the direction of an appropriately registered or certified professional. For your submittal to be considered a valid technical report, you are to present site specific data, data interpretations, and recommendations prepared by an appropriately licensed professional and include the professional registration stamp, signature, and statement of professional certification. Please ensure all that all technical reports submitted for this fuel leak case meet this requirement.

#### UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK CLEANUP FUND

Please note that delays in investigation, later reports, or enforcement actions may result in your becoming ineligible to receive grant money from the state's Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Fund (Senate Bill 2004) to reimburse you for the cost of cleanup.

Mr. Tommy Chiu RO0000196 March 4, 2010 Page 3

### AGENCY OVERSIGHT

If it appears as though significant delays are occurring or reports are not submitted as requested, we will consider referring your case to the Regional Board or other appropriate agency, including the County District Attorney, for possible enforcement actions. California Health and Safety Code, Section 25299.76 authorizes enforcement including administrative action or monetary penalties of up to \$10,000 per day for each day of violation.

If you have any questions, please call me at (510) 567-6791 or send me an electronic mail message at jerry.wickham@acgov.org.

Sincerely,

Jerry Wickham, California PG 3766, CEG 1177, and CHG 297 Senior Hazardous Materials Specialist

Enclosure: ACEH Electronic Report Upload (ftp) Instructions

cc: Leroy Griffin, Oakland Fire Department, 250 Frank H. Ogawa Plaza, Ste. 3341, Oakland, CA 94612-2032 2032 (Sent via E-mail to: <u>Igriffin@oaklandnet.com</u>)

Bryan Fong, Conestoga-Rovers & Associates, 5900 Hollis Street, Suite A Emeryville, CA 94608 (Sent via E-mail to: <u>bfong@craworld.com</u>)

Donna Drogos, ACEH (*Sent via E-mail to: <u>donna.drogos@acgov.org</u>)* Jerry Wickham, ACEH

Geotracker, File

Alameda County Environmental Cleanup	ISSUE DATE: July 5, 2005					
Oversight Programs	REVISION DATE: March 27, 2009					
(LOP and SLIC)	PREVIOUS REVISIONS: December 16, 2005, October 31, 2005					
SECTION: Miscellaneous Administrative Topics & Procedures	SUBJECT: Electronic Report Upload (ftp) Instructions					

The Alameda County Environmental Cleanup Oversight Programs (LOP and SLIC) require submission of all reports in electronic form to the county's ftp site. Paper copies of reports will no longer be accepted. The electronic copy replaces the paper copy and will be used for all public information requests, regulatory review, and compliance/enforcement activities.

## REQUIREMENTS

- Entire report including cover letter must be submitted to the ftp site as a single portable document format (PDF) with no password protection. (Please do not submit reports as attachments to electronic mail.)
- It is preferable that reports be converted to PDF format from their original format, (e.g., Microsoft Word) rather than scanned.
- Signature pages and perjury statements **must** be included and have either original or electronic signature.
- Do not password protect the document. Once indexed and inserted into the correct electronic case file, the document will be secured in compliance with the County's current security standards and a password. Documents with password protection will not be accepted.
- Each page in the PDF document should be rotated in the direction that will make it easiest to read on a computer monitor.
- Reports must be named and saved using the following naming convention:

RO#\_Report Name\_Year-Month-Date (e.g., RO#5555\_WorkPlan\_2005-06-14)

### **Additional Recommendations**

• A separate copy of the tables in the document should be submitted by e-mail to your Caseworker in **Excel** format. These are for use by assigned Caseworker only.

### **Submission Instructions**

- 1) Obtain User Name and Password:
  - a) Contact the Alameda County Environmental Health Department to obtain a User Name and Password to upload files to the ftp site.
    - i) Send an e-mail to <u>dehloptoxic@acgov.org</u>

Or

- ii) Send a fax on company letterhead to (510) 337-9335, to the attention of My Le Huynh.
- b) In the subject line of your request, be sure to include "ftp PASSWORD REQUEST" and in the body of your request, include the Contact Information, Site Addresses, and the Case Numbers (RO# available in Geotracker) you will be posting for.
- 2) Upload Files to the ftp Site
  - a) Using Internet Explorer (IE4+), go to ftp://alcoftp1.acgov.org
    - (i) Note: Netscape and Firefox browsers will not open the FTP site.
  - b) Click on File, then on Login As.
  - c) Enter your User Name and Password. (Note: Both are Case Sensitive.)
  - d) Open "My Computer" on your computer and navigate to the file(s) you wish to upload to the ftp site.
  - e) With both "My Computer" and the ftp site open in separate windows, drag and drop the file(s) from "My Computer" to the ftp window.
- 3) Send E-mail Notifications to the Environmental Cleanup Oversight Programs
  - a) Send email to <u>dehloptoxic@acgov.org</u> notify us that you have placed a report on our ftp site.
  - b) Copy your Caseworker on the e-mail. Your Caseworker's e-mail address is the entire first name then a period and entire last name @acgov.org. (e.g., firstname.lastname@acgov.org)
  - c) The subject line of the e-mail must start with the RO# followed by **Report Upload**. (e.g., Subject: RO1234 Report Upload) If site is a new case without an RO# use the street address instead.
  - d) If your document meets the above requirements and you follow the submission instructions, you will receive a notification by email indicating that your document was successfully uploaded to the ftp site.

