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July 17, 2007

*VIA ALAMEDA COUNTY FTP SITE*

Ms. Donna Drogos  
Alameda County Health Care Services Agency  
Department of Environmental Health  
1131 Harbor Bay Parkway, Suite 250  
Alameda, CA 94502-6577

Re: **Site Investigation Report**  
Former Exxon Station  
5175 Broadway Street  
Oakland, California  
ACEH Fuel Leak Case No. RO0000139

Dear Ms. Drogos:

On behalf of Rockridge Heights, LLC, Pangea Environmental Services, Inc. has prepared this *Site Investigation Report* for the subject site. This report describes offsite soil borings upgradient and crossgradient from the source, the abandonment of four monitoring wells, and the installation of twelve monitoring wells.

If you have any questions or comments, please call me at (510) 435-8664 or email [briddell@pangeaenv.com](mailto:briddell@pangeaenv.com).

Sincerely,  
**Pangea Environmental Services, Inc.**

Bob Clark-Riddell, P.E.  
Principal Engineer

Attachment: *Site Investigation Report*

cc: Rockridge Heights, LLC, C/O Gary Feiner, 34 Schooner Hill, Oakland, California 94618  
RWQCB – SF Bay Region, Cherie McCaulou, 1515 Clay Street, Oakland, California 94612  
Vera Stanovich, 1956 Stratton Circle, Walnut Creek, California 94598  
SWRCB Geotracker (Electronic copy)

**PANGEA Environmental Services, Inc.**

1710 Franklin Street, Suite 200, Oakland, California 94612 Telephone 510.836.3700 Facsimile 510.836.3709 [www.pangeaenv.com](http://www.pangeaenv.com)



## SITE INVESTIGATION REPORT

Former Exxon Station  
5175 Broadway  
Oakland, California

July 17, 2007

*Prepared for:*

Rockridge Heights, LLC  
C/O Gary Feiner  
34 Schooner Hill  
Oakland, California 94618

*Prepared by:*

Pangea Environmental Services, Inc.  
1710 Franklin Street, Suite 200  
Oakland, California 94612

*Written by:*

David S. Diamond, Ph.D., C.Hg.  
Senior Hydrogeologist



Bob Clark-Riddell, P.E.  
Principal Engineer

**PANGEA Environmental Services, Inc.**

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## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

On behalf of Rockridge Heights, LLC, Pangea Environmental Services, Inc. (Pangea) prepared this *Site Investigation Report* (report) for the subject site. The scope of work was outlined in Pangea's *Addendum to Preliminary Results of Site Characterization: Proposed Additional Activities* (Addendum) dated November 8, 2006, which amended the report *Preliminary Results of Site Characterization: Proposed Additional Activities-former Exxon Station, 5175 Broadway, Oakland, California* dated May 8, 2006, and submitted to you by Golden Gate Tank Removal, Inc (GGTR) on behalf of the former property owner, Ms. Mojdeh Mehdizadeh. The final scope consisted of the following:

- Completion of offsite soil borings B-18 and B-19 to evaluate offsite groundwater contamination upgradient and crossgradient from the source.
- Destruction of monitoring wells MW-2, MW-3, STMW-4 and STMW-5 to eliminate potential dilution of groundwater samples and vertical contaminant migration due to the wells being screened across multiple water-bearing zones.
- Installation of twelve monitoring wells (MW-2C, MW-3A, MW-3C, MW-4A, MW-5A, MW-5B, MW-5C, MW-6A, MW-7B, MW-7C, MW-8A and MW-8C) to allow better determination of the vertical and lateral extent of contamination and site hydrogeology and refinement of the site conceptual model (SCM).

Pangea also attempted to advance soil borings B-16, B-17 and B-20 northeast and east of the site, respectively, but reached refusal and was unable to collect groundwater samples. The proposed offsite investigation work downgradient (south) of the property boundary, including soil gas sampling both at and south of the property boundary, has not yet been conducted because access to the adjacent southern property has not yet been obtained. Pangea hopes to complete this offsite well installation and soil gas sampling in the near future. The feasibility testing of dual-phase extraction (DPE) and air sparging (AS) conducted in April 2007 will be reported separately.

## 2.0 SITE BACKGROUND

### 2.1 Site Location and Description

The subject property is located at 5175 Broadway Street, at the southwest corner of the intersection of Broadway and Coronado Avenue in Oakland, California in Alameda County (Figure 1). The site is approximately 0.6 miles south-southeast of Highway 24 and approximately 2.3 miles east of Interstate 80 and the San Francisco Bay. The property is relatively flat lying, with a slight slope to the south-southwest, and lies

at an elevation of approximately 160 feet above mean sea level. Topographic relief in the area surrounding the site also slopes generally towards the south-southwest. The western site boundary is the top of an approximately 10 foot high retaining wall that separates the site from an adjacent apartment complex.

The property has been vacant since 1979 and was formerly occupied by an Exxon Service Station used for fuel sales and automobile repair. The site is approximately 13,200 square feet in area with about 10% of the area occupied by a vacant station/garage structure. The majority of the ground surface is paved with concrete and/or asphalt. Land use to the west and northwest is residential, including apartment buildings and single family homes. Properties to the northeast, east and south of the site are commercial. The site and adjacent properties are shown on Figure 2.

## **2.2 Summary of Previous Environmental Investigations**

Environmental compliance work commenced when three 8,000-gallon steel single-walled USTs, associated piping, and a 500-gallon steel single-walled waste oil tank were removed in January 1990. Tank Protect Engineering, Inc. (TPE) conducted the tank removal and observed holes in all four tanks. Groundwater was reportedly observed to stabilize in the UST excavation between 10.5 and 11 feet bgs. Approximately 700 tons of contaminated soil was excavated during tank removal and was subsequently remediated and reused for onsite backfill by TPE. In April 1990, TPE installed and sampled monitoring wells MW-1, MW-2 and MW-3. In June 1991, Soil Tech Engineering (STE), subsequently renamed Environmental Soil Tech Consultants (ESTC), installed monitoring wells STMW-4 and STMW-5. Groundwater monitoring was conducted on the site intermittently until October 2002. Golden Gate Tank Removal (GGTR) performed additional assessment in January and February 2006, including collection of soil and/or groundwater samples from ten onsite soil borings. In June 2006, the property was purchased by Rockridge Heights, LLC. Pangea commenced quarterly groundwater monitoring at the site in July 2006.

## **2.3 Conduit Study**

To evaluate the potential for contaminant migration via preferential pathways, GGTR surveyed subsurface utilities in the vicinity of the site and compared utility depths to groundwater depth in site monitoring wells. This survey was reported in the GGTR *Workplan for Additional Site Characterization* dated September 12, 2005. The report concluded that no utilities likely serve as preferential pathways for migration of contaminated groundwater.

## 2.4 Potential Receptors

A risk assessment study conducted by SOMA (*Conducting Human Health Risk Assessment*, dated February 17, 2004) concluded that the primary human health risk was inhalation by residential receptors of benzene volatilized from site groundwater, and that concentrations measured in site monitoring wells were below thresholds of concern for those receptors, with the exception of well STMW-4. In an October 6, 2004 letter, Alameda County Environmental Health (ACEH) requested modifications to the risk assessment method used by SOMA and consideration of soil exposure pathways not considered by SOMA in future risk assessment work. ACEH also indicated that further risk assessment efforts should be postponed until additional site characterization work was completed. In addition, the recent grab groundwater sampling data collected by GGTR indicated that chemicals of concern may be present at the downgradient edge of the site at concentrations exceeding those found in site monitoring wells. Therefore, Pangea concurs with the ACEH's statement that additional risk assessment should not be conducted until further downgradient characterization has been completed. It should also be noted that the high levels of petroleum hydrocarbons (230,000 ug/L TPHg, 13,000 ug/L benzene) detected in the GGTR grab groundwater sample (B-11) collected at the downgradient edge of the site significantly exceeded those concentrations previously detected onsite; these results increase the possibility that vapor intrusion hazards may be present for the residential pathway discussed by SOMA, or potentially for workers in commercial buildings, since the California Regional Water Quality Control Board (CRWQCB) Environmental Screening Levels (ESL) for the commercial or industrial land use vapor intrusion pathway is 540 µg/L for benzene in groundwater.

Land use at the site and adjacent buildings along Broadway is currently commercial, so, in the absence of an approved risk assessment, commercial ESLs are applicable for assessing of sampling data immediately downgradient (south) of the site. However, with residential properties located west of the site in the down/crossgradient direction, residential ESLs would apply to contaminants that might migrate west from the site. The Final ESLs for TPHg and benzene, the primary site contaminants, are the same for commercial and residential land use for shallow and deep soil where groundwater is a potential source of drinking water.

## 3.0 SITE INVESTIGATION ACTIVITIES

Pangea's site investigation included offsite boring installation, onsite well installation into shallow, intermediate and deeper soil/groundwater, and well abandonment, as described below.

**Soil Boring:** Soil borings B-18 and B-19 were installed to evaluate groundwater contamination upgradient and crossgradient from the source. Pangea also attempted to advance soil borings B-16, B-17 and B-20 northeast and east of the site, but reached refusal and was unable to collect groundwater samples. These findings indicate that the resistant bedrock that crops out across Broadway east of the site is present in the shallow subsurface in the vicinity of the boring locations.

**Well Abandonment:** Monitoring wells MW-2, MW-3, STMW-4 and STMW-5 were previously installed with very long screen lengths, potentially resulting in dilution of groundwater samples, vertical contaminant migration, and difficulty in determining the vertical distribution of groundwater contamination. These wells were destroyed by overdrilling the well borings. The well borings were used to reconstruct new wells MW-2C, MW-3C, MW-4A and MW-5C, with shorter screened intervals targeted to the horizons of interest.

**Onsite Well Installation:** Twelve monitoring wells (MW-2C, MW-3A, MW-3C, MW-4A, MW-5A, MW-5B, MW-5C, MW-6A, MW-7B, MW-7C, MW-8A and MW-8C) were installed to allow better determination of the vertical and lateral extent of contamination and site hydrogeology, and refinement of the site conceptual model (SCM).

**Feasibility Testing:** DPE/AS testing conducted in April 2007 will be reported separately.

**Pending Offsite Work:** Pangea's November 8, 2006 Workplan Addendum also included the installation of offsite monitoring wells and soil borings downgradient (south) of the property boundary, and soil gas sampling onsite, south, and west of the property boundary. This work has been delayed because access to the adjacent southern, downgradient property could not be obtained. Pangea hopes to finally obtain access and conduct this work in the near future.

### **3.1 Pre-Drilling Activities**

A comprehensive site Safety Plan was prepared to protect site workers and the plan was kept onsite during all field activities. Boring and well installation permits were obtained from the Alameda County Public Works Agency (ACPWA). Encroachment and excavation permits were obtained from the City of Oakland, and access agreements were obtained from nearby property owners west and east of the site. Copies of the permits are presented in Appendix A. The proposed drilling locations were marked and Underground Service Alert was notified at least 72 hours before the proposed field activities. Pangea cleared the offsite boring locations using a private line locator. Prior to drilling, concrete coring was performed for soil borings B-16 and B-18.

### **3.2 Drilling Procedures**

All soil borings and monitoring wells were installed in general accordance with the procedures described in Pangea's Addendum dated November 8, 2006. All offsite borings were hand-augered to 5 ft below ground surface (bgs), when feasible, to help avoid subsurface utilities. Pangea retained RSI Drilling (RSI) of Woodland, California, to drill the borings and install the monitoring wells. The drilling was observed in the field by Pangea hydrologist Bryce Taylor and staff Greg Bentley, and supervised by Bob Clark-Riddell, a California Registered Civil Professional Engineer (P.E.). Soil characteristics such as color, texture, and



relative water contents were described in the field using the USCS classification system and entered onto a field boring log. Field screening of soil samples for potential hydrocarbons and volatile organic compounds included visual and olfactory observations and photo-ionization detector (PID) readings. Undisturbed soil samples were collected for laboratory analysis in acetate liners, and capped with Teflon tape and plastic end caps. All samples were shipped under chain of custody to McCampbell Analytical, Inc., a California-certified laboratory.

### **3.3 Soil Boring Installation**

#### **Drilling Activities**

On January 23, March 16 and 19, and April 4, 2007, Pangea attempted to drill five soil borings (B-16, B-17, B-18, B-19 and B-20) to help evaluate subsurface conditions northeast, northwest, west and south of the site, respectively. Soil boring B-16 was advanced near the northwest corner of Broadway and Coronado Avenue. Boring B-18 was located in the street in front of the apartment complex at 5230 Coronado Avenue and boring B-19 was located in the backyard of the apartment complex. Borings B-17 and B-20 were located across Broadway from the site as shown on Figure 2.

Concrete coring was performed for borings B-16 and B-18. All borings were hand-augered to approximately 5 ft bgs to ensure that drilling activities did not damage unmarked utilities. After hand-augering, RSI drilled the borings using direct-push drilling methods to collect continuously cored soil samples. Boring B-18 was advanced to approximately 16 ft depth, temporary casing was installed and a groundwater sample was collected using a peristaltic pump with new polyethylene tubing. A hand auger was used to advance boring B-19 (whose surface elevation was approximately 10 ft below the ground surface elevation of the site due to the presence of a tall retaining wall separating the site from the apartment complex) to a depth of approximately 4.5 ft bgs, and a groundwater sample was then collected with a disposable bailer. Borings B-16, B-17 and B-20 reached direct-push refusal at approximately 12, 9 and 8.5 ft bgs, respectively, and no groundwater samples could be collected.

After evaluation of the importance of each boring to the investigation, Pangea decided to move the proposed location of boring B-20 further south and construct a monitoring well at this location if any field observations of hydrocarbons were observed. Pangea proposed a monitoring well since extensive drilling would be required to drill through the rock based on site conditions, and because a well would allow collection of repeatable data. Pangea negotiated a new access agreement with the property owner, Safeway, Inc., and began drilling boring B-20 on March 16 using a Powerprobe 9630 Hollow-Stem-Auger/Direct-Push combo rig, but reached refusal at approximately 7 ft bgs. On April 4 Pangea returned with a larger drill rig (CME 75), but again reached refusal at approximately 8.5 ft bgs after 3 hours of drilling, so attempts to complete the boring

or install a well were halted. Soil and water samples were collected from each boring in accordance with Pangea's Standard Operating Procedures for Soil Borings (Appendix B).

Soil from borings B-16, B-18 and B-20 consisted primarily of sandy gravel and clay underlain by mudstone to the total depth of each boring, while soil from boring B-19 consisted of sandy silt. No hydrocarbon odors or staining were observed in any of the borings. Boring logs for B-16, B-18, B-19 and B-20 are included in Appendix C.

### **Soil Boring Sampling and Analysis**

No soil samples were collected from the borings, while grab groundwater samples were collected from borings B-18 and B-19. Groundwater samples were analyzed for TPHd by EPA Method 8015C, TPHg by modified EPA Method 8015C, and benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes (BTEX) and methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE) by EPA Method 8021B.

### **3.4 Monitoring Well Abandonment and Installation**

On January 18, 19, 22, 23, 25, 26 and March 16, 2007, Pangea installed twelve monitoring wells (MW-2C, MW-3A, MW-3C, MW-4A, MW-5A, MW-5B, MW-5C, MW-6A, MW-7A, MW-7C, MW-8A and MW-8C) to help define the vertical and lateral extent of groundwater contamination. On January 18, 25, 26 and March 16, 2007, Pangea abandoned wells MW-2, MW-3, STMW-4 and STMW-5 to reduce the risk of vertical contaminant migration and improve the quality of monitoring data.

### **Well Drilling Activities**

Monitoring wells MW-2, MW-3, STMW-4 and STMW-5 were abandoned by overdrilling with the appropriate size hollow-stem augers. After each casing was removed and all well construction materials had been drilled out, the open boreholes were used to install new wells MW-2C, MW-3C, MW-4A and MW-5C, respectively. Monitoring wells MW-3A, MW-5B, MW-6A, MW-7C and MW-8C were first continuously cored using direct-push drilling methods to evaluate soil lithology. After reaching the total depth or direct push refusal, each boring was reamed using the appropriate sized hollow-stem auger to facilitate the installation of the well. Shallower monitoring wells MW-5A, MW-7B and MW-8A were drilled adjacent to the other wells using the appropriately sized hollow-stem auger. Due to the prevalence of mudstone bedrock at the site, drilling was difficult and time consuming.

### **Soil Sampling During Well Installation**

During drilling, soil samples were collected continuously for select wells to the total depth of each boring. Soil consisted primarily of brown clay and gravel to a depth of approximately 2 to 16 ft bgs, underlain by

mudstone. The observed soil type was similar to prior soil logging at the site, except that GGTR classified some of the fine-grained soil at the site as silt, while Pangea classified most of the fine-grained soil as clay. Boring logs and well construction diagrams for monitoring wells are included in Appendix C.

Select soil samples were analyzed for TPHg by modified EPA Method 8015C, and benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes (BTEX) and methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE) by EPA Method 8021B. Soil samples collected from select wells in the vadose zone and capillary fringe were submitted for analysis

### **Well Construction**

The monitoring wells were constructed of 2-inch diameter, 0.010-inch slotted and blank PVC casing. Monitoring wells MW-3A, MW-4A, MW-5A, MW-6A and MW-8A were screened in the shallow water-bearing zone, which is composed of clayey gravel, gravelly clay and mudstone to provide better assessment of contamination in this shallow zone. Monitoring wells in the "A" zone were screened between approximately 8 to 17 ft bgs. Monitoring well MW-5B was screened from approximately 17 to 20 ft bgs, while MW-7B was screened from approximately 15.5 to 18.5 ft bgs to assess contamination of intermediate-depth mudstone bedrock immediately below the surficial soils. Monitoring wells MW-2C, MW-3C, MW-5C, MW-7C and MW-8C were screened between approximately 18 to 27 ft bgs in deeper mudstone to provide better assessment of contamination at depth within the bedrock. The wells were protected by traffic-rated vaults and locking well caps. The soil characteristics and hydrogeology are detailed in the boring logs (Appendix C). Additional soil logging and sampling procedures are presented in Pangea's Standard Operating Procedures for soil borings in Appendix B.

### **Well Development & Sampling**

Pangea retained Blaine Tech Services, Inc. (Blaine) of San Jose, California to develop the wells by surge block agitation and evacuation on February 14 through 16 and March 26. Groundwater evacuation continued until turbidity was reduced to below 100 Nephelometric Turbidity Units (NTU), the well dewatered, or 25 case volumes had been removed. All of the wells dewatered during development and were slow to recharge, except for well MW-6A, whose screen intercepts the former UST excavation backfill, and which was purged until 25 case volumes of groundwater had been removed. The investigation-derived waste generated during drilling and development was temporarily stored onsite DOT approved 55-gallon drums pending analysis. Additional well installation and development procedures are presented in Pangea's Standard Operating Procedures for monitoring wells in Appendix B. The well development field data sheets are presented in Appendix E. Groundwater samples from the newly installed wells were collected for analysis on March 9 and April 16, 2007.

## **4.0 SITE INVESTIGATION RESULTS**

The following discussion of site geology, hydrogeology and sampling results is based on both prior investigations and data collected during the site assessment activities described above. The findings of the investigations are summarized on the report figures. Figure 3 presents groundwater elevation contours and hydrocarbon concentrations for shallow groundwater. Figures 4 and 5 present the distribution of elevated TPHg and benzene concentrations in shallow groundwater, respectively. Figure 6 presents groundwater elevation contours, hydrocarbon concentration data and the distribution of elevated TPHg and benzene concentrations in deep groundwater. Cross sections A-A', B-B' and C-C', showing soil type, groundwater depth, and the distribution of TPHg in groundwater, are shown on Figures 7, 8 and 9, respectively. Soil and groundwater analytical data are summarized on Tables 1 and 2. The laboratory analytical reports for samples collected during the investigation described above are included in Appendix D. The laboratory analytical reports for groundwater samples collected during routine quarterly monitoring are included in Pangea's *Groundwater Monitoring Report – First Quarter 2007* for the site.

### **4.1 Geology and Hydrogeology**

#### **Regional Geology and Hydrogeology**

The site lies at the foot of the Oakland Hills on a low ridge composed of Cretaceous sandstone, siltstone, and serpentinite of the Franciscan Complex, as mapped by Graymer (2000). The bedrock is overlapped several hundred feet to the west and southwest of the site by Pleistocene and younger alluvial and fluvial deposits derived from westward flowing streams draining the hills to the east. The Hayward Fault, a major active regional fault of the San Andreas Fault system, lies 1.5 miles northeast of the site.

The site lies immediately east of the East Bay Plain groundwater basin. Most of the East Bay Plain is underlain by deep Tertiary depositional basins whose current depocenters are the San Francisco Bay (the San Francisco Basin) and San Pablo Bay (San Pablo Basin) (Figuers, 1998). The site lies on bedrock forming the eastern boundary of the San Francisco Basin. Groundwater in the San Francisco Basin is designated beneficial for municipal and domestic water supply and industrial process, service water, and agricultural water supply.

#### **Local Hydrogeology**

Most of the site is underlain at relatively shallow depths by impermeable bedrock composed of fractured Cretaceous sandstone, serpentinite and siltstone of the Franciscan Complex. The bedrock is overlain by variable thicknesses (from 2 to 20+ feet) of native soil and artificial fill, consisting of unconsolidated clay,

silt, sand and gravel. Figures 7, 8 and 9 are geologic cross sections showing the distribution of these units in the subsurface. The locations of the geologic cross sections are shown on Figures 3 through 6.

Prior investigations indicate that the water table intersects the contact between the unconsolidated units and bedrock units, so in some areas shallow groundwater is present in both the unconsolidated units and the bedrock, and in other areas groundwater is present only within the bedrock. The only newly installed well where shallow groundwater was encountered during drilling was well MW-6A, drilled through the backfill of the former UST excavation, where it was encountered at approximately 8 ft bgs and was measured at a depth of 7.17 ft on March 26, 2007. This observation, and similar observations made during prior drilling of shallow wells at the site indicates that groundwater is present under unconfined conditions within the shallow soil/fill units, and possibly present under unconfined conditions within the shallowest portion of the underlying bedrock.

All of the other newly installed wells were installed into relatively impermeable clay or bedrock that did not yield evidence of the presence of groundwater during well installation, or were not logged because they were installed within the borings of existing monitoring wells. In general, past investigations have reported that the clay or bedrock sections do not yield appreciable volumes of groundwater, with the exception of thin zones within the bedrock. During drilling of the onsite monitoring wells for which the entire saturated zone is in bedrock (MW-1, MW-2 [now reconstructed as MW-2C] and MW-3 [now reconstructed as MW-3C]), prior consultants reported that bedrock yielded no water, with the exception of thin, discrete, slightly productive water-bearing zones encountered between 20 and 22 feet bgs in MW-1 and MW-2. Water levels rose substantially in these deep wells shortly after completion, and appear to define a southward to southwestward sloping piezometric surface. These observations indicate that the bedrock is relatively impermeable, and that the thin water-bearing zones within the bedrock are permeable layers or fracture zones (i.e. fracture porosity) of unknown continuity and orientation. Field observations of nearby bedrock outcrops east of the site on the opposite side of Broadway corroborate this interpretation. These thin zones are under confined or semiconfined conditions on the scale of the well borings, but may be unconfined at the scale of the site.

## **Groundwater Flow**

***Shallow Groundwater:*** Based on depth-to-water data collected March 26, 2007, elevation data and the inferred flow directions for shallow A-zone groundwater are shown on Figure 3. As shown on Figure 3, groundwater in A-zone groundwater appears to have mounded in the former UST excavation, and the apparent gradient radiates outwards towards the east, south and west, although regional groundwater flow is generally towards the south and southwest. This observation suggests that the unpaved former UST excavation has acted as a collector for rainwater during the rainy season, and that the asphalt pavement covering the remainder of the site serves to reduce infiltration elsewhere and likely directs rainwater to the unpaved UST excavation area. The current inferred flow direction in A-zone groundwater southwest of the

former UST excavation area is generally consistent with previous quarterly monitoring events, while the new A-zone wells provide additional data to infer the radial groundwater flow from the former UST area.

**Deep Groundwater:** Elevation data for both B-zone and C-zone groundwater and the inferred flow direction for C-zone groundwater are shown on Figure 6. The horizontal component of flow for the C-zone groundwater is westwards to southwestwards, as shown on Figure 6. The elevation of the piezometric surface for deep C-zone wells is lower than elevations for A-zone wells, indicating that a downward gradient is present. No previous data have been collected regarding the direction of flow of C-zone groundwater.

## 4.2 Soil Analytical Results

For the current investigation, the highest concentrations of TPHg (260 mg/kg) and benzene (0.31 mg/kg) in soil were detected in the boring for well MW-8A at a depth of 12 ft bgs. In general, the highest detected concentration of petroleum hydrocarbons in soil is between 9 to 12 ft bgs, with primarily non-detect concentrations in shallower soil samples, and hard bedrock (which was generally not sampled) present in most areas at greater depths. Soil analytical results are summarized on Table 1. The laboratory analytical report is included in Appendix D.

## 4.3 Hydrocarbon Distribution in Soil

Residual soil contamination detected in soil samples collected from onsite soil borings reported in the GGTR Report was generally less than ESLs for all soil samples except for those collected at a depth of 9 feet in borings B-3, B-4 and B-9. TPHg in these borings ranged from 140 to 180 mg/kg, slightly exceeding the ESL of 100 mg/kg. Benzene was detected at 0.65 mg/kg in B-3, exceeding the ESL of 0.044 mg/kg. Benzene was not detected in either B-4 or B-9, although the detection level for the samples collected at 9 feet bgs was 0.5 mg/kg due to sample dilution, so it is not known whether the ESL for benzene was exceeded in those borings. During the current investigation, only TPHg (260 mg/kg) and benzene (0.31 mg/kg) encountered at 12 feet bgs in MW-8A exceeded the ESLs. Based on the results of the soil boring program, residual vadose zone soil contamination only appears to exceed ESLs in samples that lie close to the water table elevation, suggesting that a zone of capillary fringe soil contamination at concentrations slightly exceeding ESLs is probably present throughout much of the site where groundwater impacts are present. Vadose zone soil is relatively uncontaminated and is unlikely to represent a significant threat to human health, although impacts to groundwater are likely to continue while capillary fringe soil contamination is present.

## 4.4 Groundwater Analytical Results

No contaminants were detected in either of the groundwater samples collected from borings B-18 and B-19. Groundwater samples were collected from new and existing site monitoring wells as part of the scheduled

first quarter 2007 groundwater monitoring event. Current and historical analytical results for both grab groundwater sampling and groundwater monitoring are summarized on Table 2. The laboratory analytical report for grab groundwater sampling from B-18 and B-19 is included in Appendix D. The laboratory analytical report for the first quarter 2007 groundwater monitoring event is presented separately in Pangea's first quarter 2007 groundwater monitoring report.

#### **4.5 Hydrocarbon and Fuel Oxygenate Distribution in Groundwater**

The primary contaminants at the site are total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline (TPHg) and benzene, which substantially exceed CRWQCB Tier 1 Final ESLs for groundwater that is a potential source of drinking water, as noted in the GGTR Report. Secondary contaminants that also exceed ESLs are toluene, ethylbenzene, xylenes, and 1,2-dichloroethane (EDC). In particular, TPHg concentrations throughout the site exceed the ceiling ESL of 5,000 µg/L, and benzene concentrations exceed the ESL of 540 µg/L for indoor air impacts.

Review of the historical groundwater concentration data (Table 2) indicates that although substantial concentration fluctuations have occurred in site wells since monitoring began in 1989, no consistent concentration trends have been observed, and concentration data collected in 2007 are generally of similar magnitude to concentration data collected at the beginning of monitoring. This observation suggests that groundwater velocities at the site are very low and that natural attenuation mechanisms have not been effective in reducing contaminant concentrations.

**Free Product (SPH):** A thin layer of SPH has been observed in well STMW-4 during the last three quarters of monitoring. The SPH was often discovered after initiating well purging but not during initial well gauging.

SPH was also detected in newly installed deep well MW-3C after initiating well purging during the second quarter of 2007. One possible explanation of the discovery of SPH in these wells is that well purging induces SPH trapped within the fractured bedrock to enter the well casing. One possible explanation for SPH in well MW-3C is that dual phase extraction testing in that well in April 2007 induced downward migration of SPH into the well. No SPH have been detected in any other site wells, including well MW-4A, which was subsequently installed (though with a shallower screened interval) in the drilled out borehole of STMW-4.

**Contaminant Distribution in Shallow Groundwater:** As shown on Figures 4 and 5, shallow (A-zone) unconfined groundwater contains petroleum hydrocarbons at elevated concentrations in the following two primary areas near the former UST excavation: 1) a northern area in the vicinity of well MW-4A (the location where free product has previously been observed), and 2) a southwestern area in the vicinity of wells MW-3A and MW-8A and which extends to the southern site boundary in the vicinity of wells MW-7B and MW-7C. This distribution of hydrocarbons in shallow A-zone groundwater is tentatively interpreted to be due to the

mounding of groundwater within the uncapped former UST excavation during the rainy season, likely encouraging plume migration radially away from the excavation area into areas that are protected from infiltration by paved surfaces. The lack of elevated hydrocarbon concentrations in well MW-5A and boring B19, both located downgradient from the former UST excavation, is unexpected, and may be due to the presence of a thick, relatively impermeable clay section observed in boring logs of shallow soil in that area that impedes migration of contaminated groundwater in shallow soil in that area (Figure 9). It should also be noted that the northernmost extent of the northeasternmost area has not been completely defined, since boring B-4 contained elevated hydrocarbon concentrations. Similarly, the southward offsite extent of the southernmost area has not yet been defined, since boring B-11 contained elevated hydrocarbons.

***Contaminant Distribution in Deeper Groundwater:*** As shown on Figure 6, the distribution of *deep* groundwater containing elevated concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons differs significantly from the distribution of hydrocarbons in shallow groundwater. High levels of contamination within deeper (B- and C-zone) groundwater only appear to be present in the central and southern, downgradient portion of the site, based on elevated hydrocarbon concentrations detected in wells MW-3C, MW-7B and MW-7C. The hydrocarbon impact in the deeper wells may be explained by the apparent downward vertical gradient indicated by elevation data from the clustered shallow and deep wells. The lateral extent of the deeper contamination appears to be well defined, except in the downgradient, offsite direction. It should also be noted that because permeable zones within the bedrock are thin, and discrete permeable layers and fractures, the impacted groundwater within the bedrock shown on the cross sections (Figures 7, 8 and 9) is likely to be less extensive than depicted on the cross sections, and to be present only within narrow permeable preferential pathways within the shown impacted areas.

***Vertical Distribution of Contaminants Based on New Well Data:*** Our evaluation of concentration data from abandoned wells and from the new well clusters suggest that the *shallow groundwater is more impacted than the deeper groundwater* for much of the site.

- In the impacted area *north* of the UST source area, benzene concentrations are higher in shallow A-zone well MW-4A (1,600 µg/L) than in deeper well MW-1 (maximum of 160 µg/L benzene within past 15 years) which is screened in the B- and C-zones. Comparison of these data to the recent maximum benzene concentrations of 960 µg/L (July 2006) and 1,600 µg/L (May 1999) in abandoned well STMW-4 (which was screened across the A- and B-zones) suggests that most of the well's groundwater contamination was from shallower soil/groundwater and that less water is present in the deeper, cleaner soil/bedrock to dilute the shallower impacted zone. This interpretation seems reasonable due to the presumed fractured groundwater flow within the bedrock where the deeper portion of well STMW-4 was screened.



- In the *western* downgradient area between the source area and the adjacent offsite residence (MW-8A/8B well pair), an elevated impact was detected in shallow well MW-8A (10,000 µg/L TPHg and 430 µg/L benzene), while an insignificant impact was detected in deeper well MW-8C (150 µg/L TPHg and 9.8 µg/L benzene) which is screened in bedrock.
- In the *southeastern* corner of the site and downgradient of the source (MW-5A/5B/5C well cluster), negligible contaminants were detected in A-zone well MW-5A, slightly greater but still negligible concentrations were detected in well MW-5B, and no hydrocarbons were detected in deep well MW-5C.
- In the source and *central* portion of the site (MW-3 well cluster), benzene concentrations are higher in shallow A-zone well MW-3A (3,800 µg/L) than in deep well MW-3C (1,200 µg/L). Benzene concentrations in wells MW-3A and MW-3C are higher than in abandoned well MW-3, which had a maximum benzene concentration of 770 µg/L within the past 15 years (MW-3 was screened across the A-, B- and C-zones). This data suggests that contaminants have migrated downward through bedrock fractures in this area so that deeper groundwater has been impacted in this area. However, since well MW-3 was reportedly installed dry due to low permeability and lack of water encountered during drilling, it is unlikely that significant contaminant mass is present at this location.
- The *deeper* groundwater zone within the fractured bedrock apparently has limited contaminant mass due to limited permeability and low water yield during well purging (wells MW-5B, MW-7B, MW-7C, and MW-8C all dewatered after purging 1 or 2 well volumes). These wells also produced little water during well development and DPE testing (reported separately).

***MTBE Not a Concern:*** MTBE was *not* detected in sampled groundwater and it is not a compound of concern at this site.