From: Wickham, Jerry, Env. Health [jerry.wickham@acgov.org]
Sent: Tuesday, June 01, 2010 2:21 PM
To: Fong, Bryan
Subject: RE: 581000 - Fuel Leak Case No. RO0000196 - Response to FS/CAP Request Bryan,

Moving ahead with a Site Conceptual Model (SCM) report is acceptable. Please submit the SCM Report no later than July 2. 2010.

Regards,

Jerry Wickham Alameda County Environmental Health 1131 Harbor Bay Parkway Alameda, CA 94502 510-567-6791 jerry.wickham@acgov.org

From: Fong, Bryan [mailto:bfong@craworld.com]
Sent: Wednesday, May 26, 2010 12:02 PM
To: Wickham, Jerry, Env. Health
Cc: Filing
Subject: 581000 - Fuel Leak Case No. RO0000196 - Response to FS/CAP Request

Hello Jerry,

After a closer review of the project site data we have identified some data gaps. Based on these data gaps, our remediation engineers have concluded the preparation of an FS/CAP is premature for the following reasons.

- Soil analytical data from borings within the vicinity of the former USTs (source area) is approximately 20 years old (1988 to 1991)
- Soil sample analytical data points are limited to B-1, B-2, MW-1, MW-2, and MW-3
- The groundwater plume is not fully accessed down-gradient of MW-6

We recommend preparing a Site Conceptual Model Report to identify and address the data gaps before preparing the FS/CAP. Please feel free to give me a call to discuss.

Bryan A. Fong Conestoga-Rovers & Associates (CRA) 5900 Hollis St, Suite A Emeryville, CA 94608

Phone: 510.420.3369 direct Phone: 510.420.0700 main Fax: 510.420.9170 Cell: 510.385.0509 Email: <u>bfong@CRAworld.com</u> www.CRAworld.com Think before you print Perform every task the safe way, the right way, every time!

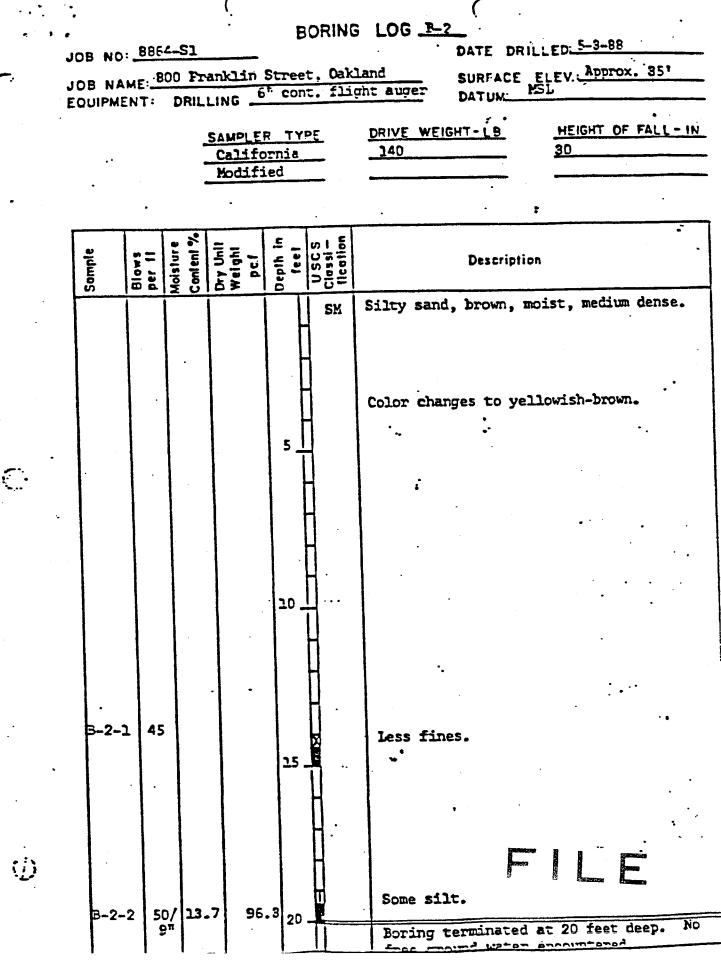
This email may contain confidential and privileged material for the sole use of the intended recipient. Any review or distribution by others is strictly prohibited. If you are not the intended recipient, please contact the sender and delete all copies.