## 5.0 CONCLUSIONS & RECOMMENDATIONS

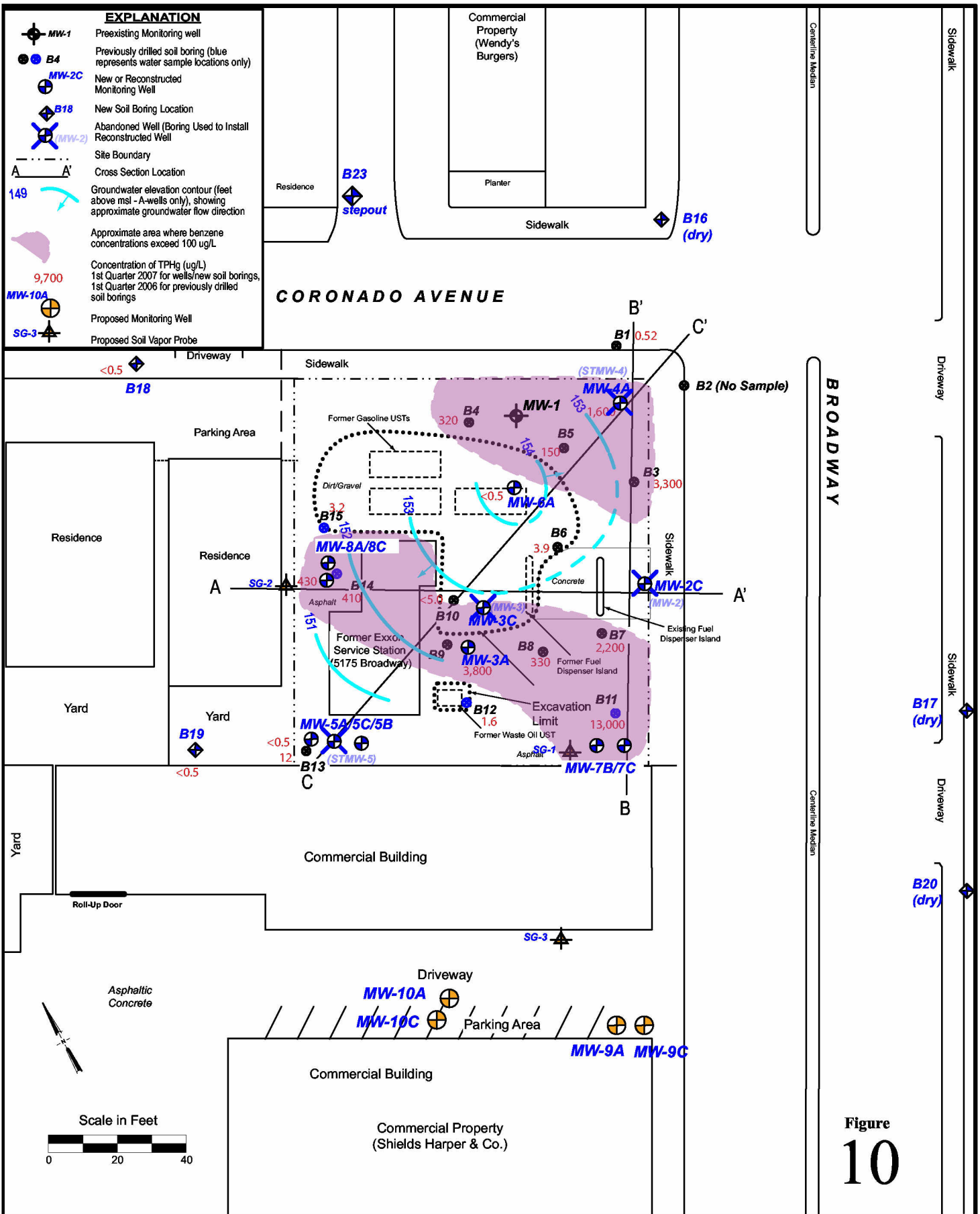
Based on the above information, Pangea offers the following conclusions and recommendations:

- Knowledge of the lateral extent of hydrocarbon contamination has been significantly improved by the newly installed site monitoring wells. Hydrocarbon contaminated groundwater, including SPH, is primarily located in the shallower site subsurface (A-zone wells) in areas surrounding the former UST excavation. Infiltration of rainwater into the uncapped former UST excavation appears to have driven shallow contaminated groundwater laterally away from the excavation area, except in the downgradient (southward) direction where a thick clay section is present.
- The recent boring and well installation provided significant additional delineation of the vertical extent of contamination. Hydrocarbon-contaminated deep groundwater is present within thin fractures or other permeable zones within relatively impermeable site bedrock. The area of significant contamination in deeper groundwater lies at the southeastern portion of the site.
- Pangea recommends installing additional monitoring well locations downgradient of the site (Figure 10), as indicated in Pangea's November 8, 2006 Addendum, upon obtaining access to the southern downgradient property. However, since groundwater contaminant concentrations in well MW-5A, well MW-5C, and boring B19 were all lower than ESLs, and since concentrations of TPHg (14 µg/L) and benzene (1.3 µg/L) in MW-5B only slightly exceeded ESLs for drinking water sources (100 µg/L and 1.0 µg/L for TPHg and benzene, respectively), Pangea does not recommend installing the wells and the soil gas probe that were previously proposed to be installed downgradient (south) of the well MW-5A/5B/5C cluster. Therefore, Pangea recommends that only the wells and soil gas probes shown in Figure 10 be installed. The proposed "A zone" wells will be installed to intercept the water table, based on field observations (estimated to be screened approximately 10 to 15 feet bgs). The "C zone" wells are anticipated to be screened at approximately 20 to 25 feet bgs. These offsite wells will also help evaluate the downgradient effects of any future remediation conducted onsite.
- Pangea also recommends conducting soil gas sampling, as proposed in Pangea's November 8, 2006 Addendum, upon obtaining access to the southern downgradient property. The proposed soil gas sampling locations are shown on Figure 10. The proposed soil gas sampling will help evaluate the potential risk to human health due to potential vapor intrusion into indoor air.
- Pangea performed feasibility testing of dual-phase extraction (DPE) and air sparging (AS) to evaluate the effectiveness of DPE, AS, and associated techniques for remediating residual hydrocarbons beneath the site. Pangea will prepare a technical report documenting feasibility test results, evaluating remediation alternatives, and proposing interim remedial action.

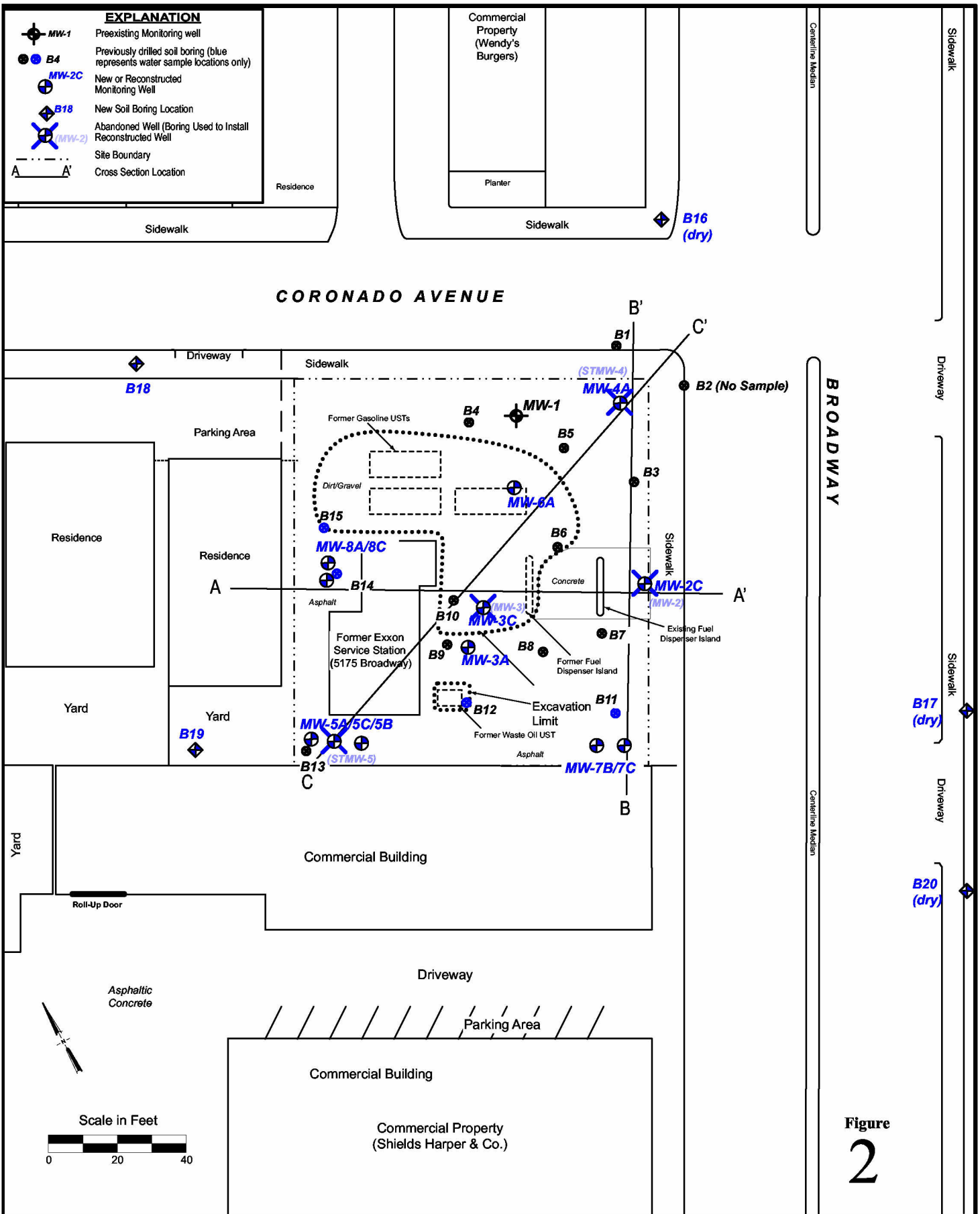
## 6.0 REFERENCES

Figuers, S., 1998, Groundwater study and water supply history of the East Bay Plain, Alameda and Contra Costa Counties, California: Norfleet Consultants, June 15.

Graymer, R.W., 2000, Geologic map and map database of the Oakland metropolitan area, Alameda, Contra Costa and San Francisco Counties, California, U.S. Geological Survey Miscellaneous Field Studies Map MF-2342, 1:50,000 scale. (<http://geopubs.wr.usgs.gov/map-mf/mf2342/mf2342f.pdf>).



Well install plan.mxd.pdf 0/6/09

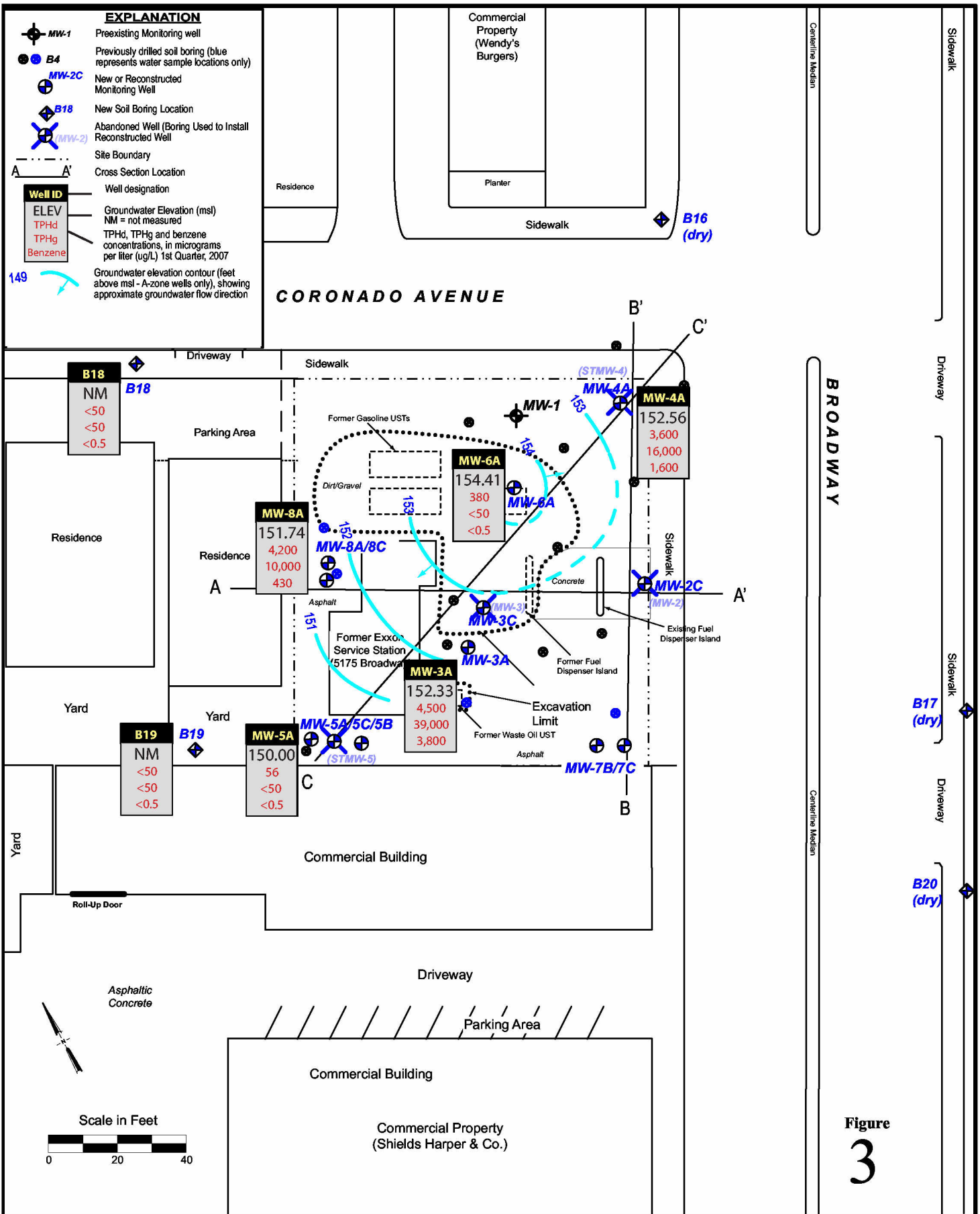


Former Exxon Station  
5175 Broadway  
Oakland, California

Site Map Showing Locations of Soil Borings,  
Monitoring Wells and Cross Sections



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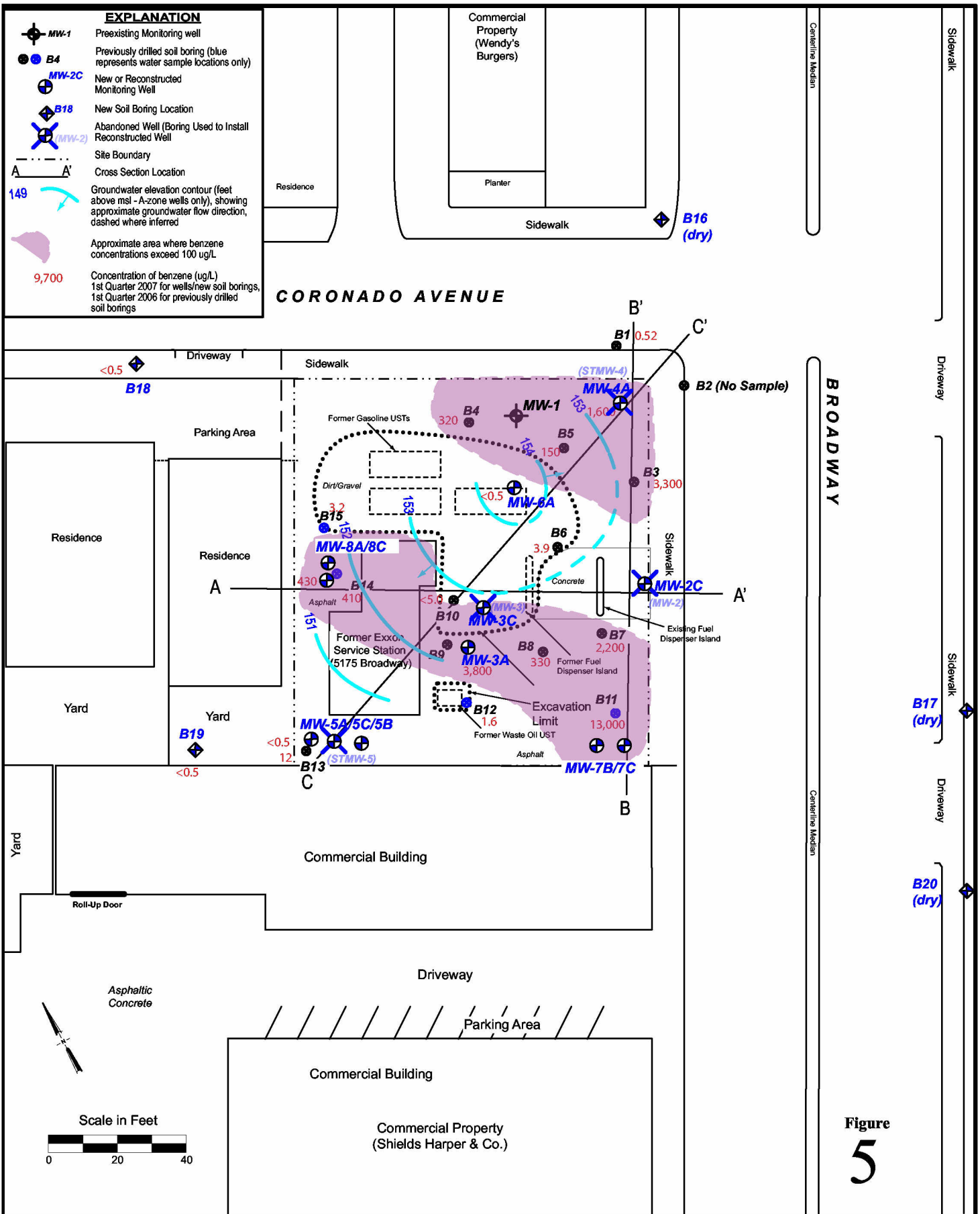
Former Exxon Station  
5175 Broadway  
Oakland, California

Groundwater Elevation and Hydrocarbon  
Concentration Map (Shallow)



Figure  
3

Well installed 1/11/07

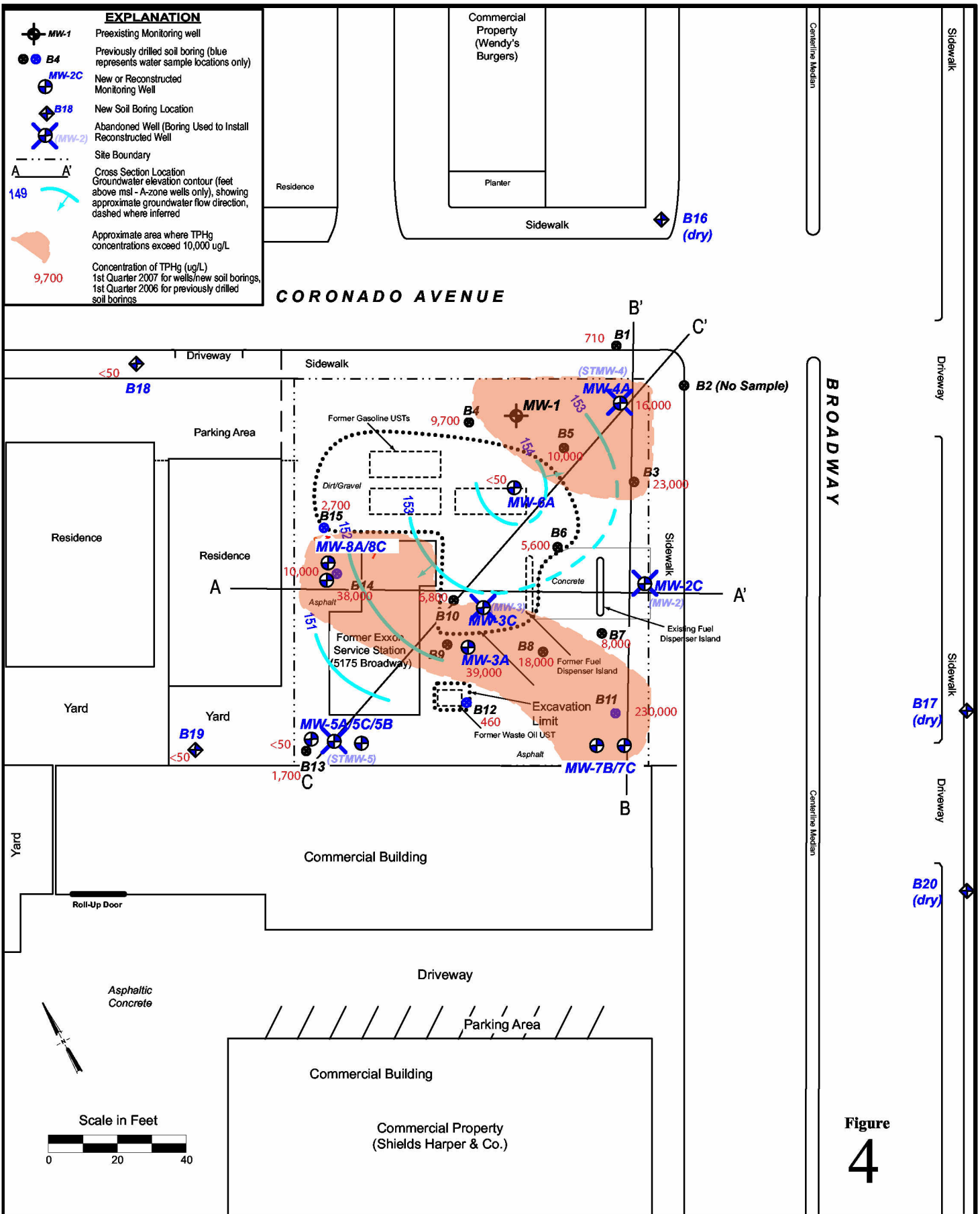


Former Exxon Station  
5175 Broadway  
Oakland, California

Distribution of Benzene in Shallow Groundwater



Well Installs: 1/11/07



Former Exxon Station  
5175 Broadway  
Oakland, California

Distribution of TPHg in Shallow Groundwater



Well Installs: 1/11/07



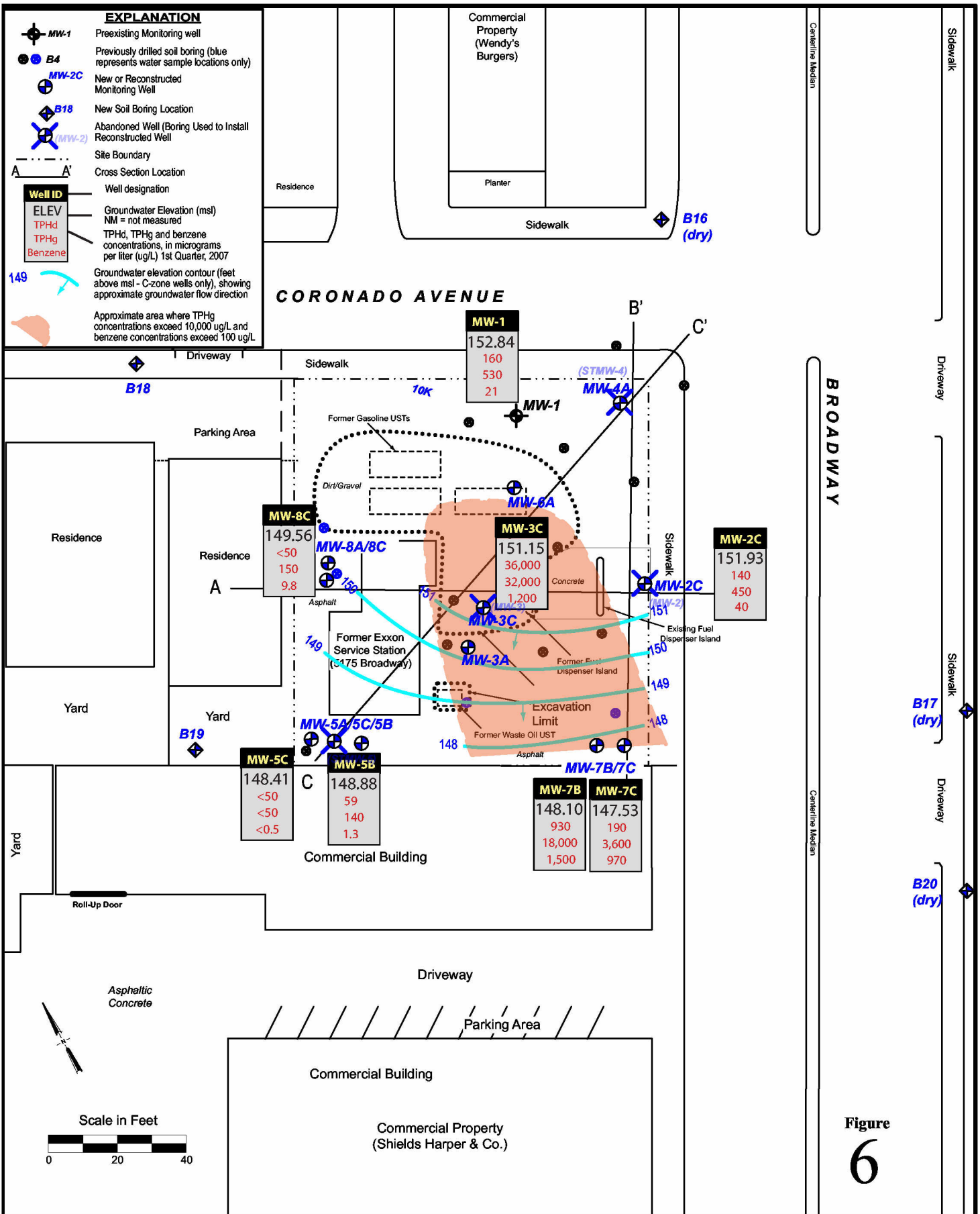


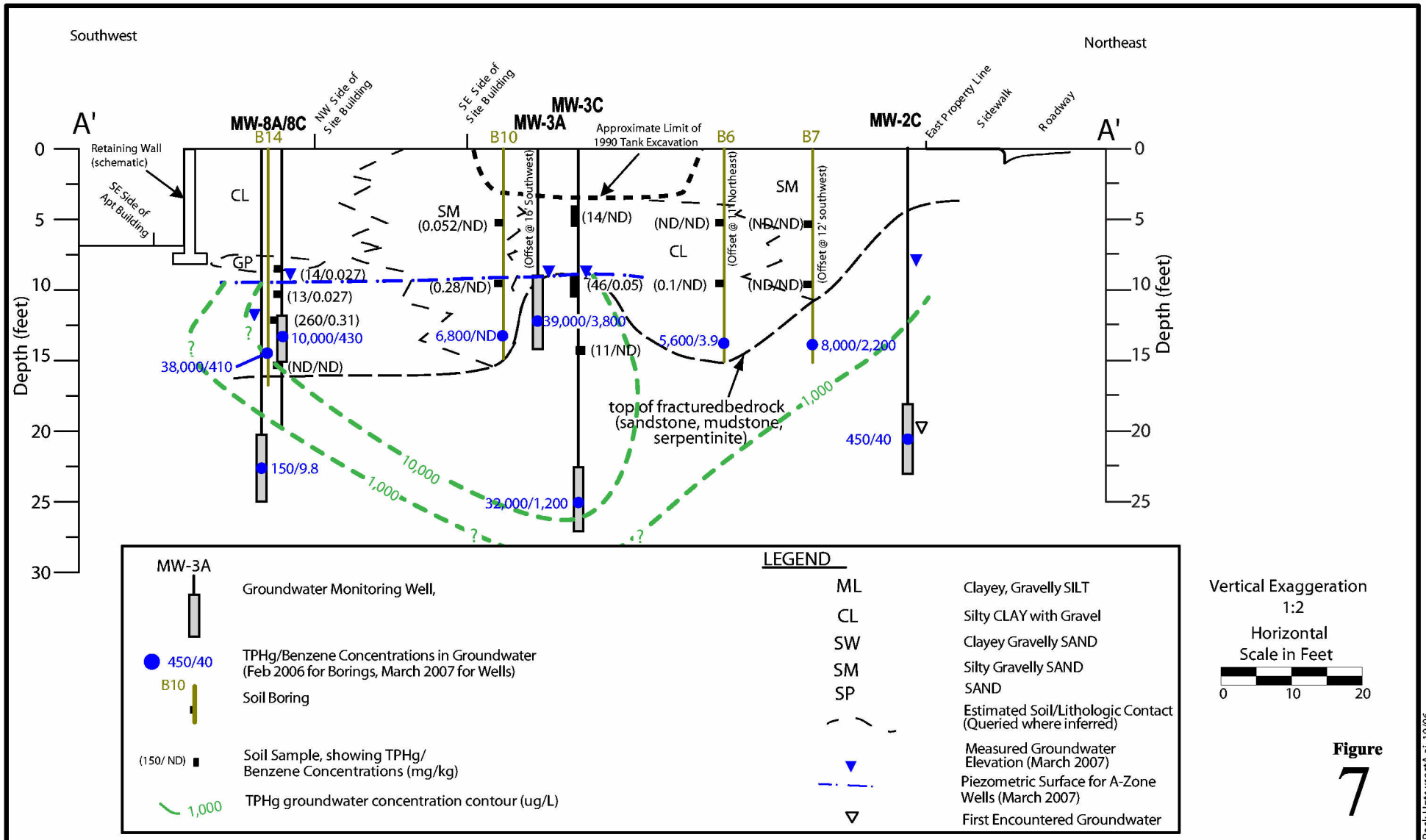
Figure 6

Former Exxon Station  
5175 Broadway  
Oakland, California

Groundwater Elevations, Hydrocarbon  
Concentrations and TPHg Distribution  
in Deep Groundwater



Well Installs 10/11/07



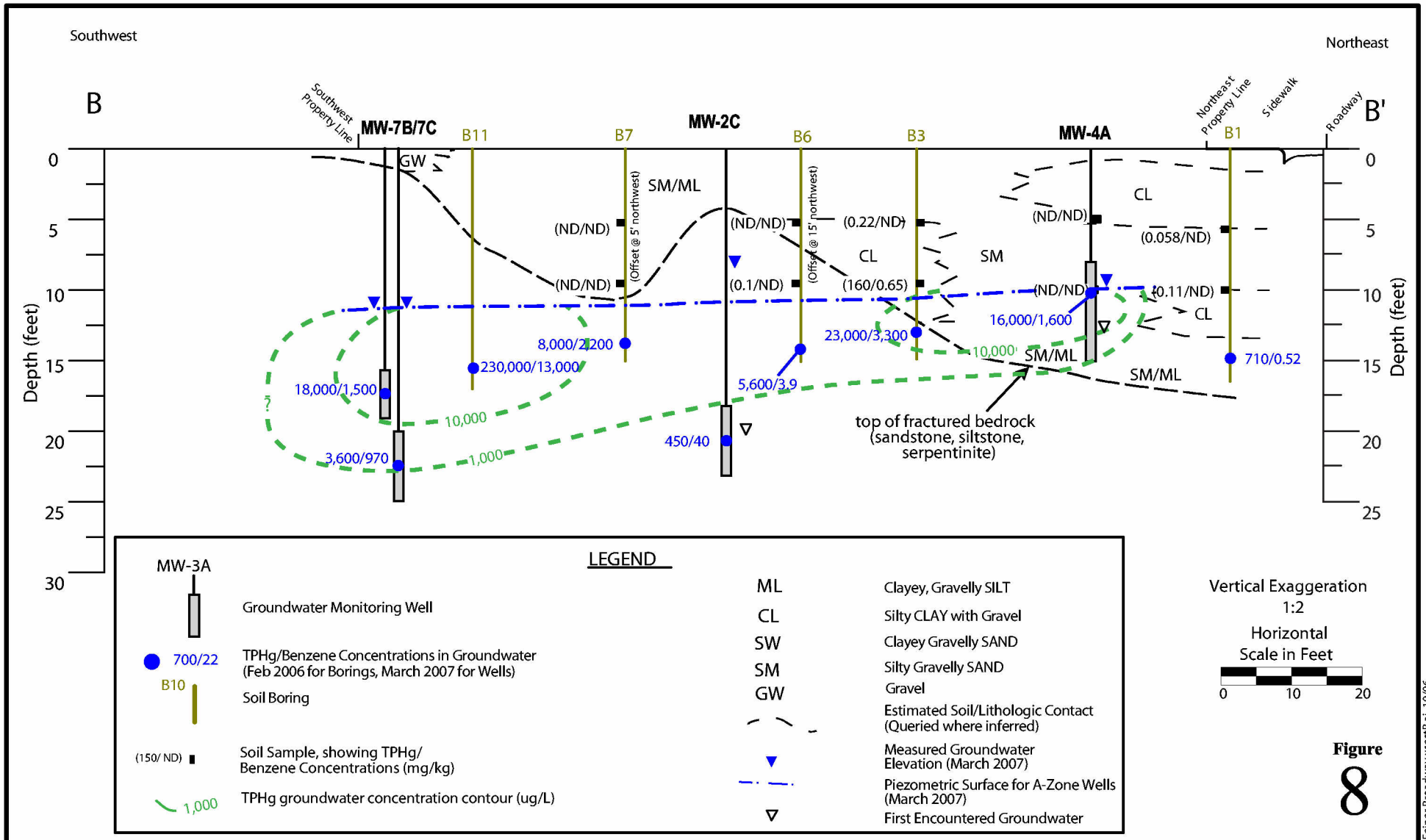
**Former Exxon Station**  
5175 Broadway  
Oakland, California

**Geologic Cross Section A-A'**



**Figure**  
**7**

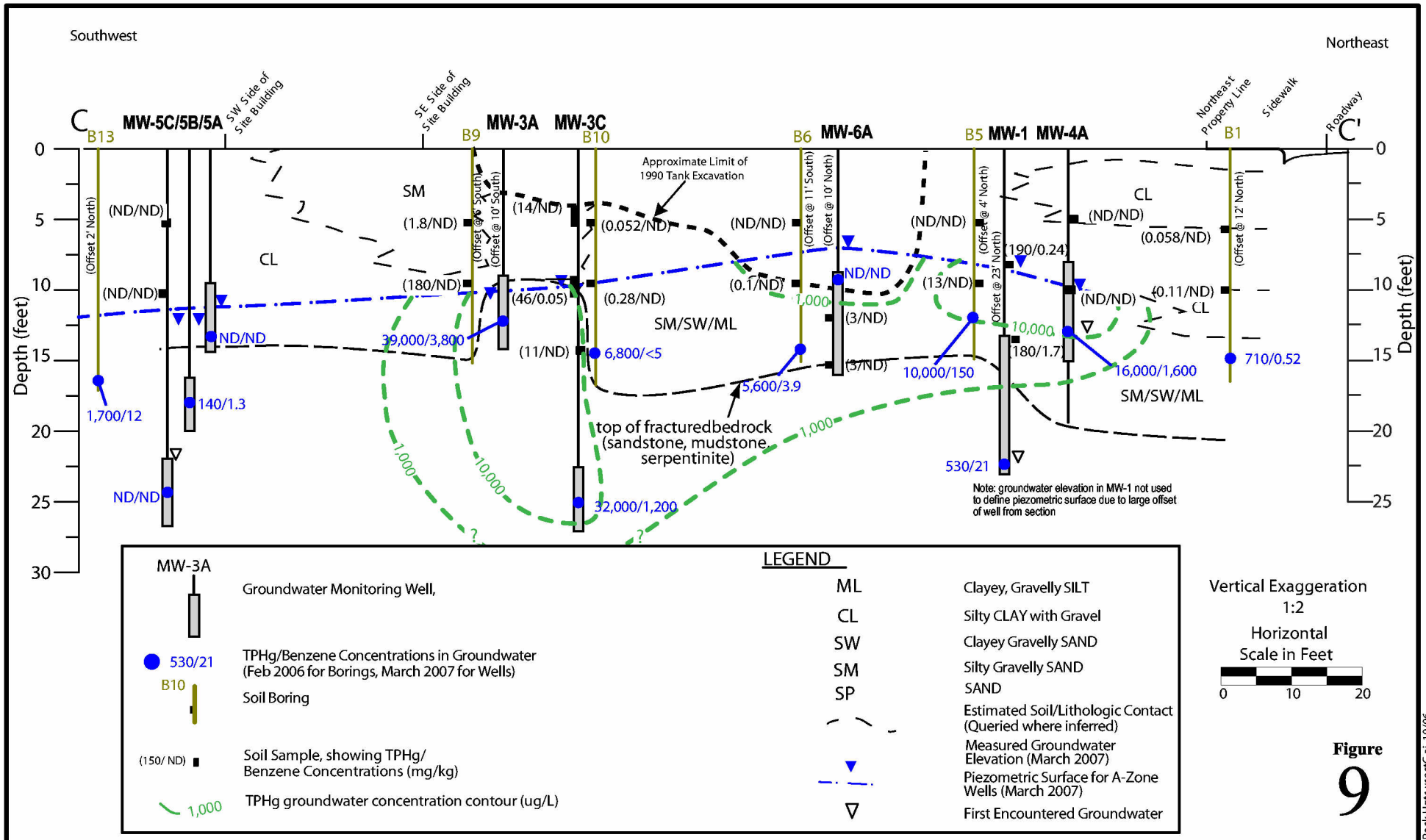
Rock Hgts ssectA.ai 10/06



**Former Exxon Station**  
**5175 Broadway**  
**Oakland, California**

**Geologic Cross Section B-B'**





**Former Exxon Station**  
5175 Broadway  
Oakland, California

**Geologic Cross Section C-C'**



Rock Hgts xsect C-C' 10/06

# Pangea

**Table 1. Soil Analytical Data - Rockridge Heights, 5175 Broadway, Oakland, California**

Sample ID	Date Sampled	Sample Depth (ft bgs)	TPHd (mg/kg)	TPHg (mg/kg)	Benzene (mg/kg)	Toluene (mg/kg)	Ethyl benzene (mg/kg)	Xylenes (mg/kg)	MTBE (mg/kg)	TBA (mg/kg)
Commercial ESL, drinking water			<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>0.044</b>	<b>2.9</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>0.023</b>	<b>0.073</b>
Commercial ESL, non-drinking water			500	400	0.38	9.3	32	11	5.6	110
Commercial ESL, vapor pathway			NV	NV	0.51	310	390	420	5.6	NV

## WELL INSTALLATION & BORINGS - 2007

MW-6B-12	1/22/2007	12.0	--	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<5.0	--
MW-6B-15	1/22/2007	15.0	--	3	<0.5	0.0087	<0.5	<0.5	<5.0	--
MW-8A-8.5	1/22/2007	8.5	--	14	0.027	0.027	0.013	0.072	<5.0	--
MW-8A-10	1/22/2007	10.0	--	13	0.027	<0.5	<0.5	0.039	<5.0	--
MW-8A-12	1/22/2007	12.0	--	<b>260</b>	<b>0.31</b>	0.16	0.083	0.73	<0.25	--
MW-8A-15	1/22/2007	15.0	--	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<5.0	--

## BORINGS - 2006

B1-6	2/1/2006	6.0	<100	0.058	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.01	<0.005	--
B1-10	2/1/2006	10.0	<100	0.11	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.01	<0.005	--
B2-6	2/1/2006	6.0	--	0.15	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.01	<0.005	--
B2-9	2/1/2006	9.0	--	<0.05	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.01	<0.005	--
B3-5	2/6/2006	5.0	--	0.22	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.01	<0.005	--
B3-9	2/6/2006	9.0	--	<b>160</b>	<0.65	<0.500	<0.500	<1.000	<0.500	--
B4-5	2/6/2006	5.0	--	<0.05	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.01	<0.005	--
B4-9	2/6/2006	9.0	--	<b>140</b>	<0.500	<0.500	0.66	<1.000	<0.500	--
B5-5	2/6/2006	5.0	--	<0.05	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.01	<0.005	--
B5-9	2/6/2006	9.0	<2.5	13	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.5	<0.25	--
B6-5	2/6/2006	5.0	--	<0.05	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.01	<0.005	--
B6-9	2/6/2006	9.0	<2.5	0.10	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.01	<0.005	--
B7-5	2/6/2006	5.0	--	<0.05	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.01	<0.005	--
B7-9	2/6/2006	9.0	<2.5	<0.05	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.01	<0.005	--
B8-5	2/6/2006	5.0	--	0.053	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.01	<0.005	--
B8-9	2/6/2006	9.0	--	22	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.5	<0.25	--
B9-5	2/6/2006	5.0	--	1.8	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.01	<0.005	--
B9-9	2/6/2006	9.0	<2.5	<b>180</b>	<0.500	<0.500	<0.500	<1.000	<0.500	--
B10-5	2/6/2006	5.0	--	0.052	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.01	<0.005	--
B10-9	2/6/2006	9.0	--	0.28	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.01	<0.005	--

## WELL INSTALLATION - 1990 & 1991

MW-1	4/17/1990	8.0-8.5	--	<b>190</b>	<b>0.24</b>	0.21	0.92	0.6	--	--
MW-1	4/17/1990	13.5-14	--	<b>180</b>	<b>1.7</b>	1.4	2.4	<b>6.4</b>	--	--
MW-2	4/24/1990	3.0-4.5	--	≤5	0.0061	0.005	0.0057	0.026	--	--
MW-2	4/24/1990	8.0-9.0	--	≤5	0.006	0.005	0.0089	0.013	--	--
MW-3	4/17/1990	4.0-5.5	--	14	≤5.0	≤5.0	≤5.0	0.1	--	--
MW-3	4/17/1990	9.0-10.0	--	46	<b>0.05</b>	≤5.0	0.4	0.2	--	--
MW-3	4/17/1990	14.0-14.5	--	11	≤5.0	≤5.0	≤5.0	0.1	--	--
STMW-4	6/21/1991	5.0	--	≤5	≤5.0	≤5.0	≤5.0	≤5.0	--	--
STMW-4	6/21/1991	10.0	--	≤5	≤5.0	≤5.0	≤5.0	≤5.0	--	--
STMW-5	6/21/1991	5.0	--	≤5	≤5.0	≤5.0	≤5.0	≤5.0	--	--
STMW-5	6/21/1991	10.0	--	≤5	≤5.0	≤5.0	≤5.0	≤5.0	--	--

# Pangea

**Table 1. Soil Analytical Data - Rockridge Heights, 5175 Broadway, Oakland, California**

Sample ID	Date Sampled	Sample Depth (ft bgs)	TPHd (mg/kg)	TPHg (mg/kg)	Benzene (mg/kg)	Toluene (mg/kg)	Ethyl benzene (mg/kg)	Xylenes (mg/kg)	MTBE (mg/kg)	TBA (mg/kg)
Commercial ESL, drinking water			<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>0.044</b>	<b>2.9</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>0.023</b>	<b>0.073</b>
Commercial ESL, non-drinking water			500	400	0.38	9.3	32	11	5.6	110
Commercial ESL, vapor pathway			NV	NV	0.51	310	390	420	5.6	NV

## TANK REMOVAL & OVEREXCAVATION

S-1-W	1/10/1990	7.0	10	≤5	≤5.0	≤5.0	≤5.0	≤5.0	--	--
S-2-N	1/10/1990	10.0	--	<b>970</b>	≤5.0	≤5.0	13	15	--	--
S-3-N	1/10/1990	10.0	--	<b>120</b>	≤5.0	≤5.0	≤5.0	≤5.0	--	--
S-3-S	1/10/1990	10.0	--	<b>930</b>	≤5.0	≤5.0	≤5.0	14	--	--
S-4-N	1/10/1990	10.0	--	12	≤5.0	≤5.0	≤5.0	0.13	--	--
S-4-S	1/10/1990	10.0	--	55	≤5.0	≤5.0	≤5.0	0.8	--	--
L1-L4 (water)	1/10/1990	10.5	--	6.9	<b>0.053</b>	≤5.0	≤5.0	0.81	--	--
S-P-1	1/31/1990	2.0-3.0	--	≤5	≤5.0	≤5.0	≤5.0	≤5.0	--	--
S-P-2	1/31/1990	2.0-3.0	--	≤5	≤5.0	≤5.0	≤5.0	≤5.0	--	--
S-P-3	1/31/1990	2.0-3.0	--	34	≤5.0	≤5.0	≤5.0	≤5.0	--	--

### Abbreviations and Methods:

Commercial ESL, drinking water = Table A - Environmental Screening Levels for Shallow Soil (<3 meters) where groundwater is a current or potential source of drinking water, as established by the RWQCB-SFBR, Interim Final February 2005 (Revised November 2006).

Commercial ESL, non-drinking water = Table B - Environmental Screening Levels for Shallow Soil (<3 meters) where groundwater is not current or potential source of drinking water, as established by the RWQCB-SFBR, Interim Final February 2005 (Revised November 2006).

Commercial ESL, Vapor Pathway / Intrusion Into Building Concerns = Table A-2 Environmental Screening Levels for Soil (<3 meters) where groundwater is a current or potential source of drinking water, as established by the RWQCB-SFBR, Interim Final February 2005 (Revised November 2006).

**7.1** = Concentrations in **bold** are soil exceeding the commercial ESL protective of groundwater as a drinking water resource.

NV = No ESL value, use soil gas ESL and compare to soil gas concentrations.

ft bgs = feet below ground surface.

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram.

TPHd = Total petroleum hydrocarbons as diesel by modified EPA Method 8015C.

TPHg = Total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline by modified EPA Method 8015C.

Benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes by EPA Method 8020.

MTBE = Methyl tertiary butyl ether by EPA Method 8260.

-- = Not collected, not analyzed, or not applicable.

ND = Not detected above laboratory reporting limits.

See analytical report for notes.

# Pangea

**Table 2. Groundwater Analytical Data - Former Exxon Station, 5175 Broadway, Oakland, CA**

Well ID <i>TOC Elev</i> (ft)	Date Sampled	SPH (ft)	Groundwater Elevation (ft)	Depth to Water (ft)	TPHd ←	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes	MTBE	DIPE	1,2-DCA	Dissolved Oxygen mg/L
					μg/L →									
Commercial ESL, drinking water					100	100	1	40	30	20	5	--	0.50	--
Commercial ESL, non-drinking water					640	500	46	130	290	100	1,800	--	200	--
Commercial ESL, vapor pathway					NV	NV	540	380,000	170,000	160,000	24,000	--	200	--

**GRAB GROUNDWATER SAMPLING - 2007**

B-18	01/23/07	--	--	7.1	<50	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	--	--	--
B-19	03/19/07	--	--	4	<50	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	--	--	--

**GRAB GROUNDWATER SAMPLING - 2006**

B1-W	02/01/06	--	--	9.5	<84	710	(0.52)	(0.59)	(<0.50)	(0.66)	<1.0	<5.0	380	<0.50	--
B3-W	02/08/06	--	--	9.63	<280	23,000	(3,300)	(660)	(170)	(910)	<50	380	<25	--	
B4-W	02/08/06	--	--	8.24	--	9,700	(320)	(13)	(200)	(180)	<20	1,300	12	--	
B5-W	02/08/06	--	--	6.96	--	10,000	(150)	(11)	(210)	(190)	<10	<50	<5.0	--	
B6-W	02/06/06	--	--	12.1	--	5,600	(3.9)	(3.1)	(54)	(61)	<5.0	<25	<2.5	--	
B7-W	02/08/06	--	--	11.72	--	8,000	(2,200)	(300)	(240)	(830)	<20	<100	53	--	
B8-W	02/08/06	--	--	9.97	--	18,000	(330)	(53)	(440)	(1,200)	<20	<100	11	--	
B10-W	02/06/06	--	--	13.3	--	6,800	(<5.0)	(5.7)	(170)	(69)	<10	<50	<5.0	--	
B11-W	02/10/06	--	--	14.3	--	230,000	(13,000)	(19,000)	(960)	(20,000)	<200	<1,000	150	--	
B12-W	02/03/06	--	--	7.92	--	460	(1.6)	(2.1)	(1.6)	(3.5)	<1.0	<5.0	0.62	--	
B13-W	02/03/06	--	--	11.67	<60	1,700	(12)	(9.4)	(18)	(22)	<5.0	<25	<2.5	--	
B14-W	02/06/06	--	--	13.1	--	38,000	(410)	(25)	(290)	(95)	<50	<250	<25	--	
B15-W	02/01/06	--	--	8.75	<620	2,700	(3.2)	(2.7)	(22)	(4.3)	<5.0	<25	<2.5	--	

**GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELLS**

MW-1 (97.71)	04/30/89	--	--	--	--	200	18	5	2	12	--	--	--	--
	05/17/90	--	88.45	9.26	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	09/26/90	--	87.79	9.92	--	1,300	55	31	120	100	--	--	--	--
	01/14/91	--	88.17	9.54	--	3,100	350	83	86	130	--	--	--	--
(102.04)	07/03/91	--	92.62	9.42	--	580	32	41	40	55	--	--	--	--
	11/11/91	--	92.59	9.45	--	330	20	2	2	11	--	--	--	--
(101.83)	03/04/92	--	93.90	7.93	--	810	11	5	10	23	--	--	--	--
	06/02/92	--	92.85	8.98	--	2,200	93	32	40	120	--	--	--	--
	09/28/92	--	92.54	9.29	--	2,900	24	78	19	37	--	--	--	--
	01/11/93	--	94.27	7.56	--	1,700	5.7	6	11	28	--	--	--	--
	08/15/94	--	92.64	9.19	--	2,000	120	3	6	16	--	--	--	--
(97.50)	11/07/96	--	88.77	8.73	270	1,200	3	1.1	1.5	3.8	<0.5	--	--	--
	02/12/97	--	89.58	7.92	<50	1,800	13	5.7	4.8	17	<0.5	--	--	--
	06/16/97	--	88.46	9.04	<50	330	27	<0.5	<0.5	1.2	<0.5	--	--	--
	09/30/97	--	89.94	7.56	<50	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	--	--	--
(97.50)	01/27/98	--	89.54	7.96	<50	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	--	--	--

# Pangea

**Table 2. Groundwater Analytical Data - Former Exxon Station, 5175 Broadway, Oakland, CA**

Well ID	Date	Groundwater	Depth	TPHd	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes	MTBE	DIPE	1,2-DCA	Dissolved	
<i>TOC Elev</i>	<i>Sampled</i>	<i>SPH</i>	<i>Elevation</i>	<i>to Water</i>	<i>µg/L</i>								<i>Oxygen</i>	
<i>(ft)</i>		<i>(ft)</i>	<i>(ft)</i>										<i>mg/L</i>	
Commercial ESL, drinking water					<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>5</b>	--	<b>0.50</b>	--
Commercial ESL, non-drinking water					640	500	46	130	290	100	1,800	--	200	--
Commercial ESL, vapor pathway					NV	NV	540	380,000	170,000	160,000	24,000	--	200	--
MW-1	04/24/98	--	89.52	7.98	<50	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	--	--	--
<i>(continued)</i>	08/17/98	--	88.52	8.98	<50	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	--	--	--
	11/16/98	--	88.60	8.90	<50	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	--	--	--
	02/16/99	--	88.86	8.64	<50	<b>110</b>	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	--	--	--
	05/17/99	--	89.00	8.50	--	<b>280</b>	<b>1.1</b>	0.6	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	--	--	--
	08/17/99	--	88.26	9.24	86	<b>790</b>	<b>5.6</b>	4.3	4.5	11	<5.0	--	--	--
	11/17/99	--	87.06	10.44	--	<b>1,300</b>	<b>3.6</b>	1.9	2.7	6.6	<1.0	--	--	--
	02/17/00	--	89.02	8.48	--	<b>580</b>	<b>1.1</b>	2.3	3.6	4.9	<5.0	--	--	--
	05/17/00	--	89.26	8.24	--	<b>1,500</b>	<b>130</b>	6.8	6.1	<5.0	<5.0	--	--	--
	08/17/00	--	88.73	8.77	--	<b>550</b>	<b>160</b>	<25	<25	<25	<25	--	--	--
	11/15/00	--	88.46	9.04	--	<b>130</b>	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	--	--	--
	02/16/01	--	89.90	7.60	--	<b>400</b>	<b>26</b>	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	--	--	--
	01/11/02	--	89.42	8.08	<b>160</b>	<b>600</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>53</b>	14	<b>52</b>	<b>110</b>	--	--	--
<i>(161.03)</i>	07/01/02	--	152.01	9.02	<b>280</b>	<b>670</b>	<b>25</b>	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	--	--	--
	10/04/02	--	151.29	9.74	<b>520</b>	<b>1,800</b>	<b>130</b>	7.8	8.1	14	<5.0	--	--	--
	07/28/06	--	151.93	9.10	86	<b>250</b>	<b>42</b>	1.7	1.4	3.1	<1.0	51	<b>1.5</b>	0.21
	10/16/06	--	151.98	9.05	<b>110</b>	<b>390</b>	<b>16</b>	<0.5	1.5	2.2	<0.5	41	<b>1.6</b>	0.17
<i>(161.10)</i>	01/09/07	--	152.90	8.20	<b>160</b>	<b>530</b>	<b>21</b>	1.7	2.8	5.1	--	--	--	0.22
	03/26/07	--	152.84	8.26	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
MW-2	04/30/89	--	--	--	--	<b>230</b>	<b>39</b>	18	5	<b>23</b>	--	--	--	--
<i>(97.78)</i>	05/17/90	--	87.78	10.00	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	09/29/90	--	86.95	10.83	--	<b>850</b>	<b>970</b>	5	25	<b>47</b>	--	--	--	--
	01/14/91	--	87.15	10.63	--	<b>3,100</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>52</b>	24	<b>34</b>	--	--	--	--
<i>(102.02)</i>	07/03/91	--	91.94	10.08	--	<b>1,590</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>52</b>	24	<b>34</b>	--	--	--	--
	11/11/91	--	91.81	10.21	--	<b>960</b>	<b>320</b>	15	4	<b>29</b>	--	--	--	--
	03/04/92	--	93.32	8.70	--	<b>1,500</b>	<b>9.5</b>	8.4	9.8	<b>22</b>	--	--	--	--
	06/02/92	--	92.50	9.52	--	<b>2,800</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>95</b>	--	--	--	--
	09/28/92	--	91.93	10.09	--	<b>1,600</b>	<b>47</b>	20	<b>47</b>	<b>97</b>	--	--	--	--
	01/11/93	--	93.50	8.52	--	<b>2,500</b>	<b>8.6</b>	10	17	<b>32</b>	--	--	--	--
<i>(97.49)</i>	08/15/94	--	87.58	9.91	--	<b>6,000</b>	<b>450</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>95</b>	--	--	--	--
	11/07/96	--	87.47	10.02	<b>780</b>	<b>4,200</b>	<b>25</b>	4.9	8.1	14	<0.5	--	--	--
	02/12/97	--	88.58	8.91	<b>5,700</b>	<b>1,800</b>	<b>16</b>	3.1	3.4	8.8	<0.5	--	--	--
	06/16/97	--	87.74	9.75	<50	<b>2,500</b>	<b>22</b>	5.1	7.8	11	<0.5	--	--	--
	09/30/97	--	89.60	7.89	<50	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	--	--	--
	01/27/98	--	89.11	8.38	<50	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	--	--	--
	04/24/98	--	88.81	8.68	<b>1,400</b>	<b>2,100</b>	<b>18</b>	6.5	4.8	<b>21</b>	<0.5	--	--	--
	08/17/98	--	87.75	9.74	<50	<b>2,900</b>	<b>5.1</b>	4.5	5.8	17	<0.5	--	--	--
	11/16/98	--	87.35	10.14	<50	<b>1,400</b>	<b>2.1</b>	1.9	2.3	4.8	<0.5	--	--	--



# Pangea

**Table 2. Groundwater Analytical Data - Former Exxon Station, 5175 Broadway, Oakland, CA**

Well ID	Date	Groundwater	Depth	TPHd	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes	MTBE	DIPE	1,2-DCA	Dissolved	
<i>TOC Elev</i>	<i>Sampled</i>	<i>SPH</i>	<i>Elevation</i>	<i>to Water</i>	<i>µg/L</i>									<i>Oxygen</i>
<i>(ft)</i>		<i>(ft)</i>	<i>(ft)</i>	<i>(ft)</i>										<i>mg/L</i>
Commercial ESL, drinking water					<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>5</b>	--	<b>0.50</b>	--
Commercial ESL, non-drinking water					640	500	46	130	290	100	1,800	--	200	--
Commercial ESL, vapor pathway					NV	NV	540	380,000	170,000	160,000	24,000	--	200	--
MW-2	02/16/99	--	88.57	8.92	<50	<b>1,600</b>	<b>82</b>	16	<2.5	<b>40</b>	<b>59</b>	--	--	--
<i>(continued)</i>	05/17/99	--	88.23	9.26	--	<b>8,200</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>100</b>	<250	--	--	--
	08/17/99	--	87.45	10.04	<b>260</b>	<b>2,900</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>81</b>	17	<b>38</b>	<5.0	--	--	--
	11/17/99	--	85.97	11.52	<50	<b>2,600</b>	7	3.7	5.3	12.9	<1.0	--	--	--
	02/17/00	--	87.99	9.50	--	<b>1,700</b>	<b>3.2</b>	6.8	11	12.3	<5.0	--	--	--
	05/17/00	--	88.65	8.84	--	<b>3,800</b>	<b>450</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>80</b>	<25	--	--	--
	08/17/00	--	88.99	8.50	--	<b>4,300</b>	<b>440</b>	<50	<b>78</b>	<50	<50	--	--	--
	11/15/00	--	87.55	9.94	--	<b>5,800</b>	<b>320</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>64</b>	<25	--	--	--
	02/16/01	--	88.97	8.52	--	<b>2,200</b>	<b>110</b>	20	<b>38</b>	<b>33</b>	<5.0	--	--	--
	01/11/02	--	88.67	8.82	<b>620</b>	<b>3,100</b>	<b>280</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>110</b>	<50	--	--	--
<i>(160.98)</i>	07/01/02	--	151.34	9.64	<b>940</b>	<b>2,600</b>	<b>300</b>	29	<b>45</b>	<b>27</b>	<10	--	--	--
	10/04/02	--	150.46	10.52	<b>390</b>	<b>4,000</b>	<b>440</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>120</b>	<25	--	--	--
	07/28/06	--	150.96	10.02	<b>340</b>	<b>1,300</b>	<b>150</b>	9.9	6	18	<0.5	3.6	<0.5	0.17
	10/16/06	--	150.45	10.53	76	<b>150</b>	<b>16</b>	1.0	3.5	2.2	<0.5	1.2	<0.5	0.19
	01/09/07	--	151.65	9.33	84	<b>210</b>	<b>27</b>	2.6	8.1	6.8	--	--	--	0.14
MW-3	04/30/90	--	--	--	--	<b>56,000</b>	<b>3,600</b>	<b>8,600</b>	<b>1,300</b>	<b>7,200</b>	--	--	--	--
<i>(98.14)</i>	05/17/90	--	85.72	12.42	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	09/26/90	--	84.64	13.50	--	<b>54,000</b>	<b>5,100</b>	<b>420</b>	<b>1,600</b>	<b>8,000</b>	--	--	--	--
	01/14/91	--	85.56	12.58	--	<b>35,000</b>	<b>2,600</b>	<b>6,600</b>	<b>1,500</b>	<b>5,700</b>	--	--	--	--
<i>(102.46)</i>	07/03/91	--	90.38	12.08	--	<b>33,000</b>	<b>4,120</b>	<b>4,300</b>	<b>1,400</b>	<b>4,800</b>	--	--	--	--
	11/11/91	--	90.17	12.29	--	<b>57,000</b>	<b>3,900</b>	<b>8,400</b>	<b>2,100</b>	<b>14,000</b>	--	--	--	--
<i>(102.18)</i>	03/04/92	--	91.92	10.26	--	<b>57,000</b>	<b>720</b>	<b>870</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>3,100</b>	--	--	--	--
<i>(97.94)</i>	06/02/92	--	86.54	11.40	--	<b>50,000</b>	<b>240</b>	<b>240</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>740</b>	--	--	--	--
	09/28/92	--	85.30	12.64	--	<b>64,000</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>250</b>	--	--	--	--
	01/11/93	--	87.84	10.10	--	<b>68,000</b>	<b>210</b>	<b>280</b>	<b>360</b>	<b>990</b>	--	--	--	--
	08/15/94	--	85.74	12.20	--	<b>50,000</b>	<b>870</b>	<b>1,200</b>	<b>1,300</b>	<b>3,000</b>	--	--	--	--
	11/07/96	--	85.54	12.40	<b>470</b>	<b>68,000</b>	<b>33</b>	27	<b>63</b>	<b>120</b>	<0.5	--	--	--
	02/12/97	--	87.71	10.23	<b>3,500</b>	<b>25,000</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>43</b>	15	<b>91</b>	<0.5	--	--	--
	06/16/97	--	86.15	11.79	<50	<b>9,700</b>	<b>26</b>	29	<b>45</b>	<b>81</b>	<0.5	--	--	--
	09/30/97	--	88.54	9.40	<b>1,600</b>	<b>6,000</b>	<b>43</b>	36	12	11	<0.5	--	--	--
	01/27/98	--	88.14	9.80	<b>560</b>	<b>380</b>	<b>5.7</b>	4.1	1.7	9.1	<0.5	--	--	--
	04/24/98	--	88.04	9.90	<b>680</b>	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	--	--	--
	08/17/98	--	86.48	11.46	<50	<b>16,000</b>	<b>200</b>	18	<b>31</b>	<b>82</b>	<0.5	--	--	--
	11/16/98	--	85.54	12.40	<50	<b>68,000</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>130</b>	<0.5	--	--	--
	02/16/99	--	87.22	10.72	<50	<b>33,000</b>	<b>270</b>	<b>110</b>	<5.0	<b>770</b>	<0.5	--	--	--
	05/17/99	--	87.40	10.54	--	<b>72,000</b>	<b>280</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>320</b>	<b>890</b>	<250	--	--	--
	08/17/99	--	85.99	11.95	<b>1,800</b>	<b>20,000</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>130</b>	<5.0	--	--	--
	11/17/99	--	84.34	13.60	--	<b>1,700</b>	<b>39</b>	22	<b>31</b>	<b>84</b>	<1.0	--	--	--

# Pangea

**Table 2. Groundwater Analytical Data - Former Exxon Station, 5175 Broadway, Oakland, CA**

Well ID	Date	Groundwater	Depth	TPHd	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes	MTBE	DIPE	1,2-DCA	Dissolved	
<i>TOC Elev</i>	<i>Sampled</i>	<i>SPH</i>	<i>Elevation</i>	<i>to Water</i>	<i>µg/L</i>									<i>Oxygen</i>
<i>(ft)</i>		<i>(ft)</i>	<i>(ft)</i>											<i>mg/L</i>
Commercial ESL, drinking water					<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>5</b>	--	<b>0.50</b>	--
Commercial ESL, non-drinking water					640	500	46	130	290	100	1,800	--	200	--
Commercial ESL, vapor pathway					NV	NV	540	380,000	170,000	160,000	24,000	--	200	--
MW-3	02/17/00	--	87.26	10.68	--	<b>8,800</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>90</b>	<5.0	--	--	--
<i>(continued)</i>	05/17/00	--	87.69	10.25	--	<b>22,000</b>	<b>300</b>	<b>260</b>	<b>410</b>	<b>940</b>	<5.0	--	--	--
	08/17/00	--	86.10	11.84	--	<b>15,000</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>470</b>	<b>750</b>	<50	--	--	--
	11/15/00	--	86.12	11.82	--	<b>12,000</b>	<b>250</b>	<b>210</b>	<b>390</b>	<b>700</b>	<25	--	--	--
	02/16/01	--	88.26	9.68	--	<b>7,400</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>700</b>	<b>250</b>	<25	--	--	--
	01/11/02	--	88.36	9.58	<b>1,900</b>	<b>9,300</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>290</b>	<b>580</b>	<25	--	--	--
<i>(161.43)</i>	07/01/02	--	150.29	11.14	<b>5,200</b>	<b>13,000</b>	<b>230</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>450</b>	<b>890</b>	<13	--	--	--
	10/04/02	--	148.61	12.82	<b>4,900</b>	<b>11,000</b>	<b>280</b>	<b>170</b>	<b>450</b>	<b>730</b>	<25	--	--	--
	07/28/06	--			Not Sampled - Unable to locate well									
	10/16/06	--			Not Sampled - Unable to locate well									
	01/09/07	--			Not Sampled - Unable to locate well									
	01/22/07	--	149.81	11.62	<b>93,000</b>	<b>34,000</b>	<b>770</b>	<b>250</b>	<b>760</b>	<b>2,000</b>	<1,000	--	--	--
STMW-4	07/03/91	--	92.58	11.00	--	<b>3,100</b>	<b>610</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>150</b>	--	--	--	--
<i>(103.58)</i>	11/11/91	--	92.50	11.08	--	<b>3,600</b>	<b>990</b>	15	2.6	<b>180</b>	--	--	--	--
<i>(101.08)</i>	03/04/92	--	91.64	9.44	--	<b>5,000</b>	<b>35</b>	20	22	<b>71</b>	--	--	--	--
<i>(98.80)</i>	06/02/92	--	88.48	10.32	--	<b>13,000</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>210</b>	--	--	--	--
	09/28/92	--	88.04	10.76	--	<b>40,000</b>	<b>35</b>	20	<b>48</b>	<b>110</b>	--	--	--	--
	01/11/93	--	89.52	9.28	--	<b>24,000</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>280</b>	--	--	--	--
	08/15/94	--	88.26	10.54	--	<b>9,000</b>	<b>500</b>	34	<b>46</b>	<b>130</b>	--	--	--	--
	11/07/96	--	88.43	10.37	<b>180</b>	<b>13,000</b>	<b>40</b>	2.9	7.8	19	<0.5	--	--	--
	02/12/97	--	89.44	9.36	<b>5,700</b>	<b>5,300</b>	<b>95</b>	5.3	5.9	18	<0.5	--	--	--
	06/16/97	--	88.40	10.40	<50	<b>5,300</b>	<b>37</b>	6.2	1.7	11	<0.5	--	--	--
	09/30/97	--	90.30	8.50	<50	<b>2,700</b>	<b>42</b>	7.7	5.7	<b>26</b>	<0.5	--	--	--
	01/27/98	--	89.90	8.90	<b>300</b>	<b>3,000</b>	<b>60</b>	17	12	<b>49</b>	<0.5	--	--	--
	04/24/98	--	89.30	9.50	<50	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	--	--	--
	08/17/98	--	88.44	10.36	<50	<b>29,000</b>	<b>36</b>	24	<b>59</b>	<b>160</b>	<0.5	--	--	--
	11/16/98	--	88.24	10.56	<50	<b>13,000</b>	<b>26</b>	21	20	<b>41</b>	--	--	--	--
	02/16/99	--	89.16	9.64	<50	<b>32,000</b>	<b>660</b>	16	16	<b>150</b>	<100	--	--	--
	05/17/99	--	88.84	9.96	--	<b>13,000</b>	<b>1600</b>	30	<b>45</b>	<b>78</b>	<250	--	--	--
	08/17/99	--	88.16	10.64	<b>990</b>	<b>12,000</b>	<b>260</b>	22	<b>33</b>	<b>72</b>	<5.0	--	--	--
	11/17/99	--	86.78	12.02	--	<b>7,900</b>	<b>21</b>	12	17	<b>40</b>	<1.0	--	--	--
	02/17/00	--	89.48	9.32	--	<b>4,900</b>	<b>8.9</b>	21	<b>38</b>	<b>50</b>	<5.0	--	--	--
	05/17/00	--	89.15	9.65	--	<b>9,600</b>	<b>840</b>	<50	<b>61</b>	<50	<50	--	--	--
	08/17/00	--	88.46	10.34	--	<b>5,100</b>	<b>680</b>	<50	<b>62</b>	<50	<50	--	--	--
	11/15/00	--	88.28	10.52	--	<b>3,900</b>	<b>640</b>	<25	26	<b>27</b>	<25	--	--	--
	02/16/01	--	89.60	9.20	--	<b>5,700</b>	<b>560</b>	<25	<25	<25	<25	--	--	--
	01/11/02	--	89.22	9.58	<b>930</b>	<b>4,900</b>	<b>560</b>	<b>59</b>	25	<25	<250	--	--	--
<i>(162.13)</i>	07/01/02	--	151.85	10.28	<b>6,700</b>	<b>6,700</b>	<b>470</b>	18	<b>32</b>	<b>45</b>	<13	--	--	--