APPENDIX B

WELL CONSTRUCTION DETAILS AND SOIL BORING LOGS

JOB NA	ME	DRIL	ranklir	n St 6 <sup>r</sup>	., Oak	and SURFACE ELEV. Approx. 25'
		•	SAMPLE Califo Modif	orni		DRIVE WEIGHT-LB HEIGHT OF FALL-
Sample	Blows per fl	Moisture Content %	Dry Unit Weight pc f	Depth in	U SC S Classi – Ilcation	, Description
B-1-1	7	LD.4	98.8		SM	Silty fine sand, mottled yellowish-brown and brown, moist, loose. Medium dense. Color changes to yellowish-brown.
B-1-2	45	12.8	106.4	5		Dense.
				<b>٦</b> 0		
			-			Boring terminated at 10 feet deep. No free ground water encountered.
-						FILF

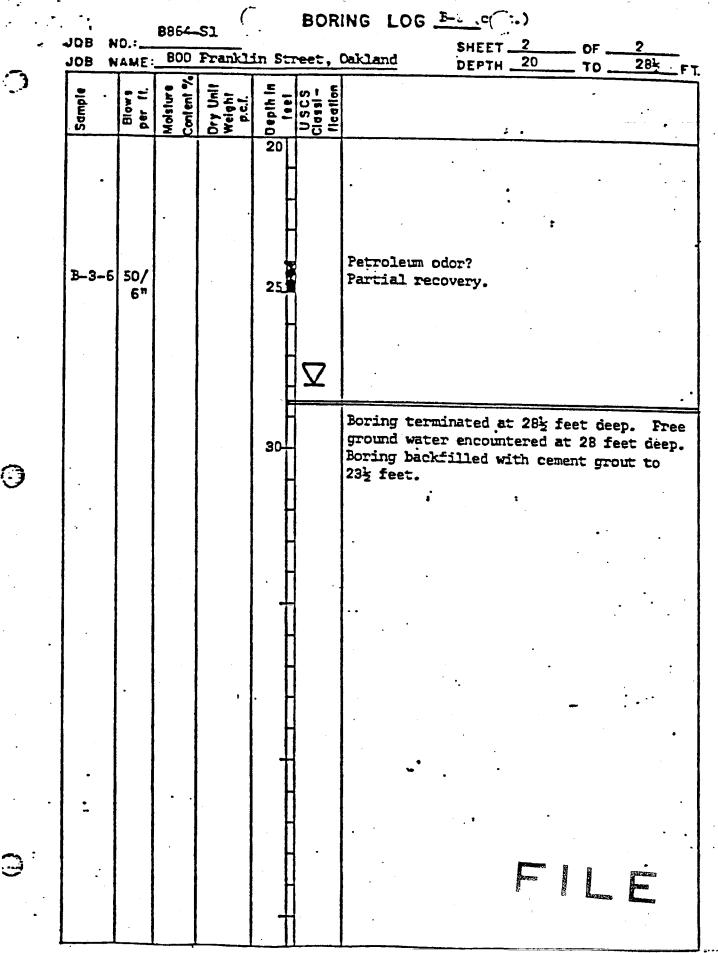
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	••			(	0000	CLOG $\frac{B-3}{2}$
· ~ >	JOB NO		54-S1	•	BURIN	DATE DRILLED: 5-3-89
<u> </u>	JOB NA	AME: ENT:	BOO F	Tanklir LING _	Street, Oa	kland SUPFACE FLEW, Approx. 351
•	, <b>-</b>			SAMPLE Califo Modifi		DRIVE WEIGHT-L'P HEIGHT OF FALL-IN 140 30
	Sample	Blows per fi	Moisture Content %	Dry Unit Weight pc f		- Description
• •	B-3-1	8	דד.6		SM	Silty sand with some gravel, brown, moist, stiff: baserock. Some clay, gray, green and brown:
		-				tank backfill?
ि	5 <b>-3-</b> 2	iż	17.9	102.6	5	Sandy silt, dark gray, moist, low plasti-
	8-3-3	50	בנ.8	110.4	םב SM	city, firm to stiff: tank backfill? Silty fine sand, grayish-green, moist,
			•	•		dense: tank backfill? Slight petroleum odor?
•	B-3-4	45	13.3	4.2	15	Slight petroleum odor? End of backfill 15½ feet?
0	D-3-5	50	15.1	108.9	20-	Color changes to yellowish-brown.
		6"				



FRANK LEE & ASSOCIATES

( <u>)</u>	- COB NC JOB NA		300 Fr	anklin	Stre	et. Oal	DATE DRILLED: 5-3-88
	EQUIPM	ENT:		LING	R T	YPE	Kland     SURFACE ELEV. Approx. 351       ignt auger     DATUM_MSL       DRIVE WEIGHT-LB     HEIGHT OF FALL-IN       140     30
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Sample	Blows per fl	Moisture Content %	Dry Unil Weight pc.f	Depth in feel	>;;≡	
• •	B-4-1		13.1			<u> </u>	Silt, brown, moist, low plasticity, soft: artificial fill? Some sand and gravel.
	B-4-2	ц			5	CL	Sandy clay, mottled light and dark brown, moist, low plasticity; metal objects: artificial fill, old tank removal backfill.
1		•					Boring terminated at 6 feet deep due to refusal (obstruction in fill). No free ground water encountered.
					10 _		
							FILE
3					-		13 Macanona

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1.4

	JECT NO:90-1008 PROJECT NAME: CHIU BORING NO:B1 SCATION:800 FRANKLIN ST OAKLAND CA DATE:09/11/91											
S	CAT	<u>ION</u> GIS	<u>:800</u> T:R	D FRANKLIN SI., OAKLAND, C/ EINHARD RUHMKE	<u>م</u>		PAGE 1 OF 1					
(GR)		D W ING	ATER ME	R DEPTH: 25 FEET THODS: HOLLOW-STEM AUGER			DRILLER:HEW					
DEPTH	SAMPLE	RECOVERY	BLOWS	DESCRIPTION	uscs	GRAPHIC SYMBOL	WELL CONSTRUCTION					
		<u> </u>		8 INCHES CONCRETE								
1 2 3 4 5 7 8	B1-5	18-	10 13 16	LIGHT BROWN FINE SAND: LOOSE; DRY	SP							
9	10	] 18 <sup>-</sup>	9 11 11	GRAYISH-GREEN FINE SAND: LOOSE: DRY; ODOR	SF							
15- 16- 17-		];8 <sup>-</sup>	6 10 14									
22- 23- 24-	5 ! 2 U	א ר ע	7 13 18	OLIVE-GRAY BROWN FINE SAND: MOTTLED; ODOR; DRY.	SF							
25- 26- 27- 28- 29- 30-	-	] ! 8 ]	7 21 28	DARK GRAY FINE SAND; WET: ODOR: END OF BORING								
	REMARKS											
			BO	REHOLE WAS BACKFILLED WITH		EA	TCEMENT					
	MILLER ENVIRONMENTAL COMPANY RICHMOND, CA											

*≇* 7. – 18\*\*

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GEOLC GEOLC GROUN	CT ION DGIS DD W	<u>NO:</u> : 80 T:F ATE ME	90-1008 PROJECT NAME: CHIU 0 FRANKLIN ST. OAKLAND. C REINHARD RUHMKE R DEPTH: 26 FEET THODS: HOLLOW-STEM AUGER	A		BORING NO:B2 DATE:10/02/91 PAGE 1 OF 1 DRILLER:HEW					
DEPTH	RECOVERY	BLOWS	DESCRIPTION	uscs	GRAPHIC STABOL	WELL CONSTRUCTION					
$ $	] 14	7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	<pre>8 INCHES CONCRETE LIGHT BROWN FINE SAND: LOOSE: DRY. A LITTLE CLAY. NO CLAY. BROWN FINE SAND: LOOSE: DRY. MOIST OLIVE-GRAY FINE SAND: SLIGHT ODOR: DRY DARK GRAY FINE SAND: WET: ODOR: END OF BORING</pre>	SP							
30-	<u> </u>		REMARKS	1							
	BOREHOLE WAS BACKFILLED WITH NEAT CEMENT										