# Pangea

**Table 2. Groundwater Analytical Data - Former Exxon Station, 5175 Broadway, Oakland, CA**

Well ID	Date	Groundwater	Depth	TPHd	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes	MTBE	DIPE	1,2-DCA	Dissolved	
<i>TOC Elev</i>	<i>Sampled</i>	<i>SPH</i>	<i>Elevation</i>	<i>to Water</i>	<i>µg/L</i>									<i>Oxygen</i>
<i>(ft)</i>		<i>(ft)</i>	<i>(ft)</i>											<i>mg/L</i>
Commercial ESL, drinking water					<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>5</b>	--	<b>0.50</b>	--
Commercial ESL, non-drinking water					640	500	46	130	290	100	1,800	--	200	--
Commercial ESL, vapor pathway					NV	NV	540	380,000	170,000	160,000	24,000	--	200	--
STMW-4	10/04/02	--	151.05	11.08	<b>2,900</b>	<b>13,000</b>	<b>590</b>	26	<b>65</b>	<b>110</b>	<25	--	--	--
<i>(continued)</i>	07/28/06	0.04	151.53	10.60	<b>39,000</b>	<b>25,000</b>	<b>960</b>	21	<b>73</b>	<b>130</b>	<5.0	65	<5.0	0.22
	10/16/06	0.06	151.30	10.83	<b>14,000</b>	<b>14,000</b>	<b>790</b>	28	<b>81</b>	<b>130</b>	<5.0	30	<5.0	0.26
	01/09/07	0.03	152.20	9.93	Not Sampled - SPH									0.24
STMW-5	07/03/91	--	88.70	13.29	--	<b>690</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>81</b>	19	<b>98</b>	--	--	--	--
<i>(101.99)</i>	11/11/91	--	87.99	14.00	--	<b>410</b>	<b>61</b>	2.4	1.4	20	--	--	--	--
<i>(101.36)</i>	03/04/92	--	89.56	11.80	--	<b>460</b>	<b>13</b>	6.5	11	18	--	--	--	--
	06/02/92	--	88.30	13.06	--	<b>1,800</b>	<b>27</b>	20	21	<b>43</b>	--	--	--	--
	09/28/92	--	87.32	14.04	--	<b>1,500</b>	<b>14</b>	6.1	18	<b>22</b>	--	--	--	--
	01/11/93	--	89.75	11.61	--	<b>800</b>	<b>1.8</b>	3	3.1	9.4	--	--	--	--
	08/15/94	--	87.51	13.85	--	<b>3,000</b>	<b>320</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>220</b>	--	--	--	--
<i>(97.14)</i>	11/07/96	--	83.47	13.67	<b>330</b>	<b>1,200</b>	<b>11</b>	1.7	4.4	13	<0.5	--	--	--
	02/17/97	--	85.07	12.07	<b>3,700</b>	<b>1,000</b>	<b>11</b>	17	1.7	9.7	<0.5	--	--	--
	06/19/97	--	83.81	13.33	<b>2,300</b>	<b>950</b>	<b>7.4</b>	1	1	7.2	<0.5	--	--	--
	09/30/97	--	85.90	11.24	<b>1,100</b>	<b>710</b>	<b>5.8</b>	4	1	1	<0.5	--	--	--
	01/27/98	--	85.50	11.64	<b>1,100</b>	<b>340</b>	<b>2</b>	1.8	1.6	8.2	<0.5	--	--	--
	04/24/98	--	85.30	11.84	<50	<b>3,300</b>	<b>12</b>	9.4	8.5	<b>37</b>	<0.5	--	--	--
	08/17/98	--	83.94	13.20	<50	<b>5,300</b>	<b>26</b>	17	14	<b>39</b>	<0.5	--	--	--
	11/16/98	--	83.40	13.74	<50	<50	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	--	--	--
	02/16/99	--	84.92	12.22	<50	<b>950</b>	<b>150</b>	3.8	1.4	14	<b>11</b>	--	--	--
	05/17/99	--	84.56	12.58	--	<b>2,800</b>	<b>67</b>	9.4	<2.5	16	<b>30</b>	--	--	--
	08/17/99	--	83.66	13.48	<b>230</b>	<b>2,800</b>	<b>18</b>	17	18	<b>36</b>	<5.0	--	--	--
	11/17/99	--	82.26	14.88	--	<b>1,600</b>	<b>3.9</b>	2.3	3.2	7.5	<1.0	--	--	--
	02/17/00	--	84.58	12.56	--	<b>770</b>	<b>1.5</b>	3.2	5.8	7	<5.0	--	--	--
	05/17/00	--	85.06	12.08	--	<b>4,500</b>	<25	<25	<25	<25	<25	--	--	--
	08/17/00	--	83.58	13.56	--	<b>2,900</b>	<b>170</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>250</b>	<10	--	--	--
	11/15/00	--	83.86	13.28	--	<b>2,100</b>	<b>120</b>	24	<b>40</b>	<b>54</b>	<5.0	--	--	--
	02/16/01	--	85.54	11.60	--	<b>850</b>	<b>58</b>	9.8	9.4	18	<5.0	--	--	--
	01/11/02	--	85.42	11.72	<50	<b>920</b>	<b>76</b>	16	16	<b>28</b>	<b>13</b>	--	--	--
<i>(160.65)</i>	07/01/02	--	147.51	13.14	<b>1,500</b>	<b>4,300</b>	<b>71</b>	14	14	<b>36</b>	<5.0	--	--	--
	10/04/02	--	146.13	14.52	60	<b>1,400</b>	<b>71</b>	17	26	<b>35</b>	<5.0	--	--	--
	07/28/06	--	147.30	13.35	<b>370</b>	<b>700</b>	<b>22</b>	4.3	1.2	6.6	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	0.24
	10/16/06	--	146.91	13.74	<b>240</b>	<b>590</b>	<b>14</b>	1.6	1.3	3.2	<0.5	<0.5	<0.5	0.21
	01/09/07	--	148.19	12.46	<b>180</b>	<b>390</b>	<b>30</b>	3.2	1.8	3.2	--	--	--	0.17
MW-2C	03/09/07	--	152.24	8.41	<b>140</b>	<b>450</b>	<b>40</b>	9.3	2.9	16	<10	--	--	--
<i>(160.65)</i>	03/26/07	--	151.93	8.72	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

# Pangea

**Table 2. Groundwater Analytical Data - Former Exxon Station, 5175 Broadway, Oakland, CA**

Well ID	Date	SPH (ft)	Groundwater Elevation (ft)	Depth to Water (ft)	←----- μg/L ----->								Dissolved Oxygen mg/L	
TOC Elev (ft)	Sampled				TPHd	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes	MTBE	DIPE		1,2-DCA
Commercial ESL, drinking water					<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>5</b>	--	<b>0.50</b>	--
Commercial ESL, non-drinking water					640	500	46	130	290	100	1,800	--	200	--
Commercial ESL, vapor pathway					NV	NV	540	380,000	170,000	160,000	24,000	--	200	--
MW-3A (161.55)	03/09/07 03/26/07	-- --	152.20 152.33	9.35 9.22	<b>4,500</b> --	<b>39,000</b> --	<b>3,800</b> --	<b>220</b> --	<b>830</b> --	<b>2,800</b> --	<500 --	-- --	-- --	-- --
MW-3C (161.79)	03/26/07 04/16/07	-- --	151.15 150.87	10.64 10.92	-- <b>36,000</b>	-- <b>32,000</b>	-- <b>1,200</b>	-- <b>710</b>	-- <b>600</b>	-- <b>1,900</b>	-- <500	-- --	-- --	-- --
MW-4A (162.44)	03/09/07 03/26/07	-- --	152.88 152.56	9.56 9.88	<b>3,600</b> --	<b>16,000</b> --	<b>1,600</b> --	36 --	<b>37</b> --	<b>150</b> --	<250 --	-- --	-- --	-- --
MW-5A (160.82)	03/09/07 03/26/07	-- --	150.40 150.00	10.42 10.82	56 --	<50 --	<0.5 --	<0.5 --	<0.5 --	<0.5 --	<5.0 --	-- --	-- --	-- --
MW-5B (161.50)	03/09/07 03/26/07	-- --	146.42 148.88	15.08 12.62	59 --	<b>140</b> --	<b>1.3</b> --	0.77 --	<0.5 --	1.6 --	<5.0 --	-- --	-- --	-- --
MW-5C (161.03)	03/09/07 03/26/07	-- --	148.12 148.41	12.91 12.62	<50 --	<50 --	<0.5 --	<0.5 --	<0.5 --	<0.5 --	<5.0 --	-- --	-- --	-- --
MW-6A (161.58)	03/09/07 03/26/07	-- --	154.91 154.41	6.67 7.17	<b>380</b> --	<50 --	<0.5 --	<0.5 --	<0.5 --	<0.5 --	<5.0 --	-- --	-- --	-- --
MW-7B (159.15)	03/09/07 03/26/07	-- --	147.97 148.10	11.18 11.05	<b>930</b> --	<b>18,000</b> --	<b>1,500</b> --	<b>1,600</b> --	<b>140</b> --	<b>1,800</b> --	<600 --	-- --	-- --	-- --
MW-7C (158.53)	03/09/07 03/26/07	-- --	145.44 147.53	13.09 11.00	<b>190</b> --	<b>3,600</b> --	<b>970</b> --	<b>100</b> --	12 --	<b>90</b> --	<120 --	-- --	-- --	-- --
MW-8A (161.57)	03/09/07 03/26/07	-- --	152.05 151.74	9.52 9.83	<b>4,200</b> --	<b>10,000</b> --	<b>430</b> --	18 --	<10 --	<b>88</b> --	<100 --	-- --	-- --	-- --
MW-8C (161.33)	03/09/07 03/26/07	-- --	149.18 149.56	12.15 11.77	<50 --	<b>150</b> --	<b>9.8</b> --	1.3 --	2.0 --	3.9 --	<5.0 --	-- --	-- --	-- --

# Pangea

**Table 2. Groundwater Analytical Data - Former Exxon Station, 5175 Broadway, Oakland, CA**

Well ID <i>TOC Elev</i> (ft)	Date Sampled	SPH (ft)	Groundwater Elevation (ft)	Depth to Water (ft)	TPHd ←	TPHg	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes	MTBE	DIPE	1,2-DCA	Dissolved Oxygen mg/L
					μg/L →									
Commercial ESL, drinking water					<b>100</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>5</b>	--	<b>0.50</b>	--
Commercial ESL, non-drinking water					640	500	46	130	290	100	1,800	--	200	--
Commercial ESL, vapor pathway					NV	NV	540	380,000	170,000	160,000	24,000	--	200	--

**Abbreviations:**

Commercial ESL, drinking water = Table A - Environmental Screening Levels for Shallow Soil (<3 meters) where groundwater is a current or potential source of drinking water, as established by the RWQCB-SFBR, Interim Final February 2005 (Revised November 2006).

Commercial ESL, non-drinking water = Table B - Environmental Screening Levels for Shallow Soil (<3 meters) where groundwater is not current or potential source of drinking water, as established by the RWQCB-SFBR, Interim Final February 2005 (Revised November 2006).

Commercial ESL, Vapor Intrusion / Pathway Into Building Concerns = Table F-1A Environmental Screening Levels for Soil (<3 meters) where groundwater is a current or potential source of drinking water, as established by the RWQCB-SFBR, Interim Final February 2005 (Revised November 2006).

NV = No ESL value, use soil gas ESL and compare to soil gas concentrations.

**7.1** = Concentrations in **bold** are soil exceeding the commercial ESL protective of groundwater as a drinking water resource.

μg/L = micrograms per liter - approximately equal to parts per billion = ppb

mg/L = milligrams per liter - approximately equal to parts per million = ppm

SPH = Separate-phase hydrocarbons encountered in well (value in parentheses is thickness in feet)

Groundwater elevation is calculated according to the relationship: groundwater elevation = TOC (elevation) - (depth to water) + (0.8)(SPH thickness)

TPHg = Total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline by EPA Method 8015Cm.

TPHd = Total petroleum hydrocarbons as diesel by EPA Method 8015C.

BTEX by EPA Method 8021B. (Concentrations in parentheses are by EPA Method 8260B).

MTBE = Methyl tertiary-butyl ether by EPA Method 8260B prior to January 1, 2007. MTBE analyses after January 1, 2007 by EPA Method 8021B.

DIPE = Diisopropyl ether by EPA Method 8260B.

1,2-DCA = 1,2-Dichloroethane by EPA Method 8260B.

## **APPENDIX A**

Permits

# Alameda County Public Works Agency - Water Resources Well Permit



399 Elmhurst Street  
Hayward, CA 94544-1395  
Telephone: (510)670-6633 Fax:(510)782-1939

**Application Approved on: 01/09/2007 By jamesy**

**Permit Numbers: W2007-0010 to W2007-0020**  
**Permits Valid from 01/17/2007 to 02/28/2007**

**Application Id:** 1167786724530  
**Site Location:** 5175 Broadway  
5230 Coronado  
5151 Broadway  
5130 Broadway  
**Project Start Date:** 01/17/2007

**City of Project Site:**Oakland

**Completion Date:**02/28/2007

**Applicant:** Pangea Environmental Services, Inc. - Morgan Gillies  
1710 Franklin Street, Suite 200, Oakland, CA 94612  
**Property Owner:** Heights, LLC Rockridge  
34 Shooner Hill, Oakland, CA 94618  
**Client:** \*\* same as Property Owner \*\*

**Phone:** 408-910-1783

**Phone:** --

<b>Receipt Number: WR2007-0010</b>	<b>Total Due:</b>	\$3200.00
<b>Payer Name : Robert Clark-Riddell</b>	<b>Total Amount Paid:</b>	<u>\$3200.00</u>
	Paid By: VISA	<b>PAID IN FULL</b>

**Works Requesting Permits:**

Well Construction-Monitoring-Monitoring - 7 Wells  
Driller: RSI Drilling, Inc. - Lic #: 802334 - Method: hstem

**Work Total: \$2100.00**

**Specifications**

Permit #	Issued Date	Expire Date	Owner Well Id	Hole Diam.	Casing Diam.	Seal Depth	Max. Depth
W2007-0010	01/09/2007	04/17/2007	MW-10A	8.00 in.	2.00 in.	9.00 ft	15.00 ft
W2007-0011	01/09/2007	04/17/2007	MW-2B	8.00 in.	2.00 in.	17.00 ft	23.00 ft
W2007-0012	01/09/2007	04/17/2007	MW-4A-(MW-4)	8.00 in.	2.00 in.	7.00 ft	15.00 ft
W2007-0013	01/09/2007	04/17/2007	MW-5A-(MW-5)	8.00 in.	2.00 in.	8.00 ft	14.00 ft
W2007-0014	01/09/2007	04/17/2007	MW-5B	8.00 in.	2.00 in.	15.00 ft	20.00 ft
W2007-0015	01/09/2007	04/17/2007	MW-5C	8.00 in.	2.00 in.	21.00 ft	27.00 ft
W2007-0016	01/09/2007	04/17/2007	MW-9A	8.00 in.	2.00 in.	9.00 ft	15.00 ft

**Specific Work Permit Conditions**

1. Permittee shall assume entire responsibility for all activities and uses under this permit and shall indemnify, defend and save the Alameda County Public Works Agency, its officers, agents, and employees free and harmless from any and all expense, cost, liability in connection with or resulting from the exercise of this Permit including, but not limited to, properly damage, personal injury and wrongful death.

2. Permittee, permittee's contractors, consultants or agents shall be responsible to assure that all material or waters generated during drilling, boring destruction, and/or other activities associated with this Permit will be safely handled, properly managed, and disposed of according to all applicable federal, state, and local statutes regulating such. In no

## Alameda County Public Works Agency - Water Resources Well Permit

case shall these materials and/or waters be allowed to enter, or potentially enter, on or off-site storm sewers, dry wells, or waterways or be allowed to move off the property where work is being completed.

3. Prior to any drilling activities, it shall be the applicant's responsibility to contact and coordinate an Underground Service Alert (USA), obtain encroachment permit(s), excavation permit(s) or any other permits or agreements required for that Federal, State, County or City, and follow all City or County Ordinances. No work shall begin until all the permits and requirements have been approved or obtained. It shall also be the applicants responsibilities to provide to the Cities or to Alameda County an Traffic Safety Plan for any lane closures or detours planned. No work shall begin until all the permits and requirements have been approved or obtained.

4. Compliance with the well-sealing specifications shall not exempt the well-sealing contractor from complying with appropriate State reporting-requirements related to well destruction (Sections 13750 through 13755 (Division 7, Chapter 10, Article 3) of the California Water Code). Contractor must complete State DWR Form 188 and mail original to the Alameda County Public Works Agency, Water Resources Section, within 60 days. Including permit number and site map.

5. Drill out & Replace with New Well

6. Applicant shall submit the copies of the approved encroachment permit to this office within 60 days.

7. Applicant shall contact Vicky Hamlin for an inspection time at 510-670-5443 at least five (5) working days prior to starting, once the permit has been approved. Confirm the scheduled date(s) at least 24 hours prior to drilling.

8. Wells shall have a Christy box or similar structure with a locking cap or cover. Well(s) shall be kept locked at all times. Well(s) that become damaged by traffic or construction shall be repaired in a timely manner or destroyed immediately (through permit process). No well(s) shall be left in a manner to act as a conduit at any time.

9. Minimum surface seal thickness is two inches of cement grout placed by tremie

10. Minimum seal (Neat Cement seal) depth for monitoring wells is 5 feet below ground surface(BGS) or the maximum depth practicable or 20 feet.

11. Copy of approved drilling permit must be on site at all times. Failure to present or show proof of the approved permit application on site shall result in a fine of \$500.00.

12. Well MW-4 (Destroy) Replace MW-4A-Condition #5

Well MW-5 (Destroy) Replace MW-5A-Condition #5

Note: Two State DWR-188 forms needed.

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Borehole(s) for Investigation-Environmental/Monitorinig Study - 5 Boreholes

Driller: RSI Drilling, Inc. - Lic #: 802334 - Method: hstem

**Work Total: \$200.00**

### Specifications

Permit Number	Issued Dt	Expire Dt	# Boreholes	Hole Diam	Max Depth
W2007-0017	01/09/2007	04/17/2007	5	6.25 in.	25.00 ft

### Specific Work Permit Conditions

1. Backfill bore hole by tremie with cement grout or cement grout/sand mixture. Upper two-three feet replaced in kind or



## Alameda County Public Works Agency - Water Resources Well Permit

with compacted cuttings. All cuttings remaining or unused shall be containerized and hauled off site.

2. Boreholes shall not be left open for a period of more than 24 hours. All boreholes left open more than 24 hours will need approval from Alameda County Public Works Agency, Water Resources Section. All boreholes shall be backfilled according to permit destruction requirements and all concrete material and asphalt material shall be to Caltrans Spec or County/City Codes. No borehole(s) shall be left in a manner to act as a conduit at any time.

3. Permittee shall assume entire responsibility for all activities and uses under this permit and shall indemnify, defend and save the Alameda County Public Works Agency, its officers, agents, and employees free and harmless from any and all expense, cost, liability in connection with or resulting from the exercise of this Permit including, but not limited to, properly damage, personal injury and wrongful death.

4. Applicant shall contact Vicky Hamlin for an inspection time at 510-670-5443 at least five (5) working days prior to starting, once the permit has been approved. Confirm the scheduled date(s) at least 24 hours prior to drilling.

5. Copy of approved drilling permit must be on site at all times. Failure to present or show proof of the approved permit application on site shall result in a fine of \$500.00.

6. Permit is valid only for the purpose specified herein. No changes in construction procedures, as described on this permit application. Boreholes shall not be converted to monitoring wells, without a permit application process.

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Well Destruction-Monitoring - 3 Wells

Driller: RSI Drilling, Inc. - Lic #: 802334 - Method: hstem

**Work Total: \$900.00**

### Specifications

Permit #	Issued Date	Expire Date	Owner Well Id	Hole Diam.	Casing Diam.	Seal Depth	Max. Depth	State Well #	Orig. Permit #	DWR #
W2007-0018	01/09/2007	04/17/2007	MW-2	10.00 in.	4.00 in.	6.00 ft	23.00 ft			
W2007-0019	01/09/2007	04/17/2007	STMW-4	8.00 in.	4.00 in.	6.00 ft	19.50 ft			
W2007-0020	01/09/2007	04/17/2007	STMW-5	8.00 in.	2.00 in.	7.00 ft	24.00 ft			

### Specific Work Permit Conditions

1. Drilling Permit(s) can be voided/ cancelled only in writing. It is the applicant's responsibility to notify Alameda County Public Works Agency, Water Resources Section in writing for an extension or to cancel the drilling permit application. No drilling permit application(s) shall be extended beyond ninety (90) days from the original start date. Applicants may not cancel a drilling permit application after the completion date of the permit issued has passed.

2. Prior to any drilling activities, it shall be the applicant's responsibility to contact and coordinate an Underground Service Alert (USA), obtain encroachment permit(s), excavation permit(s) or any other permits or agreements required for that Federal, State, County or City, and follow all City or County Ordinances. No work shall begin until all the permits and requirements have been approved or obtained. It shall also be the applicants responsibilities to provide to the Cities or to Alameda County an Traffic Safety Plan for any lane closures or detours planned. No work shall begin until all the permits and requirements have been approved or obtained.

3. Compliance with the well-sealing specifications shall not exempt the well-sealing contractor from complying with appropriate State reporting-requirements related to well destruction (Sections 13750 through 13755 (Division 7, Chapter 10, Article 3) of the California Water Code). Contractor must complete State DWR Form 188 and mail original to the

## Alameda County Public Works Agency - Water Resources Well Permit

Alameda County Public Works Agency, Water Resources Section, within 60 days. Including permit number and site map.

4. Permittee shall assume entire responsibility for all activities and uses under this permit and shall indemnify, defend and save the Alameda County Public Works Agency, its officers, agents, and employees free and harmless from any and all expense, cost and liability in connection with or resulting from the exercise of this Permit including, but not limited to, property damage, personal injury and wrongful death.

5. Applicant shall contact Vicky Hamlin for an inspection time at 510-670-5443 at least five (5) working days prior to starting, once the permit has been approved. Confirm the scheduled date(s) at least 24 hours prior to drilling.

6. Permittee, permittee's contractors, consultants or agents shall be responsible to assure that all material or waters generated during drilling, boring destruction, and/or other activities associated with this Permit will be safely handled, properly managed, and disposed of according to all applicable federal, state, and local statutes regulating such. In no case shall these materials and/or waters be allowed to enter, or potentially enter, on or off-site storm sewers, dry wells, or waterways or be allowed to move off the property where work is being completed.

7. Remove the Christy box or similar structure.

Destroy well by grouting neat cement with a tremie pipe or pressure grouting (25 psi for 5min.) to the bottom of the well and by filling with neat cement to three (3-5) feet below surface grade. Allow the sealing material to spill over the top of the casing to fill any annular space between casing and soil.

After the seal has set, backfill the remaining hole with concrete or compacted material to match existing conditions.

8. Remove well by excavation. After the seal has set, backfill the remaining hole with concrete or compacted material to match existing.

---

# Alameda County Public Works Agency - Water Resources Well Permit



399 Elmhurst Street  
Hayward, CA 94544-1395  
Telephone: (510)670-6633 Fax:(510)782-1939

**Application Approved on: 01/09/2007 By jamesy**

**Permit Numbers: W2007-0021**  
**Permits Valid from 01/17/2007 to 02/28/2007**

**Application Id:** 1168299112637  
**Site Location:** 5175 Broadway  
**Project Start Date:** 01/17/2007

**City of Project Site:**Oakland  
**Completion Date:**02/28/2007

**Applicant:** Pangea Environmental Services, Inc. - Morgan Gillies  
1710 Franklin St., Suite200, Oakland, CA 94612  
**Property Owner:** Rockridge Heights, LLC  
34 Schooner Hill, Oakland, CA 94618  
**Client:** \*\* same as Property Owner \*\*

**Phone:** 408-910-1783  
**Phone:** --

	<b>Total Due:</b>	\$200.00
<b>Receipt Number: WR2007-0011</b>	<b>Total Amount Paid:</b>	\$200.00
<b>Payer Name : Robert Clark-Riddell</b>	<b>Paid By: VISA</b>	<b>PAID IN FULL</b>

**Works Requesting Permits:**

Remediation Well Construction-Extraction - 8 Wells  
Driller: RSI Drilling, Inc. - Lic #: 802334 - Method: hstem

**Work Total: \$200.00**

**Specifications**

Permit #	Issued Date	Expire Date	Owner Well Id	Hole Diam.	Casing Diam.	Seal Depth	Max. Depth
W2007-0021	01/09/2007	04/17/2007	MW-3A	8.00 in.	2.00 in.	7.00 ft	16.00 ft
W2007-0021	01/09/2007	04/17/2007	MW-3B	8.00 in.	2.00 in.	19.00 ft	25.00 ft
W2007-0021	01/09/2007	04/17/2007	MW-6A	8.00 in.	2.00 in.	7.00 ft	16.00 ft
W2007-0021	01/09/2007	04/17/2007	MW-6B	8.00 in.	2.00 in.	19.00 ft	25.00 ft
W2007-0021	01/09/2007	04/17/2007	MW-7A	8.00 in.	2.00 in.	5.00 ft	16.00 ft
W2007-0021	01/09/2007	04/17/2007	MW-7B	8.00 in.	2.00 in.	19.00 ft	25.00 ft
W2007-0021	01/09/2007	04/17/2007	MW-8A	8.00 in.	2.00 in.	7.00 ft	16.00 ft
W2007-0021	01/09/2007	04/17/2007	MW-8B	8.00 in.	2.00 in.	19.00 ft	25.00 ft

**Specific Work Permit Conditions**

1. Permittee shall assume entire responsibility for all activities and uses under this permit and shall indemnify, defend and save the Alameda County Public Works Agency, its officers, agents, and employees free and harmless from any and all expense, cost, liability in connection with or resulting from the exercise of this Permit including, but not limited to, property damage, personal injury and wrongful death.
  
2. Permittee, permittee's contractors, consultants or agents shall be responsible to assure that all material or waters generated during drilling, boring destruction, and/or other activities associated with this Permit will be safely handled, properly managed, and disposed of according to all applicable federal, state, and local statutes regulating such. In no case shall these materials and/or waters be allowed to enter, or potentially enter, on or off-site storm sewers, dry wells, or waterways or be allowed to move off the property where work is being completed.

## **Alameda County Public Works Agency - Water Resources Well Permit**

3. Compliance with the well-sealing specifications shall not exempt the well-sealing contractor from complying with appropriate State reporting-requirements related to well destruction (Sections 13750 through 13755 (Division 7, Chapter 10, Article 3) of the California Water Code). Contractor must complete State DWR Form 188 and mail original to the Alameda County Public Works Agency, Water Resources Section, within 60 days. Including permit number and site map.
  4. Applicant shall contact Vicky Hamlin for an inspection time at 510-670-5443 at least five (5) working days prior to starting, once the permit has been approved. Confirm the scheduled date(s) at least 24 hours prior to drilling.
  5. Minimum seal depth (Neat Cement Seal) is 2 feet below ground surface (BGS).
  6. Minimum surface seal thickness is two inches of cement grout placed by tremie
  7. Copy of approved drilling permit must be on site at all times. Failure to present or show proof of the approved permit application on site shall result in a fine of \$500.00.
-

Parcel# 014 -1241-005-01

Appl# OB070080

way Loc 1; and on Coronado Av Loc 2  
 meters on Broadway B-5203;-5205 and  
 do Av at the metered rate

Permit Issued 01/16/07

CITY OF OAKLAND  
 Community & Economic Development Agency  
 58 Frank H. Ogawa Pl, Oakland CA, 94612  
 Phone: (510)238-3587 FAX: (510)238-2263

PAYMENT RECEIPT

Application#: X0700093 Payment#: 001  
 APPLICATION FEE \$61.00  
 EXCAVATION PERMIT \$300.00  
 RECORDS MANAGEMENT FEE ( \$34.30  
 TECHNOLOGY ENHANCEMENT FE \$18.95  
 Subtotal: \$414.25

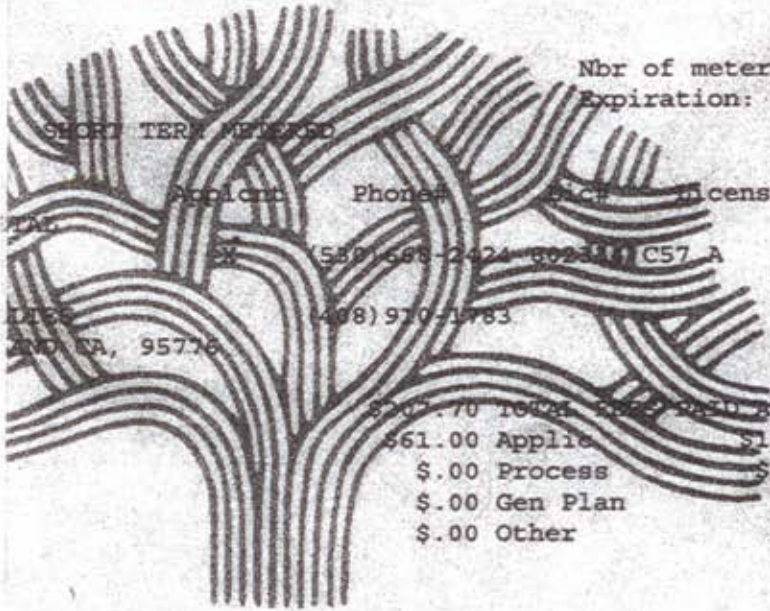
Application#: 08070000 Payment#: 001  
 APPLICATION FEE \$61.00  
 ABSTRUCTION PERMIT \$120.00  
 RECORDS MANAGEMENT FEE ( \$17.20  
 TECHNOLOGY ENHANCEMENT FE \$9.50  
 Subtotal: \$207.70

Application#: X0700092 Payment#: 001  
 APPLICATION FEE \$61.00  
 EXCAVATION PERMIT \$300.00  
 RECORDS MANAGEMENT FEE ( \$34.30  
 TECHNOLOGY ENHANCEMENT FE \$18.95  
 Subtotal: \$414.25

Sales Tax: \$ .00  
 \*\*\*\*\* TOTAL PAID: \$1,036.20

Check Payment: \$1,000.00  
 Credit Card Sale : \$36.20  
 VISA Card# \*\*\*\*\*3887 Exp 0508  
 Auth# 054626 Ref# R02-099511-070116

Payor: GILLIES/MORGAN K  
 Date: 01/16/07 Time: 15:07:51  
 By: DLR Register R02 Receipt# 099511  
 \*\*\*\*\*  
 ORIGINAL RECEIPT REQUIRED FOR REFUND  
 \*\*\*\*\*



Nbr of meters: 4  
 Expiration: 01/23/07

Applicant: [Redacted] Phone# [Redacted] License Classes--  
 [Redacted] 5801608-2424-002311 C57 A  
 [Redacted] (408) 970-1983  
 [Redacted] AND CA, 95776

\$207.70 Total Fee \$250.00 AT ISSUANCE  
 \$61.00 Applic \$120.00 Permit  
 \$.00 Process \$17.20 Rec Mgmt  
 \$.00 Gen Plan \$.00 Invstg  
 \$.00 Other \$9.50 Tech Enh

CITY OF OAKLAND  
 JOB SITE

Transportation Services every 30 days or whenever deviated  
 plan.

Applicant: [Signature] 1/16/07  
 Issued by: [Signature] u

Applic#\* X0700093 Type: 1  
 Date Filed: 01/16/07 Disposition: I ISSUED 01/16/07  
 NUMBER STREET NAME SUFFIX\* SUITE ASSESSOR PARCEL#  
 Site addr: 1) 5175 BROADWAY 014 -1241-005-01  
 2)  
 3)

Proj Descr: soil boring on Broadway Loc 1; and on Coronado Av Loc 2  
 plus reserve parking meters on Broadway B-5203;-5205 and  
 two spaces on Coronado Av at the metered rate  
 Prcl Cond: X Cond Aprvl: Viol: X

Insp Div: DPW-CONS Dist:  
 Track: Lic# Phone# Applicant  
 Owner: CHOOBINEH MARYAM TR ETAL  
 Contractor: RESONANTSONIC 802334 (530)668-2424 X  
 Arch/Engr: Agent: PANGEA ENVIRONM/M GILLIES (408)910-1783  
 Applicant Addr: 220 N EAST ST. No Fee:  
 City/State: WOODLAND CA Zip: 95776 Wrkrs Comp\* NO  
 Other Related Applic#s: X0700092 OB070080

F3=Ext F5=Chg F6=Add F7=Fwd F8=Bck F11=Fnd F12=Prv F23=Dsc F24=Com  
 807 Press ENTER to view page 2 data

Applic#\* OB070080 Type: 1

Date Filed: 01/16/07

Disposition: I ISSUED 01/16/07

	NUMBER	STREET NAME	SUFFIX*	SUITE	ASSESSOR	PARCEL#
Site addr:	1) 5175	BROADWAY			014	-1241-005-01
	2)					
	3)					

Prcl Cond: X Cond Aprvl: Viol: X

Proj Descr: soil boring on Broadway Loc 1; and on Coronado Av Loc 2 plus reserve parking meters on Broadway B-5203;-5205 and two spaces on Coronado Av at the metered rate

Insp Div: ENG-SVCS Dist:

Track:	Lic#	Phone#	Applicant
Owner: CHOOBINEH MARYAM TR ETAL			
Contractor: RESONANTSONIC	802334	(530)668-2424	X
Arch/Engr:			
Agent: PANGEA ENVIRONM/M GILLIES		(408)910-1783	

Applicant Addr: 220 N EAST ST. No Fee:

City/State: WOODLAND CA Zip: 95776 Wrkrs Comp\* NO

Other Related Applic#s: X0700093 X0700092

F3=Ext F5=Chg F6=Add F7=Fwd F8=Bck F11=Fnd F12=Prv F23=Dsc F24=Com

807 Press ENTER to view page 2 data

Applic#\* X0700092 Type: 1  
 Date Filed: 01/16/07 Disposition: I ISSUED 01/16/07  
NUMBER STREET NAME SUFFIX\* SUITE ASSESSOR PARCEL#  
 Site addr: 1) 5175 BROADWAY 014 -1241-005-01  
 2)  
 3)

Proj Descr: soil boring on Broadway Loc 1; and on Coronado Av Loc 2  
 plus reserve parking meters on Broadway B-5203;-5205 and  
 two spaces on Coronado Av at the metered rate  
 Prcl Cond: X Cond Aprvl: Viol: X

Insp Div: DPW-CONS Dist:  
 Track: Lic# Phone# Applicant  
 Owner: CHOOBINEH MARYAM TR ETAL  
 Contractor: RESONANTSONIC 802334 (530)668-2424 X  
 Arch/Engr: PANGEA ENVIRONM/M GILLIES (408)910-1783

Applicant Addr: 220 N EAST ST. No Fee:  
 City/State: WOODLAND CA Zip: 95776 Wrkrs Comp\* NO  
 Other Related Applic#s: X0700093 OB070080

F3=Ext F5=Chg F6=Add F7=Fwd F8=Bck F11=Fnd F12=Prv F23=Dsc F24=Com  
 807 Press ENTER to view page 2 data



## **APPENDIX B**

Pangea's Standard Operating Procedures for Soil Borings  
And Monitoring Wells

## STANDARD FIELD PROCEDURES FOR SOIL BORINGS

This document describes Pangea Environmental Services' standard field methods for drilling and sampling soil borings. These procedures are designed to comply with Federal, State and local regulatory guidelines. Specific field procedures are summarized below.

### Objectives

Soil samples are collected to characterize subsurface lithology, assess whether the soils exhibit obvious hydrocarbon or other compound vapor odor or staining, estimate ground water depth and quality, and to submit samples for chemical analysis.

### Soil Classification/Logging

All soil samples are classified according to the Unified Soil Classification System by a trained geologist, scientist or engineer working under the supervision of a California Registered Engineer, California Registered Geologist (RG) or a Certified Engineering Geologist (CEG). The following soil properties are noted for each soil sample:

- Principal and secondary grain size category (i.e. sand, silt, clay or gravel)
- Approximate percentage of each grain size category,
- Color,
- Approximate water or product saturation percentage,
- Observed odor and/or discoloration,
- Other significant observations (i.e. cementation, presence of marker horizons, mineralogy), and
- Estimated permeability.

### Soil Boring and Sampling

Soil borings are typically drilled using hollow-stem augers or hydraulic-push technologies. At least one and one half ft of the soil column is collected for every five ft of drilled depth. Additional soil samples are collected near the water table and at lithologic changes. With hollow-stem drilling, samples are collected using lined split-barrel or equivalent samplers driven into undisturbed sediments beyond the bottom of the borehole. With hydraulic-push drilling, samples are typically collected using acetate liners. The vertical location of each soil sample is determined by measuring the distance from the middle of the soil sample tube to the end of the drive rod used to advance the split barrel sampler. All sample depths use the ground surface immediately adjacent to the boring as a datum. The horizontal location of each boring is measured in the field from an onsite permanent reference using a measuring wheel or tape measure.

Drilling and sampling equipment is steam-cleaned prior to drilling and between borings to prevent cross-contamination. Sampling equipment is washed between samples with trisodium phosphate or an equivalent EPA-approved detergent.

### Sample Storage, Handling and Transport

Sampling tubes or cut acetate liners chosen for analysis are trimmed of excess soil and capped with Teflon tape and plastic end caps. Soil samples are labeled and stored at or below 4°C on either crushed or dry ice, depending upon local regulations. Samples are transported under chain-of-custody to a State-certified analytic laboratory.

## **Field Screening**

Soil samples collected during drilling will be analyzed in the field for ionizable organic compounds using a photo-ionization detector (PID) with a 10.2 eV lamp. The screening procedure will involve placing an undisturbed soil sample in a sealed container (either a zip-lock bag, glass jar, or a capped soil tube). The container will be set aside, preferably in the sun or warm location. After approximately fifteen minutes, the head space within the container will be tested for total organic vapor, measured in parts per million on a volume to volume basis (ppmv) by the PID. The PID instrument will be calibrated prior to boring using hexane or isobutylene. PID measurements are used along with the field observations, odors, stratigraphy and ground water depth to select soil samples for analysis.

## **Water Sampling**

Water samples collected from borings are either collected from the open borehole, from within screened PVC inserted into the borehole, or from a driven Hydropunch-type sampler. Groundwater is typically extracted using a bailer, check valve and/or a peristaltic pump. The ground water samples are decanted into the appropriate containers supplied by the analytic laboratory. Samples are labeled, placed in protective foam sleeves, stored on crushed ice at or below 4°C, and transported under chain-of-custody to the laboratory.

Pangea often performs electrical conductivity (EC) logging and/or continuous coring to identify potential water-bearing zones. Hydropunch-type sampling is then performed to provide discrete-depth grab groundwater sampling within potential water-bearing zones for vertical contaminant delineation. Hydropunch-type sampling typically involves driving a cylindrical sheath of hardened steel with an expendable drive point to the desired depth within undisturbed soil. The sheath is retracted to expose a stainless steel or PVC screen that is sealed inside the sheath with Neoprene O-rings to prevent infiltration of formation fluids until the desired depth is attained. The groundwater is extracted using tubing inserted down the center of the rods into the screened sampler.

## **Duplicates and Blanks**

Blind duplicate water samples are usually collected only for monitoring well sampling programs, at a rate of one blind sample for every 10 wells sampled. Laboratory-supplied trip blanks accompany samples collected for all sampling programs to check for cross-contamination caused by sample handling and transport. These trip blanks are analyzed if the internal laboratory QA/QC blanks contain the suspected field contaminants. An equipment blank may also be analyzed if non-dedicated sampling equipment is used.

## **Grouting**

If the borings are not completed as wells, the borings are filled to the ground surface with cement grout poured or pumped through a tremie pipe.

## **Waste Handling and Disposal**

Soil cuttings from drilling activities are usually stockpiled onsite on top of and covered by plastic sheeting. At least four individual soil samples are collected from the stockpiles for later compositing at the analytic laboratory. The composite sample is analyzed for the same constituents analyzed in the borehole samples. Soil cuttings are transported by licensed waste haulers and disposed in secure, licensed facilities based on the composite analytic results.

Ground water removed during sampling and/or rinsate generated during decontamination procedures are stored onsite in sealed 55 gallon drums. Each drum is labeled with the drum number, date of generation, suspected contents, generator identification and consultant contact. Disposal of the water is based on the analytic results for the well samples. The water is either pumped out using a vacuum truck for transport to a licensed waste treatment/disposal facility or the individual drums are picked up and transported to the waste facility where the drum contents are removed and appropriately disposed.

## **STANDARD FIELD PROCEDURES FOR MONITORING WELLS**

This document describes Pangea Environmental Services' standard field methods for drilling, installing, developing and sampling groundwater monitoring wells. These procedures are designed to comply with Federal, State and local regulatory guidelines. Specific field procedures are summarized below.

### **Well Construction and Surveying**

Groundwater monitoring wells are installed in soil borings to monitor groundwater quality and determine the groundwater elevation, flow direction and gradient. Well depths and screen lengths are based on groundwater depth, occurrence of hydrocarbons or other compounds in the borehole, stratigraphy and State and local regulatory guidelines. Well screens typically extend 10 to 15 feet below and 5 feet above the static water level at the time of drilling. However, the well screen will generally not extend into or through a clay layer that is at least three feet thick.

Well casing and screen are flush-threaded, Schedule 40 PVC. Screen slot size varies according to the sediments screened, but slots are generally 0.010 or 0.020 inches wide. A rinsed and graded sand occupies the annular space between the boring and the well screen to about one to two ft above the well screen. A two feet thick hydrated bentonite seal separates the sand from the overlying sanitary surface seal composed of Portland type I, II cement.

Well-heads are secured by locking well-caps inside traffic-rated vaults finished flush with the ground surface. A stovepipe may be installed between the well-head and the vault cap for additional security. The well top-of-casing elevation is surveyed with respect to mean sea level and the well is surveyed for horizontal location with respect to an onsite or nearby offsite landmark.

### **Well Development**

Wells are generally developed using a combination of groundwater surging and extraction. Surging agitates the groundwater and dislodges fine sediments from the sand pack. After about ten minutes of surging, groundwater is extracted from the well using bailing, pumping and/or reverse air-lifting through an eductor pipe to remove the sediments from the well. Surging and extraction continue until at least ten well-casing volumes of groundwater are extracted and the sediment volume in the groundwater is negligible. This process usually occurs prior to installing the sanitary surface seal to ensure sand pack stabilization. If development occurs after surface seal installation, then development occurs 24 to 72 hours after seal installation to ensure that the Portland cement has set up correctly.

All equipment is steam-cleaned prior to use and air used for air-lifting is filtered to prevent oil entrained in the compressed air from entering the well. Wells that are developed using air-lift evacuation are not sampled until at least 24 hours after they are developed.

### **Groundwater Sampling**

Depending on local regulatory guidelines, three to four well-casing volumes of groundwater are purged prior to sampling. Purging continues until groundwater pH, conductivity, and temperature have stabilized. Groundwater samples are collected using bailers or pumps and are decanted into the appropriate containers supplied by the analytic laboratory. Samples are labeled, placed in protective foam sleeves, stored on crushed ice at or below 4°C, and transported under chain-of-custody to the laboratory. Laboratory-supplied trip blanks accompany the samples and are analyzed to check for cross-contamination. An equipment blank may be analyzed if non-dedicated sampling equipment is used.

## **APPENDIX C**

Boring Logs & Well Construction Diagrams



Pangea Environmental Services, Inc.  
 1710 Franklin Street, Suite 200  
 Oakland, CA 94612  
 Telephone: 510-836-3700  
 Fax: 510-836-3709

CLIENT Feiner PROJECT NAME Rockridge Heights  
 PROJECT NUMBER 1145.001 PROJECT LOCATION 5175 Broadway  
 DATE STARTED 1/25/07 COMPLETED 1/25/07 GROUND ELEVATION \_\_\_\_\_ HOLE SIZE 10"  
 DRILLING CONTRACTOR RSI GROUND WATER LEVELS:  
 DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger - 10" AT TIME OF DRILLING ---  
 LOGGED BY Bryce Taylor CHECKED BY Bob Clark-Riddell AT END OF DRILLING ---  
 NOTES \_\_\_\_\_ AFTER DRILLING ---

DEPTH (ft bgs)	SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	PID (ppm)	BLOW COUNTS	U.S.C.S.	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	WELL DIAGRAM
0							
5						<p>For representative lithology see boring log for well MW-2 from Tank Protect Engineering dated April 24, 1990.</p> <p>(Well MW-2 was drilled out and well MW-2C was constructed in the drilled out borehole.)</p>	<p>Concrete</p> <p>Cement</p> <p>Bentonite</p> <p>#2/12 Sand</p> <p>0.010 slotted 2" Schedule 40 PVC</p>
10							
15							
20							
					23.0	Bottom of hole at 23.0 feet.	

TOTAL WELL LOG FEINER MW-2C.GPJ GINT US GDT 7/3/07



Pangea Environmental Services, Inc.  
 1710 Franklin Street, Suite 200  
 Oakland, CA 94612  
 Telephone: 510-836-3700  
 Fax: 510-836-3709

<b>CLIENT</b> <u>Feiner</u>	<b>PROJECT NAME</b> <u>Rockridge Heights</u>
<b>PROJECT NUMBER</b> <u>1145.001</u>	<b>PROJECT LOCATION</b> <u>5175 Broadway</u>
<b>DATE STARTED</b> <u>1/19/07</u> <b>COMPLETED</b> <u>1/19/07</u>	<b>GROUND ELEVATION</b> _____ <b>HOLE SIZE</b> <u>8"</u>
<b>DRILLING CONTRACTOR</b> <u>RSI</u>	<b>GROUND WATER LEVELS:</b>
<b>DRILLING METHOD</b> <u>Dual Tube Direct Push/Hollow Stem Auger</u>	<b>AT TIME OF DRILLING</b> <u>---</u>
<b>LOGGED BY</b> <u>Bryce Taylor</u> <b>CHECKED BY</b> <u>Bob Clark-Riddell</u>	<b>AT END OF DRILLING</b> <u>---</u>
<b>NOTES</b> _____	<b>AFTER DRILLING</b> <u>---</u>

DEPTH (ft bgs)	SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	PID (ppm)	BLOW COUNTS	U.S.C.S.	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	WELL DIAGRAM
0							
					0.3	Asphalt	
					0.5	Baserock	
				CL		<b>Clay with gravel (CL)</b> ; dark brown; 60-70% medium to high plasticity fines; 20-30% fine gravel to 1/2"; dry.	Concrete
				GP	3.0	<b>Poorly-graded Gravels (GP)</b> ; red and green; 60-70% coarse gravels to 1"; 30-40% fine- to coarse-grain sand; loose; dry.	
				CL	4.0	<b>Clay (CL)</b> ; black; 90-100% medium plasticity fines; no odor; soft.	Cement
5				CL		<b>Clay (CL)</b> ; green; 90-100% medium plasticity fines; hydrocarbon odor; soft.	
						<b>Clay with gravel (CL)</b> ; greenish brown; 70-80% medium plasticity fines; 20-30% fine gravels to 1/2"; trace fine-grain sand; hydrocarbon odor; dry.	Bentonite
					9.5	<b>Mudstone</b> ; grey; easily broken with fingers; difficult to drill; dry.	#2/12 Sand
10							
							0.010 slotted 2" Schedule 40 PVC
					13.0	Direct Push Refusal Not logged.	
					14.0	<i>(Pilot boring was advanced to 13' using direct push drilling method. Boring was reamed with an 8" hollow stem auger to facilitate the installation of the well.)</i>	
						Bottom of hole at 14.0 feet.	

TOTAL WELL LOG FEINER MW-3A.GPJ GINT US.GDT 7/3/07



Pangea Environmental Services, Inc.  
 1710 Franklin Street, Suite 200  
 Oakland, CA 94612  
 Telephone: 510-836-3700  
 Fax: 510-836-3709

# WELL NUMBER MW-3C

CLIENT Feiner PROJECT NAME Rockridge Heights  
 PROJECT NUMBER 1145.001 PROJECT LOCATION 5175 Broadway  
 DATE STARTED 3/16/07 COMPLETED 3/16/07 GROUND ELEVATION \_\_\_\_\_ HOLE SIZE 10"  
 DRILLING CONTRACTOR RSI GROUND WATER LEVELS:  
 DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger - 10" AT TIME OF DRILLING ---  
 LOGGED BY Bryce Taylor CHECKED BY Bob Clark-Riddell AT END OF DRILLING ---  
 NOTES \_\_\_\_\_ AFTER DRILLING ---

DEPTH (ft bgs)	SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	PID (ppm)	BLOW COUNTS	U.S.C.S.	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	WELL DIAGRAM
0						<p>For representative lithology see boring log for well MW-3 from Tank Protect Engineering dated April 17, 1990.</p> <p>(Well MW-3 was drilled out and well MW-3C was constructed in the drilled out borehole.)</p>	<p>Concrete</p> <p>Cement</p> <p>Bentonite</p> <p>#2/12 Sand</p> <p>0.010 slotted 2" Schedule 40 PVC</p>
5							
10							
15							
20							
25							

TOTAL WELL LOG FEINER MW-3C.GPJ GINT US.GDT 7/3/07






Pangea Environmental Services, Inc.  
 1710 Franklin Street, Suite 200  
 Oakland, CA 94612  
 Telephone: 510-836-3700  
 Fax: 510-836-3709

# WELL NUMBER MW-3C

CLIENT Feiner PROJECT NAME Rockridge Heights  
 PROJECT NUMBER 1145.001 PROJECT LOCATION 5175 Broadway

DEPTH (ft bgs)	SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	PID (ppm)	BLOW COUNTS	U.S.C.S.	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	WELL DIAGRAM
25						<p>27.0</p> <p>Bottom of hole at 27.0 feet.</p>	



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 Oakland, CA 94612  
 Telephone: 510-836-3700  
 Fax: 510-836-3709

# WELL NUMBER MW-4A

CLIENT <u>Feiner</u>	PROJECT NAME <u>Rockridge Heights</u>
PROJECT NUMBER <u>1145.001</u>	PROJECT LOCATION <u>5175 Broadway</u>
DATE STARTED <u>1/26/07</u> COMPLETED <u>1/26/07</u>	GROUND ELEVATION _____ HOLE SIZE <u>10"</u>
DRILLING CONTRACTOR <u>RSI</u>	GROUND WATER LEVELS:
DRILLING METHOD <u>Hollow Stem Auger - 10"</u>	AT TIME OF DRILLING <u>---</u>
LOGGED BY <u>Bryce Taylor</u> CHECKED BY <u>Bob Clark-Riddell</u>	AT END OF DRILLING <u>---</u>
NOTES _____	AFTER DRILLING <u>---</u>

DEPTH (ft bgs)	SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	PID (ppm)	BLOW COUNTS	U.S.C.S.	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	WELL DIAGRAM
0							
5						<p>For representative lithology, see boring log for well STMW-4 from Soil Tech Engineering, Inc. dated June 21, 1991.</p> <p>(Well STMW-4 was drilled out and well MW-4A was constructed in the drilled out borehole.)</p>	
10							
15							
						19.5	Bottom of hole at 19.5 feet.

TOTAL WELL LOG FEINER MW-4A.GPJ\_GINT US.GDT 7/3/07



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CLIENT Feiner PROJECT NAME Rockridge Heights  
 PROJECT NUMBER 1145.001 PROJECT LOCATION 5175 Broadway  
 DATE STARTED 1/26/07 COMPLETED 1/26/07 GROUND ELEVATION \_\_\_\_\_ HOLE SIZE 10"  
 DRILLING CONTRACTOR RSI GROUND WATER LEVELS:  
 DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem Auger - 10" AT TIME OF DRILLING ---  
 LOGGED BY Bryce Taylor CHECKED BY Bob Clark-Riddell AT END OF DRILLING ---  
 NOTES \_\_\_\_\_ AFTER DRILLING ---

DEPTH (ft bgs)	SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	PID (ppm)	BLOW COUNTS	U.S.C.S.	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	WELL DIAGRAM
0							
5						See boring log for well MW-5B for representative lithology.	
10							
14.0						Bottom of hole at 14.0 feet.	

TOTAL WELL LOG FEINER MW-5A.GPJ GINT US.GDT 7/2/07

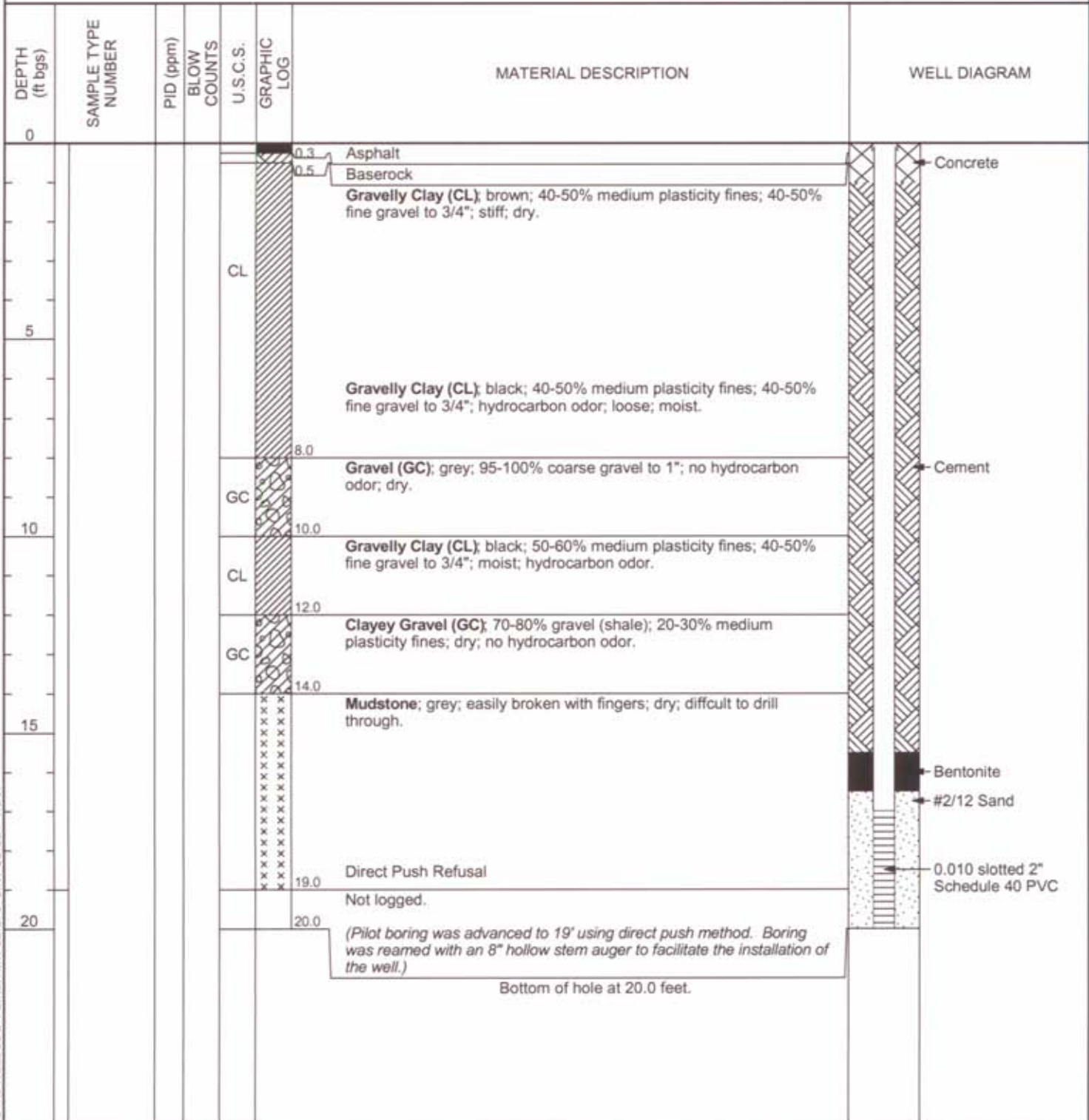


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# WELL NUMBER MW-5B

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CLIENT <u>Feiner</u>	PROJECT NAME <u>Rockridge Heights</u>
PROJECT NUMBER <u>1145.001</u>	PROJECT LOCATION <u>5175 Broadway</u>
DATE STARTED <u>1/18/07</u> COMPLETED <u>1/18/07</u>	GROUND ELEVATION _____ HOLE SIZE <u>8"</u>
DRILLING CONTRACTOR <u>RSI</u>	GROUND WATER LEVELS:
DRILLING METHOD <u>Dual Tube Direct Push/Hollow Stem Auger</u>	AT TIME OF DRILLING <u>---</u>
LOGGED BY <u>Bryce Taylor</u> CHECKED BY <u>Bob Clark-Riddell</u>	AT END OF DRILLING <u>---</u>
NOTES _____	AFTER DRILLING <u>---</u>



TOTAL WELL LOG FEINER MW-5B GPJ GINT US GDT 7/3/07



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# WELL NUMBER MW-5C

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CLIENT <u>Feiner</u>	PROJECT NAME <u>Rockridge Heights</u>
PROJECT NUMBER <u>1145.001</u>	PROJECT LOCATION <u>5175 Broadway</u>
DATE STARTED <u>1/18/07</u> COMPLETED <u>1/18/07</u>	GROUND ELEVATION _____ HOLE SIZE <u>8"</u>
DRILLING CONTRACTOR <u>RSI</u>	GROUND WATER LEVELS:
DRILLING METHOD <u>Hollow Stem Auger - 8"</u>	AT TIME OF DRILLING <u>---</u>
LOGGED BY <u>Bryce Taylor</u> CHECKED BY <u>Bob Clark-Riddell</u>	AT END OF DRILLING <u>---</u>
NOTES _____	AFTER DRILLING <u>---</u>

DEPTH (ft bgs)	SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	PID (ppm)	BLOW COUNTS	U.S.C.S.	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	WELL DIAGRAM
0						<p>For representative lithology see boring log for well MW-5B and well STMW-5 from Soil Tech Engineering, Inc. dated June 21, 1991.</p> <p>(Well STMW-5 was drilled out and well MW-5C was constructed in the drilled out borehole.)</p>	
5							
10							
15							
20							
25							

TOTAL WELL LOG FEINER MW-5C.GPJ - GINT US.GDT 7/3/07

(Continued Next Page)




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# WELL NUMBER MW-5C

PAGE 2 OF 2

CLIENT Feiner PROJECT NAME Rockridge Heights  
 PROJECT NUMBER 1145.001 PROJECT LOCATION 5175 Broadway

DEPTH (ft bgs)	SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	PID (ppm)	BLOW COUNTS	U.S.C.S.	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	WELL DIAGRAM
25							
					27.0	Bottom of hole at 27.0 feet.	 <p>Schedule 40 PVC</p>



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# WELL NUMBER MW-6A

CLIENT <u>Feiner</u>	PROJECT NAME <u>Rockridge Heights</u>
PROJECT NUMBER <u>1145.001</u>	PROJECT LOCATION <u>5175 Broadway</u>
DATE STARTED <u>1/22/07</u> COMPLETED <u>1/22/07</u>	GROUND ELEVATION _____ HOLE SIZE <u>8"</u>
DRILLING CONTRACTOR <u>RSI</u>	GROUND WATER LEVELS:
DRILLING METHOD <u>Hollow Stem Auger - 8" Direct Push</u>	∇ AT TIME OF DRILLING <u>7.5 ft</u>
LOGGED BY <u>Bryce Taylor</u> CHECKED BY <u>Bob Clark-Riddell</u>	AT END OF DRILLING <u>---</u>
NOTES _____	AFTER DRILLING <u>---</u>

DEPTH (ft bgs)	SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	PID (ppm)	BLOW COUNTS	U.S.C.S.	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	WELL DIAGRAM
0							
3.0				GP		<b>Poorly-graded Gravels (GP);</b> brown; 60-70% fine gravels to 3/4"; 30-40% medium-grain sand; dry; loose.	Concrete
5.0				CL		<b>Gravelly Clay (CL);</b> 60-70% medium plasticity fines; 30-40% fine gravels; moist.	Cement
7.0				GW		<b>Well-graded Gravel (GW);</b> 90-100% fine gravels to 3/4"; dry; loose.	Bentonite
7.5				CL		<b>Gravelly Clay (CL);</b> brown; 60-70% medium plasticity fines; 30-40% fine gravels; wet.	#2/12 Sand
10.0				CL			
12.0	MW-6A-12			SW		<b>Well-graded Gravelly Sand (SW);</b> grey with green; 60-70% fine-grain sands; 30-40% fine gravel; trace fines; wet.	0.010 slotted 2" Schedule 40 PVC
15.0	MW-6A-15					<b>Mudstone;</b> grey; easily broken with fingers; dry; difficult to drill.	
16.0						Direct push refusal	
17.0						Not logged.	
						(Pilot boring was advanced to 16' using direct push drilling method. Boring was reamed with an 8" hollow stem auger to facilitate the installation of the well.)	
						Bottom of hole at 17.0 feet.	

TOTAL WELL LOG FEINER MW-6A GPJ GINT US GDT 7/3/07



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# BORING NUMBER MW-7B

PAGE 1 OF 1

CLIENT <u>Feiner</u>	PROJECT NAME <u>Rockridge Heights</u>
PROJECT NUMBER <u>1145.001</u>	PROJECT LOCATION <u>5175 Broadway</u>
DATE STARTED <u>1/19/07</u> COMPLETED <u>1/19/07</u>	GROUND ELEVATION _____ HOLE SIZE <u>8"</u>
DRILLING CONTRACTOR <u>RSI</u>	GROUND WATER LEVELS:
DRILLING METHOD <u>Hollow Stem Auger - 8" Direct Push</u>	AT TIME OF DRILLING <u>---</u>
LOGGED BY <u>Bryce Taylor</u> CHECKED BY <u>Bob Clark-Riddell</u>	AT END OF DRILLING <u>---</u>
NOTES _____	AFTER DRILLING <u>---</u>

DEPTH (ft bgs)	SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	PID (ppm)	U.S.C.S.	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	BORING DIAGRAM
0						
0.3					Asphalt	
0.5					Baserock	
2.0			GC		Well-graded Gravel (GW); 90-100% fine gravels to 3/4"; dry; loose.	Concrete
					Mudstone.	
8.0					Direct push refusal Soil logged from cuttings. Mudstone.	Cement
18.5					(Pilot boring was advanced to 8' using direct push drilling method. Boring was reamed with an 8" hollow stem auger to facilitate the installation of the well.) Bottom of hole at 18.5 feet.	Bentonite #2/12 Sand 0.010 slotted 2" Schedule 40 PVC

BH COPY FEINER MW-7B.GPJ GINT US.GDT 7/16/07





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 Fax: 510-836-3709

# BORING NUMBER MW-7C

PAGE 1 OF 1

CLIENT <u>Feiner</u>	PROJECT NAME <u>Rockridge Heights</u>
PROJECT NUMBER <u>1145.001</u>	PROJECT LOCATION <u>5175 Broadway</u>
DATE STARTED <u>1/19/07</u>	COMPLETED <u>1/19/07</u>
DRILLING CONTRACTOR <u>RSI</u>	GROUND ELEVATION _____ HOLE SIZE <u>8"</u>
DRILLING METHOD <u>Hollow Stem Auger - 8"</u>	GROUND WATER LEVELS: AT TIME OF DRILLING <u>---</u>
LOGGED BY <u>Bryce Taylor</u>	CHECKED BY <u>Bob Clark-Riddell</u>
NOTES _____	AFTER DRILLING <u>---</u>

DEPTH (ft bgs)	SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	PID (ppm)	U.S.C.S.	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	BORING DIAGRAM
0					See boring log for well MW-7B for representative lithology.	Concrete
5						
10						
15						
18.5				XXXXXXXXXX	Soil logged from cuttings. Mudstone.	Bentonite
20				XXXXXXXXXX		#2/12 Sand
25				XXXXXXXXXX		0.010 slotted 2" Schedule 40 PVC
25.0				XXXXXXXXXX		

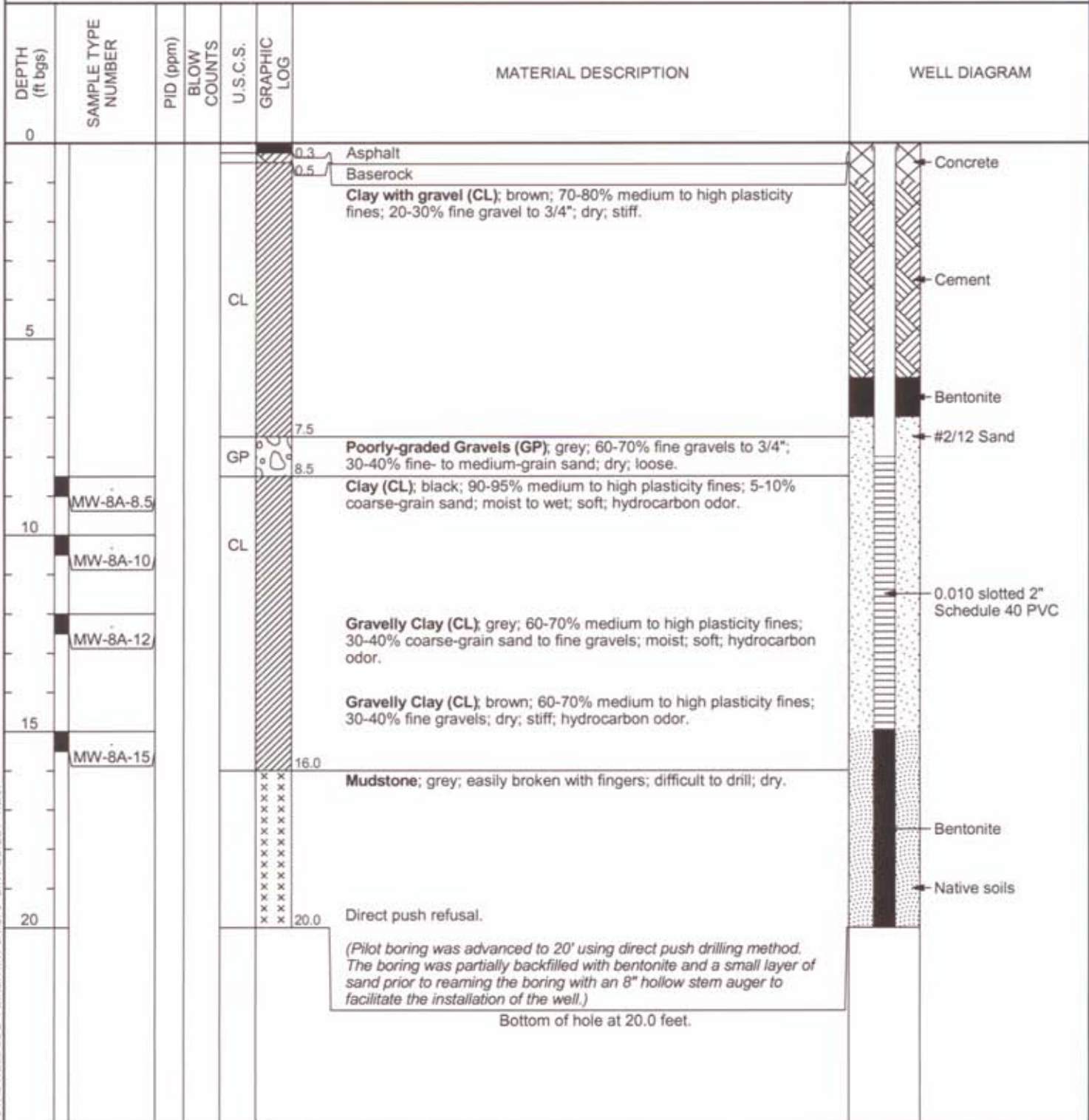
BH COPY FEINER MW-7C.GPJ GINT US GDT 7/16/07

Bottom of hole at 25.0 feet.