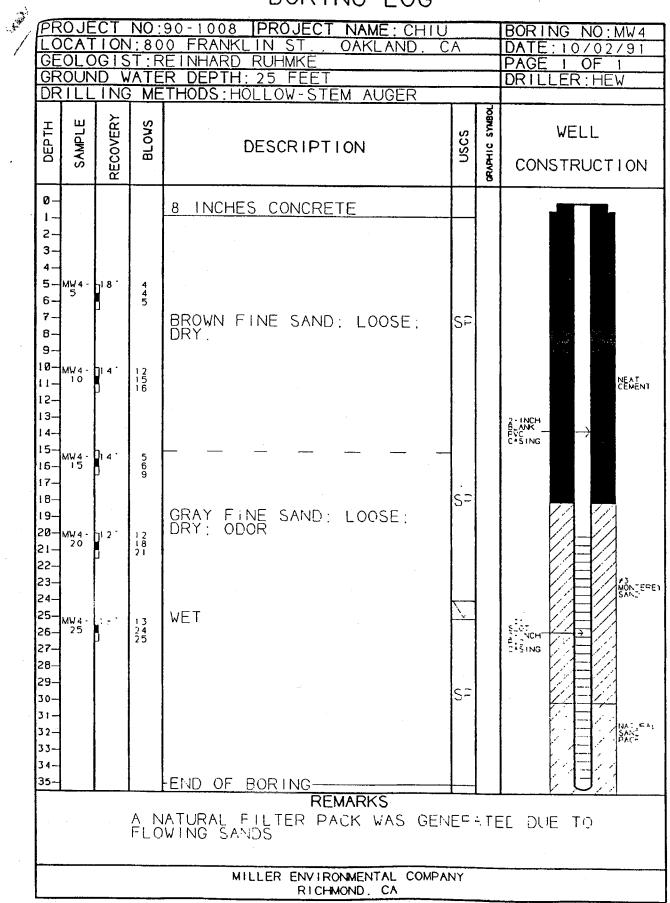
MILLER ENVIRONMENTAL COMPANY RICHMOND. CA

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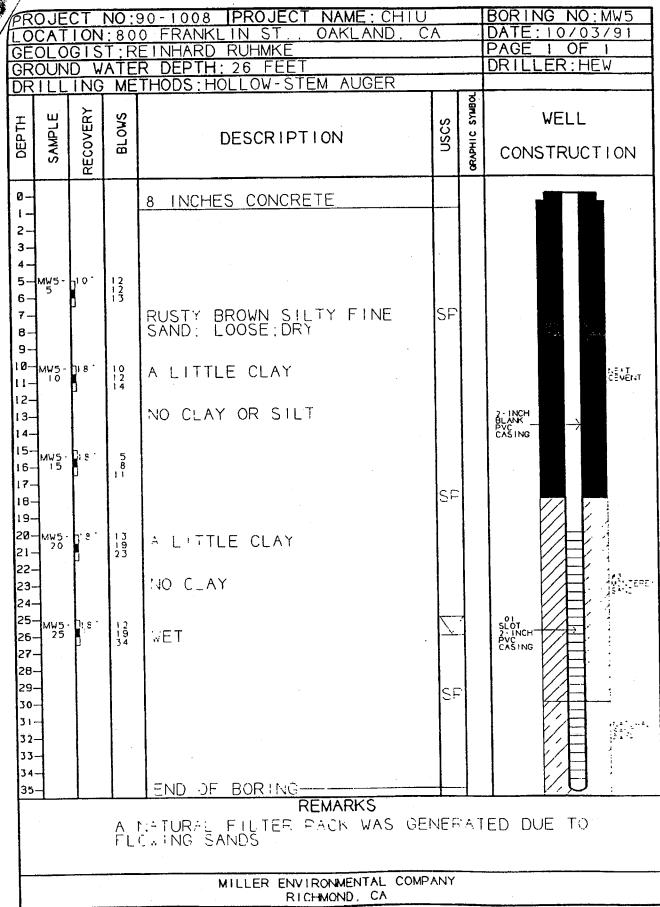
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## **KEY TO BORING LOGS**

### BORING LOG SYMBOL

	Geologic contact line
	Termination of boring
V.	Water level, preliminary measurement
	Water level, stabilized

### SAMPLE RECOVERY

	Undisturbed sample, retained for lab testing
	Sampler drive distance, sample examined in the field
Ø	No sample recovered
SPT	Standard Penetration Test

### SOIL SAMPLE TYPE

C	California
СМ	California Modified
HS	Driven manual Hand Sampler
NQ	NQ Wireline
Р	Piston
PB	Pitcher Barrel
SS	Split Spoon (Terzaghi)

ASSOCIATED TERRA CONSULTANTS, Inc.

				LC	DG OF	MONIT	ORI	NG WELL - MW-6
Clien	t:	<u>Chiu</u>						Logged By: <u>RH</u>
Drille	rs:	Kvil	haug_					Date Completed: May 15, 1997_
Drill	Rig	<u>B-6</u>	1		······			-
Auge	er T	ype/	Size: <u>8'</u>	' hollov	v stem			Screen Size:010
Top c	of C	asing	Eleva	tion:	<u>33 (L</u>	<u>ocal Da</u>	tum)	
				Symł	ools use	d expla	ined c	on "Key to Boring Logs"
Sample Ja Number w		Blows per foot	F.I.D. Reading (ppm)	Dry Unit Weight p.c.f.	Well Data	Depth in feet	U.S. C.S.	Surface Conditions: Concrete
				P.c.1.		0 -	•	Description
					$\boxtimes$	ŀ		Concrete Slab.
					$\boxtimes$		• 	Baserock, grayish-brown crushed rock.
			· ·		$\boxtimes$		-	Sand, medium-grained, brown, slightly damp to damp, dense; no odor.
<u>B</u> 6-1		48				5		Some clay
					$\boxtimes$		•	Easy drilling.
					$\boxtimes$	10	ł	No odor.
B6-2		24						Increased sand, decreased clay, moisture change to wet.
		5				15	+	Clause and modium argined arguich argan
B6-3A B6-3B		42						Clayey sand, medium-grained, grayish-green, damp, dense; some petroleum hydrocarbon odor.
								Sand, medium- to coarse-grained, greenish-gray, damp, dense.

## File No: 124575 LOG OF MONITORING WELL MW- 6 (Continued) Dry Unit Weight p.c.f. Sampler Blows F.I.D. Reading Depth in feet Sample Number U.S. C.S. Well per toot Description Data (ppm) 20 Π B6-4A B6-4B 42 $\nabla$ Color change to gray. 25 B6-5A B6-5B 97 ۰. 30 Π Change color to grayish-green. B6-6A B6-6B 50 35 B6-11 14 Bottom of hole at 36-1/4 ft. Free groundwater encountered at 22-1/2 ft.