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<b>CLIENT</b> <u>Feiner</u>	<b>PROJECT NAME</b> <u>Rockridge Heights</u>
<b>PROJECT NUMBER</b> <u>1145.001</u>	<b>PROJECT LOCATION</b> <u>5175 Broadway</u>
<b>DATE STARTED</b> <u>1/22/07</u> <b>COMPLETED</b> <u>1/22/07</u>	<b>GROUND ELEVATION</b> _____ <b>HOLE SIZE</b> <u>8"</u>
<b>DRILLING CONTRACTOR</b> <u>RSI</u>	<b>GROUND WATER LEVELS:</b>
<b>DRILLING METHOD</b> <u>Direct Push - Dual Tube</u>	<b>AT TIME OF DRILLING</b> <u>---</u>
<b>LOGGED BY</b> <u>Bryce Taylor</u> <b>CHECKED BY</b> <u>Bob Clark-Riddell</u>	<b>AT END OF DRILLING</b> <u>---</u>
<b>NOTES</b> _____	<b>AFTER DRILLING</b> <u>---</u>



TOTAL WELL LOG FEINER MW-8A GPJ GINT US GDT 7/2/07





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# BORING NUMBER B-16

PAGE 1 OF 1

CLIENT <u>Feiner</u>	PROJECT NAME <u>Rockridge Heights</u>
PROJECT NUMBER <u>1145.001</u>	PROJECT LOCATION <u>5175 Broadway</u>
DATE STARTED <u>1/23/07</u> COMPLETED <u>1/23/07</u>	GROUND ELEVATION _____ HOLE SIZE <u>8"</u>
DRILLING CONTRACTOR <u>RSI</u>	GROUND WATER LEVELS:
DRILLING METHOD <u>Macrocore Direct Push</u>	AT TIME OF DRILLING <u>---</u>
LOGGED BY <u>Bryce Taylor</u> CHECKED BY <u>Bob Clark-Riddell</u>	AT END OF DRILLING <u>---</u>
NOTES <u>Hand augered to 4'.</u>	AFTER DRILLING <u>---</u>

DEPTH (ft bgs)	SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	PID (ppm)	U.S.C.S.	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	BORING DIAGRAM
0						
0.5					Concrete Coring	
			GP		Sandy Gravel (GP); hand augering.	
5					Sandy Gravel (GP); 60-70% fine gravels to 1/2"; 25-30% fine- to medium-grain sand; 5-10% low plasticity fines; dry; loose.	
6.0			GC		Clayey Gravel (GC); 60-70% fine gravels to 3/4"; 30-40% low plasticity fines; dry.	
6.5					Mudstone; grey; easily broken with fingers; difficult to drill; dry.	
10						
12.0					Refusal	
					Bottom of hole at 12.0 feet.	

Portland Cement

BH COPY FEINER B-16.GPJ GINT US.GDT 7/2/07



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# BORING NUMBER B-17

PAGE 1 OF 1

CLIENT Feiner PROJECT NAME Rockridge Heights  
 PROJECT NUMBER 1145.001 PROJECT LOCATION 5175 Broadway  
 DATE STARTED 1/23/07 COMPLETED 1/23/07 GROUND ELEVATION \_\_\_\_\_ HOLE SIZE 2.25"  
 DRILLING CONTRACTOR RSI GROUND WATER LEVELS:  
 DRILLING METHOD Direct Push - Dual Tube AT TIME OF DRILLING ---  
 LOGGED BY Bryce Taylor CHECKED BY Bob Clark-Riddell AT END OF DRILLING ---  
 NOTES Hand augered to 4'. AFTER DRILLING ---

DEPTH (ft bgs)	SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	PID (ppm)	U.S.C.S.	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	BORING DIAGRAM
0					Not logged.	
3.0			GP		<b>Sandy Gravel (GP);</b> brown; 60-70% fine gravel; 30-40% medium-grain sand; dry; loose. <b>Sandy Gravel (GP);</b> grey; 70-80% fine to coarse gravel to 1"; 20-30% fine sand; dry; loose.	
5.0					<b>Mudstone;</b> grey; easily broken with fingers; difficult to drill; dry.	
7.0						
9.0					Refusal	
Bottom of hole at 9.0 feet.						



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# BORING NUMBER B-18

PAGE 1 OF 1

CLIENT <u>Feiner</u>	PROJECT NAME <u>Rockridge Heights</u>
PROJECT NUMBER <u>1145.001</u>	PROJECT LOCATION <u>5175 Broadway</u>
DATE STARTED <u>1/23/07</u> COMPLETED <u>1/23/07</u>	GROUND ELEVATION _____ HOLE SIZE _____
DRILLING CONTRACTOR <u>RSI</u>	GROUND WATER LEVELS:
DRILLING METHOD <u>Direct Push - Dual Tube</u>	AT TIME OF DRILLING <u>---</u>
LOGGED BY <u>Bryce Taylor</u> CHECKED BY <u>Bob Clark-Riddell</u>	▼ AT END OF DRILLING <u>7.1 ft</u>
NOTES <u>Hand augered to 4'.</u>	AFTER DRILLING <u>---</u>

DEPTH (ft bgs)	SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	PID (ppm)	U.S.C.S.	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	BORING DIAGRAM
0					Concrete Coring	
1.0			GP		Sandy Gravel (GP); hand augering.	
4.0			GP		Sandy Gravel (GP); brown; 60-70% fine gravel; 30-40% fine-grain sand; tight.	
5.0			CL		Clay (CL); black; 90-95% medium to high plasticity fines; trace coarse-grain sand; soft; wet.	
8.0			CL		Clay (CL); brown; 90-95% medium to high plasticity fines; trace coarse-grain sand; stiff; moist.	
10.0					No recovery.	
15.0					Refusal (@16' Set temporary casing and collected grab groundwater sample.)	
16.0					Bottom of hole at 16.0 feet.	

BH COPY FEINER B-18.GPJ GINT US.GDT 7/2/07



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CLIENT Feiner PROJECT NAME Rockridge Heights  
 PROJECT NUMBER 1145.001 PROJECT LOCATION 5230 Cornado Avenue  
 DATE STARTED 3/19/07 COMPLETED 3/19/07 GROUND ELEVATION \_\_\_\_\_ HOLE SIZE 2"  
 DRILLING CONTRACTOR -- GROUND WATER LEVELS:  
 DRILLING METHOD Hand Auger  AT TIME OF DRILLING 4.0 ft  
 LOGGED BY Greg Bentley CHECKED BY Bob Clark-Riddell AT END OF DRILLING ---  
 NOTES \_\_\_\_\_ AFTER DRILLING ---

DEPTH (ft bgs)	SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	PID (ppm)	U.S.C.S.	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	BORING DIAGRAM
0						
	B-19-1		ML		<b>Sandy Silt (ML);</b> dark brown; 75% non-plastic fines; 20% fine- to coarse-grain sand; 5% fine gravel; moist.	<p>Backfilled with soil cuttings</p>
	B-19-4			4.5	@4' Wet. (Boring terminated @4.5' and a grab groundwater sample was collected using a disposable bailer.) Bottom of hole at 4.5 feet.	

BH COPY FEINER B-19.GPJ GINT US GDT 7/3/07



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# BORING NUMBER B-20

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CLIENT <u>Feiner</u>	PROJECT NAME <u>Rockridge Heights</u>
PROJECT NUMBER <u>1145.001</u>	PROJECT LOCATION <u>5175 Broadway</u>
DATE STARTED <u>3/16/07</u> COMPLETED <u>4/4/07</u>	GROUND ELEVATION _____ HOLE SIZE _____
DRILLING CONTRACTOR <u>RSI</u>	GROUND WATER LEVELS:
DRILLING METHOD <u>Hollow Stem Auger</u>	AT TIME OF DRILLING <u>---</u>
LOGGED BY <u>Bryce Taylor</u> CHECKED BY <u>Bob Clark-Riddell</u>	AT END OF DRILLING <u>---</u>
NOTES <u>Hand augered to 4'.</u>	AFTER DRILLING <u>---</u>

DEPTH (ft bgs)	SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	PID (ppm)	U.S.C.S.	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	BORING DIAGRAM
0					Not logged.	
5			GP		<b>Sandy Gravel (GP)</b> ; brown; 60-70% fine gravel; 30-40% medium-grain sand; dry; loose.	<p>Soil cuttings</p>
					<b>Mudstone</b> ; grey; easily broken with fingers; difficult to drill; dry.	
					Refusal @8.5'.  <i>(On March 16, 2007 attempted boring with power probe 9630 Hollow Stem Auger/Direct Push Combo rig. Hit refusal at approximately 7' bgs. On April 5, 2007 attempted boring at same location with CME75 rig. Hit refusal at approximately 8.5' bgs.)</i>  Bottom of hole at 8.5 feet.	



# LOG OF EXPLORATORY BORING

PROJECT NUMBER 104 BORING NO MW-2  
 PROJECT NAME 5175 Broadway, Oakland, California PAGE 1 OF 2  
 BY J. Mrakovich DATE 4/24/90 SURFACE ELEV 156 ±

Recovery (ft./ft.)	PI (ppm)	Penetration (blvs/ft)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FT.	SAMPLES	LITHO-GRAPHIC COLUMN	DESCRIPTION
						Concrete	
1.25/1.5		97		5	■	Clayey silt (ML), mottled yellow-brown and olive brown, damp, slight odor.	
						Claystone, mottled yellow-brown with minor blue-green, highly fractured (blocky), upper 9-inches weathered to a clayey consistency, very dense, damp, no odor.	
1.0/1.0		84		10	■		@ 8.0' color change to include more blue-green, slight gasoline odor. @ 10.0' hard drilling 10-12 feet, strong gasoline odor while drilling.
.42/.42		80 for 5 inches			■		@ 13.0-13.4' insufficient sample for analysis, no odor.
.25/.25		50 for 3 inches		20	■		@ 18.0-18.25' insufficient sample for analysis, no odor.

### REMARKS

Boring drilled with continuous-flight hollow-stem 10-inch O.D. (6.625-inch I.D.). Samples collected in a 3-inch O.D. modified California sampler.

# LOG OF EXPLORATORY BORING

PROJECT NUMBER 104





BORING NO. MW-2

PROJECT NAME 5175 Broadway, Oakland, California

PAGE 2 OF 2

BY J. Mrakovich DATE 4/24/90

SURFACE ELEV 156 ±

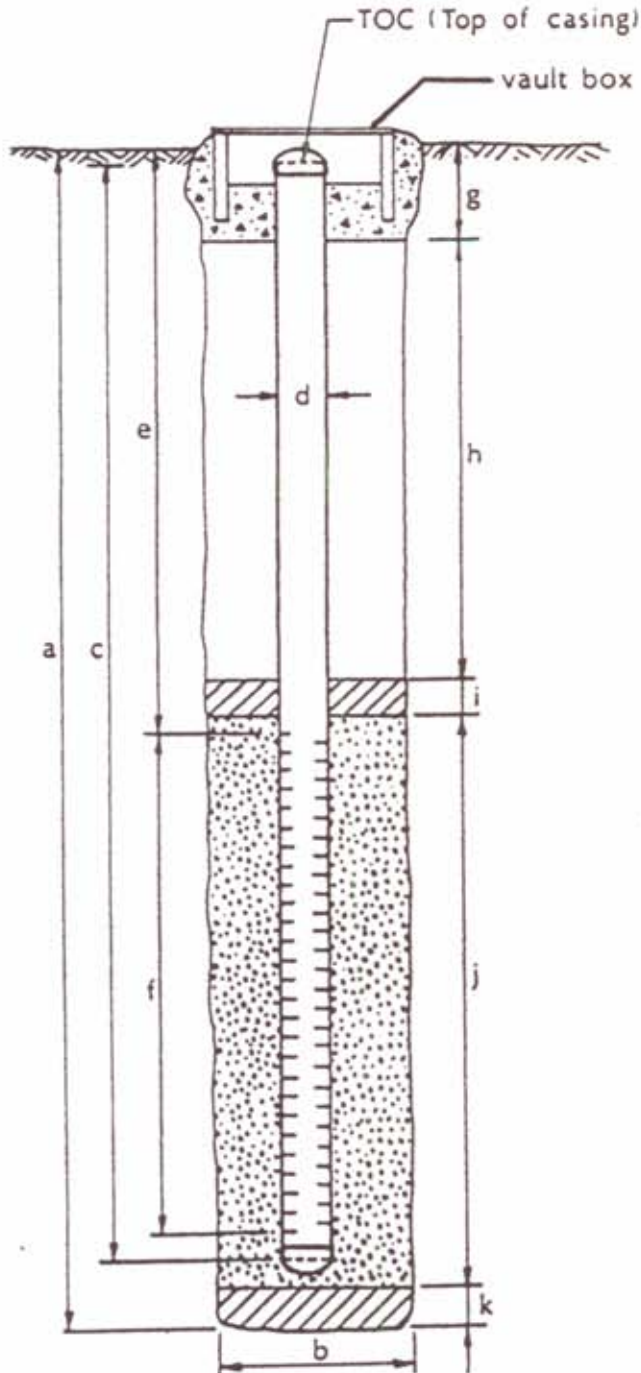
Recovery (ft/ft)	PID (ppm)	Penetration (blows/ft)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FT.	SAMPLES	LITNO- GRAPHIC COLUMN	DESCRIPTION
.17/.17		50 for 2 inches		<div style="text-align: center;">  <p>25</p> </div>			<p>@ 23.0-23.17' insufficient sample for analysis, no odor.</p> <p>Boring terminated at 23 feet. Sampled to 23.17 feet.</p>

REMARKS

# WELL DETAILS

PROJECT NUMBER 104  
 PROJECT NAME 5175 Broadway  
 LOCATION Oakland, CA  
 WELL PERMIT NO. 90222

BORING / WELL NO. MW-2  
 TOP OF CASING ELEV. 154.97  
 GROUND SURFACE ELEV. 156 ±  
 DATUM Mean sea level  
 INSTALLATION DATE 4/24/90



## EXPLORATORY BORING

a. Total depth 23.0 ft.  
 b. Diameter 10 in.  
 Drilling method Hollow-stem auger

## WELL CONSTRUCTION

c. Total casing length 23.0 ft.  
 Material Schedule 40 pvc  
 d. Diameter 4 in.  
 e. Depth to top perforations 8.0 ft.  
 f. Perforated length 15.0 ft.  
 Perforated interval from 23.0 to 8.0 ft.  
 Perforation type Machine slot  
 Perforation size .020-inch  
 g. Surface seal 1.0 ft.  
 Seal material Concrete  
 h. Backfill 4.0 ft.  
 Backfill material Cement  
 i. Seal 1.0 ft.  
 Seal material Bentonite  
 j. Gravel pack 17.0 ft.  
 Pack material 8x20 filter sand  
 k. Bottom seal 0.0 ft.  
 Seal material N/A

# LOG OF EXPLORATORY BORING

PROJECT NUMBER 104 BORING NO. MW-3  
 PROJECT NAME 5175 Broadway, Oakland, California PAGE 1 OF 2  
 BY J. Mrakovich DATE 4/17/90 SURFACE ELEV 156 ±

Recovery (ft./ft)	PID (ppm)	Penetration (blws/ft)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FT.	SAMPLES	LITHO- GRAPHIC COLUMN	DESCRIPTION
				5	1	0-3'	Fill: Clayey, gravelly, sand (SW), dark brown and black. Hard object encountered at 3 feet, dry, no odor.
1.5/1.5		7		5	1	3-7'	Silty clay (CL), black, slightly damp, firm, slight gasoline odor.  @ 7.0' color change to grey, gasoline odor, damp.
1.5/1.5		75		10	1	7-10'	Claystone, yellow-brown, weathered to a clayey consistency, damp, strong gasoline odor.
.5/.5		50 for 6 inches		15	1	10-15'	Claystone/serpentine, mottled green and dark brown, weathered, highly fractured, very dense, damp, strong gasoline odor.  @ 14.0'-14.5', slight gasoline odor, damp.
.33/.33		50 for 4 inches		20	1	15-20'	@ 19.0'-19.33', slight gasoline odor, insufficient sample for analysis, moist.

### REMARKS

Boring drilled with continuous hollow-stem 10-inch O.D. augers (6.625-inch I.D.). Samples collected in a 3-inch O.D. modified California sampler.

# LOG OF EXPLORATORY BORING

PROJECT NUMBER 104

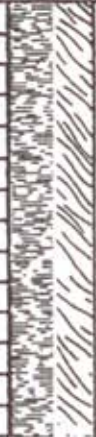
BORING NO. MW-3

PROJECT NAME 5175 Broadway, Oakland, California

PAGE 2 OF 2

BY J. Mrakovich DATE 4/17/90

SURFACE ELEV 156 ±

Recovery (ft/ft)	PII (ppm)	Penetra- tion (blws/ft)	GROUND WATER LEVELS	DEPTH IN FT.	SAMPLES	LITHO- GRAPHIC COLUMN	DESCRIPTION
				25			<p>Boring terminated at 27 feet.</p>

REMARKS

# WELL DETAILS

PROJECT NUMBER 104

BORING / WELL NO. MW-3

PROJECT NAME 5175 Broadway

TOP OF CASING ELEV. 155.93

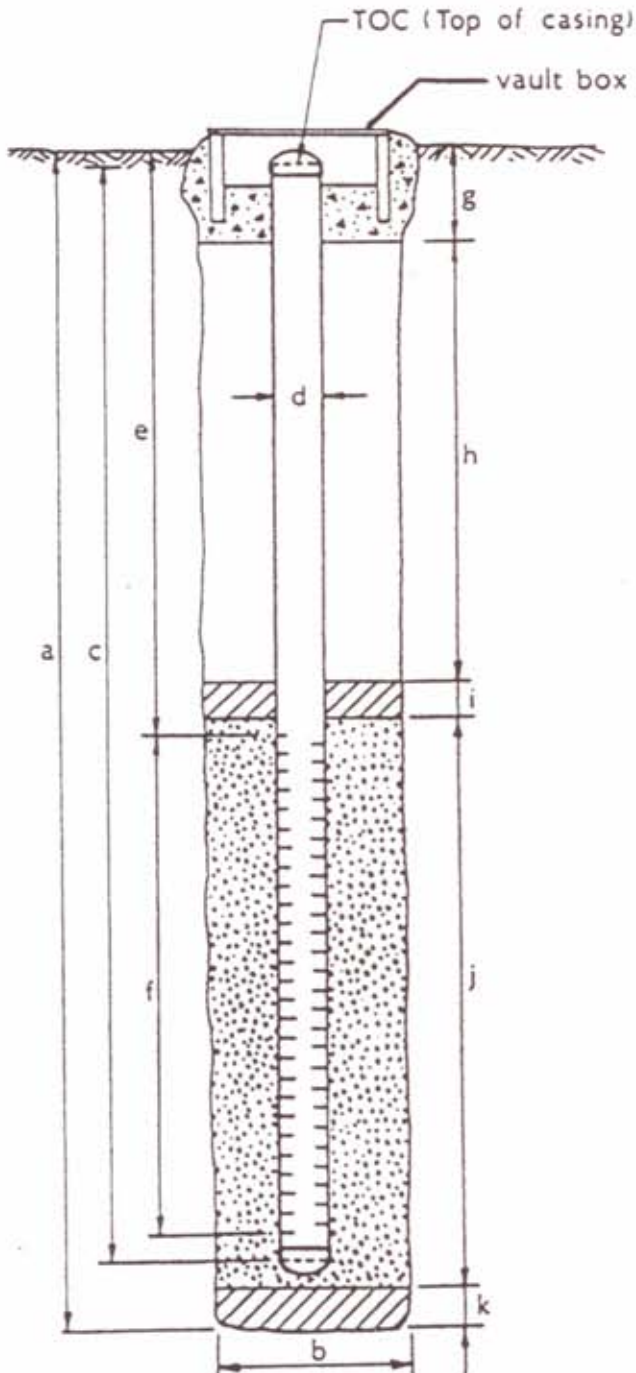
LOCATION Oakland, CA

GROUND SURFACE ELEV. 156 ±

WELL PERMIT NO. 90222

DATUM Mean sea level

INSTALLATION DATE 4/17/90




## EXPLORATORY BORING

- a. Total depth 27.0 ft.  
 b. Diameter 10 in.  
 Drilling method Hollow-stem auger

## WELL CONSTRUCTION

- c. Total casing length 27.0 ft.  
 Material Schedule 40 pvc  
 d. Diameter 4 in.  
 e. Depth to top perforations 7.0 ft.  
 f. Perforated length 20.0 ft.  
 Perforated interval from 27.0 to 7.0 ft.  
 Perforation type Machine slot  
 Perforation size .020-inch  
 g. Surface seal 1.0 ft.  
 Seal material Concrete  
 h. Backfill 4.0 ft.  
 Backfill material Cement  
 i. Seal 1.5 ft.  
 Seal material Bentonite  
 j. Gravel pack 21.5 ft.  
 Pack material 8x20 filter sand  
 k. Bottom seal 0.0 ft.  
 Seal material N/A

Logged By: Noori Ameli	Exploratory Boring Log	Boring No. SIMW-4
Date Drilled 6/21/91	Approx. Elevation	Boring Diameter 8-inch
Drilling Method Mobile drill rig B-40L		Sampling Method

Depth, Ft.	Sample No.	Field Test for Total Ionization	Penetration Resistance Blows/6"	Unified Soil Classification	DESCRIPTION
1					2-inch asphalt, 2-inch baserock.
2					Reddish-brown silty clay, stiff.
3					Light brown silty clay, stiff.
4					Light brown silty gravelly clay.
5	4-5				Light brown clayey gravelly silt, stiff.
6					
7					
8					
9					
10	4-10				Light brown clayey gravelly silt, mild petroleum odor.
11					Medium size rocks ( $\frac{1}{2}$ inch - 1 inch).
12					
13					 Groundwater level encountered at 13 feet. Stronger odor, moist.
14					
15					Color changes to darker.
16					

Remarks

Logged By: Noori Ameli	Exploratory Boring Log	Boring No. STMW-4
Date Drilled: 6/21/91	Approx. Elevation:	Boring Diameter 8-inch

Drilling Method Mobile drill rig B-40L	Sampling Method
---	-----------------

Depth (ft)	Sample No.	Field Test for Total Ionization	Penetration Resistance Blows/6"	Unified Soil Classification	DESCRIPTION
1					Color changes to darker.
18					
19					Boring terminated at 19-feet 6-inches.
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					
26					
27					
28					
29					
30					
31					
32					
33					
34					
35					
36					
37					
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40					
41					
42					
43					
44					
45					
46					
47					
48					
49					
50					

Remarks



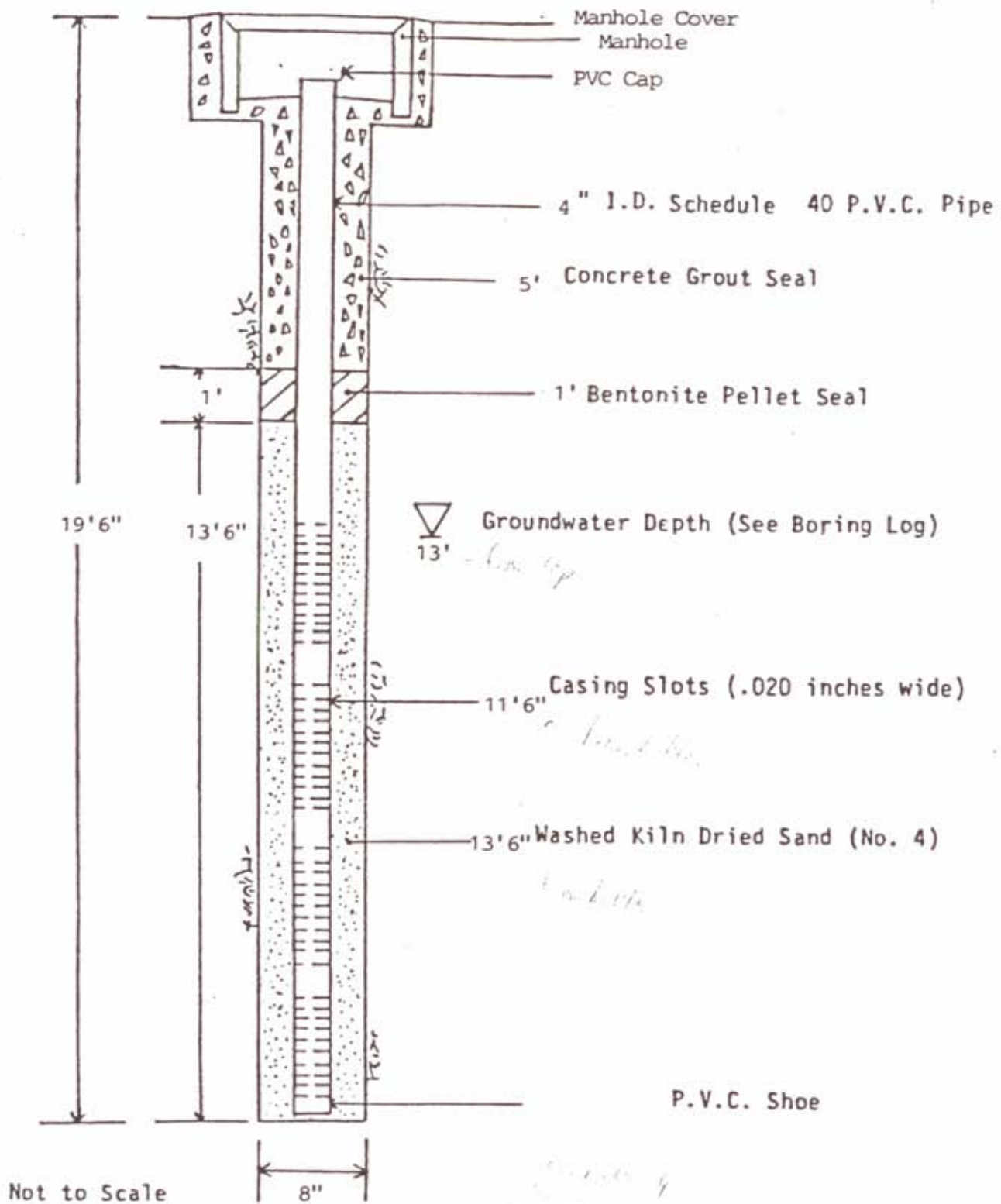
Logged By: Noori Ameli		Exploratory Boring Log		Boring No. STMW-5	
Date Drilled: 6/21/91		Approx. Elevation		Boring Diameter 8-inch	
Drilling Method Mobile drill rig B-40L			Sampling Method		
Depth, Ft.	Sample No.	Field Test for Total Ionization	Penetration Resistance Blows/Ft.	Unified Soil Classification	DESCRIPTION
1					4-inch asphalt, 3-inch baserock.
2					Medium brown silty clay with some gravel.
3					
4					
5-5	5-5				Medium brown/dark grey silty clay, firm.
6					
7					
8					
9					
10	5-10				Dark greenish-grey silty clay with some pea gravel.
11					
12					
13					
14					Olive-green silty clay with some medium size gravel.
15					More gravel in the soil. Light petroleum odor.
16					Olive-green silty clayey gravel.
Remarks					

Logged By: Noori Ameli	Exploratory Boring Log	Boring No. SIMW-5
Date Drilled: 6/21/91	Approx. Elevation	Boring Diameter 8-inch

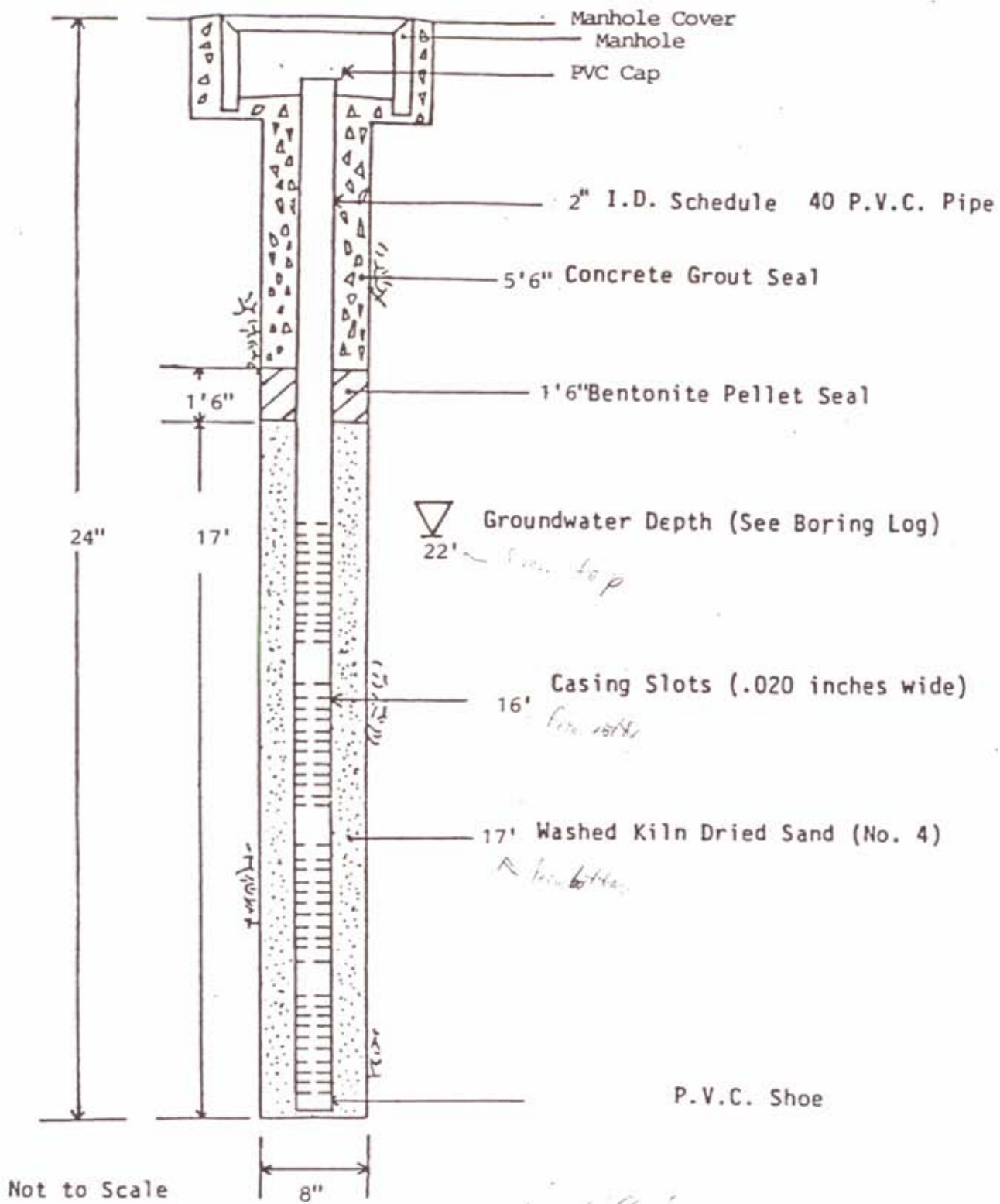
Drilling Method Mobile drill rig B-40L	Sampling Method
---	-----------------

Depth, Ft.	Sample No.	Field Test for Total Ionization	Penetration Resistance Blows/6"	Unified Soil Classification	DESCRIPTION
7					Olive-green silty clayey gravel.
18					
19					
0	5-20				Olive-green silty clay with some pea gravel.
1					Olive-brown silty clay with small and medium size gravel.
2					▽ Groundwater level encountered at 22 feet.
3					
4					Boring terminated at 24 feet.
5					
6					
7					
8					
9					
0					
1					

Remarks



Piezometer Schematic



SIMW-2

*Created by [unclear] August 2006*

Piezometer Schematic

## **APPENDIX D**

Laboratory Analytical Reports



**McC Campbell Analytical, Inc.**

"When Quality Counts"

1534 Willow Pass Road, Pittsburg, CA 94565-1701  
Web: www.mcccampbell.com E-mail: main@mcccampbell.com  
Telephone: 877-252-9262 Fax: 925-252-9269

Pangea Environmental Svcs., Inc. 1710 Franklin Street, Ste. 200 Oakland, CA 94612	Client Project ID: #5175 Broadway, Oakland CA	Date Sampled: 01/22/07
		Date Received: 01/24/07
	Client Contact: Bruce Taylor	Date Reported: 01/31/07
	Client P.O.:	Date Completed: 01/31/07

**WorkOrder: 0701493**

January 31, 2007

Dear Bruce:

Enclosed are:

- 1). the results of **8** analyzed samples from your **#5175 Broadway, Oakland CA project,**
- 2). a QC report for the above samples
- 3). a copy of the chain of custody, and
- 4). a bill for analytical services.

All analyses were completed satisfactorily and all QC samples were found to be within our control limits.

If you have any questions please contact me. McC Campbell Analytical Laboratories strives for excellence in quality, service and cost. Thank you for your business and I look forward to working with you again.

Best regards,

Angela Rydelius, Lab Manager

PEO

0701493

**McCAMPBELL ANALYTICAL, INC.**

110 2<sup>nd</sup> AVENUE SOUTH, #D7  
PACHECO, CA 94553-5560

Website: [www.mccampbell.com](http://www.mccampbell.com) Email: [main@mccampbell.com](mailto:main@mccampbell.com)

Telephone: (925) 798-1620

Fax: (925) 798-1622

**CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD**

TURN AROUND TIME

RUSH 24 HR  48 HR  72 HR  5 DAY

EDF Required? Coelt (Normal) No Write On (DW) No

Report To: Bryce Taylor Bill To: Pangea Environmental  
 Company: Pangea Environmental Services, Inc.  
 1710 Franklin Street, Suite 200  
 Oakland, CA 94612 E-Mail: [btaylor@pangeaenv.com](mailto:btaylor@pangeaenv.com)  
 Tele: (510) 836-3700 Fax: (510) 836-3709  
 PO#: 5175 Broadway, Oakland CA Project Name: Rockridge Heights  
 Project Location: 5175 Broadway, Oakland CA Project #: 1145-001 5175  
 Sampler Signature: *[Signature]* Broadway, Oakland

Analysis Request										Other	Comments						
BTEX & TPH as Gas (602/8020 + 8015)/MTBE	TPH as Diesel (8015)	Total Petroleum Oil & Grease (5520 E&F/B&F)	Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (418.1)	EPA 601 / 8010 / 8021	BTEX ONLY (EPA 602 / 8020)	EPA 608 / 8081	EPA 608 / 8082 PCB's ONLY	EPA 8140 / 8141	EPA 8150 / 8151	EPA 524.2 / 624 / 8260	EPA 525 / 625 / 8270	PAH's / PNA's by EPA 625 / 8270 / 8310	CAM-17 Metals (6010 / 6020)	LUFT 5 Metals (6010 / 6020)	Lead (200.8 / 200.9 / 6010)		Filter Samples for Metals analysis: Yes / No

SAMPLE ID (Field Point Name)	LOCATION	SAMPLING		# Containers	Type Containers	MATRIX					METHOD PRESERVED						
		Date	Time			Water	Soil	Air	Sludge	Other	ICE	HCL	HNO <sub>3</sub>	Other			
MW-6B-12		1/22	1330	1	Acetate lined	X					X						
MW-6B-15			1335			X					X						
MW-8A-8.5			1540			X					X						
MW-8A-10			1545			X					X						
MW-8A-12			1500			X					X						
MW-8A-15			1505			X					X						
B-18		1/23	1550	5	Acetate lined	X					X				X		
MW-3		1/22	1300	5		X					X				X		

Relinquished By: *[Signature]* Date: 1/26/23 Time: 12:40 PM Received By: *[Signature]*  
 Relinquished By: *[Signature]* Date: 1/26/23 Time: 1:30 PM Received By: *[Signature]*  
 Relinquished By: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Time: \_\_\_\_\_ Received By: \_\_\_\_\_

ICE/c 7.4 water 7.8 soil  
 GOOD CONDITION  
 HEAD SPACE ABSENT  
 DECHLORINATED IN LAB  
 APPROPRIATE CONTAINERS  
 PRESERVED IN LAB  
 COMMENTS:  
 PRESERVATION: VOAS | O&G | METALS | OTHER  
 pH < 2

# McC Campbell Analytical, Inc.

1534 Willow Pass Rd  
 Pittsburg, CA 94565-1701  
 (925) 252-9262

# CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD

WorkOrder: 0701493

ClientID: PEO

EDF

Fax

Email

HardCop

ThirdPart

Report to:

Bruce Taylor  
 Pangea Environmental Svcs., Inc.  
 1710 Franklin Street, Ste. 200  
 Oakland, CA 94612

Email:  
 TEL: (510) 836-370 FAX: (510) 836-370  
 ProjectNo: #5175 Broadway, Oakland CA  
 PO:

Bill to

Bob Clark-Riddell  
 Pangea Environmental Svcs., Inc.  
 1710 Franklin Street, Ste. 200  
 Oakland, CA 94612

Requested TAT: 5 days

Date Received 01/24/2007

Date Printed: 01/31/2007

Sample ID	ClientSampID	Matrix	Collection Date	Hold	Requested Tests (See legend below)												
					1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
0701493-001	MW-6B-12	Soil	1/22/2007 1:30:00	<input type="checkbox"/>	A												
0701493-002	MW-6B-15	Soil	1/22/2007 1:35:00	<input type="checkbox"/>	A												
0701493-003	MW-8A-8.5	Soil	1/22/2007 3:40:00	<input type="checkbox"/>	A												
0701493-004	MW-8A-10	Soil	1/22/2007 3:45:00	<input type="checkbox"/>	A												
0701493-005	MW-8A-12	Soil	1/22/2007 3:00:00	<input type="checkbox"/>	A												
0701493-006	MW-8A-15	Soil	1/22/2007 3:05:00	<input type="checkbox"/>	A												
0701493-007	MW-3	Water	1/22/2007 3:50:00	<input type="checkbox"/>		A	B										
0701493-008	B-18	Water	1/22/2007 3:50:00	<input type="checkbox"/>		A	B										

Test Legend:

1	G-MBTEX_S	2	G-MBTEX_W	3	TPH(D)_W	4		5	
6		7		8		9		10	
11		12							

Prepared by: Sheli Cryderman

Comments:

NOTE: Samples are discarded 60 days after results are reported unless other arrangements are made. Hazardous samples will be returned to client or disposed of at client expense.





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"When Quality Counts"

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Telephone: 877-252-9262 Fax: 925-252-9269

Pangea Environmental Svcs., Inc.  1710 Franklin Street, Ste. 200  Oakland, CA 94612	Client Project ID: #5175 Broadway, Oakland CA	Date Sampled: 01/22/07
		Date Received: 01/24/07
	Client Contact: Bruce Taylor	Date Extracted: 01/24/07-01/29/07
	Client P.O.:	Date Analyzed 01/25/07-01/29/07

### Gasoline Range (C6-C12) Volatile Hydrocarbons as Gasoline with BTEX and MTBE\*

Extraction method SW5030B

Analytical methods SW8021B/8015Cm

Work Order: 0701493

Lab ID	Client ID	Matrix	TPH(g)	MTBE	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes	DF	% SS
001A	MW-6B-12	S	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1	86
002A	MW-6B-15	S	2.9,g,m	ND	ND	0.0087	ND	ND	1	85
003A	MW-8A-8.5	S	14,g,m	ND	0.027	0.027	0.013	0.072	1	82
004A	MW-8A-10	S	13,g,m	ND	0.027	ND	ND	0.039	1	78
005A	MW-8A-12	S	260,g,m	ND<0.25	0.31	0.16	0.083	0.73	5	91
006A	MW-8A-15	S	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1	96
007A	MW-3	W	34,000,a,h	ND<1000	770	250	760	2000	200	97
008A	B-18	W	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1	90

Reporting Limit for DF =1; ND means not detected at or above the reporting limit	W	50	5.0	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	1	µg/L
	S	1.0	0.05	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	1	mg/Kg

\* water and vapor samples and all TCLP & SPLP extracts are reported in µg/L, soil/sludge/solid samples in mg/kg, wipe samples in µg/wipe, product/oil/non-aqueous liquid samples in mg/L.

# cluttered chromatogram; sample peak coelutes with surrogate peak.

+The following descriptions of the TPH chromatogram are cursory in nature and McC Campbell Analytical is not responsible for their interpretation: a) unmodified or weakly modified gasoline is significant; b) heavier gasoline range compounds are significant(aged gasoline?); c) lighter gasoline range compounds (the most mobile fraction) are significant; d) gasoline range compounds having broad chromatographic peaks are significant; biologically altered gasoline?; e) TPH pattern that does not appear to be derived from gasoline (stoddard solvent / mineral spirit?); f) one to a few isolated non-target peaks present; g) strongly aged gasoline or diesel range compounds are significant; h) lighter than water immiscible sheen/product is present; i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~1 vol. % sediment; j) reporting limit raised due to high MTBE content; k) TPH pattern that does not appear to be derived from gasoline (aviation gas). m) no recognizable pattern; n) TPH(g) value derived using a client specified carbon range; o) results are reported on a dry weight basis; p) see attached narrative.



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Telephone: 877-252-9262 Fax: 925-252-9269

Pangea Environmental Svcs., Inc.  1710 Franklin Street, Ste. 200  Oakland, CA 94612	Client Project ID: #5175 Broadway, Oakland CA	Date Sampled: 01/22/07
	Client Contact: Bruce Taylor	Date Received: 01/24/07
	Client P.O.:	Date Analyzed 01/26/07-01/29/07
		Date Extracted: 01/24/07

### Diesel Range (C10-C23) Extractable Hydrocarbons as Diesel\*

Extraction method SW3510C Analytical methods SW8015C Work Order: 0701493

Lab ID	Client ID	Matrix	TPH(d)	DF	% SS
0701493-007B	MW-3	W	93,000,d,b,h	50	---#
0701493-008B	B-18	W	ND	1	100

Reporting Limit for DF =1; ND means not detected at or above the reporting limit	W	50	µg/L
	S	NA	NA

\* water samples are reported in µg/L, wipe samples in µg/wipe, soil/solid/sludge samples in mg/kg, product/oil/non-aqueous liquid samples in mg/L, and all DISTLC / STLC / SPLP / TCLP extracts are reported in µg/L.

# cluttered chromatogram resulting in coeluted surrogate and sample peaks, or; surrogate peak is on elevated baseline, or; surrogate has been diminished by dilution of original extract.

+The following descriptions of the TPH chromatogram are cursory in nature and McC Campbell Analytical is not responsible for their interpretation: a) unmodified or weakly modified diesel is significant; b) diesel range compounds are significant; no recognizable pattern; c) aged diesel? is significant; d) gasoline range compounds are significant; e) unknown medium boiling point pattern that does not appear to be derived from diesel; f) one to a few isolated peaks present; g) oil range compounds are significant; h) lighter than water immiscible sheen/product is present; i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~1 vol. % sediment; k) kerosene/kerosene range/jet fuel range; l) bunker oil; m) fuel oil; n) stoddard solvent/mineral spirit.



### QC SUMMARY REPORT FOR SW8015C

W.O. Sample Matrix: Water

QC Matrix: Water

WorkOrder 0701493

EPA Method SW8015C		Extraction SW3510C				BatchID: 25887			Spiked Sample ID: N/A			
Analyte	Sample	Spiked	MS	MSD	MS-MSD	LCS	LCSD	LCS-LCSD	Acceptance Criteria (%)			
	µg/L	µg/L	% Rec.	% Rec.	% RPD	% Rec.	% Rec.	% RPD	MS / MSD	RPD	LCS/LCSD	RPD
TPH(d)	N/A	1000	N/A	N/A	N/A	106	105	1.01	N/A	N/A	70 - 130	30
%SS:	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	101	0.630	N/A	N/A	70 - 130	30

All target compounds in the Method Blank of this extraction batch were ND less than the method RL with the following exceptions:  
NONE

#### BATCH 25887 SUMMARY

Sample ID	Date Sampled	Date Extracted	Date Analyzed	Sample ID	Date Sampled	Date Extracted	Date Analyzed
0701493-007	1/22/07 3:50 PM	1/24/07	1/29/07 4:34 PM	0701493-008	1/22/07 3:50 PM	1/24/07	1/26/07 9:37 AM

MS = Matrix Spike; MSD = Matrix Spike Duplicate; LCS = Laboratory Control Sample; LCSD = Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate; RPD = Relative Percent Deviation.

% Recovery = 100 \* (MS-Sample) / (Amount Spiked); RPD = 100 \* (MS - MSD) / ((MS + MSD) / 2).

MS / MSD spike recoveries and / or %RPD may fall outside of laboratory acceptance criteria due to one or more of the following reasons: a) the sample is inhomogenous AND contains significant concentrations of analyte relative to the amount spiked, or b) the spiked sample's matrix interferes with the spike recovery.

N/A = not enough sample to perform matrix spike and matrix spike duplicate.



**QC SUMMARY REPORT FOR SW8021B/8015Cm**

W.O. Sample Matrix: Soil

QC Matrix: Soil

WorkOrder 0701493

EPA Method SW8021B/8015Cm		Extraction SW5030B			BatchID: 25903			Spiked Sample ID: 0701476-015A				
Analyte	Sample	Spiked	MS	MSD	MS-MSD	LCS	LCSD	LCS-LCSD	Acceptance Criteria (%)			
	mg/Kg	mg/Kg	% Rec.	% Rec.	% RPD	% Rec.	% Rec.	% RPD	MS / MSD	RPD	LCS/LCSD	RPD
TPH(btex) <sup>£</sup>	ND	0.60	99.3	101	1.99	104	101	3.27	70 - 130	30	70 - 130	30
MTBE	ND	0.10	94.5	90.9	3.88	85.6	87.8	2.61	70 - 130	30	70 - 130	30
Benzene	0.006	0.10	91	91.7	0.765	94.4	94.8	0.409	70 - 130	30	70 - 130	30
Toluene	0.0065	0.10	99.7	100	0.316	104	102	1.30	70 - 130	30	70 - 130	30
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.10	102	102	0	101	97.9	2.64	70 - 130	30	70 - 130	30
Xylenes	0.012	0.30	109	109	0	110	110	0	70 - 130	30	70 - 130	30
%SS:	102	0.10	98	95	3.11	86	86	0	70 - 130	30	70 - 130	30

All target compounds in the Method Blank of this extraction batch were ND less than the method RL with the following exceptions:  
NONE

BATCH 25903 SUMMARY

Sample ID	Date Sampled	Date Extracted	Date Analyzed	Sample ID	Date Sampled	Date Extracted	Date Analyzed
0701493-001	1/22/07 1:30 PM	1/24/07	1/25/07 6:32 AM	0701493-002	1/22/07 1:35 PM	1/24/07	1/25/07 6:48 PM
0701493-003	1/22/07 3:40 PM	1/24/07	1/25/07 6:17 PM	0701493-004	1/22/07 3:45 PM	1/24/07	1/26/07 1:17 PM
0701493-005	1/22/07 3:00 PM	1/24/07	1/25/07 7:17 PM	0701493-006	1/22/07 3:05 PM	1/24/07	1/25/07 9:28 AM

MS = Matrix Spike; MSD = Matrix Spike Duplicate; LCS = Laboratory Control Sample; LCSD = Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate; RPD = Relative Percent Deviation.

% Recovery = 100 \* (MS-Sample) / (Amount Spiked); RPD = 100 \* (MS - MSD) / ((MS + MSD) / 2).

MS / MSD spike recoveries and / or %RPD may fall outside of laboratory acceptance criteria due to one or more of the following reasons: a) the sample is inhomogenous AND contains significant concentrations of analyte relative to the amount spiked, or b) the spiked sample's matrix interferes with the spike recovery.

£ TPH(btex) = sum of BTEX areas from the FID.



### QC SUMMARY REPORT FOR SW8021B/8015Cm

W.O. Sample Matrix: Water

QC Matrix: Water

WorkOrder: 0701493

EPA Method SW8021B/8015Cm		Extraction SW5030B			BatchID: 25917			Spiked Sample ID: 0701493-008A				
Analyte	Sample	Spiked	MS	MSD	MS-MSD	LCS	LCSD	LCS-LCSD	Acceptance Criteria (%)			
	µg/L	µg/L	% Rec.	% Rec.	% RPD	% Rec.	% Rec.	% RPD	MS / MSD	RPD	LCS/LCSD	RPD
TPH(btex) <sup>£</sup>	ND	60	97	94.7	2.33	101	102	0.960	70 - 130	30	70 - 130	30
MTBE	ND	10	95.6	83.2	13.9	92.5	115	21.4	70 - 130	30	70 - 130	30
Benzene	ND	10	95.5	98.6	3.19	101	99.5	1.73	70 - 130	30	70 - 130	30
Toluene	ND	10	94.5	97.1	2.66	109	109	0	70 - 130	30	70 - 130	30
Ethylbenzene	ND	10	98	98.4	0.418	104	104	0	70 - 130	30	70 - 130	30
Xylenes	ND	30	110	110	0	113	113	0	70 - 130	30	70 - 130	30
%SS:	90	10	91	92	1.15	102	100	1.39	70 - 130	30	70 - 130	30

All target compounds in the Method Blank of this extraction batch were ND less than the method RL with the following exceptions:  
NONE

#### BATCH 25917 SUMMARY

Sample ID	Date Sampled	Date Extracted	Date Analyzed	Sample ID	Date Sampled	Date Extracted	Date Analyzed
0701493-007	1/22/07 3:50 PM	1/29/07	1/29/07 9:08 PM	0701493-008	1/22/07 3:50 PM	1/29/07	1/29/07 9:42 PM

MS = Matrix Spike; MSD = Matrix Spike Duplicate; LCS = Laboratory Control Sample; LCSD = Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate; RPD = Relative Percent Deviation.

% Recovery = 100 \* (MS-Sample) / (Amount Spiked); RPD = 100 \* (MS - MSD) / ((MS + MSD) / 2).

MS / MSD spike recoveries and / or %RPD may fall outside of laboratory acceptance criteria due to one or more of the following reasons: a) the sample is inhomogenous AND contains significant concentrations of analyte relative to the amount spiked, or b) the spiked sample's matrix interferes with the spike recovery.

£ TPH(btex) = sum of BTEX areas from the FID.

# cluttered chromatogram; sample peak coelutes with surrogate peak.



**McC Campbell Analytical, Inc.**

"When Quality Counts"

1534 Willow Pass Road, Pittsburg, CA 94565-1701  
Web: www.mcccampbell.com E-mail: main@mcccampbell.com  
Telephone: 877-252-9262 Fax: 925-252-9269

Pangea Environmental Svcs., Inc. 1710 Franklin Street, Ste. 200 Oakland, CA 94612	Client Project ID: #1145.001; 5175 Broadway, Oakland, CA	Date Sampled: 03/19/07
		Date Received: 03/19/07
	Client Contact: Bryce Taylor	Date Reported: 03/23/07
	Client P.O.:	Date Completed: 03/23/07

**WorkOrder: 0703430**

March 23, 2007

Dear Bryce:

Enclosed are:

- 1). the results of **1** analyzed sample from your **#1145.001; 5175 Broadway, Oakland, CA project,**
- 2). a QC report for the above sample
- 3). a copy of the chain of custody, and
- 4). a bill for analytical services.

All analyses were completed satisfactorily and all QC samples were found to be within our control limits.

If you have any questions please contact me. McC Campbell Analytical Laboratories strives for excellence in quality, service and cost. Thank you for your business and I look forward to working with you again.

Best regards,

Angela Rydelius, Lab Manager

Peo 0703430

**McCAMPBELL ANALYTICAL, INC.**

110 2<sup>nd</sup> AVENUE SOUTH, #D7  
PACHECO, CA 94553-5560

Website: [www.mccampbell.com](http://www.mccampbell.com) Email: [main@mccampbell.com](mailto:main@mccampbell.com)

Telephone: (925) 798-1620 Fax: (925) 798-1622

**CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD**

TURN AROUND TIME

RUSH 24 HR 
  48 HR 
  72 HR 
  5 DAY

EDF Required? Coelt (Normal) No Write On (DW) No

Report To: Bryce Taylor Bill To: Pangea Environmental Analysis Request Other Comments

Company: Pangea Environmental Services, Inc.  
 1710 Franklin Street, Suite 200  
 Oakland, CA 94612 E-Mail: [btaylor@pangeaenv.com](mailto:btaylor@pangeaenv.com)  
 Tele: (510) 836-3700 Fax: (510) 836-3709  
 PO#: 5175 Broadway, Oakland CA Project Name: Rockridge Heights  
 Project Location: 5175 Broadway, Oakland CA Project #: 1145.001  
 Sampler Signature:

SAMPLE ID (Field Point Name)	LOCATION	SAMPLING		# Containers	Type Containers	MATRIX					METHOD PRESERVED				BTEX & TPH as Gas (602/8020 + 8015)/MTBE	TPH as Diesel (8015)	Total Petroleum OH & Grease (5520 E&F/B&F)	Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (418.1)	EPA 601 / 8010 / 8021	BTEX ONLY (EPA 602 / 8020)	EPA 608 / 8081	EPA 608 / 8082 PCB's ONLY	EPA 8140 / 8141	EPA 8150 / 8151	EPA 524.2 / 624 / 8260	EPA 525 / 625 / 8270	PAH's / PNA's by EPA 625 / 8270 / 8310	CAM-17 Metals (6010 / 6020)	LUFT 5 Metals (6010 / 6020)	Lead (200.8 / 200.9 / 6010)				Filter Samples for Metals analysis: Yes / No	
		Date	Time			Water	Soil	Air	Sludge	Other	ICE	HCL	HNO <sub>3</sub>	Other																					
B-19-1		3/19	1100	1	SS.		X					X																							HOLD
B-19-4		↓	1120	1	↓		X					X																							HOLD
B-19		↓	1130	5	Mix	X						X	X	X	X	X																			

Relinquished By:	Date: 3/19	Time: 1230	Received By:	ICE/t° 3.8°C GOOD CONDITION ✓ HEAD SPACE ABSENT DECHLORINATED IN LAB APPROPRIATE CONTAINERS PRESERVED IN LAB PRESERVATION VQAS O&G METALS OTHER pH<2 V
Relinquished By:	Date: 3/19	Time: 245	Received By:	
Relinquished By:	Date: 3/19	Time: 400	Received By:	

COMMENTS:

**McC Campbell Analytical, Inc.**



1534 Willow Pass Rd  
 Pittsburg, CA 94565-1701  
 (925) 252-9262

**CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD**

**WorkOrder: 0703430**

**ClientID: PEO**

EDF

Fax

Email

HardCopy

ThirdParty

**Report to:**

Bryce Taylor  
 Pangea Environmental Svcs., Inc.  
 1710 Franklin Street, Ste. 200  
 Oakland, CA 94612

Email: btaylor@pangeaenv.com  
 TEL: (510) 836-370 FAX: (510) 836-370  
 ProjectNo: #1145.001; 5175 Broadway, Oakland, C  
 PO:

**Bill to**

Bob Clark-Riddell  
 Pangea Environmental Svcs., Inc.  
 1710 Franklin Street, Ste. 200  
 Oakland, CA 94612

**Requested TAT: 5 days**

*Date Received: 03/19/2007*

*Date Printed: 03/19/2007*

Sample ID	ClientSampID	Matrix	Collection Date	Hold	Requested Tests (See legend below)													
					1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12		
0703430-003	B-19	Water	03/19/07 11:30:00	<input type="checkbox"/>	A	B												

**Test Legend:**

1	G-MBTX_W	2	TPH(D)_W	3		4		5	
6		7		8		9		10	
11		12							

**Prepared by: Melissa Valles**

**Comments:**

NOTE: Samples are discarded 60 days after results are reported unless other arrangements are made. Hazardous samples will be returned to client or disposed of at client expense.





# McC Campbell Analytical, Inc.

"When Quality Counts"

1534 Willow Pass Road, Pittsburg, CA 94565-1701

Web: www.mccampbell.com E-mail: main@mccampbell.com

Telephone: 877-252-9262 Fax: 925-252-9269

Pangea Environmental Svcs., Inc.

1710 Franklin Street, Ste. 200

Oakland, CA 94612

Client Project ID: #1145.001; 5175 Broadway,  
Oakland, CA

Client Contact: Bryce Taylor

Client P.O.:

Date Sampled: 03/19/07

Date Received: 03/19/07

Date Extracted: 03/21/07

Date Analyzed: 03/21/07

## Gasoline Range (C6-C12) Volatile Hydrocarbons as Gasoline with BTEX and MTBE\*

Extraction method: SW5030B

Analytical methods: SW8021B/8015Cm

Work Order: 0703430

Lab ID	Client ID	Matrix	TPH(g)	MTBE	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes	DF	% SS
003A	B-19	W	ND,i	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1	93

Reporting Limit for DF =1; ND means not detected at or above the reporting limit	W	50	5.0	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	1	µg/L
	S	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1	mg/Kg

\* water and vapor samples and all TCLP & SPLP extracts are reported in ug/L, soil/sludge/solid samples in mg/kg, wipe samples in µg/wipe, product/oil/non-aqueous liquid samples in mg/L.

# cluttered chromatogram; sample peak coelutes with surrogate peak.

+The following descriptions of the TPH chromatogram are cursory in nature and McC Campbell Analytical is not responsible for their interpretation: a) unmodified or weakly modified gasoline is significant; b) heavier gasoline range compounds are significant(aged gasoline?); c) lighter gasoline range compounds (the most mobile fraction) are significant; d) gasoline range compounds having broad chromatographic peaks are significant; biologically altered gasoline?; e) TPH pattern that does not appear to be derived from gasoline (stoddard solvent / mineral spirit?); f) one to a few isolated non-target peaks present; g) strongly aged gasoline or diesel range compounds are significant; h) lighter than water immiscible sheen/product is present; i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~1 vol. % sediment; j) reporting limit raised due to high MTBE content; k) TPH pattern that does not appear to be derived from gasoline (aviation gas). m) no recognizable pattern; n) TPH(g) range non-target isolated peaks subtracted out of the TPH(g) concentration at the client's request; p) see attached narrative.



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Pangea Environmental Svcs., Inc.  1710 Franklin Street, Ste. 200  Oakland, CA 94612	Client Project ID: #1145.001; 5175 Broadway, Oakland, CA	Date Sampled: 03/19/07
	Client Contact: Bryce Taylor	Date Received: 03/19/07
	Client P.O.:	Date Extracted: 03/19/07
		Date Analyzed 03/22/07

### Diesel Range (C10-C23) Extractable Hydrocarbons as Diesel\*

Extraction method SW3510C

Analytical methods SW8015C

Work Order: 0703430

Lab ID	Client ID	Matrix	TPH(d)	DF	% SS
0703430-003B	B-19	W	ND,i	1	102

Reporting Limit for DF =1; ND means not detected at or above the reporting limit	W	50	µg/L
	S	NA	NA

\* water samples are reported in µg/L, wipe samples in µg/wipe, soil/solid/sludge samples in mg/kg, product/oil/non-aqueous liquid samples in mg/L, and all DISTLC / STLC / SPLP / TCLP extracts are reported in µg/L.

# cluttered chromatogram resulting in coeluted surrogate and sample peaks, or; surrogate peak is on elevated baseline, or; surrogate has been diminished by dilution of original extract.

+The following descriptions of the TPH chromatogram are cursory in nature and McC Campbell Analytical is not responsible for their interpretation: a) unmodified or weakly modified diesel is significant; b) diesel range compounds are significant; no recognizable pattern; c) aged diesel? is significant; d) gasoline range compounds are significant; e) unknown medium boiling point pattern that does not appear to be derived from diesel; f) one to a few isolated peaks present; g) oil range compounds are significant; h) lighter than water immiscible sheen/product is present; i) liquid sample that contains greater than ~1 vol. % sediment; k) kerosene/kerosene range/jet fuel range; l) bunker oil; m) fuel oil; n) stoddard solvent/mineral spirit.



### QC SUMMARY REPORT FOR SW8021B/8015Cm

W.O. Sample Matrix: Water

QC Matrix: Water

WorkOrder: 0703430

EPA Method SW8021B/8015Cm		Extraction SW5030B			BatchID: 26895			Spiked Sample ID: 0703430-003A				
Analyte	Sample	Spiked	MS	MSD	MS-MSD	LCS	LCSD	LCS-LCSD	Acceptance Criteria (%)			
	µg/L	µg/L	% Rec.	% Rec.	% RPD	% Rec.	% Rec.	% RPD	MS / MSD	RPD	LCS/LCSD	RPD
TPH(btex) <sup>£</sup>	ND	60	98.7	86.5	13.2	91.2	90.5	0.872	70 - 130	30	70 - 130	30
MTBE	ND	10	99.5	95.3	4.27	105	110	4.95	70 - 130	30	70 - 130	30
Benzene	ND	10	103	90.1	13.0	96.2	97.5	1.25	70 - 130	30	70 - 130	30
Toluene	ND	10	100	90.4	10.4	89.1	90.8	1.84	70 - 130	30	70 - 130	30
Ethylbenzene	ND	10	97.2	93.5	3.86	94.9	99.3	4.54	70 - 130	30	70 - 130	30
Xylenes	ND	30	90.3	85.7	5.30	95.7	96.3	0.694	70 - 130	30	70 - 130	30
%SS:	93	10	119	108	9.68	93	93	0	70 - 130	30	70 - 130	30

All target compounds in the Method Blank of this extraction batch were ND less than the method RL with the following exceptions:  
NONE

#### BATCH 26895 SUMMARY

Sample ID	Date Sampled	Date Extracted	Date Analyzed	Sample ID	Date Sampled	Date Extracted	Date Analyzed
0703430-003A	03/19/07 11:30 AM	03/21/07	03/21/07 4:02 PM				

MS = Matrix Spike; MSD = Matrix Spike Duplicate; LCS = Laboratory Control Sample; LCSD = Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate; RPD = Relative Percent Deviation.

% Recovery = 100 \* (MS-Sample) / (Amount Spiked); RPD = 100 \* (MS - MSD) / ((MS + MSD) / 2).

MS / MSD spike recoveries and / or %RPD may fall outside of laboratory acceptance criteria due to one or more of the following reasons: a) the sample is inhomogenous AND contains significant concentrations of analyte relative to the amount spiked, or b) the spiked sample's matrix interferes with the spike recovery.

£ TPH(btex) = sum of BTEX areas from the FID.

# cluttered chromatogram; sample peak coelutes with surrogate peak.



### QC SUMMARY REPORT FOR SW8015C

W.O. Sample Matrix: Water

QC Matrix: Water

WorkOrder: 0703430

EPA Method SW8015C	Extraction SW3510C			BatchID: 26896			Spiked Sample ID: N/A					
Analyte	Sample	Spiked	MS	MSD	MS-MSD	LCS	LCSD	LCS-LCSD	Acceptance Criteria (%)			
	µg/L	µg/L	% Rec.	% Rec.	% RPD	% Rec.	% Rec.	% RPD	MS / MSD	RPD	LCS/LCSD	RPD
TPH(d)	N/A	1000	N/A	N/A	N/A	89.7	90.1	0.436	N/A	N/A	70 - 130	30
%SS:	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	92	92	0	N/A	N/A	70 - 130	30

All target compounds in the Method Blank of this extraction batch were ND less than the method RL with the following exceptions:  
NONE

#### BATCH 26896 SUMMARY

Sample ID	Date Sampled	Date Extracted	Date Analyzed	Sample ID	Date Sampled	Date Extracted	Date Analyzed
0703430-003B	03/19/07 11:30 AM	03/19/07	03/22/07 6:22 AM				

MS = Matrix Spike; MSD = Matrix Spike Duplicate; LCS = Laboratory Control Sample; LCSD = Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate; RPD = Relative Percent Deviation.

% Recovery = 100 \* (MS-Sample) / (Amount Spiked); RPD = 100 \* (MS - MSD) / ((MS + MSD) / 2).

MS / MSD spike recoveries and / or %RPD may fall outside of laboratory acceptance criteria due to one or more of the following reasons: a) the sample is inhomogenous AND contains significant concentrations of analyte relative to the amount spiked, or b) the spiked sample's matrix interferes with the spike recovery.

N/A = not enough sample to perform matrix spike and matrix spike duplicate.

NR = analyte concentration in sample exceeds spike amount for soil matrix or exceeds 2x spike amount for water matrix or sample diluted due to high matrix or analyte content.