40

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ASSOCIATED TERRA CONSULTANTS, Inc.

## **Boring/Well Log Legend**

- PID =Photo-ionization detector or organic vapor meter First encountered groundwater ₽. reading in parts per million (ppm) Static groundwater Ţ fbg = Feet below grade Soils logged by hand-auger or air-knife cuttings Blow Counts = Number of blows required to drive a  $\langle \langle$ Soils logged by drill cuttings or disturbed sample sample interval Ш Undisturbed soil sample interval (10YR 4/4) =Soil color according to Munsell Soil Soil sample retained for submittal to analytical Color Charts laboratory
  - Ο No recovery within interval
  - Hydropunch screen interval

- California-modified split-spoon sampler using a 140-pound hammer falling freely 30 inches, recorded per 6-inch interval of a total 18-inch
- msl = Mean sea level

Soils logged according to the USCS.

## UNIFIED SOILS CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM (USCS) SUMMARY

	Major Divisions		Graphic	Group Symbol	Typical Description
· ·		Clean Gravels		GW	Well-graded gravels, gravel-sand mixtures, little or no fines
	Gravel and	$(\leq 5\% \text{ fines})$		GP	Poorly-graded gravels, gravel-sand mixtures, little or no fines
	Gravelly Soils	Gravels with Fines		GM	Silty gravels, gravel-sand-silt mixtures
Coarse-Grained Soils		$(\geq 15\%$ fines)	A A	GC	Clayey gravels, gravel-sand-clay mixtures
(>50% Sands and/or Gravels)		Clean Sands		SW	Well-graded sands, gravelly sands, little or no fines
	Sand and Sandy	(≤5% fines)		SP	Poorly-graded sands, gravelly sand, little or no fines
	Soils	Sands with Fines		SM	Silty sands, sand-silt mixtures
		$(\geq 15\%$ fines)		SC	Clayey sands, sand-clay mixtures
				ML	Inorganic silts, very fine sands, silty or clayey fine sands, clayey silts with slight plasticity
Fine-Grained	Silts an	nd Clays		CL	Inorganic clays of low to medium plasticity, gravelly clays, sandy clays, silty clays, lean clays
Soils (>50% Silts				OL	Organic silts and organic silty clays of low plasticity
(>50% Silts and/or Clays)				мн	Inorganic silts, micaceous or diatomaceous fine sand or silty soils
	Silts a	nd Clays		СН	Inorganic clays of high plasticity
				ОН	Organic clays of medium to high plasticity, organic silts
Hig	ghly Organic Soils	, ,	<u> </u>	PT	Peat, humus, swamp soils with high organic contents



Conestoga-Rovers & Asso 5900 Hollis Street, Suite A Emeryville, CA 94608 Telephone: 510-420-0700 Fax: 510-420-9170								te A		BORI	NG	/ WELL LOG
			-	Chen Chiu	Tso Cl	niu			BORING/WELL NAME			
JOB/SITE NAME Chiu LOCATION 800 Franklin Street,					Franklin	Stroot	Oakl	and CA	DRILLING COMPLETED	29-Jan-07		
			FR -			Suee	, Uaki		WELL DEVELOPMENT D		NA	
	PROJECT NUMBER 589-1000 DRILLER Woodward Drilling Co., C						Co C	57 #710079	GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION			
	DRILLER Woodward Drilling Co., ( DRILLING METHOD BORING DIAMETER 10-inch								TOP OF CASING ELEVAT	NA		
									SCREENED INTERVALS	NA		
	LOGGE	DBY	-	C. He	ernande	z		 	DEPTH TO WATER (First	Encountered)	NA	
	REVIEW	ED BY		M. Jo	nas				DEPTH TO WATER (Station	c)	NA	<u> </u>
	REMARI	KS		Well	located	on Fra	anklin	St. between two metered	parking spaces in front of 8	00 Franklin St	buildin	ng
	PID (ppm)	BLOW COUNTS	SAMPLE ID	EXTENT	DEPTH (fbg)	U.S.C.S.	GRAPHIC LOG	LITHC	DLOGIC DESCRIPTION		CONTACT DEPTH (fbg)	WELL DIAGRAM
							004	8-inches of concrete				
DEFAULT.GDT 7/1/10								Silty SAND (fill): Light bills SAND (fill): Light bills bill	ght brown; moist; 15% silt, f h-plastic; high estimated per nown; moist; 40% silt, 60% lasticity; low estimated perm	meability.	5.0	
WELL LOG (PID) #NRIG-CHARSIG810-1581000-6158F58-1160RING-11CHIU- SOIL VAPOR PROBES.GPJ DEFAULT.GDT 7/1/10					   			@ 15' - Olive gray, 3	30% silt, 60% fine to mediur	n sand.		Portland Type I/II

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800 Franklin Street, Oakland, CA