## **APPENDIX E**

Well Development Field Data Sheets

WELL GAUGING DATA

*DWIGHT WEL DEVELOPMENT*

Project # 070214-DA1

Date 2/14/07

Client Pangea

Site: Former Exxon @ 5175 Broadway Oakland, CA

Well ID	Time	Well Size (in.)	Sheen / Odor	Depth to Immiscible Liquid (ft.)	Thickness of Immiscible Liquid (ft.)	Volume of Immiscibles Removed (ml)	Depth to water (ft.)	Depth to well bottom (ft.)	Survey Point: TOB or TOC	Post-DTB Notes
MW-2C	0855	2					8.35	22.97	TOC	22.97
MW-3A	0900	2					9.40	13.77		13.78
MW-4A	0823	2					9.20	14.70		14.70
MW-5A	0810	2					12.44	13.48		13.48
MW-5B	0808	2					12.95	19.20		19.20
MW-5C	0806	2					13.00	26.68		26.68
MW-6A	0857	2					6.18	14.89		14.92
MW-7B	0818	2					11.31	18.50		18.50
MW-7C	0816	2					13.21	24.51		24.55
MW-8A	0824	2					9.16	14.83		14.85
MW-8C	0853	2					12.40	24.77		25.01

Well Gauging Data Sheet

*During Well Development*

Project Task # D70214-DA1 Project Name: Former Exxon Station 5175 Broadway Oakland, CA  
 Address: 5175 Broadway Oakland, CA Date: 2/14/07

Name: David Allbut Signature: David Allbut

Well ID	Well Size (in.)	Time	Depth to Water (ft)	Time	Depth to Water (ft)	Time	Depth to Water (ft)	Total Depth (ft)	Measuring Point
MW-3A	2	0928 well dewatered	12.30	0929	12.22	0934	<del>0934</del> 12.10	-	TOC
		1343 returned to well	10.57	1357 well dewatered	12.74	1202 5 min recharge	12.52	-	
MW-5A	2	1006 well dewatered @ 0.2g	13.23	011 5 min recharge	13.10	1006/1011 (5 min)	<del>1406</del> 13.10	-	
		1405 returned to well	13.02	1410 well dewatered	13.24	1415 5 min recharge	13.24	-	
MW-8A	2	1105 well dewatered	13.44	1110 5 min recharge	12.83	1417 returned to well	9.33	-	
		1437 well dewatered	13.55	1442 5 min recharge	12.97				
MW-8C	2	1107 after dewatering MW-8A	10.64	1110	<del>12.83</del> 10.63	1439 dewatered MW-8A	10.62	-	
MW-4A	2	1149 well dewatered	13.38	1154	12.92	1318 pumped 25 vol from MW-6A	10.39	-	
		1447 returned	9.78	1507 well dewatered	12.85	1512	12.35		
MW-6A	2	1150 after dewatering MW-4A	6.15	1155	6.15	1319 removed 25 well volumes	12.34	-	

Comments:  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

Well Gauging Data Sheet *during Development*

Project.Task #070214-DA1			Project Name: Former Exxon, Broadway Oakland						
Address: 5175 Broadway Oakland, CA						Date: 2/14/07			
Name: David Allbut			Signature: David Allbut						
Well ID	Well Size (in.)	Time	Depth to Water (ft)	Time	Depth to Water (ft)	Time	Depth to Water (ft)	Total Depth (ft)	Measuring Point
MW-6A	2	1324	10.73						
2/15/07 MW-5B	2	1249	15.72	1306	18.23	1311	18.08		
		returned to well	well dewatered	5 min recharge					
<del>MW-7B</del>									
MW-7B	2	1317	12.11	1337	17.44	1342	17.22		
		returned to well	well dewatered	5 min recharge					
MW-5C	2	1347	12.97	1427	25.25	1432	24.30		
		returned to well	well dewatered	5 min recharge					
MW-8C	2	1438	10.80						
		returned to well							
MW-7C	2	1511	17.18						
		returned to well							
Comments:									
MW-2C	2	1545	10.40						
		returned to well	well dewatered	5 min recharge					



Well Gauging Data Sheet *Spring Development*

Project Task #: 070214-DA1				Project Name:					
Address: 5175 Broadway Oakland, CA							Date: 2/15/07		
Name: David Alibut				Signature: David Alibut					
Well ID	Well Size (in.)	Time	Depth to Water (ft)	Time	Depth to Water (ft)	Time	Depth to Water (ft)	Time Total Depth (ft)	DJW Measuring Point
MW-2C	2	0730	8.30	1234	21.12				
MW-3A	2	0734	9.43		9.20	1233	9.20		
				start MW-2C pump, MW-2C dewatered					
MW-4A	2	0732	9.43						
MW-5A	2	0721	13.05	0821	13.01	0827	13.04	0958	13.04
				(dewatered MW-5B)					
MW-5B	2	0720	12.19	0820	18.30	0827	19.16	1000	17.25
				(well dewatered)					
MW-5C	2	0719	12.07	0820	12.10	0827	12.10	0959	25.00
				(dewatered MW-5B)					
				well dewatered @ 1004					
MW-6A	2	0733	6.27						
MW-7B	2	0726	11.30	0900	17.48	0905	17.15		
				well dewatered					
MW-7C	2	0724	11.45	0900	11.46	0905	11.46		
				MW-7B dewatered.					
MW-8A	2	0728	9.26	09	9.30	1101	9.30		
				1056 MW-8C dewatered					
MW-8C	2	0727	10.73	1057	23.95	1102	21.57	1143	23.41
				well dewatered					
Comments:									
MW-3	2	0736	9.01						

DTW

24.02 @ 1004

## WELL DEVELOPMENT DATA SHEET

Project #: 070214-DA1	Client: Pangen
Developer: DA	Date Developed: 2/15/07
Well I.D. MW-2C	Well Diameter: (circle one) (2) 3 4 6"
Total Well Depth: Before 22.97 After 23.03	Depth to Water: Before 9.30 After 20.94
Reason not developed: *	If Free Product, thickness:
Additional Notations: surged 10 min. pre-purge	

Volume Conversion Factor (VCF) $(112 \times (d^2/4) \times \pi) / 231$	Well dia.	VCF
where	2"	0.16
$d = \text{m / foot}$	3"	0.37
$d = \text{diameter (in)}$	4"	0.65
$\pi = 3.1416$	6"	1.47
$231 = \text{in}^3/\text{gal}$	10"	4.08
	12"	6.87

2.3	X	Specified Volumes	=	gallons
1 Case Volume				

Purging Device:       Bailer                                       Electric Submersible  
 Suction Pump                                       Positive Air Displacement

Type of Installed Pump \_\_\_\_\_  
 Other equipment used \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	TEMP (F)	pH	Cond. (mS or <del>µS</del> )	TURBIDITY (NTUs)	VOLUME REMOVED:	NOTATIONS:
1211	66.0	9.11	1388	71000	2.3	tan, fine silt, hard bottom agitated bottom
1214	66.6	9.63	1184	71000	4.6	"
1219	66.3	9.41	1150	71000	6.9	"
1225	65.9	9.01	1161	71000	9.2	"
1230	66.1	8.50	1192	71000	11.5	"
1232	well dewatered @ 12 g.				1234 DTW = 21.12	1239 DTW = 20.50
1244	DTW = 20.03					
1545	DTW = 10.40		Surged 3 min.			
1553	65.1	7.80	1337	71000	13.8	brown, fine silt
1555	65.7	7.89	1143	71000	16.1	"
1601	65.5	7.65	1197	71000	18.4	"
1604	65.7	7.73	1236	71000	20.7	"
1604	well dewatered @ 21.5 g.				DTW = 20.94	DTB = 23.03
Did Well Dewater? YES				If yes, note above.		Gallons Actually Evacuated: @ 1607

1609 DTW = 20.40

### WELL DEVELOPMENT DATA SHEET

Project #: 070214-DA1	Client: Pangea
Developer: DA	Date Developed: 2/14/07
Well I.D. MW-3A	Well Diameter: (circle one) 3 4 6
Total Well Depth: Before 13.77 After 13.78	Depth to Water: Before 9.40 After 12.72
Reason not developed:	If Free Product, thickness:

Additional Notations: Surged 10 min. pre-purge

Volume Conversion Factor (VCF) $(12 \times (d^2/4) \times \pi) / 231$ where 12 = in / foot d = diameter (in ) $\pi = 3.1416$ 231 = in <sup>3</sup> /gal	Well dia	VCF
	2" -	0.16
	3" -	0.37
	4" -	0.65
	6" -	1.47
	10" -	4.08
	12" -	6.87

$\frac{0.7}{1 \text{ Case Volume}} \times \frac{10}{\text{Specified Volumes}} = \frac{7.0}{\text{gallons}}$

- Purging Device:  Bailer  Electric Submersible  Positive Air Displacement  
 Suction Pump

Type of Installed Pump \_\_\_\_\_  
 Other equipment used \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	TEMP (F)	pH	Cond. (mS or $\mu$ S)	TURBIDITY (NTUs)	VOLUME REMOVED:	NOTATIONS:
0921	58.1	11.00	2257	71000	0.7	tan, cloudy, hard bottom, agitated bottom, very little silt
0923	59.2	11.60	2302	71000	1.4	slight color
0925	60.1	11.79	2481	71000	2.1	"
0928	well dewatered @ 2.1 g			DTW=12.30		
1343	returned DTW= 10.57			surged	3 min	
1351	63.2	10.82	2047	71000	2.8	tan, cloudy, no silt
1353	64.3	11.49	2118	71000	3.5	"
1356	64.2	11.52	2163	71000	4.2	"
1356	well dewatered @ 4.2 g.					
1357	DTW= 12.74			1202 DTW= 12.52	DTW= 13.78	
2/16/07	returned @ 0953 DTW= 8.78			surged 3 min		
1002	62.1	9.77	1246	71000	4.9	brown, some fine silt
1001	63.1	10.44	1300	71000	5.6	
Did Well Dewater? YES	If yes, note above.			Gallons Actually Evacuated:	7	



## WELL DEVELOPMENT DATA SHEET

Project #: <u>070214-0A1</u>	Client: <u>Pangea</u>
Developer: <u>DA</u>	Date Developed: <u>2/14/07</u>
Well I.D. <u>MW-4A</u>	Well Diameter: (circle one) <u>2</u> 3 4 6
Total Well Depth: Before <u>14.70</u> After <u>14.70</u>	Depth to Water: Before <u>9.20</u> After <u>12.85</u>
Reason not developed:	If Free Product, thickness:
Additional Notations: <u>surged 10 min pre-purge</u>	

Volume Conversion Factor (VCF):  
 $(12 \times (d^2/4) \times \pi) / 231$   
 where  
 12 = in / foot  
 d = diameter (in)  
 $\pi = 3.1416$   
 231 = in<sup>3</sup>/gal

Well dia.	VCF
2"	0.16
3"	0.37
4"	0.65
6"	1.47
10"	4.08
12"	6.87

<u>0.9</u>	X	<u>10</u>	=	<u>9.0</u>
I Case Volume		Specified Volumes		gallons

- Purging Device:
- |                                       |   |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Bailer       | <input type="checkbox"/> Electric Submersible                 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Suction Pump | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Positive Air Displacement |

Type of Installed Pump \_\_\_\_\_  
 Other equipment used \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	TEMP (F)	pH	Cond. (mS or $\mu$ S)	TURBIDITY (NTUs)	VOLUME REMOVED:	NOTATIONS:
1132	62.1	8.55	2265	71000	0.9	agitated bottom, hard bottom, tan, some fine silt
1134	63.8	9.06	2400	71000	1.8	"
1136	63.5	9.43	2370	71000	2.7	less silt
1138	64.4	9.53	2373	71000	3.6	"
1140	64.8	9.46	2318	71000	4.5	tan, silty
1142	64.7	9.39	2296	71000	5.4	"
1143	64.6	9.23	2298	71000	6.3	"
1145	65.1	8.91	2239	71000	7.2	less silty
1148	64.9	8.56	2186	71000	8.1	"
1149	well dewatered @ 8.1 g.			DTW =	3.38	
1147	returned, DTW = 9.78			Surged	3 min.	
1157	63.5	7.96	1953	71000	9	tan, cloudy, no silt
1159	63.5	8.04	1966	71000	9.9	"
Did Well Dewater? <u>Yes</u>			If yes, note above.		Gallons Actually Evacuated: <u>12.6</u>	



WELL DEVELOPMENT DATA SHEET

Project #: 070214-DA1 Client: Pangea  
 Developer: DA Date Developed: 2/14/07  
 Well I.D. Mw-5A Well Diameter: (circle one) ② 3 4 6  
 Total Well Depth: Depth to Water:  
 Before 13.48 After 13.50 Before 12.44 After 13.13  
 Reason not developed: If Free Product, thickness:

Additional Notations: surged 10 min - pre-purge

Volume Conversion Factor (VCF):	Well dia	VCF
$(12 \times (d^2/4) \times \pi) / 231$	2"	0.16
	3"	0.37
where	4"	0.65
12 = in / foot	6"	1.47
d = diameter (in.)	10"	4.08
$\pi = 3.1416$	12"	6.87
231 = in <sup>3</sup> /gal		

0.2 X 10 = 2.0 gallons  
 l Case Volume Specified Volumes

Purging Device:  Bailer  Electric Submersible  
 Suction Pump  Positive Air Displacement  
 Type of Installed Pump \_\_\_\_\_  
 Other equipment used \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	TEMP (F)	pH	Cond. (mS or <u>US</u> )	TURBIDITY (NTUs)	VOLUME REMOVED:	NOTATIONS:
1200	57.3	9.00	2894	71000	0.2	tan, cloudy, very little silt, hard bottom, odor
1006	well dewatered @ 0.2g DTW = 13.02			PTW = 13.23	1011	DTW = 13.10
1409	returned. surged 3 min					
1410	well dewatered @ 0.3g DTW = 13.29					
1415	no DTW = 13.24					
2/16/07	returned to well @ 0710 DTW = 12.97					
0713	started adding DI H <sub>2</sub> O to well. Added 8.5 g.					
0734	well dewatered @ 3g DTW = 13.05				0739	DTW = 12.95
1018	returned. added 8g. surged 3 min					
1029	58.7	9.55	455	71000	4.5	brown, fine silt
1031	58.6	9.12	347	71000	5.4	"
1033	58.8	8.88	334	71000	6.3	"
1035	59.3	8.53	550	71000	7.2	"

Did Well Dewater? yes If yes, note above. Gallons Actually Evacuated: 7.8 added: 16.5 g DI  
 1035 well dewatered @ 7.2 g - DTW = 13.15 DTW = 13.50





# WELL DEVELOPMENT DATA SHEET

p.1/2

Project #: 070219-DA 1	Client: Pangea
Developer: DA	Date Developed: 2/15/07
Well I.D. Mw-5B	Well Diameter: (circle one) ② 3 4 6
Total Well Depth:	Depth to Water:
Before 19.20 After 19.20	Before 12.19 After <del>18.50</del> 18.70
Reason not developed:	If Free Product, thickness:
Additional Notations: Surged 10 min. pre-purge	

Volume Conversion Factor (VCF) (12 x (d <sup>2</sup> /4) x π) / 231	Well dia	VCF
where	2"	0.16
12 = in / foot	3"	0.37
d = diameter (in)	4"	0.65
π = 3.1416	6"	1.47
231 = in <sup>3</sup> /gal	10"	4.08
	12"	6.87

$$1.1 \times 10 = 11.0 \text{ gallons}$$

Case Volume × Specified Volumes = gallons

- Purging Device:
- Bailer
  - Electric Submersible
  - Suction Pump
  - Positive Air Displacement

Type of Installed Pump \_\_\_\_\_  
Other equipment used \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	TEMP (F)	pH	Cond. (mS or μS)	TURBIDITY (NTUs)	VOLUME REMOVED:	NOTATIONS:
0813	59.3	7.69	2049	71000	1.1	brown, fine silt, agitated bottom, hard bottom
0814	59.4	7.48	1959	71000	2.2	"
0820	58.4	7.77	2154	71000	3.3	"
0820		DTW=18.30		well dewatered @	3.3g	
0827	DTW=	18.16				
1249	returned	DTW=15.72		surged	3 min	
1301	62.0	7.98	1883	71000	4.4	brown, some fine silt
1306	well dewatered.	DTW=18.23			13.11 →	DTW=18.08
2/10/07	returned to well	DTW=	12.65	surged	3 min	
0759	55.5	7.24	1850	71000	5.5	
0804	57.2	7.51	1824	71000	6.6	
0805	well dewatered @	6.6 g.	DTW=18.22			
1:21	returned	DTW=15.78		surged	3 min.	
Did Well Dewater?	Yes	If yes, note above.		Gallons Actually Evacuated:	9	



### WELL DEVELOPMENT DATA SHEET

Project #: <b>070214-DA1</b>	Client: <b>Pangea</b>
Developer: <b>DA</b>	Date Developed: <b>2/15/07</b>
Well I.D. <b>MW 5C</b>	Well Diameter: (circle one) <input checked="" type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 6
Total Well Depth: Before <b>26.68</b> After <b>26.68</b>	Depth to Water: Before <b>12.07</b> After <b>23.75</b>
Reason not developed:	If Free Product, thickness:

Additional Notations: **surged 10 min. pre-purge.**

Volume Conversion Factor (VCF)	Well dia.	VCF
$(12 \times (d^2/4) \times \pi) / 231$	2"	0.16
	3"	0.37
	4"	0.65
	6"	1.47
	10"	4.08
	12"	6.87

$$\frac{2.3}{\text{I Case Volume}} \times \frac{10}{\text{Specified Volumes}} = \frac{23.0}{\text{gallons}}$$

Purging Device:       Bailer       Electric Submersible  
 Suction Pump       Positive Air Displacement

Type of Installed Pump \_\_\_\_\_  
 Other equipment used \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	TEMP (F)	pH	Cond. (mS or µS)	TURBIDITY (NTUs)	VOLUME REMOVED:	NOTATIONS
0943	59.9	7.44	1894	71000	2.3	brown, odor, agitated bottom hard bottom, fine silt
0946	61.8	7.11	1821	71000	4.6	"
0949	62.6	7.08	1818	71000	6.9	"
0957	61.2	7.66	1834	71000	9.2	"
9959	well dewatered @ 9.2 g			DTW = 25.00		1004 DTW = 24.02
1009	DTW = 23.38					
1347	DTW = 12.97		surged	3 min		
1359	62.3	7.25	1759	71000	11.5	tan, some fine silt
1404	63.0	6.97	1808	71000	13.8	"
1408	63.5	6.91	1797	71000	16.1	"
1424	63.0	7.06	1800	71000	18.4	"
1427	well dewatered @ 19 g			DTW = 25.25		1432 DTW = 24.30 DTW = 26.68
	returned DTW = 15.78					

Did Well Dewater? **yes**    If yes, note above.    Gallons Actually Evacuated: **25.3**



## WELL DEVELOPMENT DATA SHEET

Project #: 070214-PA1	Client: Pangea
Developer: DA	Date Developed:
Well I.D. MW-6A	Well Diameter: (circle one) <input checked="" type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 6
Total Well Depth:	Depth to Water:
Before 14.89 After 14.92	Before 6.19 After 12.34
Reason not developed:	If Free Product, thickness:
Additional Notations: Surged 10 min. pre-purge	

Volume Conversion Factor (VCF) $(12 \times (d^2/4) \times \pi) / 231$	Well dia.	VCF
where	2"	0.16
12 = in / foot	3"	0.37
d = diameter (in)	4"	0.63
$\pi = 3.1416$	6"	1.47
231 = in <sup>3</sup> /gal	10"	4.08
	12"	6.87

<u>1.4</u>	X	<u>10</u>	=	<u>14</u>	gallons
1 Case Volume		Specified Volumes			

- Purging Device:
- |                                       |   |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Bailer       | <input type="checkbox"/> Electric Submersible                 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Suction Pump | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Positive Air Displacement |

Type of Installed Pump \_\_\_\_\_  
 Other equipment used \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	TEMP (F)	pH	Cond. (mS or $\mu$ S)	TURBIDITY (NTUs)	VOLUME REMOVED:	NOTATIONS:
1215	61.1	8.07	1865	71000	1.5	green, silty, agitated bottom, hard bottom
1217	62.4	7.67	1560	71000	3	possible slight sheen
1220	62.0	7.56	1438	71000	4.5	no sheen
1222	62.8	7.55	1445	71000	6.0	"
1224	63.0	7.51	1365	71000	7.5	"
1226	63.0	7.46	1295	71000	9	"
1228	62.8	7.46	1258	71000	10.5	"
1230	63.0	7.43	1241	71000	12	"
1233	62.6	7.42	1249	71000	13.5	"
1236	62.7	7.42	1252	71000	15	less silt
1237	63.0	7.39	1235	71000	16.5	" DTW=11.30
1240	62.7	7.39	1219	71000	18	"
1243	63.0	7.38	1213	71000	19.5	"
Did Well Dewater? NO			If yes, note above.	Gallons Actually Evacuated:	37.5	

## WELL DEVELOPMENT DATA SHEET

Well I.D. MW-6A	PAGE 2 OF 2
Project #: 070214-PA1	Client: Pangea

TIME	TEMP (F)	pH	Cond. (mS or $\mu$ S)	TURBIDITY (NTUs)	VOLUME REMOVED:	NOTATIONS:
1247	63.3	7.38	1203	71000	21	tan, cloudy, some finesilt (14)
1249	63.6	7.39	1227	71000	22.5	very little silt
1251	63.4	7.40	1198	71000	24	"
1254	63.5	7.37	1186	71000	25.5	no silt
1257	63.4	7.36	1186	71000	27	"
1300	63.5	7.35	1174	71000	28.5	" DTW = < 11.60 <sup>400</sup> pump
1303	62.6	7.37	1172	71000	30	"
1306	63.1	7.37	1161	71000	31.5	tan, cloudy
1309	62.9	7.37	1153	71000	33	"
1312	63.4	7.37	1144	71000	34.5	"
1315	63.2	7.35	1140	71000	36	"
1318	63.0	7.35	1148	71000	37.5	tan, cloudy, hard bottom;
	DTW =	12.34 @ 1319		1324 DTW =	10.73	no silt DTW = 12.79

7/24

p.1/2

## WELL DEVELOPMENT DATA SHEET

Project #: 070214-DA1	Client: Pangea
Developer: DA	Date Developed: 2/15/07
Well I.D. MW-7B	Well Diameter: (circle one) <input checked="" type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 6
Total Well Depth:	Depth to Water:
Before 18.50 After 18.50	Before 11.30 After 17.57
Reason not developed:	If Free Product, thickness:
Additional Notations: Surged 10 min. pre-purge	

Volume Conversion Factor (VCF) $(12 \times (d^2/4) \times \pi) / 231$	Well dia.	VCF
where:	3"	0.16
12 = in / foot	4"	0.37
d = diameter (in)	6"	0.65
$\pi = 3.1416$	10"	1.47
231 = in <sup>3</sup> /gal	12"	4.08
		6.87

$$1.2 \times 10 = 12.0$$
 1 Case Volume Specified Volumes = gallons

Purging Device:       Bailer       Electric Submersible  
 Suction Pump       Positive Air Displacement

Type of Installed Pump \_\_\_\_\_  
 Other equipment used \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	TEMP (F)	pH	Cond. (mS or $\mu$ S)	TURBIDITY (NTUs)	VOLUME REMOVED:	NOTATIONS:
0850	59.8	7.72	2209	71000	1.2	brown, fine silt, agitated bottom, hard bottom
0854	59.8	7.70	2093	71000	2.4	possible sheen
0900	well dewatered		DTW=17.48		2.8	"
0905	DTW=17.15					"
1317	returned DTW=12.11			Surged 3 min		
1329	62.7	7.63	1950	71000	3.6	brown, fine silt, no sheen
1331	62.9	7.75	1794	71000	4.8	"
1336	61.4	8.01	1706	71000	6	"
1337	well dewatered @ 6 g.		DTW=17.44			1342 DTW=17.22
	DTW=18.48					
2/16/07	returned @ 0857		DTW=11.64		Started	purging MW-7C
	0909		DTW=11.64		MW-7C	dewatered
	0925		Surged 3 min			

Did Well Dewater? yes      If yes, note above.      Gallons Actually Evacuated: \_\_\_\_\_





# WELL DEVELOPMENT DATA SHEET

p.1/2

Project #: 070215-DA1	Client: Pangea
Developer: DA	Date Developed: 2/15/07
Well I.D. MW-7C	Well Diameter: (circle one) ① 3 4 6
Total Well Depth: Before 24.51 After 24.55	Depth to Water: Before 11.45 After 23.55
Reason not developed:	If Free Product, thickness:
Additional Notations: Surged 10 min. pre-purge	

Volume Conversion Factor (VCF)	Well dia.	VCF
$(12 \times (d^2/4) \times \pi) / 231$	2"	0.16
where	3"	0.37
12 = in / foot	4"	0.65
d = diameter (in)	6"	1.47
$\pi = 3.1416$	10"	4.08
231 = in <sup>3</sup> /gal	12"	6.87

2.1	X	Specified Volumes	=	gallons
I Case Volume				

Purging Device:       Bailer       Electric Submersible  
 Suction Pump       Positive Air Displacement

Type of Installed Pump \_\_\_\_\_  
 Other equipment used \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	TEMP (F)	pH	Cond. (mS or $\mu$ S)	TURBIDITY (NTUs)	VOLUME REMOVED:	NOTATIONS:
1130	65.6	7.69	1947	71000	2.1	grey, some fine silt, agitated bottom, hard bottom
1134	67.3	7.88	2016	71000	4.2	"
1142	66.8	8.11	2094	71000	6.3	"
1142	well dewatered @ 6.3g. 1143 DTW=23.4' 1148 DTW=23.18					
1153	DTW=22.96					
1511	returned to well DTW=17.18 surged 3 min					
1526	66.2	7.48	1584	71000	8.3	grey, fine silt, possible sheen
1530	65.1	8.08	1700	71000	10.5	
1532	well dewatered @ 10.5g. DTW=23.25 DTB=24.55 1537 DTW=22.96					
2/16/07	returned to well @ 0849 DTW=12.05 surged 3 min					
0859	59.0	7.90	1592	71000	12.6	grey, fine silt, possible sheen
0904	61.6	7.49	1516	71000	14.7	no sheen, grey, some fine silt
0909	62.9	7.86	1493	71000	16.8	"
Did Well Dewater?	YES		If yes, note above.		Gallons Actually Evacuated:	23.3

0909 well dewatered @ 16.8g DTW=23.34 DTB=24.55



## WELL DEVELOPMENT DATA SHEET

Project #: 070214-DA1	Client: Pangea
Developer: DA	Date Developed: 2/14/07
Well I.D. MW-8A	Well Diameter: (circle one) <input checked="" type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 6
Total Well Depth:	Depth to Water:
Before 14.83 After 14.85	Before 9.16 After 13.55
Reason not developed:	If Free Product, thickness:

Additional Notations: Surged 10 min pre-purge

Volume Conversion Factor (VCF): $(12 \times (d^2/4) \times \pi) / 231$	Well dia	VCF
where	2"	0.16
12 = in / foot	3"	0.37
d = diameter (in)	4"	0.65
$\pi = 3.1416$	6"	1.47
231 = in <sup>3</sup> /gal	10"	4.08
	12"	6.87

0.9	X	10	=	9.0	gallons
1 Case Volume		Specified Volumes			

Purging Device:       Bailer                                   Electric Submersible  
                                Suction Pump                               Positive Air Displacement

Type of Installed Pump \_\_\_\_\_  
 Other equipment used \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	TEMP (F)	pH	Cond. (mS or $\mu$ S)	TURBIDITY (NTUs)	VOLUME REMOVED:	NOTATIONS:
1056	58.2	8.38	2305	71000	0.9	agitated bottom, hard bottom tan, very little silt
1057	59.3	8.05	2091	71000	1.8	"
1059	59.8	7.78	2005	71000	2.7	"
1100	60.2	7.65	1972	71000	3.6	"
1103	60.1	7.72	1952	71000	4.5	"
1105	well dewatered @ 4.5 g DTW = 13.44					1110 DTW = 12.83
1417	returned to well DTW = 9.33				Surged 3 min	
1427	61.3	8.35	1542	71000	5.4	tan, cloudy, fine silt
1429	60.8	7.64	1587	71000	6.3	no silt
1431	60.5	7.28	1532	71000	7.2	"
1433	60.6	7.54	1488	71000	8.1	"
1436	61.0	7.76	1567	71000	9.0	"
1436	well dewatered @ 9.0 g DTW = 13.55					
Did Well Dewater?	YES		If yes, note above.	Gallons Actually Evacuated: 9		



# WELL DEVELOPMENT DATA SHEET

p. 1/2

Project #: 070214-DA1	Client: Pangea
Developer: DA	Date Developed:
Well I.D. MW-8C	Well Diameter: (circle one) <span style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; padding: 2px;">2</span> . 3 4 6
Total Well Depth:	Depth to Water:
Before 24.77 After 25.01	Before 10.73 After 23.83
Reason not developed:	If Free Product, thickness:
Additional Notations: surged 10 min. pre-purge	

Volume Conversion Factor (VCF) $(12 \times (d^2/4) \times \pi) / 231$	Well dia	VCF
where,	2"	0.16
12 = in / foot	3"	0.37
d = diameter (in)	4"	0.65
$\pi = 3.1416$	6"	1.47
231 = in <sup>3</sup> /gal	10"	4.08
	12"	6.87

<u>2.2</u>	X	Specified Volumes	=	gallons
I Case Volume				

- Purging Device:      Bailer                                       Electric Submersible  
                                   Suction Pump                                       Positive Air Displacement

Type of Installed Pump \_\_\_\_\_  
 Other equipment used \_\_\_\_\_

TIME	TEMP (F)	pH	Cond. (mS or $\mu$ S)	TURBIDITY (NTUs)	VOLUME REMOVED:	NOTATIONS:
1033	61.7	7.35	1984	71000	2.2	brown, fine silt, hard bottom
1037	62.6	7.30	2015	71000	4.4	"
1040	62.9	7.70	2007	71000	6.6	"
1055	well dewatered @ 7.7g				<del>8.8</del>	
1057	DTW = 23.95		1102	DTW = 21.57	11	1107 DTW = 20.12
1438	returned	DTW =	10.80	surged 3 min.		
1449	64.3	7.32	1713	71000	8.8	brown, fine silt
1455	65.1	7.20	1834	71000	11	"
1459	well dewatered				12.0	
1501	DTW = 23.86		DTB = 25.03	1506	DTW = 21.20	
216107	returned to well @ 0815			DTW = 10.83		Surged 3 min
0827	58.1	7.44	1827	71000	13.2	
0830	59.4	7.27	1838	71000	15.4	
Did Well Dewater? Yes		If yes, note above.		Gallons Actually Evacuated:		22



WELL DEVELOPMENT DATA SHEET

Project #: 070326-WC-2	Client: Pangea @ Former Exxon, Broadway, Oakland
Developer: Will C	Date Developed: 3/26/07
Well I.D. mw-3C	Well Diameter: (circle one) ② 3 4 6
Total Well Depth: Before 25.35 After 26.59	Depth to Water: Before 10.64 After —
Reason not developed:	If Free Product, thickness:
Additional Notations: Surged well for 10 min w/ 2' surge block prior to purge	

Volume Conversion Factor (VCF):  
 $(12 \times (d^2/4) \times \pi) / 231$   
 where  
 12 = in / foot  
 d = diameter (in.)  
 $\pi = 3.1416$   
 231 = in<sup>3</sup>/gal

Well dia.	VCF
2"	0.16
3"	0.37
4"	0.65
6"	1.47
10"	4.08
12"	6.87

80% = 13.58

2.4	x	10	=	24
1 Case Volume		Specified Volumes		gallons

- Purging Device:
- Bailer
  - Electric Submersible
  - Suction Pump
  - Positive Air Displacement

Type of Installed Pump  
 Other equipment used 2' Surge block

TIME	TEMP (F)	pH	Cond. (mS or $\mu$ S)	TURBIDITY (NTUs)	VOLUME REMOVED:	NOTATIONS:
1302						begin purge w/ middleburg pump
1305	63.6	8.3	552	> 1000	2.4	odor, silty grey / hard bottom detected (light shear)
1308						Well dewatered @ 4 gallons purged
Recharge information						
1309						7.71' recharge in 20 min @ avg. rate of 0.4 ft per min for first 20 minutes
1310						
1311						
1312						
1313						
1317						
1324						
1329						
1339						
Did Well Dewater?	If yes, note above.			Gallons Actually Evacuated:		

## WELL DEVELOPMENT DATA SHEET

Well I.D. MW-3C	PAGE 2 OF 2
Project #: 070326-WC-2	Client: Pangea @ Foster Exxon, Broadway Oakland

TIME	TEMP (F)	pH	Cond. (mS or $\mu$ S)	TURBIDITY (NTUs)	VOLUME REMOVED:	NOTATIONS:
1347						surge well for additional 5 minutes
1353						begin purge @ slower rate (air on 2 sec/off 12 sec)
1355	59.5	7.3	967	>1000	4.8	odor & light sheen very grey & silty
1400	62.3	6.9	1094	>1000	7.2	odor & light sheen/silty grey
1400						well dewatered @ 7.2 gallons
1430						→ DTW = 16.30', surge well for additional 5 minutes
1435						begin purge @ same speed (air on for 2 sec/off for 12)
1442	59.8	6.9	1192	>1000	9.6	odor & light sheen/silty grey (less silty)
1442						well dewatered @ 9.6 gallons
1515						→ DTW = 16.65, Surge well for additional 5 minutes
1520						begin purge @ same speed (air on 2 sec/off for 12)
1527	60.7	6.7	1312	>1000	12.0	odor & light sheen/grey w/ some silty
1530						well dewatered @ 12.3 gallons
1531						recharge information DTW = 25.44'
1532						→ 24.60'
1533						→ 23.69'
1534						→ 23.10'
1535						→ 22.842'
1536						→ 21.886'
1537						→ 21.69'
1538						→ 21.40'
1539						→ 21.11'
1540						→ 20.93'
1541						→ 20.71'





WELL GAUGING DATA

Project # 070326-WC-2 Date 3/26/07 Client Farqua

Site Former Exxon @ 5175 Broadway, Oakland

Well ID	Well Size (in.)	Sheen / Odor	Depth to Immiscible Liquid (ft.)	Thickness of Immiscible Liquid (ft.)	Volume of Immiscibles Removed (ml)	Depth to water (ft.)	Depth to well bottom (ft.)	Survey Point: TOB or TOC	Final DTB
MW-1	4					8.26			
MW-2C	2					8.72			
MW-3A	2					9.22			
MW-3C	2					10.64	25.35		26.59
MW-4A	2					9.88			
MW-5A	2					10.82			
MW-5B	2					12.62			
MW-5C	2					12.62			
MW-6A	2					7.17			
MW-7A	2					11.05			
MW-7B	2					11.00			
MW-8A	2					9.83			
MW-8C	2					11.77			

## **APPENDIX F**

Surveyor's Report

## Virgil Chavez Land Surveying

721 Tuolumne Street  
Vallejo, California 94590  
(707) 553-2476 • Fax (707) 553-8698

April 10, 2007  
Project No.: 2588-04

Morgan Gillies  
Pangea Enviromental Services, Inc.  
1710 Franklin Street, Ste 200  
Oakland, CA

Subject: Monitoring Well Survey  
Former Exxon Station  
5175 Broadway  
Oakland, CA

Dear Morgan:

This is to confirm that we have proceeded at your request to survey the ground water monitoring wells located at the above referenced location. The survey was completed on April 5, 2007. The benchmark for this survey was a cut square on top of easterly curb of Broadway, opposite entrance to house #5718 Broadway. The latitude, longitude and coordinates are for top of casings and are based on the California State Coordinate System, Zone III (NAD83). Benchmark Elevation = 180.06 feet (NGVD 29).

<u>Latitude</u>	<u>Longitude</u>	<u>Northing</u>	<u>Easting</u>	<u>Elev.</u>	<u>Desc.</u>
				161.28	RIM MW-1
37.8356915	-122.2519535	2131491.69	6055757.84	161.10	TOC MW-1
				161.18	RIM MW-2C
37.8355228	-122.2519238	2131430.11	6055765.28	160.65	TOC MW-2C
				161.86	RIM MW-3A
37.8355271	-122.2520974	2131432.62	6055715.16	161.55	TOC MW-3A
				162.08	RIM MW-3C
37.8355738	-122.2520889	2131449.55	6055717.94	161.79	TOC MW-3C
				162.88	RIM MW-4A
37.8356562	-122.2518599	2131478.33	6055784.63	162.44	TOC MW-4A
				161.11	RIM MW-5A
37.8355207	-122.2523005	2131431.37	6055656.48	160.82	TOC MW-5A
				161.69	RIM MW-5B
37.8355004	-122.2522497	2131423.70	6055671.02	161.50	TOC MW-5B
				161.38	RIM MW-5C
37.8355152	-122.2522822	2131429.26	6055661.72	161.03	TOC MW-5C
				161.94	RIM MW-6A
37.8356459	-122.2519958	2131475.30	6055745.31	161.58	TOC MW-6A
				159.33	RIM MW-7A
37.8354200	-122.2520260	2131393.22	6055735.04	159.15	TOC MW-7A

**Virgil Chavez Land Surveying**

721 Tuolumne Street  
Vallejo, California 94590  
(707) 553-2476 • Fax (707) 553-8698

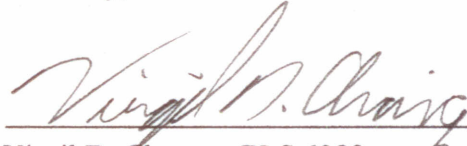
April 10, 2007  
Project No.: 2588-04  
Page Two

Monitoring Well Survey  
Former Exxon Station  
5175 Broadway  
Oakland, CA

<u>Latitude</u>	<u>Longitude</u>	<u>Northing</u>	<u>Easting</u>	<u>Elev.</u>	<u>Desc.</u>
37.8354092	-122.2519954	2131389.13	6055743.82	158.78	RIM MW-7C
				158.53	TOC MW-7C
				161.78	RIM MW-8A
37.8356541	-122.2521975	2131479.37	6055687.12	161.57	TOC MW-8A
				161.48	RIM MW-8C
37.8356713	-122.2521866	2131485.59	6055690.39	161.33	TOC MW-8C



Sincerely,

  
Virgil D. Chavez, PLS 6323