## **BORING / WELL LOG**

CLIENT NAME JOB/SITE NAME LOCATION

Chen Tso Chiu	
Chiu	

BORING/WELL NAME
DRILLING STARTED

Continued from Previous Page

MW-3

29-Jan-07

DRILLING COMPLETED

ED 29-Jan-07

PID (ppm)	BLOW	SAMPLE ID	EXTENT	DEPTH (fbg)	U.S.C.S.	GRAPHIC LOG	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION	CONTACT DEPTH (fbg)	WELI	_ DIAGRAM
WELL LOG (PID) I:NRIG-CHARSIS8101581000/581000-1158FF5B11BORING1/CHIU- SOIL VAPOR PROBES.GPJ DEFAULT.GDT 7/1/10					SM		<ul> <li>@ 25' - Light brown.</li> <li>@ 30 - 15% silt, 85% fine to medium sand; non-plastic; and moderate estimated permeability.</li> <li>@ 32.5' - Olive gray and wet.</li> <li>Notes:</li> <li>Soil lithology based on soil cuttings from MW-3A and other site boring logs.</li> <li>2-inch, PVC, schedule 40 well MW-3 was destroyed by pressure grouting on January 29, 2007. MW-3 was screened from approximately 20 to 35 feet below grade.</li> </ul>	35.0		Bottom of Boring @ 35 fbg

	G		Ì	5900 Emer Teler	estoga- Hollis ryville, phone: 510-4	Stree CA 9 510-	t, Suit 4608 420-0		• •	BORI	NG	/ WELL LOG		
		NAME		Chen	Tso Ch	niu			BORING/WELL NAME	MW-3A				
	JOB/SITE		_	Chiu	100 01				DRILLING STARTED	08-Feb-07				
	LOCATION 800 Franklin Street, Oak							and CA	DRILLING COMPLETED	08-Feb-07				
	PROJECT NUMBER 589-1000								WELL DEVELOPMENT DA	TE (YIELD)	NA			
	DRILLER		-			rilling	Co., C	57 #710079	GROUND SURFACE ELE		NA			
	DRILLIN		0D		w-stem	-			TOP OF CASING ELEVATION					
	BORING		_	10-in					SCREENED INTERVALS		NA 20 to 3	35 fbg		
	LOGGED		-		ernande	Z			DEPTH TO WATER (First	_ Encountered)	NA	57		
	REVIEW			M. Jo					DEPTH TO WATER (Statio		NA			
	REMAR	s				on Fra	anklin S	St. between two metered	parking spaces in front of 8		buildin	ia.		
						-								
	PID (ppm)	BLOW COUNTS	SAMPLE ID	EXTENT	DEPTH (fbg)	U.S.C.S.	GRAPHIC LOG	LITHC	DLOGIC DESCRIPTION		CONTACT DEPTH (fbg)	WELL DIAGRAM		
							4 4 4	8-inches of concrete.	······································					
							x		ght brown; moist; 15% silt, 8		0.7			
					[ ]			to medium sand; nor	plastic; high estimated permeability.					
	0													
	Ů													
		ļ			$\vdash$ $+$									
				1										
/10											5.0			
111	0				- 5 -			Silty SAND: Light b	rown; moist; 40% silt, 60%	fine to	15.0			
S.GPJ DEFAULT.GDT 7/1/10								medium sand; low pl	asticity; low estimated perm	neability.				
ULT.										1				
DEFA														
PJ C														
ES.G														
ROBI														
R PF											}	Portland Type I/II		
APC														
					-10-					`				
л- S														
CHI						-								
5-0				.	·									
ORIN						4								
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F5B		ł				ł								
\58F														
5						ł								
5810														
000	1	1				1		@ 15' - Olive gray, 3	30% silt, 60% fine to mediur	n sand.				
-\581								. – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – –						
810-						1								
WELL LOG (PID) 1:\IR\6-CHARS\5810-\58100\581000\581000-\168FF58~1\BORING~1\CHIU-SOIL VAPOR PROBE														
CHAI	1 .					1								
R\6-(												Dontonite Cool		
NH (i					Г <sup>-</sup>	]						<ul> <li>Bentonite Seal</li> </ul>		
ald)					L.	1		:						
LOG												Lonestar Sand		
ELL					-20-	4		: -				#2/12		
3	1	]	1		1 -0		1							

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PAGE 1 OF 2

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800 Franklin Street, Oakland, CA

## **BORING / WELL LOG**

CLIENT NAME JOB/SITE NAME LOCATION

Chen Tso Chi	u
Chiu	

BORING/WELL NAME DRILLING STARTED DRILLING COMPLETED

MW-3A 08-Feb-07

08-Feb-07

	Continued from Previous Page													
PID (ppm)	BLOW COUNTS	SAMPLE ID	EXTENT	DEPTH (fbg)	U.S.C.S.	GRAPHIC LOG	LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION	CONTACT DEPTH (fbg)	WELI	L DIAGRAM				
32					SM		@ 25' - Light brown.			<ul> <li>4"-diam., 0.010" Slotted Schedule 40 PVC</li> </ul>				
				30			@ 30 - 15% silt, 85% fine to medium sand; non-plastic; and moderate estimated permeability.							
128	T						@ 32.5' - Olive gray and wet.	_35.0		Bottom of Boring				
							Notes: Soil lithology based on soil cuttings from MW-3A. 4-inch well MW-3A is located adjacent to former well MW-3.			@ 35 fbg				

Ce		59 E T	900 mei eler	estoga- Hollis ryville, phone: 510-4	Stree CA 9 510-	t, Suit 4608 420-0		BORI	NG	/ WEI	LL LOG	
Job/Sit Locati Projec Drille Drillin Borinc Logge Review	CLIENT NAME JOB/SITE NAME LOCATION PROJECT NUMBER DRILLER DRILLING METHOD BORING DIAMETER LOGGED BY REVIEWED BY REMARKS		hiu 00 F 89-1 iron ollo -incl . He 1. Jc	000 ex w-stem h ernande	Street auger		and, CA 800 Franklin St. building	BORING/WELL NAME DRILLING STARTED DRILLING COMPLETED WELL DEVELOPMENT D/ GROUND SURFACE ELEV TOP OF CASING ELEVAT SCREENED INTERVALS DEPTH TO WATER (First DEPTH TO WATER (Statio	ATE (YIELD) _ VATION _ TION _ Encountered)	NA NA 5.5 to 6 fbg NA NA		<u> </u>
PID (ppm)	BLOW COUNTS	SAMPLE ID	EXTENT	DEPTH (fbg)	U.S.C.S.	GRAPHIC LOG	. LITHC	DLOGIC DESCRIPTION		CONTACT DEPTH (fbg)	WEL	L DIAGRAM
WELL LOG (PID) I:\IR\G-CHARS\5810\581000\581000-1\58FF5B1\BORING1\CHIU- SOIL VAPOR PROBES.GPJ DEFAULT.GDT 7/1/10		VP-1- 5.5					to medium sand; nor Note: Installed soil vapor p See Figure 3 for con probe.	ght brown; damp; 15% silt, i n-plastic; high estimated pe	rmeability.	6.0		<ul> <li>Portland Type I/II</li> <li>Hydrated Granular Bentonite 1.5 - 4 fbg</li> <li>1/4-inch Nyflow tubing</li> <li>Dry Granular Bentonite 4 - 5 fbg</li> <li>Monterey Sand #2/12</li> <li>Gench Screened Vapor Probe</li> <li>Bottom of Boring</li> <li>@ 6 fbg</li> </ul>

-J5810001581000-1158FF5B-11BORING-11CHIU- SOIL VAPOR PROBES.GPJ DEFAULT.GDT 7/1/10 ç ē

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	G		59 Ei Te	900 mer elep	estoga- Hollis yville, phone: 510-42	Stree CA 9 510-	t, Suite 4608 420-07			BORING / WELL LOG			
CLIENT NAME JOB/SITE NAME LOCATION PROJECT NUMBER DRILLER DRILLING METHOR BORING DIAMETE LOGGED BY REVIEWED BY REMARKS			C 80 ER 58 V OD H FER 3 C C	hiu 00 F 39-1 iron ollov -inch . He	w-stem n ernande enas	Street auger z		ind, CA	BORING/WELL NAME DRILLING STARTED DRILLING COMPLETED WELL DEVELOPMENT D/ GROUND SURFACE ELE <sup>4</sup> TOP OF CASING ELEVAT SCREENED INTERVALS DEPTH TO WATER (First DEPTH TO WATER (Stati	VATION	NA NA 5.5 to 6 fbg NA NA		<u> </u>
,	PID (ppm)	BLOW COUNTS	SAMPLE ID	EXTENT	DEPTH (fbg)	U.S.C.S.	GRAPHIC LOG	LITH	DLOGIC DESCRIPTION		CONTACT DEPTH (fbg)	WEL	LDIAGRAM
weit in orden version version-isstopoidstopoid-visigereis-visio Ring-vichilu- soll, VAPOR PROBES. GPJ DEFAULT. GDT 7/1/10			VP-2- 5.5					to medium sand; no @3': Yellow-grey; 2 @3': Yellow-grey; 2 Note: Installed soil vapor j See Figure 3 for cor probe.	Concrete. ght brown; damp; 15% silt, n-plastic, high estimated pe 5% silt, 75% fine to medium probe VP-1 to 6 fbg. nstruction details of the soil as sampled on 12/28/2006.	rmeability.	6.0		<ul> <li>Portland Type I/II</li> <li>Hydrated Granular Bentonite 1.5 - 4 fbg</li> <li>1/4-inch Nyflow tubing</li> <li>Dry Granular Bentonite 4 - 5 fbg</li> <li>Monterey Sand #2/12</li> <li>G-inch Screened Vapor Probe</li> <li>Bottom of Boring @ 6 fbg</li> </ul>

APPENDIX C

## TPHg & BENZENE CONCENTRATION TREND ANALYSIS GRAPHS

